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President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities, September 2019 to September

2020

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U.S. Department of Education
Office of the Executive Secretariat

FOIA Service Center

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Washington, DC 20202-4536 ATTN: FOIA Public Liaison

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

FOIA Service Center

May 13, 2021

RE: FOIA Request No. 20-01706-F

This letter is a final response to your request for information pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. § 552, dated May 24, 2020 and received in this office on May 24, 2020. Your request was forwarded to the Dept. of Education to search for documents that may be responsive to your request.

You requested the following: A copy of the meeting minutes from the President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities for the meeting held on September 11, 2019, and also for each meeting held since that date.

Available for Public Access Link (PAL) download are 624 pages of documents responsive to your request. The documents provided are:

➤ PBA Meeting Mins (20-01706-F)

You can access your PAL account or register for a PAL account at this link: https://foiaxpress.pal.ed.gov/app/PalLogin.aspx

Provisions of the FOIA allow us to recover the costs pertaining to your request. The Department has concluded that you fall within the category of Other. However, the Department has provided you with this information at no charge. The Department's release of this information at no cost does not constitute the grant of a fee waiver, and does not infer or imply that you will be granted a fee waiver for future requests made under FOIA to the Department. Because we were able to locate and process these documents at minimal costs, they are provided to you at no cost.

You have the right to seek further assistance from the Department's FOIA Public Liaison, Robert Wehausen. The Department's FOIA Public Liaison can be reached by eemail at robert.wehausen@ed.gov; by phone at 202-205-0733; by fax at 202-401-0920; or by mail at Office of the Executive Secretariat, U.S. Department of Education, 400 Maryland Ave., SW, 7C132, Washington, DC 20202-4500, Attn: FOIA Public Liaison.

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If you have any questions, please contact the FSC at (202) 401-8365 or EDFOIAMANAGER@ed.gov.

Sincerely,

Elise Cook

Elise Cook Government Information Specialist Office of the Executive Secretariat

Enclosure

President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities

Meeting of February 14, 2020 U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Barnard Auditorium Washington, DC 20202

A complete transcript is available

Advisors present

Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman Aminta H. Breaux James E. Clark Phyllis Dawkins Rodney A. Ellis Marshall C. Grigsby Billy Hawkins Jerry Hunter Nickolas Justice Harold L. Martin, Sr. Connie Rath Kevin W. Williams

Advisors absent

Bernard Milano Ronald A. Johnson

White House Initiative on Historically Black Colleges and Universities Staff

Johnathan M. Holifield, Executive Director

Sedika Franklin, Designated Federal Official

U.S. Department of Education

• Diane Auer Jones, Deputy Under Secretary delegated the duties of the Under Secretary

White House Speakers

- LaVaughn Henry, Senior Economist, Council of Economic Advisors
- Jackson Bailey, Lead Junior Economist, Council of Economic Advisors

Other Federal Presenters

- Donna Ragucci, Director of the Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization, Department of Treasury
- Calvin Mitchell Jr., General Services Administration
- Diane Frasier, Director of the Office of Acquisition and Logistics Management, National Institutes of Health
- Christine Ramey, Deputy Director of the Office of Health Equity for the Health Resources and Services Administration, Department of Health and Human Services
- Christopher Bourne, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Innovation, Department of Housing and Urban Development
- Trina Bilal, the Office of Economic Impact and Diversity, Department of Energy
- Devin Westhill, Deputy Director of Public Liaison, Department of Labor
- Evelyn Kent, Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for the Office of the Secretary of Defense, Department of Defense
- Ayanna Hudson, Director of Arts Education, National Endowment for the Arts
- Allen Gutierrez, Small Business Administration

February 14, 2020 Meeting Minutes- President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities

Marjorie Bowman, Chief Academic Affiliations Officer, VHA, Diversity, Inclusion, and VA Council

Mary McAklem, National Endowment for the Humanities

Call to Order and Roll Call

The President's Board of Advisors met at the United States Department of Education Auditorium, 400 Maryland Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C., at 9:30 a.m., Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman, presiding.

Chairman Taylor welcomed all in attendance and asks for all to begin the meeting with the Pledge of Allegiance.

The parties met, pursuant to the notice, quorum established 12 of 14 members present at the time of the roll call. Harold L. Martin, Sr. arrived prior to the lunch hour due to a delay in travel.

Chairman Taylor requested a call to certify the minutes from the September 11, 2019 advisory meeting. Member Breaux motioned for the approval of the minutes, which then received a second by Member Clark and unanimously favored by all.

The September 11, 2019 meeting minutes are marked final and certify with signature by Chairman Taylor.

Welcome Remarks

The following individuals gave welcome remarks:

- Johnny Taylor, Chairman
- Johnathan Holifield, Executive Director, White House Initiative on HBCUs

Chairman Taylor:

- Reflected on the activities and positive strides made in the HBCU community during 2019 and mentioned the FUTURE Act that would be discussed later in the agenda.
- Acknowledged the members of the President's Board of Advisors for their diligent work and effort to ensure the HBCU community has a voice and "the community spoke up when we needed to be heard."
- Reflected on Member Dawkins suggesting a focus on Title III and "we're in such a good spot" in comparison to the previous year. Commented on 2020 having "some real positive momentum..." "with respect to the HBCU community."

Executive Director Holifield:

- Extended a welcome to the audience and appreciation for the continued support and interest in an important topic for our nation, schools, students, and communities.
- Addressed the agenda that will include features from federal agency partners with "dialogue directly with the sources of innovation", the President's Council of Economic Advisers, the Domestic Policy Council, and the White House Initiative on HBCUs.

FUTURE Act

Chairman Taylor: Acknowledged the Secretary's absence and announced Deputy Under Secretary Diane Jones as a representative to speak on the Secretary's behalf. Requested members' perspective on the FUTURE Act, beginning with Executive Director, Johnathan Holifield.

Executive Director Holifield: Addressed the national attention brought to the FUTURE Act by advocacy groups such as, NAFEO, UNCF and Thurgood Marshall College Fund. Expressed gratitude towards the "Members of the President's Board of Advisors, our friends within the Administration, our friends within the House and the Senate" for their hard work towards a "similar goal in mind."

Chairman Taylor: Reflected on the many efforts made by Executive Director Holifield and himself, along with his colleague, towards supporting the FUTURE Act. Extended thanks to Executive Director Holifield and NAFEO.

Dr. Ellis: Addressed the improvement of communication at the local level, which in return cause a "groundswell of support from the campus level." Discussed targeting legislators and their representatives in the Louisiana area to reiterate the importance of this funding.

Dr. Clark: Acknowledged progress and ability to leverage said progress. Addressed retrieving "very specific and quantifiable numbers" to show progress and the return on investment into HBCUs.

Chairman Taylor: Acknowledged Dr. Clarks' point in quantifiable data for progress in the HBCUs. Foreshadows a discussion centered around a report with quantifiable data that "becomes the narrative" for future opportunities.

Dr. Dawkins: Echoed topics that previous members discussed and acknowledged support from UNCF, Thurgood Marshall, university alums and Title III director that played vital roles in pushing legislation forward.

Mr. Justice: Discussed the need to perform highly in a "world class forum" and the aspiration of learning how to collaborate efficiently. "We've got to help the Federal Government develop cross departmental teams that can focus and complement each other in ways."

Dr. Williams: Reflected on opportunities to visit "Tennessee State University, the Nashville Three, Fisk, and Meharry". Discussed the alignment of the narrative and stated, "if the narrative isn't aligned, we don't make success."

Dr. Hawkins: Reflected on the struggle and the historic accomplishment to get the FUTURE Act signed. Commented "the victory is wonderful" and "let us not forget that there's still much work to be done on Historically Black Colleges and Universities" such as taking a serious look at historic preservation and infrastructure.

Mr. Grigsby: Extended a congratulations to all the parties involved and commented "there are many other hurdles that are in front of us". Suggested the Board "encourage the recipients of the funding." Addressed the lack of analytical data the Board possesses on HBCUs and their accomplishments.

Dr. Breaux: Acknowledged all of those involved in the process of achieving this accomplishment. Reflected on "the importance and impact Title III has for our Historically Black Colleges and Universities." Stated, "the work isn't done" and the "economic viability of the country" is within the talented students on HBCU campuses.

Dr. Rath: Stated "I really agree about the urgency to show those kinds of results, so that the momentum can continue."

Dr. Hunter: Congratulated Chairman Taylor, staff, and Members of the Board for the "excellent effort" out towards getting the legislation passed. Addressed the need to educate students on what is happening and where the funding is coming from. Stated both Congressman French Hill and Senator Roy Blunt have been very supportive of HBCUs and suggested reaching out for support.

Chairman Taylor: Reflected on when appointments were first taken and the results in that time should be a proud accomplishment. Reiterates Dr. Breaux and Mr. Grigsby's comments about the need to capture the analytical information. Commented the Board "at a minimum should try to be a central repository for all of our successes." How do we figure out how to capture this analytical information?

Legislative Updates Department of Education Brief

- Diane Auer Jones, Deputy Under Secretary delegated the duties of the Under Secretary
 - "We are committed here to doing the groundwork to facilitating opportunities."
 - o FUTURE Act 6103, now can build connections to the IRS data system. It allows for simplification of the FAFSA and reduce the burden for verification.
 - Regulations:
 - 1. There is no difference between regional and national accreditors.
 - 2. No accreditor owns a state or region. Regional accreditors are known as regional until July 1, 2020.
 - 3. Accreditors can have alternative standards.
 - 4. Reduced the number of activities that require a substantive change with accreditors.
 - 5. Reinforced that institutions with a faith-based missions are permitted to have and exercise that faith-based mission.

- 6. An accreditor cannot remove accreditation or try to impose upon a faith-based institution standards or requirements that would go against the mission of the institution.
- 7. If recertification is complete and on time, then the Department must complete its process within a year. If not, then by default the recertification is granted.
- o Accreditation at the State level for institutions
- o Federal Work Study Program
 - Allows schools to pay students in work-based learning, student teaching and clinical rotations.
 - Working on Second Chance Pell Grant.
 - Could there be shared resource centers?
 - Are there ways that we can engage regional resource centers to do the kinds of things that maybe you cannot do on your campus because you cannot implement the standards?
 - Can a regional service center provide support to the sponsored research function?
- Working to figure out how to allow a HBCU to partner, to merge with, to join forces with a larger comprehensive institution, as a branch campus, which means they remain an HBCU institution.
 - Sharing the cost of running a campus
 - Maintaining a physical plant for sharing faculty expertise
 - Maintain historical status and eligibility for Title III funding
- Chairman Taylor:
 - Question: What about other HBCUs tying up with other HBCUs?
 - Ouestion: What is the Triad?
- Diane Jones:
 - o "Any institution. The school we are looking at now is looking at attaching to a large comprehensive institution, because when you tie up, the main campus takes some financial responsibility. But obviously there could be branch campus relationships between any kind of campus."
 - "The triad is the regulatory regime for institutions of higher education." The three entities of the Triad are:
 - State
 - Accreditors
 - U.S. Department of Education

Federal Presentations

Panel 1: Department of the Treasury, General Services Administration, Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health & Health Resources and Services Administration

Ms. Ragucci: honored and privileged to address the President's Board of Advisors on HBCUs as well as the audience present.

- Brief overview of Department of Treasury's mission and mission "to increase procurement opportunities to our small and disadvantaged businesses."
- "Treasury awarded zero dollars to an HBCU" and will strive to award funding to HBCUs in 2020.
- To increase procurement opportunities at the Department of Treasury, "we did have an MOU signing..." "between the Department of the Treasury and GSA that we are committed to using the HBCUs that are on the federal supply schedule."
- Partnered with MITRE: to establish a training opportunity on procurements to train the HBCUs.
- Community Development Franchise Institute: Community Development Entity or the New Money Market -- "[HBCUs] can start small foundations and can have something built, construction, real infrastructure, being built on your campuses that will help all of your community."

Mr. Mitchell: Brief introduction and showed gratitude to administrator, Emily Murphy, and commissioner, Julie Dunne.

- Expressed the "unique opportunity to look at the economic impact of HBCUs and how we can make them a stronger economic catalyst in your local communities."
- How we can get HBCUs participating in federal contracts?
- Currently working with HBCUs such as: "Bowie, Howard, Jackson State, Oakwood, Fayetteville University and Alabama A&M University"
- "...puts HBCUs in a position where there are pre-vetted contracts, brings down some of that risk in the acquisition, and now we have this partnership."
- "Leverage your resources and work together with other schools, you increase the capacity and your procurement readiness"
- "Partner with small businesses that have a need for a particular service."
- All federal opportunities are publicized at "beta.SAM.gov"

Ms. Frasier: Mentioned Annette Owens-Scarboro and Rachel Kenlaw-Ramirez for their efforts on the work done at NIH.

- Started to develop opportunities to expand their HBCU support by developing the "Paths
 for Excellence and Innovation, PEI program" for the purpose of training the HBCUs,
 intense outreach, as well as partnering the HBCUs with small minority businesses.
- Reflected on a \$2 million cooperative partnership between the National Cancer Institute, and Hampton University for their "Proton Therapy Program".
- Recognized the need for the presidents and senior board members within the HBCUs to focus on their infrastructures.
- "We need to have the HBCUs participate in the provision of health and research for this country."
- The Paths to Excellence:
 - Providing training to the HBCUs, designating a business manager for the HBCUs, being able to read the solicitations, market the HBCU and to understand what it is that the government wants, what that requirement is and who they should be talking to.

Ms. Ramey:

- Supports over 90 programs that provide healthcare to people who are geographically isolated and economically or medically challenged.
- Primarily a grant funding agency.
- Supports more than 40 workforce programs and initiatives and supports 8,000 organizations and individuals such as the National Health Service Corps & the Nurse Corps program.
- "The Office of Health Equity works to reduce health inequalities so individuals and communities can achieve their highest level of health across those communities."
- "We have a center of excellence program and in fiscal year 2019, we had 117 participants from Howard University and Meharry Medical College"
- "Our big push is to also get representatives from HBCUs as grant reviewers..."

Panel 2: Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of Energy, Department of Defense and Department of Labor

Christopher Bourne:

- Purpose: innovating programs, policies, procedures, and looking at home building construction methods and materials, to improve affordability, resilience, and health.
- How do we make HUD's engagement with the HBCUs more central to HUD's mission?
- the 2018 and '19 funding cycle, we got the preference point into eight of our programs, and we're currently working on the notices for the 2020 cycle, and it looks like we're going to be able to add three additional programs, so there'll be 11 programs all together.
- For 2020, we were also able to get funding within HUD's budget for two new research-based programs, one of them will fund research for underserved communities, and it is set for HBCUs to participate in that research.
- There are two programs for looking at new research methods using big data, new models for research on the issues around underserved communities.

Ms. Bilal:

- The Equity in Energy initiative is put forth to focus on five pillars, with the underpinning of these pillars driving access and interest into the STEM fields.
- Has initiatives that are tied specifically to STEM enhancement and the application of STEM enhancement and supplier diversity.
- Looking into technical assistance, training, and workshops to build the STEM pipeline.
- Spoke about the things that we are doing from a research and technology perspective in artificial intelligence.
- Beginning to launch a pilot program on how HBCUs can help us deal with different issues in the cybersecurity space.
- Create synergy so we can bring more depth in our services by collaborating across federal agencies.
- the communication process is one that is a multi-tier approach. So we have to give information out to you, you have to definitely give information out to us, we try to leverage our partners at the initiative as well to make sure that everyone is onboard with where we're heading and what's coming down the pipeline,

 The Minority Education and Workforce Training Program: provides funding for all MSIs, HBCUs included, to build capacity, and partner with community colleges and minority businesses who offer technical assistance to bring in skilled labor.

Mr. Westhill:

- Signed February 28, 2017, the White House Initiative to promote excellence and innovation at HBCUs requires federal agencies to develop and coordinate efforts to strengthen the capacity of HBCUs to compete for federal and private sector opportunities.
- Some of these ideas include:
 - o Grant opportunities totaling more than \$20 million
 - Educational programs at the 2019 National HBCU Conference,
 - A website to educate federal contractors on how best to optimize their relationships with HBCUs via internships, job fairs, and other programs.
- The work of these agencies and the others at the Labor Department is helping Americans secure good, family-sustaining jobs
- The work of this administration reflects the ideal expressed by Dr. King in his 1965 commencement address at Oberlin College -- the time is always right to do what is right.
- Department of Labor is trying:
 - o create some longevity and some reach
 - o raise the profile of HBCUs and the initiative
 - strengthen the capacity of HBCUs
- Job Corps Scholars Grant Program: we have redoubled our efforts and sent some of that
 information to the White House Initiative on HBCUs to help get the message out to all
 the HBCU partners around the country.

Ms. Kent:

- The mission is our warfighter. To equip them so that they can protect us, our country, our world, in the mission that we need for our safety.
- Funded the National Academies of Science to conduct a series of town halls that will be visiting our universities. The first town hall was on November 4th at the National Academy.
- Promoted the development of women in STEM and minorities with the National Academy of Science.
- Funded first center of excellence through a cooperative agreement at Spelman College.
- The other effort is our commitment to develop four other centers of excellence. Aligned with the National Defense Strategy which covers priorities such as:
 - Artificial intelligence, machine learning, directed energy, quantum science, autonomy, and cybersecurity.
 - The first center of excellence for autonomy is at North Carolina A&T State
 University, cybersecurity is at Norfolk State, and research data analytics is at
 Prairie View, and STEM scholars was established in 2017 at Hampton University.
- How we can increase the funding for not only targeted programs, but other outreach activities for HBCUs.

Panel 3: National Endowment for the Arts, Small Business Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs and National Endowment for the Humanities

Ms. Hudson:

- Fund, promote, and strengthen the creative capacity of our communities by providing all Americans with diverse opportunities for arts participation.
- We are laser focused on increasing the number of HBCUs applying for funding to the arts endowment and working to increase the success rate of funded HBCU applications.
- Our vision over time is that every HBCU successfully applies for funding opportunities and we want to help use federal funding to strengthen the creative capacity of HBCUs.
- We must establish and cultivate ongoing relationships with the HBCUs and HBCU partners, like the White House Initiative for HBCUs.
- When we have a staff anywhere near proximity of an HBCU, we have been working with the White House Initiative to setup one-on-one meetings.
- We have been able to meet with 28 HBCUs on their campuses to better understand the
 arts and culture needs and priorities and to talk about funding opportunities through the
 arts endowment.
- We have created our first ever compilation of arts and culture resources, faculty, classes, and programming offerings for every HBCU.
- Encourages applications from HBCUs, and we have put systems in place to measure agency investments over time in HBCUs.
- Grants management: contact our specialists working in a particular area so that they can hear what your idea is, give you one-on-one technical assistance about how to put that idea into and make the most compelling case within the application for the National Endowment for the Arts.
- Multi-prong 2020 strategy:
 - Build awareness of the National Endowment for the Arts.
 - Strengthen the grant writing capacity of HBCUs.
 - Create incentives for HBCU applications.
 - o Build a federal, state, local continuum for HBCUs.
 - Explore partnership with the National Governors Association to produce a publication on the economic impact on the state of arts and culture resources at HBCUs.
 - Cultivate relationships with organizations supporting HBCUs.
 - Track and report our progress.
 - o Help support a paid internship, multiple paid internship positions.
 - Research funding and partnership possibilities to create a paid HBCU fellow position within our office.

Mr. Gutierrez:

- We had very successful entrepreneurship summits with HBCUs, with close to 1100 students, faculty, and businesses that participated.
- Formalized 16 strategic alliance membership memorandums with HBCUs.
- How do we open more opportunities? Two things that I have done, I oversee women business centers, I have 111, I have an opportunity to open between 15 to 20 of them.
- Conducting roundtables at HBCUs and reaching out to the HBCUs in the states that we are looking at to encourage them, and I put it in a funding opportunity as well.

Dr. Bowman:

- We have the advantage in VA of having our law originally 75 years ago. We are celebrating our anniversary of education in the VA, that the law says we are to educate for VA and the nation. That gives us much leeway.
- Work primarily through what is called disbursement, which, the bottom-line of that is, that the HBCUs and minority-serving institutions must talk to their local VAs.
- We have approximately 50 health professional groups that are supported one way or another through our offices. GME, graduate medical education, residency education for doctors is the biggest and most expensive, and probably the part that our VAs is most reliant on.
- Serves a group that has more minorities than the average employer and we have been expanding tremendously into smaller rural areas.
- We have 20,000 health professional students from HBCUs or MSIs that obtain part or all their training in the VA annually.
- Geomapping: where do we have VAs and where are the minority-serving institutions, specifically for the 41 HBCU nursing schools that are within 100 miles of a VA.
- MISSION Act: provided one-year pilot funding for students at HBCU and Teague-Cranston Schools.

Ms. McAklem: It is really an honor to be here today and thank you for inviting us to participate. I am delighted to have the opportunity to represent my agency, the National Endowment of the Humanities.

- Mission: to serve and strengthen our nation by supporting high-quality programs in the humanities and making the humanities available to all Americans.
- How can we improve our outreach and what are ways of reaching potential applicants for our programs?
- Secondly, how can we help potential applicants write competitive applications for our programs and be successful in them?
 - o Participating in HBCU week
- We were able to make campus visits and give grant writing workshops at Bowie State.
 My colleague presented and at Fisk, Hampton, Xavier University of Louisiana in New Orleans, and Howard.
- Humanities Initiatives at HBCUs: supports curriculum development, professional development, of faculty, can bring in guest speakers, can work on bridge programs for high school seniors.
- Awards for faculty at HBCUs: opened specifically to HBCU faculty.
- New program at NEH that started in 2018, another topic that has come up is infrastructure and capacity building-- it is a federal matching program. It awards up to \$750,000 and for HBCUs, TCUs, HSIs, and two-year colleges.
- Encourage more applications from these institutions and HBCUs, and we do have an award we made to the HBCU library alliance for \$365,000 to support education and training in archives and libraries management.
- NEH and the National Trust will be contributing \$500,000 each to a program designed to build capacity and historic preservation and plans for preservation.

Council of Economic Policy Advisors Analysis of Executive Order 13779

Dr. Henry: Expressed gratitude for Executive Director Johnathan Holifield's leadership and "go team" mentality. Introduced Mr. Jackson Bailey, Lead Junior Economist.

- Research recent trends in higher education, and then how the administration views HBCUs as offering an educational, economic, and strategic advantage to the nation.
- Developing solid research this summer on calculating rates of return to the HBCU system and providing solid economic advice to POTUS about the initiative and the HBCU system.
- The Council of Economic Advisors is an agency within the Executive Office of the President with two purposes:
 - o Providing objective economic advice
 - o Based on analysis, provide direct recommendations to POTUS
- Delivering a fact-based objective analysis of the HBCU system with respect to rates of return, why it is doing so well, where challenges do exist, and how things can be improved.
- Wage patterns for African-American males who choose to go and get their degree, we see that the wage gap for those 25 to 34 year olds has narrowed from about 50 percent, about a 50 percent gap, to an advanced degree of about a 7 percent gap.
- Question: How is degree selection affecting outcomes?
 - African American male degree holders' return grows from 51 percent to 124 percent with that advanced degree.
 - o African American females, they earn 57 percent more than a comparable high school graduate, and an advanced degree, 109 percent.
 - The long-term path of rates of return approaches, if not exceeds, that of many non-HBCU institutions.
- One of the advantages is it opens education, and the benefits thereof, to a broader set of communities.
- [HBCUs] are providing education at a more cost-effective way.
- Another advantage is that the administration's opportunity zone initiative, coupled with this HBCU initiative, has significant potential benefit to affect positively, disaffected communities.
- This initiative, layered on top of the opportunity zone initiative, gives a great potential for long-term capital development, whether it is human or financial.
- Question: Why do we need to know what the rates of return to an HBCU education is?
 - o It justifies continued investment by the administration.

White House Initiative on HBCUs Brief

James Redstone:

- Through better partnerships with HBCUs, we will be able to increase economic mobility for HBCU students and increase economic opportunity for the HBCU community residents.
- There is always an opportunity for engagement and outreach, whether that takes the form of contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements, or whether it takes the form of engagement, technical assistance, and capacity building.

- Expressed the importance of the White House Initiative on HBCUs is that coordinating and outreach function within the federal government.
- How can federal agencies think through how their plans and how their engagement will contribute to these four key areas is essential to our process and to our plan.
 - 1. Education
 - 2. Infrastructure
 - Including: human capital, grant making, capacity to apply for grants and technical assistance
 - 3. Economic Development
 - 4. Academic Research
- How do we encourage better integration of HBCUs with our broader academic research enterprise, and how do we facilitate faculty development?

Sedika Franklin:

• HBCU Week is scheduled for the 20th through the 24th of September. Here in Washington, D.C., we will be right back at the Renaissance D.C. Downtown Hotel.

Group Discussion

Chairman Taylor:

- Report to the President
 - "What we may do is, I have staff, we'll take a first draft or something, get it out, reflecting it, send it around to everyone, if that's okay, Madam Federal Officer."

Ms. Franklin:

• "...the first report would be due May 2, 2020. The charter does not identify how you need to report, it just says that you need to report on the progress of your duties."

Chairman Taylor:

 Requested a motion to make the first draft of the Board's report. Dr. Hawkins moved for Chairman Taylor and staff to create a report draft for the Board's review. Mr. Grigsby seconded the motion. All were in favor.

Public Comment

- Written Comment from Lisa Jenkins,
 - In the construct of this tax credit, can the Board consider proposing that additional tax credits be granted to businesses that demonstrate that HBCUs are on their team?
 - o There are 42 of that first category [Federally Funded Research Development Center], 12 of the second one [University Affiliated Research Center], but none of them are being led by HBCUs. Has the Board considered changing this narrative?
 - O Has there been any discussion by the Executive Branch on the White House Initiatives of HBCUs sitting on the procurement review board to ensure competitive scientific proposals from NIH, NSF, DoD, DHS, et cetera, are equitable to avoid biases regarding HBCUs?

- o Has there been any consideration providing HBCUs with opportunity zone grants to provide technical assistance and training, for example, on prison reform?
- Len Williams,
 - o How does the Board use HBCUs as contracting vehicles?

Concluding Remarks

Dr. Martin: "I am particularly pleased with the framework, the economic analysis that's been done, the framework's been shaped, that begins to add very strategic structure for our committee to be able to do its work..."

Dr. Hawkins: "...as a Board, I hope that we continue to drill down on that to the framework and talking about doing statistical analysis so we can analyze the results?"

Mr. Grigsby: "How do we enhance the culture of data gathering, analytical assessment, and documentation within our community? If we do not develop a culture of data gathering, of analytical assessment of that data and documentation, then we'll continue to be pushed against headwinds."

Dr. Breaux: As we go forward, think of how we structure so we can address these critical issues. We continue to have conversation around opportunity zones and where to head to enact those relationships if we are not currently in an opportunity zone. We should be collecting the data and we should be pushing out our story with data. What I am asking for is, as we are transitioning and new opportunities are coming, I think the White House Initiative can be helpful with our HBCUs in saying there is a change to add credibility and clarification.

Dr. Rath: How do we match all the things that are possible with what each institution needs and find some way to make that happen faster?

Dr. Hunter: I was very impressed with the fact that [Evelyn Kent] was reaching out to the HBCUs and really making a big effort. If certain schools do not have a relationship with the governor, better start working on it because that is where it is.

Dr. Williams: I have a fundamental belief that real tangible actions must take place. How are we going to measure the actions beyond just this group? How do we consolidate those actions so that we know exactly what is taking place by what parts of this administration? How do we make sure that that right amount of pressure is being applied across the administration to get to the fundamental outcome that we are looking for?

Mr. Justice: "I have never seen federal agencies move to create opportunity so fast in my life." If you do not take advantage of it, it will disappear because somebody else will take those resources. How do we organize so we can take advantage of those opportunities?

Dr. Dawkins: "We hear all these opportunities, but we don't have enough results." To what extent are you really interested in implementing the Executive Order to make a difference on our

campuses? Suggested, "creating a directory online as well as a hardcopy directory of HBCU presidents and their contacts affiliated with different federal agencies."

Dr. Clark: "If it's not measured, it's not managed." We should also work on a continued developing of better connecting mechanisms such that we can move forward as a fact-based, data-driven, decision-making organization.

Dr. Ellis: I want to reiterate the comments made earlier about the leadership, the HTH leadership... also want to give a shout out to the F in the HTH, Ms. Franklin, so thank you for keeping us moving forward. How does this Board facilitate connectivity to all other HBCUs throughout the country that we are serving on behalf of? How do we take what we are doing here, link to those statewide HBCU advisory boards to have more of an impact in those states and regionally? How can we link the national representatives with some of those regional representatives to create regional workshops or regional opportunities to not only to have us participate, but have people within our organizations participate?

Executive Director Holifield: The initiative's primary role is pushing out and all what you saw today and have seen since we have been engaged with one another. Perhaps we can develop some consortia to bring together the same kind of ecosystem disciplines to connect to these opportunities.

Chairman Taylor: This White House Initiative, they have a responsibility. This Board has a separate responsibility. My job is to send this right up to the White House and the Secretary so that they understand, one, what the data really is, and my observation is, we've had a narrative about what HBCUs are, but the narrative without the data just doesn't move anyone. We must give the administration the data to make the case for why they should continue investing in us. I met with Secretary Scalia, the other day, and he said, 'your most compelling argument is that you're putting people to work.' There are people who, one, do not know what an HBCU is, and who do not care what an HBCU is. We got to make this relevant to the entire country, not to our small community.

Adjourn

Chairman Taylor requested a motion to adjourn at 2:26 p.m. Dr. Beaux moved to adjourn. Dr. Clark seconded. All were in favor.

I certify the accuracy of these minutes.	
Johnny C. Taylor Jr	Data
Johnny C. Taylor, Jr. Chairman	Date

WHITE HOUSE INITIATIVE ON HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

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PRESIDENT'S BOARD OF ADVISORS

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MEETING

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FRIDAY FEBRUARY 14, 2020

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The President's Board of Advisors met in the Barnard Auditorium, U.S. Department of Education, Lyndon B. Johnson Building, 400 Maryland Avenue SW, Washington, DC, at 10:00 a.m., Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman, presiding.

PRESENT

JOHNNY C. TAYLOR, JR, Chairman AMINTA BREAUX JAMES E. CLARK PHYLLIS DAWKINS RODNEY A. ELLIS MARSHALL GRIGSBY BILLY HAWKINS

JERRY M. HUNTER

NICKOLAS JUSTICE

HAROLD L. MARTIN, SR.

CONNIE RATH

KEVIN WILSON WILLIAMS

ALSO PRESENT

SEDIKA FRANKLIN, Designated Federal Officer JOHNATHAN HOLIFIELD, Executive Director, White House Initiative on HBCUs

DIANE AUER JONES, Principal Deputy Under Secretary delegated the duties of Under Secretary and Assistant Secretary for Postsecondary Education

DONNA RAGUCCI, Department of The Treasury
CALVIN MITCHELL, General Services Administration
DIANE FRASIER, National Institutes of Health
CHRISTINE RAMEY, Health Resources and Services
Administration

CHRISTOPHER BOURNE, Department of Housing and Urban Development

TRINA BILAL, Department of Energy

DEVON WESTHILL, Department of Labor

EVELYN KENT, Department of Defense

AYANNA HUDSON, National Endowment for the Arts

ALLEN GUTIERREZ, Small Business Administration

MARJORIE A. BOWMAN, MD, Department of Veterans

MARY MACKLEM, National Endowment for the

Humanities

Affairs

LaVAUGHN M. HENRY, Council of Economic Advisers

JACKSON BAILEY, Council of Economic Advisers

JAMES REDSTONE, Domestic Policy Council

C-O-N-T-E-N-T-S

Call to Order
Roll Call
Welcoming Remarks
Legislative Updates
Department of Education Brief
Federal Presentations Panel 1: Department of the Treasury, General Services Administration, Department of Health and Human Services' National Institutes of Health & Health Resources and Services Administration
Panel 2: Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of Commerce's Minority Broadband Initiative, Department of Energy, Department of Defense and Department of Labor
Panel 3: National Endowment for the Arts, Small Business Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs and National Endowment for the Humanities
Council of Economic Policy Advisors Analysis of Executive Order 13779
White House Initiative on HBCUs Brief 215
Group Discussion
Public Comment
Concluding Remarks
Adjourn

P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S

10:06 a.m.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'd like to call the meeting to order. I'd like to thank everyone for coming this morning, our guests, as well as the Members. Thank you. In order, we will start with the Pledge of Allegiance, if you don't mind standing. And the flag's in the back of the room.

(Pledge of Allegiance)

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Ms. Franklin, would you please call to order --

MS. FRANKLIN: Sure.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: -- roll call.

MS. FRANKLIN: Welcome everybody.

Again, my name is Sedika Franklin. I am

Associate Director with the White House

Initiative on HBCUs, and the designated federal

official for this Advisory Board on Historically

Black Colleges and Universities.

Before we begin please note that this meeting is being recorded and livestreamed.

Members and presenters, please use your

microphones to ensure your comments are added to 1 2 the official record. 3 For all those in attendance, please mute your cell phones, and all other mobile 4 devices now. Later on, for the gallery, there 5 6 will be public comments. 7 If you wish to provide a public comment, based on the agenda for the day, you 8 9 must register at the registration desk. 10 comments are limited to three minutes. And now I will call the roll. 11 For 12 Members, when you hear your name please either 13 say here or present. And we'll start with 14 Chairman Johnny C. Taylor, Jr. 15 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Present. MS. FRANKLIN: Aminta Breaux. 16 17 MEMBER BREAUX: Present. 18 MS. FRANKLIN: James Clark. 19 MEMBER CLARK: Present. 20 MS. FRANKLIN: Phyllis Dawkins. 21 MEMBER DAWKINS: Present. 22 MS. FRANKLIN: I'm going to pause here

1	and ask that we have everyone on the line muted.
2	Thank you. Phyllis Dawkins.
3	MEMBER DAWKINS: Present.
4	MS. FRANKLIN: Rodney Ellis.
5	MEMBER ELLIS: Present.
6	MS. FRANKLIN: Marshall Grigsby.
7	MEMBER GRIGSBY: Present.
8	MS. FRANKLIN: Billy Hawkins.
9	MEMBER HAWKINS: Present.
10	MS. FRANKLIN: Jerry Hunter.
11	MEMBER HUNTER: Present.
12	MS. FRANKLIN: Ronald Johnson. Ronald
13	Johnson.
14	(No response)
15	MS. FRANKLIN: Nickolas Justice.
16	MEMBER JUSTICE: Present.
17	MS. FRANKLIN: Harold L. Martin, Sr.
18	Harold L. Martin, Sr. Let the record reflect
19	that Dr. Martin is on his way. His flight was
20	delayed. Bernard Milano. Bernard Milano.
21	(No response)
22	MS. FRANKLIN: Connie Rath.

1 MEMBER RATH: Present. 2 MS. FRANKLIN: Kevin Williams. 3 MEMBER WILLIAMS: Present. 4 MS. FRANKLIN: Mr. Chair, we have a 5 quorum, and we may proceed with the rest of the 6 agenda. 7 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All right. Being, 8 as you all know, our commitment is to get us in 9 and out of here on time. So, we're going to 10 quickly get in with some opening remarks. 11 At the end of the day I think we all, 12 when we reflect on the 2019, the HBCU story has 13 been a positive one. This, we've had some 14 significant support. 15 We'll talk about the FUTURE Act and 16 other legislative goals and accomplishments, 17 budgetary successes. So, we're actually quite 18 optimistic going into this meeting. 19 And let me be clear, this didn't just 20 It was because of all of the work that happen. 21 many of you did around the table, belonging to

this Board, being Members of this Board I should

say. And specifically, ensuring that the community spoke up when we needed to be heard.

And we're very intentional about the way that we approached supporting HBCUs. I can remember so vividly Dr. Dawkins speaking up about the need for us to focus on Title III, and not wait until next year. And so, amazing that we're in such a good spot now.

So, I hope all of you are as pleased as I am with the progress that we're making.

Perfect? No. Are we where we want to be yet?

No. But we surely, I think collectively would acknowledge that this is, 2019 was a good year.

And 2020 is quite, there's some real positive momentum, if you will, with respect to the HBCU community. Mr. Holifield.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes. Again, welcome.

Thank you very much for your continued support,

interest in this most important topic to our

nation, and obviously to our schools, students,

and communities.

We have a jam packed agenda. It will

be an honor to feature our agency partners who are here today. And you'll be able to dialogue directly with the sources of innovation who are working diligently to improve the conditions under which our institutions compete for opportunities.

You will also hear from the

President's Council of Economic Advisers, who are

undertaking a project to take a fresh look,

purely from an economic analysis, not economic

development, per se, the things that I primarily

do, but an economic analysis of the impact, the

education, economic, and strategic value of these

institutions.

Also, you'll have a chance to hear from my colleague from the Domestic Policy
Council, who will be sharing some groundbreaking news from the administration, the President, and the White House, around how we're approaching these very questions as well.

And we'll have an opportunity to hear from my colleagues with the White House

1 Initiative on HBCUs, the day to day drivers, as 2 Johnny, Chairman Taylor talked about, the day to 3 day drivers who have had their shoulders to the wheel to create better conditions for our 4 5 institutions, students, and communities they 6 serve. 7 So, welcome. And without further ado, 8 Chairman Taylor. 9 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All righty. Thank 10 So, a couple of things. Please speak into you. 11 your mic, and introduce yourselves. 12 there are some people who will visually see you, 13 but others --14 So, streaming we'll know who said it, 15 but if not we won't. So, the record would need 16 you to, sadly, introduce yourself each time you 17 speak. 18 Secondly, a couple of housekeeping --19 By the way, I really apologize that we don't have 20 breakfast here for you. I actually offered. 21 There's all these rules.

Because SHRM was just going to buy

1	breakfast and put it in the room. And they said
2	we weren't allowed to do that. So thus, my
3	coffee. I had to go across the street myself,
4	and pick up a cup of coffee. We apologize for
5	that. They're doing some work on the building.
6	And therefore, it's not available.
7	We need to quickly get someone, we've
8	distributed the minutes from our last meeting.
9	And we'd like, I'd like someone, one of the
10	Members to move to accept these.
11	MEMBER BREAUX: I'll move to have the
12	minutes accepted.
	MEMBER CLARK: Second.
13	MEMBER CLARK: Second.
13 14	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr.
14	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr.
14 15	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr. Breaux.
14 15 16	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr. Breaux. MEMBER BREAUX: Aminta Breaux.
14 15 16 17	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr. Breaux. MEMBER BREAUX: Aminta Breaux. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm going to, we'll
14 15 16 17 18	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr. Breaux. MEMBER BREAUX: Aminta Breaux. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm going to, we'll get into it in about an hour, right. And a
14 15 16 17 18 19	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. That was Dr. Breaux. MEMBER BREAUX: Aminta Breaux. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm going to, we'll get into it in about an hour, right. And a second by whom?

1 (Chorus of aye) 2 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Any against? 3 (No response) CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Abstentions? 4 5 (No response) 6 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you. 7 let's get to the business. I'm going to actually 8 switch the order a little bit. The Secretary, 9 obviously is, was not, not so obviously. But she 10 called and said had plans to come. Could not make 11 it. 12 But we do have a representative here. 13 We'll soon hear from Diane Jones. And we met 14 her, and were introduced to her more formally in 15 our last meeting. But she will come back. 16 As we all know, we had some good 17 discussion with her. So, this is a good 18 opportunity for us to continue that dialogue, and 19 focus on 2020 and beyond. 20 FUTURE Act perspectives. Executive Director Holifield, I'd like you to start off 21

with your thoughts about it. Because again,

those are one of those things that didn't magically happen.

It was a ton of work happening between all, the legislative branch, the executive branch. Everyone was working together to make this happen. So, if you could do that?

And then I'd like to open the floor to the Board Members to give your perspective on it for the record.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Johnathan Holifield.

The FUTURE Act was a collaborative and involved process, as you all know. Many of the advocacy organizations, NAFEO, UNCF, Thurgood Marshall College Fund, really drew national attention to this issue.

But also, the President and the Administration created conditions within the Administration, and made clear their interest in supporting our institutions.

We ended up in a place that was far better than when we started. No longer two year or one year annual requests, but permanent

funding.

I'm not a history major. But I'll venture a guess this might be, certainly among the largest sustained, bankable federal investments that we've had.

So, we are pleased, and thank all of you, Members of the President's Board of Advisors, our friends within the Administration, our friends within the House and the Senate who all wanted to get to the right place.

Sometimes the sausage making is not for public consumption, if you will, and can be interesting. But we all had a similar goal in mind.

So, to our friends in the advocacy community, Thurgood Marshall, UNCF, NAFEO, to our friends on the PBA, and especially to our Chairman Taylor, who really behind the scenes really was a conduit for connectivity around this issue, and made an invaluable contribution to where we finally ended up.

So, that's just a bit of perspective

that I wanted to make sure that we were able to share in the public domain.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Well, thank you.

And so, as we'll go around the room for some

minutes. I'll start here, since I have the mic.

This is Johnny Taylor.

We may be exchanging compliments all day, which is a positive thing, as opposed to fighting with each other. But I will say, it was an amazing thing to hear each of you in your own way impacting the narrative here.

And we, some of us were playing devil's advocate, some of us were meeting with people that others didn't want to meet with. I mean, you all had to do this. And I will give, we don't get to do this enough.

But Director Holifield, you know, trying to work this through the Administration in an environment where we're all trying to be more fiscally prudent, is not easy, you know.

It sounds, headline we want to give more to HBCUs. But you don't have a unlimited

budget. There's supposed to be some fiscal commitment. So, you take from here to put over here. That's just the way this works.

I can tell you, quiet as this was kept, I was doing my part on the legislative side. So, I went over to Congress, and walked halls. And my colleague who's not here, Emily, a graduate of North Carolina Central, undergrad and law school, we were meeting face to face with Members of the House and the Senate to get this thing done.

Johnathan Holifield was working throughout the Administration, Domestic Policy Council, meeting with people, trying to get this up.

In fact, the very day that we, he called me and he said, we need Ivanka, for example, to get behind this. So, I was in Indiana at a women's prison with Ivanka, and said, listen, I need you to get behind this.

And she said, Jonathan Holifield has told me 100 times that you want me to get behind

So, that kind of work, that's the way it's 1 2 happening on multiple fronts. 3 I really was shocked. Here we are with Governor Holcomb of Indiana, walking into a 4 5 women's prison, and Ivanka says, yes, Holifield 6 told me he needs me to get this done. 7 So, that's the kind of work where all 8 of the various inputs that were going on to achieve what all of us have to admit is amazing. 9 10 It's, I mean, we all had, I'm an optimist by 11 nature. 12 And I think we all thought this was 13 going to work out. But I don't think any of us 14 thought it would work out as nicely as it did, 15 bipartisan support. 16 So, again, thank you, Director 17 Holifield, and NAFEO. I could go around the 18 room, because the presidents and other advocates, 19 Members of the Board of Advisors, I know how 20 important this was to you. 21 MEMBER ELLIS: Yes. This is Dr. 22 Rodney Ellis from Southern University of

1 Shreveport. Again, I think from my perspective, 2 what I really saw was the education at the local 3 level, and all of the emails that were sent out. 4 That really helped me educate my 5 And in turn, I saw a groundswell of campus. 6 support from the campus level that came to me and 7 said, Dr. Ellis, what can we do? 8 And so, we really, at a local level 9 targeted our legislators and their 10 representatives in the Louisiana area to really 11 let them know how important this was for us. 12 Because they saw the potential impact 13 on our campus if this funding was not available 14 in this coming October. So, I think that was the 15 impact for us. 16 James Clark, SC State. MEMBER CLARK: 17 We are fortunate to have fairly strong 18 legislative support for a lot of initiatives 19 associated with HBCUs. 20 And so, what I'd like to say is I 21 think we, this progress that is being made can be 22 leveraged up, and with something very, very

1 simple. You know, sometimes the act of going 2 back and thanking people for what has occurred. 3 Well, I think we need a very short and 4 crisp way where the quantified statement, a 5 quantization of what each of these initiatives 6 are. Because, and I got that question, for 7 8 example, from someone that says, okay, there's 9 progress being made. But exactly what does that 10 mean? 11 So, if we could have a consistent, 12 crisp, you know, whether it was the improvements 13 in Pell Grants, or whether the improvement in the 14 FUTURE Act, whether it was a farm bill. 15 things have very specific and quantifiable 16 numbers associated with them. 17 And then also on a relative 18 perspective. And I think that engenders a 19 greater support for the subsequent things that we 20 are going to be cueing up. 21 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And this is Johnny 22 Taylor, before we get to Dr. Dawkins.

really important point. We're going to discuss that later on in the discussion section.

There's an obligation that this Board produce a report to the President. So, I literally have to go back to the President and say, a year in this is what we've accomplished, what we didn't accomplish, what we're looking forward to, et cetera.

Tough work, tough -- Hello? Okay.

Tough work in an election year. Can you hear me?

Sounds like went dead.

In any event, that's the work that we're going to have to do. So, later on, at the end of the agenda we're going to discuss how we as a Board want to put this report together.

And to your point, President Clark, it's exactly that report that I think becomes the narrative, and our way to say thank you, and look at the other opportunities.

MEMBER DAWKINS: Yes. I would just echo what my previous colleagues have spoken about. But I would also like to acknowledge the

support from, and the thrust from UNCF, Thurgood Marshall, the alums on our campuses, and Title III directors that play major roles in pushing this piece of legislation forward to get permanent Title III funding.

MEMBER JUSTICE: Nick Justice. And I would tell you that the legislative initiative is almost a social contract for us. And I would say that one of the things is, now we have to up the game. And we've got to perform. And we've got to do that in a world class forum.

And I would say, some of the other legislative initiatives that we see is, other things going on are not ongoing. I think we need to start helping figure out how to team.

Some of us in here have actually partnered together in some proposals with the Federal Government where we have very unusual teaming partnerships. And they have just caught fire, and caught people's attention.

Win? Lose? The team that we put together won, just getting to know each other and

work together. Because we're going to do this again.

And I think what we've got to do is, we've got to help the Federal Government develop cross departmental teams that can focus and complement each other in ways.

I was thinking about the recent initiative for STEM for Veterans. Are not all of our schools able to deliver that help to the Veterans Affairs, and the veterans of our country?

I was thinking about the prison initiative that's going on. Here again, a incredible human education change program that we could implement, we could be a major player for them.

It's just incredible. So, we need to step forward with courage, and take that trust and confidence our federal government has given all of us.

And even for our non-public schools, our private schools have been given a charter to

move forward, and contribute to that federal mission. And we can lead that. And I think that's what goes in that report as, this is what we're going to do next year.

MEMBER WILLIAMS: So, this is Kevin Williams. And, you know, I've taken an outside in view, in terms of thinking through how do we get acknowledgment and understanding from the ground perspective backwards?

So, the work that we've been working on is really driving down to the, what I call the customer's view, and getting down to the ground level in the customer's view.

Over the course of, since our last meeting, having an opportunity to visit Tennessee State University, the Nashville Three, Fisk, and Meharry, from the Board position that I had as strategy officer for UNCF, making sure that alignment comes together with what we're doing here, which makes sense.

But not just the alignment. So often the narrative isn't aligned. And if the

narrative isn't aligned we don't make success.

Because we branch off into different entities.

And so, from my role as Vice Chair of UNCF, and the head of strategy for UNCF, as well as the head of strategy at Tennessee State University, we've been able to get alignment around what needs to be done.

And as we develop the initiatives that have been taking place, we've been able to tap down the noise in the process. That is so helpful for our ability to continue the mandate. So, I think that's the work that we got to continue to do as well, from the ground level.

MEMBER HAWKINS: Billy Hawkins,

Talladega College. I think I'm going to approach
this a little different, Mr. Chairman. Certainly
we thank you for your leadership, and getting
this FUTURE Act through.

But I think we would be remiss if we don't take a look at the history, a little bit of history. Because now, in my 19th year as a HBCU president, and a president that had come to

Washington year, after year, after year.

And the President, I was in Charlotte this last week when the President in his speech talked about year after year HBCUs coming to Washington to lobby for this funding.

And I can remember back in 2008 it was a struggle to get it signed. And you all know what I'm talking about, Dr. Haynes. And so there's some deep history behind.

And so, when the President signed the FUTURE Act, I mean, it was, I teared up, to be honest with you. Because of the labor that has gone in year after year to get this funding, funded for the next year.

And so, it's very, it's historic. And you're right, you know, Dr. Holifield, in terms of one of the most impactful pieces of legislation in my life as an HBCU president that was signed with this permanent funding.

But also, I believe that we've got to do some educating. Because still the public does not clearly understand what was signed, and the

impact of it.

You know, I had convocation on Wednesday. And I talked about it to my entire student body. And kind of walked them through it.

And I've done it on a number of times, of trying to get individuals to understand this major, the major impact, and the passing of this major legislation. So, I think we've got to do some work there.

And then, you know, the victory is wonderful. And we're enjoying it. It was major. But let us not forget that there's still much work to be done on Historically Black Colleges and Universities.

One I can think of is infrastructure.

And in a historic preservation piece, we really need the Board to take a serious look at that.

Because we probably have some 150 plus buildings on our campuses that needs attention through the historic preservation.

And so, as we move forward victory is

great, but let us not forget we still have much work to be done. Thank you.

MEMBER GRIGSBY: Marshall Grigsby. I too want to echo my congratulations to all of the parties that really did a yeoman's job in helping to make this possible.

I agree fully with Dr. Hawkins in the fact that this was one hurdle that we've gotten over. There are many other hurdles that are in front of us, that we need to keep in focus.

I'd also like to, as someone who's served not only as a HBCU President, but also who served for many years on Capitol Hill, the importance both of thanking people, but also, we need to make sure and encourage the recipients of the funding, that they maintain accurate data about the accomplishments that have been made possible as a result.

Advocacy organizations can do some of that. But it really is the responsibility of individual institutions to be able to demonstrate what this has done.

Because there will come a day when someone will emerge and say, we have committed X billions of dollars to this enterprise. What did we get for the dollar?

And unfortunately we don't have the kind of database that can easily demonstrate that. We've got a lot of anecdotal information. But we have very little hard analytical data that can show that. And with that kind of foundation those hurdles in front of us become smaller and smaller.

MEMBER BREAUX: This is Aminta Breaux from Bowie State University. And I'd like to add my appreciation to all of those involved with this achievement.

This is quite remarkable, beginning with the Administration, and so many legislators, and individuals, and organizations behind the scenes that worked to bring us to this part, this point, including our own senators in the State of Maryland, Senator Chris Van Hollen, Senator Ben Cardin, and in Alabama

I had the privilege of being on Capitol Hill, and in D.C. telling the story about the importance and the impact that Title III has for our Historically Black Colleges and Universities.

And Doug, Senator Doug Jones has helped to lead the way. So, there's so many.

And I thank you, Chairman, and also Mr.

Holifield, for all of your efforts.

But the work isn't done. We have to continue on. And what I think this showed is that we do need to tell our story more. We need to get out there. We need to have the data.

Because there is a huge impact that these funds are making on each and every one of our campuses, to the lives of the students who are achieving, or striving to achieve higher education, and to their families.

And I know later today we're going to be talking about economics. That's where we need to tell the story about the economic value our HBCUs have for the people we hire, but also for

those we graduate, who then in turn give back to their communities, and lift up their communities.

So, let's, I would very much like for

us to really hit home on that. I'm very pleased to see that presentation coming about today.

Because I don't think it's a story that's well known.

That, since our foundings, Bowie State University, since 1865 we have been a part of the economic engines in our communities. So, thank you for all that you've done.

And I'd like to underscore the name of the FUTURE Act. Because it gets lost. And, you know, it's fostering undergraduate talent by unlocking resources.

We have talented, talented students on our campus. We need to lift them up, and make sure that they are able to contribute back. And that's really where need to focus, for the economic viability of the country. Thank you.

MEMBER RATH: Connie Rath. I want to know more about how the money comes alive. And I

really agree about the urgency to show those kind
of results, so that the momentum can continue.

MEMBER HUNTER: Jerry Hunter from St.

Louis, Missouri. And I apologize. I missed the
meeting last fall. But I was in the hospital

actually for having surgery.

But I want to congratulate the Chairman Taylor, and the staff, and the Members for the excellent effort that was put forth on getting this legislation passed.

I would like to make a couple of points. And since this is a legislative update, actually I have spent my, most of my legal career in St. Louis, other than four years here in Washington, DC.

But I'm originally from Arkansas. So, I sort of feel the need to try to take care of Missouri and Arkansas, since there's no Arkansas representative here.

And I, by the way, I stay on, Mr.

Chairman, and John, and I stay on the people down
there at UAPB. Because I will say this, and it

needs to be said. And I think some other people have alluded to it.

The students need to understand what is going on, and where the funding is coming from. And I get so frustrated. I remember back in 2015 Governor Hutchinson in Arkansas was, spring of 2015 Governor Hutchinson, who had been elected Governor in Arkansas, Asa Hutchinson, and former Congressman, was —

I was talking to the head, Vice

Chancellor for Student Government Affairs, who

went to high school and college with me. And his

assistant said, the Governor's going to be the

commencement speaker. And I don't know why they

invited him to be the commencement speaker.

I said, he, I said, this is his first year in office. I said, I'm sure he got invitations from every university in the State of Arkansas. And he picked UAPB. You should be proud.

But we need to do more to educate our students. And I'll just say this, Mr. Chairman,

and then I'll shut up. Senator Roy Blunt from Missouri is on Senate Appropriation. And is in leadership in the U.S. Senate.

He has been very supportive of funding for Howard University, and for other Historically Black Colleges and Universities. And I think we need to reach out more to Senator Blunt. He's very cooperative.

He has, he visited Harris-Stowe State University in St. Louis several times a year. We were there last month for the Dr. Martin Luther King program. He speaks every year at that program. And he's been very supportive.

Congressman French Hill out of Little Rock had an event last fall with four HBCUs. And Congressman French Hill, I know him well. He would be very supportive. He had an event just for HBCUs.

So, I think there is some other folks we need to reach out more to in the Congress.

But I think they would be very supportive of our HBCUs.

1 And, Mr. Chairman, thank you for all 2 the excellent work in the effort. And Johnathan, 3 thank you. And look forward to putting forth a 4 lot of work this year. Thank you. 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. We're going 6 to thank you all for your comments. And I think, 7 you know, frankly, I get kind of, I look back on when many of us knew, we took this appointment. 8 And some of us took some hits 9 10 publicly. And said, this is, nothing's going to 11

come of this. And you all are just being used for photo ops. You all know. You've heard it all.

And it's really nice to look back a year later and say, how you like it now? Right? The results did come through. It is something that we should be proud of.

And that's not a political position. That is, the reality is, if you care about our communities, if you care about our HBCUs, then that's what it is.

So, I do want to say this. And we're

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going to again spend a lot of time. Dr. Breaux and Mr. Grigsby's comments about the need for us to figure out how we capture this information.

And I said this the last time we were sitting in this meeting. There are people who are -- You know, permanent doesn't mean permanent. All of us know permanent means ten years, right. Let's be clear.

But a lot of people outside of this room don't know that. So, when they hear permanent they think, that's it. So, they don't think, to your point, President, that they have to work any harder. Because they think it's now a given. And how, you, you won't take it back.

So, we have to collect right now, as opposed to finding ourselves six, seven, eight years from now saying, let's try to remember what happened, when some of us may be around the table, some of us won't. We should be capturing absolutely.

So, one of the things I'm going to work with the White House Initiative to do is ask

them to reach out to the schools, to your colleagues. And I need you to help them. We need to send that information in.

At a minimum we should try to be a central repository for all of our successes. And success doesn't mean it necessarily won. It could, I mean, that it was a positive outcome. It could be that we learned from it. So, we tried something with these dollars, and it didn't work. But there's a learning in even that.

But we've got to capture this data for no matter who is sitting around this table seven, eight years from now. Because I promise you, the day is going to come when people are going to question the return on this investment.

And if we can't tell the story, then that's our problem. It's literally our problem. If you care about the kids and the communities, then we should do something about it.

So, I'm going to ask that we figure out how to do that. So that no matter who's sitting here you're not going back and rewriting

history ten years later. We have captured it in time, contemporaneous notes about what the successes were.

To get back on schedule, we have visiting us, coming to present to us, Diane Jones, who is the Principal Deputy Undersecretary of the Department of Education. She's been delegated the duties of Undersecretary. And looking forward to hearing from Diane Jones.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Thank you so much. There's a nasty virus that's been going through this building. So, wash your hands frequently while you're here today.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And fist bump.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: And fist bump.

Yes. Happy Valentine's day to everybody. I'm

glad one person remembered, and wore red. I did

not remember. Oh, and two. I'm sorry, who else

is red?

So yes, congratulations to all of you on the FUTURE Act. Obviously the Secretary of Education was personally and deeply involved in

moving forward with the FUTURE Act. Obviously the funding is one of the major successes that was part of the FUTURE Act.

But I want to talk about a couple of other things that were in the FUTURE Act, one of which that was driven primarily by the Secretary, and others, where she was one of a group of champions pushing it forward.

Before I go there I think I want to take a step back. I met with all of you a few months ago, and talked about how much of what we do here at the Department, it's not sexy. It doesn't have slogans. It's not headline driving.

But I want you to know that we are committed here to doing the ground work to facilitating opportunities. And I made some promises to you last time. And I want to talk to you about how we're delivering on those, and the accomplishments that we've had, and the work that we'll continue to do.

So, the FUTURE Act included one provision that is fairly wonky. We referred to

it as 6103. But 6103 is a part of the tax code that was making it impossible, essentially, for us to capture IRS data that could be used to A, simplify the FAFSA, so that students could get more data in real time. So that they didn't have to go back and pull tax returns.

But also, so that we, we've heard what you said about verification. And when 6103 was passed we now have the opportunity to build connections to the IRS data system.

And all that income verification that you all had to do, especially for non-filers, we can do it now. I mean, not today. We're working on implementing the systems.

