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Description of document:	Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 62-HQ-80750, Central Intelligence Group (CIG) - National Intelligence Authority (NIA), 1945-1948
Requested date:	2010
Released date:	08-March-2012
Posted date:	24-December-2012
Source of document:	Federal Bureau of Investigation Attn: FOI/PA Request Record/Information Dissemination Section 170 Marcel Drive Winchester, VA 22602-4843 Fax: (540) 868-4391/4997 Email: foiparequest@ic.fbi.gov

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U.S. Department of Justice

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

March 8, 2012

Subject: FILE NUMBER 62-HQ-80750

FOIPA No. 1146886- 001

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Section 552		Section 552a
☒(b)(1)	□(b)(7)(A)	□(d)(5)
□(b)(2)	□(b)(7)(B)	□(j)(2)
☒(b)(3)_____	□(b)(7)(C)	□(k)(1)
National Security Act of 1947 and	☒(b)(7)(D)	□(k)(2)
CIA Act of 1949	☒(b)(7)(E)	□(k)(3)
_____	□(b)(7)(F)	□(k)(4)
□(b)(4)	□(b)(8)	□(k)(5)
□(b)(5)	□(b)(9)	□(k)(6)
□(b)(6)		□(k)(7)

1383 page(s) were reviewed and **539 page(s)** are being released.

☒ Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:

- ☒ referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.
- ☒ referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

□ In accordance with standard FBI practice, this response neither confirms nor denies the existence of your subject's name on any watch lists.

☒ You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy, U.S. Department of Justice,1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001. Your appeal must be received by OIP within sixty (60) days from the date of this letter in order to be considered timely. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

☐ The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown, when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

☒ See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

This is in further response to your Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request for documents located in FBI Headquarters (FBIHQ) main file 62-HQ-80750.

Enclosed is an interim release of documents from sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 of FBIHQ file 62-HQ-80750. These documents have now been processed pursuant to the provisions of the FOIA and all releasable information is enclosed with this letter.

Per your request, this release has been placed on a CD-ROM. Upon receipt, please submit a check or money order, payable to the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in the amount of **$15.00** and mail it to the Work Processing Unit/Records Management Division, 170 Marcel Drive Winchester, VA 22602. To ensure proper identification, please be sure to include the FOIPA number assigned to this request on your check or money order or include a copy of this letter with your payment. Please submit your payment **within 30 days** from the date of this letter. **Failure to pay for a release of documents will close any pending FBI FOIA requests from you. Nonpayment will also cause an automatic denial of any future requests.**

FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 3

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: July 10, 1946

FROM : Mr. C. H. Carson

SUBJECT:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5-19-97 BY [illegible]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Quinea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Attached is [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

EX.-65 RECORDED 62-80750-99

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

58 JUL 30 1946

154

Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

[redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

b3

It is recommended that no objection be made to [redacted]
It is noted that [redacted]

Attachment

VPK:FA

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 28, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

In the event you approve, I will be in attendance.

DML:da

Yes do so.

H.

RECORDED 62-80750-100
F E I
37 JUL 18 1946

EX-2

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/19/97 BY SP2/Alm/mg

52 JUL 24 1946 164

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

July 15, 1946

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE:

FROM : J. K. MUMFORD

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

[redacted]

[redacted]

I suggest [redacted]

[redacted]

7-15

OK.

K.

7/16/46 11:10 am.

[redacted] so advised.

DL.

@ Central Intelligence Group

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/19/97 BY SP-2/ALM/mb

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-101

F E I

32 JUL 18 1946

EX-2

JKM:EOD

58 JUL 22 1946

154

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

_____1946

✓ The Director	____Records Section
____Mr. Tolson	____Personnel Files
____Mr. Ladd	____Send File
____Mr. Rosen	____Bring file up-to-date
____Mr. Clegg	____Search, serialize, and route
____Mr. Glavin	____Reading Room
____Mr. Nichols	____Mechanical Section
____Mr. Tracy	____Bureau Supply Section
____Mr. Harbo	____Mail Room
____Mr. Hendon	
____Mr. Pennington	
____Mr. Quinn Tamm	
____Mr. Nease	
____Mr. Coyne	
____Miss Gandy	____Call me re this
____Mr. Carson	____Note and return
	____File
____Miss Stalcup	____Stamp and mail
____Miss Gray	____Prepare tickler
____Miss Butcher	____Call these files
____See Me	

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/91 BY SP/adams

Edward A. Tamm
5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: July 17, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Hoover
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

Referral/Consult

DML:cmw

FBI

162-80750-10

RECORDED

37 JUL 18 1946

EX-126

83 JUL 26 1946

154

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/19/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

Matter Of Fact

By Joseph and Stewart Alsop

Birth Of A Secret Service

THERE IS STILL a long hard row to hoe, but the foundations for a competent, professional, American secret service are now quietly being laid. It will no doubt be many years before the American service can hope to rival those of the other great powers, and it seems highly unlikely that it will ever equal the astonishing effectiveness of the famous British Secret Intelligence Service. Yet a good start has at last, after many trials and tribulations, been made.

Since any central intelligence effort inevitably threatens certain cherished empire of other departments, intelligence is certainly one of the hottest spots in the Government. This hot spot is currently occupied by Lieut. Gen. Hoyt Vandenberg, a professional intelligence officer, who has replaced Admiral Sidney Sowers, an amiable Missouri businessman, as chief of the newly organized central intelligence group. Sowers' main achievement was the establishment of a sort of editorial board, which reads and digests all the Government information sufficiently secret so that it does not appear in the newspapers. This information is boiled down to a three-page, single-space, document, which is delivered every afternoon to the President for his edification. Truman is reported so well pleased with this daily briefing as it is now presented that he even vetoed a minor change in the format. The work is obviously of great importance, since it contributes largely to the President's picture of the world situation. Under Vandenberg, this work is going forward, and its quality (at first it had something of the hopeful amateurishness of a high school paper), is constantly being improved.

YET THIS PASSIVE editing and planning stage is now over. "Planning section?" Vandenberg is reported to have remarked of a section established by his predecessor, "I'm my own planning section.") The positive phase of collecting and assessing secret intelligence agency, it is inevitable that some feathers will be ruffled. Already there are re-[illegible]s that the State Department has objected with some heat to some of the CIG's interpretations of secret reports. This conflict is perhaps inevitable, since it is the duty of an intelligence service, unlike a foreign service, to see all sorts of sinister ghosts under the bed, so that those responsible for national defense, while hoping for the best, may be prepared for the worst.

Other conflicts with established agencies of the Government will most certainly develop in the future, but at least one threat of hidden warfare seems to have been stilled. A firm agreement has been reached between the CIG and the FBI that the CIG will be wholly responsible for foreign clande[illegible] and counter-esp[illegible] FBI will limit i[illegible] clusively to maint[illegible] security.

MEANWHILE, in [illegible] ably a wise move, t[illegible] services unit is in liquidation. SSU is the vestigial remnant of the cloak and dagger portion of the office of strategic services, the wartime secret service. In the course of its wartime existence OSS did on the whole an extremely valuable job, but it made some astonishing mistakes, and it also made a number of unrelenting enemies throughout the Government. These enemies have been immerited by SSU, along with some of the less competent personnel which OSS, along with many really able men, boasted in profusion.

Moreover, secret intelligence in peace is not the same thing as secret intelligence in war. Therefore, it seemed best that SSU be disbanded in a thorough job of house-cleaning. Yet this does not mean that the foreign secret intelligence effort is being liquidated. On the contrary, it is just beginning to be put on a really professional basis.

A good start has thus been made. Yet the CIG now operates under a vague directive, and exists in a wholly amorphous state on borrowed personnel and without a budget of its own. Although they have fought bitterly on al-[illegible] point, agreed that this state of [illegible] is unsatisfactory. Provision was therefore made in the merger bill, which President Truman has finally rammed d[illegible] the reluctant throat of th[illegible]vy, for an independent intelligence agency with its own budget. If it becomes obvious that the merger bill will not pass this session—and congressional leaders give it little more than one chance in a hundred—Truman will be urged to sponsor a separate bill to create such an agency.

For time is short. No one considers the entrance of this country into the dark business of clandestine intelligence a pleasant prospect, any more than the continued drafting of men into the armed services is a pleasant prospect. Yet, if the negotiations for the control of atomic energy, which Bernard M. Baruch is now conducting, break down, a competent secret intelligence service may become America's first link of defense.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

This pair of coyotes can't avoid taking a crack at us. They are blindly loyal to their old alma-mater A.S.S.—my mistake O.S.S.

RECORDED

INDEXED

EX - 22

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/19/97 BY [illegible]

58 JUL 26 1946

WASHHINGTON POST
Page 11

July 8, 1946

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED
62-83750-105

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

DECLASSIFIED BY SPA/P/m/mg
ON 5/19/97

Dear General Vandenberg:

[redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A.
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garnett
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pendington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

VPK:mrl/EAT:DS/EAT:dmg

58 AUG 6 1946

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg

b3

[redacted]

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Herdon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

JE

L-50

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

[DECODED COPY]

FROM SAN JOSE [7-19-46] NR 132 3:33 PM EST

RELATIONS WITH EMBASSY - ADMINISTRATIVE.

Referral/Consult

RECEIVED: [7-19-46] 3:46 PM EST FMF

CLASSIFIED BY SP0 Alm/mg
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-107

[32 JUL 23]

EX - 22

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

[51 AUG 7 1947]

CONFIDENTIAL

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT:

DATE: July 12, 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

It is requested that Agent Doherty be advised if Bureau officials will meet with [redacted] and when they desire such meeting to take place.

b3

JFD:OME

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/19/97 BY Spd Almond

RECORDED 162-80750-108
F B I
30 JUL 22 1946

EX-21

59 AUG 5 1946 154

CC - 15

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED 62 ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EX - 22 TO: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. JULY 20, 1946

URGENT
CIPHER PAD CODE

Transmit the following message to: ALL LEGAL ATTACHES IN LATIN AMERICA

INFORMATION RECEIVED

Referral/Consult

CLASSIFIED BY SP2 ALM/mb
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3

Enc. mg 0800-01055
add - ED
Ckd - Ea - md 1210-1330

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Mainn Tamm
Miase
Mindy

51 AUG 7 1946

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SENT VIA Cable + Bureau Radio 7/21/46 M Per MK

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SEND ATTACHED MESSAGE TO LEGAL ATTACHES FOLLOWING OFFICES:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEXICO CITY, MEXICO (CIVIL ATTACHE) #631 7-21-46 11 09 P.M.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA #346 7-21-46 10 03 P.M.

EL SALVADOR, SAN SALVADOR #318 7-21-46 10 31 P.M.

GUATEMALA CITY, GUATEMALA #411 7-21-46 7 27 P.M.

SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA #664 7-21-46 9 48 P.M.

BOGOTA, COLOMBIA #168 7-21-46 9 09 P.M.

CARACAS, VENEZUELA #651 7-21-46 1 32 P.M.

LIMA, PERU #70 7-21-46 8 59 A.M.

QUITO, ECUADOR #808 7-21-46 7 39 P.M.

SANTIAGO, CHILE #453 7-21-46 6 06 P.M.

BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA (MR. [illegible], CLEGG, SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE AMBASSADOR) #988 7-21-46 9 33 P.M.

MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY #915 7-21-46 6 43 P.M.

ASUNCION, PARAGUAY #567 7-21-46 9 27 P.M.

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL #691 7-21-46 9 17 P.M.

CIUDAD TRUJILLO, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC #322 7-21-46 10 55 P.M.

PORT AU PRINCE, HAITI (CIVIL ATTACHE) #261 7-21-46 11 31 P.M.

HAVANA, CUBA #234 7-21-46 6 33 P.M.

TEGUCIGALPA, HONDURAS #159 7-21-46 9 40 P.M.

LA PAZ, BOLIVIA #674 7-21-46 [illegible] P.M.

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

JUL 22 3 35 PM '46

RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

JUL 22 4 50 PM '46

TOO

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

DECODE OF DOUBLE CODE CABLE NUMBER 503 FROM SIS NUMBER 363 DATED JULY 22, 1946 AT CIUDAD TRUJILLO. RECEIVED VIA STATE DEPARTMENT.

Referral/Consult

RECEIVED 7-22-46 11:29 AM EST MD

5-30-97

CLASSIFIED BY SP2/Alm/MR
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

RECORDED 62-70750-109

EX-26

AUG 1 1946

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in [illegible] to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

ORIGINAL FILED IN

MK.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum

TOP SECRET

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: July 10, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT:

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATION ACTION

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Beahm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

b3

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
ON 10/18/95
per agency letter dtd 2/27/92
comp # 269907
5 VRK:mrl
SPL/AIM/MG 5/19/97

RECORDED
INDEXED
62-80750-110

EX-7

JUL 26 1946

TOP SECRET

ENCLOSURE 62-80750-110

5-19-97

SP2/AIM/mg

DECLASSIFIED BY SP-6 by a/tcg

ON 10/18/95

Per agency letter dtd 2/27/92

L-50a

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

5/19/97
CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X3

DECODED COPY

FROM HAVANA 7-23-46 NR 831 4:34 PM EST

GROUP

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE ORGANIZATION.

Referral/Consult

RECEIVED 7-23-46 4:57 PM EST MET

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-111

F B I
JUL 26 1946

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

52 AUG 2 1946

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

CONFIDENTIAL

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: July 17, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: [redacted]

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

[redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

DML: cmw

About is not factually true. Advise Neal of the real facts & results of this morning's conference.

H.

Done

RECORDED & INDEXED

EX - 52

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/19/97 BY SP4/ALM/mg

SE 30 162-80750-112

F B I

57 AUG 6 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: July 12, 1946

FROM : The Executive Conference

SUBJECT: National Intelligence Authority

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

At a meeting of the Executive Conference July 12, 1946, attended by Messrs. Tolson, Glavin, Rosen, Harbo, Nichols, Tracy and Ladd, the question was presented with reference to the National Intelligence Authority's proposal to mail out questionnaires to aliens arriving in the United States and citizens returning to the United States from points abroad was discussed. The Conference was advised that it is the present intention of the National Intelligence Authority to index all of these names, to submit questionnaires to those who appear from the original information to possess information of value to the intelligence program, and upon the return of these questionnaires to send those which appear to have information of military value to the Army and those containing apparent naval information to ONI, with a request that those agencies interview the individual for more complete details. It was pointed out that the question presents itself as to who should interview the remaining individuals, whether the FBI should insist on its rights to conduct such interviews or whether CIG should be permitted or encouraged to set up investigators for that purpose in this country.

It was proposed that the Bureau should try and effect some distribution of the responsibilities for interviews almost along the lines of our delimitation agreements, with Naval Intelligence to conduct interviews in those cases in which the potential information relates to matters of primary Navy interest, Military Intelligence to conduct those interviews relating to Military objectives, including locations of factories and all other physical topographical and geographical information which might be of potential use in the compiling of bomb targets, etc., and the FBI to conduct those interviews relating to subversive activities, "fifth column", etc.

The Executive Conference was unanimous regarding this latter recommendation.

Respectfully,
For the Conference

DML:cmw

Clyde A. Tolson

cc - Mr. Clegg
Mr. Hendon

E. A. Tamm

162-80750-113
F B I
JUL 31 1946

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/10/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

57 AUG 7 1946

Copy filed in 66-2554

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/20/97 BY

ENCLOSURE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TAMM

DATE: July 8, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

I attended a meeting of the Central Intelligence Group of the National Intelligence Authority on the afternoon of July 2, 1946. This meeting was held to discuss the attached directive #10. Representatives of the Immigration and Customs Service were present, and after discussing the attached directive, it was agreed that Immigration and Customs would be able to have the additional questions needed by the Central Intelligence Group included on the questionnaire and obtained from all aliens arriving in the United States in order that the National Intelligence Agency could index and have available in its central files, the names of all aliens and information concerning the location from which they had come, as well as the names of citizens and the locations and places which they had visited in Europe. It was then the plan of the NIA to review these questionnaires and any of those which appeared to possess information of value on a particular area such as the economics, financial setup, location of various type of factories, could be sent a questionnaire by the NIA which upon execution and return to the NIA by the individual could further be studied and in the event it was deemed desirable, the information obtained thereby could be referred either to the Army, Navy, FBI or other interested agency and in the event the other interested agency deemed it pertinent, that person could be interviewed and the information thus made available to the other intelligence agency.

This directive does not require anything from the FBI at the present time inasmuch as the Immigration and Customs have agreed they will take over the necessary contacts with the steamship companies and others at the port of entry for the purpose of endeavoring to obtain the execution of these questionnaires.

Attachment

ENCL 44 EX-75

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/22/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

RECORDED EX-75

62-80750-117

1F 1B 1I

30 AUG 1 1946

DML:da

58 AUG 14 1946 154

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: July 9, 1946

FROM : Edw. A. Tamm

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahn
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/20/91 BY SP4 [illegible]

The attached proposed directive of the National Intelligence Authority covers a proposal that a type of questionnaire will be sent to persons entering the United States to determine whether they have information of value on a particular subject with reference to some foreign country in which they have lived or travelled. If the question is affirmative in its answers, the person will be interviewed to obtain the data which he possesses. This will probably raise the question as to who will interview these people in the United States to obtain information relating to economics, finances, industrial information, subversive activities, or other data which are of an intelligence nature but which are not of immediate and direct Army or Navy interest. The consideration of this question must of necessity include the realization that if the Bureau declines to interview the people submitting affirmative information on the questionnaires returned to the National Intelligence Authority, that Authority will be justified in establishing an investigative unit for operation within the United States. Of course, the information sought by this unit will ostensibly, at least, relate to conditions outside the United States. The establishment of this investigative unit, however, must be viewed in the light of its being potentially the "camel's nose under the tent" in so far as the usurpation of the domestic jurisdiction is concerned. I think the Bureau should gird itself for an all-out fight against permitting the National Intelligence Authority to operate in the domestic field, but I do think that we will have to figuratively walk a tight rope in meeting some of the issues.

If the Bureau agrees to interview the people who submit questionnaires reflecting that they possess some potential information upon some foreign country, I have no doubt but that the National Intelligence Authority will be very loose in its evaluation and will just dump on the Bureau hundreds and then thousands of names and addresses of people who have travelled or resided in some foreign country. We can interview these people but out of it the Bureau will get absolutely nothing. On the other hand, if we decline to handle these interviews, we afford the National Intelligence Authority a basis for setting up their own domestic investigative agency.

RECORDED 62-80750-118
EX-76 30 AUG 1 1946

As a compromise to this situation, I think we should try and effect some distribution of the responsibilities for interviews almost along the lines of our delimitation agreements, with Naval Intelligence to conduct interviews in those cases in which the potential information relates to matters of primary Navy interest, Military Intelligence to conduct those

58 AUG 7 1946

Memo for Director from Tamm Dated June 7-12-46

Encl is encl. to memo from Ladd to Tamm 7-8-46

interviews relating to Military objectives, including locations of factories and all other physical topographical and geographical information which might be of potential use in the compiling of bomb targets, etc., and the FBI to conduct those interviews relating to subversive activities, "fifth column", etc. In this way and with some studied enlargement of the subject matter to be covered by each of the three intelligence agencies in the United States, I think we would estop the National Intelligence Authority from this program as a wedge to set up domestic intelligence agencies.

EAT:DS

THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL ATTACHE
THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES
PORT-AU-PRINCE, HAITI

July 24, 1946

Director, FBI

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Pyle
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to your cablegram dated July 21, 1946.

On July 20, 1946, Ambassador Orme Wilson called me to his office and permitted me to scan part of a cable he had received from the Department of State on the previous day. This undoubtedly was identical with the circular cablegram described in the Bureau cablegram of reference, inasmuch as the phraseology was quite similar.

During the conversation it developed that the Ambassador had received word that this office would be closed and I would leave Port-au-Prince on September 30 next. The Ambassador expressed his satisfaction that the office would be kept open for the time being and remarked, "You will probably be replaced by somebody else."

I did not wish to pursue the matter of my replacement at the time but subsequently determined that the Ambassador has a pipeline in the State Department who keeps him informed. This pipeline recently advised of the date this office would be closed and of the probability that the Central Intelligence Group would be able to furnish an operative for this mission when the FBI personnel here is withdrawn. The indications are that the Ambassador is resigned to the Bureau's determination to close this office.

RECORDED 62-80750-119

The Bureau will be kept advised of any pertinent developments in connection with the operation of the Central Intelligence Group in this district.

31 AUG 1 1946

EX-25

Very truly yours,

Jack West

JACK WEST, CA

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
ON 5/22/97

58 AUG 8, 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: July 31, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: REORGANIZATION OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP, JULY 19, 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

By memorandum from Mr. Fitch to you dated July 29, 1946,

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/30/97 BY 3pz/A/[illegible]

[redacted]

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80750-122

357

[redacted]

DVH:KK

58 AUG 15 1946 154

ACTION:

No action is necessary on this memorandum. It was prepared for informative purposes only.

COPY:FC

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE: July 29, 1946

FROM : V. P. KEAY

SUBJECT:

b3

VPK:mrl
Attachment

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-30-97 BY SP2/[illegible]

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: JULY 22, 1946

FROM : D. M. LADD

SUBJECT: [redacted]

CLASSIFIED BY: SP2MAC/PP
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR 11-19-87

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY: SP4bga/tcg
ON 10/17/95
Per Avenue letter dtd 2/27/92

[redacted]

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATION

b3

[redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/AM/pa
ON 5/20/97

53 AUG 22 1946

EX RECORDED

62-80750-124

19 AUG 6 1946

TOP SECRET

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Pennington
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

FILE

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011

CONFIDENTIAL

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

DECODE OF A DOUBLE CODE CABLE NUMBER 549 FROM SIS NUMBER 113 DATED JULY 30, AT MEXICO CITY, D. F. RECEIVED VIA THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

RE VISIT OF GENERAL EISENHOWER. GENERAL EISENHOWER EXPECTED MEXICO AUGUST FIFTEEN ON COURTESY VISIT, ACCOMPANIED BY GENERAL VANDENBERG. PARTY WILL REMAIN AT MEXICO AUGUST FIFTEEN THROUGH AUGUST EIGHTEEN. INDICATION AMBASSADOR WILL WANT TO DISCUSS FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOREIGN PROGRAM WITH THEM, INCLUDING CIVIL ATTACHE IN CONFERENCE. THIS IS FOR INFORMATION OF BUREAU AND POSSIBLE INFORMATION OF INSPECTOR GURNEA.

RECEIVED 7-30-46 11-14 AM EST MK

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

RECORDED 162-80750-125
F B I
EX-22
31 AUG 5 1946

Radiogram
To all Legal Attaches
in Latin America
8/1/46

~~CLASSIFIED BY~~
~~DECLASSIFY ON: 25/3~~

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011

CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Heber M. Clegg
Special Assistant to the Ambassador
The American Embassy
Buenos Aires, Argentina
RADIOGRAM #999 8-2-46 2:16 A.M.

LEGAL ATTACHE
AMERICAN EMBASSY
LA PAZ, BOLIVIA
RADIOGRAM #686 8-2-46 2:06 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL
RADIOGRAM #706 8-2-46 2:06 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
SANTIAGO, CHILE
RADIOGRAM #464 8-2-46 1:58 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
BOGOTA, COLOMBIA
RADIOGRAM #175 8-2-46 1:50 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
SAN JOSE, COSTA RICA
RADIOGRAM #671 8-2-46 2:21 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
HAVANA, CUBA
RADIOGRAM #238 8-2-46 1:30 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
CIUDAD TRUJILLO, DOMINICAN REPUBLIC
CABLEGRAM #329 8-2-46 2:53 A.M.

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
QUITO, ECUADOR
RADIOGRAM #819 8-2-46 1:40 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
GUATEMALA CITY, GUATEMALA
RADIOGRAM #418 8-2-46 1:36 A.M.

CIVIL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
PORT AU-PRINCE, HAITI
CABLEGRAM #264 8-2-46 2:40 A.M.

