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Description of document: Department of Homeland Security (DHS) Privacy

Threshold Analyses (PTA) re Homeland Advanced

Recognition Technology (HART), 2014

Requested date: 04-July-2018

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Posted date: 18-April-2019

Source of document: FOIA Request

Chief FOIA Officer The Privacy Office

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

245 Murray Lane SW

STOP-0655

Washington, D.C. 20528-0655

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April 18, 2019

SENT BY ELECTRONIC MAIL

Re: 2018-HQFO-01201

This is the final response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), dated July 4, 2018, and received by this office on July 5, 2018. You are seeking records regarding: (1) The required PIA conducted for HART; (2) Any Privacy Threshold Analysis or similar initial privacy assessment that assessed the need for a PIA for HART.

A search of the Department of Homeland Security, Privacy Office for records responsive to your request produced 23 pages. After review of those documents, I have determined that 19 pages will be released in their entirety and 4 pages are partially releasable pursuant to Title 5 U.S.C. § 552, (b)(6). FOIA Exemptions 6. Be advised there is currently no PIA at this time, upon completion it will be publicly available.

Enclosed are 23 pages with certain information withheld as described below:

FOIA Exemption 6 exempts from disclosure personnel or medical files and similar files the release of which would cause a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy. This requires a balancing of the public's right to disclosure against the individual's right to privacy. The privacy interests of the individuals in the records you have requested outweigh any minimal public interest in disclosure of the information. Any private interest you may have in that information does not factor into the aforementioned balancing test.

You have a right to appeal the above withholding determination. Should you wish to do so, you must send your appeal and a copy of this letter, within 90 days of the date of this letter, to: Privacy Office, Attn: FOIA Appeals, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, 245 Murray Lane, SW, Mail Stop 0655, Washington, D.C. 20528-0655, following the procedures outlined in the DHS FOIA regulations at 6 C.F.R. Part 5 § 5.8. Your envelope and letter should be marked

"FOIA Appeal." Copies of the FOIA and DHS FOIA regulations are available at www.dhs.gov/foia.

Additionally, you have a right to right to seek dispute resolution services from the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) which mediates disputes between FOIA requesters and Federal agencies as a non-exclusive alternative to litigation. If you are requesting access to your own records (which is considered a Privacy Act request), you should know that OGIS does not have the authority to handle requests made under the Privacy Act of 1974. You may contact OGIS as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

If you need any further assistance or would like to discuss any aspect of your request, please contact the analyst below who processed your request and refer to **2018-HQFO-0201**. You may send an e-mail to <u>foia@hq.dhs.gov</u>, call 202-343-1743 or toll free 1-866-431-0486, or you may contact our FOIA Public Liaison in the same manner.

Sincerely,

James Holzer

Department of Homeland Security

James VMC Hoher, I

Deputy Chief FOIA Officer

Enclosure(s): Responsive Records (23 pages)



Privacy Threshold Analysis Version number: 01-2014 Page 1 of 12

PRIVACY THRESHOLD ANALYSIS (PTA)

This form is used to determine whether a Privacy Impact Assessment is required.

Please use the attached form to determine whether a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is required under the E-Government Act of 2002 and the Homeland Security Act of 2002.

Please complete this form and send it to your component Privacy Office. If you do not have a component Privacy Office, please send the PTA to the DHS Privacy Office:

Senior Director, Privacy Compliance
The Privacy Office
U.S. Department of Homeland Security
Washington, DC 20528
Tel: 202-343-1717

PIA@hq.dhs.gov

Upon receipt from your component Privacy Office, the DHS Privacy Office will review this form. If a PIA is required, the DHS Privacy Office will send you a copy of the Official Privacy Impact Assessment Guide and accompanying Template to complete and return.

A copy of the Guide and Template is available on the DHS Privacy Office website, www.dhs.gov/privacy, on DHSConnect and directly from the DHS Privacy Office via email: pia@hq.dhs.gov, phone: 202-343-1717.



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PRIVACY THRESHOLD ANALYSIS (PTA)

SUMMARY INFORMATION

Project or Program Name:	Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology (HART) Development Testing Environment (DTE)		
Component:	National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD)	Office or Program:	Office of Biometric Identity Management (OBIM)
Xacta FISMA Name (if applicable):	Click here to enter text.	Xacta FISMA Number (if applicable):	
Type of Project or Program:	IT System	Project or program status:	Update
Date first developed:	Click here to enter a date.	Pilot launch date:	Click here to enter a date.
Date of last PTA update	Click here to enter a date.	Pilot end date:	Click here to enter a date.
ATO Status (if applicable)	In progress	ATO expiration date (if applicable):	Click here to enter a date.