But, so 6103 does a lot of things for us. One, it allows for simplification of the FAFSA. And I think anybody who knows, Senator Alexander knows that he was not leaving Capitol Hill until he got that done. So, congratulations to him.

It will simplify FAFSA. It will reduce the burden on all of you for verification.

It also helps our borrowers who are in student loan repayment.

You know, right now we have borrowers who are in an income driven repayment plan. And they get kicked out of it, because they forget to provide their income verification information.

That can be automated.

Now, there will be people whose tax situation changes, right. Their IRS data might say they had a job, and maybe they're now unemployed. So, they'll have to call the Department and make adjustments. There's always going to be, you know, individuals who need to make adjustments.

But for the most part people will be able to continue in IDR, because we'll have access to income data. That is going to make life easier for borrowers.

But frankly, it's important to our fiscal responsibility. Because the GAO did a recent study, and found that there are a significant number of borrowers who are

reporting, you know, large family sizes, or income lower than is maybe accurate, so that they can get into a zero dollar payment status.

And that ultimately isn't great for them. Because interest continues to accrue. And it's not good for the borrowers in the future who need to have access to that money. I mean, in some sense it is a revolving fund. Because we don't have endless resources.

And for those who qualify for total and permanent disability, if you are a non veteran who qualifies for total and permanent disability, we have to verify your income for three years.

And so, we have not been able to automatically provide loan forgiveness to totally and permanently disabled borrowers, because they need to know to provide us income data for three years. And if they don't, their loan gets reinstated.

Once we're able to do the income verification automatically then we would need a

regulatory change. But we can start talking about a regulatory change to move to automatic forgiveness, because we'll be able to do the income verification.

So, 6103, again, you know, what does that mean? Well, it's a section of the -- I didn't know what it meant either two years ago.

But now I do. And we think that this is really going to make, you know, on the ground, pragmatic differences in people's lives.

I want to give you an update on our work in accreditation. I think when I stood before you we had either just started to negotiate a rulemaking, or we were thinking about it. I can't remember exactly.

But we've completed that process. We did actually a fairly significant negotiated rulemaking session that will result in three different sizable regs. And we were able to achieve consensus on all three.

And nobody thought that could happen.

And I did. I think I might have been the only

person in this building. And I knew it could happen, because although everybody comes to the table with their own goals and, you know, their own things that they have to deliver to their constituency.

And we had some heated moments. When we were able to step back and say, okay, but what's right for students? We were able to find compromise.

Now, is it a perfect reg? We think it is. But it's probably not. There is no perfect, right. We will find that there are things that need to be tweaked. We will find that there are unintended consequences nobody thought of.

But the fact that everybody came together and that it yielded a consensus vote means that we have a better shot than we've ever had before at getting it right.

So, let me tell you some of the things that are in that regulation. And many of the things in that regulation came to us and were put on the table because of conversations we've had

with you and others who shared with us their concerns about an accreditation system that was really built for and around the comprehensive research institution and that had created a number of expectations that didn't necessarily apply to small liberal arts colleges, to HBCUs, to community colleges.

And so, we're trying to, you know, change the way we think about accreditation.

That does not mean we're lowering standards. In fact, I would argue we're raising standards.

Because when you have mission driven standards, and when you have standards connected to what the institution is doing, you can actually hold a school accountable.

But when you have standards that have nothing to do with the students an institution serves, or the mission that it, you know, it strives to achieve, you know, accountability becomes this thing we talk about.

But if it's not the right standards, and they don't really fit with the mission, you

can't really use accountability standards. So, we're raising accountability, but in an appropriate way.

So, what are the things that are in that reg? Well, we've ended the myth that there's a difference between regional and national accreditors. There is no difference.

We hold them to the same standards.

We expect the same things out of them. Now, it
may be true that regional accreditors all could
point to an elite highly selective institution
and say, we accredit them. Absolutely. And most
national accreditors don't have an elite Ivy
League institution that they can point to.

But when you peel back the layers, and you look at institutions that are open enrollment or less selective, what you find is it doesn't matter whether they're regionally or nationally accredited. They're dealing with the same challenges. And they have the same opportunities.

And so this idea that there was some

difference between regional and national accreditors really caused problems for students. Because schools would say, oh, we can't accept the transfer credit.

Well, that's never been true. But I think, you know, my faculty are smarter than yours kinds of ideas sort of generated this misconception.

The other thing that this rule does is, it confirms, or reaffirms, or makes sure people understand that no accreditor owns a state. No accreditor owns a region.

Once upon a time it made a lot of sense to have accreditors that were based in regions. Because students didn't travel very far to go to college. And if they were going to go from one school to the next it was probably going to be the one down the street.

But we don't live that way anymore.

And when we got to the rulemaking table, you know, one of the regional, which soon we have to call the accreditors formerly known as regionals

-- thank you, Prince, for that -- we now know how to address the accreditors formerly known as regional. They are known as regional until June -- July. I'm sorry, July 1. July 1, 2020.

We have said to accreditors -- so, we had an accreditor that came to the table and showed us a map of where her agency had activity.

And it was probably all but three states.

And so, what -- the reality is that the so called regional accreditors, they already operate in every state, and in many foreign countries.

And so we would have students calling us saying, well, wait a minute. I'm attending a school in, whatever, New Jersey. But it says it's accredited by a California accreditor.

Could that be true? And then try to explain to a student what an additional location or a branch campus is, right.

So, we already have accreditor activity. We already have two schools down the street accredited by different accreditors. And

they have figured out how to work together. So, we have eliminated that artificial barrier that really made it difficult for students, and more costly for students. So, no longer.

And we've already seen two branches of the military have changed their regulations about the use of educational funds. They have removed the distinction between regional and national accreditors.

We have letters going out to the states. There are some states that limit licensure opportunities to people who graduated from a regionally accredited school.

Our position is, if the person can pass the test and demonstrate the competency, that means they went to a school that taught them how to do the job. Why do we care who their accreditor is, as long as it's a legitimate accreditor?

So, we have letters going out to the states, because we know some states are going to have to make changes, based on our changes in

regs.

We have made clear to accreditors -so, let me go back to the issue of nobody owns a
state. You know, there will be behaviors, right.
There will be behaviors where accreditors will
gravitate to the regions where they already have
activity.

It will be up to the members of accreditors, or it will be up to institutions to go to new accreditors and say, you know what, your mission as an accreditor really more closely aligns with what we do. Would you consider accrediting us, our main campus, even though we're not in your historic region?

And there will be some agencies that will probably say no. And there will be many agencies that will say yes. And so, it's going to really take effort by the community. We've created the opportunity. But the community is going to have to push it forward.

We've clarified in our regs that accreditors can have alternative standards. It

is reasonable to think that the standards that you use to hold a research university accountable might be very different than the standards you use to hold a Tribal college accountable, or an HBCU, or a community college. Because the mission is different.

I spent ten years at a community, teaching at a community college. One small part of the mission was getting people to degree completion.

There were all kinds of other things that were part of the mission of the community college, and it is time that they get credit for all those other things in their mission. Because those things mean a lot to their communities.

So, it may be that we need different standards to hold different institutions accountable, based on their size, based on their student body, based on their mission, based on their geography.

And so, it is fine. But again, the community is going to have to push accreditors to

say, when you do your review of standards we might need more than one standard for how we look at financial responsibility.

We have clarified that the traditional faculty governance model is a governance model, but not the governance model. I hear from presidents over and over that they want to have workforce programs. They want to be able to quickly adapt to workforce needs.

But, you know, if they got to go through the faculty senate, blah, blah, blah. You well know how this goes.

We think that when you have an occupationally focused program it is quite reasonable to have a different governance model that relies on advisory boards from the occupation, from the profession, that look at licensing exams.

Obviously, the appropriate faculty have to be involved. But there may be a different way that you make decisions about curricular changes in a program that's focused on

a vocation, that has a licensure exam where you have a way to assess competencies.

We have reduced the number of activities that require a substantive change with your accreditor. And we have given more permission to the staff of accreditors to make those decisions.

If a staff thinks it's a high risk decision they can always bump it up to the decision making body. We need the accreditor decision making bodies to spend time on the hard stuff.

There are talented staff who work at accrediting agencies, who came from higher ed, who can evaluate many of the changes that schools want to make, and do it more quickly because they're not high risk decisions.

We have reinforced that institutions with a faith based mission are permitted to have and exercise that faith based mission. And an accreditor cannot remove accreditation or try to impose upon a faith based institution standards

or requirements that would go against the mission of the institution.

So, we are protecting faith based institutions, and saying, if your accreditor takes action against you, and you believe it's because of your faith based mission, that's one of the reasons that allows you to come to us and say, I need a different accreditor.

And we're holding ourselves accountable. We have put into that reg that if you apply for recertification, and you do it on time, we have to complete it within a year. And if we don't, you win, we lose.

And while it is possible to have somebody on a provisional certification, it cannot be the default because we didn't get around to it. So we're trying to do more to be better partners, and hold ourselves accountable.

We had a triad meeting recently, where we brought together states, accreditors, and the Department to talk about issues of concern to all of us. Closing schools obviously were at the top

of the list, and financial responsibility.

Everybody is grappling to try to figure out, how do you do a better job of identifying a school when theyr'e starting to have challenges, so that you can go in early and help them solve the challenge, and not wait until it's too late.

And the one thing that concerned us is, we heard that every state was developing a model, and every accreditor. And we said, wait a minute. You cannot have an institution that has to send three different datasets to three different places, because three different people have a different model.

So, we're going to work to figure out, how can we do data sharing, or method development together, so that our work to try to meet our fiduciary responsibilities doesn't add two more layers of reports to your desktop. So, we're working through that.

We recognize that we need alternatives to HCM2. That there are ways we can work with

struggling institutions that are productive. And HCM2 isn't always a productive way to work with an institution that's struggling.

So we are looking to alternatives. We don't have anything to announce. But we know we need to look at this.

And we need to improve communication and collaboration. Often times, when there were challenges in the field, or challenges with schools, there were people in the triad who knew about it and they weren't sharing information.

We have made huge advances in communicating better, in having regular meetings with accreditors and state. So that when there's a problem we can all swoop in and try to help.

And in a recent very large closure, it worked. We were able to get tens of thousands of students moved, or with new options to move to new institutions.

Because states and accreditors came together and got on the phone, and started calling presidents of universities saying, how

1	many can you take? What programs do you have?
2	So, we know that this works.
3	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Secretary, there's
4	just one question. Someone wrote, HCM2. We're
5	using some acronyms
6	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Okay. I'm
7	sorry.
8	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: for non-
9	education. So
10	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Well, the
11	schools all know, right. It's the
12	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: But a lot of the
13	Board Members are like, what is HCM2?
14	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Thanks for
15	pointing that out. Heightened Cash Monitoring 2.
16	So, we have in our regulations certain
17	triggers. So, whether it's a financial issue at
18	an institution, whether there's been evidence of
19	fraud, whether there's bankruptcy, there are
20	things that happen where the Department of
21	Education feels that we have a responsibility to
22	tax payers and students to more carefully and

closely monitor the financial transactions with the institution.

And the idea being that if you give a whole lot of Title IV money to a school, and then they make a mistake and can't pay you back, the tax payer's on the hook.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Right.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: So HCM2 means that what a school essentially has to do is they have to disburse all of the aid that they would have gotten from us to a student.

So they have to make student stipends, which is sometimes cash payments. They have to, you know, put onto the student's ledger card that the account balance has been paid.

So, they essentially have to pre pay the student, and then file a whole bunch of paperwork, wait for us to go through it, and then we reimburse the school.

Well, if you're already in financial difficulties, you don't have time to wait. You can't get a loan necessarily. And it ends up

costing the school a lot of money to engage in HCM2.

Now, we know we need to have accountability standards. But we're asking, is there another way to do this? Are there different ways to use monitors, or auditing firms, or some other layer of protection, so that we keep the protection in place, but we don't put institutions in a situation where it costs them millions of dollars to disburse the aid that they otherwise would have disbursed anyway. So, we're working through that.

We've launched the notifications of two new experimental sites. Actually, one new and one is a second cohort of an existing experiment.

We had over 200 applications for the federal work study experiment. We plan to put the list out next week, notifying the public of all of the institutions that are participating.

We will have a tool kit that help institutions understand how to work with

employers, and employers how to work institutions, to implement the federal work study experiment.

And again, this experiment allows schools for the first time to pay students in student teaching, clinical rotations, with federal work study funds. You can pay them for that work based learning.

And we're already reaching out to the accreditors that have prohibitions on that to say, can you waive them for the experiment? This is why we need alternative standards, right.

Sometimes you need to make exceptions to your rules.

We are working to get a new cohort of Second Chance Pell announced. Obviously, there's a cost associated. So we're still trying to figure out what amount of Pell funding we could spend in doing the second award.

And then I just have a couple more things to run through quickly. We are continuing our conversations about, could we develop shared

resource centers, where you would be able to purchase services, essentially, from resource centers.

So whether it is financial aid processing, infrastructure planning and development, procurement that you come together and share, cybersecurity — cybersecurity standards are getting more and more rigorous.

And we know that some institutions are not going to have the resources to come up to those standards.

So are there ways that we can engage regional resource centers to do the kinds of things that maybe you can't do on your campus because you can't implement the standards?

We also think that, you know, we know there are federal opportunities out there. But we know that there are institutions that don't have a sponsored research office large enough to actually take advantages of them.

So, one of the things we're talking about is, can a regional service center provide

support to the sponsored research function? So, we're talking about, how can we provide these services?

I mean, the Department of Ed wouldn't provide them. But how can we help organize centralized service centers where you have a contract, and they have to deliver, and you have to hold them accountable?

But what can you buy more cheaply through economies of scale? What kinds of expertise can you attract if you do it collectively, versus if each institution's trying to hire the best person out there? So, we're working through that.

The Secretary went to the Howard
University Board Meeting, and found it to be just
a fabulous experience. Was introduced to all
kinds of the exciting things that are going on at
Howard University.

And we know that that's one university with exciting things, but every university has exciting things. And so she wants to know more

about what exciting things are happening at all campuses.

We are also working with an institution to figure out, if we can figure out, how to allow a struggling institution like an HBCU to partner, to merge with, to join forces with a larger comprehensive institution, as a branch campus, which means they remain an HBCU institution.

They retain their historical status, they retain their independent Board, they retain their independent president, they retain their independent faculty organizations. But they can off load a lot of the back end services to the larger comprehensive institution.

We've never done this before. We're working with one institution right now to figure out, how do we allow this to happen? We think through our branch campus regulations, we can find ways that HBCUs can join with larger institutions for resources.

For, you know, sharing the cost of

running a campus, for maintaining a physical plant, for sharing faculty expertise, but still maintain their historical status and their eligibility for Title III funding.

In those instances the Title III funding could not run through the HBCU to the other campus. That funding would have to stay with the HBCU. But there's no reason why that institution can't maintain its status, while still joining forces with other institutions.

And we are also experimenting for the first time, a state came to us and said, you know, we'd like to actually have the accreditation at the level of the state.

We've never done system

accreditations. We've looked at systems, but

we've said one campus has to be the main and the

others can be additional locations.

We're working with Maine. Maine came to us and said, well, why can't a system be accredited? I was like, I don't know. I think we get to make that decision. So, we're

experimenting with Maine.

Their Board has now approved it.

Their president wants it, their accreditor wants it. And we're working with them to figure out, how do you do this?

But it will save Maine a huge amount of money when they can be accredited at the state level. And by the way, in the State of Maine, all decisions are driven at the state level.

So these are the kinds of things we're doing. Again, none of them are sexy. None of them headline grabbing. None of them have a slogan.

But they're the little things that we can do that collectively, we believe, will make it easier for all of you to operate within our regulatory system, and allow you to have the time you need to focus on what matters most, which is the students you're serving, and not the regulatory bureaucracy that we have created.

So, thanks for the opportunity. I don't know how much time we have left. But I'm

1 happy to take questions. 2 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Let me, hold on one 3 second, because I got to keep us on time. We 4 brought all these federal agencies here. And I 5 cannot let this thing go off schedule. UNDER SECRETARY JONES: 6 7 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: But thank you very, 8 very much. UNDER SECRETARY JONES: 9 Thanks. 10 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm going to, no, we 11 are going to have a couple of questions. 12 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Okay. 13 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: But let's have them, 14 keep them tight questions. Let me just also 15 comment, on the branch campus regulations 16 question. 17 You've said a couple of times that 18 that means you can, as a smaller HBCU tie up with 19 a larger, more comprehensive university. And I 20 know that Dr. Martin will probably comment on 21 What about other HBCUs tying up with --22

UNDER SECRETARY JONES:

Obviously --

1	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: other HBCUs?
2	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Right.
3	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Because the answer
4	is not always
5	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Obviously
6	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: other majority
7	institutions.
8	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Any
9	institution. I think that what, the school we're
10	looking at now is looking at attaching to a large
11	comprehensive institution, you know, because when
12	you tie up the main campus takes some financial
13	responsibility.
14	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's right.
15	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: And so, the
16	institution we're working with now is looking at
17	a larger comprehensive institution because of the
18	financial needs that they have.
19	But obviously there could be branch
20	campus relationships between any kind of campus.
21	It's just the one that we're looking at now,
22	because of the financial.

1	I mean, there's a physical plant, and
2	they needed a large institution that could come
3	in and help provide, you know, some resources.
4	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. So, I'm going
5	to take these under, and the only point of
6	raising that is, you nave the North Carolina A&T,
7	and then you have schools close to it that might
8	be able to do that.
9	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
10	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: You have
11	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Right.
12	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Wilberforce and
13	North, and Central State. I mean, there's some
14	opportunities where you don't have to go to a
15	majority institution.
16	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Right.
17	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: This could be within
18	the HBCU community as well.
19	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
20	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So, President Clark.
21	MEMBER CLARK: As usual, your
22	presentations are very high density and jam

1	packed.
2	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Sorry.
3	MEMBER CLARK: And of great quality.
4	And so, thank you. This is a request. Could we
5	get a summary slide or two
6	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
7	MEMBER CLARK: that lets that out.
8	Because we're trying to furiously
9	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
10	MEMBER CLARK: write that. And
11	just couldn't keep up, you know.
12	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: No. We will
13	put something together. And I'll send it to
14	Johnathan, who can then forward it. Yes. You
15	bet you.
16	MEMBER CLARK: yes.
17	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Just, let me do this
18	in order. Dr. Dawkins.
19	MEMBER DAWKINS: I just want to echo
20	what Dr. Clark said. Thank you for those areas
21	that you're working on to improve and strengthen
22	the accreditation.

1	Johnathan and I were just at CHEA last
2	week, and looking at accreditation and HBCUs, and
3	how we can strengthen HBCUs under financial
4	category around that standard. And one standard
5	doesn't fit all. And especially a small
6	institution such as Bennett College, against a
7	Duke
8	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
9	MEMBER DAWKINS: with the same
10	standard. Okay. So, there's no comparison
11	there. And you cannot expect us to live up to
12	what Duke expects. So, thank you for taking that
13	on.
14	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.
15	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Pat.
16	MEMBER HAWKINS: Yes. Thanks for the
17	great work that you're doing.
18	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: For the record
19	that's Dr. Hawkins.
20	MEMBER HAWKINS: Yes. Billy Hawkins,
21	Talladega College. Again, appreciate the great
22	work that you've done. I currently chair the

37th UNCF member institutions. And so, certainly 1 2 I want a copy of that presentation, so that I can 3 articulate that --UNDER SECRETARY JONES: 4 Sure. 5 MEMBER HAWKINS: -- to my colleagues. 6 We will meet the first of March. But I'm just 7 curious to know a little bit more texture about 8 the meeting with the accrediting --9 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: The triad 10 meeting? 11 When you brought them MEMBER HAWKINS: 12 all together. Because I've picked up that there 13 was some displeasure from some of those bodies. 14 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: You know, they 15 haven't given us that feedback. And so, if they 16 were displeased they should call. I mean, we 17 want to know if there were people who were 18 displeased. 19 It was a meeting. It was the first of 20 this kind of meeting that took place, probably in 21 decades, where we brought the triad together to 22 say, you know, what are we, what are the

challenges, what are we dealing with? 1 2 How do we open up lines of 3 communication? How do we share information? How 4 do we make sure that, you know, that if there's a 5 problem we swoop in early? How do we coordinate 6 if there's a school that's going to close? 7 So that was the intent. We've gotten very positive feedback. So, if there were people 8 9 who were, you know, displeased we need to know 10 that as well. So that we can go back --11 MEMBER HAWKINS: Well, yes. 12 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: -- and deal 13 with those issues. 14 I know, they should. MEMBER HAWKINS: 15 I mean, at our SACS convention meeting in 16 December, and it was announced about what was 17 coming, and the way it was translated. 18 It just, you know, it just sounded 19 that there was some concern about what was coming 20 down from the Department of Education. Now, many 21 of us in the audience was very excited about what

was --

1	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: So
2	MEMBER HAWKINS: I mean, sometime
3	people talk
4	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: I think I know
5	what you mean.
6	MEMBER HAWKINS: and then accept
7	change.
8	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Yes. So, I
9	think, so Belle was at the triad meeting. I
10	think probably what you were hearing is, you
11	know, there are regional accreditors that are not
12	happy with our recognition that regionals and
13	nationals are the same.
14	There is displeasure about that.
15	There was consensus. It's a controversial
16	change. And the regional accreditors are not
17	thrilled. The regional accreditors are also not
18	thrilled that people can poach into their
19	territory, right. I mean, let's just be
20	MEMBER HAWKINS: Right. True.
21	UNDER SECRETARY JONES: honest
22	about it. But yes. So, we know that that, but I

think in terms of the triad meeting, I think that
was very productive.

MEMBER HAWKINS: Sure.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: And I talked

to Belle yesterday. Belle called me yesterday.

She was meeting with her Standards Committee.

And they had a question about something. And she called. And I was at my desk, and I answered and talked to the Committee.

So, we are open for business. And we are happy to give information. We're not making them do that in a vacuum. But yes, people are unhappy about that.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And we're going to see Dr. Belle. But one question again, as best we can, let's remember that a lot of the folks who aren't from the education. So, triad. What is the triad?

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: The triad is the regulatory regime for institutions of higher ed. So, there are three entities that have to approve an institution of higher education to

participate both at the state level and in federal student aid.

So, the state. The state has to authorize the institution to either operate in the state, or provide instruction by distance to students in the state. So, the state authorizer is one member of the triad.

The second member of the triad is accreditors. So, the accreditors are the member of the triad whose job it is to make sure that there's quality. That the student is having a quality experience. And that the institution is living up to what it promises, which doesn't mean they all have to promise the same thing.

And then the third is the Department of Education. We're the third leg of the stool. People often times refer to it as the stool.

We're the third leg of the stool.

And our job is to focus primarily on Title IV compliance. So, you know, in some ways we're the banker. And our role is to maintain compliance with the regulations around Title IV.

1 So, an institution could be 2 accredited, but not a Title IV participant, in 3 which case two members of the triad would impact 4 them, not all three. 5 Okay. Dr. Breaux. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: 6 MEMBER BREAUX: Yes. Thank you for 7 your presentation. It was excellent. 8 don't want you to leave here thinking that this 9 isn't huge. You listed a lot here. 10 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: It's a lot of 11 MEMBER BREAUX: And I want to 12 13 especially, because you said, it's not sexy, and 14 it -- That's really not the case. The one item 15 that especially stands out for me, you talked 16 about work study. And you went through it very 17 quickly. 18 Many of our students are struggling. 19 And, financially. And they're working two and 20 three jobs. And the research shows that if they 21 work more than 20 hours a week, that impacts on

their grades, and their academic progression.

And so, to allow that work study, that funding to go for employment, where it might go towards more relevant employment to what -- UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Right.

MEMBER BREAUX: -- they're studying, is going to put them on a course for success.

So, when you present the next time I want you to go out and say, we have some really exciting things going on.

Because I do think it's going to have a significant impact financially for our students. And also, keeping them on track with their studies. So, thank you.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Thanks. We agree. I mean, students are working 20 and 30 hours a week. So, let's not pretend they're working ten hours a week. Let's figure out how to work with a student who needs to work 20 hours a week, and make it work.

So, we think if employers and schools work together, it will be work related to their curriculum. So, it will have educational value.

And the employers have committed to us that they want to work with schools around scheduling and transportation, to make sure that this is a positive experience for the student.

able to pay a higher wage in some instances, perhaps, than they could earn in a campus job.

And while the federal share may only apply to some number of hours, we shouldn't have to have a student try to juggle between two employers. If there's an employer willing to hire them for more than their work study award, then go ahead and do it. And we should facilitate that.

MEMBER BREAUX: And for those careers where they're required to do experiential --

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.

MEMBER BREAUX: -- learning --

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: If it's work based learning, it's work. They should be paid.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And to that point, putting my SHRM hat on, that really came up very heavily with employers, especially SMEs, small

and medium enterprises. 1 2 And again, we were at North Carolina 3 And the biggest concern was that the big A&T. companies that were going to spend this money 4 5 anyway are going to take that over. 6 So, the IBMs, Apples, everyone, 7 they're essentially going to hire the students. 8 And they were going to spend the money anyway. 9 And that leaves small and medium size enterprises 10 in these communities, you know, having to pay 11 full bear. 12 So, we just want to make sure that as 13 you think about it on your campuses you also 14 ensure that the big boys aren't essentially being 15 subsidized for internships they were going to do 16 anyway. So, if we can make sure we do that. 17 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: And the big 18 boys --19 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's not the 20 Department of Education's problem. I'm saying

UNDER SECRETARY JONES:

it's ours.

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Well but, in

some sense we're working, so the big boys still 1 2 only get a 25 percent wage share from the Federal 3 Government. 4 But small to medium business can get 5 up to a 50 percent wage share. So, you can 6 actually call companies. And instead of asking for their help you can say, hey --7 8 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's right. 9 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: I have money 10 for you. 11 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's right. 12 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: I can help 13 through federal work study to contribute. And I 14 think that is a position in which institutions 15 may not have always been, to be able to call an 16 employer and say, have I got something for you. 17 So, we think this empowers 18 institutions. But the big boys don't get the 19 same wage, you know, federal wage share. 20 still have to pay 75 percent. 21 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's right.

Hunter.

MEMBER HUNTER: Yes, Mr. Chairman. I just want to reemphasize something the Chairman said to you at the outset about the contractual relationship or joint venture between an HBCU and a majority institution on let's say business, or accounting, or technical type matters.

I want to reemphasize that, and I know you're very sensitive to this issue. But there was a period, and particularly where there was a effort to force HBCUs to merge with majority institutions, particularly in the south. And I can tell you, there is some sensitivity to that.

MEMBER HUNTER: Some sensitivity to that issue. And I think you, we need to be very sensitive of that. As long as it's contractual and voluntary, and there clearly can be some need for taking advantage of the broader technical expertise at a larger university.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES:

But I'll give you an example. Down in Arkansas the HBCU nursing program was having accreditation problems. Community college was

Absolutely

set up in the same geographical area. 1 2 created their own nursing program. And now it's 3 competing with the -4 Now, and so, and then some people 5 would see that as an effort to duplication. 6 Because I got the question, well, why do they 7 need a nursing program over at the community college, when there's one at the HBCU? 8 9 And I'm sure I don't have to tell you 10 that just what's going on in the medical field. 11 Nursing is a very valued occupation. And there 12 is a great need for it. So, I just want to 13 reemphasize what the Chairman mentioned about --14 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: We are --No. 15 MEMBER HUNTER: There is a great 16 sensitivity to this. 17 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: We are very 18 attuned to the sensitivities. And again, in this 19 case it wasn't that we went to an institution and 20 said, you have to do this. 21 We had an institution that, you know, 22 had a balance sheet that made it an unsustainable

proposition. And instead of us, you know, putting them on HCM2, and moving them out of the program, and having their accreditation withdrawn, we worked with the accreditor, we worked with the school.

We're working with the state to figure out, how do we help this institution, you know, deal with its debt load. You know, find new opportunities to have financial resources. continue as a functioning institution.

So, this was just an option we put on It was not in any way intended to the table. force them. But, and we didn't say who they have to join forces with.

> MEMBER HUNTER: Okay.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: We said, you know, you go find. We'll help you figure out how to do it administratively. But frankly, short of this, I don't think the institution could have survived.

> MEMBER HUNTER: Okav.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: So, we're just

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trying to figure out, not telling institutions 1 2 what to do. 3 MEMBER HUNTER: Okav. 4 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: But putting 5 opportunities on the table to say, you know what, 6 we've never done this before. But maybe if we want to look at this, and see if this would work. 7 8 So, we absolutely are sensitive. We would not 9 force it. 10 MEMBER HUNTER: Okay. 11 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: But this is 12 looking for new ways for financially challenged 13 institutions to maintain their integrity, and 14 their Boards, and their status. But finding 15 other opportunities to either offload some 16 administrative work, or have new revenue sources. 17 MEMBER HUNTER: Okay. 18 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Final, final 19 question, I think, President Clark. 20 MEMBER CLARK: Clark from South Carolina State. I want to echo, echo, echo what 21

Mr. Hunter said, and let's remove the model where

there's a financial incentive to do it, because in the very beginning, I was looking at opportunities to join forces with a much larger institution on some programs and projects that would benefit both of us.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Absolutely.

MEMBER CLARK: There was no financial downside either way, and there was a lot of blowback from my constituents because there was this fear that the other institution wanted to take over the HBCU.

Well, the president of PWI was a friend of mine and I initiated it. I was the one that said, hey, let's do this, and it was a benefit for both of us, so how you package and present that can make a massive — great difference in how it's received, and therefore, the success of it.

I think it's a great idea to have that possibility there for us to do those things greatly, but separate totally from the financial side, and please don't package it as if though

it's only something to help the poor HBCUs who are struggling going to the richer PWIs, because there are opportunities where we need to partner and where there's support from it from Department of Ed, then that would help some of us in other areas as well.

UNDER SECRETARY JONES: That's a really good point. I think it was that challenge that drove us to sit down and figure out, could we do this, but you're right, there's a much greater good that comes, and I can't mention the institution or the institutions they're talking about, but trust me, the larger comprehensive institution is absolutely getting something out of this as well, right?

This is not a charitable giving. This is a partnership that they need to have and both will benefit, but that is good to bring up, that we need to be very careful how we -- and, like I said, the President is driving this, he's driving it with his board, and he gets to pick which institution he, you know, wants to partner with.

1 We're not driving that. 2 So, you know, we're just trying to 3 facilitate the regulatory changes that we would need to accommodate. 4 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you so much, 6 Ms. Jones, and at this point --7 UNDER SECRETARY JONES: Thanks. Have 8 a good day and enjoy the rest of your day here. 9 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: -- we're going to 10 take, right now, a bio break, some people are 11 looking around. And also, they brought in lunch, 12 I believe, or lunch is somewhere, I don't know 13 the story, but if you're going to grab that, 14 bring it back to the table so that we can get 15 started. 16 And if we could keep this really 17 tight. It is now, roughly, 11:20, about 11:30, 18 let's get back here because we do have the 19 federal agencies here. 20 (Whereupon, the above-entitled matter went off the record at 11:20 a.m. and resumed at 21 22 11:29 a.m.)

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So I want to reconvene the meeting. We have a few board members over here and I want to make sure they get your full attention, so they're coming over. Give us about two minutes. They're just grabbing their lunch. There was a line over there.

Dr. Martin. Just call him out. I'm old school, right? All right. That's right. We seriously want to invite — thank our guests for coming in and I guess Panel 1 is the Department of the Treasury, General Services Administration, the Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, and Health Resources and Services Administration.

So I'm going to have each person, if you would, just go through first and introduce yourselves, and then in whatever you'd like to take it, please present. We're all ears. And thank you again for coming on Valentine's Day.

MS. RAGUCCI: All right. I'll lead this. So my name is Donna Ragucci and I serve as the Director of the Office of Small and

Disadvantaged Business Utilization for the Department of the Treasury.

I've been in that position for about two years, but I have about 30 years of contracting background, and so I'm very, very involved with procurement issues.

It is quite an honor and a privilege to be with my esteemed colleagues today. I'm so happy to be with you all and be able to share what I've been working -- my office has been working with Jonathan and the White House Initiatives Group for over a year.

Treasury's mission is to build and sustain our economy and it falls right in line with building community and developing community that our HBCUs are absolutely at the forefront.

My mission is to increase procurement opportunities to our small and disadvantaged businesses. And that brings me to our Executive Order 13779, where there is a small, little sentence in there that talked about increasing procurement opportunities for HBCUs.

And so that is where my hook is, and I'm going to be sharing some of those with you today. In 2019 and earlier, I'm not real proud of this, but Treasury awarded zero dollars to an HBCU. Zero dollars.

But we found that there were two grants, teeny-tiny grants, that we awarded to HBCUs, and we actually had one subcontract award for about \$65,000. So I hope to change that in 2020.

MR. MITCHELL: My name is Calvin
Mitchell, Junior. I work at the General Service
Administration and you may be saying to yourself,
what exactly is that? The General Service
Administration is really a buyer for the
government.

Over 70 years we've been buying goods and services, and now more recently, technologies, for the federal government. I'm very thankful to be here. I'm thankful for my administrator, Emily Murphy, and Julie Dunne, who is our commissioner, for their support.

I also have a contracting background.

I've actually worked all my career in contracting and did a fellowship in Congress working with Congressman Thompson on helping them with Homeland Security contracts.

And I'm excited about this discussion today because I think we have a unique opportunity to look at the economic impact of HBCUs and how we can make them a stronger economic catalyst in your local communities.

Thank you.

MS. FRASIER: Good morning. I'm Diane
Frasier and I am the head of contracting for the
National Institutes of Health. Also, the
Director of the Office of Acquisition and
Logistics Management.

And before I start, I'd like to introduce the folks who are here from my office, Annette Owens-Scarboro, as well as, and she's not right here, Rachel Kenlaw Ramirez. So, because I'm going to tell you about all the things that we've been doing and we've been doing a lot, and

those folks are the ones who deserve the credit.

So the National Institutes of Health, NIH, is a \$40 billion agency, that's our budget for FY20, and while the majority of our research is done via the grants mechanism, we have a robust contracting obligation.

Annually, we obligate about \$5.6 billion, \$5.7 billion. And when I look at that portfolio, and I've been at the NIH for 25 years, when I look at that portfolio and I see, out of that \$5.6 billion, I only see 1 percent going to HBCUs.

Obviously, there's a disconnect. With everything that HBCUs have to offer, we need to increase. And so we looked at that portfolio, recognized that there was this disparity, and we reached out to the HBCUs to introduce them to NIH.

And at that time we were doing all this outreach, we didn't see any return for our investment. So five years ago, we started the Paths for Excellence and Innovation, PEI program,

and in that program we have done training for the HBCUs, we have done intense outreach, as well as partnering the HBCUs who are in our pilot program to -- with other small businesses, other small minority businesses.

And so in that time, in all of the outreach activities we, last year, had the National Cancer Institute, our largest institute at NIH, partner with Hampton University for their proton therapy program, and that is a \$2 million cooperative agreement.

We are expecting to have more results as we continue our outreach which would include, this year, going to Georgia, North Carolina, having the ability to partner, bring together, small businesses, large businesses, and the HBCUs, as well as participating in the White House Initiative for the 2020 National HBCU Week Conference.

Next year -- well actually, at the end of this year, we are hoping to expand our pilot program from six schools to another manageable

number.

And then as we're doing this, because we are a research organization, we do our pilots and then we go back, we assess, and then we see where we can go and move forward.

So we note that because there is no acquisition policy regulation to incentivize the government to do business with HBCUs, we work very hard and very closely with our institutes to see what programs are out there, where we can better partner the HBCUs with the NIH.

We recognize also because of the constraints of the universities, the HBCUs, that there is a need for the presidents and the senior boards within those schools to recognize that there needs to be a building of infrastructure.

And so we are trying to make sure that we pass that word to the schools. And within my agency, we're doing this sort of like on a wing and a prayer. I am taking my budget and employing it for this program, but whatever can be done to help me have more funds for the

program, that would be greatly encouraged.

MS. RAMEY: Well good morning,
everyone. I'm going to break the mold a little
bit. I don't have a contracting background,
other than in the federal space, I am the
contracting officer representative for my office,
but I am actually a nurse. So, but it's a
pleasure to be here with you all this morning.

Again, my name is Christine Ramey.

I'm going to give you a preview of our agency,

since I don't quite have the name recognition as

NIH within the Department of Health and Human

Services space.

My role, I serve as the Deputy

Director of the Office of Health Equity for the

Health Resources and Services Administration.

You'll hear me refer to it as HRSA. Again, we

are an operating division within the U.S.

Department of Health and Human Services. We are

a sister agency to the National Institutes of

Health, Centers for Disease Control, and also the

Food and Drug Administration.

So at HRSA, we support more than 90 programs that provide healthcare to people who are geographically isolated and are economically or medically challenged, and we support these programs, we're primarily a grant funding agency, and we also provide cooperative agreements to more than 3000 awardees.

These include community and faith-based organizations, colleges and universities, some of which are HBCUs, as well as hospitals, state, local, and tribal entities, and also private groups as well.

Each year, our programs serve tens of millions of people that live with HIV and AIDS, pregnant women and mothers and their families, as well as those who may not be able to access quality healthcare.

At HRSA, we work to strengthen the health workforce, and that's probably the biggest layer of interaction that we have with HBCUs. We work to connect skilled professionals to communities in need through grants, loan

repayments, and scholarships.

And from education and training to service, we have more than 40 workforce programs and initiatives and support 8,000 organizations and individuals. Some of them you may be familiar with, including the National Health Service Corps and the Nurse Corps program, are big programs out of — that come from HRSA.

Within my office, the Office of Health Equity, we work to reduce health inequalities so that individuals and communities can achieve their highest level of health across those communities, and we accomplish this through strategic partnerships, both internally within HRSA, and then externally.

We work to integrate equity concepts into programs and policies to directly impact the people that we serve. And we've had a great partnership over the years with the White House Initiative on HBCUs, and we're so grateful that you all thought of us to invite us here to the table today as well.

And I also want to put in a promotion.

Our office sends out a quarterly MSI e-bulletin,
so we don't bombard your email box, but it

provides information on HRSA programs. We also
sort of continually update if there's any notice
of funding opportunities for potential grants
that may be of interest.

So if you or your colleagues might be interested, the email is msiohe@hrsa.gov, and I'll be around as well, so look forward to interacting and taking any questions.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you all for the introductions and now you'll get some -- Executive Director Holifield.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Before we open for questions, we left a lot of value on the table, and I'm looking at my friends — this is Jonathan Holifield — Donna and Calvin, and you guys just executed an historic memorandum of understanding, and you didn't talk about it at all. That's why you're here, guys.

So please, kind of help our PBA and

the public learn more about that agreement and 1 2 I'll ask Ms. Frasier, before we go to questions, 3 dig a little bit deeper into that Pathways program. We know what it is, there's more to 4 5 tell, and I'll ask you to do the same thing. 6 Just hit that HBCU just a little bit 7 harder, please. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And realizing that 8 9 I got these other agencies, so make sure --10 because I want to leave time for questions, so 11 there'll be a definite follow-up. The point is 12 for you all to kind of whet our appetites, and 13 then some of you -- I know Diane has already 14 passed around her card, thank you -- is it Donna? 15 MS. RAGUCCI: Donna. 16 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Donna has already 17 passed her card, but the point is for those of us 18 to become aware of it and then know where to go. 19 You have a point person within the agency to 20 pursue the discussions further. 21 MS. RAGUCCI: Sure. Thanks, Jonathan.

So I'll go ahead and get started if it's okay

with Calvin. Is that okay to start?

MR. MITCHELL: Yes, ladies first.

MS. RAGUCCI: Okay. So the Executive Order came out, as we all know, in February 2017. I showed up in my office in March of 2018. I came in with a lot of contracting experience, so I had worked with HBCUs previously in my old position as a contracting officer, and so I knew, kind of, how to do that, but I didn't have the support mechanism that I would have needed when I moved up to Washington, D.C.

I go back many, many years ago, working with the Army Corps of Engineers, and now he works with GSA. So we found out that to increase procurement opportunities at the Department of Treasury and throughout all of the federal agencies, and many of them are in the room today, and I hope that you get to meet them, I don't have time to introduce all of them, but I am the vice chair of the OSDBU Council, and there's 23 federal agencies, and we're all here, and they all wanted

to hear what Treasury is doing for HBCUs.

So what we did, Lisa Jenkins and I reached out to GSA to see if we could find HBCUs that were on federal supply schedules, and we reached out to Calvin, and Calvin came back and said, yes, we have about three, and I said, well how come I don't know that, and I'm guessing nobody else does either.

So what Treasure did, I went to the deputy secretary, and I asked him, would he commit to using the HBCUs that are on that federal supply schedule. And so what Jonathan mentioned is, we did have an MOU signing, a memorandum of understanding, between the Department of the Treasury and GSA that we are committed to using the HBCUs that are on the federal supply schedule.

And with that, I'm going to turn it over to Jonathan, because he's got great stuff.

MR. MITCHELL: Jonathan is much more handsome than me. This is Calvin. You're supposed to laugh. So yes, so Jonathan and I go

back, right, so when Jonathan first started, I had this crazy idea of how we can get HBCUs participating in federal contracts.

And as such, we, my team have been going around to partner with NASA, with Treasury, with some other agencies, talking about how federal agencies spend \$540 billion a year. That is about 40 percent of our entire budget.

We know from the United Negro College
Fund that \$13.8 billion of economic impact
happens with HBCUs. What does that mean?
Opportunity. Just after Jonathan arrived, 13779
was issued and then we had a spark, right?

And I said, you know what? That little line that Donna talked about that says, increase capacity of HBCUs of federal contracting, bam, that was it. We had the opportunity.

Another thing that happened, the President's Management Agenda came out, and under category -- there was, under the CAP-7, which is the cross-agency priority 7, is category

management.

What does that say? Hey, all these federal contracts, don't everybody build one, leverage contracts. See, what we did here is, we leveraged the contract.

So now we have a unique opportunity where HBCUs can be on a contract that the federal government is encouraging them to participate and to use. Beautiful opportunity.

So we've been working with HBCUs such as Bowie, Howard, Jackson State, Oakwood, and we have Fayetteville University on schedule, and we also have, and that's why I wrote it down because I figure I might -- Alabama, A&M, because I knew I would forget.

And what this does is, it puts you in a unique position, you already know the economic impact, now, \$540 billion a year, \$100 billion more than it was four or five years ago, that is an opportunity that you can leverage, your students, your staff, to sell professional services to the government.

Donna came over, I was super excited. We talked, Emily Murphy, our administrator, and an advocate for, not only Historically Black Colleges, she speaks at big -- I mean, she's a huge advocate. She was like, sure, I would be willing to sign this.

And what does that do? It puts HBCUs in a position where they're pre-vetted contracts, which is what we have at GSA, brings down some of that risk in the acquisition, and now we have this partnership.

Donna's team did a great job putting it together and it's been fantastic. And I'm hoping to get more partnerships out of other agencies as well.

MS. FRASIER: I know, and that's a good thing, because our programs complement each other. So the Paths to Excellence and Innovation is a program that recognizes that even with the HBCUs being on schedule, people need to know about the acquisition process, they need to understand the acquisition process.

Now, it's not rocket science, but it is a process that is complicated, you need to understand the federal acquisition regulations, you need to know who to talk to in the government, you need to know how to prepare your proposals, who you want to partner with, and so we recognize that these are the steps that we needed to provide to the HBCUs.

And so the Paths to Excellence is an innovation, is basically a three-partner. It is, one, providing that training to the HBCUs, having the HBCUs designate someone who will be their, quote, business manager, who will understand that there are public documents out there that offer federal government opportunities and they need to be looking at that on a daily basis.

And then also, understanding the importance of being able to read the solicitations that come up from the government and to understand what it is that the government wants, what that requirement is.

And also, to be able to market the

HBCU, to know who they should be talking to.

It's fine for them to be talking to the small business offices, but the small business offices, the contracting offices, we don't have the money, we don't have the requirements, it's the programic folks who you need to be reaching out to.

And this all spoken about and really instilled in anyone who participates in our training. And then also, to be able to find information about the federal acquisition process, one-stop shopping. Now, anyone would have to go to the FAR here, they have to go here for some information, we want to be able to put that in one place.

And we have the Acquisition Gateway,
but we really want to put it in one place so that

-- because we know that all of you busy, you have
a lot of responsibilities, and so anything that
we can do to simplify that process for you,
that's what we're all about.

And then also, we want to make sure

that you are introduced to small business who do this, who understand the acquisition process, and who can provide and guide the HBCUs on doing business with the federal government, and also partner with them.

So it's actually beneficial to not only the HBCUs, but also the small businesses, and in the end, to the federal public.

And so as we're looking at, right now, we've been working with six schools who have the biomedical research background, and that's what we're looking at expanding towards the end of this year.

MS. RAGUCCI: And I would also like to include, this is Donna Ragucci with Treasury,

I've reached out to some business partners,

Jonathan facilitated a meeting with the MITRE

Corporation. Some of you all might be familiar with MITRE.

They actually have -- I coerced them,

I'll put it that way, to establish a training

opportunity, training on procurements, because

I think they're going to buy in on that, they're going to do that. But I actually met with the national HUBZone Council this past week, down in New Orleans, and if you all know Michelle, she came to me and she said that she is willing to mention to her HBCUs — not HBCUs, sorry, her HUBZones, if they would take HBCUs under their wing, because we know that there is 53 of our HBCUs that are in opportunity zones, and we'll talk about that in a second too, but we also know that probably all 104 HBCUs are probably in a HUBZone.

And so we've got some really good

HUBZones and they can making over \$37.5 million

a year, so they're not really small, these

HUBZones can be quite large businesses, they're

willing to share with you what they know about

procurement and how to get HBCUs procurement—

ready, if the HBCUs are willing.

I'm not saying that every one of the 104 want to get into federal procurements. You

guys are in the business of educating students, right? So I also have an initiative that's part of my strategic plan, that we can talk about later if you want to, on how we're going to be able to build the student capacity.

that SBA is also going to be committed. I'm working with SBA right now to ensure that Executive Order 12928 reminds that organization that HBCUs have already been designated as a small disadvantaged business, or in the 8(a) program, SBA already has a 7(j) training program, and that's all they do, is to get these business, we'll call you a business, to get you procurement ready.

That is their charter and that's their mentorship, but we also have other folks that are willing to help the HBCUs, if you want to become-procurement ready, how to do that, and be ready when those RFPs and RFQs start hitting, and you guys will know how to handle that. Thank you.

MS. FRASIER: And I just want to add

just very quickly, one of the reasons why we're doing this is not only because we want to see our portfolio increase for HBCUs, and I get passionate about this because I love my agency so much, our mission is the health, not only this country, but the world.

And you see that now in the news, talking about the coronavirus, it's CDC and it's NIH, and you really see one of our directors, Tony Fauci, out there talking about the coronavirus, and you've seen him in other situations as well.

We need to have the HBCUs participate in the provision of health and research for this country. It's a meaning for not only the population, but your students as well, as they begin to develop their careers.

MS. RAMEY: And I just want to speak briefly, and thank you for that segue, Diane, within HRSA, our contract portfolio is probably significantly smaller since we are primarily a grant-making agency.

I know some of you at the table here are HRSA grantees, which is wonderful to see. I just wanted to highlight a few items, particularly from FY2019, I think that are important initiatives especially, I think, in the space that we're in.

Our HRSA Bureau of Health Workforce.

We have a center of excellence program and in fiscal year 2019, we had 117 participants from Howard University and Harry Medical College. They completed health professions preparation training so that they could move more towards primary care and also physician assistant programs, which I know there is still a lack of diversity, I think, within the medical workforce, and I think that's why HRSA is really passionate about funding these programs to really kind of promote diversity.

And I think, also, it helps bridge some of the health disparities, because a lot of these providers that are going to HBCUs are still staying within those underserved communities where some of the HBCUs reside as well.

And then another highlight program is also our Bureau of Health Workforce Behavioral Health Workforce Education and Training Program.

As part of this program, for the grant recipients, under the psychology and social work disciplines within this program, must be HBCUs or other minority-serving institutions.

And in fiscal year 2019 we awarded funding to Howard University, Jackson State University, North Carolina A&T State University, Bowie State University, and Alabama A&M University.

They trained a total of 202 students and 117 of the 202 students completed their psychology and social work programs and entered the behavioral health workforce, which I think is also critically important, especially in light of the opioid crisis as well as, you know, making sure that we have behavioral health providers to address some of those public health needs.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you all. Ouestions around the table? This is

amazing. Dr. Hawkins.

MEMBER HAWKINS: Billy Hawkins,

Talladega College. I sit and listen to the

presentations and it all sounds great. I

represent 37 of UNCF's member institutions and

many of those institutions are small

institutions.

And so discussions arise that small schools reach out and apply, but they don't necessarily get a look at. So can you all tell me how does this — the smaller HBCUs, because I listened as you call out and, you know, no disrespect to my colleague, the larger HBCUs, but our smaller HBCUs, they do good work as well.

And so how do we bring them into the picture?

MS. FRASIER: So this is Diane Frasier of the NIH. So as I said earlier, one of the most important parts in the acquisition process is to understand who to talk to. And what we can do, and what we are doing, is making sure that the schools know and are able to contact the

program folks, so that you're able to talk about what your school has to offer the agencies.

And having the vehicles that GSA and Treasury have put in place is a way to ease that acquisition process, but you can't get into the acquisition process unless you know who has the requirement and then that they are impressed with what you have to offer.

MS. RAMEY: Just to add, at least for HRSA within the grant-making space, we also provide resources for technical assistance. I know we've gotten feedback from some of the smaller HBCUs on this issue that you bring up, Mr. Hawkins, and we also have regional offices that are a little bit more localized to, you know, particular areas where HBCUs reside as well, and they certainly welcome inquiries and offer, you know, opportunities to provide technical assistance, as HBCUs may be in the process of applying for a HRSA grant, especially if it's their first go around.

And I know at HRSA also, our big push

is to also get representatives from HBCUs as grant reviewers, because I think it also provides a great insight as to what the requirements are and what the process is in applying for HRSA grants.

MEMBER HAWKINS: I think also, in you all's offices, in reaching out to even let the schools know, as an example, when I was in Texas, in the institution where I was president, we had a large minority health disparity grant, and we partnered with the University of Texas health center there.

Very successful, so those types of partnerships help to get funding as well, and so —— but the schools don't know these things.

MR. MITCHELL: Real quick, I want to speak specifically to that thought, so one of the things that I've been doing is really advocating for you to be an economic impact in your community, and one of the ways you can do that is by leveraging your students, your staff, for federal contracts.

Even if you're not big enough, you don't have those resources, all you need is one person, right? A team together, one person, leverage your resources, because you know what?

A little bit of something is better than nothing at all.

And so when you leverage your resources and work together with other schools, you increase the capacity and your procurement readiness as well.

Another option is to partner with small businesses, even large businesses, but particularly small businesses that have a need for a particular service.

So part of it is that partnership and working together with other universities of likeminded faith, or whatever that commonality is that you share, to really maximize and increase and be a force multiplier for the initiative.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay, I have three questions. Dr. Dawkins, President Clark, then my brother Williams at the end. Okay.

MEMBER DAWKINS: Okay. So I'm going to ask them quick because I can tell, John, you're trying to push us out. Okay. A question for Donna. As we move forward after signing that MOU, the big question I got from HBCU presidents was, what's the next step?

And I know that GSA and Treasury, and I guess, the small business group, tried to offer a virtual workshop on how to get started. So I'm going to ask if you guys could let us know when you're going to do that workshop.

I know you canceled that and you're going to reschedule, if you could do that. The other thing is, when these opportunities occur, it may do all of us good if you could just contact Thurgood Marshall and UNCF, as Billy said, to let them know that these opportunities are available.

And so having a systematic way of contacting these institutions, our institutions, to let us know that these opportunities are available. And then training, ongoing training,

how do you get on the GSA schedule, Calvin?

I know there are a lot of steps involved. It's not a simple process and so we understand that. And then, because many of us, we are in HBCU ecosystems, we have -- we serve the communities surrounding our institutions, we're in opportunity zones, or HUBZones, as you said, so if you guys could just increase communications to our HBCUs through Thurgood Marshall and UNCF.

MS. RAGUCCI: Thank you. Let me see if I can answer that real fast. I think that was a question. So the systemic way that we have, Lisa Jenkins is my point of contact for HBCU. She's got a point of contact at every HBCU and she will be sending out emails.

And so I'm hoping that we will have a lot of participation from all of our HBCUs. For instance, we tried to put together an industry day just recently, a few weeks ago, we found an opportunity at our Treasury Executive Institution where HBCUs probably would be able to provide

leadership training.

You guys have brilliant instructors, you're all PhDs, nobody signed up, maybe three folks signed up, so we're going to keep getting the -- you know, the message out, because that is just one area the Treasury was going to help at, but one of the other areas, because Treasury is such a small organization, and we don't have a lot of procurement dollars, all I can do is be the messenger.

And so as the vice chair of the OSDBU

Council, I have now presented my strategic plan

to all of the OSDBU leaders to ask them the

question, what are you doing to increase

procurement opportunities for HBCUs? That was

like, oh, wow.

And so I've started getting that around and I'm going to ask them when I see them, probably in March, so we mentioned it, now what are we doing about it? And we're hoping that we will open that aperture so we can have more conversations to get more HBCUs involved.

So we talked about funding, so if I could just take a second just to mention about funding. I know that 100 percent of our HBCUs have been designated in a HUBZone area. If you are not aware of that, and you would like to be part of a HUBZone, all you have to do is go to your state governor and ask for your university to be part of a HUBZone.

That will open up a whole lot of procurement opportunities as a HUBZone.

Number two, we have the HUBZones, I mentioned that I spoke to the National Council on HUBZones, they are willing to, this is going to be exciting, they're willing to fund paid internships.

When I spoke to Norfolk State
University, and some of the other universities,
they told me that their students were a little
apprehensive about applying for internships
because they'd have to leave a semester, and then
not get paid, well, our HUBZones, probably are
going to help fund those students who want to do

an unpaid internship with Department of the Treasury.

This would have your students compete with the Harvard Universities that can afford to have an unpaid internship, so that is another way of getting funds.

We talked about opportunity zones, 53 of the 104 HBCUs are found to be in opportunity zones. If your university has not been designated in an opportunity zone, you call your governor and get you in that system.

That is going to be the greatest way for you to get huge funding impacts. These are large businesses and community partners that will come and fund, and help get those tax incentives, and help build that community that I believe is the reason why HBCUs were founded all those years ago.

The Treasury has an organization

called the CDFI, the Community Development

Franchise Institute. In there, they have another subset called the Community Development Entity or

the New Money Market.

when we asked Treasury has an HBCU ever applied to be one, they said no. Another perfect way for you to build your infrastructure. And what that means is, you can start small foundations in your universities and you can have something built, construction, real infrastructure, being built on your campuses that will help all of your community, not just your campus community.

If you wanted to build a child development center, you could do that, so you would help your students who are single parents have a place to bring their children, but you would also open it up to your outlying communities that probably would need that too, right? So that's another fund.

And then we're talking about the mentor/protégé program. Because I've gone out and done many road shows with our HBCUs, the ones that were already procurement-ready, they said that they would be willing to mentor the smaller

HBCUs on how to become procurement-ready, because 1 2 they're already getting the grants. They're 3 already doing contracts. 4 That's all I wanted to say. 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Now listen, 6 I got to move this on, so we have two questions, 7 I got to take the last two and get our next group 8 in, so, Mr. Clark, Mr. Williams. 9 MEMBER CLARK: Very quick. James 10 Clark, NC State, my sister captured a lot of my 11 questions. One very pointed one, did I hear that 12 if your HBCU is not in an opportunity zone right 13 now, it is possible by appealing to the governor 14 that that change can be made to have you 15 Is that a factual understanding? included? MS. RAGUCCI: 16 Yes. 17 MEMBER CLARK: So it can be changed, 18 even at this stage. 19 MS. RAGUCCI: Yes. 20 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I would advise us 21 not to make that declaration at this time. 22 say it's something to be explored.

MEMBER CLARK: Okay. Okay. I was just --

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I thought you heard that. Okay. Mr. Williams.

MEMBER CLARK: I hadn't finished. One quick thing, I'll be very quick, has there been any discussion about maybe having — encouraging those that know to help those who don't know, in other words, the larger institutions, when they're applying for grants, kind of get extra points for having co-PIs that are being brought along?

For example, now, sometimes it can be an equal co-PI, like, you know, U-54, you know, we're doing it U-54, that we're doing, but in a lot of areas, larger entities, or more experienced entities, they bring on a co-PI, not necessarily for a major portion of the grant, but for the learning opportunity of what -- how the process works. It would be, I think, highly valuable for the institutions over time, and maybe even more valuable than going to a lot of

seminars, because you have to do real hard work 1 2 right then and there, and you get to touch it. 3 So is that something that you could 4 consider? And that's it. 5 MS. RAMEY: I know within the HRSA 6 space, we do encourage collaboration and co-PIs for funding opportunities, so we certainly -- you 7 know, if there's an opportunity available, you 8 9 know, for a more experienced organization or 10 institution for you to partner up with, we 11 certainly encourage that, especially if there's a 12 lack of capacity, you know, at your particular 13 institution that may be kind of a limiting factor 14 in getting those funding opportunities. 15 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Mr. Williams. 16 MS. FRASIER: Oh, can I just add? 17 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes. 18 MS. FRASIER: And so the same actually 19 applies to the NIH and their grants, but also the 20 program that I mentioned, the proton therapy, 21 that's actually between Hampton and the 22 University of Virginia.

So you have that and that's not a grant. That's a cooperative agreement. We want to move that, also, to more contracts.

MEMBER HUNTER: I'm glad you mentioned that because I was going to mention that, I'm sure Dr. Harvey appreciates that, so I'm glad you mentioned that.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Seriously, they're going to be quick. Ask your question now and then I'm stopping this. I got to move on.