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
TEGUCIGALPA, HONDURAS
RADIOGRAM #166 8-2-46 1:45 A.M

CIVIL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
MEXICO CITY, MEXICO
CABLEGRAM #638 8-2-46 2:28 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
MANAGUA, NICARAGUA
RADIOGRAM #357 8-2-46 1:15 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
ASUNCION, PARAGUAY
RADIOGRAM #574 8-2-46 12:16 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
PANAMA CITY, PANAMA
CABLEGRAM #242 8-2-46 2:16 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
LIMA, PERU
RADIOGRAM #78 8-2-46 2:11 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
SAN SALVADOR, EL SALVADOR
RADIOGRAM #322 8-2-46 2:33 A.M

THE LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY
RADIOGRAM #926 8-2-46 1:10 A.M

LEGAL ATTACHE
THE AMERICAN EMBASSY
CARACAS, VENEZUELA
RADIOGRAM #663 8-2-46 1:26 A.M.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: July 29, 1946

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

ADDITIONAL INDEXING

353

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

There are attached hereto photostatic copies of [redacted] extreme confidence in that it is believed this type of information would not ordinarily be disseminated to this Bureau.

RECORDED & INDEXED

357 62-80750-126

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the above memorandum and enclosures be forwarded to Mr. Carson's Section.

EX-50

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CLASSIFIED BY
EX-DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

Attachment
JFD:OME

56 AUG 20 1946

ENCL 357

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: August 2, 1946

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: GENERAL Dwight EISENHOWER
Itinerary in South America

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Attached is a proposed itinerary of General Eisenhower and his party for the South American trip August 1, to 18, inclusive. The itinerary was made available to Supervisor F. P. Griffee by Colonel Graling, MID.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended this memorandum be routed to the SIS Section for their information.

Attachment
FPG:OME

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-128
F B I
37 AUG 6 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/20/97 BY SP2/ALT/PG 21

EX-2

53 AUG 19 1946
146

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Proposed Itinerary
of
Chief of Staff and Party
South America Trip
August 1 to 18 inclusive

DEPART	FLYING TIME	ARRIVE
Washington 0700 L-1 1200 Z-1	4½	West Palm Beach 1130 L-1 1630 Z-1
West Palm Beach 1330 L-1 1830 Z-1	5	Borinquen 1930 L-1 2330 Z-1
Borinquen 0800 L-2 1200 Z-2	9½	Belem 1730 L-2 2130 Z-2
Belem 0900 L-3 1300 Z-3	5	Natal 1400 L-3 1800 Z-3
Natal ~~0900~~ 0500 L-4 1300 Z-3 5 - 6 - 7 - 8 - 9	7	Rio ~~1600~~ 1200 L-4 2000 Z-4
Rio 0700 L-10 1100 Z-10	7	Natal 1400 L-10 1800 Z-10
Natal 0800 L-11 1200 Z-11	9½	Georgetown 1730 L-11 2130 Z-11
Georgetown 0900 L-12 1300 Z-12 13 - 14	8	Panama 1600 L-12 2100 Z-12
Panama 0900 L-15 1400 Z-15 16 - 17	8½	Mexico City 1730 L-15 2230 Z-15
Mexico City 0900 L-18 1500 Z-18	11	Washington 2100 L-18 0200 Z-19

NOTE: L stands for local time.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/22/97 BY SP-8/ALM/mg

62-80750-128

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1946

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-
Mr. Clegg	to-date
Mr. Glavin	Search, serial-
Mr. Nichols	ize, and route
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Hendon	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File
Miss Stalcup	Stamp and mail
Miss Gray	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. T.
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

See Me

The Donovan Widow in New Clothes

Edward A. Tamm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-20-97 BY SP

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/20/97 BY SP2 ALM/mg

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL August 8, 1946

John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

THE SPECIAL INTELLIGENCE SERVICE OF THE FBI

The following is submitted for your information with reference to the desire of the Central Intelligence Group to take over intelligence coverage in Latin America and the plans of the Bureau to withdraw its personnel from Latin America in order to effect the transfer of responsibility from the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the Central Intelligence Group.

You will recall that an appropriation was given to the Federal Bureau of Investigation to continue its Special Intelligence Service in Latin America through the fiscal year of 1947. However, at the time this appropriation was made, it was not understood that the National Intelligence Authority and the Central Intelligence Group had any plans for the establishment of a field operational force. The President's original directive reflected that it was his intention that the National Intelligence Authority through the Central Intelligence Group act as a coordinating agency for intelligence and there is no indication that it was contemplated that a new world-wide field operational force be set up.

b3

[redacted] I requested advice of General Vandenberg as to whether it was intended that the Federal Bureau of Investigation withdraw from the intelligence field in Latin America. General Vandenberg replied by letter, dated July 3, 1946, "I am very pleased to concur in your offer to withdraw from Central and South America" and went on to say that this is contingent upon postponement of our withdrawal until the Central Intelligence Group is organized and the transfer may be made with a minimum of interruption. General Vandenberg also indicated it might be necessary that the FBI continue for the better part of the fiscal year.

X-42 RECORDED 62-80732-1

I replied to General Vandenberg's letter and advised him that it would be well to work out immediately an acceptable program to permit the transfer of the responsibilities for intelligence coverage in the Central and South American countries on an orderly basis. Subsequently, his representatives have held two conferences with my representatives regarding details of the transfer. These details have not been as yet completely worked out, particularly with

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Neaso
Miss Gandy

58 AUG 13 1946

reference to a time schedule for the withdrawal of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

I am, of course, most anxious that this be consummated at the earliest possible date. Efficient and productive operations in intelligence are not possible on a short-range basis, and, therefore, a prolongation of the responsibilities of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at this time would serve no good purpose. I would also like to observe that the personnel presently engaged in Latin American work is critically needed by the Bureau and I am, therefore, anxious to have them return to domestic assignment as soon as possible.

VPK:FA

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Mease
Miss Gandy

RECORDED 1 - 750 - 131

August 2, 1946

EX-28

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear General Vandenberg:

I have received your letter of July 29, 1946, reflecting that you will assign one of your men to Costa Rica upon the withdrawal of FBI personnel on August 16, 1946. The property in Costa Rica, including the radio station, will be ready to turn over to you on that date in accordance with previous agreements and arrangements.

I would appreciate it if you will advise what should be done with the property that is being reserved for the CIG in Ciudad Trujillo, Dominican Republic, in view of the fact that you will not have a man to take over that office upon the withdrawal of the FBI representative.

With reference to both Panama and the Dominican Republic, as I previously advised it will be necessary that the FBI personnel be withdrawn on the dates previously set due to pressing commitments for this personnel.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Edgar Hoover

AUG 2 65 PM '46

RECEIVED DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
AUG 3 9 25 AM '47

VPK:MRL 1946 P.M.

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

63 AUG 19 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. E. A. TAMM

DATE: AUGUST 5, 1946

FROM : D. M. LADD

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP - RELEASE OF BUREAU PROPERTY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

With reference to plans to turn over certain property in our field stations to the Central Intelligence Group, you will recall that in the letter transmitted to the Bureau by the CIG dated July 17, 1946, they stated, "We request that all office and technical equipment now held in field stations be marked for transfer to our representatives on the withdrawal of the FBI and that an inventory of such equipment be now prepared for our review. Such a list would include office furniture and fixtures, typewriters, file cabinets, and photographic equipment for developing and printing." Also it was stated, "We request that radio communications equipment in field stations be preserved for transfer to our representatives.....We request that automobiles now in the field be made available for transfer to our representatives." This matter was also brought up by the representatives of the Central Intelligence Group in the conference of July 18, 1946, as is reflected in your memorandum to the Director dated July 18,1946.

Pursuant to the approval of the Director, inventories of equipment of our field SIS stations which could be turned over to the CIG were prepared, reviewed by the Administrative Division, and turned over to the CIG as reflected in my memorandum of July 23, 1946. In general we reserved for return to the Bureau all firearms, cameras, technical equipment of all kinds, block stamping machines, automobiles shipped to South America by the Bureau, etc. With reference to radio stations also in accordance with the approval of the Director, it was proposed to the CIG that they furnish to us in Washington identical equipment to that maintained in Latin America, whereupon our equipment would be retained in Latin America for the CIG. This was agreed to by the CIG and we are now in the process of furnishing them inventories of radio equipment.

As noted, CIG already has the inventories of office furniture, etc. and are expecting that we leave this property for their use when we withdraw from the South American stations. As a matter of fact, most of this equipment had been marked for turning over to the Embassy, Military, or Naval Attaches when previous consideration had been given to terminating our SIS program. None of the equipment is suitable for shipping back to the Bureau for future use of the Bureau. We had planned selling any property not desired by the Embassy to the highest bidder when previous plans were made for closing.

VPK:mrl

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/20/97 BY SP0/AM/mm

EX-61

162-80750-132

FBI

29 AUG 9 1946

351 EX-61

146

8 AUG 21 1946

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter II—Production and Marketing Administration

[1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form U-1]

PART 256—COTTON LOANS

1945 COTTON PURCHASE INSTRUCTIONS

Pursuant to the 1945 Cotton Purchase Program, Commodity Credit Corporation will purchase from producers upland cotton produced in 1945. These instructions state the requirements with reference to such purchases.

Sec.
256.66 Definitions.
256.67 Forms.
256.68 Amount.
256.69 Classification of cotton.
256.70 [illegible] of documents.
[illegible] warehouses.
[illegible] receipts.
[illegible] charges.
[illegible]
[illegible]ment to producers.
[illegible]ncy.
[illegible] to 256.77, inclusive, [illegible]thority contained in [illegible]lization Act of 1942, [illegible] App. 963 (Supp. IV)).

[illegible]*tions.* As used in [illegible]7, inclusive, unless the [illegible]equires, the following [illegible]ued respectively to

[illegible]r. An eligible pro[illegible] person (individual, [illegible]orporation, associa[illegible]ompany, trust, estate, [illegible]ity, or a State or a po[illegible]on thereof, or an agency [illegible] or political subdivision) [illegible] 1945 in the capacity [illegible]andown[illegible]ord, tenant, or share[illegible] [illegible] as provided below, two [illegible]ay not sell their cot[illegible]ointly. If the eligible cotton pro[illegible]on a farm has been divided among [illegible]oducers entitled to share in such [illegible]a, each landlord, tenant, and share[illegible]pper may sell his separate share. If the cotton has not been divided, the landlord and one or more of the share tenants or sharecroppers may sell their [illegible]s of cotton jointly. In no case shall a share tenant or sharecropper sell individually cotton in which a landlord has an interest. In any case where a landlord sells cotton in which a share tenant or sharecropper has an interest he must have the legal right to do so, and the share tenant or sharecropper must be paid his pro rata share of the proceeds.

The executor or administrator of the estate of a deceased eligible producer, or the guardian of or trustee for an eligible producer, may sell eligible cotton produced by such producer to Commodity Credit Corporation, if he has the legal right to do so.

The heirs who under State law, in the absence of a will, succeed to the property of a deceased eligible producer and, if there is a will, the beneficiaries under the will who are to receive the cotton or any part of the proceeds therefrom, may sell eligible cotton produced by such producer to Commodity Credit Corporation, if no administrator or executor has qualified. All such persons and beneficiaries must join in executing the sales documents. Each such person and beneficiary must also execute an agreement to indemnify Commodity Credit Corporation, and also the Purchasing Agency if it makes the purchase for Commodity Credit Corporation, against any loss resulting from the establishment by any other person of a superior right to the cotton. The indemnity agreement must be submitted with the sales documents. Copies of this agreement may be obtained from the Regional Office of Commodity Credit Corporation, New Orleans 12, Louisiana.

Sales documents tendered pursuant to the last two paragraphs above must bear a written certificate of approval executed by the appropriate county agricultural conservation committee. Such sales documents may be submitted to the Regional Office of Commodity Credit Corporation, New Orleans 12, Louisiana, or to a Purchasing Agency, and Commodity Credit Corporation will accept such documents from Purchasing Agents under its 1945 Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreements.

(b) *Eligible cotton.* Eligible cotton shall be upland cotton produced in the United States in 1945 by an eligible producer, as defined above: *Provided,* Such cotton meets the following requirements:

(1) Such cotton must be of a grade and staple specified in the table appearing at the end of the 1945 Cotton Loan Instructions (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form 1).

(2) Such cotton must be represented by warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 256.72 hereof.

(3) Such cotton must not be compressed to high density.

(4) Such cotton must be free and clear of all liens and encumbrances.

(5) Such cotton must be offered for sale by a person who has the legal right to sell it.

(6) If the person producing such cotton for sale is a landlord or landowner, the cotton must not have been acquired by him directly or indirectly from a share tenant or a sharecropper, and must not have been received in payment of fixed or standing rent; if it was produced by him in the capacity of landlord, share tenant, or sharecropper, it must be his separate share of the crop unless he is a landlord and is tendering cotton in which both he and the share tenant or sharecropper have an interest; and he must not have sold and repurchased the cotton prior to the execution of the 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UA).

(7) Such cotton must be in bales weighing not less than 300 pounds, gross weight.

(8) Such cotton must be undamaged at time of purchase.

(c) *Purchasing agency.* Any agency approved by Commodity Credit Corporation for the purpose of acting as its agent in purchasing cotton pursuant to the 1945 Cotton Purchase Program in accordance with these instructions and the Cotton Purchasing Agency Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UD) entered into between such agency and Commodity Credit Corporation.

§ 256.67 *Forms.* The following documents must be delivered in connection with every sale:

(a) (1) A 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UA), duly executed prior to July 1, 1946.

(2) Warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 256.72 hereof.

(3) A Cotton Purchasing Agency's Letter of Transmittal (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UC), except in case of direct purchases.

(b) If the cotton being tendered is under a 1945 Cotton Producer's Note and Loan Agreement, the following forms may be delivered in lieu of the forms specified in (a) above:

(1) A 1945 Cotton Producer's Transfer Agreement (1945 C. C. C. Cotton Form UR) duly executed prior to July 1, 1946.

(2) The producer's duplicate copy of 1945 Cotton Producer's Note and Loan Agreement.

§ 256.68 *Amount.* The purchase price per pound which will be paid for the gross weight of middling $\frac{15}{16}$ inch eligible cotton stored in approved warehouses is shown in the Schedule of Purchase Prices for 1945 Crop Cotton in the Instructions to Warehousemen issued by Commodity Credit Corporation for each warehouse location. Grade and staple premiums and discounts for qualities other than middling $\frac{15}{16}$ inch cotton shall be those in effect under the 1945 Cotton Loan Program. These premiums and discounts are shown in the table appearing at the end of the 1945 Cotton Loan Instructions. Purchases will not be made of grades and staple lengths of cotton not shown in the schedule.

An allowance of 20 cents per 100 pounds in Arizona and California and 15 cents per 100 pounds in all other States will be made for cotton outside the zoned area when compressed to standard density. No cotton will be purchased which has been compressed to high density. An allowance of 7 pounds will also be made on bales covered with cotton bagging. Bales weighing between 300 and 400 pounds will be purchased at the regular purchase price less $1.25 for each such bale.

§ 256.69 *Classification of cotton.* All cotton must be classified by a Board of Cotton Examiners of the United States Department of Agriculture. Instructions will be issued to approved warehouses concerning sampling and forwarding of samples and recording the class of the cotton in the schedule of warehouse receipts in the 1945 Cotton Producer's Sales Agreement and in the 1945 Cotton Producer's Transfer Agreement. The classification of any cotton previously classed by a Board of Cotton Examiners for the loan program may be used by transcribing such classification from the loan to purchase forms. A charge of 15 cents per bale will be made for cotton classed under the program. The warehouseman should collect this charge from the producer. The Board of Cotton Examiners will make collec-

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[1] Appears under Treasury Department in Notices section.

which relate to the functions so transferred to the aforesaid agencies.

PART II

7. For the purpose of unifying the disposition of foreign property owned by the United States in foreign areas under a single agency acting in conformity with the foreign policy of the United States and with the Surplus Property Act of 1944, and consonant with the transfer of such disposition function under paragraph 2 (a) hereof and the designation of the Department of State, pursuant to the provisions of the Surplus Property Act of 1944, as a disposal agency for all surplus property in foreign areas, excepting certain vessels, there are transferred to the Department of State all functions of the Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner (under whatever authority, including War Department Memorandum No. 850–45, dated January 27, 1945 and letter of the Secretary of the Navy dated February 1, 1945) and all functions of the War Department and the Navy Department relating to the disposition abroad of property captured from the enemy. So much of the functions of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy as relates thereto is transferred to the Secretary of State. The office of Army-Navy Liquidation Commissioner is abolished.

8. The War Department and the Navy Department shall each store, care for, handle, deliver and keep the fiscal and other accounts for all property declared to be surplus in foreign areas, including property captured from the enemy, and shall also furnish such personnel, transportation and administrative services or facilities as may be required for foreign disposal. The provisions of this paragraph shall be carried out without reimbursement from the Department of State for the services rendered. As used in this order, the words "foreign areas" mean areas outside the continental United States, its territories and possessions.

9. The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy are authorized to detail officers and enlisted persons of the military and naval establishments, respectively, to the Department of State to assist it in the discharge of its duties under this Part or of any duties delegated to it under the Surplus Property Act of 1944, and any such officer or enlisted person shall, while so detailed, retain and be entitled to the rights, benefits, promotions and status of an officer or enlisted person of the establishment from which he was detailed.

PART III

10. There are transferred to the respective agencies to which functions are transferred by this order, for use in connection with the functions so transferred, so much as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine to relate to such functions, respectively, of the records, property, civilian personnel, and funds of the Administration and its agencies (including funds appropriated to the President for carrying out functions administered by the Administration) and of the War Department and of the Navy Department. Such further measures and dispositions as may be determined by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget to be necessary to effectuate the transfers and abolitions provided for in this order shall be carried out in such manner as the Director may direct and by such agencies as he may designate.

11. The head of each agency to which functions are transferred by this order may, in the interest of efficient administration, assign such of the functions transferred to such head or to his agency by this order as he shall determine to such officers and agencies under his jurisdiction as he shall designate.

12. All prior regulations, rulings, and other directives relating to any function transferred by this order shall remain in effect except as they are in conflict with this order or are hereafter amended or revoked under proper authority.

13. All provisions of prior Executive orders and of prior instruments of any Federal agency in conflict with this order are amended accordingly. Each transfer of functions provided for in this order shall be effective on such date, not later than December 31, 1945, as shall be designated jointly by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget and the head of the agency to which the function is transferred. Pending such designations the officers and agencies from whom functions are transferred under this order shall continue to administer their respective functions.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
September 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-18082; Filed, Sept. 27, 1945; 3:45 p. m.]

Regulations

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 18—WAR SERVICE REGULATIONS

APPOINTMENT, REAPPOINTMENT, AND TRANSFER

1. In § 18.5 (9 F.R. 7238, 7351; 10 F.R. 2155, 2491, 7153), the last sentence of paragraph (c) is amended as follows:

§ 18.5 *Appointment.* * * *

(c) *Trial period.* * * * In the case of substitutes and charmen and charwomen in the Postal Service, the trial period will be 2,024 hours of active duty.

2. The title of § 18.[illegible] designated as *Reapp[illegible]* graph (a) is head[illegible] *persons granted pr[illegible]* (e) is amended to

§ 18.8 *Reappoi[illegible]*

(e) *Trial period.* [illegible] under this section [illegible] serve a trial period [illegible] cordance with § 18.5 (c) [illegible] substitutes and charm[illegible] in the Postal Serv[illegible] will be 2,024 hours

3. In § 18.9 (9 [illegible] 10 F.R. 2155, 7519) [illegible] is amended as foll[illegible]

§ 18.9 *Transfer.*

(j) *Trial period.* P[illegible] under authority of the re[illegible] part from one Federal agency [illegible] will be required to serve a tri[illegible] of one year in accordance with § 18.5 (c). In the case of substitutes and charmen and charwomen in the Postal Service, the trial period will be 2,024 hours of active duty.

(Pub. Law 134, 79th Cong., E.O. 9063, as amended by E.O. 9378, 8 F.R. 13037)

By the United States Civil Service Commission.

[SEAL] LUCILLE FOSTER MCMILLIN,
Acting President.

SEPTEMBER 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-18092; Filed, Sept. 28, 1945; 10:12 a. m.]

PART 19—CLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS

By virtue of the rescision of War Manpower Directive XII, (10 F.R. 11417) entitled "Classification of Field Positions in Federal Service", issued September 24, 1942 (7 F.R. 7650), the regulations previously prescribed under this part by the Commission (5 CFR, Cum. Supp. and 1944 Supp.) pursuant to the authority contained in this directive, are hereby revoked.

By the United States Civil Service Commission.

[SEAL] LUCILLE FOSTER MCMILLIN,
Acting President.

SEPTEMBER 27, 1945.

[F. R. Doc. 45-18093; Filed, Sept. 28, 1945; 10:12 a. m.]

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 12-19-2011

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECODE OF DOUBLE CODE CABLE NUMBER 507 FROM SIS NUMBER 363 DATED JULY 30, 1946 AT CIUDAD TRUJILLO. RECEIVED FROM STATE DEPARTMENT.

REFERENCE YOUR CABLEGRAM DATED JULY 30, 1946. PROPERTY NOT BEING RETURNED TO BUREAU IS AVAILABLE FOR CIO INCLUDING AUTOMOBILE. SEVERAL ITEMS ON PREVIOUS INVENTORIES WERE EXPENDABLE AND NEW INVENTORY BEING SUBMITTED IMMEDIATELY. PLEASE ADVISE IF EMBASSY IS TO BE CUSTODIAN THIS PROPERTY. MILITARY ATTACHE ADVISES SPACE OCCUPIED BY LEGAL ATTACHE AVAILABLE FOR RENT.

RECEIVED: 7-30-46 1:40 PM EST NH

CONTINUED IN NEXT GROUP

~~CLASSIFIED BY~~ 5/21/97
~~DECLASSIFY ON: 25X~~

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

RECORDED 62-80750-133

SIS

memo to Lodd
Let to cig
cable to Legat
7-31-46

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

58 AUG 20 1946

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

FROM : D. M. LADD

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

DATE: July 23, 1946

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7 MAC/JP

269,907

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

A conference was held this morning with representatives of the Central Intelligence Group in accordance with Mr. Tamm's memorandum of July 18, 1946, reflecting the initial conference with General Vandenberg's representatives. Mr. Carson, Mr. Keay, and I represented the Bureau. [redacted]

The CIG representatives were given information as to the titles used and the number of people we had in the various Embassies in Latin America, which was in accordance with their request as set out in Mr. Tamm's memorandum of July 18, 1946. The Police Liaison men were not listed, nor were the positions included which are being vacated by our recent recall program, it being noted that this recall was already a matter of record prior to the request of the CIG inasmuch as we had advised Fred Lyon of the State Department. [redacted]

b3

There were also furnished to the group copies of inventories of of property which may be released to them in Latin America after these inventories were examined by Mr. Glavin. There were not included on the inventories the radio stations inasmuch as these are being covered under a separate arrangement. There are attached hereto copies of the inventories as furnished to CIG.

EX-40 62-80750-134

[redacted]

I think it is most unfortunate & in fact rather sadistic that CIG assign two ex-agents who are persona-non-grata to be liaison on this. However we will just keep that in mind. Be most circumspect in all dealings. H.