PROJECT OR PROGRAM MANAGER

Name:	(b)(6)				
Office:	OBIM's Identity Operations Division		Title:	System Business Owner	
Phone:	(b)(6)		Email:	(b)(6)	

INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY OFFICER (ISSO) (IF APPLICABLE)

Name:	(b)(6)		
Phone:	(b)(6)	Email:	(b)(6)



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SPECIFIC PTA QUESTIONS

1. Reason for submitting the PTA: New PTA

Please provide a general description of the project and its purpose in a way a non-technical person could understand. If this is an updated PTA, please describe what changes and/or upgrades that are triggering the update to this PTA. If this is a renewal please state whether or not there were any changes to the project, program, or system since the last version.

The National Protection and Programs Directorate's (NPPD) Office of Biometric Identity (OBIM), through the Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT), provides biometric and associated biographic information services to Federal, State, tribal, local and foreign governments and international agencies. IDENT is the central DHS-wide system used for the storage and processing of biometric and associated biographic information for national security, law enforcement, immigration and border management, and intelligence purposes, and is also used to conduct background investigations for national security positions and certain positions of public trust.

HART Increment 1 Overview:

In its mission to provide DHS and its mission partners with enduring identity services that advance informed decision making by producing accurate, timely, and high assurance biometric identity information and analysis, OBIM will replace IDENT with an enhanced, scalable, modular, and multimodal identity management system—the Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology (HART) system. OBIM will deploy this replacement system in four incremental phases (*See Appendix A*).

Increment 1 lays the architectural foundation for the HART system. It implements a new data architecture which includes conceptual, logical, and physical data models, a data management plan, and physical storage of identity data where each identity may have multiple associated biometric modality images. The data and system architecture will be designed for scalability to address the projected growth in identity and image data volumes and to accommodate long term data retention requirements. OBIM will also design and acquire the physical infrastructure for the HART system. OBIM will design the production environment for high availability and for implementation in both of the DHS Enterprise Data Centers in an active-active configuration.

Development Testing Environment:

Increment 1 will include testing environments designed to support developmental and operational testing. Testing will begin in Summer 2018 after HART obtains the Restricted Approval to Connect (RATC) to the IDENT database. This PTA covers the Development Testing Environment (DTE) which consists of the two underlying environments described as follows:

- Performance Testing Environment (PTE) The PTE will include live production data. The data will be encrypted at rest and external users will not have access to this part of the DTE. We will ensure this is logically separated and fully segmented from the rest of DTE.
 - DHS has a need for a flexible, cost effective PTE to ensure HART will meet or exceed all IT infrastructure and biometric performance requirements. Initially, the PTE will allow for early validation testing of the HART architecture and the benchmarking of selected biometric matching solutions. The PTE will then be leveraged for controlled tests of each HART release.



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The PTE provides test harnesses, test emulators, and representative test data for all external system interfaces.

Vital to the software development lifecycle, performance testing plays a critical role in functional and operational acceptance testing. The HART mission includes numerous stakeholders with differing performance requirements, a non-linear transactional workload, a large storage requirement (due to lossless compression required for biometric images), numerous system-to-system endpoints with varying impacts, and a requirement for a large amount of compute infrastructure. These elements of the HART mission create challenges to accurately predicting operational performance that can only be mitigated by a permanent and fully functioning PTE.

The PTE, delivered as part of Increment 1, will be capable of stressing the HART application and biometric services prior to deployment in the production system. The PTE will provide confidence that the HART system and application meet the required performance metrics. Through implementing simulators and emulators, our PTE generates the workload and workflows of the production system accurately mimicking the production system. The architecture of the PTE also mimics the production system to ensure the behaviors across the two systems are indistinguishable. The PTE will be hosted in the AWS GovCloud region along with the non-production and production environments. Built from identical virtual hardware components deployed in the HART production environment, the PTE accurately represents the production system on a scaled level.

 Non-Production Environment (NPE) – The NPE will include synthetic and masked production data, similar to what currently use in the IDENT NPE environment.

The HART NPE will provide a test system to develop, implement, maintain, and enhance the HART Production Environment (PE) application. The NPE will implement a test automation framework integration that includes testing tools, programming interfaces, protocols and procedures enabling the automated management of testing activities. HART NPE will allow customer systems to connect, if required, for testing and customer training purposes. The infrastructure will include each type of biometric matching subsystem with the capability of supporting a gallery containing up to 2 million identities. The NPE testing infrastructure will allow development and testing environments to be provisioned in response to on-demand and self-service requests.

