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| Description of document: | Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) Human Resources (HR) Business Needs Analysis (BNA) 2018 |
|--------------------------|--|
| Requested date: | 28-September-2021 |
| Release date: | 07-December-2021 |
| Posted date: | 06-June-2022 |
| Source of document: | Freedom of Information Act Request Disclosure Officer Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation 1200 K Street, N.W., Suite 11101 Washington, D.C. 20005 Fax: (202) 229-4042 Email: <u>disclosure@pbgc.gov</u> FOIAonline |

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Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation 1200 K Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005-4026

BY EMAIL

PBGC 2021-003504

December 7, 2021

Re: Request for Human Resources Business Needs Analysis (BNA)

I am responding to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to the Disclosure Division of the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC), which was submitted on September 28, 2021. You requested a copy of the most recent Human Resources Business Needs Analysis (BNA). You authorized fees in the amount of \$35.00. I processed your request in accordance with the FOIA and PBGC's implementing regulation. I apologize for the delay.

Pursuant to your request, the Human Resources Department conducted a search of agency records and located 41 pages. I have determined the following 41 pages may be released to you in full as described below:

• Human Resources Business Needs Analysis, Target State and Transition Plan-Executive Briefing, dated September 6, 2018 (41 pages)¹

While this response does not constitute a denial of your request for records, I am providing you your administrative appeal rights in the event you wish to avail yourself of this process. The FOIA provides at 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i) (2014) amended by FOIA Improvement Act of 2016, Pub. L. No. 114-185, 130 Stat. 538 that if a disclosure request is denied in whole or in part by the Disclosure Officer, the requester may file a written appeal within 90 days from the date of the denial or, if later (in the case of a partial denial), 90 days from the date the requester receives the disclosed material. PBGC's FOIA regulation provides at 29 C.F.R. § 4901.15 (2017) that the appeal shall state the grounds for appeal and any supporting statements or arguments, and shall be addressed to the General Counsel, Attention: Disclosure Division, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, 1200 K Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20005. To expedite processing, the words "FOIA Appeal" should appear on the letter and prominently on the envelope.

In the alternative, you may contact the Disclosure Division's Public Liaison at (202)326-4040 for further assistance and to discuss any aspect of your request. You also have the option to contact the

¹ Per the Human Resources Department, the September 6, 2018 BNA is the most recent analysis and covers a 5-year period.

Office of Government Information Services (OGIS) at the National Archives and Records Administration to inquire about the FOIA mediation services they offer. The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001; e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

This completes the processing of your request. There are no fees associated with its processing.² You may continue to submit future requests for PBGC records by accessing FOIAonline, our electronic FOIA processing system, at <u>www.foiaonline.gov</u> or by e-mail at <u>Disclosure@pbgc.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Camelat.

D. Camilla Perry Disclosure Officer Office of General Counsel General Law and Operations Department

Enclosure

² The FOIA Improvement Act of 2016 precludes an agency from charging search fees to a FOIA requester if the agency does not meet the FOIA's twenty-day time limit. As such, we did not assess search fees for this request.



Human Resources Business Needs Analysis

Target State and Transition Plan – Executive Briefing

September 6th, 2018







Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Target State Approach
- 3. Target Recommendations
- 4. Prospective Transition Plan Roadmap

Meeting Purpose

- Provide final Target Recommendations for review
- Discuss Recommendations and begin prioritization and consensus building
- Discuss draft Transition Plan Roadmap



Background

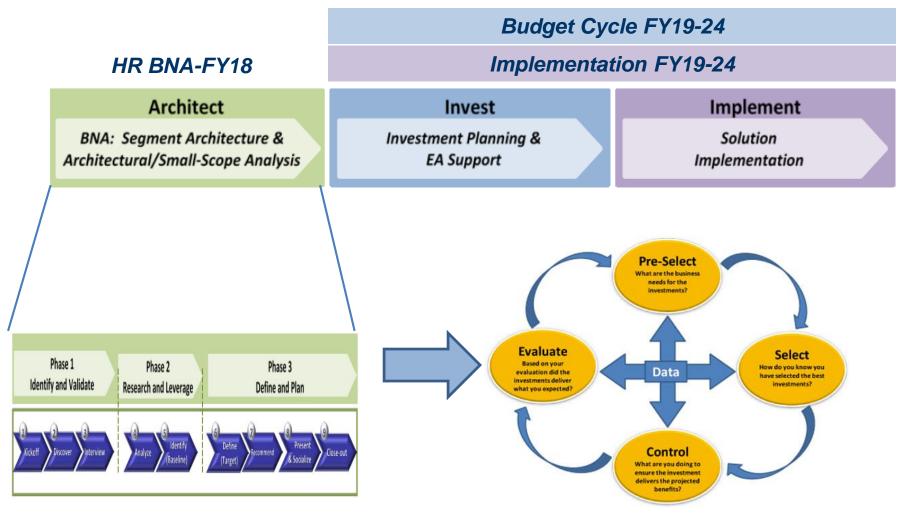
- There is a requirement for all IT Programs to complete a segment architecture and update it every five years at a minimum. The Human Resources BNA is part of the Corporate Management IT Program Plan. The last HR segment architecture was completed in 2010.
- A Segment Architecture is a research, analysis and planning effort to produce a holistic view of a business area (e.g., a segment). The segment perspective may address elements of strategy, performance, business, data, applications, infrastructure and security of a business domain.