MEMBER WILLIAMS: Just a very quick question, if I was an HBCU, small HBCU, and I wanted to do business with you, would I have to go through four portals to get to you or is there one door that allows me into the inner sanctum?

MR. MITCHELL: That's a good question.

All opportunities are publicized on -- well, now
it's beta.SAM.gov, I would implore you, I would
encourage you, to look at that website, because
all federal opportunities are in one place. They
are already aggregated in one place.

This affords you the opportunity to

one, do some market research to determine what kind of requirements are out there, but also, it will help you to understand what a solicitation might look like, or a request for quote.

So that is the one opportunity you do have because they're all aggregated together.

Now, I will tell you, just from my experience, the solicitation process may look different amongst agencies, so when you're doing your capture strategy, because no longer are you an institution of higher learning, now you're a business, and you're thinking about looking out for opportunities in a capture strategy, and how you're going to get there.

And in that inherently is identifying, if I'm only going to work with NIH, what kind of contracts are coming out of NIH? What is the scope, what is the magnitude, and what do I need to do within my organization to make sure we align ourselves to be able to capture that opportunity?

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: The last question.

MS. FRASIER: But I just want to add. So we all know this, when the solicitation is published, it's kind of, like, too late. You need to meet with the program officials before. And so what going to beta.SAM.gov does is, like, read what those requirements are, get the names, and then meet with those people so the next time they go out, they go out with you in mind.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you all so much. We're now going to have our next panel.

Thank you very much for coming. If we could have our colleagues from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, Department of Commerce's Minority Broadband Initiative, Department of Energy, Department of Defense, and Department of Labor.

MS. FRANKLIN: As those individuals are coming forward, I just want to announce to members that in your packets, you have an external directory. Jonathan is holding that up. That provides information on all the individuals who are currently connected with the initiative

in each of the departments.

And for those in the gallery, if you would like a copy, there are a few extra copies at the registration desk, but this information is also available online at our website.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All right. We're going to roll right into Panel 2 and if we could have our panelists introduce themselves, limit your openings to about three minutes apiece so that we can actually -- you see the questions of what everybody wants to get into, so let's move quickly and get us back on schedule.

Thank you all for coming and I'll start to my left, your right, Mr. Bourne.

MR. BOURNE: Good afternoon, everyone.

Christopher Bourne, Deputy Assistant Secretary

for Innovation at HUD and HUD's representative to

the initiative. The Office of Innovation is a

new initiative within HUD. We're about a year

old right now.

The Secretary established us to take a look at innovating programs, policies,

procedures, and taking a look at home building construction methods and materials, specifically to enhance or improve affordability, resilience, and health.

We reside in the Office of Policy

Development and Research and that's important for
a couple of reasons. First, it gives us the
statutory authority to do experimentations and
demonstrations and it puts us in the place where
the research that is done that underpins HUD
policy.

And I'm going to get to a couple of programs, or talk about a couple of programs that we're making available and I would really love to see the universities participate in, that would enable the HBCUs to really begin to influence HUD policy.

So when I came on in the spring of 2017, met Jonathan, and we started talking about how do we, you know, strategically engage HUD and HUD's programs to improve opportunities for the schools to become more competitive.

I took a look at the programs that we had been running and quite frankly, most of those had sort of dried up in the 2008, 2010 timeframe, with sequester and a couple of other programs going away.

And HUD hadn't really been very much engaged with the HBCUs. We had a program we had set aside that ran for about ten years, until about 2009, 2010 timeframe that was basically, community development block grants set aside for the communities around HBCUs, which was great, but that was, as Jonathan would say, that was sort of putting the HBCUs in the coffin corner with a program that was set aside, which are always at risk when there are budget pressures, or changes of administration, or changes of leadership within a department.

So we took a look at, how do we make HUD's engagement with the HBCUs more central to HUD's mission? And we were able, over the course of the year, we worked to incorporate preference points for HBCUs and for organizations that

partnered with HBCUs in some of our grant programs.

For the first year, the 2018 and '19 funding cycle, we got the preference point into eight of our programs, and we're currently working on the notices for the 2020 cycle, and it looks like we're going to be able to add three additional programs, so there'll be 11 programs all together.

And just based on the funding levels that were set in the '18, '19 timeframe, that represents about a \$270 million opportunity for the schools.

I heard a question about partnering and how do smaller schools engage, and the reason we set the points for the schools, and for organizations that partner with schools, was to make sure that all of the schools, the large ones and the smaller ones, the ones with more experience and ones with less, would have an opportunity to really engage with HUD's core business.

For 2020, we were also able to get

funding within HUD's budget for two new programs,

research-based programs, one of them will fund

research for underserved communities, and it is

set for HBCUs to participate in that research.

The other is in research around construction methods, materials, and particularly for resilience. We are really interested, I am really interested, in increasing the participation of the universities in our research programs, because as I said earlier, that is what

And we haven't, up to this point, had HBCUs who are in the communities that HUD serves, rural and urban, we haven't had their voice in the policy development process.

influences HUD policy.

And so there's two programs in particular in addition to the new one, which is specifically for looking at new research methods using big data, new models for thinking about research on the issues around underserved communities. There's the other two programs that

are longstanding programs, are the university partnerships programs, which accepts proposals any time of the year, unsolicited proposals, and the HUDRD program, which is — which has a long name, just Google it under the HUD grants program, but it's HUD Research — how's that go?

Demonstration, and Data Analysis Program. We have points set aside for that as well. These are programs that are looking for research that aligns with HUD's mission and will then influence HUD policy.

Research and Evaluation,

So really looking forward to your questions as we go through the rest of it. Thank you.

MS. BILAL: I guess it's afternoon now, so good afternoon. My name is Trina Bilal. It's a pleasure to be here. Thank you for granting me an opportunity to shed some insight on the initiatives that the Department of Energy is spearheading in regard to engaging minority-serving institutions, and HBCUs in particular, to

gain full access and exposure to our initiatives and our programs from cybersecurity, to artificial intelligence, to quantum information sciences.

Our office is the Office of Economic Impact and Diversity. Within this office, our director, James Campos, is spearheading an initiative called Equity in Energy. The Equity in Energy initiative is put forth to focus on five pillars, with the underpinning of these pillars driving access and interest into the STEM fields.

We are focusing on workforce development. We have initiatives that are tied specifically to STEM enhancement and the application of STEM enhancement. We have initiatives tied toward supplier diversity.

We also are looking into technical assistance and training and workshops to help build the STEM pipeline.

As I listen to each one of you today and you talk about how we can work more

collaboratively to ensure that all HBCUs are having a seat at the table, including the smaller ones, we've put some things in place, focusing mainly on consortiums.

And so with the consortiums, we're looking for ways to bring in those smaller HBCUs so they can begin to develop a framework to think about how they build out their curriculum in a way that will put them in a position to be competitive in the future.

We have a lot of technical assistance programs that we put in place. We try to make sure that universities are well aware of our opportunities. Just Monday, we hosted an advancing research and technology in the science forum at the department.

We brought in key executives that spoke about the things that we're doing from a research and technology perspective in artificial intelligence. We talked about the things that we're doing in our cybersecurity office and how we're beginning to launch a pilot program where

we're bringing in HBCUs to think collaboratively with us on how we can deal with different issues that are addressing -- confronting the cybersecurity space.

And so with that being said, I'll definitely be reaching out to a lot of your universities to seek participation. We're trying to make sure that we not only tap into resources here within the D.C., Maryland, Virginia area, but also have virtual opportunities for the students to engage.

That being said, I know our students, I'm an HU graduate myself, I know how hard it is for us to go to school and then also have to, in some cases, take on financial burdens.

And so we're looking for creative ways that we can gain some of this learning with still offering solutions for the students to work and be able to -- be able to provide for their families.

So we try to work collaboratively with all of the agencies. I know I reach out to a lot

of my peers. Calvin Mitchell from GSA just left,
Donna, she and I had a great conversation,
whenever I hear of anything that we're doing
across federal agencies, that we can all tap into
and create some synergy so we can bring you more
breadth and depth in our services, that's what we
try to do.

So that being said, I look forward to taking your questions and figuring out how do we maintain a more viable, sustainable relationship going forward.

MR. WESTHILL: Good afternoon. I'm

Devin Westhill from the Department of Labor. I

am the Deputy Director of Public Liaison. It

means that I do retail outreach for the Office of

the Secretary. I'm a member of the Trump

administration, a political appointee, and I

think that plays into some things I want to say a

little bit later. But importantly, for here, I'm

the liaison for the Department of Labor to the

White House Initiative on HBCUs.

And I also chair the internal working

group at the Department of Labor. And also, happy Valentine's Day, for the record, and for the folks who are on the phone, I'm wearing a red tie, so I got the memo, and also, thank you, Chairman Taylor, for allowing us to present here today.

Thank you to Executive Director

Holifield for inviting us. So I was told, and

Chairman Taylor has now reminded me, that I only

have three minutes, and I was thinking about all

the stuff that we've done at Labor and how do I

crunch that down.

Well, lucky for me and lucky for all of you, because I have a tendency to drift when I get an opportunity to be in front of a microphone, hot off the presses this morning is an op ed from the Department of Labor that I authored entitled, How is the U.S. Department of Labor Supporting Historically Black Colleges and Universities.

I brought some copies for everyone and if you didn't grab one, you can at the front

table over there, but I think they will be available electronically as well. I think the initiative will send those out if you want them.

I suspect the Labor Department and then, you know, might be sending this out so you can share, and so forth. We'd appreciate that.

It's in the Roanoke Times. You can find it there as well. So let me just read this to you.

I think this is going to be a good opportunity to talk at a high level what we're trying to do, then also be a springboard for some of our discussion later, so for the record, let me read this into the record.

As one of his first acts in office,
President Donald J. Trump signed a major
commitment to America's Historically Black
Colleges and Universities, HBCUs. Signed February
28, 2017, the White House Initiative to promote
excellence and innovation at HBCUs requires
federal agencies identified by the Secretary of
Education and White House Initiative on HBCUs to
develop and coordinate efforts to strengthen the

capacity of HBCUs to compete for federal and private sector opportunities.

The U.S. Department of Labor, the Department, is proud to be one of the federal agencies working to support HBCUs as they provide high-quality educations to students across the country.

HBCUs are institutions of higher education in the United States that were established to serve Black Americans who have historically been shut out from such education because of invidious discrimination.

However, it's important to stretch the H in HBCU, since today these institutions boast racially and ethnically diverse graduates. HBCU graduates account for 80 percent of Black judges, however, 50 percent of Black lawyers, and 50 percent of Black professors at non-HBCUs.

HBCUs have, therefore, proved to be a critical component of educating a diverse workforce. In 2019, the Department redoubled its efforts to strengthen HBCUs by revamping its

internal working group, composed of officials from agencies across the Department and the Office of the Secretary who brainstorm and implement ideas to promote and to provide opportunities for HBCUs.

Some of these ideas include grant opportunities totaling more than \$20 million, implementing educational programs at the 2019 National HBCU Conference, and the creation of a website to educate federal contractors on how best to optimize their relationships with HBCUs via internships, job fairs, and other programs.

Recently, the Department was pleased to send a delegation to Hampton University to present to approximately 60 members of its faculty and staff. At the January convening of its researchers informational forum, senior officials from the Labor Department's Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs explained its mission to inform and to enforce federal contractors' obligation to ensure equal employment opportunities.

OFCCP officials also touted the record \$40 million in monetary remedies it obtained in fiscal year 2019.

Additionally, senior officials from the Veterans Employment and Training Service and the Employment and Training Administration described their initiatives, such as promoting interstate recognition of military spouse occupational licenses and skills development to reenter into the workforce for previously incarcerated individuals.

The work of these agencies and the others at the Labor Department is helping

Americans secure good, family-sustaining jobs that drove the national unemployment rate to the lowest level in 50 years and the unemployment rates for numerous demographic groups, including Black Americans, to record lows in 2019.

It is critical that the federal government ensures that all for whom it is bound to serve are served well, especially at a time of unprecedented economic dynamism and prosperity

for our country.

While not long ago we saw our vital HBCUs in grave peril, that nadir is no longer the reality. President Trump is delivering on his promise to strengthen of the capacity of these uniquely American institutions to compete and to thrive domestically and internationally.

The work of this administration reflects the ideal expressed by Dr. King in his 1965 commencement address at Oberlin College -- by the way, one of the first higher education institutions outside of HBCUs to admit Black Americans -- the time is always right to do what is right.

So I wanted to read that into the record because I think, again, it's a good springboard for some of the things, hopefully, we'll be discussing after our presentations here.

But also, it reflects what the

Department of Labor is trying to do long term.

That's, for one, create some longevity and some reach, and to raise the profile of HBCUs, the

initiative, and the efforts that we're all 1 2 engaged with to strengthen the capacity of HBCUs 3 to flourish. So I'll stop there. We'll have plenty 4 5 of time to talk, I think. 6 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Ms. Kent. 7 MS. KENT: I've been in so many 8 meetings and traveling lately, between mics and 9 whatnot, but anyway. Good afternoon. I'm Evelyn 10 Jonathan knows exactly what I'm saying, 11 right, Jonathan? 12 Evelyn Kent from the Office of the 13 Secretary of Defense, Under Secretary of Defense 14 for Research and Engineering. We have long names 15 in the Department of Defense and I'm going to 16 make it short. 17 I think everyone here knows the 18 mission of the Department of Defense. The 19 mission is our warfighter. To equip them so that 20 they can protect us, our country, our world, in 21 the mission that we need for our safety.

It's because of those warfighters

we're able to sit here today and to present and to talk about HBCUs and other minority-serving institutions. So that is the mission of DoD.

So how do we engage HBCUs in making sure they are a part of that mission? I started working in this program about 20 years ago. My background is in math and engineering, electronic engineering, as well as working alongside those warfighters in acquisition and helping to develop weapons systems.

So about 20 years ago, one of the Under Secretary of Defense said, Evelyn, we need someone to run our Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority-Serving Institutions Program.

So he approached me and I was like, okay. So he said, but we need someone that can reach the schools that look like the schools. So sometimes you get caught up and you don't realize that you have to step back and then, so you can look forward.

So I've had such a good pleasure with

working with the HBCUs and the other minorityserving institutions, so I've stayed in this

position now for 20 years.

So I want to at least share with you

some of the breakthroughs that we have been
contributing as far as HBCUs are concerned.

We just recently funded the National Academies of Science to conduct a series of town halls that will be visiting our universities.

The first town hall was held on November 4th in which the White House Initiative for HBCUs were one of our participants at that — the National Academy.

The purpose of the town halls is to begin to dialog what we're doing in the Department of Defense so we can provide opportunities for those institutions.

It was very successful. Over 200 industries, schools, participated in our kickoff back on November 4th.

Our second town hall was held in New Mexico at a Tribal college. Our third town hall

was just held last month at the University of Arizona Hispanic-serving institution, and our next town hall will be held at Morgan State University.

In a discussion earlier, we would like to hold a town hall at one of our smaller HBCUs, so the National Academy of Science and the Department of Defense will be reaching out to Talladega, and those institutions, to see if you would help sponsor and promote the small institutions to come to your institutions.

Consider it done, so I will get you in touch with the National Academies -- I know, I was listening to him earlier.

Yes, so what we've been doing with the National Academy of Science, another area that we have promoted is the development of women in STEM and minorities.

We just recently funded, in July 2019, our first center of excellence through a cooperative agreement at Spelman College. It's over \$1 million a year for four years to engage a

cohort now of about 20 young women in terms of how they're going to interact with the Department of Defense.

They're going to be exposed, not only to DoD, but to our laboratories, working close side, our scientists and our researchers, as well as our military.

The other effort that we have been successful, and I'm just going to hit the highlights right now, is also our commitment to develop four other centers of excellence.

They are aligned with the National

Defense Strategies. The National Defense

Strategy covers priorities like artificial

intelligence, machine learning, directed energy,

quantum science, autonomy, cybersecurity.

So in 2015, we awarded three centers of excellence that align with those priorities.

Our first center of excellence for autonomy is at North Carolina A&T State University, our cybersecurity is at Norfolk State, and our research data analytics is at Prairie View.

They're funded at about \$1 million or plus a year for about six years. Our fourth center of excellence focus on STEM scholars, and that center of excellence was established in 2017 at Hampton University.

So those are the so many things, the high-level things, that we are promoting as far as our HBCUs. What we're also doing is reaching out to those HBCUs to compete beyond just targeted programs.

And we're finding success that they're beginning to apply in broader and more demanding funding opportunities within the Department of Defense. And I know you talk about the small institutions not participating, but I'd like to encourage them to come to our workshops, our technical assistance workshops, participate in our webinars, and interact with our program officers and our program managers, because the bottom-line is that when you show up, they remember you and they begin to work with you.

And if you don't show up, I don't if

you're big or small, or medium, you're not going to get in the door. So just those dialogs and that relationship building is beginning to be a success within DoD.

And the last area I would just like to discuss, other areas that we fund is basic research and all the other levels of research, infrastructure, equipment type needs at our universities, and we too put out a press release back in October 2019 where we awarded 59 equipment awards and about half of them went to HBCUs.

So those are some of the things, the highlight things, that we're doing within the Department of Defense to make sure we engage with HBCUs and just, was it, last month, Jonathan? We were at an Office of Science and Technology policy meeting in which we were discussing HBCUs.

And one of the good takeaways from that meeting was, we're going to look at all of the federal agencies that have targeted programs and how we can increase the funding for not only

those targeted programs, but other outreach activities for HBCUs.

So our plate is full, but it's a lot of fun and these are some really good days.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All right. So we're now going to take a few questions from the panel and to get -- we have about ten minutes and then we have to move on. Mr. Hunter.

MEMBER HUNTER: Ms. Kent, I want to commend you and congratulate you on the outreach you obviously been doing, proactive outreach, and I want to commend you and congratulate you, because when you call up the schools and make an effort, that's a lot more meaningful than expecting them to go in the federal register and read all these federal regulations, and then which — even though that's what I'm supposed to be doing, I can't even get through the federal regulations.

So I appreciate your outreach effort.

It's been -- my only disappointment is, you

1	didn't mention University of Arkansas at Pine
2	Bluff among, you know, your list of schools, so -
3	-
4	MS. KENT: Are you funded? I can send
5	you
6	MEMBER HUNTER: I will get your
7	information.
8	MS. KENT: You're on the list that you
9	have funds coming from DoD.
10	MEMBER HUNTER: Well, I'm going to
11	call Chancellor Alexander and get on him that he
12	needs to be in touch with so I'll get your
13	information and get it to the Chancellor at UAPB,
14	but so I want to commend you. I don't have a
15	question for you.
16	I do have a question for Mr. Westhill,
17	and this may be outside of your area of
18	responsibility in Employment Training
19	Administration, sort of related to the HBCU, but
20	I just want to put in a word for the Job Corps
21	Program.
22	I was, back in the 1980s, head of the

Missouri -- formerly head of the Missouri

Department of Labor, worked very closely with the

Job Corps Program. As you sure may know, that

program just about over 90 percent of the

participants in that program are minority

students, and I know that program's been subject

to cuts the last few administrations, but I would

like to put in a good word for the Job Corps

Program.

One of your larger contractors is a minority-owned contractor, MINACT Incorporated out in Jackson, Mississippi, and so I think the program has been a good program. I know it's been getting some hits, but I would like to put in a good word for the Job Corps Program.

And I think some of the programs, I think, do work with some of the -- may work with some of the Historically Black Colleges and Universities. I think MINACT had a relationship, I believe, with Jackson State in Jackson, Mississippi.

MR. WESTHILL: May I respond?

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Please.

MR. WESTHILL: Devin Westhill,

Department of Labor. Thank you very much for

that comment. I'd like to comment on both of the

things that you just mentioned.

It's not my area of expertise. I'm not within the Employment and Training

Administration, ETA is what we call them, I'm in the Office of the Secretary, but from my perch, I see what's going on.

I go about a mile wide about an inch deep on everything, both with my day job as a public liaison, but also with my work with the White House Initiative on HBCUs.

What I can say about Job Corps,
however, is that, we've redoubled our efforts
there, actually, and we've sent some of that
information to the White House Initiative on
HBCUs to help get the message out to all the HBCU
partners around the country.

The specific program is called the Job

Corps Scholars Grant Program, and I commend you

to that. I also want to say that our outreach, by the way, is really great as well, to HBCUs.

We've established new political appointee positions as regional representatives around the country, and one of them came to us to the Hampton University event that I mentioned in my opening remarks.

But you know how that happened with Hampton University? They did not go through the federal register to find us. They went to the White House Initiative on HBCUs partner directory and they gave me a phone call.

They said, Mr. Westhill, we know that you're the liaison to the White House Initiative on HBCUs, you're the chairman of the internal working group at DOL, would you be interested in coming down to Hampton University, give us a presentation on what you do and what your colleagues do?

You know what I said? Yes. Be more than happy to do it. And we're very proud to have done that and we'd like to do that at every

HBCU in the country. So if you're interested in doing that, give me a call.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay, Mr. Clark.

MEMBER CLARK: Earlier, I, with a smile, said, don't forget South Carolina, and I wasn't meaning South Carolina State, per se, I meant the State of South Carolina, but the point that I was making there is exactly, I think, where you were coming.

It's a lot more difficult for us, one at a time, to try to reach into D.C., into the agencies, but if one of you say you're going to come to the State of South Carolina, then I or someone else will huddle up all the people in the region to come there, and then it sticks.

And it's kind of like you say, when we show up at our place there, it sticks, people remember it, when you come to our institutions, it's a lot easier for us as presidents to get everyone plugged in because now there's some traction, because there's this huge amorphous thing up in D.C. called, the agencies, and that

everyone is -- not everyone, but a lot of people are afraid of trying to reach in there and getting bogged down.

But if they see your face, it's like, oh, yes, she came here. She was talking about one of herself. That relates to me. I know someone I can contact. And it might be any of the -- you know, in our case, eight institutions that might in this state, or in North Carolina it might be a lot more, you know, ten institutions that can come to some common place.

And I think that would be a very powerful spark, you know, no matter what agency, no matter what the focus is, and when we do those, I think we leave with a set of action items, or next steps, and so forth, you know, we just recently, kind of, did something like that.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Love it and I
appreciate what Mr. Westhill has said. This book
is invaluable. By the way, it's a packet.
Instead of having to comb the entire Federal
Government to find contacts, White House

Initiative has taken it upon itself to put together the book that's included in your packet, so we've done some of the work, but to your point, you got to make the invite, you know?

And so if you invite, they have not said no. Dr. Ellis.

MS. BILAL: Can I respond to that quickly? I'm sorry. So we do hear you, so we've heard your request to have us engage directly with the universities, and to that end, our Director Campos is partnering with the presidents of various HBCUs and we're planning to do just that.

He's going to put out a roundtable conversation in South Carolina, it should be coming up within the next couple of weeks or so, more details will come on that, we'll make sure that as we take a regional approach, that everyone is well aware of it.

And I think the communication process is one that is a multi-tier approach. So we have to give information out to you, you have to

definitely give information out to us, we try to leverage our partners at the initiative as well to make sure that everyone is onboard with where we're heading and what's coming down the pipeline, but appreciate your continued reinforcement of that.

MS. KENT: One of the things I would like to share as far as South Carolina State
University, Senator Graham and Congressman
Clyburn sponsored some years ago, the Montford
Point Marine project, and that was DoD, that
worked that effort at South Carolina State.

So I would like to see South Carolina
State compete a little bit more in DoD, like you
used to do, so that --

MEMBER CLARK: For the record, Clark, you got it.

MS. KENT: Those members are forever coming and talking to us, and trying to -- so I'm here to say, not only do I do outreach, I do inreach in the Department also, so please, you know, I like that personal touch.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Last two questions. Mr. Ellis. Dr. Ellis, pardon me.

MEMBER ELLIS: Just quickly. Rodney Ellis, Southern University at Shreveport, so we are one of the few HBCU community colleges, or two-year colleges, in the country, and so there's been a lot of talk today about federal contracting and research, and while we do some of that in a limited capacity, our primary mission is workforce development and transfer.

And so when it comes to strengthening our capacity, strengthening our capacity really comes down to, how do we build quality programs that can produce graduates that can then go out into a local community, but also national community, to fill the jobs that are in high demand right now?

And so can you speak to some of the programs or some of the initiatives around capacity building for curriculum development, workforce development, that are maybe focused on HBCUs?

MS. BILAL: I guess, Trina Bilal,
Department of Energy, yes, we have several
initiatives in support of that. We have a
funding opportunity announcement that was
released last September. It's called the
Minority Education and Workforce Training
Program.

That program provides funding for all MSIs, HBCUs included, to specifically do that, to build capacity, and to partner with community colleges and minority businesses who are offering technical assistance to bring in skilled labor.

In addition to the skilled labor within the energy and utility sector, we're looking at retooling individuals who were formerly incarcerated so that they can also gain skillful employment as well.

So that's one of the areas that our office, the Office of Economic Impact and Diversity, is specifically targeting HBCUs in addition to the MSIs, in regards to capacity building.

Our office of science has a host of competitive funding announcements that they put out on an annual basis, and these are multibillion dollar consolidation and multi-billion announcements, that focus on capacity building where faculty can come onboard to partner with our national labs and our program offices to explore ways that we can further enhance research and technologies within the sciences.

So those are another area that you could definitely look towards partnering with the Department of Energy on.

I will say this, though, in partnering with us is sometimes daunting when you look at the announcements and you look at some of the asks that they're looking for us to be able to hone in on as minority-serving institutions, but one way to overcome some of that is definitely to try to get involved early on.

Work with our program offices to become advisors on some of our technical boards.

We have a lot of peer review workshops that take

place, and so there, like another one of our colleagues stated earlier, that gives you an understanding at the ground level of what some of the thought processes are in regards to the program directors who are making the decisions for the funding.

At a minimum, you'll see what works versus what doesn't work, and you'll definitely glean some ideas on how you could possibly structure your capabilities or even your curriculum to be more competitive in that regard at a later stage.

We have requests for information sessions. I think that's one place that I don't see a lot of our universities engaged in, so we need to get engaged in that too, because in that request for information, you will see, again, what the thought process is and kind of what the playbook is for how these forums are actually put out on the street.

So those are areas that I would encourage you -- and then leverage us. You know,

we're here, most of us, this is a labor of love, and so we really do want to make an impact, so pickup the phone. I know most of my colleagues around here are very accessible.

I'm accessible. If I don't have the answers, I make sure I put you in contact with the right people who do, and that's why we host events like our oughts forum, which we just held last Monday, was for you to constantly get a connection with who is the key representative on tap at any given point in time who is actually driving the initiatives that we're putting out in the field for our universities to apply for.

You have to make those connections on a constant basis.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. To Mr. Westhill, who wants to respond, and then the final question from the --

MS. WESTHILL: Thank you. Really quick. Speaking of labor of love. This is squarely within where the Labor Department is on this, right, training, and getting folks into

jobs. I want to make sure that Member Ellis is hearing me here, because I heard him at the Heritage Foundation's inauguration HBCU conference just a few weeks talking about this exact same topic.

So really quickly, please write down,

So really quickly, please write down, please look up, IRAPs, Industry Recognized

Apprenticeship Programs, is a flagship program of the Department of Labor, of this administration, that's doing, or intending to do, precisely what you're looking for.

We're going to be doing a big rollout within the next two weeks, would love to be in conversation with you on that, but in the meantime, please take a look at Industry Recognize Apprenticeship Programs.

MEMBER JUSTICE: An observation and -CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Introduce yourself
for the record.

MEMBER JUSTICE: Nick Justice. I want to make an observation and then pose it in the form of a question. Over the last year we

started out our meeting recognizing how much accomplish and achievement has occurred over a year.

You're hearing from, now, eight panelists in two different forums, the opportunities that have been created for us.

This young lady right here really put the point of the spear right in our chest, she said, we don't hear a lot from the schools.

So the question really is, not for the panelists, but for us, what is our strategy, and I believe we started our session, when we were sworn in, with Jonathan talking about strategy.

We need to figure out how we're going to take advantage of this, because I'm going to tell you, Evelyn, you could overwhelm any school, your organization itself is the size of an HBCU. There's no way that one school in — we need a strategy to engage, whether it's partnered with major partners, small partners, whether we partner in regionals, we need a strategy to approach these things and identify, in these

hundreds of opportunities, where our specialties lie, what are the ones we want to grow, and how we're going to engage in the future so we're not chasing set asides, but we're the major competitors, just like every other research university.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. So got it and we're going to do that, in fact, when we go into discussion, I feel you itching, we're going to deal with that then, but I got to get to the next panel. Thank you all so much.

Okay. Coming in now we're going to have representatives from the National Endowment for the Arts, the Small Business Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, the National Endowment for the Humanities.

Thank you so much. Our third panel is here. We're getting ready to start and if we could start with each panelist please giving us - you know, try to capture your, at least, intro so this can be more interactive.

If we spend a lot of the time in the

intro, we just can't get to the questions. So starting, Ms. Hudson? Dr. Hudson?

MS. HUDSON: Ayanna Hudson. Hi,
everybody. So good to be here. I'm the Director
of Arts Education at the National Endowment for
the Arts. Proud graduate of Spelman College.
I'm here with my colleague, Tamika Shingler,
who's on our HBCU team for the Arts Endowment,
who's a proud graduate of Morgan State
University.

Going around right now, you have our 2020 guide, which is an overview of all of the programmatic and funding opportunities at the National Endowment for the Arts as well as a brief handout of our outreach to HBCUs, which I'm going to talk through very briefly.

Just want to highlight in our 2020 guide, on Page 4, you'll see a picture of myself, my colleague, Tamika, and our other colleague, receiving the award from the White House Initiative, the Public Partnership Award.

So as Jonathan looked at this and

said, you all are very proud, we're very, very
proud.

So who are we, National Endowment for the Arts? I'm not sure how many of you are familiar with us. I want to just spend a moment starting there. We are a small, but mighty federal agency. We're an independent federal agency. We were established by Congress in 1965.

We fund, promote, and strengthen the creative capacity of our communities by providing all Americans with diverse opportunities for arts participation.

I like to describe as the chief funder of the arts in America, and we have a grant in every single congressional district across the country.

So in terms of our HBCU work, we are laser focused on increasing the number of HBCUs applying for funding to the arts endowment and also working to increase the success rate of funded HBCU applications.

And our vision over time is that every

HBCU successfully applies for funding opportunities through the arts endowment and we want to help use federal funding to strengthen the creative capacity of HBCUs.

We realized early, to build capacity for successful applications to the agencies we must establish and cultivate ongoing relationships with the HBCUs and HBCU partners, like the White House Initiative for HBCUs. We learned that this work really is about building long-term relationships, and for us as an agency, to break historical barriers as to why HBCUs have not been applying to the Arts Endowment for funding.

We must work to build awareness of the arts endowment. When we began this work a couple years ago, we only had two funded HBCUs accessing funding through the arts endowment, so we want to build awareness of who we are as an agency, and we want to share critical resources and information.

As we've been meeting with HBCU

faculty and staff, we've learned that the arts faculty doesn't feel empowered to apply for grants to the arts endowment. They think that's what the science faculty does.

And our agency needs to be present and maintain its presence and continue to demonstrate our intent to support applications from HBCUs to the agencies.

So I want to highlight just a couple of things that we've done to date. There was a lot of talk on the previous panel about direct outreach to HBCUs, and this is one of the things that we've been doing the last year and a half.

Part of our job as directors at the agency and working with our specialists, we travel a lot, representing our agency and the Federal Government on all issues of arts and culture.

So what we've been doing the last couple of years is mapping our staff travel to location of HBCUs. So when we have a staff anywhere near proximity of an HBCU, we've been

working with the White House Initiative to setup one-on-one meetings.

So to date, we've been able to meet with 28 HBCUs on their campuses to better understand the arts and culture needs and priorities of HBCUs, and to really talk about funding opportunities through the arts endowment, and how those funding opportunities can help meet and advance priorities for arts and culture in HBCU campuses.

We've created our first ever compilation of arts and culture resources, faculty, classes, and programming offerings for every HBCU, and this was done through three interns that we had in our office this past summer, and I mentioned a student from Bowie State was one of our interns.

And so we now know or have a better understanding of what the status of arts and culture is on our HBCU campuses. We co-hosted the HBCU interagency working group for arts and culture, Dream It, Achieve It, federal cultural

funding opportunities for HBCUs.

My partner in crime form the National Endowment for the Arts, along with the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, U.S. Department of Education, as well as ILMS. This was a new program track within the 2019 White House Initiative conference held here in D.C.

There were 45 HBCU representatives present, including faculty and staff from 16 HBCUs that we had not met with previously.

We've added language to our funding guidelines, starting in FY20. For the first time, the agency specifically encourages applications from Historically Black Colleges and Universities, and we've put systems in place to measure agency investments over time in HBCUs.

So we've tagged our internal grants management system so that we can track the number of applications coming in as long as applications with HBCUs as partners and over time, really been able to measure not only federal dollars going to HBCUs, but in alignment with some of the

conversation earlier, what is the impact of that funding over time.

Looking forward, we're about to rollout a multi-prong 2020 strategy, and you have a highlight of that in your packet that just went around, and I want to highlight just a couple of things for you.

So our first goal is to continue to build awareness of the National Endowment for the Arts. We're going to continue and be even more proactive in working with the White House Initiative to setup one-on-one meetings on campuses for HBCUs.

We want to strengthen the grant writing capacity of HBCUs. A colleague earlier from a federal department mentioned how important it is for an HBCU representative to serve as panelists, and so we're going to be really proactive now that we have the lists that we've compiled of arts and culture faculty and staff, we can be proactive in recruiting panelists, so we look forward to doing that.

We want to create incentives for HBCU applications, really think about, what are the -- what are we hearing consistently about the needs of HBCUs and some of the challenges, and how can our funding work to address those needs and challenges? Do our current guidelines meet those needs and challenges?

And if not, what are some of the programs we need to put in place to be able to help support those needs and challenges?

We want to build a federal, state, local continuum for HBCUs, so this is really thinking about, how do we model federal arts leadership at the state level and at the local level, working with our state arts agencies and our local arts agencies, which are also funding sources for the arts in local communities and at the state level.

One of the things I'm really excited about, just picking up this conversation about the economy and jobs is, we're going to be exploring a partnership with the National

Governors Association to produce a publication on the economic impact on the state of arts and culture resources at HBCUs, really helping to lift up, and this is something that we're going to be focusing a lot on, lifting up and really inserting ourselves into the dialog about the economy, having conversations about the creative economy, and the number of jobs that are being produced.

So we're looking forward. This is one of the things I'm most excited about. Another goal is to cultivate relationships with organizations supporting HBCUs. We have a goal, also, to track and report our progress over time, and building our own institutional capacity to effectively carry out our HBCU strategy.

We were talking about paid internships versus unpaid internships, so one of the things we're looking internally is, how can we help support a paid internship, multiple paid internship positions, but also, research funding and partnership possibilities to create a paid

HBCU fellow position within our office to help us 1 2 to advance and execute our strategy. 3 Thank you. CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes. MS. HUDSON: Thank you. 4 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Mr. Guiterrez. I'm going to be 20 6 MR. GUTIERREZ: 7 minutes, is that all right? Good afternoon. name is Allen Guiterrez from the Small Business 8 9 Administration. I'm glad to be here. I'm going 10 to be quick, and short, and where the rubber 11 meets the road, and what's the low-hanging fruit. 12 So SBA, 68 district offices across the 13 country, and territories as well. I oversee, I 14 call it, the three lanes, small business 15 development centers, women business centers, 16 SCORE, which are volunteer mentors across the 17 country. 18 I was tasked by then Administrator 19 McMahon to be the lead for her on her behalf on 20 I looked at what was being done in the 21 past at SBA, good stuff, but we could be better. 22

And so what I wanted to do is look at

how we can do a short-term and long-term strategy approach. Couple of things that I noticed is that we put in place, this past year, some goals that we achieved. We had very successful entrepreneurship summits with HBCUs, included close to 1100 students, faculty, and businesses that participated in that.

Within SBDC, Small Business

Development Centers, we have 62 lead centers that we grant. I have encouraged and it's getting better, out of that 62, they have resource centers that they use to make an impact in counseling, and training, and reaching out.

So we have 18 HBCUs that are part of that network and we're encouraging them to expand more on that aspect. Last year, the overall budget increased by 3.27 percent, went from \$3.9 million to close to \$4.1 million from that standpoint.

So we're excited. I know we have

South Carolina State part of the, you know, SBDC

network, and then I was actually there last week

touring with our SBDCs there and listening to all the great things that we're doing there.

With that, I also want to say that we have formalized 16 strategic alliance membership memorandums with HBCUs this past year, and it's not just about the ribbon cutting, it's about, what are we going to do from these?

So we have a very strategic way. How are we monitoring that? I implemented an interagency council, meaning that, I'm going to hold everybody accountable, every year now, of what they need to be doing and how are they going to accomplish it.

The other added value there, not added value, but another more — even more commitment, our new administrator, Administrator Jovita

Carranza, who came aboard a couple weeks ago. I was meeting with her and bringing her up to speed and she goes, I want to chair your next meeting.

And she goes, because I want to tell them that this is important for me and I want them to deliver what you're going to tell them to

accomplish. So I said, yes, I'll take that.

Right away. We're going to do that.

So lastly, what I'm going to say is, how do we open more opportunities? Two things that I've done, I oversee women business centers, I have 111, I have -- this past budget, I have an opportunity to open up between 15 to 20 of them.

What I've been strategically doing in an important way is having roundtables at HBCUs and reaching out to the HBCUs in the states that we're looking at to encourage them, and I put it in a funding opportunity as well, that language was never there before.

It's the thing of thinking outside the box approach. So I was just in Benedict College South Carolina, we did a roundtable there, they participated, doesn't mean they're going to be chosen, because everything has to go through the proper process, but it's a matter of having everybody at the table to understand the opportunity.

We did one in Baltimore, Maryland in

December at Morgan State. Same thing. So those are strategic, for me, short term and long term, because I know that that's an impact that we can do.

Lastly, I know I'm over my three minutes, is, the annual funding and terms and conditions with the small business development centers and the women business centers. Put in language in there too. They're required to do a minimum of one event, if they have an HBCU in their backyard, and create a stronger alliance and partnership for the 7(j) training for 8(a), for contracting, for so forth.

I just had a team in Hampton yesterday on an outreach for youth, you know, the college students, of opportunities to think about SBA as an employer.

So those are the things. I'll stop there. I know I went a little bit, but I wanted to give you -- my things is, I always say, how can I leave it a little bit better than I received it? And that's my goal, in that sense,

and I'm confident on where we're heading in that aspect, so thank you very much for your time.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Dr. Bowman.

DR. BOWMAN: Thank you. And being the good academic, I sent you around handouts, and being a good academic, I'm not going to stick to them, but they are all correct and accurate.

I represent the DIVAC, Diversity,
Inclusion, and VA Council, but I'm also chief
academic affiliations officer for VHA, and I've
been there a little over a year, after being at
four universities in various of your states.

We have the advantage in VA of having our law originally 75 years ago. We're celebrating our anniversary of education in the VA, that the law actually says we're to educate for VA and the nation. That gives us much leeway.

And I think that one of the other things, after listening to these other talks is, you need to understand that we don't work through grants and contracts primarily. We work

primarily through what's called disbursement, which, the bottom-line of that is, that the HBCUs and minority-serving institutions have to talk to their local VAs, because it's the VAs who decides what they can handle in terms of students and residents.

And then when they tell us, after there's affiliation agreements, we give the money to the appropriate entity, okay?

We do fund many different kinds of health professions. We have approximately 50 health professional groups that are supported one way or another through our offices. GME, graduate medical education, residency education for doctors is the biggest and most expensive, and probably the part that our VAs are most reliant on since our trainees still write most of the orders for most of the patients in the hospitals across the country.

The VA is, basically, the only nationwide health system and we serve a group that has more minorities than the average

employer and therefore, recently, we've been expanding tremendously into smaller rural areas, more into Indian Tribal groups, because guess what, that's where there are a lot of veterans, an inner cities.

So a lot of that is being done through community-based outpatient clinics and we have had an effort through our office, and with the support of Congress, to actually place residents in smaller and smaller VAs, and we're excited to say that with the VACO, which is what it's called, we have now gotten commitments at the smallest VAs that we can figure out can really handle, or the community-based medical centers, residents at those sites.

The training programs are a lot of how we hire people. It's how we have health professionals in the VA and so we hope that this also means that we will be able to have health professionals more where the patients are that need VA's assistance.

We do have special relationships with

the three HBCU and one predominantly Black institution who have medical — who are medical schools, but we actually have relationships with many other minority-serving institutions, but it is dependent on them to come to us, so we keep trying to get out the word, and I perceive that's probably why I'm here, okay, so help us get out the word.

Because it's all done through the schools, we don't have an overwhelming amount of data on all of our students, but we do know that we have 20,000 health professional students from HBCUs or MSIs that obtain part or all of their training in the VA annually.

So we do have a large number of students who are appropriate to this cause.

About 9000 of those are medical students or residents. So one of the issues that we have is that we need a lot of nurses, and we don't have enough nurses, and we don't have enough relationships with nursing schools, and we don't perceive we have enough individuals who serve our

minorities as well as we could.

So we have undertaken, and kind of gotten known for this, I know that Mr. Holifield knows about this, so we've been doing geomapping, which is where we try to figure out where do we have VAs and where are the minority-serving institutions, and then can we get them to talk to each other, specifically in nursing, because as I said, we started with physician education and so if you look proportionately, we're much less a part of nursing education than we are of physician education.

So we have been geomapping specifically for the 41 HBCU nursing schools that are within 100 miles of a VA, so that's important, so it doesn't get too terribly far away. We actually do have ways to assist when trainees have to go to a distance to obtain training, sometimes providing housing of various types, so I'd encourage you, even if that 100 miles sounds daunting, that sometimes we can do things to assist.

And we do have -- we are expanding our residencies out, as I said, and we have done some of that with HBCU and PBIs. We also have a new section of the MISSION Act that provided one year pilot funding for students at HBCU and Teague-Cranston Schools, and I can explain that later if you need me to, but the HBCU schools to fund scholarships for medical school in return for later service, kind of like the Public Health Service National Service Corps, but specific to the VA.

And we love participating in national annual HBCU week conference, and I have gotten the hi sign, so I guess I'll stop there and you can read the rest of my handouts as you need, and I'll answer questions when needed.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And last, but certainly not least, Dr. McAklem.

MS. MCAKLEM: Thank you so much. It's really an honor to be here today and thank you for inviting us to participate. I'm delighted to have the opportunity to represent my agency, the

National Endowment of the Humanities, or the NEH, and just to give you a little bit of background on that agency.

We're quite a small agency. I think we're about 140 employees and the mission of our agency is to serve and strengthen our nation by supporting high-quality programs in the humanities, and making the humanities available to all Americans.

And we do that through, solely through, grant program, well, primarily through grant programs, that all of the applications that come into us are sent through an independent external reviewers, and then awards can be made after that process.

So what we have been looking to do at NEH is to work along, also, with NEA sometimes, we've worked collaboratively, which has been wonderful opportunity to learn from one another and to learn from challenges and opportunities also.

So one thing we've been doing is

working on outreach, like many people have been talking about up here at the table today, outreach to HBCUs and how can we improve our outreach and what are ways of reaching potential applicants for our programs.

Secondly, how can we help potential applicants write competitive applications for our programs and be successful in them? So that's just one part of what I wanted to tell you about what's been happening at NEH over the last couple of years.

And so one is participating in HBCU week and it was really wonderful to have the opportunity to work with NEA, and IMLS, and ACHP, and Department of Education, and learning about all these other cultural funding opportunities that actually, I, you know, we're in our little small area that I didn't know about, so I've really learned from colleagues and been able to meet and extend our reach to HBCUs, I hope.

And then internally, within NEH, we've developed a working group on HBCUs. We're

looking at outreach issues, in particular, myself and others in the agency come from different departments, different divisions, in the NEH, and talk about, you know, what our opportunities and challenges with our particular programs, and working together on outreach strategies.

In the last year, we were able to make campus visits and give grant writing workshops at Bowie State. My colleague presented and at Fisk, Hampton, I'm going to miss something, because I have it here written down, but I'm not looking, oh, Xavier University of Louisiana in New Orleans, and Howard, and this year, we're also going to be going to Claflin in March, and South Carolina State, I hope, will send faculty and staff to go too.

But my -- well, there we go. So Julia Wynn is my colleague, thank you, so that makes sense to me now, because I thought that would be useful. So she'll be there giving a grant workshop and hopefully, you know, able to offer assistance.

So one way is the outreach and then the second way is looking at our programs. We do have two programs that are open to HBCU faculty exclusively, and staff, one, there was a question about curriculum development, is in from our Division of Education, it's called Humanities Initiatives at HBCUs.

It's intended to be a flexible grant program that can support curriculum development, professional development, of faculty, can bring in guest speakers, can work on bridge programs for, you know, high school seniors.

And then the other program we have opened specifically to HBCU faculty is the awards for faculty at HBCUs. I work with that program year round and it funds individual faculty members doing humanities research, whether it's for an undergraduate course revision or for a book or monograph project, or a community goal, institutional goal.

So those are near and dear to my heart, but we've also, in the last year, had the

opportunity to -- we have a new program at NEH that started in 2018, another topic that has come up is infrastructure and capacity building, which is the name of our grant program that was started in 2018.

And it is a federal matching program.

It awards up to \$750,000 and for HBCUs, TCUs,

HSIs, and two-year colleges, there is a one-toone match offering. So we really are hoping to
encourage more applications from these
institutions and HBCUs, and we do have an award
we made to the HBCU library alliance for \$365,000
of an offer to support education and training in
archives and libraries management at their 74

HBCU member campuses.

The other news I wanted to share with you is that another cooperative agreement that we just put in place in 2019 was with the National Trust for Historic Preservation. And both NEH and the National Trust will be contributing \$500,000 each to a program that is designed to build capacity and historic preservation, and

1	plans for preservation, at six developing
2	plans for historic preservation at six campuses
3	and two campuses and six structures are somewhere
4	in those numbers, so eight different institutions
5	would be hopefully involved in that with NEH and
6	the National Trust.
7	And that's all I will say. I'm sorry.
8	I went over my three minutes as well.
9	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: No, no, it's the
10	way of the world now at this point. Any
11	questions from the Board Members?
12	MEMBER DAWKINS: I have a question
13	for, I think it's, National Endowment for the
14	Arts, right?
15	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's Dr. Dawkins.
16	MEMBER DAWKINS: Yes, I see that there
17	has not been a lot of awards made to HBCUs. At
18	the same time, I see a number of applications
19	submitted, so what's missing? Why aren't we
20	getting the awards?
21	MS. HUDSON: Well, it's
22	MEMBER DAWKINS: And also, along with

that question is, I see your goals, they're lofty, but I don't see a timeline for implementing your goals. I don't know when you plan to offer training.

MS. HUDSON: So I'll start there. So this is Ayanna Hudson, National Endowment for the Arts. So the White House Initiative asked us to put in place a five-year plan, and we've been working on our internal team. We have an even more robust, fleshed-out strategy than what we've shared here today.

So those are our ideas. Our next step, actually, next Friday, is our team coming together to -- the White House Initiative has asked us to map our goals and strategies to our agency strategic plan, and then we're going to put in place, the timeline and flesh all that out, so that's kind of the next part of it.

Since this meeting was coming up, we wanted to have the opportunity to kind of share what our thought process is as we move forward.

And a big part of it, honestly, is our staff

capacity to do this work, and that's one of the goals that I mentioned.

So we have some internal conversations taking place, so a lot will depend on the capacity we're able to put in place to move the workforce, so that answers your first question.

The second question, in terms of the applications, is exactly why we're doing this work. As I mentioned, when we first started really examining how many applications and how are we funding HBCUs, there were two that surfaced at the time.

So that's the exact reason why we are doing all of the outreach that we're doing. You heard me say, as a part of our longer term strategy, that we want to help build grant writing capacity for HBCUs, so your question, even as they are beginning to come into the agency, the question of how competitive are they is surfacing.

So we are going to be drilling down in a major way and working with our federal culture

partners on this as well, and we've talked to

Jonathan about this, to figure out ways, and we
have some strategies in place, to help build the
capacity for HBCUs to be successful.

I think part of the challenge is, as

I mentioned, we are introducing ourselves to

HBCUs, since there haven't been a lot of

applications coming in, there haven't been HBCU

faculty and staff serving on panels, which is

really one of the best ways to understand the

panel process, what the panel is looking for, how

applications are structured, what makes a

successful application.

So that goes -- directly links back to that strategy of recruiting, proactively recruiting, HBCU faculty and staff to serve as panelists.

MEMBER DAWKINS: Okay.

MS. HUDSON: So it's really building the capacity for applications to -- for HBCUs to understand what are the requirements within our agency, what makes a successful application, how

to effectively articulate that, what does the panel process look like?

One of the things you've heard a lot of the federal faculty talk -- federal staff talk about is the technical assistance that we provide. So we also encourage, and this is one of the things that we talk about in the one-on-one meetings and the outreach that we've been doing, HBCUs to be in touch with our staff and this guide.

I believe there's, towards the back, somewhere in here, a listing of the staff. Yes. Between Pages 20 and 21. All of the staff that's on the front lines of grants management, to contact our specialists working in a particular area so that they can hear what your idea is, give you one-on-one technical assistance about how to put that idea into and make the most compelling case within the application for the National Endowment for the Arts.

So we want to have those conversations, we want to see more applications

come in, but we also want to see more applications being successful and receiving funding, and so we're committed to both parts of those strategies.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you all so much. I appreciate you coming in. Thank you.

We're now going to have Mr. LaVaughn Henry from
- a senior economist from the Council of Economic Advisors.

MR. HOLIFIELD: As LaVaughn comes to the forum, this is part of the advantage of the Executive Order being housed in the Executive Office of the President, gave us an opportunity to connect with the President's Council of Economic Advisors.

And I think you will find the presentation a fresh perspective on the potential economic education and strategic value of our institutions to our nation. So with that, LaVaughn.

DR. HENRY: Don't follow instructions very well. Okay. Well, let me begin by saying,

thank you very much. We are honored to be here, and I also want to introduce my colleague, Mr.

Jackson Bailey, who is our lead junior economist, who will also be serving on our team that we've dedicated to this proposal.

And I also want to say thank you very much, Executive Director Jonathan Holifield, because without his ra-ra, go team, mentality, nothing gets done.

Now, I will also say that we're more the stats geek in the front office who cuts the numbers and says where we're going. And what we're seeing so far is great, okay?

What I want to do today, briefly, I know we're down to 20 minutes, he sticks with those time cuts too, is, speak to you about research and recent trends in higher education, and then how the administration views HBCUs as offering an educational, economic, and strategic advantage to the nation.

And then how we, on the Council of Economic Advisors, who have direct access to the

White House, what we're going to do with respect to developing some solid research this summer on calculating rates of return to the HBCU system, and providing solid economic advice to POTUS about the initiative and the HBCU system, okay?

And I am not speaking beyond the reality here, CEA has direct access. In fact, the entire team was in the Oval Office yesterday briefing the President on multiple economic issues.

And I have been told by our chairman that he's really interested in this initiative and wants to see this study, okay? So in other words, LaVaughn's got to deliver.

So why don't I get started and first, just really give you a very brief summary on what the Council of Economic Advisors is and what we do. And please, Jackson, step in at any point in time. You got to hit that button, they said.

MR. BAILEY: Yes, so we definitely want to say, it's an honor to be here. Thank you guys so much. LaVaughn is leading this

initiative for the Council of Economic Advisors and we're just here to assist in any way possible in this effort, so LaVaughn's going to kind of take this away, but if you guys have any data questions at any point, either during this presentation or later on, feel free to reach out to us.

DR. HENRY: Thanks very much, Jackson.

Okay. The Council of Economic Advisors is an agency within the Executive Office of the President with two purposes, basically, providing objective economic advice. We can't write feel-good reports just for the sake of saying we have a feel-good idea, feel-good reports, no, it's got to be based on the data, okay? It has to be based on the data, because it's going to have the name of the President, name of this administration, on it, so it has to be factual; has to be objective.

And based upon that analysis, we provide direct recommendations to POTUS about the initiative and other things that could be done

beyond what you may see at this point.

So what we're going to be working toward is delivering a fact-based objective analysis of the HBCU system with respect to rates of return, why it's doing so well, where challenges do exist, and how things can be improved.

Now, one thing that's motivated this entire HBCU initiative and this study is that, there's a lot of research already existing out there and trends that are occurring that will catch, that have caught, just even the most casual viewer's eye; casual researcher's eye.

One, increasing participation and success in higher education. Two, the continued benefits of higher education and continuing variation in outcomes.

With respect to just AfricanAmericans, now, we all know that HBCUs were put in place to open up the great idea of education to African-Americans back in the 1800s. But now they're open for all.

And it's that transition that is one of the things that's developing a different system that has an opportunity to improve the execution of the HBCUs, okay?

When I say, open for all, we're talking about a system that was set up for primarily African-Americans, but now is only 76 percent African-American; 24 percent other, okay. Other is, you know, everybody else.

But look what that does. That expands the reach, that expands the reach to multiple communities across the nation that allows entrance into a greater outcome. And one way we're seeing that improved outcome is improvements in attainment and earnings.

If there's any star that we're seeing across the different demographic groups, it's with women. It's with women. Not just HBCUs, but women in general. In a recent report from the Department of Education, Education Pays, I believe, is the study, 2019, it's found that between 78, in 2018, women's attainment for 25 to

29 year olds, literally, doubled; 13 to 25 percent. That's for African-Americans, okay?

African-American males, up about 70 percent, from 12 to 20 percent. Those 25 to 34 year olds who possess a Bachelor's Degree. That rate of increase matches or exceeds comparable cohorts in the white community.

So what we're seeing here is that something's working, something's working, and we need to research how and why and leverage that improvement.

On the earning side, we're also seeing progress there. In fact, if you look at African-American males, okay, and this is the real heart of our study starts from, but does not end, but if you look at wage patterns for African-American males who choose to go and get their degree, we see that the wage gap for those 25 to 34 year olds has narrowed from about 50 percent, about a 50 percent gap, to an advanced degree of about a 7 percent gap.

And what I'm basically saying is,

African-American males who get the degree and move up, they basically narrow the wage gap to the same cohort of white males to about 7 percent, and that's just by age 34, okay, for advanced degrees. Now, that's important to say, because that does impact the wage pattern, okay?

For women, okay, ladies, same thing, significant narrowing, to about 7 percent of white women. So we're seeing the benefits accrue and the longer that they are in the workforce, the narrower that gap becomes.

But again, I say, a lot of it based on degree. I'm starting to emphasize this for a reason. That's one of the things we want to look at. How is degree selection affecting outcomes? And that's huge. That's huge just not on the return side, but also the cost side, my friend, okay? Because there you bring into an issue of financing, and there you bring into an issue of student loan; student loan debt. And we want to look at that also.

Now, this, in my opinion, is a win

already and will grow. If you look at AfricanAmerican male degree holders, for those who chose
to step up beyond that high school degree, their
return grows from 51 percent to 124 percent with
that advanced degree, okay?

That's significant. That is very significant. If you look at African-American females, they earn 57 percent more than a comparable high school graduate, and an advanced degree, 109 percent, okay?

So even on these simple statistical measures, you're seeing increasing rates relative to a white cohort. And what it really comes down to is this, they're starting at a lower level of training, in general, not always, lower level of training, lower level of wealth, more issues that are being brought to the table, but, and I can already cut to the chase on this, if you look at the long-term path of rates of return, it approaches, if not exceeds, that of most, many, let's say, non-HBCU institutions.

There's a real significant growth, the

longer they stay in the workforce, the higher it 1 2 goes, okay? 3 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: We have exactly five 4 minutes. 5 DR. HENRY: Five minutes. 6 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yeah, yeah. 7 DR. HENRY: I'm only 1/10 of the way through. 8 9 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Well, you better 10 give the nine-tenths in five minutes. 11 DR. HENRY: Okay. So let's say, 12 quickly, okay, what are the advantages we're 13 talking about? One of the advantages I already 14 spoke of briefly is it opens up education, and 15 the benefits thereof, to a broader set of 16 communities. 17 HBCUs account for about 70 -- no, not 18 account, 72 percent of entrance in HBCUs come 19 from low and moderate income housing, not house, 20 income, I'm sorry. That compares to 40 percent 21 for non-HBCUs who are geographically proximate. 22 That's significant. We're educating a group that

historically has been disenfranchised, disadvantaged, and bringing them into the population.

They're providing education at a more cost-effective way. Our early research can't confirm it yet, but our early research shows, comparable degrees, without an issue of how it's financed, HBCUs have about a 14 percentage point discount to non-HBCU institutions, okay?

Another advantage is that the administration's opportunity zone initiative, coupled with this HBCU initiative, has significant potential benefit to affect positively, disaffected communities, okay?

And one is just literally that is a large overlay of HBCUs and opportunity zones geographically. HBCUs create human potential, human capital, I'm sorry, opportunity zones create long-term financial capital.

What's that overlap? My watch says I have ten minutes more. Thank you. About half of the HBCUs, 47 specifically, are in opportunity

100 percent of them are in the same 1 2 county as an opportunity zone. 3 So basically what I'm saying here is, 4 this initiative, layered on top of the 5 opportunity zone initiative, gives a great 6 potential for long-term capital development, whether it's human or financial. 7 Now, advantage four, I won't go much 8 9 into because you actually have this entire 10 presentation on the back table if you need it --11 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And we'll be sending 12 it around to you electronically. 13 DR. HENRY: Okay. But again, using my 14 friend Jonathan's favorite phrase, HBCUs continue 15 to punch above their weight. 9 percent, okay, in 16 2015, 15 percent of African-Americans attended 17 HBCU -- got HBCU degrees. 18 25 percent, in that same period, 19 whether they are there or went on to get a

Thanks so much.

doctorate degree, 25 percent had their origins in

That's a major kick-up. Give me

HBCUs.