The NPE will not contain or interface with production data (also known as, "live data") and is used primarily for the testing and development for HART. HART stakeholders, will however, be able to temporarily interface their systems with testing environments in the NPE to ensure new functionality is compatible with their application or information system.

In specific circumstances, where synthetic or masked data cannot properly simulate performance scenarios afforded by live data, live data may be used in these environments for testing purposes under guidance by NPPD/OBIM Privacy and Security.



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2. Does this system employ any of the following technologies: If you are using any of these technologies and	☐ Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) ☐ Social Media		
want coverage under the respective PIA for that technology please stop here and contact the DHS	☐ Web portal¹ (e.g., SharePoint)		
Privacy Office for further guidance.	☐ Contact Lists		
	None of these		
	☐ This program does not collect any personally identifiable information ²		
3. From whom does the Project or Program collect, maintain, use, or disseminate information? Please check all that apply.			
	□ DHS employees/contractors (list components):		
	☐ Contractors working on behalf of DHS		
4. What specific information about individ	duals is collected, generated or retained?		
Please provide a specific description of information that is collected, generated, or retained (such as			
names, addresses, emails, etc.) for each category of individuals.			
Data from the existing IDENT system will be transferred over to the HART in Increment 1. Biometric			
data includes but is not limited to fingerprints, iris scans, and facial images. Associated biographic data			
includes but is not limited to name, date of birth, nationality, and other personal descriptive data. Encounter data provides the context of the interaction with an individual including but not limited to			
location, Alien Registration Number (A-Number), document numbers, and/or reason information			
collected. Test data may be real or simulated biometric, associated biographic, or encounter-related data.			

Information is retained in accordance with the existing NARA retention schedule.

¹ Informational and collaboration-based portals in operation at DHS and its components that collect, use, maintain, and share limited personally identifiable information (PII) about individuals who are "members" of the portal or "potential members" who seek to gain access to the portal.

² DHS defines personal information as "Personally Identifiable Information" or PII, which is any information that permits the identity of an individual to be directly or indirectly inferred, including any information that is linked or linkable to that individual, regardless of whether the individual is a U.S. citizen, lawful permanent resident, visitor to the U.S., or employee or contractor to the Department. "Sensitive PII" is PII, which if lost, compromised, or disclosed without authorization, could result in substantial harm, embarrassment, inconvenience, or unfairness to an individual. For the purposes of this PTA, SPII and PII are treated the same.



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	☐ No. Please continue to next question.
	Yes. If yes, please list all personal identifiers used:
4(a) Does the project, program, or system retrieve information by personal identifier?	Records may be retrieved by any of the personal identifiers that are mentioned in the IDENT System of Records Notice (SORN), including biometrics. The most common identifiers used to retrieve records are the Fingerprint Identification number (FIN) and the Encounter Identification number (EID). Because the testing and training environments replicate production functionality, data may be
	retrieved by the same personal identifiers retrieved by IDENT. The PTE is an enclosed, logically
	separated, environment and cannot be readily searched by IDENT/HART customers.
4(b) Does the project, program, or system	□ No.
use Social Security Numbers (SSN)?	⊠ Yes.
4(c) If yes, please provide the specific legal basis and purpose for the collection of SSNs:	As a data steward, on behalf of other DHS and Federal entities, IDENT stores and maintains SSNs sent by other components. Since the data in the HART/DTE comes from IDENT, it may contain SSNs. No specific testing is done using the SSNs.
4(d) If yes, please describe the uses of the SSNs within the project, program, or system:	The only active contributor of SSNs to HART will be USCIS. USCIS may provide SSNs in conjunction with pending and approved work authorizations, as documented on forms such as I-765's.
4(e) If this project, program, or system is an information technology/system, does it	No. Please continue to next question.
relate solely to infrastructure?	Yes. If a log kept of communication traffic,
For example, is the system a Local Area Network (LAN) or Wide Area Network (WAN)?	please answer the following question.
4(f) If header or payload data ³ is stored in the	e communication traffic log, please detail the data

_

³ When data is sent over the Internet, each unit transmitted includes both header information and the actual data being sent. The header identifies the source and destination of the packet, while the actual data is referred to as the payload. Because header