Goals of the HR BNA are to:

- Define the future state of the Human Resources Functions at PBGC
- Produce Actionable Target State recommendations and an transition roadmap to this defined target state
- Build consensus at all levels of the PBGC to ensure success of the target state outcomes



OMB's Performance Improvement Lifecycle





Human Resources BNA Objectives

- To conduct a Business Needs Analysis (BNA) of the Human Resources function at the strategy, performance, processes, people, and technology levels and to recommend a target state that will fulfill PBGC's and our stakeholders business needs.
- The analysis will provide specific recommendations responding to the strategic, business, and IT objectives and performance goals:
 - Analyze current state and develop target state for business and information technology landscape
 - Develop prioritized recommendations for transition to the target state
 - Develop the phased implementation roadmap for the prioritized recommendations



BNA Scope

IPT Goals/Objectives

- To analyze the current environment of the Human Resources business capability
- Define the future state of the Human Resources Functions at PBGC
- Produce Actionable Target State recommendations and an transition roadmap to this defined target state
- Build consensus at all levels of the PBGC to ensure success of the target state outcomes

Key PBGC Contacts

- Executive Sponsors: Arrie Etheridge; Alice Maroni; Bob Scherer
- Owner/Federal Lead: Loraine Trotter

EA Team Participation

- Project Lead: Sage Kim (50%)
- Chief Architect: John Larsen (50%)

Project Duration

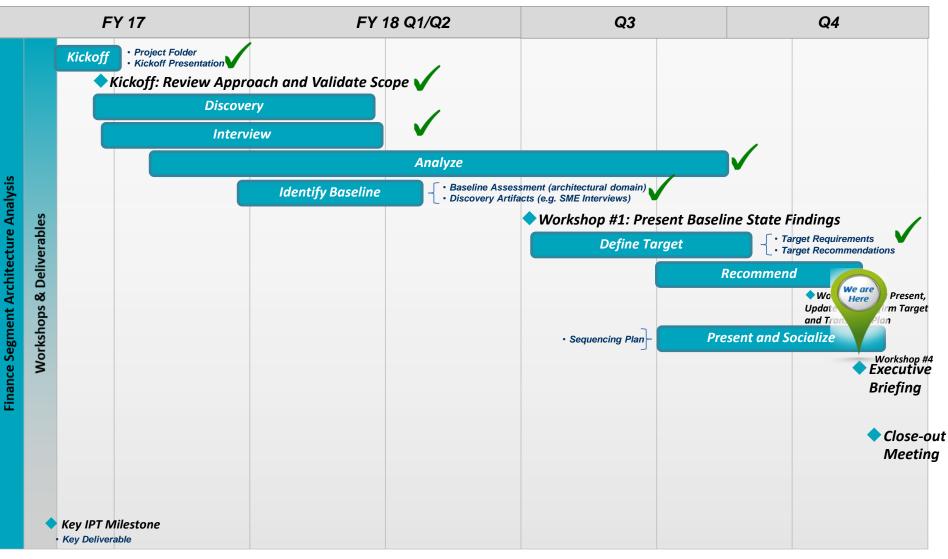
• September 2017– August 2018

Scope

- ✓ Establish an HR BNA IPT to act as an advisory and decision-making body
- ✓ Conduct a Business Needs Analysis (BNA) of the performance, processes, people and technology of the end to end HR functions in PBGC and to recommend a target state that will fulfill PBGC's and our stakeholders business needs.
- ✓ It will include a current state, target state recommendations, and transition plan to include implementable descriptions of alternative solutions that will effectively support the HR Department team in their daily activities and to achieve their long-term goals and objectives.
- ✓ The analysis will provide specific recommendations responding to the strategic, business and IT objectives and performance goals.
- ✓ The analysis will provide specific recommendations responding to the IT Solutions that would integrate the functionality currently provided with additional functionality to provide HR with a unified IT solution, effective IT resources to achieve their strategic, business and IT objective and performance goals.
- ✓ Analyze current state and develop target state for business and information technology landscape by working with all Human Resources stakeholders, and other stakeholders identified.
- ✓ Identify the current state.
- ✓ Develop the target state.
- ✓ Develop prioritized recommendations for transition to the target performance issues, business processes, application and data for the PBGC HR functions.
- ✓ Technology Updates Position HR in adopting leading edge technology practices that improve PBGC's mission.
- \checkmark Develop the phased implementation roadmap for the prioritized recommendations.
- Consolidate all information into an Executive Briefing, to provide an overview of the baseline state, identified gaps and pain points, benefits related to modernization, and recommendations and key next steps.



High Level Schedule





Key Deliverables

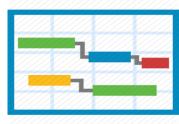
| # | Deliverable | | Description |
|---|---|----------------|--|
| 1 | Kickoff Meeting and Presentation | \checkmark | Confirms the scope, participants, schedule, and roles/responsibilities with the IPT and Stakeholders |
| 2 | Current State (and accompanying presentations) | V | Documentation of baseline assessments within the architectural domains of Strategy/Performance, Business Process/Services, Applications/Technologies, and Security via research efforts, SME Interviews , etc. |
| 3 | Target State (and accompanying presentations) | | Future HR designs with recommendations and descriptions of the target state capabilities, derived from baseline analysis, interviews and best practice research. |
| 4 | Transition Plan (and accompanying presentations) | | Implementation Roadmap with actionable recommendations on a timeline |
| 5 | Workshops | | Critical work sessions with the IPT lasting 1-4 hours at critical milestones of the project for review, discussion and acceptance of project artifacts, analysis results, and deliverables Meeting minutes will be provided to attendees and stakeholders. |
| 6 | Executive Briefing | We are Here | Presentation comprising the approach and results of effort (supported with more- detailed appendices for reference) |