CONFIDENTIAL

53

CALI, COLOMBIA INVENTORY

1 Swivel chair

1 Portable typewriter

1 Standard typewriter

1 Office Safe

SP2/AIM/mg 5/21/97

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-82 SP7MOCTAB

11751 134

GUAYAQUIL, ECUADOR INVENTORY

1 - Wooden Settee

2 - Wooden Tables

1 - Set of Office Furniture which includes 1 Sofa, 4 Chairs, 1 Table

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-17-87 BY SP2MAC HB

62-86750-134

2

VALPARAISO, CHILE INVENTORY

1	Webster dictionary
1	Brief case
1	Carpet
1	Cash box
4	Upholstered chairs
3	Swivel chairs
4	Leather chairs
1	Electric cooker
1	Index cabinet
1	3 drawer file cabinet
1	4 drawer cabinet
5	Wooden desks
5	Electric heaters
1	Desk lamp
2	Maps of Chile
1	Paper cutter
1	Commercial radio
1	Safe
3	Typewriter tables
1	3 drawer wooden table
1	1 drawer wooden table
1	Wooden table - no drawers

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-15-82 BY SP1 MDC/JP

3. 62-70750-134

1	Royal standard typewriter
1	Royal portable typewriter
1	Enlarging easel
1	Film tank
2	Flood lamps
1	Solar, negative carrier
1	Transformer

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 SP7MCC

4 . 62-22750-134

SAO PAULO, BRAZIL - INVENTORY

1 - Wardrobe Cabinet

1 - Pen Set

1 - Clock

1 - Magnifying Glass

6 - Index Card Cabinets

4 - File Cabinets

1 - Supply Cabinet

5 - Chairs

3 - Desks

2 - Electric Heaters

2 - Goosenock Lamps

3 - Wall Maps

2 - Rugs

1 - Steel Safe

2 - Sofas

4 - Tables

3 - Portable Typewriters

4 - Standard Typewriters

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 Sprouse

5, [illegible] 75-134

SAN SALVADOR, EL SALVADOR - INVENTORY

1 - 1940 Chevrolet Sedan

1 - Geographical Dictionary of El Salvador

6 - Index Card Cabinets

3 - File Cabinets

2 - Swivel Chairs

1 - Clock

5 - Desks

2 - Desk Lamps

2 - Ceiling Lamps

2 - Desk Pen Sets

1 - Photostat Machine

1 - Office Safe

2 - Sets of Book Shelves

2 - Typewriter Stands

2 - Underwood Standard Typewriters

1 - Royal Standard Typewriter

1 - Corona Portable Typewriter

1 - Table

2 - Waste Baskets

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-15-87 BY SP mat

6163-80750-134

CARACAS, VENEZUELA INVENTORY

7 - Venetian blinds

1 - book case

2 - pr. book-ends

4 - rugs

1 - Spanish-English dictionary

2 - German-English dictionaries

1 - 1927 Spanish dictionary

1 - English-Century dictionary

2 - Websters dictionaries

1 - Fundamentals of Radio

3 - pr. draperies

5 - index cabinets

4 - 4 drawer file cabinets

1 - 5 drawer file cabinet

1 - drawer file cabinet

1 - 4 drawer safe cabinet

1 - 2 drawer mahogony cabinet

10 - swivel chairs

9 - wooden desk chairs

6 - overstuffed chairs

3 - stenographic chairs

4 - clothes trees

4 - steel 6-drawer desks

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 BY spmmcdp

1 - 7-drawer desk with glass top

7 - wooden 4-drawer desk with glass tops

3 - electric fans

5 - fountain pen sets

12 - fluorescent desk lamps

1 - gum paper sealing machine

1 - smoking stand

20 - mail trays

1 - small steel table

1 - wooden table $2\frac{1}{2}$ x 4 x 3

1 - steel table 6 x 3 x 3

3 - steel typist stands

7 - wooden typist stands

1 - metal typewriter stand

1 - circular mahogony table

1 - mahogony table 2 x 1 x 2

4 - Spanish Royal typewriters

2 - Spanish Remington typewriters

1 - English Underwood typewriter

1 - telegraphic keyboard typewriter

5 - portable typewriters

8 - wastebaskets

3 - work baskets

1 - fire extinguisher

1 - first-aid kit

1 - alarm clock

1 American flag

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 BY SP1MM-BB

8. 62-71750-134

1 - photostat drying tray

3 - photostat solution trays

1 - photostat wiper

1 - Duo-Photo electric dryer

1 - Duo-Photo photostat machine

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS
DATE 11-19-87 SP7MSC(P)

62-11750-134

QUITO, ECUADOR INVENTORY

1 - 1941 Dodge Automobile

1 - 1942 Ford Automobile

1 - Mimeograph Machine

9 - Regular Office Chairs

2 - Swivel Chairs

7 - Upholstered Steno Chairs

3 - Small Bamboo Chairs

2 - Bamboo Armchairs

1 - Clock

7 - Large Wooden Desks

1 - Large Metal Desk

1 - Typewriter Desk

1 - Dictaphone

4 - Dictionaries

1 - Fire Extinguisher

5 - Electric Heaters

1 - Steel Helmet

1 - First Aid Kit

1 - Bamboo Lamp

2 - Goose neck lamps

3 - Lina-a-times

1 - Gas Mask

2 - Hole Punchers

4 - Rugs

2 - Metal Safes

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-82 SP7MACDB

ID. 62-11720-134

9 - Tables

4 - Telephones

5 - Standard Typewriters

10 - Portable Typewriters

5 - Steel File Cabinets

4 - Wooden File Cabinets

2 - Steel Supply Cabinets

1 - Remington Rand Safe Cabinet

4 - Metal Desk with Pedestals for Typewriters.

2 - Metal Desks - 7 Drawers

4 - Metal Armchairs

2 - Metal Typists Chairs

4 - Metal Wastepaper Baskets

2 - Metal Clothes Trees

DATE 11-19-87 SP2MAC

MONTEVIDEO, URUGUAY INVENTORY

1 - 1940 Ford Sedan

1 - Six Drawer Wooden Card Index File Cabinet

2 - Four Drawer Steel File Cabinet

1 - Eight Drawer Steel Index Card File Cabinet

1 - Steel Supply Cabinet

1 - Six Drawer Card Index File Cabinet

1 - Four Drawer Card Index File Cabinet

1 - Steel Safe Cabinet

4 - Swivel Chairs

7 - Straight Chairs

1 - Wooden Desk 63" x 33"

1 - Wooden Desk 55" x 33"

1 - Single Drawer Index Filing Box

1 - Coat Rack

1 - Overstuffed Sofa

4 - Overstuffed Chairs

6 - Gooseneck Lamps

2 - Desk Lamps

6 - Waste Paper Baskets

1 - Electric Heater

1 - Portable Trash Burner

2 - Gooseneck Lamps

3 - Developing Trays

1 - Portable Photostatic Machine

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 SP7MNCTP

12 [illegible] 134

1 - Electric Hot Plate

1 - Electric Iron

1 - Print Dryer

1 - Rubber Roller

1 - Photo Flood Light

3 - Developing Trays

1 - Electric Heater

2 - Developing Tanks

3 - Wooden Typewriter Tables

2 - Work Tables

3 - Portable Typewriters

2 - Standard Typewriters

1 - City Directory of Montevideo

1 - Register of Uruguayan Firms

1 - Italian-Spanish Dictionary

1 - Webster's Dictionary

1 - Book "Frequency Modulation"

1 - Book "Fundamentals of Radio"

1 - Book "Mathematics for Electricians and Radio Men"

1 - Book "Uruguayos Contemporaneos"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-15-87 BY SP7MDC/KB

62-10750-134

GUATEMALA CITY, GUATEMALA INVENTORY

1 - Metal Cash Box

2 - Spanish Dictionaries

1 - Book, "GUATEMALAPAST AND PRESENT"

2 - English Dictionaries

1 - Book, "QUIEN ES QUIEN"

1 - Book, "MUNICIPAL FIRE ADMINISTRATION"

1 - Zipper Brief Case

1 - Brown Leather Brief Case

1 - Four Drawer Steel File Cabinet

2 - Four Drawer Wooden File Cabinets

4 - Index Card Cabinets

2 - Wooden Index Card Cabinets

2 - Wooden Supply Cabinets

2 - Metal Stenographer Chairs

1 - Electric Clock

3 - Wooden Desks

1 - American Flag

1 - Wall Map of Guatemala

3 - Leather Notebook Covers 8½" x 11"

5 - Ferroplate drying tins

5 - Trays for Photographic Work

3 - Developing Trays

1 - Squeegee Drying Stand

1 - Squeegee

1 - Paper Punch

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-15-87 BY SP2 MSC

14 12 [illegible] 150-134

1 - Rug 6' x 12'

1 - Steel Safe

1 - Stapling Machine

2 - Standard Typewriters

2 - Portable Typewriters

1 - Work Bench (Wooden)

1 - Double Print Roller

15.

ASUNCION, PARAGUAY INVENTORY

1 - storage battery

1 - 1941 Ford sedan

1 - "Who's Who in Paraguay"

1 - "Frequency Modulation" by Hund

1 - "Fundamentals of Radio" by Terman

1 - "Mathematics for Electricians and Radio Men" by Cooke

1 - Spanish dictionary

2 - brief cases

5 - metal 4-drawer cabinets

1 - metal 10-drawer cabinet

1 - metal 4-drawer index cabinet

1 - metal 2-drawer file cabinet

1 - metal cabinet with adjustable shelves

1 - wooden 4-drawer cabinet

6 - swivel chairs

4 - wooden arm chairs

2 - wooden costumers

2 - wooden desks, 6 drawers 2' 7" x 4' 7"

1 - wooden desk, 6 drawers 3' 2" x 5' 7"

3 - wooden desks, 6 drawers 2' 8" x 5' 3"

1 - typist desk

4 - electric fans

1 - fire extinguisher

1 - First-Aid kit

5 - glass tops for desk

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 SP/MPC/PB

16 [illegible] 134

1 - Pr. rubber gloves

1 - pr. suede gloves

3 - electric office heaters

2 - kerosene stoves

1 - desk lamp

5 - Gooseneck lamps

1- lantern

4 - fluorescent ceiling lights

1 - paper cutter

5 - pen sets

1 - scale

2 - safes

1 - set of shelves (24 compartments)

1 - wooden table, 3' 9" x 2' 7"

1 - wooden table, 2' 11" x 5'

1 - wooden table, 4' x 2' 7"

1 - Duo-Photo Photostat machine and dryer

2 - optipods

1 - squeegee board

3 - developing trays

1 - metal tripod

6 - standard typewriters

1 - Spanish keyboard typewriter

1 - portable typewriter

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
11-19-87 SP7MAL/TY

17. 62-81750-158

NATAL, BRAZIL INVENTORY

3 - File Cabinets

5 - Index card cabinets

2 - Swivel chairs

1 - Steel chair

3 - Desks

3 - Gooseneck lamps

1 - Electric fan

1 - Steel safe

1 - Wooden table

1 - Royal Portable typewriter

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS
DATE 11-15-82 S. Pomeroy

62-80750-134

18

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA INVENTORY

1 - 1941 Plymouth Sedan

1 - Brief Case

1 - Book Case, Five Shelves

1 - Four Drawer Steel Filing Cabinet

3 - Four Drawer Wooden File Cabinets

1 - One Drawer Wooden File Cabinet

1 - Wooden Index Card Cabinet, 24 Drawers

1 - Wooden Index Card Cabinet, 16 Drawers

2 - Wooden Supply Cabinets - 4 Shelves

4 - Straight Back Office Chairs

2 - Swivel Office Chairs

1 - Steel Office Desk

3 - Wooden Office Desks

5 - Pen Sets

2 - Fingerprint Kits

2 - Bronze Desk Lamps

2 - Fire Extinguishers

1 - York Office Safe

3 - Standard Typewriters

1 - Portable Typewriter

1 - Wooden Index Box 10" x 14"

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 BY SP2MRC/KJ

62-11750-134

LA PAZ, BOLIVIA INVENTORY

1 - 1941 Packard Car

1 - Book, "ESSENTIALS OF SPANISH".

1 - Book, "FIRST SPANISH GRAMMAR".

1 - Wooden Wardrobe Case

1 - Metal Storage Cabinet, 3 Shelves

1 - Four Drawer Metal Cabinet

2 - Metal File Cabinets

1 - Wooden 24 drawer index card cabinet

2 - Wooden Four Drawer File Cabinets

17 - Plain Office Chairs

1 - Alarm Clock

4 - Wooden Clothes Hangers

1 - Set dark Maroon Office Curtains

1 - Set Plain White Office Curtains

1 - Large Wooden Executive Desk with Glass Top

3 - Wooden Stenographers Desks

3 - Large Wooden Office Desks

1 - Lamp, Executive Type

1 - Plain Desk Lamp

3 - Gooseneck Lamps

3 - Electric Heaters

2 - Electric Heaters with fan

1 - Large, Blow-Type Electric Heater

1 - Water Filter

1 - Large Wooden Index Card Box

2 - Stapling Machines

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-82 Dispatch

DD [illegible] 750-134

1 - Hole Punching Machine

1 - Lina-A-Time Machine

2 - Maps of Bolivia (Wall Maps)

1 - Basin Mirror

2 - Pen Sets

1 - Photostat Machine

1 - Duophoto print dryer

6 - Developer Pans

1 - Electric Lantern

1 - Flashlight

1 - Fire Extinguisher

1 - Set of Tools

2 - Small Rugs

5 - Large Rugs

10 - Wooden Tables

1 - Hot Plate

4 - Standard Typewriters

5 - Portable Typewriters

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-82 BY SP2 mpc/tg

LIMA, PERU INVENTORY

3 - Spanish dictionaries

5 - Spanish-English dictionaries

1 - English-Spanish dictionary

3 - Webster's dictionaries

1 - 1943 Lawyer's Directory

1 - Radio Amateur Call-book magazine

1 - "Fundamentals of Radio" by Terman

1 - "Frequency Modulation" by Hund

1 - "Mathematics for Electricians and Radio Men" by Cooke

32 - wood side chairs

1 - leather cushion office chair

2 - typist chairs

1 - dock chair

2 - 8-drawer Agents' desks

8 - 6-drawer Agents' desks

1 - 7-drawer Agents' desk

2 - 6-drawer stenographer desks

1 - 2-drawer stenographer desk

1 - 3-drawer stenographer desk

5 - glass desk tops

7 - fluorescent desk lamps

3 - fluorescent ceiling lights

1 - polariod desk lamp

15 - goose-neck desk lamps

2 - maps of City of Lima

DATE 11-19-87 SP2MRCTB

E 1-750-134

1 - set of maps of the Departments of Peru

2 - water color paintings

9 - miscellaneous pictures

3 - wooden supply cabinets

2 - steel supply cabinets

1 - 11-drawer index cabinets

1 - 9-drawer index cabinet

2 - double drawer index cabinet (steel)

1 - double drawer index cabinet (wood)

10 - 4-drawer file cabinets

1 - 12-drawer 3 x 5 index cabinet

1 - wooden cabinet to enclose index cabinets

1 - wooden cabinet with shelves

4 - 2-drawer office tables 2' 10" x 5'

1 - office table 2'6" x 4'

1 - 1-drawer steel table

1 - 2-drawer mahogony table

7 - typewriter tables

3 - telephone tables

1 - office table 2' x 3'

1 - office table 1'8" x 1'8" x 2'5"

1 - office table 1'6" x 3'

1 - wooden book case

8 - standard typewriters

11 - portable typewriters

1 - brief case

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-82 B. SP2MACTB

7 - electric heaters

1 - kerosene oil heater

4 - electric fans

3 - coat racks

7 - desk pen sets

5 - rugs

2 - steel safes

2 - Hammond clocks

1 - window awning

1 - bulletin board

1 - paper trimmer

1 - duffle bag

1 - alarm clock

4 - fingerprint kits for taking prints

1 - stenographic stand and case

1 - leather desk blotter

1 - GE auto transformer

3 - enamel trays

1 - print drainer

1 - pair of asbestos gloves

1 - pair of rubber gloves

1 - Duo-Photo photostat machine

1 - 1942 Chevrolet

DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7MMP

24 [illegible] 134

SANTIAGO, CHILE INVENTORY

1	Floor model ash tray
2	Axes
1	Bell system for messenger
1	Woolen blanket
1	World Atlas
1	Webster dictionary
10	Spanish dictionaries
1	Funk and Wagnal dictionary
2	Winston dictionaries
2	Webster collegiate dictionaries
4	Spanish dictionaries
2	German dictionaries
1	Brief case
8	4 drawer index cabinets for 5 x 7 cards
8	6 drawer index cabinets for 3 x 5 cards
1	2 drawer index cabinet for 3 x 5 cards
3	4 drawer file cabinets
10	3 drawer file cabinets
1	Steel cardex file
7	Steel bars and locks for file cabinets
1	Set 3 shelves
2	Carpets

[illegible] DATE 11-19-82 [illegible]

85. [illegible]-134

2 - Supply racks with eleven shelves

5 - Wooden tables

5 - Underwood standard typewriters

5 - Underwood portable typewriters

6 - Royal standard typewriters

1 - Royal portable typewriter

7 - Corona portable typewriters

1 - Hermes portable typewriter

1 - Remington standard typewriter

2 - Water coolers

1 - Set of tools

1 - Electric heater

1 - Photostat dryer

3 - Steinman reals

2 - Photoflood reflectors

7 - Developing tanks

2 - Safe lights for dark room

1 - Transformer

1 - Water tank

1 - Mimeograph machine

1 - Hot plate

1 - Duo-Photo Electro-copist

Dated 1-14-52 Disposed

1 - Cash box

1 - Office safe

21 - Wooden straight chairs

5 - Stenographer's chairs

1 - Swivel chair

3 - Armchairs

3 - Leather chairs

1 - Cot

16 - 7 drawer desks

2 - 4 drawer desks

12 - Typewriter tables

1 - Glass desk top

10 - Electric heaters

1 - Desk lamp

1 - Floor lamp

6 - Yale locks

23 - Steel locks and bars for file cabinets

4 - Maps of Chile

2 - Paper cutters

1 - Safe

1 - 6' screen

1 - Stool

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7MPC/TP

3	Upholstered chairs
1	Sofa
10	Office desks
1	Typist's desk
1	Secretarial desk
4	Typewriter desks
2	Fans
12	Electric heaters
8	Desk lamps
3	Maps
2	Glass tops for desks
1	Cash box
2	Linatime machines
1	Thermos water pitcher and tray
2	Brief bags
2	Brief cases
1	Staple machine
1	Wooden tripod
1	Paper cutting board

ALL ... CONTAINED
... D.T. 11-19-87 BY Spmacdm

JB 62-66750-134

1	Kalart speed flash equipment
1	Photostatic machine
1	Photostatic dryer
1	Photostatic Electric photo print
4	Trays for photostat work
5	Radiator covers
1	Safe
1	Office table 46" x 15"
1	Work table 43" x 25"
6	Typing tables
2	Typwriting stands
7	Underwood standard typewriters
3	Underwood portable typewriters
3	Carona portable typewriters
2	Carona Zephyrs typewriters
2	Remington Rand portable typewriters
1	Royal standard typewriter
7	Royal portable typewriters
1	Mimeograph machine
1	Stenographer's machine

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS
DATE 11-19-87 5 p 7 mac 8/3

79.62-80750-134

BUENOS AIRES, ARGENTINA INVENTORY

1	1939 Ford Sedan
1	1940 Oldsmobile Club Coupe
2	Work benches
1	Funk and Wagnal dictionary
1	Atlas of the world
1	4 shelf supply cabinet
2	Index cabinets
23	4 drawer file cabinets
1	Oak storage cabinet
3	Supply cabinets
1	1 drawer file cabinet
1	2 drawer 4 x 6 index cabinet
1	Bookcase
1	Clothes cabinet
10	Swivel chairs
1	Stenographer's chair
2	Office armchairs
4	Straight chairs without arms
2	Straight armchairs
1	Straight chair
1	Seat cushion
2	stools

ALL [illegible] DATE 11-19-87 [illegible]

30. [illegible] -134

BOGOTA, COLOMBIA INVENTORY

1 - 1940 Buick Sedan

10 - Venetian blinds

4 - Spanish dictionaries

1 - Who's Who in Latin America

1 - German dictionary

8 - 4 drawer filing cabinets

1 - Single drawer filing cabinet

9 - 3 x 5 index cabinets

1 - 2 drawer filing cabinet

1 - Stenographer's chair

4 - Leather chairs

2 - Swivel chairs

5 - Stenographer's desks

2 - Agent's desks

1 - Typist's desk

1 - Davenport with two chairs

4 - Electric heaters

1 - Pencil sharpener

1 - Tool kit

15 - Goosenock lamps

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN [illegible]
DATE 11-19-87 SP7MRC/D

12-16750-634

1 - Letter file

2 - Paper cutters

5 - Developing tanks

1 - Kodak thermometer

9 - Trays

1 - Kodak roller

1 - Hot plate

1 - Developing tank

1 - Lufkin tape

1 - Hat rack

1 - Safe

1 - Strong box

3 - Typewriter tables

1 - Conference table

6 - Portable typewriters

2 - Standard typewriters

1 - Duo-Photostat printer

1 - Electric print dryer

1 - 1942 Plymouth sedan

DATE 11-19-87 DSP2MAC/TB

32. 00-80750-134

RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL - INVENTORY

1 - Dining RoomSuite

1 - Single Bed with mattress and pillow

1 - Wardrobe

1 - Clock

1 - Telephone Table

1 - Smoking Stand

1 - Refrigerator

1 - Photostat Drier

1 - Magnifying Glass

1 - Paper Cutter

1 - Double Bed

2 - Small Bed Tables

3 - Wicker Chairs

1 - Wicker Table

2 - Book Cases

1 - Office Desk

1 - Gray Cowhide Trunk

3 - Portuguese-English Dictionaries

43 - Index Card Cabinets

18 - File Cabinets

4 - Supply Cabinets

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 BY SP-MAC/KB

33.

62-70750-134

1 - Wardrobe Cabinet

6 - Typist Chairs

10 - Swivel Chairs

2 - Office Lounge Sets

4 - Straight-back Chairs

1 - Rocking Chair

22 - Desks

3 - Fluorescent Ceiling Lights

10 - Fluorescent Desk Lights

3 - Pen Sets

2 - Folding Screens

1 - Alarm Clock

4 - Brief Cases

1 - Hat Rack

1 - Fire Extinguisher

1 - Rubber Mat

1 - Remington Line-a-Time

1 - Rug

1 - 1940 Sedan, Ford

2 - Hand Drills

1 - Pair of Asbestos Gloves

1 - Soldering Iron

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-82 BY SP7 mocho

1 - End Wrench

1 - Steel Tape

8 - Tables

1 - Photostat Machine

15 - Royal Portable Typewriters

5 - Hermes Portable Typewriters

1 - Underwood Portable Typewriter

1 - Remington-Underwood Portable Typewriter

3 - Royal Standard Typewriters

1 - Underwood Standard Typewriter

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-19-87 BY SP2 MMC

35. 62 70750-B.4

MEXICO CITY INVENTORY

1 - 1937 Chevrolet sedan

1 - DeSoto

1 - 1936 Chevrolet coupe

1 - Webster's dictionary

1 - Spanish Technical dictionary

1 - set "Who's Who in Mexico"

1 - set "Collection of Tiempo"

1 - Atlas Geography of the Republic of Mexico

1 - book case

25 - 4-drawer filing cabinets

6 - 11-drawer index cabinets

1 - Cardex cabinet

8 - typist chairs

11 - straight back chairs

9 - swivel chairs

2 - straight back chairs with red leather

1 - set davenport and two chairs

1 - wooden bench

1 - davenport

2 - leather chairs

1 - red davenport with two chairs

2 - leather covered chairs

1 - revolving chair

1 - leather settee

8 - costumers

11-19-82 Sp2mac/TB

62-80750 134

36

10 - Agent desks 57" x 32"

6 - wooden desks 42" x 24"

4 - stenographer desks

4 - typist desks

4 - wooden desks 17" x 36"

1 - single pedistal desk 19" x 34"

1 - writing desk 52" x 34"

1 - walnut glass top desk

1 - Agent desk 34" x 60" x 31"

1 - secretary's desk

11 - electric heaters

9 - Inter-communication sets

10 - standard typewriters

18 - portable typewriters

16 - fluorescent ceiling lights

3 - mats

1 - steel cash box

1 - safe

1 - key cabinet

1 - pr. book ends

2 - rite lines

1 - studio couch

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-82 BY SP7 MMC/TB

62-80750-134

37

1 - fireplace set

2 - Gooseneck reflector lamps

2 - #2 Eastman safe lamps

3 - Arkay photo dryers

1 - Kodak masking paper board

1 - paper trimmer

1 - fan for dark room

1 - set of tools

1 - sterling silver letter opener

1 - electric plate

1 - General Electric clock

1 - pr. scissors

1 - water tank for photographic laboratory

2 - pr. Venetian blinds

2 - wastepaper baskets

10 - rugs

1 - walnut table 58" x 32"

1 - olive green table 56" x 32"

1 - glass top telephone table

1 - fire extinguisher

1 - Duo-Photo machine

1 - Photostat machine

1 - Mimeograph machine

CA-20754-134

HAVANA, CUBA INVENTORY

1 - Dictionary

1 - 1-drawer steel file cabinet

13 - 4-drawer steel file cabinets

3 - Steel supply cabinets

2 - Wooden supply cabinets

3 - Index Card cabinets (6, 7 and 10 drawer)

9 - Swivel stenographer chairs

17 - Straight chairs

2 - Straight chairs (upholstered)

1 - Swivel chair (upholstered)

9 - Swivel chairs (plain)

1 - Wooden settee

1 - Sofa (upholstered)

3 - Electric clocks

1 - Office desk with glass top 66" x 38"

5 - Office desks 54" x 34"

2 - Office desks 48" x 32"

8 - Stenographer's desks

1 - Small office desk 42" x 28"

12 - Electric fans

7 - Fluorescent desk lamps

1 - Ceiling lamp

1 - Fluorescent ceiling fixture

3 - Line-A-Time machines

1 - Film tank

1 - Developing tank

1 - Eastman safe light lamp

DATE 11-19-87 ... spmacht

39. 63-00750-134

1 - Negative projector

1 - Double print roller

1 - Laboratory scale for metric weights

1 - Wall safe

1 - 4-drawer file safe

4 - Typing tables 30" x 18"

2 - Tables 54" x 32"

2 - Tables 30" x 56"

2 - Tables 60" x 32"

1 - Typing table 34" x20"

1 - Work table

1 - Office stand with rollers

2 - Metal stands with rollers

1 - Book case, four shelves, glass door

1 - Typing table 19½" x 35½"

6 - Portable typewriters

10 - Standard typewriters

2 - Maps of Cuba

1 - American flag

4 - Wooden hall trees

1 - Paper cup dispenser

1 - Brief case

2 - Fire extinguishers

2 - 10" paper cutters

Dec 11-1962 Dispatch

10. 62-80750-134

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE:

FROM : Edw. A. Tamm

August 9, 1946

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

For record purposes, it may be noted that on August 8th the Attorney General sent for me and displayed to me the original of a letter addressed to him under date of August 8th over the signatures of Messrs. Patterson, Acheson, Sullivan and Leahy relating to the transfer of SIS functions to the CIG. I outlined at considerable length the Director's views with reference to the taking over of SIS by CIG and advised the Attorney General that the proposed schedule was grossly unsatisfactory to the Bureau. I outlined to the Attorney General all of the developments in this situation since the first of July and pointed out the Director's views, and told him that the Director felt that the CIG should take over the first group of Latin American offices on September 15, the second on November 1st and the third group on January 1st. At the termination of my statement of the Bureau's position, the Attorney General stated that he desired to "go along" with the request of Patterson et al in so far as it was practical and possible because he felt that the President undoubtedly concurred in this program. I told the Attorney General that I would read the letter to the Attorney General to Mr. Hoover by telephone and would furnish the Attorney General with Mr. Hoover's views by memorandum. Such a memorandum was prepared, approved by the Director and forwarded to the Attorney General. You are familiar with its contents.