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Click here to enter text.	
5. Does this project, program, or system connect, receive, or share PII with any other DHS programs or systems ⁴ ?	 No. ✓ Yes. If yes, please list: The PTE is an enclosed, logically separated, environment and cannot be readily searched by IDENT/HART customers. Data in the NPE comes from IDENT. In rare cases, IDENT stakeholders, however, may temporarily interface their systems with testing environments in the NPE to ensure new functionality is compatible with their application or information system.
6. Does this project, program, or system connect, receive, or share PII with any external (non-DHS) partners or systems?	☐ No. ☐ Yes. If yes, please list: The PTE is an enclosed, logically separated, environment and cannot be readily searched by IDENT/HART customers. Data in the NPE comes from IDENT. In rare cases, IDENT stakeholders, however, may temporarily interface their systems with testing environments in the NPE to ensure new functionality is compatible with their application or information system.
6(a) Is this external sharing pursuant to new or existing information sharing access agreement (MOU, MOA, LOI, etc.)?	Existing

information, or overhead data, is only used in the transmission process, it is stripped from the packet when it reaches its destination. Therefore, the payload is the only data received by the destination system.

⁴ PII may be shared, received, or connected to other DHS systems directly, automatically, or by manual processes. Often, these systems are listed as "interconnected systems" in Xacta.



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	Please describe applicable information sharing governance in place: DHS has a number of MOUs and LOIs to allow for sharing with various external stakeholders. This system will be the authoritative biometric repository for DHS.
7. Does the project, program, or system provide role-based training for	No. ✓ No.
personnel who have access in addition to annual privacy training required of all DHS personnel?	
	No. What steps will be taken to develop and maintain the accounting:
8. Per NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 4, Appendix J, does the project, program, or system maintain an accounting of disclosures of PII to individuals who have	Yes. In what format is the accounting maintained: OBIM logs tests, studies, and bulk data requests
requested access to their PII?	In all other cases, OBIM discloses PII to individuals with a need to know, in responses made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, or in responses to a law enforcement agency pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552a(c)(3).
9. Is there a FIPS 199 determination? ⁴	Unknown.
	No.
	Confidentiality: ☐ Low ☑ Moderate ☐ High ☐ Undefined
	Integrity:

⁴ FIPS 199 is the <u>Federal Information Processing Standard</u> Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems and is used to establish security categories of information systems.



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Low Moderate High Undefined
Availability: Low Moderate High Undefined

PRIVACY THRESHOLD REVIEW

(10 BE COMPLETED BY COMPONENT PRIVACY OFFICE)			
Component Privacy Office Reviewer:	(b)(6)		
Office: March 1, 2018			
Date submitted to DHS Privacy Office: May 15, 2018			
Component Privacy Office Recommendation: Please include recommendation below, including what new privacy compliance documentation is needed. SORN: Since the data stored and shared remains the same, NPPD/OBIM believes that the current IDENT SORN, DHS/USVISIT-004 - DHS Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT) June 5, 2007, 72 FR 31080, will cover the HART DTE environment during this period. External biometric collections will be covered by the External Biometrics (EBR) SORN pending the public comment period in the Federal Register.			
PIA : HART is a privacy sensitive system and a new PIA will be required. OBIM/NPPD Privacy is working to complete a HART PIA prior to the anticipated ATO in January, 2019.			

(TO BE COMPLETED BY THE DHS PRIVACY OFFICE)

DHS Privacy Office Reviewer:	(b)(6)
PCTS Workflow Number:	1163365
Date approved by DHS Privacy Office:	May 16, 2018
PTA Expiration Date	May 16, 2019

DESIGNATION



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Privacy Sensitive System: Yes If "no" PTA adjudication is complete.		Yes If "no" PTA adjudication is complete.	
Category of System:		IT System	
		If "other" is selected, please describe: Click here to enter text.	
Determinat	ion: PTA s	ufficient at this time.	
	☐ Privac	y compliance documentation determination in progress.	
	☐ New in	nformation sharing arrangement is required.	
	DHS I applies.	Policy for Computer-Readable Extracts Containing Sensitive PII	
	☐ Privac	y Act Statement required.	
	Privac	y Impact Assessment (PIA) required.	
	System of Records Notice (SORN) required.		
	Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Clearance may be required. Contact your component PRA Officer.		
☐ A Records Schedule may be required. Contact your component Records Officer.			
PIA: New PIA is required.			
	If covered by existing PIA, please list: New HART PIA		
	New SORN is required.		
SORN: If covered by existing SORN, please list: DHS/ALL-041 External Biometric Record		g SORN, please list: DHS/ALL-041 External Biometric Records	
(EBR) System of Records, April 24, 2018, 83 FR 17829; Forthcoming TRACS SORN			
	cy Office Comments: ribe rationale for priva	acy compliance determination above.	
OBIM Privacy is submitting this PTA because OBIM will replace IDENT with an enhanced, scalable, modular, and multimodal identity management system—the Homeland Advanced Recognition Technology (HART) system. OBIM will deploy this replacement system in four incremental phases.			