Target State Approach











HUMAN RESOURCES BENCHMARKS

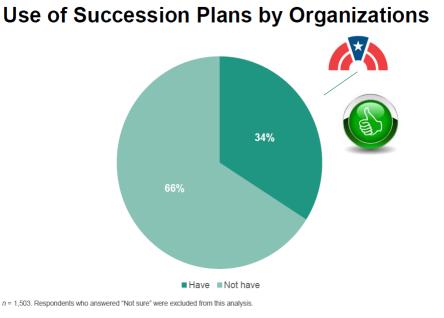


Benchmarking

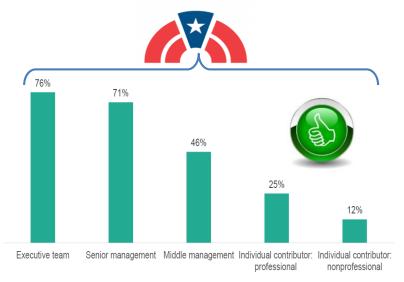
- Benchmarking is a common best practice in the private sector. Benchmarks establish a baseline for IT's effectiveness in meeting business needs, and identifying opportunities to improve the IT organization with the enterprise for optimal results.
- However, using industry benchmarks has limitations. PBGC is similar to the insurance and financial industry yet we do not have a profit motive or exact peers in this group. PBGC is more like a private sector company, yet we have are still required to abide by all applicable federal regulations. This makes it difficult to have an exact "apples-to-apples" comparison.
- As a result, benchmarks are simply the starting point of a management discussion on opportunities for both the business and IT.



Performance: HR Benchmarks – Succession Plans



Positions Included Within the Organization's Succession Plan



PBGC HR - Ahead of the Private Sector



Performance: HR Benchmarks - Benefits

Key Findings

• Tuition: 61 percent of employers offered tuition reimbursement. The average maximum reimbursement allowed for tuition/education expenses per year was approximately \$4,000.

• Compensation: The average annual salary increase was 2.7 percent each year. The average target bonus percentage for nonexecutives was 4.7 percent compared to 10.2 percent for executives.

• Retirement: Among those companies that offered a 401(k), 402(b) or similar plan (92 percent), an average of 66 percent of employees participated. The average maximum employer match was 6 percent. Succession Planning: One-third of companies (34 percent) had a succession plan. The positions most commonly included in an organization's succession plan included the executive team (76 percent), senior management (71 percent) and middle management (46 percent).

 Management Responsibility: Those employees in middle management positions had the most direct reports (a median of 8 direct reports) compared to those at the executive level (a median of 5 direct reports).

Tuition/Education Data



| | n | 25th Percentile | Median | 75th Percentile | Average |
|---|-----|--------------------|---------|--------------------|---------|
| Maximum reimbursement allowed for tuition/ education expenses per year | 763 | \$1,500 | \$3,000 | \$5,250 | \$3,998 |
| Percentage of employees participating in tuition/education reimbursement programs | 729 | 1% | 2% | 6% | 7% |

Retirement Data

Organizations that Offer Tuition Reimbursement for Employees



| | n | Offered | Not Offered | |
|--|-------|---------|-------------|--|
| 401(k), 403(b) or similar plan | 1,586 | 92% | 7% | |
| Percentage of organizations providing employer contribution | 1,348 | 84% | 14% | |
| Percentage of organizations with automatic employee enrollment | 1,018 | 62% | 38% | |





Performance: HR Expense Benchmarks

| HR Expense D |)ata | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------|--------------------|---------|------------------------|--|-------|--------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|------------|
| | n | 25th Percentile | Median | 75th Percentile | Average | | | | | | |
| HR-expense-to-operating – expense ratio | 548 | 0.6% | 2.0% | 17.8% | 15.0% | | | | DD | GC H | חסו |
| HR-expense-to-FTE-ratio | 695 | \$659 | \$1,667 | \$6,000 | \$10,211 | | | | | ead c | |
| | | | 1 | PBGC = \$1 | 1,030 | | | | | | Sector |
| The same as the Private Sector | | | | | R Departm | n | 25th Percentile | Median | 75th Percentile | Average | |
| | | | | HR-to-em | ployee ratio | 1,803 | 0.84 | 1.33 | 2.29 | 2.32 | |
| | | | | Percentag superviso | ge of HR staff in ry roles | 1,756 | 33% | 50% | 100% | 56% | PBGC = 16% |
| | | | | | ge of HR staff in nal/technical roles | 1,390 | 0% | 36% | 57% | 38% | T |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |



Federal Attrition Benchmark

Federal Attrition Rate Comparison



Retirement Resignation

Human Resources Business Needs Analysis Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)

Level 5: Empowered Driver

Fully integrated continually improving Human Capital Management (HCM) in which HR:

Regularly gathers data and provides trend information that is used for improvements and agile business adaptations.
 Is an integral business function through which the business optimizes the value it receives from its Human Capital
 These stages lay the groundwork to transform the HR function into a strategic player in the business.

Level 4: Predictive Driver

Enterprise-driven predictive HCM anticipates changing market conditions and the company's ability to leverage human capital to produce bottom line results. Predictive Drivers promote:

Continuous assessment of the workforce against anticipated future demands.

Advises the business about emerging trends that will affect its ability to perform optimally in the near /far term. Providing key Human Capital insights to the company.

Measured on its ability to help the company anticipate and supply enough skilled, engaged, and motivated employees to meet business needs and drive future business decisions.