Attached hereto are copies of the letter to Mr. Clark.

The Attorney General also furnished to me a copy of a personal letter addressed to him by U. S. Ambassador Pawley in Brazil, in which Mr. Pawley protests against the withdrawal of the FBI Agents. The original of this letter was returned to the Attorney General but copies are attached hereto for maintenance in the Bureau files.

Attachments

EAT:DS

Central Intelligence Group

ENCL 8

162-80750-135

RECORDED

19 AUG 1 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/4/97 BY SP/BA/mf/mg

58 AUG 21 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE: 8/9/46

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence

b3

The attached copy of [redacted] have been furnished to Agent Doherty by [redacted] in extreme confidence. [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Attachment

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/21/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED

62-80750-136

F B I

29 AUG 14 1946

JFD:rhr

8

EX-5

52 AUG 20 1946

NO. 6

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. CARSON

DATE: August 13, 1946

FROM. : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

11389

5/21/97 - 5/21/97

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b3

EX-RECORDED 334 62-80750-139

[redacted]

DML:da

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b3

SP2/AIM/MG 5/21/97

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7MDC/TB

TO : MR. LADD

DATE: August 7, 1946

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b3

EX-34

-34 RECORDED 62-80750-140

There is attached hereto [redacted]

Attachment

JFD:rhr

Memo to Ladd 8/7/46 rjk

Pg. 1 paragraphs 1-3 remain unclassified per Agency letter dtd 2/27/92 comp# 269907

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-29-87 BY SP7MAC/MB 269,907

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd

DATE: August 9, 1946

FROM : V. P. Keay VPK

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

There is attached a copy of [redacted]

There is also attached [redacted]

b3

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2 / Alm / mb
ON 5/21/97

10/17/95
Classified by SP6bjattig
Declassify on: OADR pg 1 paragraph 12
Attached info classified per agency letter dtd 2/27/92
Comp# 269907

56 SEP 16 1946

RECORDED 162-80750-140

F B I

EX-34

7 AUG 21 1946

CONFIDENTIAL

Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

CONFIDENTIAL

[redacted]

There is attached, however, [redacted]

[redacted] b3

Attachment

VPK:mrl

8/13/46
Pursuant Director instructions

V.P.K.

CONFIDENTIAL

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: August 20, 1946

FROM : V. P. Keay

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence Group - Radio Station in San Jose, Costa Rica

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

I contacted [redacted] regarding the furnishing to the Bureau in Washington of radio equipment equivalent to that left for the CIG in San Jose, Costa Rica, in view of the fact that the office in San Jose was turned over to the CIG on August 16, 1946.

[redacted]

VPK:mrl

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/21/97 BY SP2/[illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80750-141

19 AUG 21 1946

EX-22

57 OCT 2 1946

312

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

EAT:DS

August 7, 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR *THE DIRECTOR*

I thought you would be interested in the contents of the attached [redacted]

b3

Respectfully,

Edw. A. Tamm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/28/97 BY Spr/Almfma

Attachment

62-80750-145

RECORDED
&
INDEXED
337

EX-75

337

EX-75

56 AUG 30 1946

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

COPY: FC

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM
[DECODED COPY]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM RIO DE JANEIRO [7-19-46] NR 37 ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ 5:46 PM EST

Referral/Consult

RECEIVED: [7-19-46] 5:12 PM EST FMF

~~5/29/97 CLASSIFIED BY SP2 [illegible] DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3~~

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

~~RECORDED~~ 62-80750 151

EX-10 [AUG 28 1946]

[59 SEP 5 - 1946] 186

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

COPY:FC

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: July 11, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBJECT:

In accordance with your instructions, I contacted Jack Neal of the State Department in the absence of Fred Lyon. I gave him a copy of the letter from General Chamberlain of G-2 relative to the Panama Office and went over with him the entire picture with reference to the Bureau's position concerning the closing of the Panama Office. I asked him in view of Mr. Braden's phone call to you yesterday to get this letter to the attention of Mr. Braden at once. Mr. Neal stated that he would endeavor to see Mr. Braden and discuss this matter with him tonight or in any event tomorrow morning, that he would let me know the results of his discussion with Mr. Braden.

b3

[redacted]

[redacted] Mr. Neal stated that he would call all of this to the attention of Mr. Braden. He stated from the State Department's standpoint this whole thing was very undesirable [redacted]

Mr. Neal is going to notify me as soon as Fred Lyon returns and I will discuss the entire problem with him.

DML:da

Director's notation: "Ladd should follow this closely. H."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY SP0/ATS/mg

RECORDED 80750-152

52 SEP 4 1946

EX-18

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: AUGUST 26, 1946

FROM : C. H. CARSON

SUBJECT: INTERVIEW WITH E. J. SPARKS, UNITED STATES CHARGE D'AFFAIRES, URUGUAY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Upon the occasion of my recent visit to Uruguay, I talked with Mr. E. J. Sparks, Charge d'Affaires in the American Embassy. It will be noted that the new Ambassador, Joseph McGurk, with whom we formerly worked in the Dominican Republic, has not yet arrived in Uruguay to take over the post of Ambassador. Mr. Sparks, as Counselor of Embassy under former Ambassador William Dawson, is the official with whom we have worked very closely in Uruguay during the war.

b3

I explained to him the Bureau's position and status in the current situation with regard to foreign intelligence [redacted] He expressed extreme regret and seemed to be sincerely disappointed and disillusioned that the Bureau is withdrawing from Latin America and the work that we have been doing. He expressed apprehension at the idea of a new group such as the CIG coming in and taking over. He is a career officer and is quite frankly apprehensive as to how the CIG will fit into ordinary Embassy operations abroad. I explained to him how little we really know about their detailed plans of operation and contemplated procedures, pointing out that we assume they are negotiating with the State Department as to procedures, methods, etc. to be followed.

Mr. Sparks was very high in his praise of the Bureau's work in Uruguay throughout the war. He mentioned the fact that if former Ambassador William Dawson was still on the scene, he would undoubtedly protest the decision concerning the CIG very vigorously. Sparks himself is a career officer and being only charge d'affaires, he follows the traditional custom of not protesting anything very much. He has, however, always been very friendly with our Agents and has proved entirely cooperative in connection with our work. He mentioned a desire to visit the Bureau in Washington when opportunity next offers and he was invited to do so.

RECORDED & INDEXED

EX - 60

162-80750-153

ACTION:

It is believed that Sparks is a sincere friend and admirer of you and the FBI. He naturally prefers the FBI to any group insofar as foreign intelligence is concerned inasmuch as he knows by personal experience that the FBI can work with the regular career service without disrupting their routine to any appreciable extent. He is naturally apprehensive concerning the CIG although in his present position he will probably be non-committal and not take any specific or positive action one way or another.

CHC:mrl

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY SP2/EAM/MG

59 SEP 5 - 1946

Central Intelligence Group

August 21, 1946

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear General Vandenberg:

In view of the current tense world situation, particularly in Europe and the Orient, and in view of the world-wide intelligence coverage which has been assumed by the Central Intelligence Group, I should like to request that any information which might possibly be of assistance to the Federal Bureau of Investigation in connection with its responsibilities for the internal security of the United States be furnished to me promptly. It will be of great value if detailed information relating to the aims, intentions, or activities of foreign nations with respect to clandestine or subversive operations against the United States be furnished to me. You, of course, realize that a wide variety of such information is a necessity for proper and adequate protection of the internal security of the United States. I shall be greatly appreciative of any assistance along this line that the Central Intelligence Group may be able to render to the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

RECORDED 62-80750-154

F B I
53 AUG 27 1946

VPK:mrl:cmw

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SEP 10 1946

L-50

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Ta
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

[DECODED COPY]

FROM BUENOS AIRES [8-13-46] NR 17 9:16 PM ES Referral/Consult

[ ]

[ ] COMPLETE COPY [ ] FOLLOWS NEXT POUCH.

RECEIVED: [8-13-46] 9:30 PM EST MW

5/29/97

~~CLASSIFIED BY~~ SP2/Arm/mg
~~DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3~~

EX-56

RECORDED

62-80750-155

[ ]

515

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.]

[57 SEP 10 1946]

THE DIRECTOR

Edw. A. Tamm August 10, 1946

SPA/AIM/mg 5/29/97

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7MAC/TG

269,907

16/23/92 1043 dkw/gp St. (Sales) Sym Reg let to stage

Pursuant to your instructions, I talked to the Attorney General this morning at his request with reference to the SIS situation. He stated that he had been to the White House yesterday and that he spent almost two hours talking to the President about this situation. Prior to the time that he talked to the President, Admiral Leahy had talked to the Attorney General and had indicated to him that it was desired that the Department of Justice through the Bureau render every possible assistance to the CIG in taking over the SIS work in South America. Admiral Leahy indicated that the CIG would not be able to move into any of the countries as rapidly as the Bureau desired to withdraw from them but that the State Department desired to insure a continuity of coverage and that, consequently, the Bureau should only withdraw upon the basis of a harmonious schedule with CIG moving in to take over the various countries.

The Attorney General stated he talked to the President about this situation and the President indicated some doubt that the CIG would work but the President stated he had to at least try it out in view of the recommendations made to him by his Cabinet members. The Attorney General advised him that Ambassador Pawley, Spruille Braden and various other State Department representatives were very much opposed to FBI withdrawing but the President thought the FBI should coordinate its program in such a way that CIG could move in on an orderly basis and take over the operations. The Attorney General desired, therefore, that the Bureau arrange through appropriate conference with CIG so as to insure that our withdrawal would be upon the basis of CIG's ability to move in and take over the operations in various countries.

I advised the Attorney General that while you had not so stated in your recent memorandum, you had instructed me to advise him orally that the CIG was definitely stalling in this situation. I pointed out to him that it was rather inconsistent that Bureau

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RECORDED

58 SEP 12 1946

Agents were not good enough to carry on the SIS operations in the Latin Americas but at the same time their services are so indispensable that they cannot now be withdrawn or replaced. I told the Attorney General that the CIG had a bright group of alleged intelligence representatives, including a number of men who had deserted from the service of the FBI during the war, who appeared, according to CIG estimates, at least capable of carrying on the SIS operations. I stated that as a matter of fact General Vandenberg had the effrontery to designate as his representatives to confer with the Bureau on the change-over of operations ex-FBI Agents who had deserted from the Bureau service while on foreign assignment and who were definitely persona non grata to you and to the Bureau.

The Attorney General was advised that you had instructed that we be entirely reasonable in attempting to work out a schedule for the transfer of SIS duties but that from the schedule submitted by CIG, it was very obvious that CIG was stalling and the dates set by them were unreasonable. I told hi that you had, upon the basis of my previous conversation with him in which he expressed the desire to support the President in getting this plan set up and in operation, instructed that we make reasonable concessions to the CIG in an effort to bring about a reasonable schedule for the transfer of duties. I pointed out to the Attorney General that the withdrawal of individual personnel, such as the withdrawal of the Legal Attache in Brazil, did not indicate that the office was being closed but that this was an administrative transfer of an individual Agent predicated upon a reduction program which you had outlined subsequent to the termination of the war. I told the Attorney General that there were some 25 or 30 men currently under transfer back to the United States but that these transfers had nothing to do with the change-over of the SIS coverage to CIG, but rather were routine transfers which would have been effected even though the Bureau remained in SIS. I told the Attorney General you desired him to have this information in the event any question were raised about the recall to the United States of any individual Agent.

The Attorney General stated that he desired to make reasonable concessions to CIG in permitting them to take over the intelligence coverage and stated he desired me to talk to Admiral Leahy and outline to him the Bureau's problem and its position with reference to these problems. I suggested to the Attorney General that, in the light of the information which I had furnished to him, he might desire himself to talk to Admiral Leahy and indicate that we would go along in anything that was reasonable in the light of all the circumstances, but the Attorney General stated he believed it would be better if a Bureau representative conferred direct with Admiral Leahy. He stated he would call Admiral Leahy and arrange an appointment and asked that I let him know how we made out with Leahy.

The Attorney General indicated that he told the President that it was anticipated that CIG would try to proselyte the Bureau's personnel and the President said that of course he would not tolerate anything of that kind and if it became necessary, he would issue an order to CIG prohibiting them from hiring FBI people.

EAT:LE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, F.B.I. DATE: July 8, 1946

FROM : SAC, RICHMOND

SUBJECT: THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY

There is being transmitted herewith for the information of the Bureau a newspaper article appearing in the Richmond Times Dispatch dated July 1, 1946 concerning an article entitled "The National Intelligence Authority" by DAVID K. E. BRUCE formerly with the Office of the Co-ordinator of Information and the Office of Strategic Services, which appears on Pages 355 through 369 of The Virginia Quarterly Review, Summer Issue 1946.

~~DEFERRED BY ORDING~~

HMK:GTC
ENCLOSURE

ENCL 312 ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY

memo to Ladd VPK - 8/30/46

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80750-157
F B I
1 JUL 9 1946

INDEXED IN PUBLICATION FILES 392

59 SEP 13 1946

RICHMOND TIMES DISPATCH
July 1, 1946

Efficient Intelligence Agency Held Vital for U. S. Defense

CHARLOTTESVILLE, June 30—An efficient strategical intelligence agency is America's first line of national defense, writes David K. E. Bruce, who recently completed four years of service with the Co-ordinator of Information and the Office of Strategic Services, in the Summer 1946 issue of the Virginia Quarterly Review, just published at the University of Virginia.

"No matter how strong an air force, Army or Navy, we maintain, we can never be proof in the atomic age, against the effects of a sudden hostile attack upon our key cities and industries, unless we have foreknowledge of enemy plans and capabilities," Mr. Bruce continues.

Mr. Bruce, a native of Maryland and an alumnus of the University of Virginia, has drawn on his own experience. After serving in World War I as an officer of Field Artillery, he entered the United States Foreign Service and became vice-consul at Rome. He was later attached to the State Department in Washington. His practical experience with the OSS was gained both in this country and abroad.

"Until very recently," writes Mr. Bruce, "the United States government has never possessed even the semblance of a satisfactory strategical information service. Our continued inability to formulate a comprehensive foreign policy may have been in part ascribed to the lack of reliable current information available to policy makers on foreign affairs.

"Military and naval intelligence offices in Washington were, until 1941, dominated by a purely insular attitude toward world affairs. Concurrently, at the State Department a spirit of smug self-satisfaction prevailed.

"The attack on Pearl Harbor startled us like some gigantic dissonant firebell in the night of our false security. We felt betrayed and indeed we were. We were betrayed by the complete failure of our intelligence agencies. Resenting the insult to our national pride, we tended too much to ascribe Pearl Harbor to Japanese treachery, rather than to our neglect of elementry intelligence an security precautions. The intelligence services of the old departments were in a moribund state."

Mr. Bruce relates at some detail the activities of the COI and OSS as established by order of President Roosevelt under William J. "Wild Bill" Donovan though "harassed and badgered by the jealousy of the Army, Navy and State Departments." He makes a strong plea for an efficient strategical information agency in time of peace.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/29/97 BY SPX/[illegible]

62-80750-157

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
JUL 1 1946
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA
RECORDED TO Bureau FILE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: August 20, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: National Intelligence Authority: Discussion by David K. E. Bruce in The Virginia Quarterly Review

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The Richmond Field Division has called to the attention of the Bureau an article entitled "The National Intelligence Authority" by David K. E. Bruce which appeared in The Virginia Quarterly Review, summer issue of 1946. Bruce is described by the magazine as an Army officer who in the latter part of 1945 rounded out four years of service with the COI, which later became the Office of Strategic Services. He is said to have served for 2½ years in the Field Artillery during the first World War and to have later entered the United States Foreign Service. It is said that much of Bruce's service with OSS was in Great Britain and the Review adds that his practical experience at home and abroad enables him to speak with authority in urging the importance of a strong Central Intelligence organization for this country.

b3

Bruce begins his discussion by pointing out the necessity for maintenance of a strong American Foreign Intelligence Agency on a permanent basis. He reviews the inadequacies of our intelligence organizations prior to World War II, stressing the fact that until that time we had no intelligence services of any kind worthy of the name. He pointed out that we were unique among the great powers in this respect. Bruce recalled that in World War I the United States had established a Cryptographic Corps and that in 1929 this had been dissolved. He added that during 1917 and 1918 the Army and Navy had developed a slight acquaintance with the techniques of secret intelligence and counterespionage activities, but that the most capable men engaged in this work were soon dispersed.

RECORDED & INDEXED 312 162-8D750-158

The author points out that with the attack on Pearl Harbor we realized we had been betrayed by the complete failure of our intelligence agencies. "Any intelligence service worthy of the name should have foretold this event. It seems incredible that we have been so unaware of Japanese plans and projects. The Japanese scarcely attempted to conceal their spying activities. Counterespionage, monitoring and interception of messages from their Consulates in the Hawaiian Islands should have yielded a rich harvest." It is then pointed out that we should have drastically reorganized our intelligence service immediately, but we failed to do so. Here the author speaks disparagingly of the activities of G-2 and ONI and to the short-sightedness

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59 SEP 13 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY SP2/ALM/mg

of the State Department. He points out that the latter refused to permit the assignment of trained observers to Vichy France who could have worked with the French underground. He then begins a discussion of the establishment and activities of the Office of Coordinator of Information (COI) under William J. Donovan, which he refers to as the first organization in United States' History which promised centralization of data required for strategic decisions on highest policy levels. Bruce points out that Donovan encountered jealousies on the part of War, Navy and State Department officials, but because of his "ability, courage, and imagination" and "his almost unique qualities of leadership and his remarkable facility of eliciting from all types of men and women loyal and conscientious service to the government" he was able to attract men of inestimable worth to the new organization. Bruce extols the accomplishments of the COI and OSS during the war, but points out that because of the above-mentioned jealousies of the older services the organization never reached its highest potential of success.

Bruce then refers to the well-known "Donovan plan," which he says was prepared at the suggestion of the President and outlined a permanent postwar intelligence organization. Here again he refers to the obstructionist tactics of the State, War, and Navy Departments, which prevented Donovan's plan from being adopted. He points out, however, that the plan in essence was finally adopted more than a year later with the establishment of the NIA. He expresses regret because the NIA was not to be given an independent budget, saying it was thus gravely handicapped. He pointed out that dominant positions would be held by State, War, and Navy representatives, and that it would be difficult to recruit competent civilians. He pointed out also that it was improbable that busy Secretaries of the three departments could devote sufficient time to the direction of the NIA and that as a result, it may decline to the position of an ineffective coordinator between the established intelligence agencies who in the past have shown marked disinclination to coordinate.

Bruce concludes his article by stressing the fact that an espionage and counterespionage organization demands a degree of technical skill, of administrative ability, and knowledge of foreign languages, customs and history such as is exacted by no other profession. He expresses the belief that the charter for an intelligence agency must be an exclusive one because "competitive activities by other departments or agencies make the necessary secrecy of its missions impossible and endanger the security and even the lives of its operatives." He points out that an efficient, strategical intelligence agency is the country's first line of defense.

It is to be noted that no reference to the Bureau appeared in this article.

ACTION:

No action is necessary in this matter. This memorandum was prepared for informative purposes only.

DVH:mrl

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: July 18, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

11386

SUBJECT: CLOSING OF BUREAU'S SIS OFFICES

Mr. Roach was informed by [redacted]

[redacted]

Referral/Consult

Mr. Roach will obtain the results of [redacted] and keep the Bureau informed.

RRR:VPS

RECORDED

62-80750-160

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5-29-97 BY SP2/[illegible]

59 SEP 19 1946

SEP 5

8 9

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: August 20, 1946

FROM : E. G. FITCH

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

11385

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A
Mr. Cle
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Ro
Mr. Ne
Miss R
Miss

As of possible interest, there is attached hereto [redacted]

You will note that Captain Cullen, USN, has been relieved from Executive for Control and is assigned to Chief, Advisory Council Operations Branch.

It is recommended that the above information be forwarded to Mr. Carson's Section for the attention of Supervisor Keay.

Attachment

JFD:EOD

[redacted]

15/29/97 Spd Amdmg

62-80750-161

RECORDED & INDEXED 341

57 SEP 13 1946 MX-48

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MX-48

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

DATE: September 6, 1946

CONFIDENTIAL

Classified by SP4bja/tcg 10/19/95
Declassify on: OADR

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Boom
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

I thought you would be interested in [redacted]

[redacted] will be followed closely and upon receipt of further information, you will be kept advised. 269,907

JFD:OME

CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY SP2/Alm/mg

RECORDED

INDEXED

162-80750-162

27 SEP 1 1946

56 SEP 18 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS DATE 11-19-87 BY SP2MAO/tcg

b3

September 16, 1946

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. TAMM
MR. NICHOLS

On September 9th I saw Mr. JACK CARLISLE of the Detroit News, who called to see me, he stated, because of the desire of his Publisher, Mr. Scripps, to ascertain whether the FBI was actually on top of the Communist situation in the United States. Mr. Carlisle stated that his query was not one for publication, but merely one for assurance and background guidance.

I told Mr. Carlisle that of course I could not be quoted and could not make any statement for publication. I told him that up to the present time this Bureau had been on top of the Communist situation in the United States, but as to the future I had some qualms. I stated this was due to the fact that the FBI was being withdrawn from foreign intelligence coverage, particularly in South America, Central America and the Caribbean, and that in line with the administration's policy of dividing domestic and foreign intelligence, a separate agency would cover all foreign activities. I stated I believed this would be a great handicap in the coverage of Communist activities in this country because Communism being international, I did not see how from a practical point of view an agency responsible for such coverage within the United States could adequately perform its functions without having similar coverage abroad.

I also pointed out to Mr. Carlisle one of the great obstacles under which we operate, and which of course still prevails, is a lack of adequate laws under which anything could be done against Communism. I stated this matter had not been pressing up to the present time, but that should there develop any precarious international situation there was no doubt that the Communists within the United States - most of whom are either native born or naturalized - would become a serious problem because they could not be arrested until the actual commission of overt acts, which would of course be too late in the case of any possible war, as sabotage could be consummated and vast destruction could be effected before laws could be enacted which would permit arrests to be made.