Increment 1 lays the architectural foundation for the HART system. It implements a new data architecture which includes conceptual, logical, and physical data models, a data management plan, and physical storage of identity data where each identity may have multiple associated biometric modality images.

Increment 1 will include testing environments designed to support developmental and operational testing that will begin in Summer 2018. One of the testing environments, the Performance Testing Environment will include live production data. The data will be encrypted at rest and external users will not have access to this part of the DTE.

The other environment, the Non Production Environment will include synthetic and masked production data, similar to what currently use in the IDENT NPE environment. The HART NPE will provide a test system to develop, implement, maintain, and enhance the HART Production Environment (PE) application. The NPE will not contain or interface with production data (also known as, "live data") and is



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used primarily for the testing and development for HART. The DHS Privacy Office finds that is a privacy sensitive system requiring both PIA and SORN coverage because HART collects and maintains SPII on members of the public including biometric data, associated biographic data, and encounter data that will be shared outside of DHS and will be retrieved by personal identifiers. Test data used in the Performance Testing Environment may be real or simulated biometric, associated biographic, or encounter-related data. Due to the large amount of information transferred from IDENT to HART as part of this initiative, and because HART requires live data, an incremental approach to data ingest to ensure that all privacy compliance requirements are met is required.

OBIM Privacy is in the process of developing a new HART PIA prior to the expected ATO in January 2019. Due to reliance on PIA coverage for this test, OBIM cannot send any data external to DHS, without publication of the forthcoming HART PIA (this does not preclude OBIM from use within the AWS-GovCloud).

SORN coverage is provided for the DTE by the DHS-wide External Biometric Records SORN, which covers the maintenance of biometric and associated biographic information from non-DHS entities, both foreign and domestic, for law enforcement, national security, immigration screening, border enforcement, intelligence, national defense, and background investigations relating to national security positions, credentialing, and certain positions of public trust, consistent with applicable DHS authorities.

Additional SORN coverage will be provided by a new SORN that will be a combination of data elements from both the NPPD/OBIM TRACS SORN, which allows the maintenance of DHS-generated transactional information, such as biometric indicator data and the DHS Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT) SORN which allows for the repository of biometrics captures in DHS or law enforcement encounters.

Interim SORN coverage is provided by the DHS/USVISIT-004 DHS IDENT SORN, which will be dispositioned upon publication of the new SORN.

The DHS Privacy Office requires a new PTA from OBIM Privacy before Phase 2 of testing.

This PTA will expire in one year due to reliance on PIA and SORN coverage.



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APPENDIX A:

Increment 1:

- · Core Foundation
- · Establishment of Performance Test Environment
- Data Architecture & Data Store Migration
- Biometric Services, Business Workflow, and Business Rules

Increment 2:

- Multimodal Fusion
- Full Performance Test Environment
- Data Warehouse/Data Marts

Increment 3:

- Web Portal
- Person-Centric Services
- Additional Biometric Modalities and Services

Increment 4:

- Identity Management Applications (CVT, SIT replacement)
- Analytics and Reporting Capabilities
- Additional Biometric Modalities



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PRIVACY THRESHOLD ANALYSIS (PTA)

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Please use the attached form to determine whether a Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) is required under the E-Government Act of 2002 and the Homeland Security Act of 2002.

Please complete this form and send it to your component Privacy Office. If you do not have a component Privacy Office, please send the PTA to the DHS Privacy Office:

Senior Director, Privacy Compliance The Privacy Office U.S. Department of Homeland Security Washington, DC 20528 Tel: 202-343-1717

PIA@hq.dhs.gov

Upon receipt from your component Privacy Office, the DHS Privacy Office will review this form. If a PIA is required, the DHS Privacy Office will send you a copy of the Official Privacy Impact Assessment Guide and accompanying Template to complete and return.

A copy of the Guide and Template is available on the DHS Privacy Office website, www.dhs.gov/privacy, on DHSConnect and directly from the DHS Privacy Office via email: pia@hq.dhs.gov, phone: 202-343-1717.