Level 3: Integrated Enabler

Enterprise-HCM converges around talent and creates a single view of Human Capital value for leadership and the workforce and helps the organization make the best business decisions. This includes: Effective data gatheringto increase performance.

Focus on root causation and solution mixes to driv, analysis, and reporting systems.

Analysis of data to allow development of targeted initiatives e employee behaviors and results.

- Talent management strategies and employee lifecycle models.
 - Integrated back office services, processes, and systems.
 - Effective analytics capabilities to interpret data

Level 2: Strategic Service Partner

Strategic enterprise-focused HCM serves organizational leadership as well as employees. It focuses on a value-driven approach for the "Front office" HR services provided directly to the business.

Scorecards, dashboards, and benchmarks are used to provide targets for specific improvements.
 HRBPs (Human Resource Business Partners) consult with business units to define and set compensation strategies, recruit sought-after talent, and coach leaders. Centers of Expertise (COEs) exist to maximize efficiencies in targeted areas.

Level 1: Operational Provider

Transacts basic HR services such as payroll and benefits.

Enforces policies, compliance, and legal matters related to human resources.

Provides "back office" administrative support to front line leaders.

HR Maturity

Model







HR Maturity Model -Analytics

Level 4: Business integrated HR HR strategy part of business strategy. HR helps drive business decisions through people, data and insights.

Level 3: Strategic HR Department

Business and HR systems integrated and advanced

HR strategy aligned with business strategy. HR functions supporting business needs. Initiatives split between process improvements and talent needs.

Some systems integration.

Level 2 Fundamental HR Services

HR strategy fully or partially defined.. Siloed HR functions Some standardized processes and procedures, core services managed well. Some automated talent systems but little integration of data.

Level 1: Compliance Driven HR Services

No HR strategy. Personnel functions, mostly separate form business and talent management needs. Line Managers perform HR activities as they see fit.



Talent Management Maturity Model

% of Private sector companies at each level

7%

Level 4

Level 3

Fully integrated processes and systems used to make business decisions; talent management is business-driven

20%

28%

Primary focus is on connecting systems and processes; single person/team responsible for talent goals & outcomes

Level 2 45%

Beginning to identify connections points across talent processes; several systems with primary manual processes for integration

Level 1

Individual talent processes or "silos"; may have systems in place but not connected

Source: Bersin & Associates, 2010.





HUMAN RESOURCES TARGET STATE



HR Trends

- Gig Economy Employees Get Work on Employment Marketplaces
- Managing Organizational Change
- The HR Consultancy / Strategic Focus
- Analytics, Analytics, Analytics
- ✓ Focus on succession planning
- Focus on retention



- Mobile- 70% of HR is now using mobile devices to manage HR processes, up from 30% 2 years ago
- Artificial Intelligence Recruiting, Training
- ✓ Human Capital System(s) in the Cloud*

*PBGC is required to use one of several OMB Centers of Excellence for Payroll and HR services. PBGC uses DOI Interior Business Center and OPM for a majority of its core HR services.



Current - Key Themes

Organizational (208):

- □ Strategy and Performance (41)
- Culture (131)
 - Communication (48)
 - Collaboration (33)
- Organizational Structure (36)
 - HR Personnel (14)

Business Process (365):

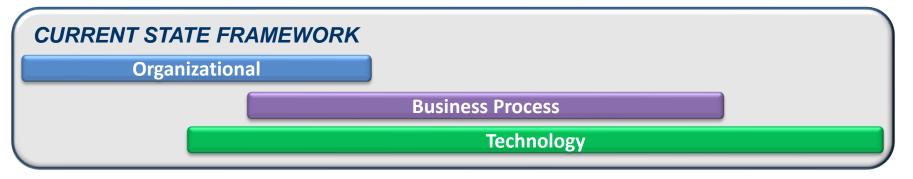
- □ Staffing and Classification (150)
- Personnel and Physical Security (9)
- Personnel Actions (27)
- □ Employee Services (33)
- Management and Leadership
 Development (39)

Technology (296):

- Data and Analytics (71)
- HR Systems/Applications (209)
- □ IT Security (16)



HR BNA – Bridging the Current and Target



TARGET STATE INITIATIVES

Strategize

Develop long-range HR operational plan

Collaborate

Coordinate and engage with stakeholders on HR services

Communicate

Engage with customers to enhance processes that cross-departmental lines

Integrate

Connect existing applications to streamline processes

Optimize

Analyze existing processes to standardize and streamline

Analyze

Enhance existing operational analytics to become predictive and strategic

Human Resources Business Needs Analysis Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)



Current State Themes and Target State Initiatives

- 1. HR Systems/Applications (209)
- **2.** BP Staffing and Classification (150)
- **3.** Culture (131)
- 4. Data and Analytics (71)
- 5. Strategy and Performance (41)
- 6. BP Management and Leadership Development (39)
- 7. Organizational Structure (36)
- 8. BP Employee Services (33)
- 9. BP Personnel Actions (27)
- **10.** IT Security (16)
- **11.** BP Personnel and Physical Security (9)



Fewer Interview Responses



The Roles of HR - Ulrich's Four-Role Model



Day-To-Day/Operational Focus



Target State Initiative 1:

Source / **Expected Business** Level of Depend Stakehold Target Duration Cost Success Criteria Owner ustificat Effort Value encies ers Phase ion Serve as an opportunity to set direction and course corrections Become closer to the Continue to Measure, Review and Annual – based on new information that customer and stakeholder by Best 1.1 CRBAD Strategize Medium N/A **HRD Mgt** Phase 2 None Update HR Operational Plan outlines the HRD goals, activities planning and fulfilling their Ongoing Practices and strategic outlook over the needs next 5 years