Okay.

one more minute.

20

21

1	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: No, no, thank you so
2	much. Any questions from anyone here? I have to
3	land this by 2 o'clock. I really do, so we're
4	going to have that. I appreciate you all so
5	much.
6	DR. HENRY: Oh, okay. Let me just say
7	thank you. Let me say thank you. And I want to
8	say what we'll be researching.
9	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you so
10	much. I appreciate it.
11	DR. HENRY: We'll be researching
12	financial returns.
13	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: We have one question
14	from the Board. Yes.
15	DR. HENRY: Okay.
16	MEMBER MARTIN: Thank you for being
17	here. I think it was important for us to hear,
18	much of what we already know, from where we work,
19	because of the space we work in on a regular
20	basis, but it's critically important for all of
21	us, I'm sure, and I'm certainly speaking for me
22	personally, so what? Now that we have all of

this analysis and where you see this moving to a 1 2 place where it's meaningful. 3 DR. HENRY: Okay. Why do we need to 4 Okay. Excellent question. Why do we need to know what the rates of return to an HBCU 5 6 education is? At the most fundamental basis, it 7 justified continued investment by the 8 administration, okay, and across the board in 9 other ways. 10 You don't just throw good money after 11 bad, but if you're seeing good money make more 12 money, that's why you invest. 13 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: We're going to go 14 into a session. We have tons of questions, but I 15 just can't do it now. We have, literally, 16 there's a requirement under the law that we have 17 public comment, so I can't. Thank you so much. 18 DR. HENRY: Thank you. 19 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. We have the 20 public on the line. All right. We're going to -21 - and you're going to get this presentation and, 22 Mr. Henry, thank you, seriously, and for your

colleague, the group discussion, we're going to bring this into close real quickly, and then open for public comment, but we will get the presentation around to everyone and we'll go from there. Yes.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes. This is our part of the agenda --

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes, this is.

MR. HOLIFIELD: And my colleague,

James Redstone, will be coming up and we're going
to share the framework for how we are organizing
the federal effort, the strategy, around what
we're trying to do, so hopefully, the path
forward, you'll get an idea right now.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: But in the spirit of that, guys, like, I don't want to be the hard guy, but seriously, we got exactly 12 minutes to get through this, and we'll set it up, okay? Got to get to public comment.

MR. REDSTONE: And I promise to be concise and thank you, Chairman Taylor, and thank you, Director Holifield, for inviting me to join

you at this table, and thank you guys for taking the time to join us here in Washington, D.C. today.

So folks have spent a lot of time talking about what we've been doing and how we've been doing it. What I want to do is give you guys a little bit of a preview about what we're going to be doing moving forward and how we can better formalize and actualize some of this outreach and engagement we've been talking about throughout this day.

And first, before I do that, I want to hit the two big ideas about why this is important to us, why this is important to the President, and why this is important to me personally. You know, we believe that through better partnerships with HBCUs we'll be able to increase economic mobility for HBCU students, and we'll be able to increase economic opportunity for the community residents, you know, for the residents of the communities where HBCUs are located.

And these are the founding principles

behind why we think this is important, why we think is significant, and why this is something we should be spending our time and energy really focusing on.

You know, moving forward, I think the idea is, the framework is -- we're trying to show you guys underneath the hood about how we're going to put in place the processes to encourage a more competitive HBCU environment.

We want the federal government to be a partner here. And it's government-wide and we're trying to align, much like Evelyn spoke about, the work of DoD, in aligning its outreach and engagement with the agency's core mission and functions, we're asking all federal agencies, as part of their strategic planning process, to consider how they can engage with HBCUs as part of that.

We recognize different agencies have different missions and have different processes for going about these, but within these options, there is always an opportunity for engagement and

outreach, whether that engagement and outreach, you know, takes the form of contracts, grants, or cooperative agreements, or whether it takes the form of engagement, technical assistance, and capacity building.

And we recognize that by closer engagement, we're improving employment outcomes or possibilities for students as well. The federal government operates, in many ways, as an employer. It is our country's largest employer, in fact, and so by encouraging a closer, more cooperative agreement, we think we can help students learn — you know, earn employment opportunities after they leave.

So that's the plan itself. So how we're going to actualize it. This is the role of the White House Initiative on HBCUs. Mr. Holifield has been a wonderful advocate, he's been a wonderful and dynamic leader, but we think the importance of the White House Initiative on HBCUs is that coordinating and outreach function within the federal government itself, is the hub

of the wheel around which our federal agency plans operate.

We would not know about the work being done by other federal agencies without the initiative itself, and so it's going to continue to play that coordinating function as part of the development and engagement process.

And then finally, and these are my favorite aspects of the plan, is the priority areas. These are the areas we identified as having the most value add for students and for community members. How can federal agencies think through how their plans and how their engagement will contribute to these four key areas is essential to our process and to our plan.

And those four areas are education, right, the core mission of an institution is the education of its students. How do we improve that educational experience? Whether that is through expanded access to humanities programs or arts programs, or improved engagement with future

employers in the form of federal agencies. Every agency can play a role here.

Second, infrastructure. We understand, you know, the role of the capital financing program is important, and what I want to share is, we have a broad and inclusive idea of what infrastructure includes. This includes human capital as well.

This includes the grant making or the capacity to apply for grants. I mean, this is the technical assistance, the outreach and engagement piece we're talking about here. What is the infrastructure of the institution itself.

Third, economic development. Are we looking at HBCUs as possible opportunities or partners to engage the community, to commercialize research and technology, to facilitate and convene community stakeholders and community employers.

And then finally, academic research.

This is fairly straightforward. I think it needs
the least discussion, but it's really important,

and it's where we actually have the most targeted resources as the federal government in this space.

How do we facilitate or how do we use HBCUs as engines of the academic research enterprise, how do we encourage better integration of HBCUs with our broader academic research enterprise, and what -- you know, and how do we facilitate faculty development?

And dare I say, in some ways, even poaching. As these community networks, you know, this is a sign of success, when one faculty moves to another institution, we're expanding faculty and opportunities for students, so thank you for inviting me and thanks for having me.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Excellent. And I like that. Also, I think it's really good, seriously, and we've always been talking about the framework, so kudos to Jonathan and team being able to see it in one spot and articulate it with the four practices, coupled with you giving a context from the domestic policy. I

1	know the Trump Administration is very helpful.
2	We'll need more time to follow-up on this and I
3	think this is a we'd like to invite you back
4	because we want to, I'm certain, dig into how we
5	go about doing all of this, but this framework
6	document is really good. Seriously. Thank you.
7	And set some metrics. Very, very
8	good. As someone said. All right. Jonathan.
9	Thank you.
10	MR. HOLIFIELD: Thank you, James.
11	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All right, James.
12	My hero. Yes, you want this electronic?
13	MR. HOLIFIELD: They'll be posted. We
14	have copies here, about 50 here, and they'll be
15	posted online.
16	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So I'll get it to
17	you electronically.
18	MR. HOLIFIELD: Very good. We'll get
19	you the electronic copy. You can print it on
20	Talladega's dime.
21	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. National HBCU
22	week. National HBCU week. Let's roll.

So actually, I think we 1 MS. FRANKLIN: 2 should move forward past the initiative of dates 3 and maybe talk a little bit about the board's 4 report? 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm going to talk 6 about the report. I want to know about National 7 HBCU week? We need to get it on calendars 8 because people are scheduled. Do you have a date 9 yet? 10 MS. FRANKLIN: So everyone should have 11 this on their calendar right now. HBCU Week is 12 scheduled for the 20th through the 24th of 13 September. Here in Washington, D.C., we will be 14 right back at the Renaissance D.C. Downtown 15 It was a great venue for us last year and 16 we're going to repeat. 17 And based on the presentations from 18 today, I think we'll have some great workshops 19 moving forward. 20 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Beautiful. Now, to 21 move into the group discussion, topping the list 22 is, and Director Holifield sent me the notice, we

1 actually do have to get a report to the President 2 together, and so that's going to take a little 3 bit of work. 4 I'm going to work with the White House 5 Initiative, but that doesn't come from the White 6 House Initiative, that comes from this Board, so 7 I actually have to write it with this Board. 8 So if it would be okay with you, and 9 I have to figure out how we do it, if there is --10 I don't know if it's another phone call, I got to 11 figure it out, but how we gather all of the 12 What we may do is, I have staff, we'll 13 take a first draft or something, get it out, 14 reflecting it, send it around to everyone, if 15 that's okay, Madam Federal Officer. Is there a 16 process? 17 So just a couple MS. FRANKLIN: 18

MS. FRANKLIN: So just a couple things, so the charter was signed on May 2, 2019, so that means that your first report would be due May 2, 2020.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Right.

MS. FRANKLIN: So it's up to you. The

19

20

21

charter does not identify how you need to report, it just says that you need to report on the progress of your duties.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes.

MS. FRANKLIN: So that could include any recommendations that you want moving forward. The final draft would come to our office for submission and transmission to the Office of the President through the Secretary of Education.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes. So what I'll do is, everyone gets the emails, she's not here now, she got caught in her flights as well, but I have someone from my team, if it's okay with you, I want this feedback from everyone, if we could take a shot at a first draft, and then get it to you all, and then feel free to put all the commentary you want into it. Is that good?

Okay. So Emily Dickens from my staff will be working on that and then we'll get it out to you. Expect that within the next month so that we can have ample time to make any changes that are necessary to hit the May deadline.

1	MS. FRANKLIN: So just for the
2	official record, if you would move to have that
3	action.
4	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: There's a motion.
5	Clark second.
6	MS. FRANKLIN: On the record or off
7	record?
8	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: On the record.
9	MEMBER HAWKINS: Yes, Billy Hawkins.
10	I move that our Chairman and his staff create a
11	draft for this Board to review.
12	MEMBER GRIGSBY: Second.
13	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Who seconded it?
14	Marshall Grigsby. Thank you. All in favor?
15	(Chorus of ayes.)
16	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Any against? Good,
17	because I was going to make you do it if you
18	didn't like it. Okay. Great. I'm now going to
19	open the floor for public comment. We have two
20	questions that have come in. One, do I have to
21	give the name of the person?
22	MS. FRANKLIN: Yes.

Jenkins. The R&D Tax Credit Program managed by the Securities and Exchange Commission is the largest tax credit available to businesses.

Businesses that are eligible are required to submit a 10k form.

In the construct of this tax credit, can the Board consider proposing that additional tax credits be granted to businesses that demonstrate that HBCUs are on their team? Oh, that was question number one. Number two.

There are currently 42 FFRDCs, I don't know what that is -- tell you what, you're going to answer that? What is an FFRDCs and 12 UARCs?

MS. JENKINS: Sure. FFRDC stands for Federally Funded Research Development Center, and the UARC stands for University Affiliated Research Center.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Got it. So there are 42 of that first category, 12 of the second one, but none of them are being led by HBCUs.

Has the Board considered changing this narrative?

And then the third -- this person asked four questions, that's why I needed this time. The fourth question is, has there been any discussion by the Executive Branch on the White House Initiatives of HBCUs sitting on the procurement review board to ensure competitive scientific proposals from NIH, NSF, DoD, DHS, et cetera, are equitable to avoid biases regarding HBCUs?

And then finally, and I'm going to tackle each one, but I want to rattle them all off, has there been any consideration providing HBCUs with opportunity zone grants to provide technical assistance and training, for example, on prison reform?

So let's tackle the first one. That was a question about the R&D tax credit program and whether or not the Board would consider proposing that additional tax credits be granted to businesses who demonstrate that HBCUs are on their team.

Yes, for the person, Ms. Jenkins, that

is something that we will take on as a follow-up.

MS. FRANKLIN: So, Mr. Chair, let me just reiterate that in these public comments, these are comments that are posed to the Board. We are not required to respond at this time, but it is an opportunity for us to think forward on what these questions submit and maybe go into your report.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. The second question is from -- or the second -- four questions, the second request or person to be recognized is Len Williams and his comment is related to HBCU contract vehicles.

And presumably, the question is, how we use HBCUs as contracting vehicles. Broad question, to be fair, and I think some of it was addressed today, various agencies see them differently. I think it was the agency that said they actually operate through disbursements more than anything else, so they're not contractors nor research. Is Len here? Okay.

MR. WILLIAMS: Yes, Mr. Chair. Thank

you. I am going to sidetrack from my request and just wanted to say within one minute, to say thank you to what I call HTH, it stands for Holifield, it stands for Taylor, and it stands for Haynes.

I want to commend the leadership

because in my time going back as an advocate -
by the way, I'm Len Williams. I'm founder of

Black Colleges Matters. And I have been involved

with this Board since the Reagan and Bush daddy,

Bush Years, and beyond.

And I have never seen, in the last three years, more information, more knowledge, more outreach, and the HBCU community than I have seen in the last three years.

So I just want to commend what I call HTH for your leadership. We have so much enthusiasm going out in the HBCU community that I've never seen before in 30 years. Keep up the good work gentlemen and, Dr. Haynes, thank you. I don't know if you all know, but — and he made it said, he made it known publicly, he would be

1 leaving us soon.

So I want to say to, Dr. Haynes, thank you for your behind the scenes leadership and advocacy on behalf of our HBCU community. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And when he said,
leaving us, leaving us, like, to go somewhere
else. He's with us for a while, I hope, a little
bit longer, and we will have more discussion
around that. He's got great opportunity as he
retires from the agency, I mean, from the
department. Any other comments?

Do I have any other comments to recognize?

MS. FRANKLIN: No other registered comments.

actually have three minutes. I'm going to quickly do a runaround here so that I can kind of land this. We'll have an extra few minutes at the end, but I'd like each member, if there's anything you want us to specifically follow-up or

just respond to what you've heard today, please take the opportunity now. Starting on my far left, Dr. Martin.

MEMBER MARTIN: Thanks very much. I would agree with Len, who spoke a few moments ago, it's been a very special array of conversations, inclusive of today, and I am particularly pleased with the framework, the economic analysis that's been done, the framework's been shaped, that begins to add very strategic structure for our committee to be able to do its work in a much more meaningful way, that drives towards the objectives, I think, we've set at the beginning of our meetings.

And so I'm looking forward to what the future holds for our conversation.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you.

MEMBER HAWKINS: I think it's been a very productive day, but I do want to call to our attention, and let us not forget that we have been before these agencies in the past, and the results, we've not gotten the kind of results

that we've expected.

So as I hear agencies saying, well,

HBCUs don't apply, don't reach out, I don't agree

with that, okay, because our schools do apply,

and they've reached out, for a lot of years. So

some of this is not new, so then I think as a

Board, I hope that we continue to drill down on

that to the framework and as well as — and I

love hearing — talking about doing statistical

analysis and so we can analyze, that as we bring

them before us, then what are the results?

Are we getting the results? Because especially when you apply for grants, you have reviewers, and these are independent reviewers that come in, and then so I think we want to continue to look at that.

And then I just want to call to the attention that we knew Colonel that took charge of the depot in Anniston, Alabama. Okay. And he asked the question, brand new in town, do we have any HBCUs in this area?

Well, Talladega is right there. And

so he said, are we doing any business with

Talladega College? And the answer was no. He

initiated, he called my office, he brought his

entire staff to campus, must have been about 10,

12 people, said, we're going to make this happen.

And so we've got to get some of these agencies in that mind -- frame of mind if we're truly committed to getting our HBCUs involved with these agencies. Thank you, Mr. Chairman.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Thank you.

MEMBER GRIGSBY: Thank you, Mr.

Chairman. I do, as well, think that today was

very helpful. A good beginning. There is

certainly a lot more energy going in to the whole

issue of HBCUs now than has been the case in the

past.

I would simply make one comment that

I'm going to include this when you send the first

draft around for the report, and that is to deal

with the question, how do we enhance the culture

of data gathering, analytical assessment, and

documentation within our community?

That is fine to have all the information, but if we don't develop a culture of data gathering, of analytical assessment of that data and documentation, then we'll continue to be pushed against headwinds.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Absolutely. Dr. Breaux.

MEMBER BREAUX: I'd like to add my acknowledgments for this very, very productive day. I thought the presentations were excellent. I always feel as though we don't have enough time.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Right.

MEMBER BREAUX: So just as we move ahead and we look at our meeting schedule, because the presentations are fully of information, and there's so much rich discussion and questioning that comes from that, so as we go forward, that would be helpful just to think of how we structure so we can address these really critical issues.

I have a couple of takeaways and

action items. We continue to have conversation around opportunity zones and where to head in order to enact those relationships if we are not currently in an opportunity zone, and it came up again here today.

And it seems as though there may be a disconnect. We're hearing about going to the governor, but I'm not sure that all of the governors understand what is possible, so I think there's some follow-up that's needed there.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes, ma'am.

MEMBER BREAUX: Secondly, I'd like to pickup on a couple of comments here about metrics. We live in a metric-driven society, especially in higher education. We should be collecting the data and we should be pushing out our story with data.

So these last two presentations especially, I think, are so critical for making sure we're looking at the data and telling our story, and communicating out.

Our HBCUs reside in 19 states, only 19

states. There are many other opportunities for us to tell this story and not assume that everyone across this country understands the value, especially the economic value, that we bring.

And we need to tell the stories to our creditors, to the states, to the government agencies, and throughout this country, so as we think about our strategy of where we head, we really need to take that data and push it out even more strongly.

And I'll end on that note, and again,

I think it's been a very productive day.

MEMBER RATH: I hear so much good coordination that you've made happen. All kinds of opportunities. If I put myself in the shoes of presidents, I think I would need a Match.com officer. I mean, how do we match all the things that are possible with what each institution needs and find some way to make that happen and happen faster?

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Mr. Hunter.

MEMBER HUNTER: Yes, I want to followup on something that Dr. Hawkins said about the,
I think you said, Colonel who called him up and
that's why I was impressed with the presentation
by the young lady from the Department of Defense.

I said to Ms. Rath during her presentation that the Department of Defense covers everything in here and everything outside of here. And so the Department of Defense, I mean, they clearly have the resources, but I was very impressed with the fact that she was reaching out to the HBCUs and really making a big effort.

Since I am a graduate of an HBCU, I know from my experience in Arkansas and many other presidents here, Dr. Hawkins, and the presidents know that the HBCU, the presidents generally have to do the, as your question, the outreach to the governor and the legislators, initially, in my experience, they should be doing it, because sometimes when you delegate that to lower level people, it gets screwed up and I've

seen that happen too.

But that's why I made the comment I made earlier when the Chancellor at UAPB invited the governor back in 2015 to be the commencement speaker, it was a wise decision.

And since then, the state has helped finance the expansion of the baseball park at UAPB, through the governor, out of the governor's budget, and I think we, if certain schools don't have a relationship with the governor, I don't care what party they are, you have to -- better start working on it because that's where it is.

And both Missouri and Arkansas, the HBCUs have a relationship with the governor, I know that personally, and you just have to deal with that if you're going to expect to get support, but I thought it was an excellent meeting.

I was impressed with the presenters.

I was happy to have somebody here from the

Council of Economic Advisors because even though

we didn't get a chance to ask that many

questions, I recall when Murray Weidenbaum, back during the Regan Administration, who was at Washington University when I was a student in law school, and then he was Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors under President Reagan, and Murray Weidenbaum then came back to Washington University, and I've always been very impressed with the Council of Economic Advisors.

So to me, Mr. Chairman, I was impressed that we had someone here speaking to us from the Council, along with the other agency officials form the Council of Economic Advisors.

That's a very well respected organization within the federal government.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And I don't want to bring Dr. Breaux in, but it's a good point. We know that the agenda was a little too packed.

But in fairness, he was here to say, this is what we're going to do. He hadn't done the work yet, so we expect that he'll be back --

MEMBER HUNTER: He said he'll be back in September.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: So today was kind of a taste of it and expect that we're going to have him back, because the data is going to drive the narrative. Dr. Breaux, and then I'm going to quickly jump over here to the end.

MEMBER BREAUX: Just a point of clarification on the action item with regard to the opportunity zones, because I think everyone around this table does their advocating and networking with elected officials, and that's the case for our institution.

What I'm asking for is, as we're transitioning and new opportunities are coming, becoming available, I think the White House Initiative can be helpful with our HBCUs in saying there is change. And these are opportunities that are now available that weren't once available and helping to raise awareness among their government relations folks with us, because we're working on it from one end.

But hearing from you, I think it adds greater credibility and clarification that, yes,

you can ask for a designation for your institutions, so we've evolved, and I'll ask that if you could help in that conversation with us.

And they'll take off record. The reality is what you saw was a disagreement about whether or not you could. Those 8000-plus zones were first sent to the governors and the governors chose them.

It actually is probably too late, but there may be, in some future iteration, if we think about post-election new legislation, but I think -- so when she said it, I think we all kind of said, oh, but we'll get back to you with the final answer on that.

Right, but it's -- okay. It's very complicated and we got 8000 of them now.

MEMBER HUNTER: Mr. Chairman, that's why one of the presenters even said, I think it might have been the lady from NIH said, you need to contact us before we send out the solicitation, and on these kind of issues, I see it over and over, people call me at the last

minute and I'll say, well, the governor's already 1 2 made that decision. 3 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's right. MEMBER HUNTER: Yes. 4 5 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I'm wrapping Yes. 6 Going to get these comments done. 7 MEMBER WILLIAMS: You know, from my 8 perspective, I saw a tremendous amount of what 9 looked like significant actions on the part of 10 everybody that came in today, but I'm always 11 struck, you know, as I just took over the six 12 companies, and I run them, struck by the fact 13 that every time I go peer into the metrics, I 14 don't find all of the actions that say that the 15 measures are real. And I'm a bit concerned because I have 16 17 a fundamental belief that within all of the 18 excitement of all of the things that are going 19 on, real tangible actions have to take place. 20 And so my fundamental belief is, if 21 you don't measure it, it isn't real. So that's 22 number one. And so the question is, how are we

going to measure the actions beyond just this group, but the broader context of the organization. That's one.

Two is, how do we consolidate those actions so that we know exactly what's taking place by what parts of this administration so that we're not guessing or hoping that things get done, because my second fundamental belief is, hope, by itself, is not a good strategy.

And then thirdly, capturing the initiative also puts pressure on the organization, because they know they're being watched, how do we make sure that that right amount of pressure is being applied across the administration to get to the fundamental outcome that we're looking for?

So those are the kinds of things that I'd like to see us talk about so that we have a more structured, organized review based on metrics that tells us that we're really going somewhere.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: That's a very, very

fair point and that's what I'm hoping we can capture in this report. We can talk about all the activity and then we're going to be able to work with the White House Initiative to say, and this is what various of the agencies did over this last year, and what the opportunity is for them to have done more.

Some of them admitted that they stared, failed, didn't make the sort of -- you know, when you think about the one from National Endowment of Arts, she said, like, it didn't work, and you called her out on it, but I think there are learnings there.

It could be that they engaged in a lot of activity, but it wasn't the right activity, and so therefore, they didn't get great results.

But that's exactly what I -- it'll be really interesting when you get the report that we're going to give you, we're going to call it out, honestly, the things that worked well, and those things that didn't work well, and there's both.

We need to be more balanced. I promise you, it's

not going to be go beat up on them, because I think we all admit there's been major progress this year. Yes, sir.

MEMBER JUSTICE: So I think I'm hearing that we're quickly using some different vocabulary, but we're coming to some common ground here that'll help you on your report. And I have a fear as well. Little different one, I have never seen federal agencies move to create opportunity so fast in my life, and I spent 40-plus years in the federal government, right, in probably the most active, and that's the Defense Department.

But it's perishable. If you don't take advantage of it, it will disappear because somebody else will take those resources that have been — because now they're visible to people and somebody's going to say, well, if you're not going to use that, I got a place to put it, and it's gone.

So we really need to then take another step. We need to figure out, as a community of

schools, how do we organize the schools? I've got a couple ideas. We could organize regionally.

We've got ten HBCUs in my state,
right? We could do that. Or we could organize
by interest, or function, or specialty, or
whatever you want to call that, engineering
schools together, or art schools together, or
teaching colleges together. How do we organize
our schools to create a mass that we can approach
this massive federal government?

The Defense Department, that woman's organization is bigger than your schools are, literally, right? And billions of dollars of money. Exactly. But do that, how do we organize so we can take advantage of those opportunities?

And then what do we need to empower our schools? Because right now, some of the schools can't approach that, and you were describing it, Billy, as some of the opportunities we don't know how to take advantage of.

And if it gets filtered down, people fall into ruts. This is change on our side if we are going to take advantage of that. And how do we team. What are those teams like? Those public/private partnerships. I'm going to just name one that was pretty amazing to me.

Donna, out of Department of Treasury and the event that you spoke at and we got to see, pretty incredible. What impressed me was that she's followed up and she's working with MITRE Corporation. MITRE is a federally-funded research and development center, an FFRDC, and probably one of the best in the world.

Their charter from the federal government is to change these bureaucratic systems that the Deputy Secretary talked about doing here right now. I mean, so they're on the right track and they're dead serious about it.

Are we able to change our system and hire our own place to get in the right place that can put in for these proposals to be able to then put the contracting on place, be able to execute

the contract in a program that will be auditable and that's a challenge.

There's other examples in that teaming partnership. We've tried some unique teaming, three of us in here are a member of a very unique teaming partnership. We might not win the proposal, but we won because we learned that we've got an advantage by teaming the way we did, locally and nationally.

So the question is, it's perishable, how do we create that force? Now, we know the physics of that, it's mass times acceleration.

The federal government's accelerating and we got to mass on this problem and jump it.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Got it. Thank you.

Dr. Hawkins.

MEMBER DAWKINS: Okay. Quickly. I want to piggyback on what Kevin said about being data-driven. We hear all these opportunities, but we don't have enough results. When I was looking at the information you sent us to read ahead of time, of 101 HBCUs, only about 20 were

listed, and some over and over again.

over again, okay, and so less than 20. Less than 20 benefitted from these opportunities and when you really drill down, many people hosted events on these campuses, workshops and summits, but when you look at the actual granting of awards, you don't see that much, okay?

And so it's enough to meet the

Executive Order, but to what extent are you

really interested in implementing the Executive

Order to make a difference on our campuses?

And to that extent, the other thing,

I've traveled around, and Jonathan and I have

seen each other so much in these last two weeks

at different events, but what's most embarrassing

at these events, not enough of us show up, okay?

And it's not because we don't know about it, it is because we don't know about it, we find out about these events at the last minute, and so to that extent, I like what you've done with the federal agency.

I would suggest that we consider a similar document for all the HBCUs and the contacts inside our organizations that meet that department's objective. For example, who would be the campus contact for federal contracts, for someone from federally-sponsored program, who would be the DoD contact?

Because we don't need them to say we offer it and they didn't take advantage of it, because many times, we just don't know. And at these events, you have more federal people than the HBCU people, so those are the things I would like to stress, creating a directory online as well as a hardcopy directory of HBCU presidents and their contacts affiliated with different federal agencies.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: President Clark.

MEMBER CLARK: Quickly. Ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto. If it's not measured, it's not managed. We must develop event dashboards of our own. And we should also work on a continued developing of better connecting mechanisms such

that we can move forward as a fact-based, datadriven, decision-making organization.

MEMBER ELLIS: Great. Fantastic day.

Again, I want to reiterate the comments made

earlier about the leadership, the HTH leadership,

definitely didn't know what I was getting myself

into when I joined the Board, but it definitely

has been an exciting opportunity and I like the

direction that we're moving, and also want to

give a shout out to the F in the HTH, Ms.

Franklin, so thank you for keeping us moving

forward.

Couple things that were mentioned, time and strategy earlier, and I think one thing for me that I'd like to mention is, how does this Board facilitate connectivity to all other HBCUs throughout the country that we are serving on behalf of?

And so for example, linking with some of the statewide HBCU advisory boards that are formed. We have one in Louisiana, I know Alabama has one, there are probably some in some other

states that I'm not familiar with, but how do we take what we're doing here, link to those statewide HBCU advisory boards to make -- to have more of an impact in those states and regionally?

And then, we talk about strategy. One of the things I get a lot of times are invitations to these events, but they're around D.C. and Baltimore, I'm in Shreveport, Louisiana. So it takes me five hours to get to D.C. and then the resources.

So how can we link the national representatives with some of those regional representatives in the area to create regional workshops or regional opportunities for us to not only participate -- have us participate, but have people within our organizations participate?

So for instance, I formed a relationship with EPA on a national level, but the relationship that I have EPA regionally, in Dallas, is more profound. I can communicate with them on a consistent basis and that that relationship is facilitated with the national

organizations.

So how do we do those workshops
systemically throughout the nation from a
regional perspective? And so great information,
it just felt like speed dating, and so great, but
I want a longer date next time.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Yes.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Very quickly. Thank you all for coming. I just want to bring a little bit of reality to the expectations of what we're doing. The initiative's primary role is pushing out and all what you saw today and have seen since we have been engaged with one another is pushing out.

There's a connect up and that is largely, as Nick described, on the field. And we need help. If we want to pull down more value from these opportunities, I have to be honest, it's not going to be maxing out a five-person initiative with a budget of \$100,000.

It must come from the field. And in terms of planning, goaling, metrics, and

reporting, that's what this does. For the first time. Dr. Martin and I, when we first met, we had an extensive discussion on this very thing.

So we have an opportunity. This is not magic, but we have an opportunity to plan better, build better plans, have actual goals, metrics, and reporting requirements, and most importantly, it has to come from the field.

Dr. Hawkins, I am happy to partner with you in your role with one of our leading advocacy organizations. Perhaps we can develop some consortia to bring together the same kind of ecosystem disciplines to connect up to these opportunities.

That's where we really have to improve. That's it.

CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: And in the last two, three minutes of this meeting, a couple things that ultimately we have to think about. This White House Initiative, they have a responsibility. This Board has a separate responsibility and we talked about that at the

first meeting.

John doesn't report to me, I don't report to him, my job is to send this right up to the White House and the Secretary so that they understand, one, what the data really is, and so the most important thing we can do is not — for a long time, my observation is, we've had a narrative about what HBCUs are, but the narrative without the data just doesn't move anyone.

And Dr. Breaux hit it spot on, we're

19 states. The President of the United States
has to deal with 50 states, and so if there is a
collective, if all 50 states don't value it, then
he's getting pressure to put the money somewhere
else.

So sometimes I think we get ourselves convinced that we matter, but there's far more states where you don't sit in who don't care if you exist or not. They make the case to send it to North Dakota, Minnesota, I mean, there are other places, and those are some very active governors.

So we're all competing for a finite pot of money and we are in the minority, again, if you're only in 19 states. So if we can't use this data and we really have to use our new access. For the people, again, who didn't see the wisdom of having the White House Initiative in the White House, that's how we can have someone show up from the Council of Economic Advisors, because it's not just sitting down in Department of Education hidden.

But we've got to send this information back up to make the case, so we have got to supplement this narrative.

I met with the Secretary, Secretary

Scalia, the other days, and he said, you know, I

understand all of the interest around research

and everything, but really, your most compelling

argument is that you're putting people to work.

I get it, you want a lot of money, but if you show me that you're putting these people into the workplace and the economics show that they're earning 102 percent more than they would

have and not a net negative, because instead, you're incarcerating them or taking care of them in a social welfare system, he said, that's the most compelling case for us to invest in HBCUs.

So what I'm going to hopefully gather and I want everyone's very candid feedback on this document is, we've got to -- we literally have to give the President and his administration the data to make the case for why they should continue investing in us.

on us, and that's the job of the PBA. So to say, this is why you should do it, this is what we're doing well, this is what we need more of to help us do better, but this is really a document.

It's a document for the case for HBCU investment based in data.

So that's what you're going to get from me and we can give a whole bunch of reasons, but I just think it's really -- we all are drinking the Kool-Aid. We're here because we're committed HBCUs. There are a whole bunch of

people who, one, don't know what an HBCU is, and 1 2 who don't care what an HBCU is. 3 And if we're being very honest with 4 ourselves, that's our challenge, is we got to 5 make this relevant to the entire country, not to 6 our, sort of, small community. Okay. all very, very much for the meeting today. 7 And we're going to convene again. 8 9 thing that I think we are going to think about, 10 there is a case for us to consider one of these 11 meetings in another city, on a campus, so that is 12 another thing that we will consider as well. 13 So we're going to also, in advance of 14 the next meeting, think about where we might be 15 able to do this, all right? Everybody wants to 16 go to Vegas. Okay. Let me get off the record. 17 Let me get off the record. 18 MS. FRANKLIN: Before we start moving 19 20 CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Excuse me one quick 21 second. 22 MS. FRANKLIN: Excuse me.

1	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: I just need a move
2	to adjourn for the record.
3	MEMBER BREAUX: Move to adjourn.
4	MEMBER CLARK: Second.
5	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: Okay. All in favor.
6	(Chorus of ayes.)
7	CHAIRMAN TAYLOR: All against. Okay.
8	Thank you.
9	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter
10	went off the record at 2:26 p.m.)
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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: Board Meeting

Before: WHI on HBCU

Date: 02-14-20

Place: Washington, DC

was duly recorded and accurately transcribed under my direction; further, that said transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Court Reporter

near Nous 8

WHITE HOUSE INITIATIVE ON HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

+ + + + +

PRESIDENT'S BOARD OF ADVISORS

+ + + + +

MEETING

+ + + + +

WEDNESDAY

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SEPTEMBER 11, 2019

The President's Board of Advisors met in the Renaissance East Ballroom, 999 9th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., at 9:30 a.m., Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman, presiding.

PRESENT

JOHNNY C. TAYLOR, Chairman AMINTA H. BREAUX JAMES E. CLARK PHYLLIS WORTHY DAWKINS RODNEY A. ELLIS MARSHALL GRIGSBY BILLY HAWKINS RONALD A. JOHNSON NICKOLAS JUSTICE HAROLD L. MARTIN, SR.

CONNIE RATH

ALSO PRESENT

SEDIKA FRANKLIN, Designated Federal Officer

JOHNATHAN HOLIFIELD, Executive Director

FRANCINE ALKISSWANI

BRUCE KATZ

JENNIFER SHIEH

JA'RON SMITH

SCOTT TURNER

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1 P-R-O-C-E-E-D-I-N-G-S 2 (9:32 a.m.) 3 So good morning, ladies MS. FRANKLIN: 4 and gentlemen. Thank you for being here. 5 My name is Sedika Franklin, Associate 6 Director with the White House Initiative on 7 HBCUs. I serve as the designated federal 8 9 official for the President's Advisory Board on 10 historically black colleges and universities. 11 There are a few announcements before 12 we get started. These proceedings are recorded. 13 We are joined here by a court reporter. 14 remarks on microphone are recorded and become 15 public record and will be entered into the 16 national archives following our meetings. 17 I'd like to take a brief moment and 18

ask all Board members to review the meeting minutes in your packet. These are meeting minutes from June 13th, 2019.

And Mr. Chair, when you open up, I would like to call for the approval and

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1 certification of the minutes to be published to 2 the Board's website for the national archives. 3 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you, Ms. Franklin. 4 5 I'm going to now officially call this 6 meeting to order. And before we do any official 7 business, it is important, and especially 8 important today, that we give the pledge of 9 allegiance. 10 This is a critical day, if you think 11 about it, in our American history, September 12 I don't know about any of you all, but I 13 woke up this morning and flipped on that 14 television and all of us, I think with the 15 exception of a few millennials in the room, we --

I think all of us can relate to that.

So we live in a wonderful country, and we have a

lot to celebrate. And September 11th was a very,

very dark day for our country.

you know where you were at that moment.

So with that in mind, I'd like us all to please stand and pledge allegiance to our

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-	Councily. Fieldse Join Me.
2	(Pledge of allegiance.)
3	CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.
4	Ms. Franklin will commence with the
5	roll call and then ask for a to accept the
6	minutes of the meeting June 13th.
7	MS. FRANKLIN: Before we get started,
8	I would like the ask the gallery and all members
9	to please mute their phones.
10	Later, there will be a public comment
11	section of this Board meeting. Public comments
12	must be registered. You can do that back at the
13	desk where you signed in with me.
14	It's also important to note the public
15	comment must be related to the topics at hand.
16	Public comment, unless otherwise
17	stated by the Chair, will be no more than three
18	minutes.
19	So without further ado, we'll begin
20	roll call.
21	Johnny C. Taylor, Junior.
22	MR. TAYLOR: Present.

1	MS. FRANKLIN: Aminta Breaux.
2	James E. Clark.
3	MR. CLARK: Present.
4	MS. FRANKLIN: Phyllis Dawkins.
5	MS. DAWKINS: Present.
6	MS. FRANKLIN: Rodney Ellis.
7	MR. ELLIS: Present.
8	MS. FRANKLIN: Marshall Grigsby.
9	MR. GRIGSBY: Present.
10	MS. FRANKLIN: Billy Hawkins.
11	DR. HAWKINS: Present.
12	MS. FRANKLIN: Jerry Hunter.
13	Jerry Hunter.
14	Ronald A. Johnson.
15	DR. JOHNSON: Present.
16	MS. FRANKLIN: Nickolas Justice.
17	MR. JUSTICE: Present.
18	MS. FRANKLIN: Harold L. Martin, Sr.
19	MR. MARTIN: Present.
20	MS. FRANKLIN: Bernard J. Milano.
21	Bernard J. Milano.
22	Connie Rath.

1	MS. RATH: Present.
2	MS. FRANKLIN: Kevin Williams.
3	Kevin Williams.
4	Mr. Chair, I'm happy to report we do
5	have a quorum. We can call for a vote on the
6	certification of June 13th minutes.
7	MS. DAWKINS: I move for approval.
8	MR. CLARK: Second.
9	CHAIR TAYLOR: Hearing it's been moved
10	by Member Dawkins and seconded by Member Clark,
11	all in favor
12	MULTIPLE: Aye.
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: of approving the
14	minutes of June 13th, 2019.
15	MS. FRANKLIN: Wonderful. It's
16	official.
17	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. By the way, if
18	anyone doesn't so thank you. Let the record
19	reflect that it was unanimous.
20	So listen, we're going to jump right
21	into this. We're awaiting the arrival of the
22	Secretary. A couple of the members of the Board

are en route. One of them had commencement, Dr. Breaux, so she's running slightly behind. So we know who's here.

And one of the other members let us know that he's having a medical procedure, Mr.

Hunter -- Board Member Hunter, et cetera. So we are fully here in so many ways.

It's no surprise. The whole conversation that we saw yesterday, the excitement around the opportunity zones. We all knew that that would become an area of focus for us. Frankly, much of the business community is talking about it right now.

So this group has decided that we're going to focus on our three pillars. One is, of course, public-private partnerships. That also ties to opportunity zones.

The second one is opportunity zones itself. And then thirdly, infrastructure, to be able to take advantages of some of the opportunities presented by the opportunity zones.

So if you recall from our last

meeting, and the minutes reflected it, we knew that there were 10, 12, 15 things we could do, but we focused in on three things, particularly given the fact that we have what we know to be 12, 14 months to do our work and whatever happens after that, we'll get to that after the 2020 elections.

But for now, we know that we have a window of opportunity, a limited opportunity to take advantage of this new initiative. As the President said yesterday, 50 of the -- over half of the HBCUs are located in opportunity zones.

There's some 9000 of them. It's about 8800 or so, but — that we know that we have the opportunity to take advantage of those, and we have industry chomping at the bit to do business in these opportunity zones or near the opportunity zones.

So we're going to have some discussion today because one of the questions that was asked earlier was what happens if you're not technically physically located in an opportunity

zone. How too can you participate in that?

So we're going to have all of those questions answered today. For those who were at the meeting yesterday, the initial meeting, there was a track — I don't know, the days are blurring together. I think it was the first day we met with the HBCU president, on the president's track, and I want to thank our members who participated on the panel.

There was a -- I asked the presidents in attendance, if we convene a meeting with real depth -- so this group is going to spend two and a half hours today, but a day and a half of the absolute experts, including the original architect of the whole concept.

I've met with them. If we will convene them in Washington, D.C., will you show up. And not your delegate, but you plus the right person or two on your team. We'll take care of it.

So I got confirmation from my chief of staff that we do have -- she has -- she will pay

for it, and we're going to get this on the calendar right away. We're going to work

Executive Director Holifield to get the people lined up so that we have the people from

Treasury, the people -- and most importantly, the people from the industry, from the funds themselves.

So it's not enough to be in an opportunity zone if you don't have an opportunity zone fund to put the money into and then put it into the market.

So we're going to actually have representatives of the funds in place as well at this meeting, so a lot of work to do in a fairly short period of time, but this is not -- to be clear, it is not a federal government convening.

It is not a -- we are going to fund it and pay for it as an example of a public-private partnership. Okay? So we will be doing that, and Emily Dickens who, for those in the room, here to the right, my chief of staff and who runs Government affairs, will be the lead on this,

also a proud double graduate of North Carolina
Central State University.

She lets us all know that. Emily, would you stand so that people know who you are? And we'll -- as my introductory remarks, we want to make sure that this happens quickly, and we want to bring the experts to the table.

So that is forthcoming in fairly short order. But to be clear for the record, this is not -- this committee doing this, it is an example of a public-private partnership, and we will convene.

And I've actually spoken with Ms. Rath to see if Gallup might be willing to -- even if we have to pay for it -- provide the space for it. We just want to make sure you're treated well and you have a good experience when you get here. So we're going to move this along quickly.

Okay. With that, the Secretary, as I said, will come in fairly short order.

We're going to have a slight change in the agenda. There's going to be an announcement

this morning from the White House about opportunity zones.

And so as a result, the two people who were supposed to initially present, Ja'Ron Smith and Mr. -- I think his name is Scott Turner -- are going to come in, but we're going to reverse their order.

So we're going to start immediately with someone who knows this area very, very well, Bruce Katz.

I think Bruce is being chimed in via phone, right, Ms. Franklin?

Yes. So he's going to come in via phone to begin the presentation. He's a technical expert on opportunity zones. He has a presentation that will appear on the screen, and I'm really careful. For those who don't realize when I'm saying this, I'm trying to make sure the record reflects for the people who are on the phone as well so that they know when I'm pointing at things and they have to know what I'm pointing at or the record won't reflect it.

1	But Bruce Katz is with an organization
2	called The New Localism, and literally is one of
3	the foremost thought leaders and experts on this
4	new product called or new opportunity called
5	an opportunity zone.
6	Mr. Katz, are you there?
7	He's there. But can we hear him
8	can he hear us?
9	(Off mic comments.)
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: He's supposed to be on
11	9:40
12	PARTICIPANT: Hi. This is Bruce
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: I thought so. I was
14	going to say.
15	Okay. We can't hear you. Can you
16	speak into it a little better?
17	Just get
18	PARTICIPANT: Hi. This is Bruce's
19	assistant. He'll call in in one minute.
20	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you.
21	If I may, this may take us you all
22	can tell me all these Federal rules, but can we

1 for this minute have any comments from members of 2 the Board as we open the morning as part of the 3 welcoming remarks? Anyone want to bring any specific 4 5 comments to the floor? We've had a wonderful, 6 wonderful HBCU week that, you know, culminated yesterday with a presentation by the President of 7 8 the United States, the first ever to appear at 9 HBCU week, and the room was packed and the energy 10 was good. 11 And so any comments from the members? DR. JOHNSON: Well, I'd like to, one, 12 13 congratulate --14 Identify yourself, I'm CHAIR TAYLOR: 15 sorry. 16 DR. JOHNSON: Can you hear? 17 CHAIR TAYLOR: No, we just need to 18 identify for the record --19 DR. JOHNSON: Oh. 20 CHAIR TAYLOR: -- who's speaking. I'm 21 sorry. 22 DR. JOHNSON: Ronald Johnson.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes.

DR. JOHNSON: I'd like to congratulate Jonathan and the team for putting on a really thoughtful content-rich gathering, well organized and I think truly appreciated because it represents the real clear sense of support for HBCUs. So thank you and thank the team.

MR. KATZ: Yeah, hi, this is Bruce Katz just joining in.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Hi, Mr. Katz. If you give us about 30 seconds, we're wrapping up the opening comments section, but I'm glad to hear you and I need to make sure we get more volume from him as he is going to lead this discussion.

We need to hear him a little better.

DR. HAWKINS: Yeah, Mr. Chairman, Billy Hawkins from Talladega College.

Again, I echo what Dr. Johnson has indicated about the week. A great week,

Jonathan, congratulations, a phenomenal week, a lot of positive comments and would say the President's address yesterday, I heard nothing

but positive comments about it.

So I thought that was very positive. But I reached out to the young scholars that was on the side and asked some of them. Oftentimes, you know, as adults, you know, we listen and we hear and form opinions, but my conversation with some of the young scholars was very, very positive that, you know, what they had heard.

And but they were very, very impressed because they saw themselves. They saw the President talking about their future and commitment to HBCU. So I appreciate you all.

And the -- I guess the only question

I has is that have you all -- has that been

pushed out in terms of the first to address this

group? I've been present 18 and a half years,

and so very, very, you know, positive step.

I know for sure in 18 and a half years that we've never had the body addressed by a president.

CHAIR TAYLOR: So it -- you know, we want to be careful here because no one -- first

of all, it's, again, reemphasizing. We are in the HBCU policy, not politics. So I want to make very, very clear that it never appears that we are trying to take a, in any way, push a political agenda, a partisan agenda at all.

The facts do speak for themselves that it was the first time, and we've been pushing for a long time.

There could be a myriad of reasons over, you know, these years that others haven't, and they may be totally legitimate reasons, so it's not for me to draw any conclusions other than to state the fact that he did yesterday and it was a wonderful event.

And I hope, frankly, no matter who's in office, I hope this is the beginning of future presidents understanding the significance of speaking to this audience because you can't say you love HBCUs but not show me you love HBCUs, right?

Yes. Member Clark.

MS. FRANKLIN: Before we go to Dr.

Clark, just remember to pull your mics forward so 1 2 that we can be sure to be clear and record. 3 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you. 4 MR. CLARK: Thank you. 5 Just one quick question for those who are not able to be there and for the rest of our 6 constituents, was it taped and is it available 7 8 publicly somewhere, the speech? CHAIR TAYLOR: And I don't know the 9 10 I know the transcript -answer. 11 MS. FRANKLIN: That's a me question 12 again. 13 CHAIR TAYLOR: -- was released last 14 night. 15 MS. FRANKLIN: That's a question for 16 So our presentations in the general assembly 17 were live-streamed, courtesy of NASA. And those 18 comments will be posted to the White House 19 Initiative website by next week. MR. HOLIFIELD: And it's also on a 20 commercial product by -- well, I wasn't going to 21 22 This is Jonathan Holifield. say it.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Yeah. But the -- and 1 2 the transcript was released -- literally the 3 verbatim transcript was released. So the point is, yes, it is available, 4 5 and we're very thankful at that. And Nick had a comment. 6 I'm sorry, 7 Board Member? MR. JUSTICE: Nick Justice. 8 I just wanted to add to the other favorable comments 9 about the event here is -- I wanted to compliment 10 11 the Federal agencies for doing a great job of --12 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. 13 MR. JUSTICE: -- showing up with 14 action-oriented themes that really show the execution of the President's executive orders. 15 16 CHAIR TAYLOR: Hearing no other 17 comments from members, thank you very much, and 18 we can now begin. 19 Just -- I want to take a moment of 20 privilege to recognize one of the leaders in the 21 HBCU space. Dr. Leslie Baskerville is here from

NAFEO, the President. So if you'd stand, we just

1 need to -- and reflect that NAFEO's leader is 2 here represented in the room. 3 Thank you for coming and being here 4 today. Thank you. 5 We have several other folks who will 6 get the opportunity to introduce, but this is --7 as I mentioned yesterday in my opening comments, the Secretary meets -- every quarter, Secretary 8 9 DeVos, that is, meets every quarter with the 10 leaders of the HBCU advocacy organizations, 11 NAFEO, TMCF, Thurgood Marshall College Fund, and 12 the United Negro College Fund, UNCF. 13 So having her here today says that we 14 have the leader of one of the three principals of 15 these organizations here in the room, and she 16 covers not only public or private, but she is 17 public-private, community colleges, et cetera. 18 So thank you for coming Dr. Blair 19 (phonetic) -- Baskerville. 20 With that said, our quest of honor so 21 that we can get into what we really want to know 22 about, which is the opportunity zone, how it

works, how you're driving a new system of 1 2 community wealth, is Bruce Katz. 3 Mr. Katz, thank you on behalf of the President's Board of Advisors. 4 5 MR. KATZ: Thanks for having me. 6 So could you give me a sense of who's in the room? 7 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. 9 A lot of people. So we have the 10 Board, and I'll have each Board member, once 11 again, as elementary as it sounds for our -- we 12 want to make sure that we introduce so that he 13 knows who he's speaking, and more than just your 14 name, either your current or most current and 15 relevant role so that he has a con -- some 16 context for who's in the room would be very 17 helpful starting with my right -- far right. 18 DR. JOHNSON: Ron Johnson, former 19 president Clark Atlanta University. 20 Nick Justice. MR. MARTIN: 21 at North Carolina State, and I just completed 22 running one of the national manufacturing

1	institutes of public-private partnership.
2	MR. ELLIS: Rodney Ellis, chancellor
3	at Southern University at Shreveport.
4	MS. RATH: Connie Rath, president
5	Clifton Foundation.
6	MR. HOLIFIELD: Johnathan Holifield,
7	executive Director, White House Initiative on
8	HBCUs.
9	CHAIR TAYLOR: Johnny Taylor, Chairman
10	of the Board.
11	MS. DAWKINS: Phyllis Worthy Dawkins,
12	former president of Bennett College.
13	DR. HAWKINS: Billy Hawkins, President
14	Talladega College, Talladega, Alabama.
15	MR. CLARK: James Clark, President
16	South Carolina State University.
17	MR. MARTIN: Harold Martin,
18	Chancellor, North Carolina A&T.
19	MR. GRIGSBY: Marshal Grigsby, former
20	President of Benedict College and long-time board
21	member of Strada Education Network.
22	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. And in the room,

1	as I said, in the gallery, we have people from
2	all sorts of in fact, I see Mr. Lenny
3	(phonetic) back there. Thank you. Former Obama
4	administration, Department of Education
5	executive.
6	We have people here in the room,
7	Leonard Haines (phonetic) as well, from the White
8	House Initiative.
9	So Mr. Katz, we turn it over to you.
LO	MR. KATZ: Okay.
.1	And I think I do have a presentation
.2	that's loaded, right?
.3	CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes, you do. We're
.4	looking at the opening screen, How Opportunity
.5	Zones are Driving a New System of Community
.6	Wealth.
٦,	MR. KATZ: Okay.
.8	Why don't you go to the next slide
.9	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay.
20	MR. KATZ: and because this
21	helps situate the geography of census tracts that
22	are now eligible for this tax advantage capital.

So just to sort of reiterate and set the table, so in the 2017 tax law, there was a provision that came from a piece of legislation that was co-sponsored by Cory Booker and Tim Scott, the Investing in Opportunity Act.

And what this provision does is it enables people of corporations with capital gains to defer, reduce, or eliminate capital gains taxes if they invest in a qualified opportunity fund, which then invests in an opportunity zone.

And what the legislation did was direct governors to designate a quarter of eligible census tracts — and by eligible census tracts, and mostly were criteria relating to poverty statistics or income statistics.

And so the 50 governors and Puerto Rico designated 8762 opportunity zones.

Just by contrast, if you remember the empowerment zones program during the Clinton administration, I was chief of staff at HUD under Henry Cisneros, we designated initially six empowerment zones in the United States and then

had another six supplemental zones and 95 enterprise communities.

So 8762 opportunity zones have been designated in the U.S.

And obviously for the HBCUs, many of your geographies are either totally covered as opportunity zone tracts or partially covered.

And so what this is doing is -- and you can move to the next slide -- it's forcing one of the first sort of discussions about what is the state of economic development in areas of cities, suburbs, and rural parts of the country that have struggled to attract capital for everything from workforce housing to commercial real estate to small business for various investments and infrastructure, energy, et cetera, et cetera.

When you look at the next slide, what you see is that there is \$6 trillion of unrealized capital gains, which potentially could be deployed.

By conservative estimates, we think

there might be \$100 billion deployed into these qualified opportunity funds.

As you know, from -- because of the criteria that was used to establish the zones, these zones are -- have much higher poverty, much higher unemployment, much lower incomes than the country as a whole.

The -- but the law does not require any kind of reporting by investors unless obviously they tap into state or local public incentives, which would then trigger.

So what we -- what I've been trying to do -- and I know John Lateri (phonetic) was initially supposed to be on this call -- but with a group called Accelerator for America, which is an intermediary network of cities that was organized by Mayor Garcetti from Los Angeles, what we've been trying to do with first a small group of cities and now a growing group of dozens, is to bring some order out of chaos because if you have all these particular zones and you have a tax incentive, which doesn't have

any reporting requirements, we do have rules from the national government.

But what we need to do is establish certain routines, certain norms, certain models that then can be repeated from city to city, you know, whether it's an investment around HBCUs or whether it's an investment in another designated zone.

What the market needs is information transparency and routine so that we can begin to unlock this capital in impactful ways.

So if you go to the next slide, what we invented with Accelerator for America is an investment perspective, right?

What an investment prospectus does is it enables a city to -- or a particular zone, the first and foremost, communicate their access, their advantages, basically make their pitch, so to speak, why would someone invest in this particular place and what kind of projects are investor ready and community enhancing.

And then it enables ultimately for

stakeholders in the community to both unlock local capital but also then attract national capital.

So we worked with Mayor Fischer in
Louisville, Mayor Pete in South Bend, Mayor Holt
in Oklahoma City to basically invent this
investment prospectus tool. We put together a
guide for cities or for universities or any other
constituencies to follow so that this kind of
prospectus tool could ultimately not just be put
forward by three places but put forward by dozens
and ultimately hundreds and ultimately thousands.

So as I go through the next slides, I -- one of the biggest takeaways for the HBCUs or for any other anchor institutions in a U.S. city or suburb or rural area is put together a prospectus.

The market with 8762 zones is not going to be able to figure out what kind of projects you have that are investor ready and community enhancing. You need to put that forward yourself or else it's like finding a

needle in a haystack.

So next slide gives -- and all this, by the way, is on the Drexel Metro Finance Lab website and the Accelerator for America website. So we've put forward multiple study, and every prospectus that has been prepared is easily available.

Let me just walk through a couple takeaways from the work we've been doing with dozens of cities and then we can quickly get to a conversation.

First lesson from doing this across the country, when you do a prospectus, what it does is enable you to get a consensus on reality as to what actually is investable in your particular community or in your particular zone.

So when we've done this work in Kansas
City or in the beginning cities of Louisville,
Oklahoma City, and South Bend, what you can do is
organize your stakeholders, many of whom, by the
way, do have capital gains to deploy, right?

So it's not just -- this is not a

1 This is an action strategy for 2 investment. 3 And the HBCUs, because of your stature on many of your communities, could be the 4 5 vehicle, a legitimate, valid community vehicle 6 for organizing stakeholders around investment. 7 So again, the data's important. 8 Unveiling your assets are important. 9 organizing a multi-sector group, government, 10 other universities, philanthropy, corporations, 11 and high net worth individuals, organizing 12 capital is really the end game of the prospectus 13 tool. 14 Next slide -- the next slide should be 15 around typologies. 16 CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Katz? 17 MR. KATZ: Yeah. Yeah. 18 CHAIR TAYLOR: A question for you. So 19 -- interesting. This is Johnny Taylor, by the 20 way, the chair. 21 Your first slide's called the 22 Louisville Prospectus. And then --

MR. KATZ: Yes, sir.

CHAIR TAYLOR: -- I notice on Slide 2, the Urban League of Greater Kansas City is a part of this. So I was wondering, there's essentially a question about -- for the people who said how can you participate if you yourself are not in an opportunity zone. That might be a way to do it. I don't know.

But it also begs the question that, for example, you have Kentucky State and notice Kentucky State's not on here, but the Kansas City Urban League is, and sort of a statement to all of us around the table that other organizations are jumping in.

So it really -- how do you recommend HBCUs get -- who's the lead on putting together this investment prospectus in a community so that Harold Martin at North Carolina A&T knows where to go to make sure that he's in this because I think what you're saying is you don't create an individual investment prospectus for North Carolina A&T State University. You go to a

broader group.

How does that all work?

MR. KATZ: So in many cities, because of the network that's been organized by Eric Garcetti, Mayor of Los Angeles, the mayor or the county executive, working closely with the business chamber, with local philanthropy, and ultimately a broad network of stakeholders, the mayors have been a driving force in many cities.

Now, that doesn't necessarily have to be the only way a prospectus is pulled together.

I think what's ultimately going to happen here is we're going to have city-wide or county-wide prospectuses, or even state-wide prospectuses, but you know, for let's say an HBCU has either its entire landmass or a portion of its landmass, you know, designated as an opportunity zone.

You can do your own prospectus for that particular area of the city. What you might then want to do is you be the lead organizer of the prospectus and bring in the local government,

1	the philanthropy and others to be your partners.
2	So this could either be, you know,
3	mayor-led, or this could be stakeholder-led. It
4	doesn't really matter. And it'll change from
5	place to place.
6	But for each of your cities, I would
7	start with the elected officials, mayor and
8	county executives, and ascertain what has been
9	done to date.
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: And I think the
11	takeaway, the question for me was it's
12	Louisville, but the fact that the greater Kansas
13	City Urban League is you're not limited to
14	just Louisville partners.
15	And it's more a question. I don't
16	know if that's
17	MR. KATZ: Oh. Well, I think there's
18	a so these two slides were really describing
19	who they're
20	CHAIR TAYLOR: Oh, the Okay. Just
21	want to make sure. I got it.
22	MR. KATZ: Yeah.