Very truly yours

J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

162-80750-166
F B I
SEP 17 1946

RECORDED

EX-8

EX-8

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 10 10 am
DATE 9-17-46
BY [illegible]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

JEH:HCB

58 SEP 23 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/29/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

September 10, 1946

80908

~~PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL~~
~~BY SPECIAL MESSENGER~~

Mr. Frederick B. Lyon
Director, Office of Controls
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

#330299
5/30/97 [illegible]
5/30/97

Dear Freddie:

In view of the desire of the Central Intelligence Group headed by General Hoyt S. Vandenberg to take over all intelligence coverage in Latin America, the Federal Bureau of Investigation of course is preparing to withdraw its personnel from this field and turn over responsibility to the Central Intelligence Group.

I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. I am indeed appreciative of the personal interest displayed by you in the difficult problem of intelligence coverage faced by the Federal Bureau of Investigation when it took over such work in 1940. I hope that the Federal Bureau of Investigation may continue to be of assistance to you in connection with our mutual problems.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,
RECORDED

62-20750 170

EX-25

SEP 13 1946

VPK:mrl

Sep 11 9 14 AM '46
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

1946

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 4

September 10, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable Spruille Braden
Assistant Secretary of State
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Braden:

In view of the desire of the Central Intelligence Group headed by General Hoyt S. Vardenberg to take over all intelligence coverage in Latin America, the Federal Bureau of Investigation of course is preparing to withdraw its personnel from this field and turn over responsibility to the Central Intelligence Group.

I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. I am indeed appreciative of the personal interest displayed by you in the difficult problem of intelligence coverage faced by the Federal Bureau of Investigation when it took over such work in 1940. I hope that the Federal Bureau of Investigation may continue to be of assistance to you in connection with our mutual problems.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

VPK:mrl

RECORDED

62-80750-171

SEP 11 9 14 AM '46
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

SEP 10 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

September 10, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Honorable Adolf A. Berle, Jr.
70 Pine Street
New York, New York

Dear Mr. Berle:

In view of the desire of the Central Intelligence Group, headed by General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, to take over all intelligence coverage in Latin America, the Federal Bureau of Investigation is preparing to withdraw from this field and to turn over responsibility to the Central Intelligence Group.

In view of your interest in this work, I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. I am indeed appreciative of the personal interest displayed by you in the difficult problem of intelligence coverage faced by the Federal Bureau of Investigation when it took over such work in 1940.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover

VPK:mjj

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-80750-173

EX-25

SEP 11 1946 P.M.

SEP 24 1946

Mr. Nelson
Mr. A. H. Belmont
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

September 10, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable James V. Forrestal
Secretary of the Navy
Washington, D. C.

Dear Jim:

In view of the desire of the Central Intelligence Group headed by General Hoyt S. Vandenberg to take over all intelligence coverage in Latin America, the Federal Bureau of Investigation of course is preparing to withdraw its personnel from this field and turn over responsibility to the Central Intelligence Group.

I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. I am indeed appreciative of the personal interest displayed by you in the difficult problem of intelligence coverage faced by the Federal Bureau of Investigation when it took over such work in 1940. I hope that the Federal Bureau of Investigation may continue to be of assistance to you in connection with our mutual problems.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

Mr. Hoover

VPK:MRL

Central Intelligence Group

RECORDED
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED DIRECTOR
9 14 AM '46
25

62-80750-172
F B I
51 SEP 13 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Glegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Keese
Miss Gandy

SEP 11 1946 F...

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SEP 24 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 11, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

Time of Call: 4:40 PM 9-11-46

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

In accordance with your instructions, I finally was able to telephonically reach [redacted] at which time I advised him that in connection with the request of General Vandenberg for an appointment with the Director that you had returned to the city earlier than you had expected and that in the event General Vandenberg desired to come over this afternoon, you would be very glad to see him. [redacted] stated that General Vandenberg was at that time tied up in a CIG conference and, therefore, would be unable to come over this afternoon. He requested, however, that if at all possible an appointment be made for General Vandenberg with you for tomorrow afternoon, Thursday, September 12, 1946. I advised [redacted] that I did not know what your commitments were or whether you would be in the city on Thursday but that I would check for him and let him know if it was possible for you to see General Vandenberg Thursday afternoon.

b3

DML:da

RECORDED 62-80750-175

59 SEP 25 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED SEP 17 1946
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/91 BY sp2 alm/mlw

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 12, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

Time of Call: 10:45 AM 9-12-46

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The appointment of General Vandenberg with you scheduled for 3:30 PM, September 12, 1946, was confirmed through [redacted] office.

b3

DML:da

RECORDED 162-80750-176

37 SEP 17 1946

59 SEP 25 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-4-97 BY Sp4 Alm/sm

COPY/bf

FROM

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Carson

Director's Notation: "I would like to have Ladd show this to Fred Lyons at once & have Lyons show it to Braden as it refers to matter Braden called about yesterday. It is useless & wasteful for us to keep a man in Panama as Liason & we wont do it. The Army characteristicly will never yield an inch of jurisdiction once they get it. H."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/4/97 BY SEX/Am/MB

ENCLOSURE 62-80750-178

COPY: VF

SECRET - AIR COURIER

Date: August 13, 1946

To: Attache
Paris, France

From: Director, FBI

Subject: Office of the FBI Attache
Paris, France

DECLASSIFIED BY Spr/Alm/mg
ON 4/14/95

The Central Intelligence Group, which operates under the directon of the National Intelligence Authority set up by Presidential Directive in January, 1946, expects to operate a world-wide foreign intelligence field operational force. In view of the desires of the Central Intelligence Group to take over all foreign intelligence, the Bureau is making plans to withdraw in the near future from Latin American and will thereafter have no further responsiblility with reference to it.

There will be continued, however, certain posts in foreign countries strictly as police liaison posts. It is expected that the offices in London, Paris and Madrid will be continued on this basis.

Your principal responsibility, of course, in continuing your office as a police liaison post after the discontinuance of the Bureau's SIS program will be to obtain information which will be of assistance to the Bureau in connection with its domestic field responsibilities. It should, of course, be realized that a wide variety of information will be of assistance in this regard; for instance, any matters bearing on world communism would be of definite assistance in connection with the Bureau's investigation of subversive activities in the United States. Any such information will be obtained by you, of course, as it has in the past, in a strictly liaison capacity. In this connection, you should make every endeavor to extend your liaison contracts, particularly with various government agencies and police organizations. It is believed that a great deal more information can be obtained through development of police contacts than has been done throughout the war period. You should endeavor to develop this source in all matters relating to the Bureau's domestic responsiblities.

The continuing of your office on the police liaison basis will not be concerned with the responsibility of obtaining foreign intelligence and will, therefore, be no concern of the Central Intelligence Group. It will be a matter which will concern the Bureau and of course, the State Department. You should not discuss this matter with anyone in the Embassy as appropriate arrangements will be made by the Bureau with the State Department in Washington. You should, however, advise the Bureau promptly of any queries you receive in this regard and should defer answering such queries until communicating with the Bureau.

CC: Legal Attache
London, England

CC: Legal Attache
Madrid, Spain

162-80750-180
F B I
7 SEP 17 1946

EX-53

RECORDED

COMM STAT
57 SEP 30 1946
ON ORIGINAL

DBC:TLC

C. H. Carson

August 22, 1946

Joseph E. Presley

Closing of San Jose, Costa Rica, Office

Inspector Myron E. Gurnea arrived in San Jose, Costa Rica, on August 11, 1946, to assist the writer in closing the office and turning over the physical property to the representative of CIG who arrived in San Jose on August 16th.

All investigative files, both pending and closed, were burned, as well as all indices. The administrative files of the office were examined by Mr. Gurnea and those of which the Bureau had a copy were burned and the remainder forwarded to the Bureau by diplomatic pouch. All official contacts and confidential informants of the San Jose Office were notified that the Legal Attache's Office was closing and all paid confidential informants were paid up to date. The automobile, Bureau manuals, code books, guns, camera and radio crystals were sent to the Bureau. All other property, including office furniture, radio equipment, darkroom equipment, photostat machine, etc. was turned over to [redacted] CIG representative, on August 16th in accordance with Bureau instructions and a memorandum receipt was obtained. Copies of this memorandum receipt were furnished the Bureau and a copy was given to the Charge d'Affaires of the Embassy.

No files or indices were given to [redacted] and he was advised that inasmuch as the Embassy had received a list of all pending cases in the Legal Attache Office, all information concerning these cases could be obtained from the Embassy.

b3

In discussions with [redacted] and Mr. Raleigh Gibson, Charge d'Affaires of the Embassy, it was agreed that all matters of policy would be strictly between [redacted] and the Embassy. [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

Inasmuch as the CIG representative made no mention of sources of information, contacts or confidential informants of the Legal Attache's Office, none of these were turned over to him.

RECORDED - 64 80750-181

7 SEP 17 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Needs
Miss Gandy

SEP 27 1946

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The Charge d'Affaires was advised of the manner of turning over the office to [redacted] and this was obviously agreeable to both the Embassy and [redacted] and no clashes or disagreements occurred. On the contrary, [redacted] expressed to Mr. Gurnea and the writer his appreciation for the helpful cooperative way in which he had been received and in which the entire matter had been handled.

b3

JEP:RC

THE DIRECTOR

August 22, 1946

C. H. Carson

INTERVIEW WITH WILLIAM D. PAWLEY, UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO BRAZIL

Pursuant to your instructions, I talked with the Ambassadors, or in their absence, to the Charge d'Affaires, in each of the Latin American countries visited by me. They were all without exception vociferous in their praise of the Bureau's operations there and extremely loud in their objections to any change whatsoever in the present setup whereby the FBI maintains intelligence coverage in Latin America. Without exception they voiced strong objections to the entire CIG idea and indicated that they have protested and will continue to protest this program. I am preparing memoranda summarizing the results of my interviews in the above regard. It can be stated that while a number of the Ambassadors protested strongly the Bureau's recall of the Legal Attache and some other important key Agent within their country, no Ambassador undertook to be critical of the Bureau's position in this regard with the exception of Ambassador Pawley in Brazil. The interview with Mr. Pawley is being covered first although I interviewed him last for the reason that this interview is believed most important and significant in view of the stand being taken by Mr. Pawley and his probable future importance in connection with Latin American affairs.

It will be recalled that Mr. Pawley is being currently rumored as the probable successor to Mr. Spruille Braden as Assistant Secretary of State in charge of the American Republics Division. It will be further recalled that he has been a staunch supporter of the Bureau in the past and he is probably the most vociferous advocate at this time of the Bureau continuing in Latin America. Mr. Pawley is the only Ambassador interviewed by me who has had an opportunity to talk with General Vandenberg personally and he talked with General Vandenberg together with General Eisenhower at some length during the week preceding my interview with him.

Mr. Pawley, it will be recalled, is an extremely wealthy businessman and comparatively new to Government service and Ambassadorial work. He is reputed to be a personal friend of President Truman as well as United States Attorney General Tom Clark and Democratic Chairman Bob Hannigan. He is extremely active, vigorous, and aggressive, and is obviously very ambitious with regard to his future position in the United States Government.

INDEXED

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Prior to my arrival in Brazil, the Bureau had ordered the recall of former Legal Attache Charles McNabb; Assistant Legal Attache George Van Noy, assigned in Rio de Janeiro; Police Liaison Agent James L. Byrd, assigned in Porto Alegre; and Police Liaison Agent R. W. Allen, assigned in Sao Paulo, Brazil. Mr. Pawley was obviously perturbed and upset at the initiation of the interview because of the Bureau's recall of these men and he had obviously discussed this recall in detail with General Vandenberg inasmuch as he undertook to quote General Vandenberg directly in connection therewith. Ambassador Pawley started out as stating that he wanted it definitely understood by me that he had been, was now, and would continue to be in favor of the

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
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Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
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Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Kease
Miss Gandy

CHC:fa/mep

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FBI continuing in Latin America as in the past; that he has taken this position in the past and will continue to so advocate until he is personally advised by President Truman that the latter desires and prefers some new setup such as the CIG program. He stated that he plans to visit Washington in the near future and that he intends to discuss the matter personally with President Truman. He stated that he "jumped all over" General Vandenberg upon the occasion of the latter's recent visit to Brazil, telling the General that he was violently and unalterably opposed to any change in the present setup in Latin America inasmuch as he definitely did not think that the General could create an organization in Latin America to compare with the Bureau's setup from the standpoint of efficiency, etc., to the best interests of the United States Government. He stated that General Vandenberg seemed somewhat embarrassed and stated, "You are very frank in advising me of your efforts to talk me out of a job." Pawley stated that he replied he had nothing against Vandenberg or anyone else connected with the new program personally, but that he was talking as a responsible Ambassador and as a patriotic American citizen. He stated that he told Vandenberg that he, Pawley, will not accept such decision as may have been reached in this matter as final until he has personally talked to the President and has been assured by the President that a change is desired by the President and is in the opinion of the latter necessary. He stated that General Vandenberg indicated to him that the new setup was in accordance with the desires of the President but that he, Pawley, prefers to hear this personally from the President's lips. He, thereafter, voiced strong criticism concerning the Bureau's withdrawal of its personnel from Brazil and became so agitated that he shouted loud enough to be overheard by his Secretary outside who laughed and remarked to me as I left the room that the interview must have been an extremely interesting one from the sound of the Ambassador's voice.

I explained to Mr. Pawley that the decision to withdraw from Latin America was not of the Bureau's making, although the Director had not sought this work for the Bureau in the beginning nor was the Bureau seeking it now, pointing out that the decision to set up CIG as a successor to the FBI in taking over the work in Latin America had been approved by the NIA and the President apparently as a result of the recommendation of General Vandenberg, after the latter was appointed as Director of CIG to succeed Admiral Souers. The Bureau had been advised specifically by General Vandenberg in response to its inquiry that the General did desire to supplant the FBI in Latin America with his own CIG organization. I explained that despite the fact that General Vandenberg obviously desired to set up and operate his own organization, presumably with the belief that it would be more efficient, etc. and despite the obvious difficulties and complete incongruity of any future FBI operations, that in view of such a situation, you have agreed to cooperate and that you are sincere in attempting to cooperate with General Vandenberg and the other interested Government officials in working out a program of smooth and harmonious changeover from our setup to the CIG setup. I explained to him that at the time of my departure from Washington negotiations were being carried on with CIG in an effort to work out the details of the closing of our offices and the carrying on of the work by CIG so that there will be no resulting gap in intelligence coverage. I explained to the Ambassador that further operation on the part of our offices cannot possibly be as efficient, inasmuch as the Bureau would be completely unable to make the necessary plans and commitments for the future which must be foreseen and constantly carried

forward if proper efficiency, etc., are to be maintained. I explained to him that the Bureau has always found it necessary to make transfers and changes as to personnel in various countries and on various assignments, and that these changes and transfers have been necessary in the past and would continue to be in the future whether we continued in SIS work or not. I explained to him that the Bureau had been planning for some time prior to the decision concerning CIG's taking over and supplanting us a postwar retrenchment program, in order to curtail expenses and operate on an efficient basis with a minimum expenditure of personnel and money, and that you, as the Director of the FBI, had insisted prior to the actual end of the war that these plans be made for the entire FBI. I told the Ambassador that I knew this had been your position, and was still your position, and that it was my understanding that President Truman, as well as the Congress, felt the same way.

The Ambassador was strongly inclined to argue the point of any retrenchment being necessary or even advisable in Brazil. While he did not so state, he had obviously been propagandized by General Vandenberg to the effect that the Bureau was withdrawing its personnel in an effort to embarrass the General and his proposed CIG program. Mr. Pawley stated, "That General Vandenberg told me he does not desire that a single FBI man be withdrawn from Latin America at the present time." He continued that he personally participated in obtaining an appropriation to cover FBI operations in Latin America until the end of the current fiscal year, for which reason he could not understand the withdrawal of three of our most important and, in his opinion, indispensable agents from Brazil during what he termed a current crisis in connection with Communist activities, etc., in Brazil.

I explained to the Ambassador that what General Vandenberg might think concerning the withdrawal had no real bearing on the matter inasmuch as the Bureau as long as it continued to carry on the work would insist upon following its own judgment and making its own decisions both as to the amount and identity of the personnel utilized. In view of his insistence and obvious desire to argue the point with some heat, I pointed out to him courteously, but bluntly, that while he had been in Brazil as Ambassador for approximately seven weeks the Bureau had been operating intelligence coverage in the country since 1940, and that the Bureau would insist upon the right of judging for itself the actual needs as to the amount and identity of personnel utilized in maintaining adequate coverage.

With regard to his statement that he could not agree concerning the necessity or desirability of any retrenchment at the present time in Brazil or Peru (a country in which he previously served), I pointed out to him that you felt a very strong duty to the President and to the Government generally, as well as to the American taxpayer, of operating with a minimum of personnel and money consistent with the maintenance of adequate and efficient coverage. I pointed out to him that the Bureau had been convinced prior to the receipt of any appropriation for foreign operation during the current fiscal year that we could safely retrench and still maintain adequate coverage; that for this reason the Bureau had only asked for the same amount of money as during the preceding year despite the fact that the actual operating costs, including expenses, etc. of each Agent and other needed personnel had, as aforeseen by the Bureau, greatly increased in view of the inflationary prices throughout Latin American countries. The Ambassador immediately stated that he

agreed with the Director's position and indicated that he had not realized that such a retrenchment program had been considered possible and had been contemplated by the Bureau prior to the CIG decision. He stated that he particularly desired that I not misinterpret his criticism and approach to the problem, that he would certainly not want you and the Bureau to think that he is in any way antagonistic or hostile, that what he was trying to do was to express vigorously and to the utmost of his ability his conviction that FBI personnel with their training, background, experience, and ability are desperately needed in Brazil at the present time. I pointed out to him that he still has FBI personnel sufficient to maintain adequate coverage in Brazil, and that the decision to dispense with this personnel and substitute the CIG organization was not your decision but that naturally you are perfectly willing to comply with the decision as made.

Pawley stated that in view of the above he would not attempt to argue further the matter of current FBI withdrawal and transfers, although he does think that FBI personnel should be utilized in assisting to set up the CIG program, provided it has to be set up (he continuted to reiterate that he will refuse to accept the decision whereby CIG supplants FBI in Latin America until he is personally assured by the President that such must be). I explained to the Ambassador that you, as Director of the FBI, had responsibilities concerning intelligence and other matters at home within the United States, which I thought any reasonable person should admit are even more pressing and vital insofar as United States interests might be concerned than the matter of intelligence coverage in any particular foreign country. Further, that it was not felt that FBI personnel could be spared either by way of lending or permanent transfer to CIG or any other governmental agency, inasmuch as this personnel was urgently needed in the FBI's domestic work. I also pointed out to him in this connection that General Vandenberg and the NIA very obviously did not agree as to the indispensability of FBI personnel in view of the decision to set up CIG to supplant the FBI.

The Ambassador stated that in his opinion the above described decision was completely and totally wrong but that if the President actually had ordered a change, then he, the Ambassador, was primarily concerned with seeing the changed setup work. He stated that he definitely does not believe that the CIG setup would have any chance whatsoever of succeeding without the assistance of some FBI personnel. He stated that his suggestion would be that the FBI people continue to operate in complete charge of the various offices with direct and primary responsibility to you as Director of the FBI, but that CIG personnel be permitted to work in the offices under the jurisdiction and direction of FBI personnel and the FBI until the CIG personnel can acquire the necessary experience, training, etc. He stated that this should continue, in his opinion, not only until the end of the current fiscal year, but for some time to come and that in his opinion funds should be made available to the FBI in connection therewith.

I attempted to explain to the Ambassador the complete impracticability of his suggestion, but he proved extremely hard to convince. He reiterated a number of

times his firm belief and conviction that the Federal Bureau of Investigation under your direction was the only American governmental agency that could be trusted in the field of subversive activities, both foreign and domestic, at the present time. He also kept reiterating statements to the effect that illogical and unsound decisions that might be made by various people within the Government (the Ambassador apparently blames factions within the State Department for the decision and does not hesitate to voice his own very low opinion of the State Department and most of its personnel) simply cannot be permitted to result in disaster and the complete withdrawal of our FBI personnel from Latin America would, in his opinion, be disastrous. I attempted to explain to him that the FBI personnel utilized in any such plan would be considerably handicapped and, except as a functioning part of the FBI unhindered by restrictions, etc., this personnel would be at a complete loss.

I also inquired as to the reason for his, Ambassador Pawley's, very apparent strong conviction that CIG could not set up its own personnel and organization on an efficient basis, inasmuch as General Vandenberg very apparently felt that he could, doing it much more efficiently than the Bureau has been able to do it. After considerable discussion, he admitted that he could appreciate the importance of the Bureau's responsibilities in the domestic field and could appreciate the fact that the Bureau needed its personnel now serving abroad in the domestic field picture. He stated, however, that his admiration for and confidence in "Mr. Hoover" is such that he can't help but feel that Mr. Hoover can solve the domestic field problems, etc. and still spare some of the SIS personnel now serving abroad so as to avoid complete disaster in that field.

Mr. Pawley mentioned a number of times the Communist threat and his apparent firm conviction that the United States is presently engaged in the most severe crisis of its entire history from the standpoint of Communism and Russia.

I pointed out to the Ambassador that his suggestion and idea of FBI personnel continuing after the advent of CIG in any capacity whatsoever was completely impracticable and that the Bureau would resent and resist any effort from anyone to utilize FBI personnel in carrying on the CIG program. The Ambassador indicated that he is not in complete agreement with the Bureau's position in this matter. He stated that he wants to be frank but that he particularly wants the Director and the Bureau to understand his position and realize that he feels that disastrous consequences will result unless the Director and the Bureau continue in the SIS work and more or less make the CIG program work by lending Bureau personnel, etc. to the project sufficiently long to get it going on a soundly established and efficient basis.

Ambassador Pawley is very frank and a sincere admirer of you and of the Bureau. His position is quite unreasonable but it is very apparently based upon his obvious feeling that the FBI is the one really reliable and trustworthy agency in connection with Communism and subversive activities generally. He is extremely frank in stating that regardless of whose idea and whose decision it may be, CIG cannot succeed without continued help and assistance from the FBI

in the way of FBI trained personnel. He remarked quite frankly that if CIC is in reality the personal decision and desire of the President, "we will have to make it work" and added that the FBI will have to do most of the making it work. He mentioned his intention of calling upon you upon the occasion of his next visit to Washington and also stated that he is going to write you a personal letter outlining his viewpoint and his views with regard to the entire situation. He stated that he particularly desired that you understand his position and not consider him in any way hostile or antagonistic to you or to the Bureau, that he is merely attempting at all costs to insure participation by the Bureau and its personnel in future intelligence operations due to his firm conviction that the work is indispensable and FBI participation is necessary.

ACTION

The above-described personnel being withdrawn from Brazil are departing en route to the United States despite Ambassador Pawley's protest. I think that Ambassador Pawley understands the Bureau's position and do not contemplate any additional protests with regard to transfer or recall of our personnel. I do think that he will continue to advocate, first, that the FBI continue in Latin America as at present without change; and, secondly, that if he cannot attain first objective he will advocate use of FBI personnel in some capacity, advisory or otherwise, in assisting the new CIG setup and in his own words, "making it work."

[redacted]

AUG 26 4 33 PM '46

THE DIRECTOR

AUGUST 26, 1946

C. H. CARSON

INTERVIEW WITH WILLARD L. BEAULAC,
UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO PARAGUAY

Upon the occasion of my recent visit to Paraguay, I interviewed Mr. Willard L. Beaulac, United States Ambassador, on August 13, 1946, and explained to him the Bureau's position with regard to present developments in the foreign intelligence picture. It will be recalled that Mr. Beaulac has been a particularly strong supporter and advocate of the Bureau and its work in Latin America since the time of his original transfer from Madrid, Spain, to Paraguay as Ambassador in August, 1944. It will be recalled that Mr. Beaulac protested very strongly the proposed closing of our offices during 1945, and further that he has protested to Assistant Secretary of State Braden concerning the current CIG plan. It will be further recalled that Ambassador Beaulac has requested the Bureau to defer the recall of Special Agent Leo Brenneisen, present Legal Attache in Paraguay. I explained very carefully to Mr. Beaulac the reasons, etc. necessitating the recall and transfer of Mr. Brenneisen and he stated that he fully understands the Bureau's position and while he deplores the loss of so experienced and valuable a Legal Attache as Brenneisen, he naturally defers to the judgment, etc. of you and the Bureau in connection with the transfer.