Strategize

Target State Initiative 2: Communicate

Source / Expected Business Level of Depend Stakehol Target Duration Cost Owner **Success Criteria** Justificat Effort encies Value Phase ders ion # of HR Liaisons and WTTS/FPPS Dept Interview Continue to provide training and ESSD / ALL users that have received training Communicate 2.1 access to WTTS and FPPS users Low 1-3 months N/A None Directors Phase 1 / Best Improve customer perception(s) HRD Increase in # of users of EPPS and to track HR actions. and Staff Practice WTTS HR Reinstate quarterly HR liaison and Scheduling of quarterly meetings with Enhance IT Lifecyle support and Liaisons, other HR stakeholders sessions. ESSD / ALL agendas that will help the Liaisons stay comprehensive deployment; and Best 2.2 Communicate Low 6 months N/A None Dept Phase 1 Provide more information about new current on HR processes and better adherence to standards and HRD Practice Directors enhancements releases framework and Staff Host semi-annual meetings with Dept Improved process efficiency and key HR stakeholders departments Stakeholder department agreement that 2.3 Collaborate N/A Moderate 12 months Directors All HRD Phase 1 None performance of cross-departmental Interview to discuss cross departmental process connections are in place process and Staff processes and ownership. Investigate and Leverage pre-Better communications with Dept configured HR COTS portal Enhance HRD Intranet Site, with self ESSD / ALL akeholders, customers, and better 2.4 Collaborate solutions to enhance collaboration High ŚŚŚ Directors Phase 1 30 months None service / fact sheets, services, Interview HRD documentation and self service and communication with knowledge portal and Staff capabilities for stakeholders stakeholders.

Collaborate



Target State Initiative 3:

Optimize

| | | | Level of Effort | Duration | Cost | Dependencies | Stakeholders | Owner | Success Criteria | Expected Business Value | Target Phase | Source / Justificati on |
|-----|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----------|------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 3.1 | Staffing and Classification | Create a departmental JA&RS and PDs library | Moderate | 6 months | N/A | None | Dept Directors and Staff | SCD | Departmental PD Library managed by HRD, and utilized for each departments | Streamline classification and hiring processes | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.2 | Hiring and Recruitment | Continue partnerships with affinity and academic organizations to assist in recruitment | Moderate | 12 months | \$ | Agreement with stakeholder departments | OBA / ONR /PRAD | SCD | Form relationships with, potentially resulting in internships, hirings, and academic involvement in PBGC | increase diversity and pools of qualified applicants for actuarial positions, and better exposure of PBGC brand management | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.3 | Hiring and Recruitment | Continuously seek to further opportunities to automate the hiring process | Moderate | 12 Months | \$\$ | Workflow process development (potentially SharePoint?) | Dept Directors and Staff/IT | SCD / ESSD | Fully implement an automated, paperless hiring processes (via workflow(s) or technology) | Streamlined hiring process with automation and potential auditability and performance reporting | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.4 | Hiring and Recruitment | -Continue working with COLA to enhance PBGC Brand Image and use of social media in recruiting process LinkedIn, Facebook; GlassDoor | Low | 6 Months | \$\$ | None | COLA | SCD / Front Office | Increased visibility via social media platforms to PBGC vacancies on USAjobs.gov | Increase diversity and pools of qualified applicants for actuarial positions, and better exposure of PBGC brand management | Phase 1 | Interview / Research |
| 3.5 | Onboarding | Look into new extended onboarding approaches (e.g. Southwest) | Low | On-going | N/A | EMC acceptance and support | EMC | Front Office | Schedule and conduct welcome sessions regularly | Potential improvement of morale and talent retention | Phase 1 | Best Practice |
| 3.6 | Retention | Develop and evaluate initiatives that when implemented increase retention | Low | On-going | N/A | Funding | Dept Directors and Staff | SCD / Front Office | Develop, measure, and track evaluations criteria | Information to provide insight and guide hiring and retention activities | Phase 1 | Best Practice |
| 3.7 | Personnel Actions | Continue to evaluate and streamline personnel actions and details process | Low | 4 months | \$ | Workflow process development (potentially SharePoint?) | Dept Directors and Staff/IT | ESSD | Fully implement an automated, paperless WIGI/promotion processes (via workflow(s) or technology) | Streamlined process with automation and potential auditability and performance reporting | Phase 1 | Interview |