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PRIVACY THRESHOLD ANALYSIS (PTA)

SUMMARY INFORMATION

Project or Program Name:	Replacement Biometric System (Increment 1)			
Component:	National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD)	Office of Biometric Identity Management (OBIM)		
Xacta FISMA Name (if applicable):	Click here to enter text.	Xacta FISMA Number (if applicable):	Click here to enter text.	
Type of Project or Program:	IT System	Project or program status:	Development	
Date first developed:	Click here to enter a date.	Pilot launch date:	Click here to enter a date.	
Date of last PTA update	Click here to enter a date.	Pilot end date:	Click here to enter a date.	
ATO Status (if applicable)	Choose an item.	ATO expiration date (if applicable):	Click here to enter a date.	

PROJECT OR PROGRAM MANAGER

Name:	(b)(6)		
Office:	Program Management Cell	Title:	Deputy Program Manager
Phone:	(b)(6)	Email:	(b)(6)

INFORMATION SYSTEM SECURITY OFFICER (ISSO) (IF APPLICABLE)

Name:	(b)(6)		
Phone:	(b)(6)	Email:	(b)(6)



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SPECIFIC PTA QUESTIONS

1. Reason for submitting the PTA: New PTA

Please provide a general description of the project and its purpose in a way a non-technical person could understand. If this is an updated PTA, please describe what changes and/or upgrades that are triggering the update to this PTA. If this is a renewal please state whether or not there were any changes to the project, program, or system since the last version.

The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) will replace the aging target biometric system, the Automated Biometric Identification System (IDENT), with a new biometric system—the Replacement Biometric System (RBS). The Office of Biometric Identity Management (OBIM) will deploy the replacement system in four incremental phases. This PTA covers the first phase of deployment, known as "Increment 1" which is currently scheduled to be deployed in 3rd quarter of FY 17, OBIM's mission is to provide DHS and its mission partners with enduring identity services that advance informed decision making by producing accurate, timely, and high assurance biometric identity information and analysis. Increment 1 lays the architectural foundation for the entire replacement biometric system.

Biometric matching services will be expanded from the traditional fingerprint matching to include the capability to match additional biometric modalities, specifically iris and facial modalities in the near-term, while designing the framework to add additional modalities in the future. Increment 1 establishes the software capability to perform multimodal biometric matching.

Increment 1 implements a new data architecture which includes conceptual, logical, and physical data models, a data management plan, and physical storage of identity data where each identity may have multiple associated biometric modality images. The data architecture and system architecture will be designed for scalability to address the projected growth in identity and image data volumes and to accommodate long term data retention requirements.

OBIM will also include the implementation of an Online Transaction Processing (OLTP) database; replacement of the current transaction manager with business workflow and business rules management; system software components; initial performance test environment; designated Authentication and Authorization Service (AAS) for IT security; multimodal biometric matching middleware; high availability; initial tiered storage and server consolidation/virtualization; and data migration.

During Increment 1, OBIM will also design and acquire the physical infrastructure for the replacement biometric system. OBIM will design the production environment for high availability and for implementation in both of the DHS Enterprise Data Centers in an active-active configuration. Test environments will be designed to support developmental and operational testing protocol. Testing environments will include a Performance Test Environment that will have storage and processing capacities capable of stressing the application with production-level workloads. OBIM will partially implement the Performance Test Environment in Increment 1.

Lastly, OBIM will reproduce all existing data and IDENT functionality in the Replacement Biometric System.

Subsequent increments will include additional enhancements to the system. These increments are described at a high level below; time frames for implementation are tentative and compliance



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documentation will be completed as appropriate for each Increment.

<u>Increment 2</u> (FY18) - will include iris and facial matchers, multimodal fusion, and a data warehouse and datamart for reporting.

<u>Increment 3</u> – (FY19 - FY20) - will include a web portal, identity directory, person centric management service, and storage capability for other modalities to include Scars, marks and tattoos and DNA (to accommodate for modalities that DHS Law enforcement agencies may collect.

<u>Increment 4</u> (FY21) - will include advanced analytics, enhanced reporting, identity management applications and more improved watchlist case management system.