Mr. Beaulac was exceedingly outspoken in his denunciation of the CIG plan and he was particularly insistent that in his opinion the decision is not final, that it can be changed, and must be changed by pressure from the State Department that the Bureau continue in Latin America as in the past. I pointed out to him that the decision is final insofar as the Bureau is concerned and that you are perfectly willing to abide by the decision that we withdraw to permit CIG taking over, never having solicited the work. Beaulac stated that he realizes full well the fact that you have not solicited this work and have refused in any way whatsoever to lobby for it. He stated that he has occasion to know this inasmuch as Dr. Corrigan, the present Ambassador in Venezuela, Assistant Secretary of State Braden, and others began a campaign within the State Department during 1945 to obtain a clear-cut decision continuing the FBI in Latin America, as well as elsewhere in foreign intelligence work. He stated that he personally was convinced that they were on the verge of success in these efforts until the recent message was received from Mr. Braden outlining the proposed CIG setup. Mr. Beaulac was particularly bitter with regard to the fact that such a decision had been made without consulting American Ambassadors and other ranking Embassy officials in Latin America who are most interested and who are most familiar with the work of the FBI. He stated quite frankly that while he was not questioning my information or the accuracy thereof, he himself did not believe that the decision was final and intended to keep protesting in an effort to effect a change in the present plan of procedure concerning CIG.

RECORDED
INDEXED

62-80750-184

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Mr. Beaulac stated that he has received information from Washington to the effect that the CIG will be more or less a continuation of the old OSS insofar

28 SEP 30 1946

[redacted]

as personnel, policies, procedures, etc. are concerned. He voiced bitter condemnation of the old OSS idea and plan of foreign intelligence. He took approximately thirty minutes to describe to me in detail his previous unfortunate experiences with OSS people in Madrid during the war up until the time of his transfer in August, 1944. He stated that in the American Embassy in Madrid during the regime of OSS it was necessary that foreign service officers actually be assigned full time to the task of keeping the Ambassador and other ranking Embassy officials advised as to the activities of the OSS representatives. He described these as being completely impossible and intolerable. He stated that he himself, as well as the foreign career service, is bitterly opposed and will continue to be opposed to the entire idea and conception of an overall, independent intelligence organization as encompassed in the OSS and CIG organizational setup. He stated quite frankly that he was a sufficiently loyal foreign service career officer to have been opposed to any other agency entering the field of foreign intelligence inasmuch as in his opinion foreign intelligence, fundamentally speaking, is the proper function of the foreign career service itself. He stated that he changed his mind to some extent and became entirely sold on the FBI methods of operation and the efficacy of the FBI plan of procedure after becoming acquainted with our work at first hand in Asuncion, Paraguay, following his transfer from Madrid, Spain. He stated that he has been impressed tremendously by FBI efficiency and its personnel to such an extent that he does realize a vital need for a foreign intelligence service of the kind being performed by the FBI. He stated that he means by this that the foreign intelligence must be coordinated within each Embassy abroad, as well as in Washington, and that this is definitely being done by the FBI; that the OSS conception was entirely different; and that he knows that the CIG idea is basically in conflict with the proper coordinating function of our Embassies in intelligence work. He stated that in his opinion the CIG concept has no real opportunity of succeeding inasmuch as it is basically unsound; that he will continue to oppose it; and that he virtually sure that the State Department, as well as other interested departments, will eventually, if not in the beginning, oppose and defeat this idea and concept of foreign intelligence work.

Mr. Beaulac was extremely warm in his praise of the current Legal Attache, Mr. Brenneisen, and of the former Legal Attache, the late Special Agent Delworth, who it will be recalled was killed in an airplane crash last December. He remarked upon the splendid cooperation which he has always received from our office in Asuncion and stated that during the recent revolution in Paraguay, Mr. Brenneisen kept him thoroughly and accurately informed as to the revolution and all of the details needed by him, which information was reported by our office several hours before the revolution actually started. He stated that some of the best work that he has ever experienced in his foreign service has been performed by Police Liaison Officer Newell Williams in working out friendly relations, etc. with the Paraguayan Police. Mr. Beaulac met you upon the occasion of his last visit to Washington, and he remarked a number of times as to how tremendously he was impressed with you and with his tour of the Bureau after leaving your office.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Memorandum for the Director

Mr. Beaulac is an exceptionally fine type of foreign service career officer, and it is believed that he will receive in the future much more important assignments than his present one as Ambassador to Paraguay. His last word to me upon my departure was that he has not given up the fight to block the CIG and to retain FBI services in foreign intelligence and that he will not give up this fight despite my assurances to him that you and the Bureau are perfectly happy and willing to abide by the decision as already made.

ACTION:

Special Agent Leo Brenneisen and his wife have already departed Asuncion on their way to the United States. Ambassador Beaulac was particularly impressed by Brenneisen and hated very much to lose his services. I do think, however, that he thoroughly understands and appreciates the Bureau's position and that he will continue to be a sincere and ardent admirer of you and the FBI.

CHC:mrl

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

THE DIRECTOR

August 22, 1946

C. H. Carson

Interview with Robert Scotten,
United States Ambassador to Ecuador

Pursuant to your instructions, I interviewed Mr. Robert Scotten, the American Ambassador to Ecuador, upon the occasion of my visit to Ecuador on July 28, 1946. I outlined in detail to Mr. Scotten the Bureau's position with regard to foreign intelligence and the fact that the CIG had been set up to coordinate all foreign intelligence work. I explained to him that apparently upon the desire and recommendation of General Vandenberg, present Director of the CIG, it had been decided by the NIA and by the President that the CIG would establish its own operating group and would supplant the FBI in Latin America.

Mr. Scotten, it will be recalled, has in the past been a very strong and outspoken advocate of the FBI continuing its Latin American intelligence program. He expressed dismay and amazement, stating that he simply could not understand why any such decision was made regardless of who recommended it or who was in favor of it. He expressed resentment that any such decision was made before a check on the part of the responsible officials was made with American Ambassadors since the opinions of the Ambassadors should have certainly carried considerable weight in deciding whether the FBI should continue or whether some other group should come in to carry on the work. He was very outspoken in expressing doubt that the CIG would have any hope of success and expressed the firm conviction that even should the CIG eventually succeed in establishing some reasonable degree of efficient coverage, it would inevitably mean a loss of efficiency and a loss of valuable service to the United States Government during the period when the CIG was getting itself established, which would require in the opinion of Ambassador Scotten a period of several years.

The Ambassador inquired as to the CIG's plans of operation, including their plan for recruiting personnel, etc., and he was advised that the Bureau is not aware of CIG's detailed plans although they do presumably intend to operate in American Embassies abroad. The Ambassador was told I assumed CIG was negotiating with the State Department concerning these operations and the matter of securing the necessary clearance from the Ambassadors and such clearance as might be deemed necessary from the local governments. I explained to him that I did not know their plans for recruiting personnel except that some inquiry was made as to whether the Bureau would be agreeable to an absorption of Bureau personnel, and that in response to this inquiry you had indicated definitely that the Bureau would not agree to any absorption of its personnel inasmuch as the Bureau needs its personnel and will naturally utilize same in connection with its very heavy and pressing responsibilities, intelligence and otherwise, in the domestic field. The Ambassador stated that he certainly understood the Bureau's position in this matter.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Mease
Miss Gandy

He inquired as to the actual date when the Bureau will withdraw its people entirely from Quito and close the office and I explained to him the current

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negotiations with CIG as to a date, explaining to the Ambassador that the Bureau was attempting with considerable difficulty and hardship to cooperate in keeping our offices open on as an efficient basis as possible until CIG was prepared to actually move in and assume the responsibility. The extreme difficulty and delicacy of continued operations on our part in Ecuador and elsewhere in view of the present status of things was explained to the Ambassador carefully, and he expressed complete understanding of the Bureau's position and agreed that if CIG is going to operate it should take over as soon as possible. He reiterated, however, a number of times his own belief that the decision is not final and that it will be changed as a result of the pressure being brought to bear by American Ambassadors in Latin America and others.

The Bureau's previous difficulty in obtaining any definite decision and the hardship that it has caused to us and to our personnel was explained to the Ambassador and he agreed that the Bureau's position has been intolerable in the past due to the indecision and failure of the responsible government officials to make up their minds as to just what the Bureau should do. The Ambassador stated that he intended to make his position known that the Bureau should not withdraw; that the Bureau cannot withdraw without endangering any worthwhile intelligence coverage; and that there should be no change in present operations under the Bureau in Latin America. I explained to the Ambassador that the decision has been made, that the Bureau is perfectly willing to comply with the decision, that the Director has never solicited SIS and is not soliciting it now although the Bureau had not attempted to get out of it until General Vandenberg had expressed his desire and plans to take over and supplant us, which were approved by the NIA and the President; further that the Bureau is definitely going to withdraw although we are attempting to negotiate a certain date with CIG in order to cooperate to the fullest extent possible despite the obvious hardship and incongruity of future operations. The Ambassador was entirely sympathetic and agreeable with the sole exception of the matter of Special Agent O'Mara's recall.

It will be remembered that Special Agent O'Mara has been serving for some years in Ecuador and has apparently made himself extremely important to the Ambassador. Scotten takes a completely unreasonable view and attitude with regard to the recall of Special Agent O'Mara. He states that O'Mara is absolutely indispensable to him and that he simply does not know what he would do without O'Mara's services during the immediate future when revolution and other political difficulties are expected in Ecuador. I explained to Mr. Scotten that the Bureau has need for O'Mara's services elsewhere and that the Bureau must insist upon the finality of O'Mara's recall at this time. He was extremely disappointed and indicated that he would not take my word upon it as final any more than he would accept his present information as to the FBI's discontinuing in Latin America as being final. Ambassador Scotten's attitude with regard to Special Agent O'Mara is clearly unreasonable and obviously selfish. According to information obtained from other personnel in Ecuador, Scotten has come to rely upon O'Mara almost completely insofar as all

information obtained by the Ambassador is concerned and he is apparently panic-stricken at the idea of experiencing the almost certain political violence and confusion in the next several months in Ecuador.

It will be recalled that upon one previous occasion Ambassador Scotten violently protested the recall of O'Mara and this recall was canceled, not because of the Ambassador's protests, but because we canceled the recall of all personnel upon being given the go ahead signal for the current fiscal year. It is thought, however, that he will continue to protest the recall of O'Mara and the discontinuance of the FBI office, probably until the actual closing of our office and the withdrawal of all personnel. The matter of explaining to him the importance of the Bureau's domestic work and responsibilities and the need of O'Mara in connection therewith was to some extent a waste of time inasmuch as Scotten is sufficiently selfish to be primarily concerned with the setup in Ecuador and his own responsibilities therewith to the exclusion of everything else.

ACTION:

It will be recalled that Special Agent O'Mara within the past several days left Washington to return to Ecuador for the purpose of settling personal affairs and will thereafter return to the United States. I do not think there should be any change in this situation and that O'Mara should definitely be returned to the United States immediately upon his handling his personal affairs, etc. Ambassador Scotten will probably continue to protest this action. However, he is in my opinion a sincere friend of the Director and the FBI.

CHC:mrl

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

cc - Mr. Tamm
Mr. Ladd

THE DIRECTOR

August 22, 1946

C. H. Carson

INTERVIEW WITH THOMAS H. LOCKETT
COUNSELOR OF UNITED STATES EMBASSY
BOGOTA, COLOMBIA

Upon the occasion of my visit to Bogota, I attempted to secure an interview with United States Ambassador, John C. Wiley. However, he was absent for an indefinite period visiting a number of localities in the interior of Colombia and was not available for interview. Inasmuch as the matter of awaiting his return would probably have entailed a delay of several weeks, I interviewed in his absence a Mr. Thomas H. Lockett, Counselor of the Embassy and the official in charge of the Embassy during Mr. Wiley's absence.

I explained to Mr. Lockett in detail the Bureau's position with regard to world-wide intelligence and the fact that General Vandenberg, Director of CIG, has secured approval to establish an organization within CIG to supplant the Bureau in Latin American intelligence work. I explained to Mr. Lockett that you desired Ambassador Wiley and the ranking officials within the Bogota Office to understand the Bureau's position in connection with the matter, inasmuch as the Bureau has no alternative but to withdraw from this work just as soon as we can work out an agreeable plan with the CIG for us to withdraw and for them to take over.

Mr. Lockett was most cordial. He was very high in his praise of FBI work and he outlined to me the recent strong protests that Ambassador Wiley had made to the State Department with regard to the prospect of the FBI's withdrawal from SIS. Mr. Lockett stated that Ambassador Wiley has not given up as yet and that he will continue to make himself heard upon any possible occasion in protesting any change in the present setup of SIS operations of the FBI. I explained to Mr. Lockett that it was my understanding that the decision had been made and approved by the President and that the decision so far as the FBI is concerned is final, but that I particularly did not want to be understood as lobbying for any pressure for us to continue, that the Bureau is perfectly willing to withdraw and was attempting to cooperate with CIG in working out a harmonious closing of our offices to the best interest of all concerned, although continued operations would be obviously difficult, dangerous, delicate, and to some extent, unavoidably inefficient, inasmuch as the Bureau is unable to make the necessary plans, commitments, et cetera, for efficient long-time operation.

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-186

Mr. Lockett stated that he understood the Bureau's position. He inquired if there were a possibility of cancelling the recall of Legal Attache E. O. Johnson, and it was explained to him that Mr. Johnson's recall could not be cancelled, that Johnson had been given an assignment in the Bureau's Domestic Field where his services are needed and that even though the Bureau had continued to operate in SIS, it would have had to make various adjustments, transfers, et cetera, of its personnel as it has in the past. He mentioned the fact that Ambassador Wiley had recently requested the Bureau to reconsider Mr. Johnson's recall, but stated that he was sure that the Ambassador would understand and appreciate the Bureau's

Tolson
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Hendon
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Quinn Tamm
Nease
Miss Gandy

CHC:meg

SEP 27 1946

position in regard to the matter. He was obviously apprehensive as to the CIG setup and the CIG plans of operation and inquired particularly as to whether the Bureau knew much about just what personnel, etc., CIG planned to use in Latin America. I explained to him that CIG had not taken the Bureau into its confidence with regard to detailed plans of operation, and that I did not know CIG's plans with regard to personnel. I explained to Mr. Lockett that the Director had found it necessary to make the Bureau's position very clear to the effect that any attempt to obtain FBI personnel for the carrying on of the program of CIG would be strongly and vigorously resisted. Mr. Lockett stated that he certainly understood and appreciated the Director's position in connection with any such attempt and laughingly remarked that when the recent circular wire was obtained in the Embassy from Assistant Secretary of State Braden, stating that efforts were being made to work out a gradual overlapping in order that CIG might take over without loss and efficiency, which circular wire also indicated CIG's plans to take over certain FBI personnel presently working in Latin America in behalf of the new program, Ambassador Wiley remarked that he, the Ambassador, did not think his good friend "John Edgar" would agree to any such proposal and that he, the Ambassador, certainly agreed with Mr. Hoover.

I explained to Mr. Lockett that the Bureau, in the first place, needed its personnel, all of whom have been trained in all types of FBI operations, and that, in the second place, the Director certainly cannot understand why any effort could be made to take over FBI personnel when General Vandenberg obviously desires and plans to set up his own organization, presumably on the theory that it will be more efficient than the FBI operations. He expressed extreme doubt that CIG could actually take up the work and carry it on with any reasonable degree of efficiency and expressed his own frank, personal opinion to the effect that should the FBI actually withdraw, the State Department should attempt to carry on alone without any assistance from CIG or anyone else.

Lockett is, of course, a career man and this, generally speaking, would probably be the position of the diplomatic career service. He was obviously apprehensive as to how CIG would actually fit into foreign embassies and just how the new setup would work. He stated that he frankly had been strongly opposed to the idea of the FBI's coming into foreign embassies abroad, but that FBI personnel had proved to him that Bureau operations could be carried on to the benefit of all without embarrassment or conflict with the regular diplomatic setup and its functions. He expressed doubt that any other organization could work as harmoniously with the career service and with the Embassy setup as the FBI. He mentioned the fact that Ambassador Wiley and the other ranking Embassy officials had come to rely exclusively upon the FBI personnel for certain types of information, namely, subversive, as well as secretive political information, and other types of data which are ordinarily obtainable only by use of professional investigative methods and procedure. He explained that prior to the advent of the FBI regularly accredited diplomats had made some effort to obtain this type of data on their own but that during the recent years they have come to rely entirely upon the Office of the Legal Attache, and that the withdrawal of the Legal Attache and other FBI personnel would result in severe loss of information and data sorely

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. H. Tam
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

needed by each embassy in order to properly carry on the work of the Government. He mentioned our work with the local Colombian police through police liaison agents, stating that in his opinion this work had proved to be invaluable and that certainly no agency other than the FBI could hope to carry it on with any degree of success.

Mr. Lockett impressed me as being sincerely grieved and disappointed with regard to FBI withdrawal from Latin America in accordance with the CIG plan and decision.

ACTION

Former Legal Attache E. O. Johnson has already departed Bogota, he having left since my visit to Bogota. While I realize that this was a very bitter pill and disappointment to Ambassador Wiley, as well as to Counselor of the Embassy, Lockett, I am of the opinion that Mr. Wiley and Lockett will continue to be strong friends and supporters of the FBI. I think that these men will continue to protest FBI withdrawal for the purpose of being supplanted by CIG.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Keach
Miss Gandy

L-50

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-09-2012

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM RIO DE JANEIRO 9-9-46 NR 154 5:40 PM EST

AMBASSADOR PAWLEY TODAY ADVISED HE DIRECTED LETTER DATED AUGUST 29 TO DIRECTOR SETTING FORTH HIS COMMENTS ON OUR PRESENT STATUS. AMBASSADOR PLANS TO TRAVEL TO STATES END OF SEPTEMBER AT WHICH TIME HE WILL CALL ON DIRECTOR, EISENHOWER, AND PRESIDENT IN LAST EFFORT TO KEEP F.B.I. IN LATIN AMERICA. IF THIS CANNOT BE DONE HE DESIRES THAT TRANSITION PERIOD TO BE MADE LONG ENOUGH TO GIVE CIG ADEQUATE TIME TO ORGANIZE. HE IS NOT IN FAVOR OF ARMY CONTROL OR INFLUENCE OVER CIG AND HE STATES THAT HE ADVISED BOTH EISENHOWER AND VANDENBERG THAT F.B.I. WAS ONLY ORGANIZATION TRAINED AND EQUIPPED TO HANDLE INTELLIGENCE. THROUGHOUT CONFERENCE TODAY AMBASSADOR SPOKE VERY HIGHLY OF DIRECTOR.

NOTE: UNDERLINED WORD BELIEVED OMITTED FROM MESSAGE. AWAITING CORRECTION.

RECEIVED 9-9-46 5:49 PM EST MET

CLASSIFIED BY 4197
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

RECORDED 162-80750-188
F MB I
EX 52 SEP 25 1946

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OCT 2 1946

COPY: FC

August 12, 1946

SP2/A(m)mg 4.7.97

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-19-87

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Pursuant to the appointment arranged by you with [redacted] Mr. Tamm consulted with [redacted] this morning. [redacted] was informed that I was endeavoring, in accord with your desires, to assist in every practical way to arrange for the transfer of the Latin American coverage to the Central Intelligence Group but that there were certain elements and factors about which it was felt [redacted] should be advised. He was informed that some months ago, in accord with your authorization, I had drawn up a schedule for a worldwide intelligence service under the Bureau's direction, which contemplated the use of some 650 agents, at an annual cost of ten million dollars, with the cost of operation concealed within the Bureau's appropriation to avoid publicity with reference thereto. It was pointed out that this plan had not been acceptable, but that the Bureau had, after the Central Intelligence Group was established, been virtually evicted from South America.

b3

[redacted] was informed that when General Vandenberg was asked whether he desired to take over the Latin American coverage, he stated that he did desire to do so, but when I had attempted to initiate a program of withdrawing the FBI staff from South America, this withdrawal had been opposed except on an unacceptable long-term basis. It was pointed out to [redacted] that this placed the Bureau in a position where its Agents were not good enough to remain in South America but at the same time their services were, at least at this time, indispensable. It was pointed out to [redacted] that it is impossible to maintain the morale and efficiency of the Bureau Agents on Latin American assignments on a high basis due to the fact that their interest was bound to lag in the knowledge of their pending return to domestic responsibilities, and that as a result the whole spirit of the Bureau's SIS Division was bogging down.

[redacted] was advised that the Bureau had, upon Mr. Roosevelt's direction, placed in operation in Latin America virtually overnight an efficient intelligence service. [redacted]

b3

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 5:00
DATE 8/12/46
BY K

EAT:DS

62-80750-189
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BX-6

32 SEP 25 1946

53 OCT 2 1946

It was pointed out to [redacted] that while Bureau Agents were apparently not good enough to continue in the Latin-American intelligence field, the persons designated by General Vandenberg to work with the Bureau in turning over the SIS responsibilities to the Central Intelligence Group were ex-FBI Agents who had deserted the Bureau service in time of war for personal reasons and were definitely persona non grata to the Bureau.

[redacted] indicated that it was President Truman's desire to establish a worldwide intelligence service and to relieve the Bureau of all of its foreign responsibilities in the interest of enabling the Bureau to discharge its domestic responsibilities. He stated that the President and he were of the opinion that the Bureau should continue to maintain agents in any part of the world deemed necessary for the facilitating of the discharge of the Bureau's domestic responsibilities. b3

[redacted] was advised of the fact that many of the Latin American Ambassadors are protesting against the withdrawal of the Bureau but that I would not permit our agents to plan with them any program of opposition.

To summarize the Bureau's overall position, [redacted] was informed that I am making every effort to coordinate the Bureau's program of withdrawal with CIG's program of taking over, but that I was convinced that the CIG was stalling. [redacted] is of the opinion that General Vandenberg and his group are stalling and indicated that he would take this entire matter up with General Vandenberg upon the latter's return to the United States in order to facilitate, expedite and clarify this situation. [redacted] was assured that the Bureau has no desire to be arbitrary or stubborn in this situation but will do everything possible to bring about an expeditious clarification of the entire change-over program.

Respectfully,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

July 31, 1946

RECORDED 62-80750-190X

EX-4

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Dear General Vandenberg:

Pursuant to the request made by [redacted] of your office, I desire to advise you as follows concerning the property which will be made available to your organization by our office in Ciudad Trujillo, Dominican Republic.

The Legal Attache of that office is presently preparing an inventory of property on hand which will include the usual office equipment as well as an automobile. A copy of this inventory will be made available to you as soon as it is received. As you have been previously advised, our office at Ciudad Trujillo will close on August 16 and it would be appreciated if you would advise me what disposition should be made of the property to be left at that point for the CIG.

For your further information, the Military Attache has advised that the office space presently occupied by the Legal Attache at Ciudad Trujillo will be available for rent after August 16.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

JPB:mgl

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED
AUG 1 1946
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED
DIRECTOR
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
AUG 1 2 30 PM 1946
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
COMM. SECTION

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

58 AUG 20 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd

DATE: July 31, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: Property to be Transferred to CIG
Ciudad Trujillo, Dom. Rep.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

BACKGROUND:

CIG has requested that such property that still is available at the Dominican Republic office be preserved and turned over to them on the same basis as is being done for other offices. It will be recalled that our office there had already been instructed to close and to dispose of the property on hand.

DETAILS:

By cablegram dated July 30, 1946, the Legal Attache has advised that such property that is not being returned to the Bureau will be available for CIG. He has also advised that an inventory of this property will be submitted immediately, and he requested to be advised if the property should be turned over to the Embassy to be held in custody for the Central Intelligence Group. It may be noted that CIG has indicated they would not have a man on hand when that office closes on August 16. In addition, the Legal Attache has stated that the space he presently occupies will be available for rent if his office closes.

I do not believe we should leave our property in the custody of the Embassy to be held for CIG unless they specifically ask us to do so. I suggest, therefore, that we ascertain their desires in the matter after advising them that the property will be available on the 16th.

ACTION:

There is attached hereto a suggested letter to CIG. There is also attached a suggested cablegram to the Dominican Republic office advising the Legal Attache that he will be informed of the proper disposition to be made of his inventory.