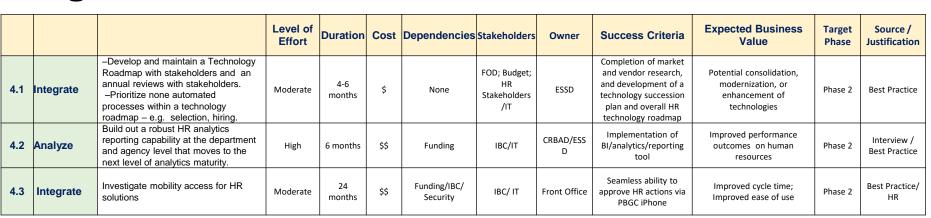


Target State Initiative 3: Optimize

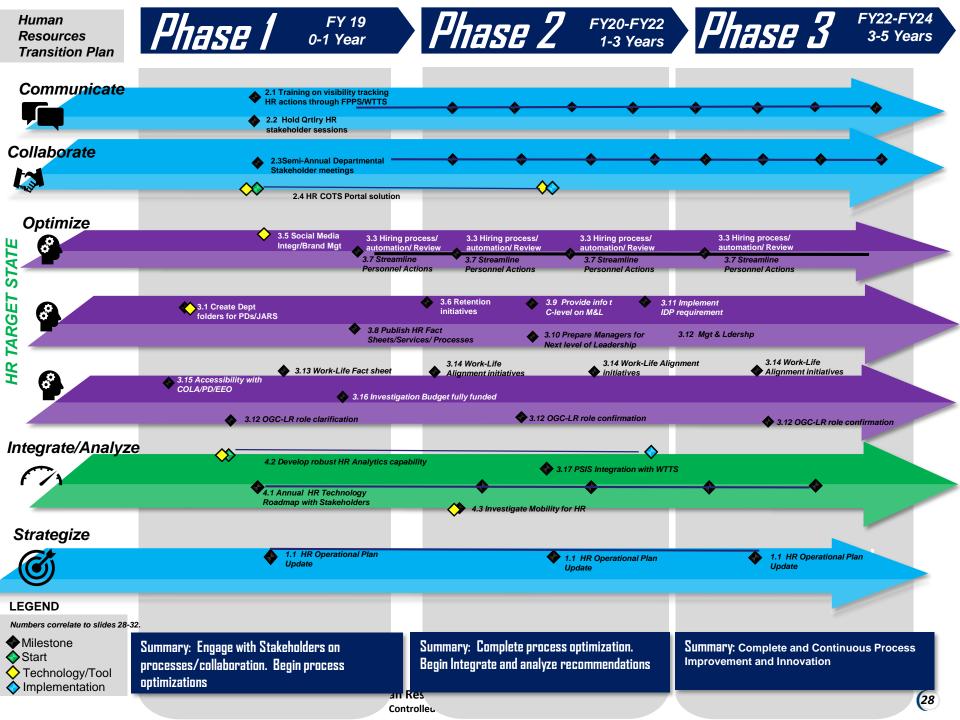
| | | | Level of Effort | Duration | Cost | Dependencies | Stakeholders | Owner | Success Criteria | Expected Business Value | Target Phase | Source / Justification |
|------|------------------------------|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--------|---|--------------------------------|--------------|---|--|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 3.8 | Optimize | Publish HR fact sheets and service documents so that HR customers have a quick references on HR resources and services. Post HR Timelines for various HR processes. | Moderate | 6 months | N/A | HRD staff availability | Dept Directors and Staff | Front Office | Enhanced communication across PBGC | Better understanding by stakeholders that need HR services, and potential efficiency and effective gains from documented processes and procedures | Phase 1 | Interview / Best Practice |
| 3.9 | Management and Leadership | Provide information on participation in M&L programs to C-levels and Department directors. | Low | 12 months/ On-going | N/A | C-Level interest and availability | Managers | Front Office | Development of participation metrics and report/presentation, and scheduling (perhaps at EMC or like meeting) and/or providing information via a predefined delivery medium | Knowledge and tracking of training taken by managers/leaders in the agency, and potentially find correlations to performance, employee satisfaction, retention, etc. | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.10 | Management and Leadership | Prepare managers for their next level of leadership (e.g. interviews, strategic thinking, workforce planning, developmental opportunities). | High | 18 months/ ongoing | \$\$ | None | C- level/Dept Directors | M&L | Measured improvement of existing staff level of preparedness for next level assignments | Developing from within leads to improved retention and potentially improved organizational results | Phase 2 | HR |
| 3.11 | Management & Leadership | Implement requirement for new supervisors to have Individual Development Plans, including supervisory training. | Moderate | 12 months | \$ | C-level buy-in | C- level/Dept Directors | M&L | 75% of new supervisors IDPs in place and acted upon starting FY 2019 | Professional growth of supervisors leads to improved staff and mgr retention, improved work place environment | Phase 2 | HR |
| 3.12 | Labor Relations | Develop a clarification of roles between HR- ELR and OGC. | Moderate | 12 months/ Ongoing | N/A | None | Dept Directors | ELRMD | Completion of role clarification document | A shared understanding of departmental responsibilities. | Phase 1 | Interview / Best Practice |
| 3.13 | Work-Life Balance | Develop and communicate a work-life vision or fact sheet | Low | 3 months | N/A | None | Dept Directors and Staff | ESSD | Develop and deliver policy via pre- defined medium | Potential improvement of communications and transparency | Phase 1 | Best Practice |
| 3.14 | Work-Life Balance | Assess how to align PBGC's culture with it's work life strategies | Low | 3 months | N/A | Development of polices and procedures | Dept Directors and Staff | ESSD | Document cultural alignment and activities | Cultural maturation to address modernization of work-life strategies and elements | Phase 1 | Best Practice |
| 3.15 | Accessibility | Work with COLA, EEO and Procurement Department to ensure electronic information is accessible (e.g. captioning) | Low | 2-3 months | N/A | COLA availability | ALL PBGC | Front Office | Accessibility (508 Compliance) check of all public documentation and web pages | Compliance with Federal 508 guidelines, and accessibility for all PBGC personnel | Phase 1 | Interview / Best Practice |
| 3.16 | Personnel Security | Provide adequate funding for background investigations in the baseline budget | High | 12 months | \$\$\$ | Budget Formulation, C-Level Buy-In | BD, All PBGC | Front Office | Analysis and re-baseline of background investigation activities, and formal request to ITPRB/BPIT of revised baseline May need trade-off budget(s) from other HR initiatives | Better estimate of costs, in order to ensure proper funding and lessen the reliance to off- cycle funding | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.17 | Personnel Security | Integrate PSIS with USAccess and other DOI systems (WTTS/EODS) Integrate personnel security services to eliminate manual data entry | High | 6-12 months | \$\$\$ | DOI system requirements and limitations | ALL PBGC, new hires/IT | Front Office | Evaluation of potential integration, planning for integration, and implementation of technical updates | Improved data quality, reduced manual effort and potential improvement of data integrity and validity | Phase 1 | Interview |
| 3.18 | Personnel Security | Ensure adequate staffing for personnel security operations | High | 6-12 months | \$\$\$ | BD/EMC | All PBGC | Front Office | Timely processing of all actions related to personnel security | Improved customer service, data quality and closed audit findings | Phase 1-2 | Interview |