1	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay.
2	MR. KATZ: Yeah, the second slide was
3	really about an effort that was undertaken by
4	Slide J's
5	CHAIR TAYLOR: Got it.
6	MR. KATZ: who was then the mayor
7	of Kansas City and the Kauffman Foundation. So
8	that slide about Kansas City was really Kansas
9	City specific.
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay.
11	MR. KATZ: Okay. Sorry. Sorry for
12	the confusion on that.
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: Got it.
14	MR. KATZ: And by the way, people
15	should interrupt at any minute any moment
16	here. So I understand it's difficult at times.
17	If you go to the next slide, this is
18	the slide called Opportunity Zone Groups.
19	So what we've been trying to do with
20	8762 zones is to come up with typologies or
21	categories of zones.
22	HBCUs would obviously be an anchor

zone, right, because it's at a university as the hub of the census tract.

But the way we've been looking at this across the country is we've been looking at ratios of jobs to residents because if you have, for example, in a downtown, what you'll have are many jobs per resident. If you're in a hospital district or a university district, you're still going to have a very high number of jobs per resident, but it won't be as substantial as a downtown and then so forth and so on.

So we've been trying to organize the entire country around a series of typologies to try to routinize the market.

And you know, I'm happy to share more information about this, but HBCUs together almost form like a particular kind of asset class or investment sector because my perception is you're more similar than you are different in terms of, you know, what your footprint looks like, you know, what the ratio of jobs to residents look like and what the kind of economic investable

1 opportunities might be. 2 So typologies matter here. That's how 3 markets get formed. MR. HOLIFIELD: 4 Who's --5 That's how capital gets MR. KATZ: 6 invested. 7 Yep? Mr. Katz, this is 8 MR. HOLIFIELD: 9 Johnathan Holifield, executive director of the 10 White House Initiative on HBCUs. 11 When we have reached an inflection 12 point, can you talk a little more about the 13 typology, the sector, the potential ability to 14 aggregate similarly situated assets into a kind 15 of prospectus or another tool that can 16 strengthen, frankly potentially market, the 17 entire sector to potential investors or any other 18 prospective that you have around that notion. 19 That's an important nugget. 20 CHAIR TAYLOR: And at the same time, 21 as you get ready to answer that, you can be in, I 22 think, multiple opportunity zone groups, so you

know, Bennett College and South Carolina State may have one together, but South Carolina State University may also belong to the group, the prospectus for its -- for -- is it Orangeburg? Orangeburg.

So I don't think you have to -- and maybe I'm asking a question -- you don't have to choose. They're -- and then you can do your own. Right?

MR. KATZ: Well, that's absolutely correct. And then I think what we're looking at are ultimately projects that are investor ready.

So in a given city, many cities designated their downtowns, their hospital districts, their university areas, and low-income neighborhoods, and several industrial districts. Those are all different kinds of asset classes really.

And so for an HBCU, you can have your own prospectus just for your territory, so to speak. You can be party of a city or a county-wide prospectus because you may actually be

offering certain kinds of economic opportunities or investable deals that the rest of the city wouldn't be offering, student housing, for example.

And you could, as a network of HBCUs, aggregate all the different universities into sort of a super asset class, right?

And I would highly recommend, frankly, doing all three of those. And then what you have are multiple shots at the goal, right?

When -- you know, when this law was enacted, there was a sense that its intent was to try to bring capital from Silicon Valley or from Boston or from New York into the heartland, so to speak.

Actually, the biggest takeaway over the last 18 months is there's enormous local wealth in the United States that needs to find local investments.

And so if you're unfamiliar with the Atlanta market, you know, which is obviously rich in HBCUs, if you're in Atlanta, there are

multiple corporations, high-net worth individuals that today may be actually exporting their wealth to Silicon Valley through private equity funds or hedge funds or wealth management firms.

Opportunity zones offer an opportunity, so to speak, to put their -- to invest their wealth locally.

So it -- you know, at the end of the day, markets need information to function. You have enormous information both about your own universities and their location and their territory and their economic opportunities, but you also could aggregate that as a class.

And you know, very happy to follow up on any of this stuff with you all because I do think you have a particular story to tell about investable propositions that are very unique and distinctive. And you should be doing that all by yourselves one by one by one. You should try to add this up.

So very happy to follow up on that if you'd like.

CHAIR TAYLOR: You have one quest --1 2 a couple of questions --3 MR. KATZ: Yeah, go ahead. CHAIR TAYLOR: -- from the Board. 4 5 MR. KATZ: Go for it. 6 MR. MARTIN: Yes, this is Harold 7 Martin, North Carolina A&T. North Carolina A&T certainly is in an 8 9 opportunity zone. We are having more significant 10 conversations with our local leadership, mayor, 11 city council, county commissioners, et cetera. 12 And it's at a critical conversation 13 level. We're a very small group of very, very 14 smart people that have -- driving this 15 conversation force. 16 We also are interacting with local 17 investors -- developers. Part of the challenge 18 is that a number of our local developers are 19 tapped out relative to their level of capacity to 20 engage with us. 21 I've talked -- are you or is someone

creating a group of individuals, high-net worth

individuals who have capital gains that are interested outside of, say, North Carolina who are interested in partnering and bringing their assets to North Carolina as part of this opportunity zone possibility?

MR. KATZ: Well, I do think that we will see national capital flow into local deals. I think the starting point has got to be local networks both identifying what's possible and then identifying different parts of, let's say, the capital stack to entice national capital.

So take any deal that I'm sure your HBCUs would be interested in, whether it's on the residential side, real estate side, or commercial real estate, or even businesses.

Any of those deals are likely to ultimately require a mix of opportunity zone capital, which is looking for returns. It's equity, some kind of debt from your banks, maybe some kind of incentive from the city around tax abatement or the sale of land, let's say, that the city might own, or that you all might own,

and then might -- and there might be some kind of concessionary capital from local foundations and philanthropy.

So the bottom line is these transactions are not going to be 100 percent opportunity zone equity. They never are, right? They're mostly — they're going to be some kind of mix, particularly on the real estate side of equity, debt, and subsidy.

And the more you could organize that locally and get everyone on the same page about what incentives or what kind of debt products might be available, the more likely you'll be to attract national investment.

I hope that makes some sense. But it's -- you know, this tax incentive is not defining economic gravity. I mean, you've got to have a real deal. It's got to have real returns.

And then like most transactions in the U.S., it's going to be -- particularly if it's around real estate, it's going to be a combination of equity, debt, and subsidy.

So you can organize that locally and make it more likely you'll tap into national capital.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Please. Board Member Clark?

MR. CLARK: James Clark, South Carolina State University.

Might there be some set of experts that could form a -- I'll call it a traveling road show to especially the smaller communities where the investment expertise might not be as vast as, say, a Charlotte or Raleigh or Greensboro where organizing people for opportunities may not be as immediate but it's there to help -- you know, to help whittle it out, you know.

As I -- have ideas here for small areas like Orangeburg, I would love if there were experts that were there to back up for the local community the notions that I might be putting forth and to help facilitate explaining as well as bringing to the forefront of those

opportunities.

In the larger communities where you have a lot of investment flow, a lot of investment deals going all the time, there will people -- there will be people that are waiting for these types of mechanisms to just jump on.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Right.

MR. CLARK: In some communities, this is a new thing. And this is a new awareness.

And so that would be very helpful if it is. I don't know who to address the question to. I just put it out at large.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Well, let me react -- this is Johnny Taylor.

One of the things that we hoped to do

-- I mentioned, again, it's when we convene.

It's not just to tell you how these things work,

but we'll also talk -- so we'll have experts, but

we're also going to bring in potential, you know,

not only experts but people who themselves run

funds right now, and they will -- you know, they

may learn of an opportunity that some guy in New

York never thought about in Orangeburg, you know.

Money, they don't care where it comes You know, they just want to make it. from. And so that's what we need to do is bring not just -we're not just going to tell you and continue educating you on what an opportunity zone is.

The goal of our meeting is to have also fund -- people who actually run these opportunity funds who have dollars that they need to put to work.

And so I'm still moved by that \$100 billion of equity capital out of \$6 trillion. There -- the money doesn't care. If I'm in Atlanta and I know that I can invest in Orangeburg and get a significant return and also protect my -- in a tax advantaged way, the that's where I'm going.

It may be too crowded in Atlanta for me to participate, frankly, and so they may want to go elsewhere. But we've got to put those people in a room.

No one here -- I don't think; maybe

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some of you know -- but we don't have that kind of expertise in this room, but we will at this convening.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Before we move on, Mr. Katz -- this again is Johnathan Holifield, and one of the -- a emerging thrust around our institutions is our narrative and language and we are taken by the slight distinct -- what is that, distinct personalities and competitive advantages. That's a particular kind of description.

We think -- and we're interested in learning more from you, but we think our institutions fit that kind of profile offering distinct personality and competitive advantages to the local market.

Before you move on, could you just spend a minute in helping us to nurture and think about what that actually means and could mean for our institutions?

MR. KATZ: Well, I think it's a great question, and what I'd like to do is answer that

and then go back to this issue of capacity, which is so fundamental.

So I do think HBCUs like universities in general have various assets. You own a bunch of land, you obviously, you know, have an educational responsibility but you also are a major employer in many cities and you obviously, because of your knowledge mission, you are generating an incredible amount of talent that can either flow into communities or, you know, or like many people in the U.S. be mobile, right?

And your talent, you know, creates the potential for creating more black zone businesses, black entrepreneurs, which is so critical right now because of the intent of the law but just the issues facing the country of reducing racial disparities around income wealth and health.

So you are -- you have many similar characteristics to universities, but then more so, right, because of your special mission and your student population.

So you know, I would highly recommend that there be almost like an Uber prospectus put together around the investment potential in HBCUs because of your starting point assets and advantages and roles that you play and then begin to tease out with a great level of specificity, with real transactions, what are the kind of deals that really flow from your asset base.

What kind — whether it's student housing, whether it's commercial real estate around your campuses to create nodes of retail, neighborhoodserving businesses, perhaps some growth companies, infrastructure like fiber.

I mean, what are the different kinds of investment possibilities with examples from, you know, Clark Atlanta or other, you know, well-known HBCUs.

On the capacity issue, what -- and this is an issue identified all across the United States. It's not peculiar to HBCUs.

You essentially need deal jockeys, right? You need people who understand how to

marry private equity that's looking for returns with conventional debt or concessionary debt or local subsidy.

There -- you know, with Accelerator for America, we've been working with a group called the FUSE Corps, F-U-S-E, to hire individuals who can either focus on getting the math done, so to speak, around particular deals in a Fresno or a Bakersfield or a Stockton, or having circuit riders of deal jockeys who could go from HBCU to HBCU and help tease out what -- in a very concrete way, the capital stack for different kinds of transactions.

So I think what -- the potential for HBCUs to become an investment sector, so to speak, exists but it has to be populated by an initial, you know, 7 to 10 page prospectus writ large and then this capacity addition.

You might even be able to get some of the major banks, financial institutions, to dedicate -- second experts to you so that instead of going for a process of actually hiring

1	someone, you might find, you know, JP Morgan or
2	Bank of America or Wells Fargo or Citi giving you
3	the capacity to tease this out with greater
4	laxity.
5	I hope that's responsive.
6	MR. JUSTICE: Mr. Chair?
7	MR. KATZ: And I'm happy to follow up,
8	obviously, you know, with you
9	MR. JUSTICE: Mr. Chairman?
10	MR. KATZ: to help bring this to
11	fruition.
12	CHAIR TAYLOR: I have we have three
13	questions.
14	MR. JUSTICE: Mr. Chairman?
15	CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Justice, Dr.
16	Martin, Dr. Dawkins, in that order.
17	MR. JUSTICE: So one of the things
18	that comes to my attention as we listen to this
19	very informative presentation is relates to
20	the earlier comment you asked about an
21	independent workshop with the schools involved.
22	It is clear that the capacity of our

students within the HBCUs to learn these kind of investments and to become the workforce for those banks and investors and those businesses out there is also a value to the colleges and the universities in addition to the immediacy of the economic zone in changing us now, starting to develop those areas.

So I would say we ought to make a note that this impacts our academic education as well in our schools of management, and business and we should be taking advantage of that next generation to learn how to do this and become a part of that economic engine in our nation, as well.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Absolutely.

Dr. Martin?

Noted.

MR. MARTIN: My comment -- I'd like to make more of a comment rather than a question.

So we've been involved in this whole discussion around opportunity zones and its value, benefit -- benefits to our university and our regions.

And as I framed out in a very significant conversation with our mayor, city council, county commissioners is that our university, like Bennett College, our sister institution in the community, is located in an opportunity zone, but we're in the minority side of Greensboro.

In many urban communities, we're in an urban community, and what has happened in east Greensboro is what's happened in many urban communities in the minority side of the town is the least side of the town where there is an investment more than just housing and et cetera.

So we've had to have very sufficient discussions about what our investments and -- Mr. Katz, you made references to student housing for example as a possibility for use of capital gains for HBCUs around them.

Let me assure you. Developers built tons of student housing around my university, tons of student housing. I want you to know that it wasn't the highest quality student housing,

and along with that came absolutely zero, zero retail of any kind, entertainment for our students, quality amenities that happens with my sister institutions when developers have gone in and built student housing.

They built retail, recreation

amenities, and et cetera, with those investments

in those communities. And what troubles me is

I've shared with a student manager and city

council and the mayor, but you approve these

plans to come in and build student housing around

my university.

And you thought you were doing a great thing to provide in the minority community.

That's all they deserve attitudes. That's simply unacceptable.

And so the conversation we've been having in a very healthy, positive way is that student housing is not only what we want to see happen in our community. In my mind, unless we address these kinds of issues.

Not only does the community continue

to suffer from a lack of the kinds of strategic investments, unemployment and other disparities that impact our community, low wealth and the like.

So in my mind, these opportunity zones, if we're going to use them in this community, this group of folk who've working — it's a bipartisan group, it's a broad-based group of city leaders trying to define how to more substantially change how investments occur in Greensboro as a whole and, in particular, more accelerated investment in east Greensboro.

So it's more than housing. It's creating jobs. It's creating quality housing, not low-income housing. I hate that phrase, low-income housing. I want quality housing in our community. I want retail that addresses the needs of our students and our faculty as well as our community and the like.

And so this is a bigger issue than simply just talking about some of the ways in which we may be guiding our HBCUs to think about

how to best use opportunity zones.

And that's kind of what I'd like to spark as a much more substantive conversation about if we're going to use opportunity zones, let's make them work in a much more progressive way that changes the outcome and long-term successes of our communities.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Hear, hear.

Dr. Dawkins?

MS. DAWKINS: I just want to pick up on what Chancellor Martin just said. When I was president of Bennett College, it's noticeable that east Greensboro is given less attention that the other sides of Greensboro in many, many different ways, even though we have a lot of students between Bennett and North Carolina A&T, which is literally right across the railroad track from each other.

On the bigger scale, in North

Carolina, we have 10 HBCUs, and many of us are in
the same cities. So I can see us putting
together a prospectus that could benefit us in

many ways.

My question to you is, is there a model program, other than the Louisville model, that we can tap into to see how it's done and see how it's done well?

MR. KATZ: Let me try to respond to these excellent comments.

First and foremost, I'll be in

Greensboro on September 23rd, 24th. I would be

very happy to tour the HBCU campuses. I

completely concur with the comments. I mean,

opportunity zones are coming forward at a time

when, you know, institutional racism, redlining

places on the wrong side of the color line, so to

speak, are central issues throughout the country.

So opportunity zones are like the new capital tool. That doesn't erase the reality of how capital gets allocated in the U.S.

What we need to do is use it as a way to create greater access to not just high-quality capital but high-quality results.

So your comments are directly on

point. And you know, myself and many others are writing about this on a constant basis, and I'm - and I'd be more than happy to share with you that.

Second, the comment about using your student base as a way to train the next generation of individuals who can both design, finance, and deliver transformative projects for communities is spot on.

I've been thinking about from -- you know, I run a finance lab at Drexel creating a boot camp for, you know, several days, hundreds of students, so they can learn the details because this is both around project design and capital structure. So happy to follow up on that.

Louisville is one of multiple cities that have done prospectuses. I would say that it might be helpful for you all to look at the Kansas City prospectus as a model to be adapted to the HBCUs because a large portion of the Kansas City prospectus focused on the east of

Troost neighborhoods in those communities, which are basically 100 percent African-American.

It's the old 18th and Vine historic district, you know, radiating out.

So you know, there are models here for you to replicate and adapt both individual HBCUs or HBCUs within a particular city or like in North Carolina, a particular state, and then ultimately nation-wide.

So you know, my advice to you is to proceed with this kind of data-rich, evidence-rich investment prospectus, but also be very clear and sharp about these comments about the persistence of redlining and these racial divides that segregate and separate our cities and our counties.

This is a time for you to reeducate many of our financial institutions about their practices that are basically contributing to the kind of disparities we have on income, wealth, and health.

CHAIR TAYLOR: So before we proceed,

we have one -- I think two -- two comments, but one of the things that we planned to, as Emily's sitting over there putting together the curriculum/agenda for this meeting, is we're going to send you out a preread.

Part of the research that will be in -- done in advance is to identify three or four models so that when you come to the meeting, you will have -- so you won't have to go out and do this research.

Sherm (phonetic) is sponsoring this and will gather all of this. We're going to go - - speak to a number of people who do this and say here are four cities. Birmingham's one, Kansas City's another. We know of some cities that are models. So you're going to get that in advance.

And then when we convene, they're going to take you through -- I like the term boot camp of sorts so that we all have that because all of us know that every -- we hear it.

Everyone knows what an opportunity zone is they think. But then how it works -- I was talking to

someone the other day who thought I have some guy who's ready to put \$5 million into an opportunity zone.

He called us up, and I said, the problem is it has to be capital gains. So it's not -- you can't transfer \$5 million from your bank account because you've got the -- he thought, naively so, that he could just invest in an opportunity zone for HBCUs. It doesn't work that way.

These have to be capital gains, so he's got to be pretty significantly invested in the market to generate \$5 million worth of capital gains.

So that's what we've got to do is get very clear with everyone about what these things are, the mechanics of them, and then we'll bring in subject matter experts to show you how other people are taking advantage of them.

I -- Dr. Johnson.

DR. JOHNSON: Well, actually to that point -- Ronald Johnson -- that we should not

simply segregate HBCUs to being a specific participant in the developmental activities because it's very, very important to look at the capital stack itself.

Equity is not going to drive the entire deal. Equity is essentially the piece that takes on the risk profile, and that's the piece that has the capital gains associated with it.

But in the capital stack, there can be other forms of equity, preferred A, debt, mezzanine debt, long-term debt.

And so if you're sitting in a redline location and they're going to be talking about opening up barbecue shops in your neighborhood, then we should actually have the opportunity to go in to the capital stack in those locations where there is a opportunity because the universities and colleges are all tuition debt dependent.

And one way to get out of that business is to generate alternative sources of

revenue.

MR. HOLIFIELD: May -- building off the previous comments, maybe opening another lane for exploration.

And you began to talk about it, Mr.

Katz, when you described some of our distinctive personality and competitive advantage.

We talked a lot about the real estate deal, but there are other ways our institutions can help zones be successful by the very nature that they're education institutions and their particular missions.

They are increasingly favorably positioned to attract new resources from the Federal Government and philanthropic sector into the zones.

Can you share perspective around other ways that our institutions may position themselves as competitive advantages for the zones and conduits to more resources that could help the zones be successful?

In many instances, Mr. Katz, our

institutions have not had the benefit of the public-private partnership dynamic that pervades every community 24/7.

Those very partnerships are in the qualified opportunity zones. We're bringing an advantage to those zones. Could you talk a bit about how you could see that benefitting both the institutions and the zones' students and communities they serve?

CHAIR TAYLOR: And just before you do that -- this is Johnny Taylor -- to keep us on time, which is half my task, is, he has a full-out presentation. So if something really -- please, this is the Board. It's your meeting, so feel free to jump in, but I want to make sure that he -- we have direct questions.

We can do comment at the end, but direct questions so that he can get through all of his material because there's a lot of stuff here that I'm sure you want to know.

MR. JUSTICE: So maybe some of these questions should be noted for the external

workshop --

CHAIR TAYLOR: Exactly.

MR. JUSTICE: -- I would suggest.

CHAIR TAYLOR: That's exactly what's happening. But we need to hear — so if you have questions, if he says something that on — let's agree, if this is okay with you all, if he says something on the screen that begs a question, ask it. Commentary, let's hold it till the end because we're going to have a lot of time to dig into this, but I want him to get through his material.

These are great comments. And the material --

MR. KATZ: They really -- yeah,
they're great comments, and I would say that, you
know, information about your universities both
individually and writ large about your
communities and neighborhoods, about -- you
mentioned public resources, the kind of capital
that already has been invested in your community
-- because capital tends to follow capital,

right?

I think what -- you have to be the source of information about HBCUs and the communities in which they're located. You've got to be the gold standard of information because these markets get driven by data and get driven by analysis.

And I think you are, you know,
well-situated to play that role in the country.
No one else, by the way, will play it. It's not
like anyone else is waking up saying we're going
to be the information source for HBCUs, right?
You've got to basically do that.

I can finish quickly with these other three slides so that we can just fill this out.

The next slide talks about the last mile, and it identifies a series of projects in Kansas City, the renovation of an old hospital, a notion of radical infill of new homeowners and in former urban renewal neighborhoods, in an area that was also devastated by highway construction, et cetera, et cetera.

But basically, what prospectuses are doing now, besides giving a platform of information about competitive assets, advantages, et cetera, is they're going the last mile and identifies a series of transactions and then showing the capital stack for each of those transactions.

In some cases, like in Norfolk,

Virginia -- and I know there's an HBCU in Norfolk

-- we've had financing charrettes around a

particular transaction so that, you know, people

from the banks, people from development

communities, philanthropy, city government, state

government can sit around, look at a deal, look

at the gap that still exists after the existing

equity subsidy and debt and then solve the

problem.

So you know, this market's based on information and specificity. And that's what we — that's why I say the Kansas City prospectus might give you the kind of replicable model or adaptable model for you to use.

The next slide talks about Erie's public incentives. You know, your cities, whether it's Greensboro, you know, whether it's other parts of North Carolina, Georgia, et cetera, do have an array of incentives that the government offers either around real estate deals or investment in neighborhood-serving businesses and operating businesses.

So the bottom line here is to try to have a transparent, frictionless way for the market to understand what can the government, local government, county government contribute to the deal because that's going to make it more likely for you to attract, you know, market oriented equity that's looking for returns.

And the next slide really talks about institutions. The Enterprise Center is an intermediary in Philadelphia, in west Philadelphia, that helps identify, support, mentor, and ultimately capitalize black-owned businesses.

It's probably one of the few in the

United States that's been around for decades and has a track record in working with black entrepreneurs and developers to sharpen their business plans and make more -- make it more likely they'll actually get capitalized.

The other institutional models here,

3CDC, AltCap, are development corporations or

community development finance institutions.

So I -- you know, my view of this as someone who's worked in HUD under Clinton and Obama and been in and out of government with states and localities, et cetera, is that the most successful zones will be those that have institutions that have capacity capital and community standing to leverage private sector equity.

And as you're going forward, either as individual HBCUs or as a consortium of HBCUs, happy to talk further about how do you create an institutional mechanism that is the gift that keeps on giving.

So you're not just doing a whole

series of transactions, but you're creating a system that can basically self-generate.

Those are the main slides. If you go

-- if you skip one slide to the left, What This

Means for HBCUs, I really think that you're

creating a norm of operations, and it could be

one of the HBCUs becomes the first mover or

consortium.

But I think the investment prospectus is the right place to start. Yes, you want to focus on national capital, but you fundamentally want to focus on local capital, local debt, local wealth, local subsidy. That's how most of these markets are going to be created.

You should be the platform for collaboration across multiple sectors. And you know, get to the deal. This is not a report.

These are action strategies.

The more specificity and the more concreteness, the better. So I'll just stop there and, you know, look forward to any more comments and, more importantly, how I can be

helpful to you all going forward. 1 2 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you so much. 3 question, and then if you could let me know, I'll document who wants to. 4 5 One of the big questions that came up 6 at our last meeting is, what do you do if you're 7 not actually located in an opportunity zone. was trying to get at that earlier because some of 8 -- about half of our schools are -- some of them 9 are very close to them, if not in them. 10 11 But how do you suggest members of our 12 community who aren't physically located in an 13 opportunity zone participate? 14 MR. KATZ: Well, to a large extent, 15 what we're doing is identifying investment 16 propositions that then require this mix of debt, 17 subsidy, and equity. 18 And you know, the opportunity zone is 19 not a program. It's just one part of the capital 20 stack. 21 So if you're looking at a grocery deal

around -- you know, because it was raised about

the paucity of retail opportunities, let's say, around many HBCUs.

And they're looking at a grocery deal in an opportunity zone versus a grocery deal in a non-opportunity zone. It's just going to affect the capital stack, right? It's going to affect the kind of market equity that gets attracted to the deal.

So I would go through the same exercise, really, of unveiling your competitive assets, identifying particular transactions, doing the math on what it takes to get a deal actually done.

The only thing we'll change between an opportunity zone and a non-opportunity zone will probably be the interest of certain capital sources.

So I think what we're describing here should become -- an investment prospectus should be a ubiquitous tool, whether you're in an opportunity zone or not.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Justice -- Board

Member Justice.

MR. JUSTICE: Great presentation. This has sparked lots of thoughts and ideas in my mind, and I want to reflect back on Harold Martin's earlier comments on the failure of a zone and an economic development in light of some of the things that are said here.

Seems that the operative word here is not opportunity but opportunities, plural, that these partnerships create a number of opportunities, and not only for the schools, but the schools are now going to need to adjust their norms so they can empower others' interest and opportunities for the investment within that area.

In other words, the comment earlier about maybe our schools of business and management can empower our students to be participants and start businesses in these boot camps, these innovation areas, those type of opportunities, those are the kind of things I would love to see us agenda for our external

meeting.

In Literal Time, he talks about models. Those models, really, how do we adapt to encourage that multiple level investment because it's going to be attracted by profit and the opportunity for people to make a return on their investment in there. And it means that we need to adapt to encourage it, not just take advantage of it for the schools.

CHAIR TAYLOR: President Ellis.

MR. ELLIS: Yes. I wanted to ask a question more so about the flow of capital.

You mentioned investment prospectuses, but also what I didn't really hear is a lot of comments about opportunity zone funds.

So how does the capital really get to the potential investments? And then what particular role do you see the HBCUs playing in helping to serve as catalyst for that capital to get to those investment projects?

And particularly, if you see opportunities for those of us that have community

development corporations to use, those community 2 development corporations to be that catalyst. 3 Well, I think what you're MR. KATZ: 4 going to have is a continuum here. There's going 5 to be a lot of opportunity funds that are 6 organized as single purpose transactions. 7 Someone has the capital gains. They want to do another real estate deal. They organize their 8 9 own fund. That's completely permissible under 10 the law. 11 I think where HBCUs fit in -- I'll 12 just give you an example that might bring this to 13 a head. 14 So Erie, Pennsylvania, hard hit 15 industrial city in the northwest of Pennsylvania, 16 basically does an investment prospectus. 17 They have eight opportunity zones in 18 their city. The most intriguing one is in their 19 downtown, their central business district, which 20 is boarded by a major hospital system, again a 21 university, and the Erie Insurance Company.

So here's what's happened. The Erie

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Insurance Company has made an investment in a downtown development corporation, a patient investment, patient capital. They're not looking for returns.

That downtown development corporation then has gone out and acquired properties in the central downtown, historic properties that basically front in historic square.

The Erie Insurance Company has then put together an opportunity zone fund to invest in the renovation of those properties and populating those properties with small businesses of multiple sorts.

So what you're seeing in Erie is essentially an iterative process: a prospectus gets created both for the city as a whole and for the downtown zone in particular; patient capital from Erie Insurance and other philanthropy basically strengthens a local intermediary, an institution, a development corporation; and then opportunity zones get formed — opportunity funds get formed as investment propositions become more

concrete.

So I -- in a way, what you're doing is, in some respects, following that model, right? You're creating the market, particularly for local capital or for national capital that's highly motivated.

And I'll just leave you with this thought. I think opportunity zones are unveiling a network of black investors, black entrepreneurs, black developers, black professionals, and black-oriented universities.

And we're beginning a series of gatherings in Oakland, in Atlanta, in Philadelphia, perhaps even in Tulsa, Oklahoma, around the country, networks of these minority-oriented businesses and investors because this network doesn't exist right now in the United States in any kind of structured or coherent way.

I would highly recommend that you think about the HBCUs being a platform for gathering, cohering, stewarding networks in your

communities and your states. And that will begin to show even more potential for bringing socially motivated capital into communities.

CHAIR TAYLOR: And so we're next going to go to Dr. Hawkins. But I do want to make a point on that.

The Erie Insurance, we've actually studied that at SHRM very closely, that example, and so I would tell you, while all of that's great, this is the opportunity to go to some of these major companies in your markets who have all these capital gains because Erie Insurance Company set up its own fund. They funded it because they had all these capital gains.

So instead of having, you know, a local corporation buy a \$10,000 table to one of our dinners, say, got it, what we really want you to do is give us a \$10 million opportunity fund investment.

Now, we're going to have to do all of the stuff that we talked about. You've got to have a prospectus, to their point, because you've

got to say what they would invest in.

But I don't think -- you know, if I'm in Atlanta, I'm going to Delta right now. You all got a lot of capital gains. Let's figure out how you can put together a fund and look specifically at our community's interest.

So in addition to wealthy individuals,

I mean, you've got to be really wealthy to have a
whole bunch of capital gains problems, right?

You could go to these major corporations who sit in your markets as well and appeal to them from a goodwill, a social, corporate social responsibility perspective and say it's patient capital and this is a return to the community.

So you're still going to make your money. You're going to be able to -- you win almost automatically because you don't have to pay taxes on all this money.

And you begin making that case to them. But I don't think we should at all forget that the real opportunity, who is that major

employer, not necessarily individual, but that major company in your market, maybe not so in the smallest markets, but who have capital gains that they need to address.

So Dr. Hawkins.

DR. HAWKINS: Okay. Yeah, Billy Hawkins from Talladega College.

We have had a contractor to come to us. He's identified an old yarn mill, as you all know that, you know, years ago many of those companies went out of business. And so it's about a block from our campus, large piece of property.

This contractor's gone as far as to go to his architect and has drawn up this, you know, this beautiful drawing connecting it to our campus, dormitory, retail, et cetera.

And has gone as far as identifying investors to bring them aboard to go with the zone.

We happen to be one of those campuses that the opportunity zone is on the edge of our

campus, not on our campus. So what -- it looks very good.

And I had UNCF staff to look at it, and then there was -- the question mark came up, 10 years down the road, you know, based on this particular situation, it could be a debt service there.

I say that to say that our small institutions -- and I currently chair in 37 UNCF institutions --- So we've got to be very careful because we're already, many of our institutions, dealing with accreditation issues and how that looks in your financial books. And I say that specifically as an evaluator and one who's gone out and looking at finances of our small institutions.

And so we've got to be aware of that as well so that when this -- you know, if we move forward, that it clearly benefits the institution. But we've got to be conscious of how that package is put together and how it reads out, especially to our accrediting agencies.

And so when we do meet -- I say that to say that we've got to make sure that when this is laid out that various models are presented so that our institutions will be able to identify, you know, which of these models would, you know, best fit their institution because every institution is different.

But our small, you know, privates, enrollment-driven institutions have got to be very, very careful, you know, entering into some of these deals.

CHAIR TAYLOR: And we're going to address that. Now, we have Mr. Katz, he has to leave -- hard stop in about two minutes.

MR. KATZ: Yeah.

CHAIR TAYLOR: So any questions specifically for Mr. Katz? Mr. -- Dr. Grigsby, you're now, and then Dr. Martin, if you have any -- now, we're going to have a lot of -- we have another 30 minutes or so to have comments, so if it's not a -- if it's a question to him, ask it.

MR. GRIGSBY: Thank you, Mr. Taylor.

I think I heard you say earlier about future steps in terms of additional work that we'll be doing.

I think it's clear that all of us have -- are very intrigued by the whole concept of opportunity zones.

One of the ways that this body I think could be very helpful is to look at some real live models that understand the fact that the HBCU community is not a monolithic community and models that can deal with large urban, can deal with rural, can deal with public-private kinds of issues that emerge as well as the identification and attraction of capital, et cetera.

Those kinds of hands-on models I think would be most helpful and beneficial, again, taking into account the varying degrees of expertise that are on our campuses, that we're somewhat much more advanced than others in that regard.

I think that would be a real benefit from our work together.

1	CHAIR TAYLOR: Will do.
2	Dr. Martin, did you have a question
3	anyone have a question for Mr. Katz as he's
4	departing? We'll continue discussion, if not.
5	Mr. Katz, thank you so much for making
6	yourself available this morning. It's kind of
7	hard to do a presentation when everybody else is
8	here and you're not.
9	But you've done a phenomenal job, and
10	thank you for your advanced work. We'll be in
11	touch maybe we can even see you at the
12	upcoming convening.
13	MR. KATZ: Well, thanks again for the
14	opportunity to speak, and I think you've got
15	great potential here to set the market both for
16	your own universities and frankly for the country
17	as a whole.
18	So I look forward to working with you.
19	CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.
20	So we're now going to open thank
21	you, again.
22	We're going to open the floor. Our

other two presenters, Scott Turner and Ja'Ron Smith are en route, so we're going to keep this going right now to now have the commentary that you might have.

I'd like to kick it off -- it's interesting. I think there is also a role for us. And Dr. Martin's comments -- Chancellor Martin's comments are spot on.

There's also an advocacy role for us here. We've got to hold these -- you have to make sure the developers don't come in and take advantage of these communities and, you know, we wake up 10 years from now and say we know what happened here. There was a further transfer of wealth that went from wealthy people to wealthy people and we were just kind of used in the process.

Now, I'm not one who does victim very well, so the fact of the matter is that's why we're convening at the -- this is brand new.

Even the community -- the majority of community doesn't know how this works. It's a

brand new product, so it is incumbent upon us to become quickly educated and then call out when an investor is trying to go into the market and further exploit the market without putting anything into the -- and that's where I think our advocacy groups can play a role.

know, I don't mean to suggest public shaming, but if someone comes in and puts substandard rental property, you know, student dorms on the east side of Greensboro and then puts Taj Mahals on the other side of Greensboro, all of which is in the opportunity zone, someone needs to call that out.

We won't be able to do that if we weren't at the table when they were making those decisions, though. So you can't in hindsight say I can't believe you all did that if you weren't in the meeting.

So that -- it is critical for us to get in there right now while they're having this meeting.

Let's open the floor for commentary from the Board. And again, everything that you're saying we're capturing. And Emily and my team -- I've got a whole bunch of SHRM people here because they're going to be -- all the SHRM folks here, we're going to design a heck of a program for you all in, you know, within the next six to eight weeks, and they're capturing all of this.

So any of your thoughts right now, tell us so that this is absolutely what you want when you get here and not what we want.

MR. HOLIFIELD: I want to connect with the -- Dr. Hawkins's point. And it doesn't diminish the other areas of opportunity. But there, I believe, and we need a deeper exploration in roles, additional roles that more explicitly align with what the institutions do to prepare talent, to actually take advantage of the opportunities that are being created in the opportunity zone.

So it's not just about equity and

1	debt. It is about training. It is about
2	ecosystem building. It's about program
3	development.
4	So there are roles where our
5	institutions should be able to attract additional
6	resources and support that can also be used to
7	strengthen the opportunity zones.
8	So we're not in one bucket. We should
9	be looking at all of the continuum of
10	opportunities.
11	MR. JUSTICE: And I think the
12	strongest place we have it is in our
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: This is Mr. Justice
14	speaking
15	MR. JUSTICE: academic.
16	CHAIR TAYLOR: for the record.
17	MR. JUSTICE: Yeah, Nick Justice.
18	It's in our academic portfolio. And that is a
19	strength that is worth dollars.
20	CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Clark?
21	MR. CLARK: One of the things that we
22	have in South Carolina and I'm sure it exists

in other places -- is a mechanism whereby individuals of significant network and who have a tax liability to the state, can transfer a certain amount of that liability for -- to go towards innovation initiatives based on the efforts by the South Carolina Research Authority and the SC Launch Initiative for helping startup companies.

As I was thinking that we'll maybe talking on the high net worth side, some of the same individuals -- and I was wondering if anyone knows whether or not it's possible to -- I'll use the word commingle, but to leverage the same people, or is this something that must stand, you know, alone?

I don't -- I haven't sorted out in my head how it might be, but I was -- I wanted to make sure in my head that we don't have a conflict.

But you know, when you're trying to go to the same people and there are mechanisms in place that they might be investing in -- might

1 they be able to -- if they can afford it, invest 2 in both without there being a conflict based on 3 the way this was set up. 4 CHAIR TAYLOR: So that's a question. 5 Gosh, I'm sad Mr. Katz is gone, but we're going 6 to --7 (Simultaneous speaking.) 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: I don't know. But what 9 I will say is we should get some finance, some 10 tax experts there because you better believe 11 they're trying to double trip -- triple dip. 12 They're going to try and find and participate. 13 It's all -- it's not tax avoidance. It's tax 14 planning. 15 And so to get --16 (Laughter.) 17 CHAIR TAYLOR: That's what they do, 18 and I was one of those lawyers at one time. 19 there are creative ways to do that, and I'm sure 20 there are very smart people at figuring out how 21 to do it.

Yes, Dr. Johnson.

DR. JOHNSON: I was just going to say that it's also important to take this opportunity and to break it up into pieces.

Like I talked about the capital stack.

Nick talked about how you can actually look at

adopting your organization to what is actually

going on in the opportunity zones in your

community or nearby.

The idea is that the word opportunity applies to all aspects of what the -- our institutions are doing. And so if we look at it from a very broad perspective, there may be a place here where you actually have a strong innovation and entrepreneurship center and you have students who are actually generating investable ideas and those investable ideas can be attractive to the investors in their community.

And so it's really, to take a broad perspective of how you can actually participate and benefit because this is essentially the way capitalism works. It's looking at the

opportunity that's going to give the best return and not necessarily the opportunity that you may prefer to have.

And so I just think it's very, very important to have that as a framing mechanism for a discussion, future discussion.

MR. CLARK: Just a very quick question. At the last meeting, we talked about the adjacent spaces as Dr. Hawkins just mentioned in his case.

And we have a similar situation where it's -- there's a street that divides us. And so, and I know it was brought up at the last meeting, did we get any clarity into the -- you know, in any affinity mechanisms or opportunities for adjacent -- the impact of being right there? You can almost touch it.

CHAIR TAYLOR: So that's one of the things that we're going to address. I was trying to get him to do it today a couple of times, but we're going to come back and give a specific answer about how to deal with that.

Ja'Ron and Scott Turner are coming.

I think they are — they're probably not opportunity zone experts in the traditional sense, and so we're going to get the people who are being creative about how to do it including potentially opening satellite offices that get you into a zone.

I mean, there's some -- I know of some -- I've already heard of some very creative ways that some folks are doing to get themselves into opportunities -- opportunity zones who aren't in opportunity zones, and we just have to learn what those opportunities are and play on it.

Dr. Dawkins, you're next.

DR. DAWKINS: Yeah. Well, you just reminded me that we really need to look at a lot of different models.

And one of the things that we have as a strength among the HBCUs is that many of us are in the same cities. Okay?

For example, a strong opportunity exists for St. Aug's, Shaw, and North Carolina

Central, particularly Shaw and St. Aug's, they're right downtown Raleigh.

In Greensboro, Martin mentioned that Bennett and North Carolina A&T were within two minutes of downtown Greensboro. Okay?

And then you can go on and on about other schools. And though some of the schools are not downtown, they're within 50 miles radius of each other, like Jarvis, Wiley, Texas, and Southern Shreveport.

They are -- I was just recently in that area and noticed, oh my goodness, they're within 50 miles of each other.

And so there are many ways that we can group our institutions as we prepare a prospectus.

The other thing, going back to St. Aug and Shaw and with Nick at North Carolina State, we need to also look at opportunities with existing institutions. Okay? It just doesn't have to be with an HBCU. We can also collaborate with other institutions in the area to strengthen

our opportunity zones.

CHAIR TAYLOR: It's a really -- and just before our guests are coming in, one other thing that I think we oftentimes do in this community is we separate public and private institutions.

And the fact of the matter is much of this is going to be driven by the state elected officials, and they have a vested interest in making sure that these state institutions are successful.

So if they're -- you know, at the end of the day, North Carolina A&T is going to get some preferential treatment, North Carolina Central, because it's their institution at the end of the day.

So if you -- if this idea that somehow the privates can -- the UNCF privates can pull away and not -- those TMCF public institutions, which are larger and are the ones that the states are already invested in -- if you don't partner with them, you're going -- what they may do is

find a -- we may end up competing with each other, by the way.

And likely the state schools are going to win because they're already invested in by the state. So we have got to pull down these walls of public versus private. We're further dividing the community that's already only 101 schools, right?

So I think we just all need to figure out how we work together without breaking this down by turf and all the territory, again, because we're going to -- I'm telling you, I know how this works out.

The State of North Carolina is invested in those. 5 of those 10 institutions are state institutions, and they're going to make sure they work --

MS. DAWKINS: Five are private.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Five are private, five are state, but the state's interest is where they dumped a lot of money already.

Shreveport, you talk about that group

of institutions there, State of Louisiana needs 1 2 to get its own return on its investment in the 3 state institutions. So let's just make sure we keep that 4 5 in mind and not break into territories real quick or tribes because then that'll create more 6 7 problems for us down the road. 8 We have our quests here. Guys, we 9 have 15 minutes, so we thank you for coming. 10 It's -- for the folks on the phone, I 11 should introduce that we have Scott Turner, who 12 is executive director of the White House 13 Opportunity and Revitalization Council who we 14 heard from yesterday, and of course, Ja'Ron Smith 15 who introduced the president, Office of American 16 Innovation, deputy assistant to the president of the United States. 17 18 Did I get that right? I'm sure I 19 screw up titles all the time. 20 I'm sorry? 21 So folks are saying they need a break.

But what I got to do is with only 15 minutes

later, I need you to kind of squeeze a little bit. I need these guys to -- they were supposed to lead this, and of course, they're just getting in.

Major announcement I'm understanding today, several 911, a lot going on.

So gentlemen, if I could give you -we've heard from both of you at our last meeting,
so if you could give us an update and fill us in,
we've got about 15 minutes and I'm hearing bio
break and lunch, so we've got to move.

MR. SMITH: Sure. Thanks so much, and we appreciate your patience. Our schedule is kind of crazy to manage at times. And appreciate the flexibility of the PBA to allow for us to address them on these important issues.

As you heard yesterday in the president's speech -- and both Scott and I was a part of that speech -- there is a lot of momentum for the White House to continue our partnership with HBCUs in two very significant ways, one being using our convening power and working with

state governors to figure out a strategic plan for the HBCUs that are in opportunity zones.

And the second being a follow up from what maybe OSTP came here to talk about, about research and development dollars going into some of these schools that are at HBCUs.

And so we want to kind of give that update that that is off to a great start. We are actually looking in November to start doing some of those convenings. We would love to be on the road with Johnathan Holifield and work directly with the PBA on a strategy on what makes the most sense, you know, who we should invite to the table.

We certainly want to hit a good cluster of institutions over the next 7 to 10 months, but we don't want to do that in a vacuum. We want to partner directly with this advisory council in concert with the White House Opportunity and Revitalization Council because we think that shared partnership with the intent of what we mention — we wrote the White House

executive order for revitalization. We mentioned HBCUs.

So it's always the intent for there to be a joint collaboration through the Council and through the Board and through the executive director of the HBCU initiative.

And so we just want to be able to formalize that with a strategic plan and being able to present that plan maybe at the next PBA meeting just to inform the public who also want to participate because there's no monopoly on ideas.

So Scott has to take off really quick, but thought it'd be important for him to give some feedback on what he's hearing from the ground.

He's been to a couple different cities that have partnered with schools and higher education to do revitalization work around opportunity zones and he can probably give you some thoughts just to think about as we figure out what our strategic plan should be with these

institutions.

CHAIR TAYLOR: And just before you jump in, so that you're aware, we've got already our first public-private partnership. The Society for Human Resource Management is going to host a convening of HBCUs to do a real deep dive on opportunity zones, and we're bringing in experts, tax people, deal people, funders, et cetera.

So we're going to be doing that within the next six weeks, right, SHRM folks, and paying for it. So to be clear, we are already doing that.

And what you all are describing as going into the markets, we're bringing them here to do it at a very, very sort of serious level so that they have at least the information so that when you show up in November they have a working knowledge of how these work and they've been introduced to the funders.

MR. SMITH: And that's perfect timing for that because then that's the time we can have

a direct strategy and we can follow up right off the bat and have a plan put together when we hit the ground.

So thanks so much for your leadership. Thank you.

MR. TURNER: And thank you, Ja'Ron, and thank you, Mr. Taylor. And that's very exciting to hear.

The one thing I did want to mention, and we talked about this in our meeting the other day here at the conference, is that when we go on the cities' tours in the various cities that we visit, we will make sure that as we convene in those areas that the representatives of HBCUs will know that we're there and you are welcome, as per the executive order.

And we've had HBCUs at different meetings that we've had, and so we will make sure that Johnathan and others has that list as we go about the country and building those partnerships as Ja'Ron spoke of earlier.

I have seen that to be very beneficial

and fruitful from a university standpoint, partnering and collaborating with cities, economic development corporations, private business, private developers.

I've seen that in a couple places, a few places around the country, in Arizona, in Birmingham, Alabama and others, and so I want to encourage that. As you think about and as you ideate together about having those type of partnerships in the city with the localities, the mayors, even the commissioners, state leaders, developers, business and future business owners, and maybe economic development corporations or commerce departments inside of that state as the university being the anchor institution, if you will, as it is already because I've seen those partnerships bear much fruit early on in this emerging market that we have in opportunity zones.

So I wanted to encourage that, but I also want to encourage you that -- to continue to step by step to keep going and that you're on the

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right path because this is, as we've said so many 1 2 times, though it is a new tool, it is a tool that 3 can have tremendous impact, and HBCUs are very, very important in the success and really just the 4 5 long-term sustainability of these initiatives. And thank you for having Ja'Ron and I 6 7 Thank you for always having us and making us feel at home because whenever we step on the 8 9 stage and come to these meetings, we always feel so good that we can share in this time with you. 10 11 So really appreciate that and look 12 forward to seeing you all again. 13 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you. 14 MR. SMITH: Can I make one more --15 CHAIR TAYLOR: Please. 16 MR. SMITH: -- thought, too? 17 Just something to think about, too, as 18 we're putting together these strategic actions. 19 I want you all to think about, you know, what 20 problem are we trying to solve, you know.

that's how you have to look at opportunity zones.

I don't want to paint all our

21

institutions with a broad brush, but each institutions has -- have specific needs that not only help the institution but help the community that surrounds it. And those needs may differ. And that's what's going to guide our strategy.

You know, what problem are we trying to solve in that specific community, how can we leverage opportunity zones to solve that problem. And then that's where it's helpful for us because at the end of the day, this is about outcomes. You know, what can we transform, what can we revitalize. It can't just be all talk. It has to be about the outcomes we can actually deliver, so.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.

Any other comments for our guests?

Thank you for coming by.

Listen, one other thing as we prepare for lunch is a word I haven't heard a lot of. I happen to be on the president's advisory board on the future of work, essentially, I think it's called. I don't know what the name of the -- I'm

on enough of these darn boards.

But one of the things that I don't -we're not talking about enough is jobs, job
creation, because one of the things that could
occur is they could make investments in our
community that don't put people to work.

There's some pretty significant investments. You can spend \$10 million in the market and while the people are building the building, construction and folks are working, but when it's done, that's the gift that stops giving.

And so we have to keep in mind that I think as you think about what we have is our kids need to have opportunities upon graduation to remain in our communities and have good jobs, not just jobs, but good jobs.

So as we think about what our strengths are, part of the strength is creating a community where people have work. And so that's something that we're going to focus on from a SHRM perspective is, you know, we -- our members,

300,000 of them, want to move companies.

I was just sharing with someone the other day that when you think about why Amazon chose northern Virginia to expand its business, most of its focus was on do they have a steady supply of really talented people. And if they didn't, no matter how cheap the land was, no matter how good the deal was, they could not grow their business without an access pipeline of strong talent.

That's literally P-K through 16 and along the way. We just saw the other day Amazon announced they're hiring 30,000 people, 30,000 and they said from entry-level sort of packers to I think the thing said architects and engineers, et cetera making six figures. It's running the gamut.

So I hope that as we think about what businesses we're going to bring in, it's not just what's good for the school but what's good for our students and our alumni so that we actually do revitalize the community.

1 A ton of cash could go into a 2 community but the community not be revitalized in 3 the long run. 4 Any other comments before we break? 5 And I don't know, should -- do we --6 I don't know, Madam Federal Official, do we take 7 those at the -- if we have comments on the phone, is that taken at the end of the meeting? 8 9 MS. FRANKLIN: The comments, are we 10 talking about from our speaker? 11 No, from folks who CHAIR TAYLOR: 12 might -- the public comments, anyone who is --Public comments can 13 MS. FRANKLIN: 14 only be taken at the public comment session. 15 CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. 16 So we'll handle that then. 17 going to -- I'll have her tell us how long the 18 break is and where the food is and all that good 19 stuff. 20 But we need to be prompt, right back 21 on time because many of you have flights and some 22 of you have specific other meetings to go to

1	post. So I want to keep us on time, and we're
2	actually a little bit ahead, so this is God is
3	good.
4	MS. FRANKLIN: This is wonderful.
5	This is wonderful.
6	So lunch for the Board this is
7	lunch for the Board. It's provided next door in
8	Renaissance A. Again, that's lunch for the Board
9	members, unfortunately, you know.
10	And then for those, Johnny, what time
11	would you like for everyone to reconvene so that
12	gallery can be back?
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay.
14	It is now, according to my watch,
15	about 11:20. And so if we could be back at 12:00
16	noon. Does that work?
17	MS. FRANKLIN: So that's 12:00 noon.
18	We'll reconvene right here. And again, for next
19	door, Renaissance A.
20	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you.
21	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter
22	went off the record at 11:22 a.m. and resumed at

12:05 p.m.)

CHAIR TAYLOR: We will officially reconvene our meeting. Thank you for -- Ms. Franklin, for a wonderful lunch, a great room for us all together.

It's 12:06. For the record, we are reconvening at 12:06. I knew you all would be a little bit late, which is why I said 12:00. We've got to manage.

So we're now going to have some -several presentations. We have guests here.
We're going to have a brief overview at the
beginning of the Federal HBCU Competitiveness
Strategy framework and our initial impressions.

Again, in terms of a role, our executive director here is going to review it with us and it's our job to kind of push, tug, question, et cetera, and make sure this reflects something that we, as a board, can get behind.

And so that'll be the first order of business.

And then I'll introduce each of our other guests as they come about. So see two

people at the table and those on the phone 1 2 observing, Ms. Shieh and Dr. -- I don't know if 3 it was Dr. Shieh or Ms. Shieh. Dr. Shieh, I want 4 to make sure I get it right -- and Dr. 5 I'm going to get it right. Alkisswani. She was just in my office the other 6 7 We spent the better part of what was supposed to be a 45-minute for like two hours. 8 9 We had a good time. She came to visit me at the 10 SHRM office this past week, so lots to go on. 11 But we're going to start with our executive 12 director and overview of the Federal HBCU 13 Competitiveness Strategy. 14 MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes, Dr. Alkisswani 15 does have that effect on people, I tell you. 16 Thank you very much. 17 Johnathan Holifield, White House 18 Initiative on HBCUs. 19 One of the things -- actually a 20 breakthrough, one we've had, part of my role when 21 you hear the description that the initiative has 22 moved back into the White House where it belongs,

I serve on the Domestic Policy Council.

Domestic Policy Council is the policy making instrument or mechanism within the presidential administration and the Executive Office of the President.

And typically, the tool we use for making policy, presidential policy, is called a policy coordinating committee. It's an interagency process on all kinds of topics.

I've served on them in the past, and we were successful in making the case to the President's most senior advisors and the director of the Domestic Policy Council for the need to convene around this notion of a federal strategy around HBCU competitiveness.

This, we think, is important because one of my early interactions with one of our members here, Chancellor Martin, and we had a dynamic discussion, to say the least, and he pressed hard -- and I didn't have a good answer. And essentially it was, oh, Eddie McCann, or Les -- what is it, Les McCann and Eddie Harris'

Compared to What?

And I didn't have a good answer, and I knew I didn't. You know, I put on my best tap dancing shoes and we had a good dialogue but I couldn't bring it on because I didn't have anything to bring on.

(Off mic comments.)

MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes, I did.

But the point is, if we're able to develop a way, a process that can be effectively deployed in all the various agencies that can impact our institutions and within that, that actually establish real goals that we can measure against, we think it will be a step forward.

Folks, this is not magic. This is not magic. But we do believe it has the potential to put us on a better trajectory.

I'll just give you an outline of a few things to think about and think -- yes.

CHAIR TAYLOR: I just want to interrupt one second. For the record, we have a -- one of our members has joined the Board. When

we took roll call, we didn't reflect that we had Dr. Breaux from Bowie State University, a member of the Board, in the room because we have -- we need to keep the record straight and also the listing will be --

MR. HOLIFIELD: Thank you. Thank you.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Sorry to interrupt.

MR. HOLIFIELD: No, that's -- that was the most important thing.

So when we think about what we're describing, a couple things to keep in mind, we believe to successfully implement the President's executive order we need to take this unprecedented step to actually develop a strategy to expand HBCUs' overall education and economic impact on the nation.

The overarching expectation is to strengthen the roll of these institutions in sustaining and increasing our competitiveness and improving standards of living for the students and communities they serve, competing better, improving standards of living.

Overarching draft goal is this: to improve the conditions under which HBCUs compete for top federal and non-federal public and private sector opportunities improving the conditions under which we compete.

We have identified four broad strategies in support of that overall goal. One, cultivate within the federal structure an ecosystem, an HBCU competitiveness ecosystem empowered by the White House Initiative on HBCUs to serve largely in the capacity we have served but in a more clear and defined way as the hub, facilitator, connector, intermediary of that broader federal ecosystem.

You heard from our earlier descriptions from Bruce Katz about the importance of that intermediary function. We who wake up every day creating better conditions to allow our desired impact to occur.

Secondly, position federal agencies to perform the kind of high-leverage interactions within their agency that support the ecosystem.

We use language like high-leverage and we define it. Essentially high-leverage are specific things that can impact multiple objectives, or a big thing that's one objective, either multiple or its magnitude is so tremendous that it's a single thrust and that makes it high leverage.

So think about how agencies could begin to think more creatively about if we do X, boy, that impacts Y, Z, and A, and B, and those are the kinds of actions we're looking for.

Third, improve federal agency, and this is directly from our friend, Dr. Martin, improve federal agency competitiveness processes, activities, opportunity exploration, and sustained implementation.

Why are they important? Because you guys know many times our institutions are relegated to the coffin corner of opportunity when the entire playing field is available.

But there hasn't been an explicit expectation that opportunity exploration extend

beyond the customary.

We believe that if we make that expectation explicit and start to ask the kinds of questions that force that exploration outside of the customary activities, that we'll get stronger agency plans.

And finally, or fourth, finally, strengthen federal agency HBCU competitiveness strategic planning, goaling, metrics, and reporting requirements, again, with a nod to my friend from Greensboro.

You raised the right points. They were valid, and these are informed by my experiences in the field as well. This is not a magic approach.

But we think if we can improve the process and what we expect the agencies to do, we ultimately will have better quality plans and actually have things to which we can hold agencies accountable as well.

Think about it as an agglomeration.

We're not developing the answers in this process.

We're actually developing a process for agencies to get to the answers and aggregate it together or agglomerate it together. That is the federal strategy. So that's what we're undertaking.

A couple more things, areas of focus: education, promoting HBCU student achievement, fostering educational excellence, and institutional development in preparation for global competitiveness while ensuring equal access. Frankly, that is the Department of Education's mission.

Information and communication technology and broadband, ensuring the availability, access, adoption of ICT in general and broadband specifically to ensure the competitiveness of HBCUs further enabling them to perform as anchor institutions for their host communities.

We heard about anchor institutions, again, from Bruce Katz earlier today.

Third, human capital, workforce, career development, maximizing programs,

initiatives, and public-private partnerships in the broad areas of workforce development and career development.

Fourth, economic development and competitiveness, helping HBCUs provide economic experiences to students and the communities they serve that can improve standards of living, including public-private partnerships, access to relevant data, research, funding opportunities, capacity building and technical assistance, et cetera.

Fifth, the academic research enterprise, increasing the competitiveness and capabilities of HBCU undergraduate students, graduate students, post docs, early career faculty by increasing their awareness of and ability to compete for opportunities in the U.S. academic research enterprise.

And we kind of have a catchall other, which we define as supplementary, and these are a diverse array of good opportunity areas within our federal agencies that might advance HBCU

competitiveness: arts, culture, humanities, 1 2 healthcare, campus safety and resilience, 3 environmental, aviation, transportation, et 4 cetera, just good stuff that doesn't neatly fit 5 in these broad categories but we'd like our 6 institutions to successfully compete for those 7 opportunities as well. 8 We are under where -- within right 9 now, our interagency process through the PCC and 10 for a few minutes I'd just like to dialogue --11 certainly want to have a chance for our guests to 12 have a robust discussion as well, but however is 13 your preference. 14 Do you want to get all other 15 presentations out before we kind of dialogue or 16 17 I'd like for this CHAIR TAYLOR: No. 18 portion, so we don't --19 MR. HOLIFIELD: Absolutely. 20 CHAIR TAYLOR: -- break them up, I'd 21 like us to now take some time to talk about any 22 -- you know, thoughts about --

1	MR. HOLIFIELD: Perspectives
2	CHAIR TAYLOR: you know, thoughts
3	about that's right, yes.
4	MR. CLARK: First off, please supply
5	a handout at your earliest convenience. Because
6	I'm trying to scribble notes fast here, and it's
7	a lot easier
8	MR. HOLIFIELD: Yeah, that's a yes.
9	CHAIR TAYLOR: And this is Dr. Clark
10	
11	MR. CLARK: James Clark from SC State.
12	CHAIR TAYLOR: President Clark, South
13	Carolina State.
14	MR. HOLIFIELD: And the clearance
15	process is extensive. We thought about that.
16	And I even that's on me. We just need to get
17	it out. Thank you.
18	MR. CLARK: No, no. Whenever. At your
19	convenience.
20	CHAIR TAYLOR: Will do. Because I
21	couldn't write fast enough
22	MR. HOLIFIELD: I know. I know. I

1 know.