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2. Does this system employ any of the following technologies: If you are using any of these technologies and	☐ Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) ☐ Social Media
want coverage under the respective PIA for that	Web portal (e.g., SharePoint)
technology please stop here and contact the DHS Privacy Office for further guidance.	Contact Lists
	None of these None of the these
2 Farman la contra de Desire de contra de la Contra de C	This program does not collect any personally identifiable information ²
3. From whom does the Project or Program collect, maintain, use, or disseminate information?	Members of the public
	□ DHS employees/contractors (list components):
Please check all that apply.	○ Contractors working on behalf of DHS
4. What specific information about individu	nals is collected, generated or retained?
System will retain biometric, associated biographic, testing, and training environments. Biometric data i and facial images. Associated biographic data includinationality, and other personal descriptive data. Enc with an individual including but not limited to locat	for IDENT at that time. The Replacement Biometric and encounter-related data for operations/production, includes but is not limited to fingerprints, iris scans, des but is not limited to name, date of birth, counter data provides the context of the interaction
4(a) Does the project, program, or system retrieve information by personal identifier?	 No. Please continue to next question.

¹ Informational and collaboration-based portals in operation at DHS and its components that collect, use, maintain, and share limited personally identifiable information (PII) about individuals who are "members" of the portal or "potential members" who seek to gain access to the portal.

seek to gain access to the portal.

² DHS defines personal information as "Personally Identifiable Information" or PII, which is any information that permits the identity of an individual to be directly or indirectly inferred, including any information that is linked or linkable to that individual, regardless of whether the individual is a U.S. citizen, lawful permanent resident, visitor to the U.S., or employee or contractor to the Department. "Sensitive PII" is PII, which if lost, compromised, or disclosed without authorization, could result in substantial harm, embarrassment, inconvenience, or unfairness to an individual. For the purposes of this PTA, SPII and PII are treated the same.



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	identifiers that are mentioned in the IDENT System of Records Notice (SORN), including biometrics. The most common identifiers used to retrieve records are the Fingerprint Identification number (FIN) and the Encounter Identification number (EID).
4(b) Does the project, program, or system use Social Security Numbers (SSN)?	☐ No. ☑ Yes.
4(c) If yes, please provide the specific legal basis and purpose for the collection of SSNs:	Click here to enter text. The authority to collect SSNs is derived from the agencies and systems that are operated and maintained by owners other than OBIM.
4(d) If yes, please describe the uses of the SSNs within the project, program, or system:	When provided by collectors in biometric transactions, the replacement biometric system will store the SSN as a unique identifier in the system.
4(e) If this project, program, or system is an information technology/system, does it relate solely to infrastructure? For example, is the system a Local Area Network (LAN) or Wide Area Network (WAN)?	☑ No. Please continue to next question.☑ Yes. If a log kept of communication traffic, please answer the following question.
4(f) If header or payload data ³ is stored in the elements stored.	e communication traffic log, please detail the data
Click here to enter text.	
5. Does this project, program, or system connect, receive, or share PII with any other DHS programs or systems ⁴ ?	 No. ✓ Yes. If yes, please list: • U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP): o Traveler Primary Arrival Client (TPAC) o E3 Portal o Secure Integrated Government Mainframe Access (SIGMA)

³ When data is sent over the Internet, each unit transmitted includes both header information and the actual data being sent. The header identifies the source and destination of the packet, while the actual data is referred to as the payload. Because header information, or overhead data, is only used in the transmission process, it is stripped from the packet when it reaches its destination. Therefore, the payload is the only data received by the destination system.

⁴ PII may be shared, received, or connected to other DHS systems directly, automatically, or by manual processes. Often, these systems are listed as "interconnected systems" in Xacta.



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- o Global Enrollment System (GES)
- o Global Entry (GE)
- o Automated Targeting System (ATS)
- o ATS Unified Passenger Module (UPAX)
- o U.S. Pedestrian Entry
- Client applications as managed by CBP
 Office of Information Technology (OIT)
- U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE):
 - o Enforcement Integrated Database (EID)
 - Immigration and Enforcement
 Operational Records System
 (ENFORCE)
 - o EID Arrest Guide for Law Enforcement (EAGLE)
- U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS):
 - o Refugees, Asylum, and Parole System (RAPS)
 - o Secure Information Management Service (SIMS)
 - o Background Vetting Service (BVS)
 - o Electronic Fingerprint Image Print Server (EFIPS)
 - And other immigration applications as submitted by USCIS's Application Support Center(s) through the USCIS Enterprise Service Bus (ESB)
- U.S. Coast Guard:
 - o Biometrics at Sea System (BASS)
- Transportation Security Administration:
 - o Technology Infrastructure Modernization (TIM) Program
- Federal Emergency Management Agency:
 - o Electronic Fingerprint System (EFS)
- DHS Management Directorate, Office of the Chief Security Officer (OCSO):