Attachments

RECORDED 62-80750-190X
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37 AUG 6 1946

JPB:mgl

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/1/97 BY SP8 [illegible]/mg

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE: September 19, 1946

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence Group

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Acers
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Starke
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

JFD:rhr

RECORDED 62-80750-191

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SEP 25 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4-7-97 BY

52 OCT 3 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: September 10, 1946

To: Mr. Jack Neal
Chief
Division of Foreign Activity Correlation
Department of State Central Intelligence Group

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director - Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: Transmittal of Letters to Ambassador Joseph F. McGurk and Ambassador William Dawson

There are transmitted herewith letters to the Honorable Joseph F. McGurk and to the Honorable William Dawson which it will be appreciated if you will cause to be delivered through official channels.

Attachment

RECORDED 62-80750-193

EX-3

VPK:mrl/mjj

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SECTION 3
SEP 11 1946 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

52 OCT 7 1946

37 SEP 26 1946

RECEIVED DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
SEP 11 6 00 PM '46

September 10, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Honorable Joseph F. McCurk
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Ambassador:

As you have previously been advised, due to the desire of the Central Intelligence Group, headed by General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, to take over intelligence coverage in Latin America, the Federal Bureau of Investigation is withdrawing from this field and will turn over all responsibility for intelligence coverage to the Central Intelligence Group. In view of the plans of the Central Intelligence Group, it was necessary to close the office of the Legal Attache in the Dominican Republic.

I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. May I express my sincere thanks to you for members of my staff and myself.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

VPK:mrl/mjj

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SEP 11 1946 P.M.

SEP 11 9 14 AM '46
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR

62-80750-193

ENCLOSURE

September 10, 1946

~~PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL~~

Honorable William Dawson
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Ambassador:

As you have already been advised, the Central Intelligence Group, headed by General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, has decided to take over intelligence coverage in Latin America. In view of this decision, the Federal Bureau of Investigation, of course, is preparing to withdraw its personnel from this field and turn over responsibility to the Central Intelligence Group.

I want to take this occasion to express my sincere appreciation for your splendid cooperation during the years that the Federal Bureau of Investigation operated in the Latin American intelligence field. Your assistance contributed materially to the success of our operations during the difficult war years. I am indeed appreciative of the personal interest displayed by you in the difficult problem of intelligence coverage in Latin America faced by this Bureau when it took over such work in 1940. I want to express my sincere thanks to you for myself and all the members of my staff.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely,

[illegible]

4/7/97 [illegible]

VPK:mrl/mjj

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SEP 11 1946 P.M.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
[illegible]

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
SEP 11 9 14 AM '46

SEP 10 4 14 PM '46

62-80750-193

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 20, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence Group

Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

I talked to Fred Lyon today with reference to [redacted] b3

[redacted]

Mr. Lyon stated he would do a little checking and find out what was back of this whole thing however.

DML:da

162-80750-194
E B I

RECORDED 37 SEP 26 1946

EX-71

57 OCT 3 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-7-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

THE DIRECTOR

August 22, 1946

Mr. C. H. Carson

INTERVIEW WITH MR. JOSEPH FLACK
UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO BOLIVIA

While in La Paz, Bolivia, on August 1, 1946, I interviewed United States Ambassador Flack and explained to him the Bureau's position with regard to foreign intelligence at the present time.

I outlined to Mr. Flack the fact that the Central Intelligence Group under General Vandenberg, its Director, is organizing an intelligence service to supplant the Bureau in Latin America in accordance with the recommendations and desires of General Vandenberg which have been approved by the NIA and the President.

Mr. Flack was advised that the Bureau is naturally in a difficult and delicate position at the present time inasmuch as it is extremely difficult for us to continue to operate with any degree of efficiency due to our inability to make plans, etc. to continue on a permanent basis. Mr. Flack expressed sympathy and understanding of the Bureau's position. He was very high in his praise of our former service, stating that he had been tremendously impressed with the efficiency and reliability of our performance in Venezuela where he formerly served as Counselor of Embassy. Mr. Flack paid very high tribute to the Bureau's Office in La Paz where he has been serving for the past several months as Ambassador. He pointed out that he relies heavily upon our Office for all information of subversive intelligence nature and that he also relies upon our Office for virtually all secretive political information. He pointed out that during the recent revolution which ended approximately one week before my arrival, the Bureau's Office in Bolivia proved invaluable to the Ambassador and to the Embassy. He expressed extreme regret at the recall of Special Agent Keith Angell, the Legal Attache. However, when the Bureau's position in this matter and our contemplated retrenchment program, with the necessary transfer, etc. of personnel, was explained to him, he indicated complete understanding of the Bureau's problem and stated that he was particularly grateful that Mr. Angell was left in La Paz until August 15, 1946.

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-196

EX-84

Upon the occasion of my visit, Special Agent Angell was absent, visiting tin mines within the Andean mountain interior of Bolivia at the specific request of the United States Ambassador in connection with some arbitrary imprisonment of United States mine officials and workers by Bolivian authorities. Mr. Angell was investigating this situation at the request of the Ambassador in order to provide the latter with the necessary information to take such steps as was warranted with the Bolivian Government in La Paz.

Mr. Flack was high in his praise of you and stated that he particularly appreciates a letter of congratulations which he received from you recently upon the occasion of his confirmation as United States Ambassador to Bolivia.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

5 30 OCT 3 1946

He treasures this letter very highly and keeps it in his personal desk together with an appended copy of his reply to you. He displayed the letter to me with obvious pride and I was informed by various of our personnel assigned in Bolivia that he displays this letter upon various occasions to friends and officials who visit him.

Mr. Flack stated that he has protested the closing of our Office and the advent of CIG. He stated that he will continue to protest this and inquired as to whether, in the opinion of the writer, the matter had been finally decided or whether there remains any appreciable chance for a reversal of the decision. He stated that he would be extremely distrustful of any new group entering the field at this time, that he simply cannot understand the reason for any such step in view of the fact that the FBI has a well-organized efficient-going organization and any new successor group would necessarily take years in creating an organization such as the one presently operated by the FBI. I informed him that insofar as the Bureau was concerned, the decision is final and that you are perfectly willing to abide by the decision as made. I explained to him that you never solicited this type of work, but that you definitely did not initiate the decision whereby the Bureau was to be supplanted in Latin America by the Central Intelligence Group. Mr. Flack was extremely interested in any information possessed by the writer as to the detailed plan of operation contemplated by CIG in Latin America. I explained to him that the Bureau is not advised in detail as to CIG's plan of operation, that presumably they intended to be extremely secretive although they have indicated that they plan to take over offices within the Embassies, having requested our equipment, etc. Mr. Flack pointed out that both in Venezuela, where he previously served, and in La Paz, where he is now serving, the Office of the Legal Attache has definite diplomatic standing and that clearance was obtained during the war with appropriate officials of the Bolivian Government on a confidential basis. He pointed out that both the Venezuelan and Bolivian officials, police and otherwise, have come to know and respect the Legal Attache and other personnel in the Office of the Legal Attache. He voiced the opinion that with regard to the matter of police relations alone, the change over from FBI to CIG will mean a terrific loss to the United States Government and to the Embassy.

He repeatedly inquired as to what, if any, information was possessed by the writer as to the real, behind the scenes, reason for the decision. I explained to him the original setup of NIA and CIG insofar as was known to me and pointed out that apparently upon the advent of General Vandenberg as Director of CIG, after the resignation of Admiral Souers, General Vandenberg secured approval for his plan to set up his own independent organization. Mr. Flack repeatedly stated that he still has hope that the decision is not final and that it can be reversed.

He repeatedly expressed amazement that such a decision could have been reached in Washington on the basis of the facts known to every Ambassador

Mr. Tolson
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Mr. Clegg
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Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

and responsible Embassy official in Latin America without consultation in any way with such officials.

He mentioned his desire to call upon you personally when he is next in Washington and stated that he has for some time looked forward to a tour of the Bureau's facilities. He was told that you would be happy to see him at any time he might call provided you are in the City and it was suggested that he arrange an appointment upon his next visit. He was cordially invited to visit the Bureau for a tour at any time it might suit his convenience.

ACTION

Special Agent Keith Angell, the former Legal Attache, has already left Bolivia, he having departed on August 15, 1946, en route to the United States.

Mr. Flack is a new Ambassador. He is a State Department career man and will undoubtedly in the future receive more important posts in the diplomatic service. He is believed to be a very sincere admirer of you and of the Bureau. He has always proved cooperative and it is believed that he will continue to cooperate with the Bureau whenever the opportunity offers.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CHC:FA

COPY: FC

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: August 30, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: SIS OFFICES IN EL SALVADOR, HONDURAS AND HAITI

It will be recalled that we have informed our personnel in the SIS office in El Salvador, Honduras and Haiti that those offices will be closed as of September 30, 1946. The Legal Attache in El Salvador, Stanton Brown, is to remain there and close the office at that time. The Legal Attache in Honduras has already been recalled and has returned to the United States. We have only one representative there at the present time, Police Liaison Agent Clark D. Anderson, who has been instructed to bring his work to a conclusion by September 30, 1946. We had planned to close the office in Haiti in June but because of representations by the State Department we agreed to keep it open through September. Our representative there is Jack West.

We have informed the State Department of our plans to close these three offices by September 30, 1946. Originally, we had intended to advise the Central Intelligence Group of the closing of these three offices immediately after August 16, 1946, which was the date on which we closed the offices in the Dominican Republic and Costa Rica. However, in view of the controversy with the NIA as to the schedule to be followed in closing out our offices and turning over the responsibilities in the various countries to CIG, this was not done.

Actually, we are in a position of maintaining offices in three unimportant countries where the present and expected return to the Bureau do not measure up to the cost of maintaining them. Prior to the time we made the arrangements with the CIG for the turning over of our responsibilities to that organization, we had considered and intended to close out various of our offices in smaller and less important Latin American countries and to provide such coverage as proved necessary from neighboring countries. The countries under discussion were included in this category. Therefore, I think the only logical conclusion is that we should go ahead and close our offices regardless of the plans of the CIG.

ACTION:

Attached is a communication to CIG advising of our plans to close these three offices on September 30, 1946, and pointing out that this step is being taken because their maintenance is not justified from a financial standpoint.

Attachement

DVH:KK

57 OCT 3 1946

62-80750-197

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-1-97 BY SP5 [illegible]

New Pearl Harbor Field More Likely to Be Internal

Danger of Organized Fifth Column Crippling War Production Declared Greater Than Threat of External Attack

By Constantine Brown

A group of Congressmen visiting our Pacific defenses has issued a warning to the United States about the possibility of another Pearl Harbor.

In responsible military quarters in Europe, intelligence officers are on the alert for a possible "strike" message to the Red armies massed in fighting formation from Stettin to the Mediterranean in the same secret manner as the "winds message" which was Toyko's signal for the attack on Pearl Harbor.

However, those whose job it is to follow the Russian trends believe that Moscow is counting today principally on the "fifth column" in the United States to neutralize America, whose war potential she knows is still great.

There is a parallel and a difference between the situation in 1941 and in 1946. The parallel is that while the military in the United States expected a Japanese aggression, we continued to remain disarmed.

The difference is that the American Government had considered Japan as a potential enemy since the end of the World War when, on orders from President Wilson, we prevented the Tokyo war mongers from annexing Siberia and parts of China, including Shantung. Today, in spite of its toughening-up attitude toward Moscow's demands, the United States still cannot believe that the U. S. S. R., a country helped in every conceivable manner militarily and politically, would repay our assistance by unleashing another war, with this Nation as one of the immediate targets.

Reds Could Score at Start.

Ethical considerations are the basis for the hope of American diplomats and politicians that Russia will not behave in the same manner as the Japanese. Hard boiled and realistic Air, Army and Navy men still have some hopes for peace because they cannot imagine that Stalin and those who assist him can be so blind as not to realize that the inevitable ultimate defeat of the U. S. S. R. could bring about the collapse of their regime.

There is no question that at this time the Red Army is far better prepared than the combined forces of the western democracies. It is fully mobilized and has for the time being an overwhelming superiority over the Allied forces in Europe and in Asia. Although the Red armies do not possess the motorized equipment which the western forces considered essential for victory against the Axis, their strength is such that within a few weeks they could roll back the feeble American, British and French troops policing the

Mr. Gl
Mr. La
Mr. Rd
Mr. Tr
Mr. Eg
Mr. Gu
Mr. Ha
Mr. He
Mr. Jo
Mr. Pe
Mr. Qu
Mr. Ne
Miss G

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that he think it
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intelligence. Suc
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K.

62-807

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29 SEP 26 1946

EX-34

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ALL INFORMATION CONT
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DATE 4/7/97

SEP 8 1946

WASHINGTON STAR

Page C-1

56 OCT 4 1946

National Intelligence Authority

Russians could hike to the Channel within a short time after receiving the go-ahead signal from the Kremlin. They could roll Gen. J. R. Hodges' troops in Korea into the sea in a few days and could rout Chiang Kai-shek's forces and the Marines stationed in China soon after an offensive was ordered.

But initial successes are of little consequence. From September, 1939, to November, 1943, the Nazis were the unchallenged masters of Europe; yet they were defeated in the end.

Underground Groups Strong.

Russia's initial victories—should Stalin be blinded by his diplomatic successes and decide on a holy war against the western democracies—would be only temporary in the opinion of the best military minds in the United States.

Russia has managed, by its police state policies, to earn the enmity of all the nations in which she has placed satellite governments. There is an underground which many reliable observers consider more virulent and organized than that which existed during the Nazi regime in Poland, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia. In all these countries, where the Russians were received two years ago as liberators, there is a feeling of despair among the natives.

Men and women have taken to the mountains and the marshes and have organized themselves into bands called Chetniks, Hajducks, Comitadjis and many other names recalling the resistance movements of the old days. All these people have been under the yoke of the Turks, the Germans, the Austrians and the Russians for several centuries.

Although the methods of oppression of the U. S. S. R. are far more effective than those of the sultans, the czars or the emperors of the last centuries, the people in Eastern Europe and the Balkans are attempting to cope with the new regimes as best they can. For the time being they are opposing their masters by a passive resistance. But should the Soviet armies become engaged in another real war, there is no question that millions of men and women would become active and harass the Red Army's lines of communication. At the present they are poorly armed with only a few machine guns and rifles and a small amount of home-made ammunition.

In the event of a Russian aggression against the western world, they could be provided with the most up-to-date equipment, just as the Maquis and other "domestic secret armies" were equipped in the days when the Germans were conquerors.

The United States and Great Britain would require at least nine months before they could reorganize their demobilized forces, and particularly the aviation, which in the event of a conflict with the U. S. S. R. would play the most important role. But from that time on Russia's chances of winning the

Those American officials who are studying the Russian strategy at close quarters believe that the Moscow war-planners are relying on the ability of Communist-controlled union leaders to paralyze the American war effort. They are said to believe that in the event of an attempt of the United States to reply to force by force, the transport and communications unions would declare a strike which would block all military efforts of this country for a long time.

Politbureau Is Misled.

The true fact that the American people don't want to hear any more about the war and have shown a greater eagerness than any of the other war-weary countries to dismantle the Nation's military strength is being exaggerated, according to available reports in Moscow. The Politbureau listens with eagerness to the thousands of reports received from the intelligence services in the United States.

The employes of the Soviet intelligence are describing the situation in America as it appears to them on the surface. They transmit to headquarters reports about what the so-called "liberal press," the "liberal" radio commentators and the "liberal" politicians are saying. They inform Moscow about the growing feeling, intensified by a good propaganda among the people of this country, that Britain once more wants us to pull her chestnuts out of the fire.

They report that the overwhelming masses of American citizens are more interested in price regulations, the coming elections for Congress and the domestic difficulties due to slow reconversion rather than in Turkey, the future of Europe and China.

They are known to have elaborated on the vociferous demands of the American "liberal" groups to withdraw all American forces from China and eventually the Far East in order to avoid trouble. These intelligence agents tell their principals that the American people are looking for a theoretical peace and are willing to let things drift, provided the United Nations resembles, if only vaguely, the organization it was intended to be, and fundamentally nine-tenths of the Americans don't care a rap what is happening in the outside world.

Eyes on Transport

The agents call this "ism" an "isolationism" in describe America as rema world stage and providing t all kinds of supplies, but be to do anything drastic aga mined aggressive policy. T faire" of the American pe added the activities of th the "sensitive unions," ma have definite ties with the

The Communist party in States has been assigned a important role, particularly tion with the situation in t and communications systen

A wave of strikes is repor preparation for this fall. tant the sensitive unions denced from a circular of t committee which says: "A campaign must be undertake gandize soldiers to cause t fuse to obey any orders th ceive to intervene in any of t strikes or disorders incide strikes. Particular emphas laid on propaganda to ca to refuse actually to opera that are strike-bound, such a and communications."

The Russians are relying a fifth column in this countr about as well organized and the Nazi fifth column was in 1940.

There is little likelihood unexpected attack as we s Pearl Harbor. The developme last few months should have military defenses on guard.

It is highly unlikely tha uffer another sneak attack utside. The Pearl Harbor n ever, come from within.

SEP 8 1946

WASHINGTON STAR

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TAMM

DATE: September 30, 1946

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Miss Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Ambassador Corrigan of Venezuela called your office and wastransferred to me in your absence. He stated that he was most anxious for the Bureau to reconsider the question of letting Mr. Santoiana remain in Venezuela until after the elections. He stated that he felt very strongly about this matter, that he was familiar with the Bureau's position in world intelligence but that he considered it extremely urgent that Santoiana be kept there by reason of his contact and knowledge of the Communist element.

I, of course, explained to the Ambassador the Bureau's position and the fact that CIG was taking over this work and that therefore the Bureau had no other recourse but to withdraw Mr. Santoiana, who was needed on other domestic assignments.

Mr. Corrigan asked that his request be called to the Director's attention. He stated that he would be at the State Department the rest of this week in Room 195, Extension 2681.

62-80750-203

DML:da

RECORDED

56 OCT 7 - 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/8/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

Form 2205

PERSONAL HISTORY STATEMENT

Instructions:

1. Answer all questions *completely*. If question does not apply write "not applicable." Write "unknown" only if you do not know the answer and cannot obtain the answer from personal records. Use a separate sheet for extra details on *any* question or questions for which you do not have sufficient room.
2. Attach 2 recent passport size pictures to this form, date taken written on the back of each.
3. Type, print or write carefully; illegible or incomplete forms will *not* receive consideration.

HAVE YOU READ AND UNDERSTOOD THE INSTRUCTIONS? ..... (Yes or No)

SEC. 1. PERSONAL BACKGROUND

A. FULL NAME (Miss / Mr. / Mrs.) ..... TELEPHONE .....

PRESENT ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

LEGAL RESIDENCE ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

B. NICKNAME ..... ANY OTHER NAMES THAT YOU HAVE USED .....

.....UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES HAVE YOU EVER USED THESE NAMES? .....

HOW LONG? ..... IF A LEGAL CHANGE, GIVE PARTICULARS ..... (When)

..... (Where / By What Authority?) .....

C. DATE OF BIRTH ..... PLACE OF BIRTH ..... (City / State / Country)

RACIAL ORIGIN THROUGH MOTHER .....THROUGH FATHER .....

D. PRESENT CITIZENSHIP .....BY BIRTH? .....BY MARRIAGE?.....

BY NATURALIZATION CERTIFICATE #.....ISSUED.....BY..... (Date / Court)

AT ..... (City / State / Country)

HAVE YOU HAD A PREVIOUS NATIONALITY?.....WHAT? .....

HELD BETWEEN WHAT DATES? .....TO..... ..ANY OTHER NATIONALITY?.....

GIVE PARTICULARS: .....

.....

HAVE YOU TAKEN STEPS TO CHANGE PRESENT CITIZENSHIP?..... GIVE PARTICULARS:...

.....

E. LAST U.S. PASSPORT: NUMBER, DATE AND PLACE OF ISSUE .....

.....

HOW MANY OTHER U.S. PASSPORTS HAVE YOU HAD?..... GIVE APPROXIMATE DATES:

.....

PASSPORTS OF OTHER NATIONS? .....

F. IF BORN OUTSIDE U.S. WHEN DID YOU FIRST ARRIVE IN THIS COUNTRY? .....

PORT OF ENTRY? ..... ON PASSPORT OF WHAT COUNTRY? .....

LAST U.S. VISA ..... Number Type Place of Issue Date of Issue

SEC. 2. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION

AGE ..... SEX ..... HEIGHT ..... WEIGHT .....

EYES ..... HAIR ..... COMPLEXION ..... SCARS .....

BUILD ..... OTHER DISTINGUISHING FEATURES .....

SEC. 3. FATHER (Give the same information for Step-father and/or guardian on a separate sheet)

FULL NAME ..... First Middle Last

LIVING OR DECEASED ..... DATE OF DECEASE ..... CAUSE .....

PRESENT, OR LAST, ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

DATE OF BIRTH ..... PLACE OF BIRTH ..... City State Country

CITIZENSHIP ..... WHEN ACQUIRED? ..... WHERE? ..... City State Country

OCCUPATION ..... LAST EMPLOYER .....

EMPLOYER'S OR OWN BUSINESS ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

MILITARY SERVICE FROM ..... Date TO ..... Date BRANCH OF SERVICE .....

COUNTRY ..... DETAILS OF OTHER GOV'T SERVICE, U.S. OR FOREIGN

(663) .....

SEC. 4. MOTHER (Give the same information for Step-mother on a separate sheet)

FULL NAME ..... (First) (Maiden) (Last)

LIVING OR DECEASED ..... DATE OF DECEASE ..... CAUSE .....

PRESENT, OR LAST, ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

DATE OF BIRTH ..... PLACE OF BIRTH ..... (City) (State) (Country)

CITIZENSHIP ..... WHEN ACQUIRED? ..... WHERE? ..... (City) (State) (Country)

OCCUPATION ..... LAST EMPLOYER .....

EMPLOYER'S OR OWN BUSINESS ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

DETAILS OF GOV'T SERVICE, U.S. OR FOREIGN .....

SEC. 5. BROTHERS AND SISTERS (Including half-, step-, and adopted brothers and sisters)

FULL NAME ..... (First) (Middle) (Last)

PRESENT ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

FULL NAME ..... (First) (Middle) (Last)

PRESENT ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

FULL NAME ..... (First) (Middle) (Last)

PRESENT ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

SEC. 6. MARITAL STATUS

A. SINGLE ..... MARRIED ..... DIVORCED ..... WIDOWED .....

STATE DATE, PLACE AND REASON FOR SEPARATION OR DIVORCE .....

.....

B. WIFE OR HUSBAND (IF YOU HAVE BEEN MARRIED MORE THAN ONCE USE A SEPARATE SHEET FOR FORMER WIFE OR HUSBAND AND GIVE REQUIRED DATA FOR ALL PREVIOUS MARRIAGES)

PLACE & .....

NAME ..... (First) (Middle; (for wife, maiden) (Last) DATE OF MARRIAGE .....

(HER OR HIS) ADDRESS BEFORE MARRIAGE ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

LIVING OR DECEASED ..... DATE OF DECEASE ..... CAUSE .....

(663) PRESENT, OR LAST, ADDRESS ..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

SEC. 6. MARITAL STATUS (Cont'd)

DATE OF BIRTH..... PLACE OF BIRTH.. (City) (State) (Country)

RACIAL ORIGIN THROUGH FATHER..... THROUGH MOTHER .....

CITIZENSHIP..... WHEN ACQUIRED? ..... WHERE? ..... (City) (State) (Country)

OCCUPATION ..... LAST EMPLOYER .....

EMPLOYER'S OR OWN BUSINESS ADDRESS . (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

MILITARY SERVICE FROM ..... (Date) TO . (Date) BRANCH OF SERVICE .....

COUNTRY ..... DETAILS OF OTHER GOV'T. SERVICE, U.S. OR FOREIGN.....

.....

SEC. 7. FATHER-IN-LAW

FULL NAME..... (First) (Middle) (Last)

LIVING OR DECEASED..... DATE OF DECEASE .....

PRESENT, OR LAST, ADDRESS..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

RACIAL ORIGIN..... BIRTH ..... (Date) (City) (Country)

CITIZENSHIP..... WHEN ACQUIRED?..... WHERE? ..... (City) (State) (Country)

SEC. 8. MOTHER-IN-LAW

FULL NAME..... (First) (Maiden) (Last)

LIVING OR DECEASED..... DATE OF DECEASE .....