CHAIR TAYLOR: I was scribbling -- it was a lot of words.

MR. CLARK: I finally gave up -CHAIR TAYLOR: I cheated because I
could look to my right to see, you know, what is
he saying? But other than -- yes, Mr. Justice.

MR. JUSTICE: Nick Justice.

A lot of the discussion we had this morning is us struggling to understand these opportunities, right, and start to kind of quantify things that are more actionable.

And I just wanted to share with you where the government has started standing these public-private partnerships up was -- I ran one of the very first national manufacturing institutes.

I'll tell you what kind of opportunity it is. We built road maps for technology development. We never could build road maps for business opportunity. It -- because you can't see it coming, number one.

I'm going to take advantage of it before I tell you about it because I'm going to make the profit on it. And I literally have tracked money in my state because I owe my governor and my legislature and my academic leaders feedback on how much this was worth to us.

And I can tell you a \$70 million investment in power electronics within the State of North Carolina in less than five years has developed over \$1.25 billion return.

Most of that came from an opportunity where a company was going to divest itself of a major business. And when they saw the opportunity that was being developed, they did a 180 degree, divested their main profit center and invested that capital into the future.

And so the Triangle is getting a \$1 billion investment in power electronics. It resulted in this.

So my thoughts is about our workshop is we look not to specific quantifiable

achievements but setting conditions for success, number one.

Number two, look at the opportunities over time in a road map fashion — is there will be immediate things that you'll see and that'll be the investment, the buildings, the housing or construction opportunities.

But really, you're shaping yourself for the future at the academic portfolio with your students and your programs to teach the future, to train the workforce of the future, to take advantage of leading your communities in new opportunities.

And I was thinking about that over -sitting there at lunch that we're not going to
define every dot at the end of a sentence or
cross every T in this. What we're doing is
setting conditions to exploit the future.

MR. CLARK: On that -- James Clark, again.

Words breadth and depth came to mind in earlier discussion. As the agencies have

extensively more resources than we do, they obviously have more insight and understanding as to their opportunities and their needs, far beyond what we would ever know, you know, at any time.

So I think one of the metrics that needs to be put in place at a global level needs to be one that insists on a level of depth -- in other words, a significant investment -- but also a second metric about breadth.

In other words -- and I use the word forcing or incentivizing or motivating the agencies to make the rounds.

And so it's not good for an agency to make all of its investments in one place but for agencies to have — to get rewarded, I'll say, for having 80 or 90 percent coverage of the HBCUs because if you're not — if we're not careful, it's very easy, having been on the other side of the fence, to say okay, I'm just going to put all my time at XYZ university.

I know someone there, they've got

something that I have, I'm going to put all my marbles there, and I'm going to get the box checked, and I don't make the rounds, I don't talk to anybody else, I don't discover what opportunities might be at other places.

Now, that's not to take away from the depth part. Okay? We want that because those places that have expertise, we need to be able to compete with anybody to go as deep as possible. But we must make sure that we're making the rounds because I know — when I — with my other hat on, I know what I would normally do.

CHAIR TAYLOR: It's efficient.

MR. CLARK: Yeah.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Hawkins.

DR. HAWKINS: Mr. Chairman, can someone define for me -- I just want to be clear -- when we talk about the infrastructure, are we talking about agencies working with our institutions, are we talking about the real estate on our campuses? Is that all in -- let --

CHAIR TAYLOR: That --

1	DR. HAWKINS: I want to finish my
2	statement, but just
3	MR. HOLIFIELD: Okay.
4	DR. HAWKINS: I want to
5	MR. HOLIFIELD: Very quickly, let's
6	make sure we separate the earlier discussion from
7	this discussion. This is focused on how the
8	Federal Government and federal agencies plan and
9	implement HBCU strategy, et cetera. That's what
10	this what I'm talking about now.
11	DR. HAWKINS: So you're saying their
12	strategies in terms of working with our
13	MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes, which largely
14	reflect historically just about every executive
15	order, but we haven't had the kind of structure,
16	expectations, and depth of planning that we'd
17	like to see.
18	DR. HAWKINS: Okay. So Okay. I'm
19	good.
20	Now, I've been a president 18 and a
21	half years. And 18 and a half years, we've been
22	discussing this. And Johnny knows what I'm

talking about.

We've had meetings scheduled, agencies

-- and Harold Martin, he knows what I'm talking

about -- and the agencies show up and the

discussion is supposed to be about how can we

better work with the HBCUs getting their

resources, getting funding, you know, winning the

procurement competitions, et cetera.

Eighteen years later, we're still talking about the same subject. So if we're going to — this board, if we're really going to drill down on this, okay, we've got to drill all the way down, okay, and build a new foundation so that we can grow moving forward and actually see things happen because if — when I go out to presidents and get their — try to get their buy—in and all they say to us or will say to me and probably these other presidents that, you know, we've heard this story before. Okay?

So all I'm saying is that, ladies and gentlemen, you know, if we're going to take this on, let's take this on to the point that we can

see some results.

(Off mic comments.)

CHAIR TAYLOR: Hello. There you go.

Okay. Let's make sure our mics are on, including

me.

Johnny Taylor, and we're going to have President Clark and then Dr. Johnson.

But here's -- I'm going to throw out something because it's -- you and I were thinking exactly the same thing. Is there an argument,

Johnathan, that maybe we should pick two or three agencies and go deep the ones -- as opposed to trying to tackle 32?

I tell you that when I was a CEO of
Thurgood Marshall College Fund, we were running
all over the place, some at NASA, some here,
trying to make it. And I realized there were two
departments I was going to get a lot of money
from, and I just put deep, deep partnership -put deep resources into those agencies where
there was buy-in from the top, and where,
frankly, we had the capacity to serve them

because there were some agencies out there that would all say the right thing. We'd show up, but we didn't have the capacity.

It wasn't a knock on us. It just wasn't what we did as a group of institutions.

So might there be some value -- I get the big picture federal strategy, but what if we said there are two agencies, three, four, pick a number, where we can go really deep and then match HBCU capacity, understanding that we're not monolithic, there are small schools, there are big schools, there are some -- and everybody -- but really get deep and so as opposed to a broad 32-agency approach, two or three, because I agree.

Dr. Hawkins will tell you, when I go out and talk to presidents, their like eyes roll in the back of their head. They're like, I'm not going to any more of those freaking convenings where you tell me about the federal agency and nothing comes of it. They become frustrated.

So I just throw it out as an idea. So

in order, Dr. Clark. 1 2 MR. HOLIFIELD: Hold on. I have to 3 address these or I'll miss my opportunity. 4 (Off mic comments.) 5 MR. HOLIFIELD: Your points are 6 well-taken. When I arrived in this seat, there 7 was nothing. So what we are trying to do is build the exact capacity that you're describing. 8 9 I'm not sure how we got to 2019 10 without this. How is that possible? So the gap 11 that you describe is a longstanding gap that 12 precedes your 18 years as a president and 13 probably goes back to the earliest of the 14 executive orders. So this is exactly the thing 15 we're trying to address. 16 Keep in mind, the approach is to 17 develop the right expectations of agencies 18 because they have not had expectations. 19 been develop an HBCU plan. They have been uneven 20 at depth. 21 UNIDENTIFIED MALE: I don't agree with

that.

1	MR. HOLIFIELD: Well, that's what the
2	executive order
3	UNIDENTIFIED MALE: I'll I'll
4	MR. HOLIFIELD: Sir, I am taking you
5	to the executive orders and what those directions
6	have been explicitly. And that's what the
7	current executive order says.
8	And there's no context for what those
9	plans should contain. And that's where we have
10	an opportunity to build in the kinds of things
11	that you describe.
12	CHAIR TAYLOR: So I want to hear all
13	the so good response. Okay.
14	MR. CLARK: This ties in with his. I
15	try to keep things
16	CHAIR TAYLOR: This is James Clark.
17	MR. CLARK: James Clark.
18	CHAIR TAYLOR: I'm going to do it for
19	you, man.
20	MR. CLARK: Dashboards and score
21	cards, that's how these executives run these
22	operations. We need to just put up some simple

dashboard -- and every time we meet, every time we look at the agency -- now, whether we have a list of 30 or 3, we know -- the score card is the things that we think are important, jointly, and the dashboard is showing how they are progressing against it.

So back to my depth and breadth, you know, if you're -- you know, how much money have you put in HBCUs. How many HBCUs are you working with and what's the name of the projects?

It can be just that simple because, with all due respect, if we -- we can spend the next five years talking about developing a plan, but let me tell you, if you tell any one of those agency heads you must have five HBCUs working with you by the next time they meet, they won't get it done. Okay?

And if you say one percent of your budget or a tenth of a percent of your budget or one one-thousandths of a percent of your budget needs to have found a good place to go by the -- in six months, they will find a way to do it

without spending a lot of time playing.

Now, if you say develop plans, oh, I mean, I'm sure they are great at spending a lot of time developing the world's greatest, most robust, longest number of pages, plans, and we will be meeting again and meeting again and then — now, the other flip side of that is to hold us accountable, okay, because I've been coming to some of these meetings and I've been telling folks back at home, hey, you know, the agencies are ready, the agencies are ready, we need to be engaged, we need to be getting engaged.

But I will just tell you, we're not doing our part, either because there's not that part of traction that I know. If I go to this agency they are looking at this and they are waiting for me to be there and now it's on me.

And if we put those kind of things up before us, it will force action on both sides.

CHAIR TAYLOR: So Dr. Johnson.

DR. JOHNSON: Yeah. I think that it's both. I mean, but the -- you do need to have a

governing plan or overarching framework. And then from there you need to have implementation plan.

And so now the way in which Johnathan has talked about the implementation plan probably needs additional guidance, okay, because I've had the experience of working, first off, from the standpoint of the Federal Government spend.

Most of the spend is in contracts, not research. And -- but and most of our institutions, with a few exceptions, big ones,

I'm sure, A&T is one of them, that has a structure to handle contracts.

Most -- all of the higher education institutions use fund accounting. But for contracts, you need to have cost or contract accounting. That means you've got to actually have money in your budget to actually have someone brought onboard.

Then there needs to be some way, in terms of the -- back to Dr. Clark's point about scorecards and dashboards, there needs to be some

way in the agency for there to be a watchdog.

I engaged a major contractor, federal contractor that assigned to us an IDIQ, indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity contract — and because what happened was that their person who is responsible for interacting with the institution had no control over the engineers who were still going to the same places and doing the same thing, even though in the contract that they have with the Federal Government there was an incentive clause.

So there has to be some -- you know, so the actual implementation strategy has got to deal with the gnarly issues associated with how do you connect.

You know, when a space ship is sent to the International Space Station, they have to — the speed has got to be right, right? The angle's got to be right in order for them to dock. If not, they miss each other. And that space station is going around at 10,000 miles per hour. Okay?

And so they miss each other if they 1 2 don't get that right. And so we have to have the 3 net phase and implementation strategy. And you can actually provide some quidance there or have 4 5 a clear way to review what it is that they are 6 presenting back so that you know that you can 7 make that connection. CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Breaux? 8 9 DR. BREAUX: I'd like to make a few 10 points. One is what I've heard here today is a 11 framework from which we can work. 12 MR. HOLIFIELD: That's it. 13 DR. BREAUX: And many of us around 14 this table, we're used to having a plan. 15 have to have a plan to know where you're going, 16 and I think you're provided a good framework from 17 which we can work. 18 I wasn't here 19 years ago. I'm one 19 of the newbies. I'm in my third year of my 20 presidency. 21 And what I would venture to guess is 22 that you didn't have the same technology 19 years

ago that we have today.

Many of our organizations are also used to doing dashboards, are used to collecting data. We're preparing students around big data.

We should be able to gather the data, do a dashboard, and be able to say are we measuring up to the framework that you've provided.

I heard, and with all due respect, Mr.

Chairman, you mentioned about drilling down just three or four, whatever the number is.

I fear that we can get stuck with just trying the rest of the year, trying to figure out whether it's five or it's six because we're such different institutions, and that's just institutions around this table. There are 100 -- over 100 out there. I would not want us to spend more time trying to figure out which institutions we should be measuring.

So I would rather -- we look at the full picture, create the dashboards, use the framework, and then begin working. And I hear

the frustration. I'm hearing it around this table. I've heard it out there as I travel.

And I do think it's real. We need to address that. And part of that can be done with communication.

Here today we have a framework, but let's put it out there. Let's begin to determine what we're going to assess. Let's measure it and then communicate to the larger constituents.

It's broader than this group here.

And that's the environment we're all used to working, and we have accreditors. They want a plan. They want to know are we living up to the plan, how are we measuring it, and then communicating it out, and then closing the feedback loop, and making sure that we take in information and approve upon it.

But we've got to start now moving forward. Again, I would prefer that we not try to zero in on just a few of the organizations because there are opportunities across the board that we've been missing out on and we need to

know where they are and how we can all move together as HBCUs together.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. So in order,

President Hawkins, Mr. Grigsby -- Dr. Grigsby,

and Dr. Dawkins. Make sure that you all are --

DR. HAWKINS: One thing, Mr. Chairman, and all due respect to my colleagues, I still maintain 18 years ago when some of your were presidents, have sat in your seat, have addressed the same issue -- and I'll call one up, okay, Dr. William Harvey. Okay. He's been president 43 years.

Okay. If he was sitting here today, I assure you that he would echo what I've put on the table. Accountability sounds good, and certainly the planning and, you know — and Johnny, you've laid out in terms of how we can begin to attack this.

But we have got to put some serious teeth in this if we're going to head down this road with all this planning, et cetera, in terms of accountability with these agencies because it

really comes down to stiff accountability. 1 2 With all these HBCU initiatives and 3 these various departments, we've been saying for vears. And this Board will leave and then a new 4 5 Board will come in and they will be still talking 6 about the same accountability. 7 (Off mic comments.) 8 DR. HAWKINS: No, no. Let me -- yes? DR. BREAUX: Point of clarification. 9 10 When you say accountability, are you --11 CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Breaux, we have to 12 speak for the record -- tell them who's speaking. DR. BREAUX: 13 This is Anita Breaux. 14 When you said accountability, are you 15 seeing differently than what -- I thought you 16 were referencing was -- we would address that 17 with the dashboards. Are you seeing that as 18 different? 19 I'm not saying it DR. HAWKINS: No. 20 different. Okay? I am agreeing with you. 21 DR. BREAUX: Oh. Okay. Just thank 22 you.

DR. HAWKINS: On accountability.

DR. BREAUX: Thank you.

DR. HAWKINS: But all I'm saying is if we're going to -- if that's the direction we decide that we're going, okay, we better make sure that we have stiff accountability.

And I'll give an example. I'm working with one of the agencies right now. And I've had a wonderful partnership to the point that this agency reaches out to us and say, you know, we're getting close to the end, if you need additional funding to get to the end, this is when construction is going on campus, let us know because we're getting close to the end of fiscal year so we can do something about that.

That's a true partnership and working relationship. And all I'm saying is that that's where we have to get to with these agencies. But if -- as we build this out, you know, without some stiff accountability -- certainly they hear it from a chairman, they hear it from the executive director.

1 And when those points are made clear 2 that you're not going to back off because this is 3 where we're going, then I believe that we can get somewhere. But we can't just roll out some broad 4 5 expectation because they'll sit on it, so. 6 MR. HOLIFIELD: And Dr. Hawkins, 7 that's what it has been. I think we might be trying to get to the same place through different 8 9 roads and even different language. 10 That's the point. They're -- it's 11 just been agency plans. I can tell you they're 12 all over the place and uneven, and many of them have our institutions stuck in a narrow band of 13 14 opportunity and never quite get to the best 15 opportunities. That's what we're working to 16 build with all -- with what you're saying. We're 17 aligned. 18 We're trying to get there, and we need 19 your help. 20 MR. GRIGSBY: Well, let me --21 CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Grigsby. 22 MR. GRIGSBY: Marshall Grigsby.

I don't want to sound like a broken record, and I don't want to rehash the past. I think I'm unique in the sense that I have the privilege of writing the PAB report a number of years ago, so I had the opportunity to look deeply at plans and the like.

And one of the glaring omissions that I certainly see Johnathan trying to address is the fact that there ought to be, at least from this body, a recommendation of suggesting of what the consequences are for agencies that do not develop adequate relationships with HBCUs.

And those relationships can be in the area of grants, contracts, internships, faculty exchanges, a host of things. But there ought to be appropriate relationships, and those that don't, there ought to be consequences because without that, then the likelihood of things moving to the level that you want them to move, Johnathan, are greatly reduced.

CHAIR TAYLOR: And Dr. Dawkins.

DR. DAWKINS: Yes.

First off, I want to say I've been in higher education a long time and have -- we've been exposed to many, many different opportunities.

From my experience as a person that writes grants and have received grants is that sometimes even on our campuses we don't have a capacity to respond.

And so I think we need to speak to that, and we need to figure out how do we build capacity to respond to an opportunity to write a grant.

In many of our schools, and even some

-- in some of the public schools, we don't have

the number of faculty that can respond to every

opportunity there is.

But yet, I'm just like a mentor. I do not want us to say we're only going to go after three or five because the others of us can benefit from the different ones that are out there.

And then if we go after three or five,

who? And so we don't want to do that. So really it boils down to providing the capacity for our institutions back to infrastructure. We need human infrastructure to help us go through these.

We know the Federal Government offers grant workshops. There's been a number offered since we've been here, but we don't have enough people to send them to all the workshops. But how do you come to our campuses to help us write these grants, build the infrastructure, provide some guidance?

CHAIR TAYLOR: So we're going to have one last questions because we have guests here, and I've got to keep us -- luckily we started a little early and we made up some time.

But so just to set the framework here, we're going to have the opportunity to go into this deeper. I don't want to disrespect the time of the people who've come here to present to other areas.

So this is obviously a hot button issue, and what you're beginning to see if people

who have done this for a long time and then people who are new at it and the answer is somewhere between everybody has -- and it depends upon the size of your institution.

There's a lot -- there's no perfect answer, but I think we should learn from each other because there are people who've been through this for a long time and they'll tell you while there may not have been a particular framework, different frameworks.

And we've threatened agencies and we've raised hell with presidents. We've had friendly presidents who've said you must do this. You've showed me the report that you wrote back in like 1992 or something. We — a lot of this stuff that you all think is new, it's been there. It's just — you can call it something different, you can — whatever.

But that's where some of the cynical, more jaded perspective because they've seen frameworks, they've seen plans, they've seen it.

So we're going to talk about that in a second.

1 I just want to get a -- and that's not 2 at all -- don't read that as a knocking. This is 3 this Board's job to --4 MR. HOLIFIELD: I just want to ask for 5 them to send me those examples so they can inform 6 That's what I'm interested in. the process. 7 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yeah, we'll get that. 8 Absolutely. 9 So without -- and I'm going to go 10 I know that I had Dr. Johnson, and I know 11 that Dr. Hawkins wanted one -- let me just knock 12 these two out very quickly, and then I promise 13 I'm going to get -- and I'm going to make up 14 time, ladies. You and I will be cut short. 15 won't be a replay of my -- I made up my meeting, 16 didn't I? 17 Okay. Dr. Johnson. 18 DR. JOHNSON: Well, I was going to say 19 that, you know, 19, 20 years ago, there were a 20 lot of things that were happening then that are 21 actually not happening now. 22 We have to really understand that the

thought process -- and again, I'm thinking about contracts because that's where the money is.

Okay?

That the thought process of the federal -- of the companies that actually do most of the work for the Federal Government is really different from the thought process that most academic institutions have.

When they do their strategic plan, they calculate KPIs just like higher education.

But they also calculate KRIs, key risk indicators. Okay? And that's how they establish the accountability in their organization.

So if someone is new, and they can't parameterize whether there is going to be a late delivery, which cascades through their organization, then they're going to go in a different direction.

So what has to happen is that there has to be an education on this side in terms of the language and the thought process, and then there has to be implementation strategies that

take into account those kinds of structures. 1 2 So -- but you have to have a 3 framework. The framework is like the law. Okay? 4 It's like the road system. 5 Then you then lay out a navigation to 6 where you're going to go. And so I just think 7 that that's really important, otherwise you will be, like Billy Hawkins said, you'll be sitting 8 9 here 20 years from now talking about the same But you can't get there if you don't have 10 11 the framework, if you don't have the road, the 12 network. And that's really important. 13 CHAIR TAYLOR: Absolutely. 14 DR. HAWKINS: Mr. Chairman, once you 15 get --16 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. 17 DR. HAWKINS: Once you get the 18 framework, okay, then we've got to make sure that 19 we have the Dr. Leonard Haynes and he can round off a number of focus -- if there's one agency 20 21 that has responded positively working with our 22 schools, Department of Education.

And so you go back to the Lenny Dawson (phonetic) and -- I mean, you can just go down the line because -- and to pick up the phone, Dr. Haynes, da, da, da, and you get a response.

So I think we've got to look for -certainly we'll look for guidance from Dr. Haynes
and some others in terms of how it has worked in
the Department of Education over the years
because -- pick the phone up.

So if we look at these other agencies, okay, we need some Dr. Hayneses because we can do the framework but you're still going to need that human element, Okay, that's going to be able to push those buttons, you know, like a Dr. Leonard Haynes.

CHAIR TAYLOR: And so what I want to -- because I want to get -- yeah, we're going to get back to this.

But I say, one thing, Dr. Breaux, it's really important, when I said two or three, it wasn't for the entire sector. It is Tougaloo -I don't know if Tougaloo is in the room, I know

Talladega, but Tougaloo can't go after 32 agencies. That's the point is figuring out what your university's capabilities are and the you focus.

The point is, I think some of us have done a shotgun approach to thinking you can go do this with 32 agencies, and you can't.

Your university has strengths. First of all, just take person power. Notice that, I didn't say manpower.

It takes person power, human beings, and you can't do it. So my point was not that we as a collective decide that HBCUs are only going to deal with three agencies. It is that each one of these institutions, once the framework is set up, each one of these institutions have got to be — that's why I used the example of TMC.

If we focused on three agencies where we knew we had a chance of being successful and can develop deep relationships, that's really the point.

I just wanted, as a point of

clarification, not to say that the sector should 1 2 only deal -- because there are 32 agencies. 3 as taxpayers support them all. And so therefore, we should be able to participate in them all. 4 5 So that's why your framework is 6 critical. MR. HOLIFIELD: 7 Ten seconds. 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay, ten. 9 MR. HOLIFIELD: Dr. Hawkins, you're 10 absolutely right. The Department of Education is 11 the overwhelming funder of our institutions or 12 investor in our institutions. It has done 13 historically a pretty darn good job. 14 But even in the Department -- and 15 we're beginning to have better discussions within 16 the Department. It's largely a couple of areas, 17 not all of the areas of opportunity within the 18 Department. 19 So even where we may have a good 20 relationship, we're still not quite playing the 21 whole field.

So good stuff, appreciate you.

1 CHAIR TAYLOR: All right. 2 So Dr. Shieh, thank you for coming. 3 And you see how this is as active as the last 4 session was. 5 DR. SHIEH: Yes. Yeah. CHAIR TAYLOR: 6 Yeah. 7 DR. SHIEH: And I hope that I'll -- I 8 don't want to steal too much extra time, but I do 9 have a hard stop. But I really want to hear --10 what I'm here mostly for is to get your 11 perspectives and hopefully Johnathan will be able 12 to share my contact information with all of you 13 as well in case we don't get to everything. But I've heard a lot of -- I'm -- a 14 15 lot of really good, interesting discussions and a 16 few points that I want to actually just pick up 17 on. 18 You know, one is specifically the need 19 for that person power to maintain these 20 relationships, right, and being strategic about 21 what your individual institution has, where you 22 have your strengths and what the needs are from a

1	particular agency, but beyond the Federal
2	Government and the needs there.
3	Were all of you present for Dr.
4	Droegemeier's presentation yesterday on research
5	competitiveness?
6	MR. HOLIFIELD: There were a few there
7	I know that participated, but not all. But they
8	do have Dr. Droegemeier's presentation. I sent
9	it out. I'm not sure. We've been here, so.
10	DR. SHIEH: Yes.
11	(Simultaneous speaking.)
12	DR. SHIEH: anybody has actually
13	talked about it.
14	So I guess first maybe I should
15	actually introduce myself. I'm Jennifer Shieh.
16	I'm the assistant director for entrepreneurship
17	at the White House Office of Science and
18	Technology Policy.
19	So of course we you know, naturally
20	we focus on science and technology policy and
21	primarily working with all of the science
22	research agencies.

And so there are multiple administration priorities. When we think about HBCU competitiveness, first off, what I want to say is when we think about HBCU competitiveness and the -- what do we mean by competitiveness, in my mind, it's making sure that HBCUs are included in the fact that in order for the U.S. to maintain global competitiveness we are making use of incorporating and including all of the talent and the assets that we have invested in as a Federal Government, as taxpayers.

And so if we are not including everybody in the efforts that we're making to advance the industries of the future, if we're not including everybody in all of the institutions that we make investments into where — that have infrastructure, right — and again, from my point of view, I'm all thinking about science and technology research infrastructure.

But if we don't have every piece connected, then we are going to lose the global competitiveness game. And so this is imperative

because we -- the United States does not have the size and doesn't have the philosophy of having state-sponsored companies.

And so how do we maintain our edge is by making sure that we are including everybody across the entire country. So just that's the framework that I am working from.

And so there are a number of different administration priorities and efforts happening that really require some integration, right, and like cooperation and coordinated effort to make sure that all of these different pieces are actually fitting together.

And so I know that you've all heard a great deal about the opportunity zone tax incentive, so I'm not going to talk about that other than to say that that is one piece. Right?

There's also the National Council for the American Worker. And so the administration's priority and focus on ensuring the American workforce and, again, thinking about workforce very broadly and from the science and technology

perspective when we talk about workforce and if you look at, for example, our -- the federal strategic five-year STEM education strategic plan, when we talk about workforce, we're not solely focused on the Ph.D. trained scientists and engineers.

Obviously that is a critical piece that we do think about, but we want to make sure that the conversation is also including, for example, the skilled technical workforce, that it also includes the broader population that should be STEM enabled.

When we think about the jobs of the future, science, technology, engineering, and math are going to be a necessary and critical part of it.

And so how do we think about STEM education in that context where it's not only focused on a few individuals that are professionally trained scientists and engineers?

And so we talk -- and the other -- obviously the HBCU competitiveness policy

coordination committee is another piece of this that, again, we want to make sure is part overall.

And then I wanted to end with the one that I focus on every day, which is the President's management agenda was released last March. And within it are 14 high-level cross-agency priorities.

There are things addressing, for example, improvements in government contracting and thinking about the federal workforce and IT modernization.

One of the mission-focused cross-agency priorities is ensuring that we improve the transfer of federally funded research and development from lab to market.

So when we think about the \$150 billion that are invested every year in research and development, how do we make sure that that research isn't just staying as discoveries in the lab but actually makes it out into the marketplace?

And again, this is where we really think about the talent that's needed to unlock all of those discoveries that are in research laboratories and the importance of ensuring that we create an inclusive innovation ecosystem.

And I appreciate that, you know -- I wasn't there, but I hear that there were a number of discussions about ecosystems, right, and how all of the different players come into this.

And so I didn't bring handouts, but if you go to performance.gov -- and talking about dashboards - on performance.gov, all of these -- the President's management agenda, cross-agency priorities are listed there including this lab-to-market effort.

And for lab-to-market, you know, we are thinking quite broadly about how we set the conditions to inspire and support science -- R&D-based innovation and entrepreneurship.

And so within that, I also want to point out sort of OSTP, the Office of Science and Technology Policy, what efforts that we've made.

So I referred to Dr. Droegemeier,
who's the director of OSTP, the science advisor
to the President, proposed efforts to enhance the
research competitiveness for HBCUs.

And if you'll also note other documents to reference, last Friday, I think it was right before Labor Day, the fiscal year '21 R&D budget priorities memo went out -- August 30th, on August 30th.

So you can find this on OSTP's website. You can go to ostp.gov. And in that research budget priorities memo, specifically HBCUs were called out there.

And again, I -- you know, and part of it was also in the -- there's a cross-cutting agency actions to take in supporting multisector partnerships.

And so there it's supporting

partnerships that enhance HBCU research

competitiveness. And I also want to say that,

you know, part of the overall lab-to-market

effort and thinking about partnerships and how we

ensure there is a good partnership is understanding both -- what the value is to both sides, both parties, right, and the importance of maintaining these relationships.

And so I want to also call out the importance of focusing on the -- either the people or the institutions that help ensure that these relationships are maintained, sort of the ecosystem builders and supporters because everybody has so many competing priorities, it's hard to actually have the dedicated time to focus on any one particular thing, especially if it's not your highest priority.

And so in the overall lab-to-market efforts, we talk about how we support regional innovation and regional innovation ecosystems and that there is a focus there.

And for example, ensuring that we are incorporating the national manufacturing institutes that were referenced earlier. That's all a part of it, and so thinking about all those different pieces and how we support that.

1 So I'm going to stop there because I 2 really -- I would like to hear more from you. 3 And I realize I should have sent out ahead of 4 time so that you could have seen like what 5 overall we're focusing on lab-to-market, but I'm happy to entertain questions. 6 CHAIR TAYLOR: And if I may, I'm going 7 to have Dr. Alkisswani present so that we can 8 9 jointly talk about this and jot some notes. 10 And then what we will also do is hope 11 to -- we're actually back on time, so we're Okay 12 because we started earlier. We have until 2:00. 13 But I'd like you to present -- make 14 your presentation and then we'll jot down notes 15 and ask any notes. And this won't be the last 16 meeting. So to the extent, Dr. Shieh, that we 17 have questions ad you want to send us a follow-up 18 read and then we have you back, that was --19 because this was our work. Okay? 20 MS. ALKISSWANI: I'm happy to do so. 21 I don't know that Dr. Shieh may --22 CHAIR TAYLOR: Oh, that's right.

1	said she had a hard stop. You had to go
2	somewhere. I'm sorry. I totally forgot about
3	that.
4	Dr. Shieh questions for Dr. Shieh.
5	Thank you for reminding me. Yes.
6	MR. CLARK: Very quickly, James Clark,
7	SC State.
8	When you reference lab-to-market
9	initiatives, is that different from, similar to,
10	same as the NSF I-Corps effort?
11	DR. SHIEH: So I would say that the
12	it's different from
13	MR. CLARK: Different from.
14	DR. SHIEH: because it's a much
15	broader overarching whole of government effort to
16	think about the condition setting, right, for how
17	we can ensure that tech transfer of federally
18	funded R&D is improved and commercialization.
19	And so so Okay, maybe I will
20	I'll give you the five overarching strategies
21	that are pieces of this lab-to-market effort, and
22	then I'll come actually specifically about where

does ICOR fit in.

So we have five key strategies on how we're thinking about this. The first is focusing on reducing regulatory burdens and making administrative improvements.

And so that -- where that comes is thinking about specifically -- so also one other point is when we talk about the \$150 billion investment in R&D, about a third of that goes to the federal lab -- to federal labs.

And so we do also need to think about how are we as agencies supporting scientists and engineers and helping that intellectual property make it out into the marketplace.

And so with respect to -- there's the Stevenson-Wydler and Bayh-Dole Acts that govern intellectual property of federally funded R&D thinking about how we make updates to those.

And so -- and the other piece there in administrative improvements is the small business innovation research, small business technology transfer programs.

Hopefully you've all heard of it, and if not, I'll send you lots more information about it, but there -- you know, again, this is a program that cuts across different agencies, and it specifically funds -- you know, it's the seed fund for a lot of startups.

in that. So for example, the Air Force recently had what they're calling pitch days for SBIR, so getting their contracts down to one page, getting the applications down to 15 slide deck and actually pitching and handing money out on a credit card the same day that you pitch, so improving government contracting in those ways.

So that's part of it.

The second strategy is enhancing private sector engagement. And so that was what I was referring to related to how do we better support and engage partnerships with the private sector, with the -- supporting the innovation ecosystem development.

And so thing like also looking at the

authorities that allow for the government to partner.

So for example, with the federal labs, how do we make sure that you are able to access the facilities that -- and the infrastructure that exists there, the expertise, the intellectual property, and thinking about different programs there?

And this is where ICOR comes in. Our third strategy is really focused on workforce. So for tech transfer, regardless of whether a particular technology makes it onto the market or not, there is that investment in human capital, and that is critical, and how do we support entrepreneurship and entrepreneurial thinking and entrepreneurial mindset both in the extramural community with the students at your institutions, for example.

And so that's where an ICOR program is a piece of this.

The -- we also are thinking about entrepreneurial training for the federal

workforce, both the scientists and engineers at the federal labs, but also -- and hopefully, you know, this gets at the culture change within agencies, but thinking about entrepreneurial thinking and mindset for the program managers who work on all these innovation and entrepreneurship programs to better understand that.

Yeah?

MR. HOLIFIELD: President Clark's point is well taken, and to add, keep in mind, the President's executive order on HBCUs, just like the previous ones, doesn't just direct the agencies in Washington, D.C.

It is the agencies period, so the agencies present in South Carolina. You have a tool -- we have a tool as a field to more aggressively pursue implementation where the presence is, not just in Washington, D.C.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Yep. Any other questions?

Thank you, Dr. Shieh, for coming, and -- again, I think there are a number of -- once

we get your presentation, I think there are going to be a lot more questions of like the framework. We have to memorize what was said to get it, but there's going to be more conversations around this because as we tie this all into our three pillars, this is going to be key. So thank you for your time.

DR. SHIEH: Thank you.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Appreciate you.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Thank you, Jennifer.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Alkisswani?

DR. ALKISSWANI: I feel like a kid in a toy store here on this topic. Not quite sure where to start with this. I've heard so many key points that are really related to what I want to talk about.

I do represent a federal agency.

NTIA, National Telecommunications and Information

Administration, is the key advisor -- principal

advisor to the executive branch with respect to

information communication technologies,

including, of course, spectrum policy.

1	NTIA also has a vested interest in the
2	expansion, diffusion, and applications of
3	broadband technologies across the nation, and has
4	a particular mandate to serve unserved,
5	underserved, and marginalized communities.
6	I have been at NTIA since 1995. I've
7	been through two grant programs within NTIA.
8	I served at Cheyney University for
9	seven years before coming to NTIA, and I've been
10	on the fringes of this topic and discussions for
11	more decades than some of you can probably
12	remember in terms of Dr. Williams Dr. Hawkins,
13	I think it is. Is that the right name?
14	DR. HAWKINS: Yes.
15	DR. ALKISSWANI: Do I have the name
16	DR. HAWKINS: Yes.
17	DR. ALKISSWANI: correct?
18	DR. HAWKINS: Yes.
19	DR. ALKISSWANI: I think it was around
20	before his 18-year tenure.
21	So I'd like to preface my comments,
22	actually, about broadband, in particular, with

respect to this notion of how no -- oh, sorry -- how one approaches federal agencies.

And I have been there during the time in which HBCU presidents would kind of march in to the federal agencies and says what have you done for me lately. And those days just are gone.

A quick -- I don't know how much time

I have. So let me say quickly, my experience

shows that it might be well to think of -- I'm

also a researcher by background, social science

researcher. Let me clarify that.

And in talking to potential grantees, one of the key things I always say to them, I've always said, is don't chase the money. If you're looking for grants, you don't chase the money.

What is it, what problem are you trying to solve, also what is your institution's strategy? You all have strategies. You all have a mission, and in some ways, as HBCUs there is a set of cross cutting of mission statements and objectives.

So I'd like for you to think about agencies from the — federal agencies from the standpoint of what I'm calling collective impact investing and that between and among yourselves where there are particular areas of interest or a particular agenda you would like to advance, then in that — from that vantage point, you seek out the agencies that have contracting, but more particularly, federal grant opportunities that meet your needs, that meet what you want to do in your communities, what you want to do in your schools.

To address federal agencies from the standpoint of just sort of looking at where their grant opportunities are I think is an exercise in futility, and we will be doing in the next 18 years what we have been doing in the past.

I've advanced and pushed and worked for HBCUs to gather money and contracts within NTIA and increase that over the years from '95 through the last grant opportunity in 2014, and there are some agencies that are forthcoming and

that is true.

When you have a relationship with an agency such ad Dr. Hawkins was referring to, and which you've got this good -- it's a one on one. It's -- then it's a personal thing. It's not what is the agency doing. It's what is the relationship with that person doing to help you achieve that goal.

And those are good. I'm not saying you don't want to do that. But those -- that is not the same thing as addressing what you want.

I also have the opportunity to spend a little over a year, thank you, as -- on a detail to the White House initiative on HBCUs.

And I had the opportunity to look at agency plans, and what Johnathan says is absolutely correct.

But is it to our advantage to have them give plans with respect to what they are doing or have money or -- available for HBCUs, or is it to our advantage to know what they are offering period and we go after those funds as it

suits us.

Now, I think everything that goes on here and is said here suits my purpose because I'm selling broadband.

And I'm -- I want to say I am -- I

don't know what -- you know, whether to keep my

NTIA hat on or put on a Francine hat. It's kind

of hard.

The Francine side of me wants to say, folks, we want a cyber underground railroad. The NTIA side of me says, Francine, you've been tasked with pulling together a minority broadband initiative for NTIA.

Now, this is very much like everything you've been talking about. The agency says it wants to do that. But there is no way, let me tell you, that this can be done without the assembled group here.

So I'm here to solicit and request your help to put together a strategic plan for the agency, one person. And no matter -- I don't care what agency it is, what civil rights office

it is, what set aside there is, if it is not done in concert with the people it is intended to serve, I don't believe it is likely to be successful.

So I'm here to ask you for your success in that regard. Now, if I could -- I should stick with my notes.

This -- NTIA has established this program and it's to build upon NTIA's current efforts to engage minority stakeholders across NTIA's various areas of expertise, which I've told you about.

And so what we're about is broadband deployment and access, economic competitiveness, rural prosperity, and 5G deployment to vulnerable populations in unserved and underserved areas of the country.

This is something near and dear to my heart, something I've been working on for many, many years. So let's make this happen. Let's make is realizable. Let's hold the federal agencies' feet to the fire and help make this

work.

We know that historically black colleges and universities, you know, offer specific programming. You have supported economic growth. We know the economic impact as the study and report on economic impact has told us. We know that.

But what is the economic impact of broadband to HBCUs and to the HBCU communities?

I go back and rely on, Johnathan, we all do, the notion of HBCUs being anchor institutions. And there's a whole literature on anchor institutions and back in the day there used to be these university community partnerships and relations.

But I take it quite seriously because

HB -- that is why the economic impact study

across HBCUs -- sorry -- was important is because

it highlights the nature of the vested interest

in its community that HBCUs has.

And if you think about that, it is also the case that there is -- that has with it

an imperative to serve the community.

So we want to create -- I want to create, and people have accepted it within the agency, what I'm calling smart HBCUs, and I'm taking that from the whole push these days for smart communities, smart cities.

And before -- I don't want to get ahead of myself here for one thing. And it's interesting to note that you have Johnson C.

Smith in Charlotte. There is a smart cities program in the federal government in Charlotte and would you know that the west end where Charlotte is located is precisely the area in which the smart cities project are circumvented.

There is a smart cities project in Greenville, South Carolina, the same thing. We have to be collectively smarter or -- Dr. Dent -- from Jackson State University said, you know, we have to use smart HBCUs to be intelligent users of HBCUs. And so that's what I am advocating.

So this minority broadband initiative will seek to increase smart HBCU leadership

participation. That's all of you.

In the relevant broadband organizations and federal agency committees, why is it that there is not a greater output from federal agencies? Part of it is we aren't at the table.

There is a FCC diversity committee, you, you should be there. There is a -- there are multiple committees across NSF but there is an advisory committee for cyber infrastructure meeting tomorrow, an open meeting.

Why don't we have somebody there?

Well, we do. We have one Dr. Deborah Dent from

Jackson State who is probably one of three

members or represents one of three institutions

that's a part of internet, too.

We must become more proactive and my mission here is to make sure that that knowledge is out there and that our institutions are a part of that.

So we want to enhance outreach and participation in federal agency broadband

programs.

There are over 30 agencies or so that fund broadband in some ways. So we don't want to go out to each of those agencies. We want to plan for what makes sense, to go out to which ones of those agencies that best represents it —best represents our interest and ensure your inclusion in the broadband deployment stakeholder ecosystem.

I want to be able to initiate a pilot project, if you will, a demonstration project for some of the things I'm thinking about and get your feedback, too.

But we'd like to have a -- what is it

I want to say -- a public launching of the MBI

program in November. And I hope you will excuse,

I'm not singling out two people, but I am

singling out two people solely because it is

where my work has gone.

Last year, I was a part of a -- the -- what is called the Carolinas Alliance for Success and Education projects. And that's North

Carolina schools and South Carolina schools.

A part of what I'm thinking of, and it comes out of also the USDA thing we heard yesterday about communities for prosperity.

Almost everything you say is dependent upon broadband.

You wouldn't think of turning off the electricity in your schools. Broadband is that electricity. It is that infrastructure, that sub structure that's required to prepare the workforce for the future.

It's that sub structure that is required to have you continue to meet the future growth of your students.

I don't know quite how to say this other than to say that it is the sub structure that's required for the research. When you hold your agricultural schools, your land grant schools, which is where I seem to find an awful lot of research going on, it's necessary to be a part of the research community to share between and among yourselves.

So let's think about doing this on a state basis. Could we think, Dr. Martin -- could we think, Dr. Clark, of looking at your roles as land grant institutions?

Let's think of a collective impact model here where you're a hub -- use a hub and spokes analogy. You're a hub. You've got 10 other schools in North Carolina. That's a potentially powerful cluster there.

You've got 8 in South Carolina, 7

linked. With the proper broadband

infrastructure, there's nothing to keep. All the

classes and all the courses that the land grant

school has and that the other schools have for

collectively sharing courses for increasing

enrollment for expanding curricula, for building

of programs that don't exist is one of the things

-- we have a lab at NTIA.

It's a telecommunications lab. It wanted to do outreach. It wanted to get -- work with HBCUs.

Well, I sent them to some of the

engineering schools. But their problems is not unique to us. They cannot find engineers in radio frequency engineering because there are no such programs.

Okay. We've got 16 schools, but you have that capacity, too, among you. If in fact, we can build that collective between and among the schools in each of those states, and use that same power to connect those 68 or so counties that I think A&T has for extension centers, there you have a rural prosperity model that you're providing in partnership with rural school districts, whatever other community colleges are.

Now, what's missing? Your state institutions, you're probably a part of your state network. We have a -- I'm sorry -- a variation between and among the schools in terms of whether it's a faith-based school or whether it's a private school or if it's a state school.

But there is a possible model for going after funds that lists all. But if you're combined in those forces and you're going after

this \$600 million reconnect under USDA or the RUS funds or -- I saw Trina in here -- the Department of Energy with respect to building the smart campuses in terms of smart grids and upgrading, if we think of changing our buildings and when you're working with renovations and the like, that you're not -- that you do it with the back of your mind is I'm going to have this building connected. It's got to be a part of my smart campus.

So if we can think of that and maybe help me think through that as a model, that might be replicable.

When I look at Bowie, and I look at Eastern Shore, and I look at Coppin, and I look at Morgan -- I've forgotten the other, but this -- it harkens back to the conversation Johnny and I had, and that is if you look at the abysmal rates of what's happening to our students in the D.C. school are or in inner city schools in general, what if the collective of schools that I just mentioned is -- black schools -- had a

1	charter to revamp the whole teacher ed program so
2	that teachers are, indeed prepared to teach for
3	present day needs and that in that teacher
4	preparation we go back harken back to what we
5	did years ago, are preparing students and can
6	provide a basis for educating the youth in those
7	areas.
8	Now you're only doing a small number,
9	but that's a start.
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: Much better.
11	MS. ALKISSWANI: That's a plan. So
12	anyway, that is some of what I wanted to say to
13	you.
14	The other is that
15	CHAIR TAYLOR: We have about three
16	minutes.
17	MS. ALKISSWANI: Okay, then I'll
18	hurry. And this is my thought with respect to
19	transformation.
20	I think this really does call for
21	transformation at the leadership of HBCUs, if I
22	may say so. Not simply change but it is a

cultural change, it is a transformative change with respect to transforming the organization, transforming that mind set, the objective of transformation.

We say it's not just to execute a defined change, but to reinvent the organization. We're headed into the fourth or somewhere in between here with the fourth industrial revolution. I want us to be relevant with respect to that.

So my goal is that we cease to be impotent bystanders as this nation and the world enters the fourth industrial revolution.

I want us to create the conditions for critical conversations for inclusion in the dialogue. For setting policy, for being agents of social change in our institutions, for being agents of HBCU transformational leadership. And for being agents of social change in our communities.

Now, if we manage to pull together these clusters where you have, where we begin to

aggregate the sources that are required to do
this, whether it's the local politicians, the
business and industries, all of the relevant
stakeholders with respect to the broad, state
broadband network leaders, those are all required
to help make this happen. The dialogue has to be
between and among those so that we can be at the
table with respect to that.

I say the name of the game is change.

I think the rules of the game are changing in mid-play. And the rules will continue to evolve as the broadband enabled technologies continue to evolve and enter the market at an ever increasing rate of change.

In rural areas, the electric co-ops have been the key factor in helping to finance and deploy and expand broadband. So, in North Carolina and in South Carolina, in addition to the schools, we bring to the table the electric co-ops and the other vendors.

The agricultural programs need to be a part of precision agriculture. They need

broadband to do that. The rural communities need to be able to stem the tide with respect to homework gap.

Many of our students, I've just

Many of our students, I've just learned, also have just, are still trying to get across the digital divide themselves. So it really, I come to you now to bring this out, to ask you to be a part of this.

I would like to see our campuses be 5G test beds. You're sitting on almost 500 acres of land on your farm. You just, nearly 300.

Dig once policies. If they're building new highways, if they're repairing highways, they should be laying fiber to your campuses. Part of the grants you want is seeking conductivity from those points of presence out to the rest of the campus.

I'll stop.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.

MS. ALKISSWANI: But I do, I do seek your support. I do want to say just two more things quickly. That in launching this, we want

to be able to launch this in November, but we also want to be able to have a convening of what I'm calling the MBI multi-stakeholder meeting.

And in this regard, I'd like to be able to bring all of the key players, all the stakeholders together. I'm having the agency bring you together, for such a meeting at NTIA, so that we can bring to develop policy at the level of the agency.

And so that there is input at the agency caucus. So there is something there. And that there would be a report out of that, with recommendations. It's standard operating practice for NTIA to do that.

And I do want to say, it's unprecedented, I think, for a federal agency to do, allow me to do what I'm doing. They got tired of me bugging them and they knew I wasn't going to retire so they said, let's throw her a bone.

Well, I don't want to be thrown a bone, but I am happy to have the opportunity to

1	work with you and with our other HBCUs. But
2	particularly, you have capacity to set policy.
3	You have the capacity to make
4	recommendations to the President with respect to
5	this. So I want to be knocking on your doors
6	frequently and seeking your help.
7	There is no reason we can't use the
8	technology to meet. There is no reason we can't
9	use this technology to do any number of things.
10	One of the things, other things I want
11	to be looking at is, asset mapping of our schools
12	
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: One minute.
14	(Laughter.)
15	MS. ALKISSWANI: Asset mapping, this
16	is important.
17	CHAIR TAYLOR: Just one.
18	MS. ALKISSWANI: Because we don't know
19	what's there. I've learned an awful lot simply
20	because I've had to dig and look.
21	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. Yes.
22	MS. ALKISSWANI: But you're talking

about metrics. You talk about metrics. 1 You have 2 to know where we are in order to go forward. 3 have to know that to even write decent proposals. We have to know that in order to work 4 5 collaboratively. So we need a mapping of what 6 the information, communication, technologies are 7 on the campuses. 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: Right. 9 MS. ALKISSWANI: There are some. 10 They're little pockets. There is some schools of 11 engineering that says no, I'm not going to talk 12 to my CAO. 13 But we have that. We need to know the 14 technology, we need to know the organizational 15 capacity, we need to know the financial 16 capacities. And that repository needs to be 17 within the HBCU community. 18 But that needs to be what I'm calling 19 an HBCU broadband match where we can also have 20 industry and business come in --21 CHAIR TAYLOR: God bless. 22 MS. ALKISSWANI: -- and that would be

your resource for everybody to get information 1 2 and form projects. 3 My metric is closing CHAIR TAYLOR: 4 this meeting at 2 o'clock. 5 Thank you. MS. ALKISSWANI: Okay, thank you so 6 CHAIR TAYLOR: 7 much. 8 MS. ALKISSWANI: Thank you. 9 CHAIR TAYLOR: Actually, Ms. 10 Alkisswani, we met a lot of time and I know she 11 is very passionate about this, so I'm quite 12 honored. I think there is a lot here when we 13 14 talk about competing for federal grants. The 15 point is, some of it we're just not being 16 competitive for if we don't have the necessary 17 infrastructure, the technology infrastructure, to 18 assure the federal agencies with whom we're 19 working, that we can actually be compliant with 20 all of their security needs, cybersecurity needs, 21 et cetera. So, that's the major takeaway. 22 But we do have someone in a federal

agency committed to it. The agency is committing resources to it.

So this is just one person that we can get to. If you wanted to take her card afterwards, send her an email, and figure out how your institution might tie into this initiative that is funded.

It's an agency I have never heard of frankly, so this is just one, that's my points is there is so many of them.

I was just looking up, as we now go into a, like a quick overview from the director on HBCU week conference that many of us participated in. But it's just for something to think about.

Reading Wall Street Journal, December 2018. John's Hopkins, which is a private, relatively small university right outside of Baltimore, talking about an opportunity zone, got \$2.5 billion last year in federal grants. R&D grant. \$2.5 billion, one institution.

So, the reality is, and I went to look

at where they get, they're focus, HHS and DoD.

They know where the money is and they go real
deep into those agencies and they go pull out
\$2.5 billion per year.

This is a, the article says, this is the 39th year in a row, in a row, when they were the number one university receiving federal funding, R&D. That's one school. A small school.

So, we really do have to think about, in addition to our framework, as our implementation plan here. Because the resources are there, it's going to be how we go about this so that we don't get frustrated and, once again, find ourselves at this table, or people like us, a decade from now, frustrated.

So, let's have a, we're going to put this back on the agenda and start with it, because long days start to wear you down. But I think is a really, we're going to get back to this federal strategy work that Jonathan is doing, that is so important, and then figure out

1 the implementation plan. 2 But, let me just remind us, we have 3 about guaranteed 14 months to figure this out. 4 MR. HOLIFIELD: Very good. Closing 5 out the point, it's about, and if I'm wrong, you guys will have to sue me, about \$700 million or 6 7 so for HBCU specific programming and anywhere between \$50 and \$100 billion of competitive 8 9 grants, contracts, collaborative agreements. 10 That's what animates this process. 11 What we're trying to build better bridges toward. 12 With that said, a quick wrap-up on the 13 2019 national HBCU week conference. On the 14 record, appreciation to my team. Especially, Sedika Franklin, who is 15 16 our designated federal official right there. 17 Yes, let's give her a round of applause. 18 (Applause.) 19 MR. HOLIFIELD: Tammy Berguson, Elise 20 Jones, Dr. Haynes is always supporting as well, 21 the Department of Education team, Jermane and the 22 rest. Just a great team there as well.

Secretary DeVos, all have been 1 2 supportive of the conference. Executive office 3 of the President, our federal agencies. our members talked about earlier, had over 1,800 4 5 registrants, and I do believe that was the most 6 ever registrants we've ever had. 7 I thought this was our second year, and both years we were impacted by an untimely, 8 9 as though they're ever timely, hurricanes. 10 we wish our friends the best who were affected by 11 But that may have impacted our numbers. that. 12 I think we'll come in around 1,300, 13 1,400, which again, is a pretty appreciable 14 number as well. 15 Two hundred and two speakers over the 16 course of two days. About 50/50 men and women. 17 We'll all in for gender equity, isn't that right, 18 Ms. Franklin? 19 MS. FRANKLIN: Yes. 20 MR. HOLIFIELD: All right. We had 52 21 sessions and multiple tracks, depending on the 22 day and time, it ranged from between seven and

nine.

We had overwhelming response from the field. And we ended up with about 90 or so session proposals. We had maybe 48 session proposals last year.

So the field, our institutions, private sector, federal agencies, are all very responsive. This is something, you guys, we all, the field, should be proud of, as well.

Obviously we had Secretary DeVos and Chairman Taylor hosted a wonderful discussion, which really got a lot of great information out. Particularly a lot of interest around the federal student work study experiment.

That seemed to generate a lot of interest as well. Thank you, Chairman Taylor. We got some mileage out of our Chairman, I tell you. He might be mad at us but we got him. We got him good. So thank you, Johnny.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Secretary Perdue from USDA was a great participant and contributor.

And of course, for the first time ever, the President of the United States addressed our conference and our community of institutions.

And I do think this is my lane. What I appreciated about the remarks was the way, a way he talked about the institutions were connected to our national priorities. Through all said and done, if you're outside of where the investment is going, the life span is predicatively short.

If we are aligned with, connected to where the nation is going, we stand a better chance to compete well, contribute value, and importantly, extract value from those processes as well. So that's been our animating force.

And we were pleased that the president described our institutions, not only as a look back, a worthy look back, but also a look forward to the future promise that they hold for our nation. So with that, that's a little wrap-up.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Well thank you. And kudos to you. I mean, this has been quite the

project and undertaking, so, thank you for doing so.

Quickly we want to move to group discussion. There were two subjects, I want to come back to, I know we had two other people with questions, but institutional performance metrics under Title VII. I mean, Title III.

Just give a quick overview of that because I think this is something of specific interest to our President.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes. It's a discussion. You know, Title III, and we have a member who has particularly raised this point, and perhaps would like to chime in around this discussion as well, but we think that this body could take up how we can strengthen to improve efficacy to make the case for a Title III in future years.

What kind of expectations, what kind of metrics can, should the administration be thinking about in an advisory capacity that could demonstrate just the, what we would know is the

I was asked, and perhaps there may be

so we thought we'd approach it today.

tremendous impact of that program.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Member Grigsby, who brought it up.

some discussion worthy of having among this body,

MR. GRIGSBY: I think all of us are aware of the tremendous importance of Title III to the HBCU community. It has been since, particularly since 1992 when it transitioned into a formula grant program.

It has had significant impact over the years on our various campuses. And it has expanded in a variety of ways.

And as the President pointed out yesterday, his administration has increased support, more for HBCU's and Title III and one of the vehicles where that has happened.

But I think you're right, Jonathan, that there needs to be a view toward the future, toward developing and assessing appropriate metrics for assessing impact of that. And also

the fact that, as I indicated, it has expanded over the years.

There is obviously one provision we're aware of that it set to expire at the end of the upcoming fiscal year. And I'm sure that that's being looked at in a variety of ways, to assess the extent to which that funding can continue.

That's the Part F funding, which represents at this point, \$85 million for the HBCU community. And we certainly would hope that there can be ways that that kind of funding can continue.

But again, that's based on the establishment of the kinds of mechanisms that allow the institutions, first of all, to assess the impact that the programs are having on their campuses. And even to make recommendations as to how those can be strengthened and expanded so that that impact can be even more significant on the life of the campus and the students that they serve.

CHAIR TAYLOR: President Hawkins.

1 DR. HAWKINS: Yes, just for 2 clarification. I think that in terms of the 3 subject that we're talking about, I think it is 4 funded for the next fiscal year. 5 I think what the attempt is, is to get 6 it off the table now --7 MR. GRIGSBY: That's right. 8 DR. HAWKINS: -- and it gives the 9 administration an opportunity to show, again, the 10 strength and support of our institutions. 11 Specifically this Title III discussion that's 12 going on right now. 13 And I do agree with my colleague here. 14 I think it would lend for looking at some 15 history. Because if you look at the history of 16 Title III, it has been a major source for our 17 institutions. 18 If that ever got removed, it would be 19 a major impact. A major blow, to our HBCUs. 20 so, I think, whereas we can document that to 21 further make the case, that every time Title III

comes up some flag or some sort goes up

questioning that support for our institutions. 1 2 I think we've got to move that to the 3 point where it is, that it is very much a part of 4 our institutions. And so that when it comes up 5 for re-authorization, that it gets re-authorized 6 without discussion. Okay, because it's been 7 there for a long time. And then my final point on that, UNCF 8 9 has done a deep dive on researching, not just the 10 37 UNCF schools, but also all of the HBCUs. 11 so, whether then to reinvent the wheel, Mr. 12 Chairman said, if there is data that's out there 13 14 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. 15 DR. HAWKINS: -- let's go grab it 16 okay, and use it so that we don't have to go 17 digging. 18 And so, I just wanted to share that 19 with you. And we'll be more than glad to make 20 sure that you receive that information. 21 MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes. Let me correct

The discussion is not so much about

my language.

1	metrics but proving the efficacy in impact of the
2	program.
3	Your language was much better than
4	mine, mine was clunky. That's what we're
5	interested in. And interested in how do we
6	continue to demonstrate that explicitly.
7	It has had that kind of dynamic impact
8	in how do we get that off. So, take that other
9	term out
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay.
11	MR. HOLIFIELD: that's not what I
12	meant.
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: And to your point, in
14	advance, don't wait until we're up against the
15	wall
16	MR. HOLIFIELD: Right.
17	CHAIR TAYLOR: trying to get
18	refunding, be able to make the case all along, a
19	narrative that doesn't, isn't reactive.
20	DR. HAWKINS: Yes, that's right.
21	CHAIR TAYLOR: Just say
22	(Simultaneously speaking.)