Target State Initiative 4: Integrate



Analyze





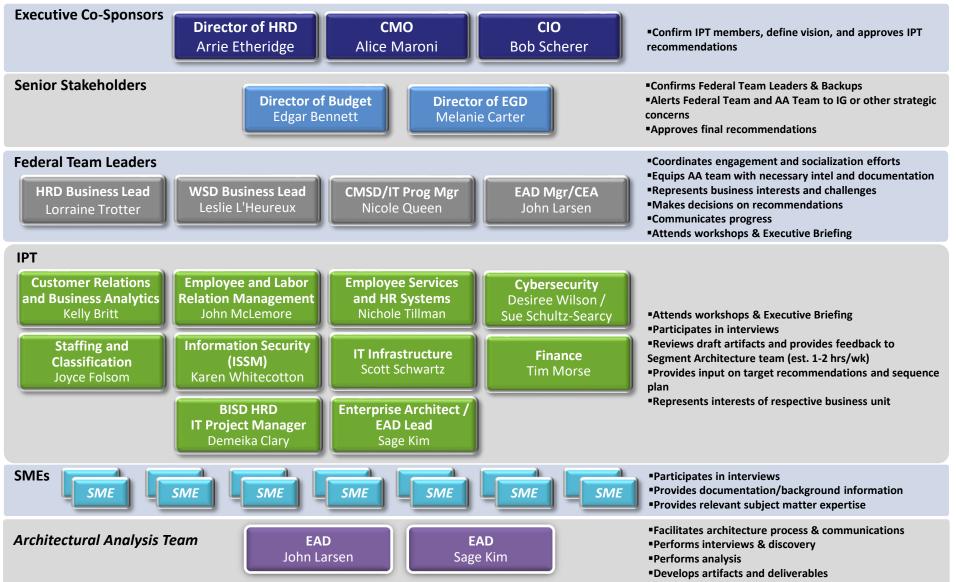
Next Steps

- 1. Discuss, Revise and Update
- 2. Obtain executive sponsor approval

- 3. HR begins working the HR Target State recommendations IAW Transition Plan
 - Confirm Target State recommendation assignments
 - HR plans for necessary budgets
 - Form required working groups

BGC Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation Protecting America's Pensions

HR BNA Integrated Project Team (IPT) Composition





Executive Sponsor Approvals / Signatures

Approved:

Arrie Etheridae Director of Human Resources Department **Executive Sponsor of HRD BNA**

Approved:

Alice Maroni Chief Management Officer **Co-Executive Sponsor of HRD BNA**

Approved: Bob fehr

Bob Scherer Chief Information Officer Co-Executive Sponsor of HRD BNA

Date: 9.6.2018

Date: 9-6-2018

Date: 9/6/18



Leadership Approvals / Signatures

 Federal Leads
 Senior Stakeholders

 (Including all C-levels attending the Executive Briefing)

| Names | Title / Role | Signature | Date |
|------------------------|--|---------------|-----------|
| Carter, Melanie | Director of Enterprise Governance Department | Ma | 9/10/2019 |
| Kossoy, Joshua | Director of IT Infrastructure Operations Department | July Und | 9/11/2013 |
| L'Heureux, Leslie | Business Program Manager for Chief Management Office | Leslie L'Heen | 19/6/ |
| Larsen, John | Chief Enterprise Architect | John Darren | 2/10/18 |
| Queen, Nicole | IT Program Manager for Corporate Management Service Division – BISD | The met | 9/10/15 |
| Shyamsunder, Vidhya | Director of Business Innovations and Services Department (BISD) | | 9/10/2015 |
| Trotter, Loraine | Business Program Manager for Human Resources Department | Loraine Hotel | 9/6/2018 |



IPT Approvals / Signatures

| Name | Title / Role | Signature | Date |
|---------------------|---|----------------|---------|
| Britt, Kelly | Division Manager – Customer Relations and Business Analytics Division – HRD | Heey Sito | 9-6-18 |
| Clary, Demeika | IT Project Manager for Corporate Management Service Division – BISD | hemis | 9-6-18 |
| Folsom, Joyce | Division Manager – Staffing and Classification Division – HRD | Nanger Foh- | 9-14-18 |
| Kim, Sage | Enterprise Architect | - the | 9/6/18 |
| Luiza, Walt | Chief Financial Office – Financial Operations Division (CFO – FOD) Representative / Deputy Director of FOD | Walte Luze | 9/17/18 |
| McLemore, John | Division Manager – Employee and Labor Relation Management Division – HRD | ante | 9/11/18 |
| Morse, Tim | CFO – FOD Representative | Jude More | 9/17/18 |
| Schultz-Searcy, Sue | Enterprise Cybersecurity Representative | Susan Seeny | 9/24/18 |
| Schwartz, Scott | IT Infrastructure Operations Department | sur and | 9/17/18 |
| Tillman, Nichole | Division Manager – Employee Services and HR Systems Division – HRD | Nichol Ullore | 2/14/18 |
| Whitecotton, Karen | Information System Security Manager (ISSM) for Corporate Management Office (that includes HRD) | haven whiteact | 9/18/18 |
| Wilson, Desiree | Enterprise Cybersecurity Representative | Also- | 9/10/18 |



Current HR Application Capabilities

New applications to address new business requirements or opportunities.