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	o Identity Management System (IDMS)
6. Does this project, program, or system connect, receive, or share PH with any external (non-DHS) partners or systems?	 No. ✓ Yes. If yes, please list: Department of State: Consular Consolidated Database (CCD) Department of Justice (including State and Local Law Enforcement Agencies): Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) Next Generation Identification (NGI) System FBI Joint Automated Booking System (JABS) Terrorist Screening Center Terrorist Screening Database (TSDB) MyFX Server Department of Defense: Automated Biometric Information System (ABIS) Biometric Identity Intelligence Resource (BI2R) database Foreign Partners, including but not limited to: Five Country Conference (FCC) Secure Real-Time Platform (SRTP) United Kingdom Home Office, UK Visas and Immigration (UKVI) Virtual Private Networks (VPN) and Secure File Transfer Protocol (SFTP) servers between the United States and Visa Waiver Program/Preventing and Combating Serious Crime (PCSC) Agreement countries
6(a) Is this external sharing pursuant to new or existing information sharing access agreement (MOU, MOA, LOI, etc.)?	Existing DHS has a number of MOUs and LOIs to allow for sharing with various external stakeholders. This system will be the authoritative biometric repository



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		for DHS.
7.	Does the project, program, or system provide role-based training for personnel who have access in addition to annual privacy training required of all DHS personnel?	☑ No.☐ Yes. If yes, please list:
		No. What steps will be taken to develop and maintain the accounting: ∑ Yes. In what format is the accounting maintained:
8. Per NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 4, Appendix J, does the project, program, or system maintain an accounting of disclosures of PII to individuals who have requested access to their PII?	OBIM logs tests, studies, and bulk data requests (including fingerprint studies or technical reviews) in accordance with the Department's Computer Readable Extract Policy.	
		In all other cases, OBIM discloses PII to individuals with a need to know, in responses made pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act, or in responses to a law enforcement agency pursuant to 5 U.S.C. § 552a(c)(3).
9.	Is there a FIPS 199 determination? ⁴	Unknown.
		□ No.
		Yes. Please indicate the determinations for each of the following:
		Confidentiality: ☐ Low ☐ Moderate ☒ High ☐ Undefined
		Integrity: ☐ Low ☐ Moderate ☒ High ☐ Undefined
		Availability: Low Moderate High Undefined

⁴ FIPS 199 is the <u>Federal Information Processing Standard</u> Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems and is used to establish security categories of information systems.



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PRIVACY THRESHOLD REVIEW

(TO BE COMPLETED BY COMPONENT PRIVACY OFFICE)

(b)(6)		
March 5, 2015		
March 16, 2015		
Component Privacy Office Recommendation:		
Please include recommendation below, including what new privacy compliance documentation is needed.		
RBS will be operational with data ingest during Increment 1, RBS is a privacy sensitive systems and a		
new PIA will be required. The new PIA will cover the transfer of data and phase out of the IDENT		
system. Since the data stored and shared remains the same for both systems, NPPD/OBIM believes that		
ring the transfer period. However, the IDENT SORN will		
nmissioned.		

(TO BE COMPLETED BY THE DHS PRIVACY OFFICE)

DHS Privacy Office Reviewer:	(b)(6)
PCTS Workflow Number:	1071655
Date approved by DHS Privacy Office:	April 3, 2015
PTA Expiration Date	April 3, 2018

DESIGNATION

Privacy Sensitive System:		Yes If "no" PTA adjudication is complete.		
Category of System:		IT System If "other" is selected, please describe: Click here to enter text.		
Determination:	☐ PTA sufficient at this time.			
	Privacy compliance documentation determination in progress.			
	☐ New information sharing arrangement is required.			
	☐ DHS Policy for Computer-Readable Extracts Containing Sensitive PII applies.			
	Privac	Privacy Act Statement required.		



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	Privacy Impact Assessment (PIA) required.
	System of Records Notice (SORN) required.
	Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) Clearance may be required. Contact your component PRA Officer.
	☐ A Records Schedule may be required. Contact your component Records Officer.
PIA:	New PIA is required.
IIA.	If covered by existing PIA, please list: Click here to enter text.
SORN:	SORN coverage TBD
BOK!	If covered by existing SORN, please list: Click here to enter text.
DHS Priva	cy Office Comments:
Please desc	ribe rationale for privacy compliance determination above.
PRIV agree	s with NPPD/OBIM that a new PIA is necessary before OBIM may launch the Replacement
Biometric S	ystem. Since Increment 1 is not set be launched for 2 years, and there may be significant
changes to t	he system plans between now and launch, PRIV cannot make a final determination regarding
	rage at this time. The RBS will likely receive SORN coverage from the updated IDENT
SORN.	