1 DR. HAWKINS: See, we went down this 2 road eight years ago and it was --3 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes, I remember. 4 DR. HAWKINS: -- my memory was it was 5 30 days and folks were scrambling, moving, on the 6 radio. 7 MR. HOLIFIELD: We're there in a 8 sense, but the practical impact is not about to 9 go over the cliff. It doesn't mean you let up in 10 explorations, but we're not at that point. 11 CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Justice. 12 MR. JUSTICE: Nick Justice. 13 address that issue, we put on the table a 14 workshop, in six months outside of this forum we 15 can align that question directly to that. 16 Because if we walk out of that 17 workshop being able to create alignment against 18 some opportunities and then measure it against 19 that, you're ahead of the game right there. 20 It's aligning just like you said, 21 Jonathan. It's aligning to the national 22 priorities.

1 CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. Dr. Breaux. 2 DR. BREAUX: Just to be clear, when we 3 talk about the, and I echo --CHAIR TAYLOR: One quick second, I 4 5 need to make sure you're on record. 6 DR. BREAUX: This is Amina Breaux from 7 Louisville State University and I'd like to echo 8 the comments that have already been made by my 9 colleagues. 10 And I'm very much concerned with 11 That I would not want regard to the timeline. 12 anyone to think, because there is another year, 13 that that is a lot of time because we are 14 planning in advance as we're asked to do. 15 So we need to plan, if that is not 16 going to happen, we need to start to take steps 17 And it would be a significant impact to 18 each one of our institutions. 19 So, I want to underscore the need, 20 first, to move quickly and efficiently and not 21 think about, oh, we have another year. We really

don't have that, because we're planning for the

next academic year now.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Well, and one of the things that we have, as a body, there are limitations on what we can do, so I appreciate the comment that we might have to do this outside of the context.

But again, I don't think we can underestimate the power of the advocacy groups. That is part of the mission of the Thurgood Marshall College Fund, the United Negro College Fund and NAFEO, is to get ahead of this because there is going to need to be conversations with the executive branch and the legislative branch.

I mean, both of those branches have to get behind this so that we aren't up against the wall. So, I'm hoping that both of those organizations, all three of those organizations will put that on their list, because as you can imagine, there are limitations on what we, as the federal appointed body, can do from an advocacy standpoint.

MR. HOLIFIELD: Right.

DR. JOHNSON: And to the --1 2 CHAIR TAYLOR: That's Dr. Johnson. 3 I'm sorry, Ronald DR. JOHNSON: 4 To the main point that Jonathan put 5 forth. I think that it would be useful to look 6 at ways to calibrate. And the calibration should 7 not be locked and loaded just based on the impact of Title III as it is currently configured. 8 9 Because the reality is that, if Title 10 III is going to be truly helpfully, it should 11 actually map into what the schools need. 12 CHAIR TAYLOR: Got you. 13 DR. JOHNSON: And so often, Title III 14 funds have to be utilized because of the way in 15 which the government has dictated the use of 16 those funds. 17 Title III also is, as one of its 18 mandates, is there to support innovation. 19 having been in business, I know not all 20 businesses make it. 21 And so, part of the reason for the 22 innovation piece is that you put the money in

because you're trying to solve a problem. 1 2 that did not solve the problem. 3 And so, there has to be, really, a 4 thoughtful exercise when evaluating and 5 developing the indicators of performance. 6 Because otherwise, you would never have any 7 startup company. So, if you had the standard of performance that is applied to an apple today, 8 9 okay, you just would not. 10 DR. HAWKINS: And that's, Mr. 11 Chairman, Billy Hawkins, and that's why I'm 12 suggesting that it might be good to go back and 13 look at some history. 14 That's right. CHAIR TAYLOR: 15 DR. HAWKINS: Certainly Dr. Haynes can 16 go way back when there was much flexibility to 17 meet the needs of the institutions. And so, over 18 a period of time, changes were made or more 19 restrictions was put into the branch that 20 lessened the flexibility. 21 So, clearly agree with the colleague, 22 but I would look at some history and you can see

that flexibility has been there in the past.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay, in the interest of keeping us we have a ten minute public period, public comment period, so I'm going to turn this over to Ms. Franklin, our federal official, who has to do what she does.

MS. FRANKLIN: Okay, so we'll now open the floor to public comment. As instructed in the federal register notice, oral comment must be pertaining to the work of this body today and is not intended to be a Q&A to the Board.

Oral and written comments will be part of the official record for this meeting. For those who have registered with me, I have submitted your comments to the Chair. He will call you in order as to first come, first serve.

And you have no more than three minutes.

If your comments are not pertaining to the work of this Board today, you will be asked to conclude your comments. At the end of three minutes, and this is also up to the Chair, up to three minutes, no more than three minutes, at the

1	three minutes the mic will be cut off.
2	Okay, are we ready?
3	CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you.
4	MS. FRANKLIN: Mr. Chair.
5	CHAIR TAYLOR: The first comment comes
6	from Suzanne Walsh, the president of Bennett
7	College.
8	MS. FRANKLIN: And, Mr. Chair, a note
9	from the DFO.
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes.
11	MS. FRANKLIN: Her comment will be
12	entered into the written record.
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. Do I need to
14	MS. FRANKLIN: You can read it.
15	CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay, I can read it.
16	How can we follow-up on Bruce Katz's
17	idea to have HBCUs as a super asset class or some
18	type of investment group?
19	That was on question and we're going
20	to follow-up on that in a meeting that will be
21	unrelated to this official meeting. The

1 And then the second question is, can 2 we also think about having potential investors at 3 the meeting that SHRM is going to convene, 4 potential investors? 5 And again, not to respond to it, but that was contemplated. 6 7 MS. FRANKLIN: Thank you. 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: The second public 9 comment is from John Jordan, Jr., economic lead. 10 Mr. Jordan. 11 MR. JORDAN: So, I want to thank the 12 I really wanted to focus on Bruce Katz's 13 understanding in his word, the term platform. 14 Platform I do believe, and I am 15 stressing this because I do believe the 16 understanding of a platform and how the business 17 functions of it will be very key to making sure 18 that the future of HBCUs evolve in the correct 19 direction. 20 And what I mean by that is that 21 platform business models are actually killing 22 linear business models. And I mean that

intentionally is that they fundamentally restructure how they exist.

And what the key thing that HBCUs need to be aware of, is how the value proposition is now changing. Platform businesses require a fundamental rethinking of assets to a methodology of exchange. So the question is, what are you all exchanging.

As HBCUs, the real value, and the last point of his first slide was about engagement and understanding that that was the most important metric for the deals. In understanding where deals are found, is actually in the town and in seeing the assets of your students' ideas in a fundamentally different value proposition.

So even switching, and this is going to be a discussion that you all will have to have at your Board level. And the key thing to understand is that the creation of these things, no one has done before.

So the infrastructure has to be built for the first time, you all have to have spaces

for testing these things out in doing it in a way that actually is rapidly learning what works and what doesn't.

And so, in you all's ability to do
that, we have to rethink from teaching to
co-learning in how do you build spaces where you
can do that between town and gown. Understanding
that instructing the deals that are going to be
opportunity zones, you have to make sure it is
very, very key.

This is the most important thing. Is that the currency of this generation is trust, and that you have to make sure that you hold true to the trust of the community that is also going to be contributing to this idea.

Historically, Black communities have systematically been removed, our equity and our ownership. We cannot, the biggest threat that he said inside of these opportunity zones, was that there are no guardrails.

The HBCUs, themselves, are now in a position, as a orchestrator and a organizer of

these networks, to set these structures and to 1 2 set the terms. You have to make sure that you 3 own the trust and the connectivity. And that's where, what she was talking 4 5 about, the infrastructure and ownership of data. 6 Do that insider, share and value frameworks. 7 Which make sure that the ownership and the ideas 8 stay connected to the people and the places that 9 they come from. 10 That's my words. Thank you. 11 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you, Mr. Jordan. 12 And by the way, he's the economic lead for Remix, 13 the Soul of Innovation, is the name of the 14 organization that he represents. Thank you. 15 MR. JORDAN: Thank you. Rodriguez Murray, vice 16 CHAIR TAYLOR: 17 president of public policy and governmental 18 affairs, UNCF. 19 Thank you, Mr. Chairman, MR. MURRAY: 20 and to the members of the body, I think that this has been a well-run meeting. 21 22 I want to commend Mr. Holifield and

all of his colleagues for a well-run conference.

This was well-done, and it's one for the history
books.

I do want to echo the last gentleman, also a Morehouse grad, who spoke about opportunity zones. It's important that our institutions find trusted community partners to engage with as we move forward. And we want to be part of that process.

A note about Title III. We've had a lot of discussion about the timing. Many folks are here may know some of it, but the details of it are this.

We are currently, institutions are currently spending last year's money. They haven't received this year's money yet. And when they receive this year's money, that will take them through much of the next fiscal year.

It's important to note that the federal government is a bureaucracy.

Bureaucracies move slowly. And the longer we take, the longer Congress takes to pass the

re-authorization of the mandatory Title III Part F, the longer it will take the bureaucracy to administer that funding to the schools.

The reason why Title III is done in multiple year chunks, is for institutional stability, as Dr. Breaux stated. And it's important for institutions to have that stability, to have long term planning opportunities, to make sure that we continue, those of us who are not members of the PBA, continue to keep up the pressure on Congress to pass the re-authorization.

In terms of the justification for Title III, Title III, the funding is so important to the institutions and the inner workings, and it should have as much flexibility as possible to meet the needs of that particular HBCU. HBCUs are not a monolith, they all do something very differently. And we need to make sure that that program continues to respond to those needs.

And we have to make sure that as we move towards being competitive in this

environment, that we invest in programs like 1 2 Title III, which help us level a playing field, 3 where institutions, like ours, were behind 250 4 This is the 400th anniversary of us, as a vears. 5 people, coming to this country. 6 Other institutions had a 250 year head 7 start where our forefathers help build those 8 institutions. 9 CHAIR TAYLOR: I'm going to have to --10 MR. MURRAY: And so we want to make 11 sure that we get to the point of investing in our 12 Thank you. institutions. 13 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you, Mr. Murray. 14 Lynn Williams, president and CEO of Bridge 15 Enterprises. 16 And I ask, just so that we don't lose 17 time, trying to keep us on calendar, Leonard 18 Haynes, if you could be close to the mic so we 19 don't lose that time. Sorry, Mr. Williams. 20 MR. WILLIAMS: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 21 First, let me commend Mr. Holifield for an 22 excellent, and the Board, and with you, Mr.

Taylor, for an excellent conference. 1 2 I represent a small business community 3 and we have a fantastic time over the last three 4 days. Entering things and integrating ourselves 5 with HBCUs. 6 I just want to speak very quickly on what Virginia is doing as it relates to 7 opportunity zone. We were able to assemble all 8 9 of the HBCUs together in the last two months. 10 And the Government has taken a lead in 11 this assimilation, along with, in partnership 12 with Virginia Union University and Virginia 13 State. One private university, one public. 14 In that assembly he is bringing forth 15 all of the state stakeholders involved. 16 was to bring the federal stakeholders. 17 So we're going to have a very 18 comprehensive, as Scott Turner said, this is not 19 a Democrat or Republican, it's not, it's all 20 about revitalization of our community. 21 And if you don't know, the states

have, I mean, the governors, not matter whether

it's a red state or blue state, they have control 1 2 of these opportunity zones. 3 So, Virginia is moving forward, and is 4 very fitting, as you said Brother Murray, in the 5 400 years, where did they land, they land in 6 Virginia. 7 So I am under the belief, so move 8 Virginia, so move America. And having said that, 9 let me bring that to you as we bring these HBCUs 10 together. And the date is December the 4th and 11 5th. 12 I see over there, my good friend 13 Kelly, she will be there from the Department of 14 Energy, Agriculture will be there, 15 Transportation, HHS. But more importantly, I 16 will bring in closing, our HBCUs need to start 17 looking to become businesses. 18 And what I mean by that, in the State 19 of Virginia, Hampton University last year became 20 a certified small business. Next week, Virginia

That's a game changer as it relates to

Union will become a certified small business.

21

these private funds looking at you, not as a HBCU, but as a small business. So I would recommend to the Board that we start looking at us becoming certified small businesses. It can be done.

And lastly, as it relates to the executive order, we are getting our Governor, particularly in the State of Virginia, to sign a state executive order --

CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes.

MR. WILLIAMS: -- on HBCUs that will mirror what the federal government is doing.

Something to think about. And thank you for allowing me my comments.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you very much.

And finally, Leonard Haynes from the Department of Education.

MR. HAYNES: Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. And I too want to commend and congratulate Mr. Holifield and his staff. And all of you who participated, in what has to be the most successful conference since I ran it.

1	(Laughter.)
2	MR. HAYNES: Some ten years ago
3	CHAIR TAYLOR: Strike that from the
4	record.
5	(Laughter.)
6	MR. HAYNES: in the same hotel.
7	Strike that from the record.
8	But real quickly, and my comment is
9	about Title III and I'll go through this quickly.
10	Remember, Title III is an institutional grant
11	program, it is not a director's program.
12	And I say that because too many of our
13	presidents don't understand that, they don't know
14	anything about Title III. And I'm constantly
15	trying to educate them along with Marshal
16	Grigsby.
17	There are 97 historical Black colleges
18	in the Title III program. It is a formula grant
19	program. There are 17 allowable activities that
20	you must comply with.
21	But so you know, there is discussion
22	underway, but is not new, about turning the

program into a competitive program. 1 If that 2 occurs, there will be many in the 97 who won't 3 make it. Because they can't compete. 20 percent of the money should go into 4 5 And there is important to say, endowment. 6 institutions have to do this, but for Title III, 7 where would you be. We've been trying to get this kind of 8 9 information. It's not in the comprehensive 10 development plan. They all have to do CDPs. 11 But program staff tell us, the last 12 CDP was cut and pasted and is in the new CDP. 13 That's not helping the process. Because without 14 Title III, as Mr. Murray pointed out, too many of 15 our institutions would struggle mightily, indeed 16 some would have to close. 17 But it's a leveraging opportunity, 18 Title III, to get you to other things. that's what it should be for. Not an employment 19 20 factory. 21 If you got 17 activities, you have 17

activity directors on the federal payroll.

22

That

creates morale problems in a small institution 1 2 that's struggling with student enrollment. 3 I could stand up here all day, but 4 Title III is important. Let's not let it go 5 away, and let's try to keep it from being a 6 competitive program, because of its competition. 7 We're not quite there yet. Thank you so much. 8 CHAIR TAYLOR: As 9 I wrap this up, I'm going to ask each of the 10 Board Members, and you don't have to if you don't 11 want to, but I'd like to, good form is to go 12 around, since you've dedicated so much of your 13 time today an in between meetings preparing for 14 today, starting with Dr. Breaux, as a PBA Member, 15 any closing remarks? 16 DR. BREAUX: I'd like to follow on 17 with what you just heard. 18 CHAIR TAYLOR: I need you to speak 19 into the mic. I'm so sorry. 20 DR. BREAUX: This has been an 21 outstanding week. Congratulations to Mr. 22 Holifield for an excellent program. The content

was just top of the line.

The opportunities that were available to the HBCUs during this week were truly amazing. I'm sorry that some of our colleagues were not able to make it here because of the weather, but just know that you opened up many opportunities we otherwise would not have had possible to us.

We covered a lot of ground. I apologize for not joining you this morning. I was with my students at our convocation ceremony, but I believe this has been a rich discussion that we should continue on.

And the challenge for this group is to broaden this discussion and make sure that we're able ensure that our colleagues understand what we are addressing here.

There are many critical discussions that could seriously impact adversely to our HBCUs. And we need to recognize that and ensure that they are competitive in the way that competitiveness is being defined today, times our changing. They're changing rapidly.

1 There's a great deal of energy and 2 innovation happening on our campuses. And as a 3 Board, I hope we continue to work on bridging the 4 conversations so that we understand where they 5 are today, our HBCUs are today, and to continue 6 to help them along. Because without our HBCUs we would 7 have more serious economic issues for this 8 9 country. And I know we don't want that. 10 So, thank you for your leadership, 11 thank you, Mr. Chairman, for all that you have 12 done this year and continue to do. And it's a 13 privilege to be a part of this Board. Thank you. 14 CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you. Dr. 15 Johnson. 16 DR. JOHNSON: Again, I also want to 17 say what I said earlier, and that is that this 18 has been really a well-done performance of the 19 team and, Mr. Johnson's leadership. 20 I also want to point out that it's 21 really important what we're doing here. Because

we are currently at a serious inflection point.

Leonard Haynes had pointed out that competition may come to Title III. We also know the U.S. Government budget is not going to be able to sustain any significant increases.

And we also know the reality that at some point a recession is going to happen. And as a consequence, we are at an inflection point where we have to actually address some of the issues.

And certainly John Jordan pointed out one of the key issues. That as an institution of our education, we have to make sure that we are given value for value.

It's great to speak about the lore, the history, the impact in the past, but value for value is what we have to talk about today.

And as a consequence, we have to look at the platform.

Last but not least in my comments, I want to applaud Jonathan for the framework. I think of the framework as a Christmas tree.

And those people who are of my

generation who had to dress a tree when they were 1 2 younger, know how painful it was because the 3 lights all worked the previous year, but you have 4 to spend all day trying to figure out where that 5 bulb was, right? 6 And so, one of the benefits though of 7 today is that they created parallel circuits. And parallel circuits of course mean that the 8 9 bulb can go out in one place and you can still 10 use the string. 11 Why that's important what a parallel 12 circuit is, is that involves a dialogue. 13 involves me understanding where you're coming 14 from and you understanding where I'm coming from. 15 And I think that one of the things 16 that, Jonathan, that you've done in terms of the 17 tree, is that you opened it up so that the 18 dialogue can happen as we address the tree.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Justice.

MR. JUSTICE: I'd just like to echo the same comments. This has been a great event

thank you.

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and is a tremendous opportunity to meet a lot of, especially the young students that came to this event, they are tremendous.

I would say that being a guy that's disciplined in history, that there is a tremendous legacy that we're all dealing with that is just rich in culture, rich in our nations value system. And that we need to not neglect that.

But we're standing at the door of a future that's going to be radically different, and we've got to be approaching it with our eyes wide open and taking some very dear guidance from you, ma'am, as our guest today in telling is tomorrow is a different world and we've got to look at it with a different view point and a different language.

And I would say it's a tremendous opportunity to serve with my fellow Board Members here. And I walk away from it enriched every time we gather.

And, Jonathan, for your staff, I thank

them for engaging us between meetings and keeping 1 2 us current and up to date. Thank you. 3 CHAIR TAYLOR: All right. President Ellis. 4 5 MR. ELLIS: Good afternoon, again. 6 And again, Mr. Taylor, Attorney Taylor, thank you 7 for your leadership. And great conference. I believe what 8 9 I saw this time was the building upon this 10 foundation of HBCU competitiveness. And I've 11 seen that as maybe not rolling as fast we'd like, 12 but it's rolling in a positive direction, so I 13 appreciate that focus. 14 And so, with that said, a couple of 15 things that were mentioned today. opportunity zones. 16 17 And this is my personal preference, is 18 that as we look at these opportunities, we have 19 to, as HBCUs, be the driver of the investments in 20 the projects that we want to happen that serve, 21 not only our communities, but our own 22 institutions. And that these opportunities lead

to sustainable possibility for us.

I was proud to hear the young man early talk about trust and what that means for us in making sure that we trust the people that we form partnerships with. Well, part of that trust is ensuring that everyone can share in not only the positive impact of what opportunity zones provide but also in the capital impact of it.

And so, that's important for me.

And then I think the second conversation around federal agencies, and I listened here as we talked about what can be better, what has happened in the past, but I think it's often important to remember balance.

And so, as I talk to federal agencies,
I talk to colleagues, we have to be mindful of
opportunities for us to improve and provide
federal agencies what they see are the missing
components that we haven't provide, and vice
versa. For federal agencies to listen to our
HBCUs, so they can realign their plans and become
more creative in how we meet those needs.

1 So, I just stress the point of balance 2 as we have these conversations. 3 And finally, my third piece is a 4 question. We've had great conversation, great 5 recommendations, how these manifest into actual 6 policy. 7 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. Dr. Rath. 8 MS. RATH: This has been an important 9 learning experience, I think, about future 10 challenges. And I just look forward to how fast 11 this group can move to translate so it turns into 12 some really quality experiences for the students 13 and these schools. 14 CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Dawkins. 15 MS. DAWKINS: Yes. I just want to 16 echo everything everyone has said without saying 17 it again. 18 But I do want to thank, Jonathan, for 19 what the program with the White House Initiative 20 on the HBCUs, the conference and the quality of 21 the programs offered. 22 To, John Taylor, for convening us, for the many programs we have participated in leading up to today. And also, the emphasis on our priority projects, opportunity zones, infrastructure.

Particularly looking at human and technological infrastructure. We really need to give a lot of attention to the human component of that. The ability to do this work is what I'm trying to emphasize.

And then last, I just want to put, just reemphasize what Connie just said about timeliness and implementing many of these projects so we can afford, particularly as it relates to Title III, to wait to act upon Title III.

Because we do need to have mandatory renewal, as well as to increase discretionary funding. And we need to have those discussions now. And within the next six months.

I would say, we need to bring some attention within the next three months. To keep this alive and going.

1	CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. President
2	Hawkins.
3	DR. HAWKINS: Yes, thank you, Mr.
4	Chairman. First, let me congratulate Executive
5	Director Holifield on a successful conference.
6	Heard nothing but positive about this conference.
7	And I know Dr. Haynes said he was the
8	last one to have a successful conference
9	MR. HAYNES: But that was stricken
10	from the record.
11	DR. HAWKINS: Okay.
12	(Laughter.)
13	DR. HAWKINS: So, great conference,
14	and everyone enjoyed it. And please, again, echo
15	to the President, thanks for the shout out on
16	yesterday.
17	And I hope that we keep the message
18	from the President alive. Because there will be
19	doubters out there and it will punch holes in
20	them. But the facts speak for themselves.
21	Take it as upon us to make sure that
22	we keep those facts out there. And it's

important, in terms of the successes, that have gone on in the past couple of years for our HBCUs.

And I hope that this Board stays focused on what we've discussed here today. And I hope that this Board, as we move forward, that we get results.

I don't want to serve on this Board and those out there in the public say that, well, another HBCU Board. Okay, so that I hope that we stay focus, that we strive towards results.

And, Dr. Johnson, I want to say that the lights are on, on this current White House Initiative. Because of this bold leadership that's going on here.

And so, Jonathan, I congratulate you on the leadership, your leadership because I know you know how to win. And, Dr. Taylor, I know that you know how to win.

And with this bold leadership that's going on right now, it feels really good to sit here, to talk about, what we are trying to do is

1 feel good, to sit here and talk about what 2 already has been accomplished for our HBCUs. 3 I have not seen this. This has not 4 happened in my 18 and a half years as president. 5 And so, through you all's, through your continued 6 bold leadership, I just see great things happening for our historically Black colleges and 7 8 university. 9 So, keep up the bold leadership. 10 the two of you have a responsibility to Dr. 11 Johnson to make sure that not one light bulb 12 burns out as we move forward. 13 And so, again, thank you for a great 14 meeting. And if you would, Mr. Chairman, before 15 we conclude, if we have more input from the 16 upcoming meeting. 17 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. 18 DR. HAWKINS: And I'd like to know 19 about who's paying the expenses. 20 (Laughter.) 21 DR. HAWKINS: So I can plan. 22 CHAIR TAYLOR: So you can plan.

President Clark.

MR. CLARK: First of all, again, thanks. As everyone has said to Mr. Holifield and Taylor.

And with all the wonderful things that everyone has spoken of, I was saddened that I was unable to make it here for the earlier events, but very glad that I'm here today. And I want to do a very special, special shout out and thank you to Ms. Franklin, who helped make that possible in the winning moments with all the things that we had gone down, down in the southern territories, so to speak.

As we leave here, I'd like for us to keep in mind a few things. And this kind of echo's a little bit of what Dr. Hawkins as said.

Let us set goals and let's make sure we measure and track those goals. And let's make sure that we hold each other accountable to make sure something gets done.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Last, but certainly not least, Dr. Grigsby.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 1 DR. HAWKINS: 2 I'm reminded of the time that I spent working 3 with the U.S. Congress, and one day on the floor a distinguished gentleman got up and said, Mr. 4 5 Speaker, I want you to know that everything that needs to be said on this topic has been said --6 7 (Laughter.) 8 MR. GRIGSBY: -- but not by me. 9 (Laughter.) 10 So, the point is that we MR. GRIGSBY: 11 all, in our work, understand the importance of 12 leadership. 13 And I want to commend the tandem team 14 of Jonathan and Johnny for bringing a nuisance, a 15 vision of energy, and of commitment, to the work 16 of this body. You embody that and I commend you 17 for that. 18 It really is a new day in a number of 19 respects. And the team that you have assembled, 20 Jonathan, have been very, very important and 21 helpful. 22 I would hope that as we go forward, we keep in mind that it's important to always keep up for the importance of developing or suggesting workable models for our colleagues who are not a part of the conversation and discussion.

And the realization that every situation is different. And that there are different roads that lead to the destination.

And we need to keep in mind that part of our responsibility is helping others to see how some of those models actually work as a result of our deliberation. So, that's a challenge that I certainly put on myself and recommend for all of us to keep in mind.

CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you. And last but so not least, I'd like to thank you all for everything that you've done.

My comments as the Chair are pretty simply. First of all, we have a wonderful Board of people who bring difference perspectives, different experiences, et cetera, to the table.

We have presidents, we have former presidents, we have businesspeople, we have

foundation leads. We have people from majority institutions. North Carolina State for example.

That is the beauty of the diversity that we intended to put together on this Board.

And to see it all come together and see all of us work together toward the common good HBCUs is really a wonderful feeling.

And for those who doubted it, they were wrong. And we're going to continue to prove them wrong. And so, I want to thank you all as a collective for all of your efforts.

Secondly, I do want to thank the Staff. The Department of Education, specifically the White House Initiative. They put a ton of work into all of this, so thank you for making us look good.

I have another Staff, though, that I'd like to thank because behind, I'm the guy who stands up, but I have an amazing staff from the Society for Human Resource Management, SHRM, who is not only putting cash, so yes, the bill will come to us for this upcoming meeting, we have

SHRM, the business. And then we have a foundation, a 501(c)(3) that we fund as a result of the cash that we kickoff, for lack of a better term.

So, if I could just quickly recognize my team. Quick stand. I've got a lot of SHRM people in the room because it takes a lot of people to support me. But they are absolutely amazing, so thank you all for coming and supporting us.

(Applause.)

CHAIR TAYLOR: Tell them I run deep, just to in case I need some help to get up out of here. But seriously, thank you all for everything that you do.

And I think what it should highlight for all of us is that, just because you didn't attend an HBCU doesn't mean you're not interested and you're not an advocate for these wonderful historical institutions. There are a lot of people who are really hoping that we're successful and want to play a role in it, so

thank you to everyone in this room who are HBCU 1 2 supporters. 3 The last piece of business that I have to do before we close this is to discuss our next 4 5 meeting date. Now, there is a meeting date that 6 7 we're talking about. Emily Dickens from my team will be sending you out the notifications that we 8 9 talked about for the convening of the presidents 10 at SHRM or Gallup's headquarters, but supported 11 by SHRM. 12 And then secondly, the PBA meetings. 13 So, do we have information about the next 14 meeting? 15 MR. HOLIFIELD: The PBA meeting is at your discretion and formed by the Board. 16 17 CHAIR TAYLOR: Okay. So, in the 18 interest of time I'm going to ask someone from my 19 team, I'm looking at the chief of staff, to send 20 out to each of you all some kind of doodle calendar to make sure that it works. 21

So, there will be two different

1 requests. One is for the official meeting of the 2 Board, that's the Government meeting, and then 3 there is going to be the separate SHRM supported 4 meeting. Yes? 5 DR. HAWKINS: Yes, Mr. Chairman, so if 6 by chance we don't meet before the first of the 7 year, you all, the Board will be receiving an 8 invitation from Talladega College, to give you an 9 opportunity to see an actual agency work with an 10 HBCU, that we've had tremendous success with 11 USDA, the ribbon cutting of two new buildings on 12 our campus that was actually --13 CHAIR TAYLOR: All right. 14 DR. HAWKINS: -- funded, approved by 15 the USDA. 16 (Applause.) 17 DR. HAWKINS: Thank you. And that 18 will happen the first of the year, and I hope 19 that you all will be able to come and see that. 20 CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes. And let me just 21 say, my goal is for us to have the meeting before 22 the end of the year.

1	DR. HAWKINS: Okay.
2	CHAIR TAYLOR: If in fact this time is
3	quicker than we've all challenged us to deliver,
4	so I think we're going to have to have another
5	meeting. But there is also this federal register
6	stuff that you have to comply with. So we'll get
7	to work on that.
8	DR. HAWKINS: Okay.
9	CHAIR TAYLOR: Yes.
10	MR. CLARK: I'm glad Dr. Hawkins
11	mentioned that because I also have to give props
12	to the USDA because this year we will be doing
13	two ribbon cuttings on two buildings. And we've
14	started the third building
15	CHAIR TAYLOR: Wow.
16	MR. CLARK: based on support from
17	USDA.
18	MR. HOLIFIELD: Now wait a minute, Mr.
19	Chairman, I needed some of that earlier in this
20	meeting.
21	(Laughter.)
22	MR. HOLIFIELD: You all just

1	CHAIR TAYLOR: Well, you end on a
2	positive note, that's what you do.
	<u>-</u>
3	(Laughter.)
4	MR. HOLIFIELD: Yes.
5	CHAIR TAYLOR: This was staged, right?
6	(Laughter.)
7	CHAIR TAYLOR: So I'm going to request
8	a motion to adjourn this meeting?
9	DR. BREAUX: So moved.
10	CHAIR TAYLOR: Dr. Breaux. I have a
11	second?
12	MR. JUSTICE: Second.
13	CHAIR TAYLOR: Mr. Justice. All in
14	favor?
15	(Chorus of aye.)
16	CHAIR TAYLOR: Assuming none said no,
17	we're out.
18	(Laughter.)
19	CHAIR TAYLOR: Thank you all very
20	much.
21	(Whereupon, the above-entitled matter
22	went off the record at 2:27 p.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the foregoing transcript

In the matter of: White House Initiative on

Historically Black Colleges

Before: US DED

Date: 09-11-19

Place: Washington, DC

was duly recorded and accurately transcribed under my direction; further, that said transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

Court Reporter

Mac Nous 8

Female Speaker:

Welcome to the President's Board of Advisors on HBCU. Before we begin, please ensure that you've opened the chat panel by using the associated icon located at the bottom of your screen. The chat will be monitored, and comments may be submitted through the chat function. If you require technical assistance, please send a chat to the event producer. All audio lines have been muted at this time.

President Donald Trump:

I'd like to welcome students, educators, and stakeholders to the annual conference of American's Historically Black Colleges and Universities. This is a very powerful and important group of people to me. I want to thank Secretary of Education, Betsy DeVos, and Executive Director of the White House initiative on HBCUs, Johnathan Holifield, great job. Thanks as well to the Chairman of the President's Board of Advisors on HBCUs, Johnny Taylor and every board member. For nearly two centuries, HBCUs have lifted our nation to greater heights of innovation, success, and justice, and equality for all Americans.

Today's HBCUs students are tomorrow's entrepreneurs, doctors, engineers, teachers, and trailblazers. One of the greatest honors of my presidency has been to advance fairness and opportunity for black communities that had long been forgotten, including our cherished HBCUs. We never forgot; we took care of you when other people wouldn't. Other people and other administrations had their chance and they decided not to do it. President Trump said, "I'm doing it. I'm going to take care of the situation. It's not fair what's happened." Since day one I've made protecting HBCUs an absolute top priority.

In my first five weeks at office, I signed an executive order to move the federal HBCU initiative to the White House, where it belongs. It's here right now. We secured record funding for HBCUs and I signed legislation that made HBCU funding permanent. As our nation in the world battle a once-in-a-century pandemic, I sent nearly \$1 billion to HBCUs, so they can continue providing a high-quality education to students. The job they've done over the years is incredible. Every day my administration is working with HBCUs to make sure that they have the resources they need to safely reopen.

This week, we're sending hundreds of thousands of rapid tests to HBCUs. America's Historically Black Colleges and Universities build up our communities, enrich our culture, strengthen our nation, and gives students the very best chance to achieve their American dream. My administration will continue to preserve, support, and advance our cherished HBCUs. You have done a wonderful job and I'd like to thank you on behalf of our nation. Thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor: Good morning, fellow members of the President's Board of Advisors

on Historically Black Colleges and Universities. It's great to

reconnect with you all. As I mentioned at the outset, I'm still having some video connectivity problems, but I'll join in a bit. Great to see you all, virtually at least, and see you on the screens, and I hope each person is well and safe. I would like to start the meeting with a Pledge of Allegiance. If you'd join me in reciting the Pledge of Allegiance. I pledge allegiance to the flag of the United States of America and to the republic for which it stands, one nation under

God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all. Thank you.

Sedika Franklin: Now we'll have the roll call. If you are present, please say present.

Ensure that your phone is unmuted at this time. Chairman, Johnny

C. Taylor.

Johnny C. Taylor: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Aminta H. Breaux.

Aminta H. Breaux: Present.

Sedika Franklin: James E. Clark.

James E. Clark: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Phyllis Dawkins.

Phyllis Dawkins: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Rodney A. Ellis, Rodney A. Ellis. Marshall C. Grigsby.

Marshall C. Grigsby: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Billy Hawkins.

Billy Hawkins: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Leonard L. Haynes III.

Leonard L. Haynes III: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Jerry M. Hunter.

Jerry M. Hunter: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Ronald A. Johnson, Ronald A. Johnson. Nickolas Justice.

Nickolas Justice: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Harold L. Martin Sr., Harold L. Martin Sr., Bernard J. Milano, Bernard

J. Milano. Connie Rath.

Connie Rath: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Kevin Williams.

Kevin Williams: Present.

Sedika Franklin: Mr. Chairman, I'd like to announce that we do have a quorum and

we may proceed with the meeting. First, I'd like to call and request

for a motion to approve the previous meetings minute.

Aminta H. Breaux: I move that we accept the previous minutes. This is Aminta Breaux.

Billy Hawkins: This is Billy Hawkins, and I second that motion.

Sedika Franklin: Thank you, Dr. Breaux. Thank you, Dr. Hawkins. All in favor.

All Participants: Aye.

Marshall C. Grigsby: Miss Franklin, let me just... There needs to be some conformity with

respect to the titles of people who are speaking. There's some lack

of conformity in that as you put the final minutes together.

Sedika Franklin: Thank you for that, and that was?

Marshall C. Grigsby: Marshall Grigsby.

Sedika Franklin: Dr. Grigsby, thank you. Thank you, I will note that in the... in today's

minute and make that adjustment. I now turn this call over to

Chairman Johnny C. Taylor.

Johnny C. Taylor: Good morning again. I wanted to thank you. I think we figured it out

the link that I received is the attendee link and I need to... the

panelist will be... but we'll talk about that. Once my team... someone can send me that. That'll be great. I want to welcome everyone. We know that these have been some interesting times since our last inperson meeting, highly unusual, the combination of COVID, the social unrest and now, we're dealing... are in the act of throes of an election. One of the highlights, frankly, of everything that's going on

culturally right now in our country is the nation's support of

Historically Black Colleges and Universities.

That's the... to me, I don't know about you, but I just can't think of a time when there were... there was such support from public and private sector, from people who don't... who would otherwise not know about it. I was sharing with someone the other day that I had a landscaper come to my house and was giving... was talking about things and without me saying anything about my association or affiliation with HBCUs, white males started talking about HBCUs, and asked me if I knew about them, and I thought it was funny. Well yes,

I kind of heard of them every once in a while, but if there is a national conversation going on about the importance of these institutions and it's a wonderful thing, so my comments are really brief.

It means our work is even more important than it's ever been. It also means that the work that we started back in late 2018... here early in 2018 after being appointed, was actually working. That people... we wanted to raise and elevate the visibility of HBCUs so that... and our belief was always and make the strategic... to make the case for the strategic important to these institutions to America. We totally envisioned that if we did that, that the rest of the country would begin to understand fully the nest... the need for investment, and so pleased to sit here in September, almost October of 2020, notwithstanding everything that's going around and to see the bright spot being the nation's focus on HBCUs, and so for that I want to thank each one of you for your contributions.

This is a very unique moment in history and the fact that we are making that history and have laid the groundwork for the long-term viability of HBCUs is quite a treat. With that, I'd like to turn my time over... some extra time over to Secretary DeVos.

Good morning. Thank you so much, Johnny. Thanks for that... those opening remarks and thank you, especially for leading this board and for your faithful commitment to HBCUs and its students. Again, good morning everyone. It's really great to gather this way. Though I know we'd much rather be together in person. But still we can get a lot done this way. It's another opportunity to learn from each other and to rededicate ourselves to all of the students that we serve and their futures. As you all know, the success of students at HBCUs and the success of all students is a priority for this administration, for President Trump and for me.

We value our partnership and this goal, and we're grateful to work with you to build a strong record of action for HBCU students every day. I want to thank you again for all you... your work alongside the administration and Congressional allies to get the Futures Act signed into law. The promise of consistent funding for HBCUs for years to come is encouraging, and we know many of them are facing significant challenges right now. I'm pleased we can also probably implement the Cares Act, so an additional billion dollars for HBCUs could help schools and their students get back on stable footing.

Now earlier in the administration, we also took action to resurrect the HBCU Capital Financing Board and the increased investments in HBCU program, and we ensured that this includes faith-based

DeVos Betsy:

colleges and universities which had previously been unconstitutionally excluded. We also expanded Pell Grant eligibility to allow students to attend classes year-round and increase the maximum student award. Importantly, we are continuing to review, rewrite, or remove onerous and burdensome regulations that are impediments to HBCUs and their missions. We are excited to celebrate HBCU week again this year, even though in a different season.

This annual event gives us the opportunity to celebrate all the remarkable things HBCUs contribute to our country every day. It also gives us the opportunity to honor the best and brightest HBCU students through our Competitiveness Scholars Program, our next generation of leaders. They are our country's most valuable asset. We applaud them and everything they bring to our nation and its future. At the same time, we celebrate these scholars, all institutions of higher education have come to learn that too many students receive their high school diploma. Yes, they arrived at college unprepared. Too many of them must repeat or take remedial classes before they can focus on their futures.

It's common knowledge for instance that only a fraction of young people today has a reasonable understanding of America's history and civics. Appallingly, more than half of high school seniors have what researchers call a below basic knowledge of American History. In the real world, that means our rising generation doesn't know what the Lincoln-Douglas debates were about, nor could many of them describe who those men were, nor the significance of that time in our history. Too many want to erase history, the history they don't like. Now, no one has the like history, but everyone has to learn from it in order to form a more perfect union.

Our constitutions words and original meaning are ripe for rediscovery because establishing our country was and is a process not an event. Together, we aspire and work to establish justice, ensure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity. As George Washington reminded us, the name of American belongs to each of us. Our constitution is not what divides us, it's what unites us, we the people. President Trump and I are fighting every day for parents to have more options, more opportunities, more education freedom for all American children.

We strongly support Senator Tim Scott bipartisan School Choice Now Act. It would provide scholarships to parents to choose the best educational setting for their child. I think you all know Senator

Scott. He's spoken eloquently about his experience as a student. He knows that students like him need access to more education opportunities, more options right now. HBCUs have an important role to play in students K-12 experiences. I know some of them have opened public charter schools on their campuses. Others have forged private-public partnerships to improve the experiences and achievements of students in the K-12 pipeline.

Kids need more partnerships like those. Thanks for joining today and thank you for your continued commitment. The president and I value your ideas, your advice, your service, and your input and we look forward to our continued collaboration. Thanks so much and I believe now, I will turn it over to Johnathan Holifield, and Johnathan thanks for your leadership of this initiative.

Johnathan Holifield:

Thank you, Secretary DeVos, it's a pleasure to work with you. I will take just a few minutes to describe our efforts to build a complementary narrative with action with our institutions. For so long, we have been noted as national treasures and we are that for sure. But we are also national competitive advantages. No other nation on the earth with our history... with our national history has produced the collection of enduring institution, anything like HBCU.

We are also national assets and evolving a complimentary narrative that celebrates our status as national treasures, but also describes us as investment worthy assets with material action on the part of the administration and our federal agency partners, I think is a meaningful step forward. By no means do we abandon anything from our past but building a complementary narrative that we are not only national treasures, we are national strategic competitive advantages.

We provide America a unique, impossible to replicate set of institutions that really help strengthen U.S competitiveness. It's been an honor to work with all of you. It's been an honor to work with our federal agency colleagues and the interagency working group, and with that I'll turn the mic back over to Chairman Taylor.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you again, Secretary DeVos, and Director Holifield, really appreciate you all, the administration, and your individual support of HBCUs. I think now's the opportunity to invite someone we all have grown fond of and we just been quite a resource to our community. The Principal Deputy Under Secretary has been delegated to duties of Under Secretary, Diane Jones. Welcome, Diane.

Diane Jones:

Thanks, so much Chairman Taylor, and good morning everyone. It's so good to see you all and I think all of us are having the experience of our faculty and our students learning how to build our relationships in a new way, and to enjoy each other's company and learn from each other through distance learning. I will say that as we entered into the COVID-19 era, I think that we don't... we all feel that we maybe have lost something because we haven't continued our in-person connections. But on the other hand, I think we gained some things. I think that people are more forgiving of circumstances.

We've gotten used to dogs barking and babies popping up in video conferences. We've welcomed each other to our homes, and so I think despite all of the challenges, there are some new opportunities that we've been able to leverage and I think we're all making the best of a difficult situation. I don't know how many of you were on a... on the call on Monday, so I want to repeat how I started my remarks then which is to thank you. Your institution pivoted so quickly in March when coronavirus first became something that we were all aware of and concerned with. We, at the department, immediately issued some flexibility, some regulatory flexibilities.

These flexibilities allowed schools to pivot to online learning and it also enabled the creditors to allow their institutions to either embrace, start for the first time, or expand distance learning. We gave those flexibilities a frankly... when we give those flexibilities, there were people who questioned us and who said, "Cool, great. You're going to give the flexibility." But it takes years to build these programs. That's not what we saw. We gave the flexibilities and without skipping a beat, we saw institutions embrace those flexibilities, expand their online learning, and continue to serve students, almost without skipping a beat.

It was just extraordinary, but I want to thank all of you because it was your work and your dedication to students that allowed you to continue albeit sometimes in new ways. But sometimes, campuses had to help students find different housing or new online resources. But once again, you rose to the occasion, as you always, do and we are grateful, so I want to begin by thanking you for all that you do for your students.

As we implemented the Cares Act, we've worked really hard to get funding out as quickly as possible. We always have to balance between, do we take our time and make sure we have all arrived, dotted and our T's crossed before we put the first dollar out, or do we try to get the money out quickly realizing that we might have some hiccups along the way.

We chose that pathway. We chose to try to get the money out as quickly as possible. Until many of you are aware that as we started to disperse our Cares Act funding, we had some hiccups. We had some system challenges and we deeply apologize for those challenges, and so that it made it more difficult for many of you to access funds, but hopefully we repaired those system failures quickly. Our staff has been available, and I hope that you have found us if you have questions, that people have been available to you and helpful to you.

In addition to serving your students, but you're anchors of your community, you are drivers of competitiveness, you are enablers of small business, and I've talked to precedence around the country, I've heard so many stories of campuses have opened up to small businesses in their community and have helped small businesses try to reopen. Especially small businesses that were dependent upon students as customers. As we develop some of the grant programs that we put into place with Cares Act funding, we spent a lot of time thinking about the conversations we have had with all of you, the needs that we were hearing from different communities, and we tried to wrap those into the funding opportunities that we made available.

Let me talk a little bit about the various Cares Act funding programs. I'm going to start with the reimagine workforce preparation. That is one of the competitive grant programs. We will be announcing the winners of that competition on Thursday. With that program, we had two absolute priorities. One was to provide funding to state based efforts to expand workforce preparation, and we gave competitive priority to those state that involved HBCUs and other MSI's in their efforts because you are so critical to your communities. One absolute priority was in workforce preparation.

The other was to develop campus-based or campus affiliated small business incubators. The ideas there was, at a time when we were hearing from schools that they were worried about enrollments declining, they were worried about potentially having faculty that wouldn't have students, they were worried about campus facilities that were maybe being underutilized. We thought the small business incubator and entrepreneurship absolute priority would solve some of those problems. First of all, it would give an opportunity for funding to be available to maybe use some of those campus resources differently to host small businesses and help

small businesses retool for the new economies, for the new challenges that COVID presents and to be more resilient to future challenges.

We also thought that by having those incubators on campus, it would create more opportunities for students to engage in entrepreneurship and to think of themselves as entrepreneurs. Finally, we thought it was an opportunity for institutions to develop a different kind of educational opportunity, may be continuing education and to expand non-credit courses, being there, engaging your faculty and students to help small business owners understand how do you engage in social media, how do you convert to a delivery service whereas you once have a retail outlet.

We'll be excited to announce those awards on Thursday. The other grant competition that is still open and I hope that you all consider applying for this is our Institutional Resilience and Expanded Postsecondary Opportunity grants program. This is a program funded through FIPSE. For those of you who are deputies of the Cares Act, this is under Section 18004(a)(3) funding. This is a program that also has two absolute priorities. One is focused on campus resilience.

Helping campuses get back up and running. Whatever that means whether it means inviting people back in on your campus, expanding your online opportunities, providing technology to students. This is about campus resilience and not only about helping campuses survive through this difficult time, but to develop new instructional model that will continue to build resilience in the institution. The other absolute priority focuses on dual enrollment. We know that in many districts across the country, high school students have not been able to return to their classrooms and many of their high schools are not well equipped to deliver distance learning, but you are.

The idea with dual enrollment is that there are so many students who could get a head start on their college education for dual enrollment opportunities at your institution, so therefore if their high school can't provide the opportunity and especially now that everybody's so reliant on distance, why not get those students enrolled in your institutions, get a head start on college, get those 16-year-old's into the pathway with mentors, in the community of support, and so the second absolute priority supports these dual enrollment opportunities. We know that one of the challenges with dual enrollment is those students typically expect to have free

tuition, and states have limitations, and so included in this absolute priority is money to cover that tuition.

It's not just about developing new programs, it's to subsidize the cost so that those students don't have to pay tuition, so that they can yet get involved with your institution. We think that this is an important program and this competition is still open and I hope that you will consider applying to participate in that competition. There's also formula funding money, so under Section 18004(a)(1) these included, 50% of that money went to emergency grants for students and we know that you took that money and forwarded it to students as quickly as possible, and the idea there was just to get cash in the hands of students.

We knew that they had challenges to pay their rent, to buy food. They may have been reliant on a meal plan and now all of a sudden, they had to start grocery shopping, and buying their own food. The 50% of that funding was quickly dispersed to institutions, and we know that you quickly dispersed it to students and continue to do so. The other 50% of that funding was for institutional relief and this was to enable schools to reimburse themselves in the event that they had to refund students for housing fees, for example.

If schools had to purchase PPE, if schools found themselves in a situation where they had to hire more faculty, we've heard from some institutions that by going to distance learning, they've actually had to hire more faculty because for the distance learning experience to be as good as it can be, some institutions felt like they needed smaller class sizes or more mentors, and so... but when additional faculty needed to be hired, these funds could then and continue to be available for that purpose.

We also had funding that was dispersed through the 18004(a)(2) buckets, and this included funding that was based on title three, title five programs. This has a broader use, so under this program, Congress authorized that these funds could be used to replace lost revenue. Whereas the first bucket of the funding has to be spent in ways that are directly related to the disruption of instruction, so that had to be related to changes in the campus. Under the (a)(2) bucket, the uses are much broader. They do not have to be tied to the disruption of education, and therefore you can use these towards your general fund, toward replacing lost revenue.

Then we have the 18004(a)(3) bucket, which was two programs. One was the formula funding program that for any institution that receives less than \$500,000 through the other Cares Act programs, we automatically gave them an award to bring them up to the

\$500,000 level. The second is the grant program that I just spoke about, the Institutional Resilience and Expanded Postsecondary Opportunities grant program. This is open to all institutions. The question came up on Monday whether that program is limited to schools that got less than \$500,000, no.

We took care of meeting our obligations to those institutions through formula funding to ensure that the grant program would be available to all institutions. I wanted to clarify that all institutions can compete in the IREPO competition. We've tried to create additional regulatory flexibilities. The Care Act created even more regulatory flexibilities including not have to return title for funds for students who withdraw directly because of COVID-19. We've allowed those creditors to conduct virtual accreditation site visits.

They do have to do an on-site visit subsequent to the virtual business, but that can be just one staff person that comes to campus for just the morning to do some double checking. The virtual visit does not have to be replicated by an on-site visit. We basically need somebody to go and kick the tires just to make sure that what they saw on video is real, and that is the campus... and sometimes these visits will be used to hold interviews with students and faculty that maybe couldn't be accomplished through the virtual site visit.

The other advantage that the Cares Act fund provides institutions... and this one is a little hard for us because online here we've launched the federal work-study experiment to provide more opportunity for schools to work with industry to have students work in off-campus jobs and to support their earnings through the federal work study program. Through this experiment, we also have allowed... we acknowledge that students don't just work 10 hours a week. They work 20 or 30 hours a week and it's best for them if they're working in a job related to their field. We've launched that experiment.

We appreciate those of you who have engaged, but we understand that that experiment started at a time when many employers are not bringing people back to work, so we know that on one hand we have this great opportunity and we appreciate that all of you who are participating in it are doing so. At the same time, I want to make sure that everybody is aware that under the Cares Act, federal workstudy dollars that are not being used for federal work-study can be moved into SEOG campus-based aid. While we really want the federal work-study experiment to take off, we understand the current challenges and want to make sure schools understand that

you can move those funds to SEOG and use them to make grants to students.

The law doesn't require it, but we hope that you'll consider those students who had a federal work-study award, but cannot work in a work study job that maybe you'll help them out by using the SEOG and campus-based aid to replace some of those lost jobs. There are also been changes in student loan repayment. Many of you have probably heard that for add-on loan or in the zero percent interest status, no borrower is required to make payments. That is already ends at the end of this month.

But President Trump through his presidential memorandum has extend... extended those benefits so that the zero percent interest and the non-payment for those students who have add-on loans will continue through the end of the year. We think that this has provided necessary relief to students who are struggling in many ways and to borrowers who maybe have had a loss of employment. Interestingly, we have seen a fairly significant number of borrowers continue to make payments, even though they don't have to, and we realized that for those who continue to be employed, for those who have not had economic impact from COVID-19, they see this as an opportunity to pay their principal down quickly because there's zero interest.

We are seeing some continue to pay their loans and others benefit from the payment holidays. Then finally, I want to leave time for your questions. I just want to let you know that we've had a number of our regulations that I spoke about during our last meeting, they have now been fully implemented and went into effect on July 1, 2020. The first was our accreditation and state authorization, and again to remind you of the high points there. We no longer recognize the difference between regional and national accreditors. We recognize the difference only between institutional and programmatic accreditors. No accreditor owns a region anymore.

Any institution can work with any accrediting agency, and we think that this will be really helpful for institutions to find the accreditor that best support to students and the mission of the institution. These new regulations allow accreditors to have alternative standards, meaning different standards for different kinds of institutions because as we talked about last time, financial responsibility standards that are designed for large research institutions with huge endowment are not necessarily the right standards that should be used to evaluate small independent

schools, or schools that have a small endowment, or smaller enrollment.

We think this will provide great opportunity and of course we encourage you to reach out to your accrediting agency to encourage them to use these flexibilities. We have also finalized the teach grant and faith-based institutions regulation, and as the Secretary mentioned, this restores all of the right to faith-based institutions to participate fully in our programs with every other institution. On the teach grant side, we expanded the repayment opportunity to include elementary school teachers in areas where states have designated them as shortage areas.

We think that more of your students will be able to benefit from teach grants if they know that they can repay their service obligation by being an elementary school teacher. Our title nine regulations have gone into effect. We have finalized the free inquiry rule... free inquiry and religious freedom rule and that goes into effect, I believe, later this month or early next. Best to check on that date, but that is going into effect. This protects student organizations on campus, faith-based student club, again to protect faith-based institutions and it requires all institutions to live up to their promise to students about academic freedom and about the ability to speak freely.

It also gives the opportunity for faith-based institutions to adhere to their own principles. Institutions can have their own principles for expression. They just need to make sure students understand what they are and live up to them. Finally, we have final social distance learning regulation. This one does not officially go into effect until July 1, 2021, but we made much of that regulation available for voluntary early implementation, so that institutions that chose to could implement the advantages of that regulation more quickly, and this involves things like allowing you to start additional direct assessment programs without having to come back to us each time, giving more clarification to how to disperse title for funds for subscription based programs, and making it clear that accreditors and the department need to work together to provide safe spaces for innovation knowing that every innovation is not going to work.

We all just join hands and say this seems like a good idea, let's try it, and if it doesn't work, we all have to realize, "Okay. We need to move on," without trying to figure out who to blame. Not every experiment is going to work. We've been busy on the regulatory front and what we're working on now is thinking about the next kind of regulatory activity we would engage in. We really need to look at

our financial responsibility regulations, and so we're doing the background work so that in our next round of rulemaking, we can really get into this whole issue of composite scores and financial responsibility to update those to match current realities. I'll stop there and take any questions from the group.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you, Deputy Under Secretary Diane Jones, for that briefing from the Department of Education. I'm going to ask in the interest of keeping us some time. Unless you have a specific question that needs to be answered, that you collect the questions that you have, and so at the end we can direct them. But I hope given that the two-hour time block is locked. I'm going to open the floor for just two minutes. If there are any questions before we proceed this that specifically need to be answered to... of the Undersecretary now.

Billy Hawkins:

Mr. Chairman, this is Billy Hawkins from Talladega. I just had one question for the Secretary and going back to talking about the dual enrollment. I just want to get just further clarification because we are a dual enrollment institution on the funding to support because that's always an issue of those high school students having the ability to pay. I just want to get... you indicated that there is funding that we can apply for?

Diane Jones:

Yes, sir. I'm under the IREPO, the Institutional Resilience and Expanded Postsecondary Opportunity grant program, which is posted on the Office of Postsecondary Education website. I can give that link to Sedika, and she can forward it to you. I'm sure, yes... whether you already have dual enrollment that you want to expand or whether you want to start them anew, these funds, this grant opportunity makes funding available, so that you can support these students without having to charge them tuition. In some cases, we'll be supplementing state funds, and in other cases it will be money that's brand new to the institution. Thanks for the work you do in dual enrollment. We know that critically important.

Billy Hawkins:

Thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you, and again... hello.

James Clark:

James Clark. Very quick question. Will clip-notes short version of the Secretary's note be sent out to us?

Diane Jones:

I can do that. Sadika, did my team send you the PowerPoint after our last meeting that outline the regulations? Did you get that from us? I thought this morning... I was... I was trying to remember if my team sent that. If they did, I will update it with these notes. If they

didn't, I will add it. You will get it, so we'll make sure that you get a PowerPoint or some document that help summarize these.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Guys, we'll get the notes out. I'm running behind some minutes. We got tight schedule. Thank you again, Diane Jones, and now we'd like to have Dr. Michael Crow, President of Arizona State University, cochair of the National Commission and the university vice chair on Council on Competitiveness. Dr. Crow don't need any introduction, but I want to thank him very much for taking the time. He actually dialed in before most of us today, so Dr. Crow with that, I'd like to turn the stage over to you. Thank you.

Dr. Michael Crow:

Thank you. Mr. Chairman. It's nice have a chance to get together with the group. It's an honor that to have an opportunity to spend a few minutes talking about where we're headed and where we're going, and I thought what I would do is just put contextually whether this is a frontline group. The HBCUs and universities like ASU were on the frontline of social change, were on the frontline of transformation, and so let me start my conversation by basically saying we're 50 years into a terrible outcome in American higher public education, public higher education.

What I mean by that is that we're 50 years into the notion where we've decided that elitist separation and high levels of exclusivity is the coin of the realm and the success of the institution, and it's a terrible logic. I call it the elitist social transformation of public universities. The great universities are those that admit only students with A-averages from high school. The great universities are those that admits only students with A+ averages often. The faculty have the lowest teaching levels, the faculty are most heavily involved in research.

They look very much like private universities and private highly selective research universities and this elitist orientation, and we can spend some time talking about this, is something that is creating and has created in the last 50 years a massive under performance, and it's contributed to an under performance in the public university sector overall. This general lack of success by the public universities is actually accelerating. We're still from the lower quartile of family incomes where my family income was when I was growing up.

In 1970 when I was in high school, 7% of the kids from those families had a shot at getting a college degree. Today, 50 years later trillions of dollars of investments later, that's up all the way to 8%, and so we haven't had the social transformation impact that we have desired. This general lack of success, low graduation rates, low success rates, it's not just about investment in the institutions, it's

about this flaw in the design of the public university culture. This design flaw in my view and I can get you a lot that has been written on this by me and by others, it's not fixable.

It can't be fixed because it's built around the human tendency and desire to have a hierarchical social class with strictly demarcated areas of social standing, and so the design flaw is basically the notion that you can't have a fantastic scholarly driven group of faculty focused on academic excellence and at the same time be highly accessible and egalitarian. That those two things don't go together. For that of course is the fundamental premise of the HBCUs and it's the fundamental premise of the institution that I'm a part of the last 18 years as president at Arizona State University.