Systems of Innovation

Applications that enable industry-specific (HR) capabilities.

Systems of Differentiation

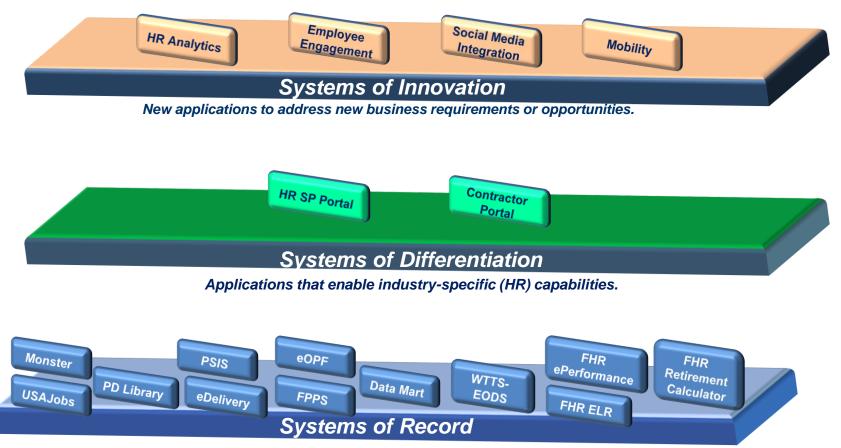


Established packaged applications that support core transaction processing and manage the organization's critical master data. The rate of change is low, because the processes are well-established and common to most organizations, and often are subject to regulatory requirements.

iDashboards



Target HR Application Capabilities

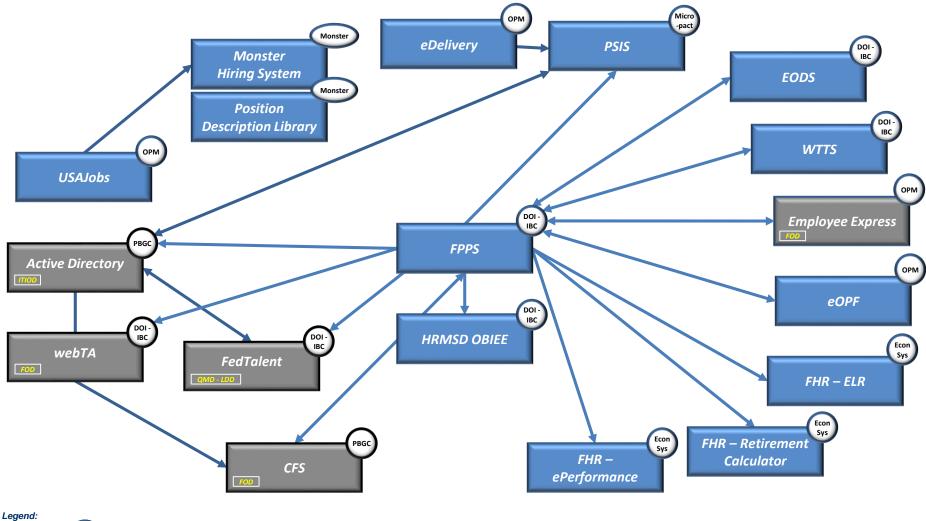


Established packaged applications that support core transaction processing and manage the organization's critical master data.

| | Technology hap-Example Workforce /Succession Planning Position Classification & Mgt Diversity & Inclusion | CY 2019 Workforce/Succession Plannin Position Description Library Employee Engagement | CY 2020 | CY 2021 | CY 2022 | CY 2023 |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---------|--------------------|-------------|---------|
| TALENT ACQUSITION | Employee Engagement Candidate Sourcing & Recruitment Applicant Screening Onboarding | HR ShPt Portal USAJOBS.COM Monster Hiring Social Media Integration IBC WTTS-EODS | | • | | |
| PERSONNEL SECURITY | Background investigations Credentialing | PSIS/eDelivery Contractor Portal | | | | |
| MANAGEMENT & LEADERSHIP | M&L Training M&L Administration | Management and Leadershi | p | | | |
| PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT | Performance Mgt Recognition Mgt SL Appraisal Certification | FHR Navigator -ePerformance Recognition Management | | | | |
| COMPENSATIO & BENEFITS | Work Schedule & Leave Mgt Work Life Wellness Employee Assistance Pgm Compensation Mgt | FPPS Mandated New Payroll Sys | tem | | | |
| WORKFORCE ANALYTICS | Workforce/Perf Analytics Employee Records | IBC OBIEE iDashboards HR Analytics eOPF | | | | |
| LABOR & EMPLOYEE RELATIONS | Labor Mgt Relations Negotiated Grievances/3 rd Party | FHR ELR | | | | |
| SEPARATION & RETIREMENT | Retirement Planning/Processing | FedHR Navigator-Retirement of | | eployment e | risting App | p (36 |



Application – Data Exchange



HR Application Non-HR Application September 6, 2018

Host

Human Resources Business Needs Analysis Controlled Unclassified Information (CUI)



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