This design flaw then means that this is what I would urge all of us to become involved in is this notion of throwing off this notion that we need to be A or B or C. Forget A, B, or C, we need new designs, new institutions, new structures, new mechanisms, new ways of moving forward with the objective being the marrying together of excellence and access. If we find a way for all of our schools to be... our faculties to be scholarly active at a very high level to be unbelievably engaged at scale with the broadest cross-section of students, if we find a way to bring together excellence and access, well, that's what a public university is all about.

That's what a public university is for and HBCU, in particular, is about the marrying of excellence and access across its entire dimensionality. But the problem with that is that the entire weight of the system, the entire social structure of the system is the opposite of that. It's about one or the other and not both, and so what that has required us to do at ASU and which is why we've been able to become a much more impactful university across the spectrum of our... the entire spectrum of our society, we've been able to do a number of things including scale and work on issues related to competitiveness and so forth and so on, required us to have a new design, so we scraped the notion of just being a generic public university and created a unique charter.

Our charter is built around three core principles. The first principle is one that we share with each of you and that is that we are to measure our success based on who we include and how they succeed, and not who we exclude. If you measure your success based on who you exclude, we got no time for you. We have nothing in common, and so we've got little to talk about because our job is to be inclusive to find pathways to success, to measure our self on the product, not on the selection process for admission.

Now you all know that, and we know that, but that's not... that logic and the overcoming of that logic was critical to us.

The second key element of our charter is to do research that measurably benefits in a measurable way the public themselves, not just the academic outcomes, and so we're not tremendously interested in academic outcomes is our principal reason for existence. We need that to gain endorsement and quality assessment for our faculty. But what we really need is to impact our communities to drive our local economies to measure the outcome of the university as a function of that, and then the third element of our charter and this would be something that each of you share also.

In our case we have... for our particular environment, we've made it unbelievably specific and that is that we at the third part of our charter are accountable for the outcomes of our community responsible. If we have underperforming K-12, we're responsible. If we have underperforming, we've done tremendous things to try to alter the K-12 trajectories here in Arizona, in California, in Utah, and other states that we're working in. Our charter then becomes our reason for existence and each of you have a special and historically unbelievably important reason for existence.

In our case, we have to make sure that our faculty understands that if you want to work at some other public university that's only interested in having fewer students, and admitting higher level students, and admitting only A-students, and teaching lesson so forth, well you should work there because that's not what we do. We take on the notion of understanding what a true public university is supposed to be, so beyond our charter, we have a series of what we call design aspirations as do each of you.

These design aspirations become the reasons and the mechanisms by which we separate ourselves from the pack. The last thing we want to look like is the University of California at Berkeley, or the University of Michigan where we measure our success based on exclusion, we measure our success only on how much research we do and stuff like. Now, we do a lot of research and I'll come back to that in a second. Of our design aspirations go into social embeddedness, the degree to which we are embedded in the community, that measure the social impact within the community, social transformation, economic competitiveness of the communities that were embedded in, workforce development, all these kinds of things.

While at the same time doing almost \$700 million dollars a year of research. Then I think the last thing I'll say is that our goals, our metrics lasting about our charter, and our design, our goals, and our metrics, and our aspiration are about social success, social transformation, and social success and social transformation for all elements of our community and all elements of our population. The sidebar in 1990, this was a largely white, middle class institution that we had a reputation of being the world's largest party school and we weren't heavily active in research.

We weren't a research one university. Here we are 30 years later, and I've been here 18 years and we are a totally transformed institution. Our student body is representative of the totality of socio-economic diversity. Our student body, majority of our incoming 14,000 freshmen are students of color. The institution is doing almost \$700 million a year of competitive research without a medical school. We graduated last year 26, 27,000 students from the broadest cross-sections of families imaginable. Just giving you this little hint.

We changed engineering from 6,000 students to 24,000 students, took freshman retention engineering up from 68% to 90%, increased the number of minority graduates coming out of engineering. For instance, using that as just one example of our 20 colleges by tenfold, 10X increase in minority graduation... minority graduates. How did all of that work and how did all of that happen? Our evolution at ASU is a function of understanding that we're not chasing the old model. We're done with the elitist model of public university success. We're done with the model that you're successful because of who you exclude.

We're done with the model of measuring only our inputs. We measure our inputs. We measure our learning outcomes and we measure all of our impacts of our institution on an ongoing and consistent basis. Our culture change has really been around moving away from a faculty-centric culture, moving to a student-centered culture. Moving away from the slow, tedious, cumbersome, unbelievably archaic clock speed of universities is notion of what is the semester spring break, summer break, this... whatever these things are all things countered to our actual success.

We empowered our faculty to be designers of their own intellectual futures, their own intellectual identities which then freed them to become unbelievably powerfully creative individuals, and everything that they do. We did away with the notion of academic bureaucracy and built the notion of academic enterprise. Then we embraced

technology in all things carefully and judiciously over the last 10 years. We've built relationships with 300 technology companies. We've built a learning platform that has helped us to raise our freshman retention rate to... with a very broad student body.

We have 42,000 Pell eligible students as undergraduates here with us on campus for example. Then we've doubled our four-year graduation rate up to the level of Michigan State or Purdue, which also admit A and B students. We've taken freshman retention up to about 90%. We've been able to do that by building adaptive learning platforms and adaptive learning courses, designing new ways of teaching and learning. Overcoming the math and science barrier. We now have 85 to 90% mastery of freshman math. We used to have 40% mastery of freshmen math. We've eliminated math as the principal reason that students drop out.

We've built adaptive learning curriculum in science. We've grown the number of Biology Majors for instance to 6,000. We've grown the number of STEM majors that we have to just under 40,000 STEM majors, and that's up from 10,000 STEM majors just to put that into perspective, so a four-fold increase in that. We've been able to use technology to help us in teaching, to help us in advising, to help us in assessment, to help us in communication, to help us in recruitment and retention. Node bots and chat bots and everything that I'm sure you all are using also but we've been able to build all these things and change our outcomes.

A little bit about that... we are an institution now, which is continuing to accelerate this week. We have about 75,000 students here in our full immersion environment with us. COVID complicated environment, obviously. We've built testing technology, deployed testing technology, we have 11,000 classes that are working in face to face mode with Zoom empowerment for people that can't be there. Another 5,000 courses for our on-campus students that are in either peer Zoom mode or online mode. Then in addition of those 75,000 students who do represent the totality of socio-economic diversity in the United States and in Arizona.

We have another 75,000 students who are in our online degree programs, 250-degree programs. Full ABET accredited engineering programs, science programs. A hundred or 250-degree programs, so we've got that going on all again with this notion of diversity with very high levels of transformed success. All of which then have huge impact on U.S. competitiveness. The country will not be successful unless we pull up and educate an order of magnitude more the number of people that we're educating now, we won't be successful

as a country at the level that we need to be competitively unless the bottom half of family incomes have equal access, equal opportunity, and equal outcomes.

We've set our goal. One of our goals is undifferentiated outcomes by family income. We have a completely diverse student body, but now undifferentiated outcomes. We're not quite there yet, but we've made huge progress towards that goal. We built an entity called ASU Prep digital which is a digital high school, digital assets for enhanced learning, 200 early college courses last semester. We had about 15,000 students as learners in that program. This semester we have 75,000 students in multiple states from that program.

All these things are a product of going back to this notion of... and the HBCUs that you all lead and their critical role in our society. It's about the same thing. It's about social transformation, it's about the success of the United States, and I guess what I'm here to say to you is that the model of us looking, smelling, or feeling like a classic standard university. It's not going to work. There's no way that we can have the kind of impact that we need to have at a social scale.

There's no way that we can have the kind of impact that we need to have at a community scale. There's no way in the African American community, and the Latin X community, and other communities... there's no way that we can have the impact that we want to have if we approach this in anything that looks like a normal modality. We need to transform everything, the role of the faculty, the structure of the institution, the design of the institution, the financial structure of the institution. We have very little public support in this institution. We operate as a public enterprise.

We've taken our revenue from \$700 million a year to \$3.5 billion a year and then we use almost all of our margin for financial aid, so that we can say that no student will be left out for financial reasons and that's literally the case with us. We also believe that we have to work together. That only through partnerships and innovation be accelerated, only through alliances can innovation be accelerated, only by us learning from you all, only by all of us finding ways to be something other than isolated... what I call cottage industries, isolated pockets of academic activity... only through sharing of assets, sharing of technology, sharing of learning, innovating together could any of us ever hope to get to where we are.

Our goals going forward are \$850 million a year of research without a medical school being equal to... in the MIT range. We're on target to hit that goal with our faculty 32 to 35,000 graduates per year.

Completely representative of socio-economic diversity. We are committed to economic transformation of our region and accelerated economic transformation of our country. We have, as our goal, undifferentiated outcomes based on family income. We're not there yet. We have native American students from over 220 native American tribes here.

There's only 23 tribes in Arizona. We do not have undifferentiated outcomes. We have very high levels of graduates from the native American community, but we still don't have undifferentiated outcomes. We can still predict a little bit of a student's outcome based on their parent's education and based on their family income. We want that to be eliminated as a predictive constraint, and so we're working on that in every possible way. I know personally I come from a working-class family, a working poor family. My siblings that didn't graduate from high school, those siblings who are now in their 60s lives have been markedly different than mine.

The same family, same upbringing, same experiences. I was able to be educated more formally, they weren't. Completely different outcomes and it's a dramatic thing, and so at least for us here and for ASU, what's happened is that we got off the track 50 years ago by this access versus excellence. Every HBCU in the country and every public... other public university in the country should be research-active, should be discovery-active.

Not that you aren't, you are but that should be a central part of excellence with access being your reason for existence, with unbelievable success and for us that has meant complete abandonment of the historical norms and historical models and the embracing of these kinds of cultural changes that I was talking about. Mr. Chairman, I'll stop there and hopefully we'll have enough time for comments and questions. I welcome your questions. I apologize for speaking so quickly.

I can get any of you more information on what we're doing or what we're up to and I can also say that we're ready to work as Johnathan knows, and the team knows. They're at the White House. We're ready to do partner, work with anyone that helps us to advance the success of the country. HBCUs are absolutely essential to the success of the United States. Hope we can work together. We look forward to it. Thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Well, thank you. Dr. Crow. That was a treat and we thought it would be, and it was actually exceeded. Already high expectations. Thank you for being so transparent and committed to the country's efforts to educate all people. We actually... and thank you also. You finished

it on record amount of time, which is good, so we have about 10 extra minutes for members of the board to ask questions. We have Dr. Crow and if you're interested and you have questions, please chime in.

Phyllis Dawkins:

Dr. Crow, this is Phyllis Dawkins. How can we begin to collaborate with ASU?

Dr. Michael Crow:

Well, thank you for that question, Phyllis. The best way to begin collaboration would be to say, "Let's identify some mutual objectives that we have. Let's get our team's talking about what we can do together, and then let's see what we can get going." The way to collaborate is to basically say, "Let's work together and let's get something going." It could be in a research area. It could be in a technology area. It could be in a mutual problem-solving experience.

It could be us taking some of your courses and offering them here with us. For our students, it could be us working together in our online environment. It could be working together to use some of the platform technologies that we put together. We do have some things. For instance, we've built these adaptive learning courses in math, which we think is the big bugaboo. Those courses have changed everything for us. They have taken our freshman retention rate and altered it. We're bringing in kids now who... they got a good grade math in high school, but they can't do college algebra.

They can do college algebra with the systems that we put in place, so there may be ways that we could work together there. Joint efforts, all those things, Phyllis, I think would work, so we just start talking and working together.

Aminta H. Breaux:

This is a Aminta Breaux. My question is first of all, thank you for that outstanding presentation in record time. I've heard you speak in the past and I'm just amazed at how much content you are able to put in, in this record amount of time and thank you for being here once again. My question is about going back to a comment that you made with regard to changing the dynamics and doing things differently, and that's the essence of how you've been moving forward and leading ASU. However, we have a general public out there that tends to look at higher education in traditional ways including looking at the rankings of various assessments of how we're doing, and yet our HBCUs have done an outstanding job in taking students where they are, and having them move on to successful outcome, meaning getting jobs, contributing back to their communities, enriching their communities.

Can you speak to your views on the ways that our universities are assessed, and how do we balance and get the messaging out about the great value we already provide to our students, and their families, and communities? Yet, we continue to be put into the categories, and the parameters of these rankings sometimes can overlook and overshadow the great successes that are happening with our HBCUs.

Dr. Michael Crow:

Well, Aminta, you're on an exactly hard rock point for me. The system of rankings is basically a biased country club ranking of rich white people, sitting around determining that rankings a function of who you don't admit. Ranking is a function of how much you spend per student. Even the U.S. news & world report rankings are rankings based on resources per student. They're based on a number of things that are very private schoolish. What we do is what you say, so we basically worked to de minimize those and explain what those are, and then we look at our outcomes, and so we have substantial data as I'm sure you do also on the ROI for the graduates of our institution.

The Return on Investment based on their life outcome. We have an Office of the University Economist which measures these things. We work in research projects where you have the tax returns without knowing the names of all of our graduates, so we know how they've done out there in the economy, our 500,000+ graduates. We have the rankings of the quality of our graduates as do you. Your graduates are highly regarded in the workforce, and that's what we push, and then we say that if you want to feel better about your life and send your kid to some school that builds its reputation based on who they exclude, well then, you should do that.

Because that isn't us. Go ahead and do that. Here's what we do. We produce fantastic graduates who are completely engaged in understanding the actual complexities of the world. This is not a country club, this is a university that takes people from every family background and prepares them for a full and comprehensive life of contribution to the democracy, and to the economy, and that's the way we talk. We're not having any shortage of getting applicants. We're up in our enrollment 7.3% this semester over any semester previous in the institution.

We had 60,000 students in our summer school, and we have recruiters lined up around the block because I think the point is that you've got to work with families as you suggest and convince them that it's the product measurement not the input measurements that they need to work on, and it's just a function of getting that

information together and that's what we talk about. That's what we spend most of our time talking about and that's... what impact are we having. People that care about that stuff, that's what they listen to. Others that care about the elitist separation of their children will then... they'll probably be happier if they send their child to a school that admits almost no one and costs \$55,000 a year.

Aminta H. Breaux:

Thank you for that.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Dr. Crow, this Johnny Taylor, and one of the questions that I'd ask is funny. We have this love/hate relationship with rankings. On one hand, we all talk about the problems of rankings. But then on the other hand when we bump well and we've seen this in even the HBCU community, we will tout our rankings. What's your thought on either one has to be okay with rankings or not okay with rankings or challenge the rankings, be okay with rankings but challenge how they are arrived at or computed? But I do find that that's a real struggle for all of us. How do you all think about this? Given rankings do matter particularly the more expensive you point out the 50, \$60,000 a year school. They do matter. Parents buy that, the ones who can. What do you think about that?

Dr. Michael Crow:

Mr. Chairman. It's a tricky business, and so to my view, the frontline public's including HBCUs should not be about rankings, they should be about output. On my desk behind me I have the admission standards at the University of California in 1950. B average overall and a be at least in 15 different courses and your admitted and tuition is free. Where is that? That's gone. With the average weighted GPA, to be admitted in UC Berkeley right now is 4.3 on a 4.0 scale, so I'm really so sorry there.

You got to be on your transcript, your sophomore year of high school. You're not going to be admitted. Too bad. You're a loser. That just can't be the way the world works, and so what we need are more rankings. People want to rank, have some kind of rankings where there's a lot of selectivity-based and resource-based rankings and we don't do so well in there. That's okay. But let's look at the impact rate rankings. Let's look at the social transformation rankings. Let's look at the social mobility rankings. Let's look at who actually drives people into higher levels of social mobility.

Those things are all measurable. Those are things that we do, and it is a tricky business, and so we talked about... we were just ranked most innovative university in the country. Well, we're not sure that's a subjective output-oriented ranking. That's not a class-based, elitist-based, separatist ranking, and so I think that there should be rankings about social impact. There are some. Washingtonian

magazine has some of this, some others have some of this about impact and so forth.

We should be measuring our impact on social transformation, so every person that we graduate that moves up five social classes, that's an impact that we contributed. Every person that's out there contributing as a CEO of a company or something. That's an impact of your school, and so I just think that rankings should be about outcomes, and impacts, and once we get more schools looking at that, the other thing that we think is that this business of the way schools are classified. The frontline public universities that are into social transformation including the HBCUs and some of the rest of us, we should be clustered together.

We're the advancers of the democracy. We're not finishing schools. We advance the democracy to higher levels of success. We advance the economy to higher levels of success there. It's a different thing. It shouldn't... there're apples and oranges there. They're both fruits but they're not similar, and so we need to separate ourselves from the pack of worrying about that kind of stuff too much.

Johnathan Holifield:

Dr. Crow, this is Johnathan Holifield. Great presentation, excellent dialogue. Building on your version of separatism that I share, how can we build better, stronger, bridges from HBCU leadership in research, and social transformation? How can we build better bridges of those institutions to America's national dialogue around our economic and educational competitiveness? As you well know, you're at the center of many of those dialogues and our institutions are not at all at that table. They need to be. How would you recommend perhaps we pursue that course?

Dr. Michael Crow:

What's interesting, Johnathan, is that we have a lot of football leagues, and sports leagues, and I was a Division One athlete when I was in college, so we played against Colorado, and Nebraska, and Oklahoma. I went to Iowa State as am undergrad, but we don't have leagues for... let's say the future of some area of economic activity near Bowie State. We need leagues around economic futures, energy futures, education futures, high school success futures, and so what's happened to us is that we just all decided to emulate Harvard, so we have sports, and we have schools, and we have semesters, and we all want to gather in the fall and do all these things and so forth.

Some of that's fine and so forth and so on, but where are the leagues were working together to solve particular problems? What we need are more alliances, more leagues, leagues for more teams. Teams of schools working together to create economic opportunity,

to create economic... we talk about economic zones, we talk about all these things that the government puts in place sometimes but the universities for the most part just keep doing the same thing, hoping for more resources, hoping for a better allocation from the government, hoping for better appropriations.

Those are not the ways to create economic transformation. You create economic transformation by solving some problem, and I think what I'm saying, Johnathan, is that we need a lot more leagues. We should be a part of 25, 30, 50, a hundred different leagues where we're working on different things, and organizing different things, and groups of faculty working together as opposed to thinking of the universities as isolated island. They're not. They're connected and that's what we should be doing.

Johnathan Holifield:

I think later today there's a discussion on HBCU consortium around those same concepts, so please thank you very much Dr. Crow.

Johnny C. Taylor:

I'm sorry. We have time for one more question to go at the end of...

Leonard L. Haynes III:

Dr. Crow I have a question. In your comment about developing leagues [01:15:13 inaudible], presentation. How would you characterize the land grant colleges and universities of America? The 1862 schools and the 1890s which are historical, but aren't they in a league of their own?

Dr. Michael Crow:

Well, what was happening to the 1862's, I went to one of them I would say. Some of them just took off and just became elite research universities. I gave a talk on the 150th anniversary of the Morrill Act at the University of Illinois of all places, and in the talk that I gave I was the keynote speaker there. This is eight years ago, and I asked how many of them actually understood what the Morrill Act was. We then talked about the Morrill Act.

How many of them knew that it was intended to be basically a new school for the sons and daughters of farmers and mechanics, at the time white? But transformative a little bit later and how many of you then would believe that we should sign up for what the Morrill Act was intended to do today and stay focused on that meaning, be a different kind of institution? I couldn't get any takers. They basically said well we've morphed into something else, and so some of the land grants have stayed true to their mission by the broader admission standards and so forth and so on. Purdue, Iowa State, Oregon State, and then among the 1890's, yes.

They work together and some of the 1862's work together, but they're not a... they're not the force in my view that they could be.

They are a unique... both of them are unique manifestations of American culture, American history, American heritage, and I think that there's a lot of upside in bringing people together in these coalition's and alliances that are more about... are less about acquiring resources and more about solving problems, enhancing community outcomes, enhancing graduation rates, those kinds of things. Who asked that question? You didn't pop up on my screen.

Leonard L. Haynes III: Leonard Haynes.

Dr. Michael Crow: Hey, Leonard. Thank you. Nice to meet you.

Leonard L. Haynes III: Thank you. I saw you at the World Bank a couple of years ago.

Dr. Michael Crow: Yes. I remember that. Thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor: Thank you again, Dr. Crow, for giving... being so generous with your

time including being here. As I said much earlier than your

presentation, I'm sure there will be follow-up from particularly the agency to the President who are members of the board of advisors, and again, we thank you for and congratulate you on the great work. When I heard about the strides, roughly \$800 million in revenue to 3.5 billion. That's an amazing trajectory. A lot for you to be proud of and your willingness to share it with us, so that we can have these sorts of conversations a decade or so from now is great,

so thank you.

Dr. Michael Crow: Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and it's almost 7:30 in the morning here,

so I'll go up and buy some breakfast here somewhere.

Johnny C. Taylor: God bless. Thank you. That's really... Dr. Holifield, I'll turn it on to

you for a brief on the White House mission on HBCU.

Johnathan Holifield: Absolutely. Chairman Taylor, may I ask you and the members of the

board for an accommodation. If we can work this, can we have the broader board discussion first which provides some room for us to take care of a few back-office thing that may add to the meeting

during my remarks?

Johnny C. Taylor: Sure. Sedika is that... there's so many rules around what you can do.

We probably...

Johnathan Holifield: Exactly.

Johnny C. Taylor: Is that okay? Let me check with our DFO.

Sedika Franklin: Yes. We can go ahead to the board discussion and then we'll come

back to Johnathan once we've resolved all those comments from the

members.

Johnathan Holifield:

Thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor:

As we get ready to do that, keep in mind there is an obligation under federal law that we have public... allow the public to comment, so we have to be... I'm going to be real strict on time given that this is just a two-hour meeting. We have to have a period for public comment. We have about a hundred people, I understand, participating today, observing, so it's critical that we do that. Let's get into opening the floor up for our group discussion. The first issue was discussion for approval of the PBA report to the President required by the executive order. Let me address... thank you.

My office and Emily have done a wonderful job of preparing the document where there was a little confusion because your points were taken. We were preparing what we thought to be a 2018-19 report. If you recall, this panel... we weren't really a panel. I was appointed in the '18, but for the majority of 2018 there... it was myself and Johnathan doing the work between the White House Initiative, and so the way that we had initially envisioned it is that they're also now being a 1920 report, and that would go a lot more into the detail of the work of the PBA. But I take the points.

I've asked Emily to go back and work with our team in the White House Initiative to modify this, to really make it a 2018 through late '20 reports, so we'll be truly updating after all that we've achieved, so it's a two-year report. I need to clarify pursuance of executive order that that's okay because executive order does speak to the need for us to have, if I remember correctly, an annual report. Let's figure it out with the graph because technically post that one year and two years '18, '19... '19, '20, but if we can combine the two we'll take that amendment and make sure that it reflects everything from the WHI is working on at the White House Initiative as well as the PBA.

We'll take that under consideration and you're right; we'll need to bring that up for subsequent approval vote once we've solved the question of can... do we technically have the ability to combine the two. But if we can which is my hope, then we can make the modifications to reflect the will of the group. Any other discussions around that?

Sedika Franklin:

Chairman, this is Sedika Franklin. We do have the ability to do just that. We can extend and make it a two-year report to the President. We do however have to... any adjustments that we make to the current draft, we do need to reconvene as a board.

Johnny C. Taylor: Well, for sure. Frankly, you'd have to see it before you could

approve it, so I've asked Emily to work with everyone and to work with our staff and we will get this done posthaste. Hopefully within the next week or two... definitely within 10 days. Give us time to work our staff of, the graphic design people to get this all right, so we can get it out to you for your consideration and advanced feedback and then we will pose... we will schedule a meeting of

votes. We will do that quickly.

Bernard J. Milano: Johnny.

Johnny C. Taylor: Yes.

Bernard J. Milano: This is Bernard Milano.

Johnny C. Taylor: Hi, Bernard.

Bernard J. Milano: Very sorry I couldn't be on... my Zoom. Two things. One is the report

is silent as to when we actually doctored and therefore formed, so to have a two-year report... when we were informed until I don't remember the date, but it was well after middle of '19, so it becomes little misleading. It's almost like a White House Initiative report as opposed to a present Board of Advisors report and that... somehow that has to... if the requirement under the executive order is for the PBA to have a report, then I don't think we can include all of the activities that occurred when in fact, there was no PBA in

place.

I would also hope that on page six it says that President announced on September 21st, 2018 the intent to form the board. Well, that's interesting, but I think we have to somehow have in there when the board was actually formed so that it's very clear when the PBA was

actually in existence.

Johnny C. Taylor: That's exactly it. Well, so there are two things. Technically, the PBA

occurred when a chair was appointed, but we didn't appoint the rest of the advisors. I think we very much in the language can clarify that I was appointed on X date within... after... because we went through an exhaustive process of getting approvals because of what was happening at the time, and that we didn't have any meetings, although we were convened until we had... we were able to seat the rest of the advisors. But we'll do that in the language of the document, and I think just so that it doesn't appear to your point to be almost... but not overly focused on with the White House Initiative because those are very two different institutions.

White House Initiative and the President's Board of Advisors, we can incorporate some of that. Let us work with how to do this in a way

where it becomes really clear that the technical by appointment was the beginning of it, and then you have chair and then the chair appoints... working with the White House... the President actually your point, but recommends and works with others to get the... to impanel the rest of the board. Let us work on the technically right way to say that, so that we are not in any way misleading.

Bernard J. Milano:

Okay, thank you.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Any other questions about that? All right. I'm opening the floor to any other group discussion before we then go back to receive the briefing from Director Holifield.

Billy Hawkins:

This is Billy Hawkins. I just want to say that the Under Secretary... she gave a outstanding briefing and I look forward to receiving her presentation because clearly that can be very helpful to our HBCUs and more specifically that represents the 37 UNCF schools as the Chair of the President, so I look forward to receiving that. That was an outstanding report that can be very helpful to our schools.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you. That will be noted. We'll make sure that you get that. I think as I started, again, what I'd like to just reinforce is, not only has this board made major strides in the strategic plan and other components working with the White House Initiative... the competitive strategy framework that that again will be discussed more in detail with Director Holifield, the great document HBCU week, but just truly elevating the visibility of HBCUs, and so each of you individually and as a group, we may not get a lot of credit and that's not why.

I do it and I'm sure that's not why you do it, but this is a very influential group. The White House listens and Congress listened and so much of the work that we are doing and on a day-to-day basis the work that's being done by the White House Initiative is what has led to the... a lot of the very high visibility opportunities that we're seeing and the giving from the private sector is just... someone wrote me a note the other day and said that this has been a boon to HBCUs in a way that none of us have done. It's a combination of the White House using its platform to talk about HBCUs.

Again, as a discussed people who otherwise weren't talking about it coupled with and acknowledging the environment that we sit in with the George Floyd murder, it's a combination of a whole bunch of factors, but none of us should walk away not appreciating how important the role that we have played in making this serious or, and reinforcing the seriousness of the White House. If we don't have any other discussions... I want to open it for just a few seconds and

then if not, turn it over to Director Holifield. Director Holifield, take it over.

Johnathan Holifield:

All right. Good morning. It's a pleasure to rejoin you and to provide a brief overview of the initiative. First off. I always like to give my staff appropriate recognition. Not my staff, my colleagues. This has been a quite an undertaking. The first national or virtual national HBCU week conference and we have about 2,400 registered attendees, multiple sessions, agency partners, private sector partners all have worked collaboratively to make this a good experience and so far, so good. Special shout out to our team. Our team consists of Dr. Arthur McMahan, Sedika Franklin, Elyse Jones and Tammi Fergusson.

We're also supported from time to time with interns and this year, Cameron Lewis and Nya Wheeler have supported our efforts as well. The conference is fully underway and by the messages, and texts, and emails that I did we think it's been a pretty darn good experience, so hats off to the initiative team as well as our agency and non-federal partners. Secondly, we are in the final stages of creating the first federal HBCU competitiveness strategy. We will have plans with quantitative metrics from 31 agencies focused on HBCU.

We did something different; we have 32 federal agencies and that's obviously a lot and trying to create a single centrally controlled strategy just wouldn't work. These agencies are huge. Imagine 32 different federal agencies all of substantial size with one strategy, so our approach was to create the framework into which the strategy must fit. In other words, we provide the process for guard rails, for the deployment of the individual agency mission and content and we think that will be successful. The goal of this strategy is to set the floor not the ceiling, the floor for federal HBCU activity. Four things to keep in mind.

We had moved from just an annual planning process to developing four-year HBCU plans. Those plans are lined with and connect to the agency planning process. All of our federal agencies as mandated by federal law and the government performance and results Act developed four-year... minimum four-year plan. We want our planning to align with broader agency plans. Secondly, all of the HBCU objectives are tied to, linked to, agency objectives as expressed in their four-year agency plan. We don't want our institutions and ancillary collateral roles or relegated to the coffin corner of agency opportunity.

We want to link and embed our objectives within broader agency objectives. Just a note to keep in mind. We and you had made the

catch, so our institutions can help agencies meet their objectives, and that's how we've approached this strategy development.

Reporting will now go to the Office of Management and Budget. As great as the initiative is, we really have no capacity to receive quantitative metrics from 32 federal agencies, but the nation's bookkeeper does, and they have been wonderful partners in developing this framework.

The strategy further codified our notion of a federal HBCU competitiveness ecosystem, interconnection between our agency partners. The fact is Dr. Crow talked about leagues. I heard clusters, ecosystems, and the like, and so we've codified that, anchored, and facilitated by the initiative and continuing to work with our partners across the federal landscape. I'll conclude my remarks now and I'll alert the chairman that if we're able to get some back-office matters resolved, I'd like to come back to offer an announcement from the administration via video as well, so let me reserve whatever balance of time I have in case we're able to work that out. Thank you very much.

Sedika Franklin: Johnathan, we're ready.

Johnathan Holifield: We're ready?

Male Speaker 1: We're ready.

Male Speaker 2: We're ready to go at it right now.

Male Speaker 3: We are. Let's go.

Johnathan Holifield: All right. I'd like to introduce National Security Advisor, Robert

O'Brien.

Robert O'Brien: Good morning. I'm delighted to be joining you today as we celebrate

the Historically Black Colleges and Universities week. I want to extend my gratitude to Johnathan Holifield, members of The White House HBCU initiative including Ja'Ron Smith and all of you here today for making this week a success despite the ongoing challenges of COVID-19. I also want to recognize our NSC Senior Director for Africa, Erin Walsh and our ambassador to South Africa, Lana Marks

for their efforts.

I'm pleased to announce President Trump's intent to establish the United States – Africa Institute for Epidemic Preparedness and Innovation which will serve as the Africa Regional Center for America's response to outbreaks. HBCUs will be the principal partners of the US government in this historic effort. The United States has made over a hundred and forty billion dollars in health

investments in Africa over the past 20 years. Today, the Institute has an opportunity to reaffirm the United States leadership on Public Health on the continent, and for HBCUs to lead the way forward.

The initiative we commenced today aligns the unique public health contributions of HBCUs at home and abroad with the administration's National Security Strategy. HBCUs will be at the forefront of our efforts to prevent, detect and respond to disease outbreaks including HIV and other health threats in Africa and beyond. The U.S - Africa Institute will build the leadership and capacity of African health professionals and support the next generation of African health leaders.

Establish a data hub to support the rapid detection and mitigation of pandemics and accelerate scale of innovation. President Trump believes that the U.S - Africa Institute for epidemic preparedness and innovation will support the U.S government and HBCUs as we play an important role in keeping Africa and the world safer from diseases such as the COVID-19 virus we are now facing. Thank you for your support of this key initiative. God bless you and may God bless the United States of America.

Johnathan Holifield:

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I would just like to reiterate what we just heard. The Institute for Epidemic Preparedness and Innovation. The key for us is that HBCU will be principal partners, not ancillary, collateral, or tertiary. Principal partners. Our institution, the unique global strategic advantage that they provide the United States. Russia doesn't have HBCU, China doesn't have HBCU, America has HBCU and leveraging that unique asset class to meet America's National Security needs is what we mean by aligning institutions to America's competitiveness priority.

I want to thank Ambassador O'Brien for taking time out of his hugely busy schedule to address the PBA and the broader HBCU community. We appreciate President Trump's leadership to continue to embed our institutions in our national priorities, and we're excited about the possibilities for the future. Thank you, Chairman.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you, and again I join you and that's an amazing announcement and now it's up to us to ensure that our schools particularly the medical schools, but not exclusively because all of us have... we... if you know anything about how they approach these public health issues, they draw from a number of different disciplines that our undergraduate students are involved in, and ultimately that might help people consider careers in research, in the applied and basic sciences.

This is really exciting, and it is a really... talking about a platform that showcases the relevancy of HBCUs in the 21st century. Historically, we know how significant these institutions are and what we've got to do is make the case that they continue to be relevant in the 21st century and this is a great statement by the White House and Act. Not just a statement, but an Act to create the center and have a fierce center... the leadership role... principles on this. Thank you again. I'd like to open the floor now for public comment. Do we have... Sedika, I'm sure you'll be announcing or reading any questions.

Sedika Franklin:

Yes. Thank you, Mr. Chair. Now is the time for public comment. The public comment that come in must pertain to the work of the President's Board of Advisors addressed in today's meeting. Your comments will be addressed first come, first serve as time permits and you may enter those comments in the chat at this time. I will read them. Any that we do not get to will also be included in the official transcript of this meeting. Mr. Chair, right now I'm not seeing any... we will hold for at least five minutes for public comments to come in through the chat.

Female Speaker:

As a reminder to submit a written question or comment, please select all panelists from the drop-down menu in the chat panel. Enter your question or comment in the message box provided and send.

Johnathan Holifield:

Now, Mr. Chairman, if we are able to conclude this meeting early, boy I tell you that would be something wouldn't it?

Johnny C. Taylor:

Well, that's my goal to give Dr. Crow, clock all of those folks their time back so they can go do the important work of... but in keeping with the commitment to ensure that the public has access to us and can ask questions, we're going to do it. I don't know Miss Franklin if we need to have five minutes. If we're not getting any...

Sedika Franklin:

I do have a few comments.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Okay, let's go.

Sedika Franklin:

Few comments, and please note again that these are public comments, not questions and answers. From Sonia Armstrong. I think this was a marvelous presentation. I am happy that I was able to be a part. A question was raised, and again, this is not Q&A, but I will add it to the record. What is the financial appropriation for this initiative? From Dr. Lawson. Is it possible to send the Under Secretary the reference PowerPoints for all HBCU President rather than just to the Board of Advisors?

Any information that's provided here during this meeting is made public. That's a note from the DFO. There are no others with the exception of Miss Sonia Armstrong saying that she would like to comment on Dr. Crow's presentation. From S. P. Freeman, S. P. Freeman at North Carolina Central. Many of us want to collaborate and to reach the HBCU initiative heads and we get something more structured to help us.

From Dr. Farmer. Thank you for this initiative, as an HBCU alum and the promoter to my students and their families, this initiative work is invaluable. From Jill Ki. Food and security is problematic for students. What aid is available for those who do not have enough money to cover these expenses? At this time, there are no more comment in the chat.

Johnny C. Taylor:

Thank you and thank you to all of you who have listened and who provided comments. We do take this work seriously, and I'm glad that you're there to witness and I hope you'd go out and tell others that there's a legitimate work being done by members. Not only of directly presidents of the HBCU community, but many of us who are major supporters and allies of HBCU community and that's what we're doing to ensure that the President... President of the United State is advised properly, at least from our perspective.

The diversity of our group provides a very interesting and I think balanced perspective to the White House, so with that there is simply... I do want to land this plane early. I thank you all for your continued work. I did receive the comments on the annual report. As I mentioned, my office will be working to incorporate the feedback, and if you have additional feedback, please get it to us because we will start working right away.

Our team of civil affairs people on the... incorporating your comments, but if we get them too late, we won't be able to incorporate them, so I'd ask all the members of the Board of Advisors to please get any feedback to Emily right away, and to thank you again for your commitment to HBCU. On behalf of the entire HBCU community as you know, I spent seven and a half years as president of the Thurgood Marshall College Fund representing the countries publicly supported HBCUs.

This work is invaluable, and so when we're seeing some of the outcomes of government focus on HBCUs and not just in financial aid as incredibly important as that is, but also programmatic operational giving support and recognizing HBCU is huge. With that, I think we can out retain a meeting to adjourn... a motion.

File Name: 092220-832432-deptofeducation-board-writtentranscript

James E. Clark: Since what we do is all about students, then we can pass comments

from a student's perspective just to see any competitive from HBCU is one of the nation's top priorities that was... it was an enriching and I didn't want that student comment to get lost because it came

in at the very end. That was all.

Johnny C. Taylor: Thank you. Thank you very much, but have a meeting... a motion for

adjourning the meeting.

Aminta H. Breaux: I move to adjourn the meeting. This is Aminta Breaux.

Johnny C. Taylor: Okay. Well, unless you disagree. Anyone against this? I'm going to

assume not hearing any nays that we have unanimous agreement to

adjourn the meeting at 10:52 a.m. Thank you all.

Sedika Franklin: Thank you, Mr. Chair. [01:45:42 Crosstalk].

Female Speaker: Thank you for using Event Services. You all may disconnect.

President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities Meeting of September 11, 2019

Renaissance Downtown Washington DC Hotel Renaissance East

999 9th Street, NW, Washington, DC 20001

9:30 AM - 2:00 PM EDT

A complete transcript is available upon request

Advisors present

Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman Aminta H. Breaux (late arrival) James E. Clark

Phyllis Dawkins Rodney A. Ellis

Marshall C. Grigsby

Billy Hawkins

Ronald A. Johnson

Nickolas Justice

Bernard J. Milano

Harold L. Martin, Sr.

Connie Rath

Advisors absent

Jerry Hunter

Kevin W. Williams

White House Initiative on Historically Black Colleges and Universities Staff

Johnathan M. Holifield, Executive Director

Arthur P. McMahan, Senior Associate

Sedika Franklin, Designated Federal Official

Director

White House Speakers

Ja'Ron K. Smith, Deputy Assistant to the President, Office of American Innovation, Executive Office of the President

Scott Turner, Executive Director, White House Opportunity and Revitalization Council

Other Federal Presenters

Jennifer Shieh, Assistant Director for Entrepreneurship, White House Office of Science and Technology Policy

Francine Alkisswani, Telecommunications Policy Analyst, National Telecommunications and Information Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce

White House Attendees

James Redstone, Domestic Policy Council

Call to Order and Roll Call

The President's Board of Advisors met in the Renaissance East Ballroom, 999 9th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C., at 9:30 a.m., Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman, presiding.

Chairman Taylor recounts the events of September 11, 2001 and asks that we all remember and acknowledge those who paid the ultimate sacrifice that day as we pause for the Pledge of Allegiance.

The parties met, pursuant to the notice, quorum established 11 members present at the time of the roll call. Aminta Breaux arrived at the lunch hour for the remainder of the meeting.

Ms. Franklin request a call to certify the meeting minutes from the June 13, 2019 advisory meeting. Dr. Dawkins motioned for the approval of the minutes, which was then seconded by Dr. Clark and unanimously favored by all.

The June 13, 2019 meeting minutes are marked final and certify with signature by Chairman Taylor.

Welcome Remarks

Johnny Taylor, Chairman

Acknowledges Dr. Breaux's late arrival is due to commencement and that Mr. Hunter notified the chair that he'd be absent due to a medical procedure that day.

Reflected on the activities and conversations of the preceding days, recalled that the group decided to focus on 3 pillars:

- 1. public-private partnerships;
- 2. opportunity zones; and
- 3. infrastructure.

Recalled President Trump's speech at the 2019 HBCU Week Conference, stating that "more than half of the nation's HBCUs are in opportunity zones," therefore the advisory council has a window of opportunity to take advantage of the new initiative and the meeting agenda include discussion and conversation.

Commented that he and his staff at the Society for Human Resource Management will convene a meeting of HBCU Presidents plus a member of their staff to spend 1.5 days on Opportunity Zones, in-depth.

Ask: Executive Director Holifield -- plan for the U.S. Department of Treasury, industry and funders to be part of that meeting.

"...to be clear, it is not a federal government convening." "...we are going to fund it and pay for it as an example of a public-private partnership."

Member Opening Comments

Chairman Taylor: "We've had a wonderful, wonderful HBCU week that, you know, culminated yesterday with a presentation by the President of the United States, the first ever to appear at HBCU week, and the room was packed and the energy was good."

Dr. Johnson: Congratulated Initiative for putting on a thoughtful content-rich, well organized gathering. Thought it represented the real clear sense of support for HBCUs.

Dr. Hawkins: Echoed Dr. Johnson's sentiment, recalled conversations with HBCU scholars regarding their conference experience and asked if this was the first time a U.S. President spoke at the convening. Chairman Taylor confirmed that he believed that President Trump is the only president to have done so.

Ms. Franklin confirmed that the remarks were live streamed by NASA and will be posted to the Initiative webpage.

Mr. Justice: Complimented the federal agencies for coming with action-oriented themes that really show the execution of the President's executive orders.

Discussion of Opportunity Zones

Exploration of possible role of PBA to help convene Opportunity Zone-related technical assistance and public-private partnership prospects that might benefit HBCUs.

Best Practices, Bruce Katz, The New Localism

Chairman's introduction: "Bruce Katz is with an organization called The New Localism, and literally is one of the foremost thought leaders and experts on this new product called -- or new opportunity called an opportunity zone."

Begins with slide presentation, entitled "How Opportunity Zones are Driving a New System of Community Wealth." (Appendix)

- Provision in 2017 tax law from legislation that was co-sponsored by Cory Booker and Tim Scott, the Investing in Opportunity Act.
- Enables people of corporations with capital gains to defer, reduce, or eliminate capital gains taxes if they invest in a qualified opportunity fund, which then invests in an opportunity zone.
- Legislation directs governors to designate a quarter of eligible census tracts -- and by
 eligible census tracts, and mostly were criteria relating to poverty statistics or income
 statistics.
- 50 governors and Puerto Rico designated 8762 opportunity zones.
- Many HBCUs are either totally covered as opportunity zone tracts or partially

covered.

- Develop an investment prospectus: (1) Enables a city or a zone to communicate their access, their advantages, basically make their pitch, as to why someone would invest in this place and what kind of projects are investor ready and community enhancing.
 (2) Enables stakeholders in the community to both unlock local capital but also then attract national capital. (3) Enable a consensus on reality as to what is investable in your community or in your zone.
- HBCUs, because of your stature on many of your communities, a legitimate, valid community vehicle for organizing stakeholders around investment.
- Data is important. Unveiling your assets are important. But organizing a multisector group, government, other universities, philanthropy, corporations, and high net worth individuals, organizing capital is really the end game of the prospectus tool.
- Categories of zones (Typology) matter—"HBCUs together almost form like a
 particular kind of asset class or investment sector because my perception is you're
 more similar than you are different in terms of, you know, what your footprint looks
 like, you know, what the ratio of jobs to residents look like and what the kind of
 economic investable opportunities might be."

• Recommendation:

- 1. Start with an Investment Prospectus that focuses on local capital, local debt, local wealth, local subsidy.
- 2. HBCU offer certain kinds of economic opportunities or investable deals that the rest of the city wouldn't be offering, student housing, for example. As a network of HBCUs, aggregate all the different universities into sort of a super asset class.
- 3. Work with someone, a "deal jockey" who understand how to marry private equity that's looking for returns with conventional debt or concessionary debt or local subsidy.
- 4. Develop a 7 to 10-page HBCU prospectus writ large and then a capacity addition.
- 5. Think about the HBCUs being a platform for gathering, cohering, stewarding networks in your communities and your states.

Member Comments

Dr. Martin: Conversation on opportunity zones should be much larger than just housing. "Much more progressive way that changes the outcome and long-term successes of our communities."

Mr. Justice: "...make a note that this impacts our academic education as well in our schools of management, and business and we should be taking advantage of that next generation to learn how to do this and become a part of that economic engine in our nation, as well."

Dr. Johnson: Need to look at capital stack itself.

Dr. Dawkins: There are many ways that we can group our institutions as we prepare a prospectus. "A strong opportunity exists for St. Aug's, Shaw, and North Carolina Central, particularly Shaw and St. Aug's, they're right downtown Raleigh. In Greensboro, Bennett and North Carolina A&T are within two minutes of downtown Greensboro. And though some of the schools are not downtown, they're within 50 miles radius of each other, like Jarvis, Wiley, Texas, and Southern Shreveport."

Chairman reiterates that his company will convene a meeting in the next few months to further explore opportunity zones for HBCUs.

The Administration

Ja'Ron Smith, Office of American Innovation

There is a lot of momentum for the White House to continue our partnership with HBCUs in two very significant ways:

- 1. using our convening power and working with state governors to figure out a strategic plan for the HBCUs that are in opportunity zones.
 - a. Looking in November to start doing some of those convenings. We would love to be on the road with Johnathan Holifield and work directly with the PBA on a strategy on what makes the most sense.
- 2. White House Opportunity and Revitalization Council wants to be able to formalize that with a strategic plan and being able to present that plan maybe at the next PBA meeting just to inform the public who also want to participate because there's no monopoly on ideas.
- 3. A follow up from what maybe OSTP came here to talk about, about research and development dollars going into some of these schools that are at HBCUs.

Chair Taylor informs Administration staff that "The Society for Human Resource Management is going to host a convening of HBCUs to do a real deep dive on opportunity zones, and we're bringing in experts, tax people, deal people, funders, et cetera."

Scott Turner, Executive Director, White House Opportunity and Revitalization Council

- Informs that convenings in HBCU communities are open to HBCUs per the executive order.
- Encouraged continued engagement that is important in the success and long-term sustainability of these initiatives.

Federal Presentations

- Brief overview of federal HBCU competitiveness strategy framework and initial impressions- Johnathan Holifield
 - o overarching expectation: Strengthen the role of institutions in sustaining and

increasing our competitiveness and improving standards of living for the students and communities they serve, competing better, improving standards of living.

- Overarching draft goal: To improve the conditions under which HBCUs compete for top federal and non-federal public and private sector opportunities improving the conditions under which we compete.
 - Four broad strategies:
 - 1. Cultivate within the federal structure an ecosystem, an HBCU competitiveness ecosystem empowered by the White House Initiative on HBCUs as facilitator;
 - 2. Position federal agencies to perform the kind of high-leverage interactions within their agency that support the ecosystem;
 - 3. improve federal agency competitiveness processes, activities, opportunity exploration, and sustained implementation; and
 - 4. strengthen federal agency HBCU competitiveness strategic planning, goal setting, metrics, and reporting requirements.

Member Comments

Dr. Clark: Request handout about Federal Competitiveness Strategy; insert more language that holds agencies accountable, incentivized and motivated; Brings up concept of dashboard or scorecard development that identifies how much money have you put in HBCUs, how many HBCUs are you working with and what's the name of the projects? Tracking progress towards a goal.

Mr. Justice: Focus on setting conditions for success not specific quantifiable achievements and look at the opportunities over time in a road map fashion.

Dr. Hawkins: Same conversation has been had for past 18 years—Requests they develop a different strategy to make progress in the area.

Chair Taylor: Recommends possible selecting 2-4 agencies to work with and match HBCU capabilities and provided a historical example on experience explaining the frustration of HBCU presidents.

Dr. Johnson: Believes it is a combination of both an implementation plan and a dashboard, but the implementation plan should address the need to bring in someone who can handle contract accounting and a way to hold agencies accountable for meeting goals.

Dr. Breaux: Suggests "we look at the full picture, create the dashboards, use the framework, and then begin working." Use new technology, not available in the past to build and collect the dashboard data. Suggests communication strategy will help to close feedback loop.

Mr. Grigsby: Points out that "there ought to be, at least from this body, a recommendation of suggesting of what the consequences are for agencies that do not develop adequate relationships with HBCUs." Also points out that without consequences for noncompliance, not much will change.

Dr. Dawkins: Identifies a need for "human infrastructure" to allow institutions the capacity to respond to grants.

America's Academic Research Enterprise, the Federal 5-year STEM Education Plan and the Federal Research and Development Budget Priorities

Jennifer Shieh, assistant director for entrepreneurship at the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy

HBCU competitiveness -- making sure that HBCUs are included in the fact that in order for the U.S. to maintain global competitiveness we are making use of incorporating and including all of the talent and the assets that we have invested in as a Federal Government, as taxpayers.

Visit performance gov to access President's management agenda and cross-agency priorities.

Fiscal Year '21 R&D budget priorities memo Lab to Market key strategies

- 1. reducing regulatory burdens and making administrative improvements
- 2. enhancing private sector engagement
- 3. workforce development
- 4. entrepreneurial training for the federal workforce

Minority Broadband Initiative (Alkisswani)

The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) plans to launch a new Minority Broadband Initiative (MBI) focused on solving broadband deployment challenges in vulnerable communities.

Requests Board support to ensure HBCUs are at the table as hubs for 5G deployment and capabilities.

2019 National HBCU Week Conference

Executive Director Holifield provided quick reflections about the 2019 HBCU Week Conference and thanked Administration officials and the President for their support and participation in the week's events.

Group Discussion on Title III

Mr. Grigsby:

- Administration has increased support for HBCU's and Title III
- There needs to be a view toward the future, toward developing and accessing appropriate metrics for assessing impact.
- One provision is set to expire at the end of the fiscal year 2020.
- Part F funding represents \$85 million for the HBCU community.

Dr. Hawkins:

- Title III major source for HBCUs.
- Elimination of Title III would be major blow.
- When questions about elimination rise, we must note its importance as a part of HBCUs.
- Recommends using UNCF research on HBCUs instead of reinventing the wheel.
- Look to history to identify how funds were more flexible.

Mr. Justice:

Recommends workshop to further align opportunities and metrics.

Dr. Breaux: Expressed concerns on timeline, stressing that "We Need to Plan...We need to start to take steps now."

Chairman mentioned that the missions of the advocacy groups is to address these concerns early with the executive and legislative branches of the government.

Dr. Johnson states that Title III funds should be mapped to what the schools need. Title III supports innovation and suggested "thoughtful exercise when evaluating and developing indicators of performance.

Public Comment

- Written Comment from Suzanne Walsh, president of Bennett College How can we follow-up on Bruce Katz's idea to have HBCUs as a super asset class or some type of investment group?
- John Jordan, Jr. economic lead for Remix the Soul of Innovation commented on Bruce Katz's understanding of the term platform.
- Lodriguez Murray, vice president of the public policy and governmental affairs at UNCF commented on the status of Title III funding and legislative actions currently underway.
- Lynn Williams, president and CEO of Bridge Enterprises commented on National HBCU

Week and Virginia opportunity zones.

• Leonard Haynes, senior advisor at the U. S. Department of Education commented on the national conference and spoke to the need to educate many on Title III as an institutional grant program.

Final Comments

Dr. Breaux: Challenge is to broaden discussion and ensure that colleagues understand what's being addressed in meetings. Would like to continue to bridge conversations to help HBCUs along.

Dr. Johnson: Government budgets changing and it's possible a recession will come so there's a need to address concerns about Title III and funding now. Stresses the need to understand differing perspectives as we all work toward a common goal. (Christmas Tree metaphor)

Mr. Justice: "... there is a tremendous legacy that we're all dealing with that is just rich in culture, rich in our nations value system. And that we need to not neglect that."

Dr. Ellis: HBCUs should be drivers of investments in projects that serve both the community and the institution. Trust is key. Ensure all parties share in positive impact as well as capital generated in opportunity zones. Need for Balance. There are opportunities for commission to provide federal agencies with recommendations to further align their plans and for HBCUs to become more creative in meeting those needs.

 Question: How will the commission manifest the conversations and recommendations into actual policy?

Dr. Rath: Looks forward to how quickly commission can translate conversations into quality experiences for students and schools.

Dr. Dawkins: Human component is important. Timeliness and implementation of projects are important especially regarding mandatory renewals of funding (i.e., Title III).

Dr. Hawkins: Keep pushing the facts about HBCU success and continue to strive for results. Current leadership is key to this effort. Invited commission to building ribbon cutting supported by funding from USDA.

Dr. Clark: "Let us set goals and let's make sure we measure and track those goals." Be accountable to those goals. Invited commission to building ribbon cutting supported by funding from USDA.

Dr. Grigsby: Important to develop/suggest workable models for those not a part of the discussion. Realize not all situations are the same. Commission has a responsibility to help others see how some models work as a result of deliberations.

Chairman Taylor: Thanks all, acknowledges staff at SHRM and notes that "just because you didn't attend an HBCU doesn't mean you're not interested and you're not an advocate for these wonderful historical institutions."

Asked that SHRM team work to schedule convening of presidents before the end of the year.

Adjournment

Chairman Taylor requested a motion to adjourn at 2:28 p.m. Dr. Breaux moved to adjourn. Mr. Justice seconded. All were in favor.

I certify the accuracy of these minutes.

Johnny C. Taylor Jr.

Chairman

President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities

Virtual Meeting September 23, 2020; 9 am EST-11 am EST

Step 1: Dial-in: 888-251-2949

Speaker Access Code: 4026533##, then #2 to raise hand for operator

Step 2: Join the conference on your computer.

Entry Link: https://ems8.intellor.com?do=modentry&eventID=832432

A complete transcript is available

Advisors present

Mr.	Johnny C Taylor, Jr.	President and CEO	Society for Human Resource Management
Dr.	Aminta H. Breaux	President	Bowie State University
Dr.	James E. Clark	President	South Carolina State University
Dr.	Phyllis Dawkins	Former President	Bennett College
Dr.	Marshall C. Grigsby	President and CEO	Grigsby & Associates, LLC
Dr.	Billy Hawkins	President	Talladega College
Mr.	Jerry M. Hunter	Partner	Bryan Cave, LLP
Dr.	Leonard L. Haynes III	Senior Advisor	Strategic Education, Inc.
Gen. (Ret)	Nickolas Justice	Executive Director	PowerAmerica
Mr.	Bernard J. Milano	President (Ret.)	KPMG Foundation
Dr.	Connie Rath	President	The Clifton Foundation
Mr.	Kevin Williams	President	KAW Properties LLC

Advisors absent

Dr.	Harold Martin	President	North Carolina A&T University
Dr.	Rodney A. Ellis	Chancellor	Southern University Shreveport Louisiana
Dr.	Ronald A. Johnson	Former President	Clark Atlanta University

White House Initiative on Historically Black Colleges and Universities Staff

Mr.	Johnathan M. Holifield	Executive Director
Ms. Sedika Franklin		Designated Federal Official

U.S. Department of Education

Honorable	Betsy DeVos	Secretary
Dr.	Diane Auer Jones	Deputy Under Secretary

White House Speakers

Other Presenters

Honor	Name	Title	Business/ Org./Institution
Dr.	Michael M. Crow	President	Arizona State University

Call to Order and Roll Call

Message from the President

Virtual Meeting began with a video message from President Donald Trump.

Opening Remarks and Roll Call

The President's Board of Advisors met virtually due to Coronavirus Quarantine order, Johnny C. Taylor, Jr., Chairman, presiding.

Chairman Taylor welcomed all in attendance and asks for all to begin the meeting with the Pledge of Allegiance.

The parties met, pursuant to the notice, quorum established 11 of 14 members present at the time of the roll call. Bernard Milano joined later due to technical issues.

Chairman Taylor requested a call to certify the minutes from the February 14, 2020 advisory meeting. Member Breaux motioned for the approval of the minutes, which then received a second by Member Hawkins and unanimously favored by all.

The February meeting minutes are marked final.

Welcome Remarks

The following individuals gave welcome remarks:

- Johnny Taylor, Chairman
- Betsy DeVos, Secretary, U.S. Department of Education
- Johnathan Holifield, Executive Director, White House Initiative on HBCUs

Legislative Updates

Department of Education Brief and Q&A with Members

 Diane Auer Jones, Deputy Under Secretary delegated the duties of the Under Secretary

Special Presentation and Q&A with Members

 Michael Crow, President of Arizona State University, cochair of the National Commission and the university vice chair on Council on Competitiveness

Board Discussion

Member discussed current draft of the Board's Report to the President. Members provided critic and requested edits to the document.

White House Initiative on HBCUs Brief

• Johnathan Holifield, Executive Director, White House Initiative on HBCUs

Video Announcement from National Security Adviser

Robert O'Brien, National Security Adviser
 Announcement of intent to establish the United States – Africa Institute for Epidemic Preparedness and Innovation which will serve as the Africa Regional Center for America's response to outbreaks.

Public Comment

Pursuant to the Federal Register Notice, public comment must pertain to the work of the President's Board of Advisors addressed in the meeting. Comments were addressed on a first come, first serve basis through the chat function for five minutes.

- From Sonia Armstrong. I think this was a marvelous presentation. I am happy that I was able to be a part.
- From Dr. Lawson. Is it possible to send the Under Secretary the reference PowerPoints for all HBCU President rather than just to the Board of Advisors?
- From S. P. Freeman, S. P. Freeman at North Carolina Central. Many of us want to collaborate and to reach the HBCU initiative heads and we get something more structured to help us.
- From Dr. Farmer. Thank you for this initiative, as an HBCU alum and the promoter to my students and their families, this initiative work is invaluable.
- From Jill Ki. Food and security is problematic for students. What aid is available for those who do not have enough money to cover these expenses?

Member Comments

Chairman Taylor thanked those who joined the meeting for listening and providing comment.

"Thank you and thank you to all of you who have listened and who provided comments. We do take this work seriously, and I'm glad that you're there to witness and I hope you'd go out and tell others that there's a legitimate work being done by members. Not only of directly presidents of the HBCU community, but many of us who are major supporters and allies of HBCU community and that's what we're doing to ensure that the President... President of the United State is advised properly, at least from our perspective."

Member Clark requested that the student comment regarding food insecurity not be lost in the conversation.

Adjourn

Chairman Taylor requested a motion to adjourn at 10:52 a.m. Dr. Beaux moved to adjourn. All were in favor.

I certify the accuracy of these minutes.



September 23, 2020 Meeting Minutes- President's Board of Advisors on Historically Black Colleges and Universities