PRESENT, OR LAST, ADDRESS..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

RACIAL ORIGIN..... BIRTH..... (Date) (City) (Country)

CITIZENSHIP ..... WHEN ACQUIRED?..... WHERE? ..... (City) (State) (Country)

SEC. 9. CHILDREN OR DEPENDENTS (Include partial dependents)

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS..... (St. & No.) (City) (State) (Country)

SEC. 10. RELATIVES BY BLOOD, MARRIAGE OR ADOPTION, WHO LIVE ABROAD, ARE UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF A FOREIGN POWER ARE NOT CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES, OR ARE MARRIED TO NON-CITIZENS:

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

REASON FOR LISTING UNDER THIS QUESTION .....

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

REASON FOR LISTING UNDER THIS QUESTION .....

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

REASON FOR LISTING UNDER THIS QUESTION .....

SEC. 11. RELATIVES BY BLOOD OR MARRIAGE, IN MILITARY, NAVAL OR OTHER GOV'T SERVICE — U.S. OR FOREIGN:

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

TYPE AND LOCATION OF SERVICE (IF KNOWN) .....

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

TYPE AND LOCATION OF SERVICE (IF KNOWN) .....

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP ..... AGE .....

NATIONALITY ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State / Country)

TYPE AND LOCATION OF SERVICE (IF KNOWN) .....

SEC. 12. GIVE *FIVE* CHARACTER REFERENCES—IN THE U.S.—(Give business addresses where possible)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

(653)

SEC. 13. NAMES OF 5 PERSONS WHO KNOW YOU SOCIALLY IN THE UNITED STATES. NOT REFERENCES OR EMPLOYERS—(Give business addresses where possible)

1. NAME ..... ADDRESS: ..... (St. & No. / City / State)
2. NAME ..... ADDRESS: ..... (St. & No. / City / State)
3. NAME ..... ADDRESS: ..... (St. & No. / City / State)
4. NAME ..... ADDRESS: ..... (St. & No. / City / State)
5. NAME ..... ADDRESS: ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

SEC. 14. GIVE *THREE* NEIGHBORS AT YOUR LAST NORMAL RESIDENCE IN THE U.S.

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... (St. & No. / City / State)

SEC. 15. EDUCATION

SCHOOL: ..... ADDRESS ..... (City / State / Country)

DATES ATTENDED: ..... DEGREE .....

SCHOOL: ..... ADDRESS ..... (City / State / Country)

DATES ATTENDED: ..... DEGREE .....

COLLEGE: ..... ADDRESS ..... (City / State / Country)

DATES ATTENDED: ..... DEGREE .....

COLLEGE: ..... ADDRESS ..... (City / State / Country)

DATES ATTENDED: ..... DEGREE .....

SEC. 16. MILITARY, NAVAL OR OTHER GOV'T SERVICE — U.S. OR FOREIGN

..... (Country) ..... (Service) ..... (Rank) ..... (Dates)

..... (Last Station) ..... (Serial No.) ..... (Type of discharge) ..... (Com. Officer)

REMARKS: .....

.....

.....

SEC. 17. SELECTIVE SERVICE STATUS

CLASSIFICATION ..... ORDER NO. ..... APPROX. INDUCTION DATE .....

BOARD NO. ..... ADDRESS .....

IF DEFERRED, GIVE REASON .....

SEC. 18. HAVE YOU EVER BEEN DISCHARGED FROM ANY POSITION, OR LEFT UNDER CIRCUMSTANCES WHICH WERE NOT ENTIRELY FAVORABLE? PLEASE GIVE DETAILS:

.....

.....

SEC. 19. MISCELLANEOUS

DID YOU EVER HAVE OR DO YOU NOW HAVE MEMBERSHIP IN, OR SUPPORT, ANY POLITICAL PARTY OR ORGANIZATION WHICH ADVOCATES THE OVERTHROW OF OUR CONSTITUTIONAL FORM OF GOVERNMENT IN THE UNITED STATES? .....IF "YES," EXPLAIN: .....

.....

DO YOU USE, OR HAVE YOU USED INTOXICANTS? .....

.....

HAVE YOU EVER BEEN ARRESTED, INDICTED OR CONVICTED FOR ANY VIOLATION OF LAW OTHER THAN A MINOR TRAFFIC VIOLATION? IF SO, STATE NAME OF COURT, CITY, STATE, COUNTRY, NATURE OF OFFENSE AND DISPOSITION OF CASE .....

.....

.....

.....

SEC. 20. FINANCIAL BACKGROUND

ARE YOU ENTIRELY DEPENDENT ON YOUR SALARY? ..... IF NOT, STATE SOURCES OF OTHER INCOME .....

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF BANKS WITH WHICH YOU HAVE ACCOUNTS .....

.....

HAVE YOU EVER BEEN IN BANKRUPTCY? ..... GIVE PARTICULARS .....

.....

(663) .....

SEC. 20. FINANCIAL BACKGROUND (Cont'd)

GIVE *three* CREDIT REFERENCES — IN THE U.S.

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State

NAME: ..... ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State

SEC. 21. CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY OF EMPLOYMENT FOR PAST 10 YEARS. INCLUDE CASUAL EMPLOYMENT. INCLUDE ALSO PERIODS OF UNEMPLOYMENT. GIVE ADDRESS AND STATE WHAT YOU DID DURING PERIODS OF UNEMPLOYMENT. INCLUDE LAST 5 POSITIONS AND COVER AT LEAST 10 YEARS

EMPLOYER ..... TITLE OF JOB .....

ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

YOUR DUTIES AND SPECIALTY .....

KIND OF BUSINESS: ..... NAME OF SUPERVISOR .....

FROM: ..... TO: ..... SALARY $..... PER .....

REASONS FOR LEAVING .....

EMPLOYER ..... TITLE OF JOB .....

ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

YOUR DUTIES AND SPECIALTY .....

KIND OF BUSINESS: ..... NAME OF SUPERVISOR .....

FROM: ..... TO: ..... SALARY $..... PER .....

REASONS FOR LEAVING .....

EMPLOYER ..... TITLE OF JOB .....

ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

YOUR DUTIES AND SPECIALTY .....

KIND OF BUSINESS: ..... NAME OF SUPERVISOR .....

FROM: ..... TO: ..... SALARY $..... PER .....

REASONS FOR LEAVING .....

SEC. 21 CHRONOLOGICAL HISTORY (Cont'd)

EMPLOYER ..... TITLE OF JOB .....

ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

YOUR DUTIES AND SPECIALTY .....

KIND OF BUSINESS: ..... NAME OF SUPERVISOR .....

FROM: ..... TO: ..... SALARY $..... PER .....

REASONS FOR LEAVING .....

EMPLOYER ..... TITLE OF JOB .....

ADDRESS ..... St. & No. City State Country

YOUR DUTIES AND SPECIALTY .....

KIND OF BUSINESS: ..... NAME OF SUPERVISOR .....

FROM: ..... TO: ..... SALARY $..... PER .....

REASONS FOR LEAVING .....

SEC. 22. RESIDENCES FOR THE PAST TEN YEARS

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

..... St. & No. ..... City ..... State ..... Country FROM: ..... TO: .....

SEC. 23. RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES

..... City or Section ..... Country ..... Purpose ..... DATES ..... Month & Year ..... TO ..... Month & Year

..... City or Section ..... Country ..... Purpose ..... DATES ..... Month & Year ..... TO ..... Month & Year

SEC. 23 RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL (Cont'd)

City or Section	Country	Purpose	DATES Month & Year	TO Month & Year
City or Section	Country	Purpose	DATES Month & Year	TO Month & Year
City or Section	Country	Purpose	DATES Month & Year	TO Month & Year
City or Section	Country	Purpose	DATES Month & Year	TO Month & Year

SEC. 24. CLUBS, SOCIETIES AND OTHER ORGANIZATIONS

LIST NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF ALL CLUBS, SOCIETIES, LABOR UNIONS, PROFESSIONAL SOCIETIES, EMPLOYEE GROUPS, ORGANIZATIONS OF ANY KIND (INCLUDE MEMBERSHIP IN OR SUPPORT OF ANY ORGANIZATION HAVING HEADQUARTERS OR BRANCH IN A FOREIGN COUNTRY) TO WHICH YOU HAVE BELONGED:

Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country
Name	St. & No.	City	State	Country

SEC. 25. RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION

CHURCH OF ATTENDANCE .....

ADDRESS ..... NAME OF MINISTER OR PRIEST .....

SEC. 26. GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

A. FOREIGN LANGUAGES (STATE DEGREE OR PROFICIENCY AS "SLIGHT" "FAIR" OR "FLUENT")

LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ ..... WRITE .....

LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ ..... WRITE .....

LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ ..... WRITE .....

LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ ..... WRITE .....

LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ ..... WRITE .....

 WRITE ..... LANGUAGE ..... SPEAK ..... READ .....

SEC. 26 GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS (Cont'd)

B. HAVE YOU ANY SPECIAL KNOWLEDGE OR TRAINING WITH RESPECT TO:

MOTOR VEHICLES? ..... AIRPLANES? ..... RADIO? .....

GIVE PARTICULARS .....

.....

.....

C. LIST *all* SPORTS AND HOBBIES WHICH INTEREST YOU; INDICATE DEGREE OF PROFICIENCY IN EACH.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

D. HAVE YOU ANY QUALIFICATIONS, AS A RESULT OF TRAINING OR EXPERIENCE, WHICH MIGHT FIT YOU FOR A PARTICULAR POSITION?

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

SEC. 27. PERSON TO BE NOTIFIED IN CASE OF EMERGENCY:

NAME ..... RELATIONSHIP .....

ADDRESS .....
St. & No. City State Country

SEC. 28. YOU ARE INFORMED THAT THE CORRECTNESS OF ALL STATEMENTS MADE HEREIN WILL BE INVESTIGATED, AND YOU ARE INVITED TO MAKE ANY CHANGES (OR ADDITIONS) IN YOUR STATEMENTS THAT YOU MAY THINK ADVISABLE.

A. ARE THERE ANY UNFAVORABLE INCIDENTS IN YOUR LIFE NOT MENTIONED ABOVE WHICH MAY BE DISCOVERED IN SUBSEQUENT INVESTIGATION, WHETHER YOU WERE DIRECTLY INVOLVED OR NOT, WHICH MIGHT REQUIRE EXPLANATION? IF SO, DESCRIBE. IF NOT, ANSWER, "NO."

.....

.....

.....

B. I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING ANSWERS ARE TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, AND I AGREE THAT ANY MISSTATEMENT OR OMISSION AS TO A MATERIAL FACT WILL CONSTITUTE GROUNDS FOR IMMEDIATE DISMISSAL.

SIGNED AT .... DATE .....
City and State

.....
Witness

.....
Signature of applicant

Applicant will not write below

COMMENTS OF INTERVIEWER: .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

SIGNATURE OF INTERVIEWER .....

INVESTIGATION REQUESTED BY .....
Originating Official

(663) DATE .....

September 11, 1946

REACTION OF UNITED STATES AMBASSADORS TO THE TAKING OVER BY THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP OF INTELLIGENCE COVERAGE IN LATIN AMERICA

The United States Ambassadors in Latin America have expressed extreme apprehension in connection with the current plans to replace and supplant FBI intelligence operations in Latin America with the CIG organization. The Ambassadors have based their concern and opposition to this change on the fact that the FBI has securely established itself over a period of years in Latin America, is performing a good job, and any change will result in loss of efficiency and smoothness in operation due to the inexperience of the new organization. The oldest in point of service and most experienced Ambassadors, such as Ambassadors Walter Thurston in Mexico, Frank P. Corrigan in Venezuela, Claude G. Bowers in Chile, John C. Wiley in Colombia, and George S. Messersmith in Argentina, have been especially outspoken in their opposition to the change because of the above-stated reasons and have also stated that cessation of FBI operations would have a seriously detrimental effect on the work of each United States Embassy due to the loss of important information that is inevitable incidental to a new agency establishing itself in the intelligence field. These Ambassadors have stated that the Central Intelligence Group could not hope to attain the level of efficiency and productiveness accomplished by the FBI in less than several years, if ever.

EX-6

RECORDED 62-80750-206

Such Ambassadors as Joseph Flack of Bolivia, Robert M. Scotten of Ecuador, Willard L. Beaulac of Paraguay, William D. Pawley of Brazil, Wiley of Colombia, and Bowers of Chile expressed amazement and concern that such a radical change, which would gravely affect their work, should be made without consultation with the United States Ambassadors who, due to their experience in this field and their necessary reliance on such work, should have been consulted.

All of the Ambassadors have remarked upon the extreme importance of coordination by the United States intelligence agency with the Embassy and have pointed out that the FBI has cooperated most effectively in this regard. They all expressed opposition to any change because a new agency, they felt, would not be inclined to the same cooperation with the Ambassador and the Embassy generally. Several of the Ambassadors pointed out that they had originally opposed the FBI or any other organization entering into the foreign intelligence field, particularly by utilizing Embassy facilities,

Tolson
Clayton
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Garbo
Lindon
Harrington
Ring Tam
Case
Handy

53 OCT 14 1946

4/8/97

but that the outstanding success of the FBI in effecting close cooperation with the Embassy to the mutual benefit of all concerned had convinced them that the FBI was essential and was the only agency which could successfully operate in the foreign intelligence field to the satisfaction of all concerned.

A number of the Ambassadors expressed apprehension as to possible danger of embarrassment because of resentment of local governments concerning any change in connection with the intelligence interests of the United States Government. The Ambassadors pointed out that practically all of the Latin American countries have given some kind of clearance to the work that is now being performed and that no embarrassment has ever resulted during the several years of operation by the FBI. The Ambassadors, particularly Scotten in Ecuador, Edwin Kyle in Guatemala, R. Henry Norweb in Cuba, Thurston in Mexico, Corrigan in Venezuela, Pawley in Brazil, Bowers in Chile, and Beaulac in Paraguay, have expressed a high degree of satisfaction with the police liaison arrangements which have been openly arranged with Latin American authorities by the FBI. Such police liaison arrangements have been effected with a majority of the Latin American countries. The Ambassadors are particularly interested in the FBI maintaining this police liaison as a part of the general intelligence program of the United States Government due to the importance of counterintelligence which can be most effectively handled through such arrangements. The Ambassadors were concerned that the new Central Intelligence Agency would probably not be able to effect such arrangements or to operate in cooperation with the local governments and, therefore, must necessarily operate completely clandestine and under cover with the resultant loss of efficiency and productiveness and the constant hazard of embarrassment to the United States Government through discovery of their activities.

Ambassador Beaulac of Paraguay and Counselor Hugh Millard of the Chilean Embassy both vigorously opposed the change from the FBI to the CIG because of their experience with the Office of Strategic Services in the Iberian Peninsula during the war as contrasted to their experience with the FBI in Latin America. They felt that the new organization, that is the Central Intelligence Group, would operate similarly to the Office of Strategic Services with a resultant loss in efficiency and necessary embarrassing incidents, as well as having a non-cooperative attitude towards the Ambassador and the Embassy.

Ambassadors Norweb in Cuba, Messersmith in Argentina, Pawley in Brazil, and Bowers in Chile have expressed themselves as being particularly opposed to the new Central Intelligence Group because they feel this organization cannot help but be dominated by the United States Army. They pointed out that this would be most undesirable, particularly in Latin America where the type of intelligence desired and available is not along the lines of military secrets but along the lines of subversive activities, such as coverage of Communist and other groups which are potentially, if not actively, dangerous to the interests of the United States Government.

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Miss Gandy

V.P.KEAY:mrl

COPY: FC

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

August 9, 1946

Director, FBI

I have been advised by Mr. Tamm of his discussion today with you relative to the letter addressed to you under date of August 8th and bearing the signatures of Messrs. Patterson, Acheson and Sullivan and Admiral Leahy, relative to the transfer of the intelligence functions performed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Latin America to the Central Intelligence Group. I am addressing to you separately today a memorandum outlining in detail the developments with reference to this situation since the Central Intelligence Authority obtained a Presidential directive establishing itself as an operating unit in the collection of intelligence information, and General Vandenberg, pursuant to that directive, indicated his desire to take over the coverage of Latin American intelligence. Mr. Tamm has advised me of your desire to agree to the tentative schedule for the transfer of intelligence functions to CIG in so far as it is practicable and possible, in view of your feeling that the President has undoubtedly approved the attached action recommended by Mr. Patterson and the co-signers representing the State and Navy Departments and the White House.

It is noted that this schedule proposes that the Central Intelligence Group will take over the coverage of designated Latin American countries on February 15, 1947, will take over a second group on April 1, 1947 and the balance of the Latin-American countries on May 15, 1947. If you insist on my complying with this schedule, I will, of course, have no alternative but to agree to it. I desire to point out to you, however, that I had anticipated insisting with General Vandenberg that the Central Intelligence Group take over the first group of offices on September 15, 1946, a second group on November 1, 1946, and the balance of the Latin American offices on January 1, 1947. I contemplated this action in order, first, to return to the domestic service of the FBI as promptly as possible the experienced Bureau Agents who have been operating the intelligence service in South America. It is unnecessary for me to point out to you again the dire need which the Bureau has at this time for special Agents, and I feel that since the Central Intelligence Group desired to take over the Latin American coverage, the sooner the Bureau Agents returned to their domestic duties, the better off the Bureau will be.

Since my representatives in Latin America know of the contemplated program of General Vandenberg -- the State Department has already advised all of its Latin American Ambassadors of the proposed CIG program -- it is a matter of considerable difficulty to keep the interest of the Bureau personnel in Latin America at an efficient level.

EAT:DS

OCT 23 1946

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Since these men know that their assignments as intelligence agents in South America will shortly terminate, they rapidly, as a matter of human nature, lose interest in a job which they consider is now finished and their interests naturally turn to their new assignments and responsibilities in the United States. I feel, consequently, that the quality of the Bureau's performance in Latin America will probably decline because of the diminishing interest on the part of Bureau Agents in these assignments. I think that in the interest of efficiency it is highly desirable to transfer these men to their new duties and the duties in which their interest will now lie as soon as possible. I think, conversely, it is highly desirable, since the CIG desires to go into the Latin American field, that they take over their responsibilites as soon as possible.

A third element which enters into a decision upon this subject is the fact that undoubtedly, and despite their assurances to the contrary, the Central Intelligence Group, will definitely endeavor to proselyte Bureau personnel presently serving upon intelligence assignments. The Bureau's representatives in the Latin American field are men of outstanding qualifications with exceptional backgrounds and they have performed very meritorious service in the Latin American Field. It is logical to assume that the Central Intelligence Group will endeavor to secure the services of these people. I feel that the sooner the Bureau brings these people back to the United States, the less danger there is of the Bureau's losing the services of experienced personnel, which it so vitally requires in the domestic field at the present time.

I do not believe that the General Vandenberg group can contend that they are unable to take over the Latin American intelligence duties until next year because of their inability to obtain personnel. Certainly when the Bureau was instructed to establish a Latin American intelligence service, no latitude was allowed for any extended period of personnel recruitment and the Bureau virtually overnight placed in the Latin American countries an operating, efficient intelligence service.

[redacted] b3

CGSY:FC

Memorandum for the Attorney General



b3

I feel, consequently, that the Central Intelligence Group should be required to take over the Latin American intelligence in three stages -- taking over the first group of offices in their proposed schedule on September 15, 1946, the second group on November 1, 1946, and the final group on January 1, 1947. While I, of course, will do whatever you desire in this situation, I do want you to know that I feel very strongly that the Central Intelligence Group, having sought the coverage of intelligence in the Latin American field, should be required to assume promptly the responsibility for this coverage.

I am returning herewith the original letter addressed to you by Messrs. Patterson, Acheson, Sullivan and Leahy and the attachment referred to therein.

Attachment

COPY:FC

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR DATE: August 23, 1946

FROM : C. H. CARSON

SUBJECT: INTERVIEW WITH GEORGE S. MESSERSMITH
UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR TO ARGENTINA

Upon the occasion of my recent visit to Argentina, I interviewed the United States Ambassador, George S. Messersmith, on August 8, 1946. I explained to him very carefully the Bureau's position with regard to the current foreign intelligence situation and the fact that the Bureau is being supplanted in this work in Latin America by the Central Intelligence Group under General Vandenberg.

Mr. Messersmith was very cordial. He asked to be remembered to you and to Mr. Tamm. He stated that he has been previously advised of the CIG plan and that he definitely does not agree with the plan and is going to take appropriate steps to see that it is changed. He inquired as to the writer's opinion concerning the finality of the decision with regard to CIG operations in Latin America and I told him that so far as you and the Bureau is concerned it is final and that the Bureau is taking the necessary steps to withdraw and turn the work over to CIG. He was told that efforts are being made and negotiations are presently underway with CIG to effect an agreement of turning over the work to CIG on a mutually agreeable basis.

RECORDED 162-80750-213

Mr. Messersmith expressed keen interest in the organizational setup and the plan of operations contemplated by CIG. I explained to him the Bureau's limited knowledge concerning this situation. He inquired as to whether it was "just another Army brass hat affair". I told him that I did not know although it was, of course, mentioned during our discussion that General Vandenberg was the former head of G-2 and that General Vandenberg does have a large percentage of Army officers assigned to the organization of the project. I told him that so far as I knew, the CIG purports to be a civilian agency. Mr. Messersmith voiced the very definite opinion that it is just another Army scheme and that while he would be opposed to any group taking over and changing the present setup as operated by the FBI, he definitely is not going to stand for any Army "brass hat" interference in intelligence matters in Argentina. He repeated a number of times, "I simply will not stand for it." He, of course, went into his usual discourse as to the amount of influence possessed by Messersmith in Washington and the fact that he will use such influence to get his decision changed. I explained to him very carefully that you had never solicited the SIS work and that you are entirely agreeable to quick and prompt compliance with the decision whereby CIG is to take over. I explained to him the extreme difficulty and delicacy of our position in handling any of the work in Latin America at present after we know absolutely we are withdrawing within a very short period of time, explaining that there will undoubtedly be loss of efficiency, etc. due to our complete inability to make the necessary plans, commitments, etc. for the continuance of the work.

I pointed out to Mr. Messersmith that the Bureau is not advised as to the methods, procedures, etc. that CIG might desire to use when they take over,

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DATE 4-4-97 BY SP2 ALM/NS

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although they have definitely indicated an intention of working in the American Embassy abroad. Mr. Messersmith remarked that he will not permit this group to operate in his Embassy in Argentina.

He was unusually warm in his praise of the work of the FBI, both in Mexico, where he formerly served, and in Argentina. He mentioned Special Agent Heber Clegg, who is presently handling our work in Argentina under the title of Special Assistant to the Ambassador, very favorably and was extremely high in his praise as to the manner in which the work is being handled. He remarked that upon the very day of the interview, he had just been advised by the Office of Mr. Clegg concerning the resignation of an important Argentine Government official and the real, behind the scenes, reason for such resignation. Mr. Messermsith was frankly amazed that this information had been obtained by our Office and reported to him prior to its being announced or prior to the information being available to any other Embassy source or official. He stated that the information was highly important to him inasmuch as the government official involved had in the past showed some signs of being hostile to Mr. Messersmith personally. He inquired as to whether the Bureau intended to leave Mr. Clegg and the other personnel presently assigned in Argentina there until the end of the fiscal year. I again attempted to explain to him that we are negotiating with CIG as to a mutually convenient date whereby CIG can take over the work, thus permitting the Bureau to completely withdraw its personnel from each and every office in Latin America. I explained to him that the Bureau, of course, because of the very unsound and illogical situation of us continuing for any appreciable length of time when we know that CIG is going to take over permanently, is attempting to reach an agreement with CIG for a very prompt date upon which they will take over the work in Argentina and permit us to withdraw.

Mr. Messersmith remarked with some asperity that neither CIG nor anyone else is going to take over any intelligence work in the Argentine Embassy "without my having something to say about it". I explained to him that so far as the Bureau knows, CIG is presumably negotiating with the State Department in Washington concerning their entering the Embassies and Consulates abroad to carry on the intelligence work. Mr. Messersmith again indicated that he did not contemplate the CIG or anyone else entering his Embassy in Argentina to carry on intelligence work for which reason he was very much concerned as to how long the FBI could continue to handle the work in Argentina. I explained to him that we were presently negotiating this point with CIG and the State Department, but that we were attempting to withdraw entirely at the earliest possible date. He agreed to the logic of the Bureau's position of withdrawing as soon as possible provided that we have to withdraw at all, and he finally said, "I would like for you to tell Mr. Hoover that I will personally appreciate his continuing the work here as long as he feels that he can". He also requested me to thank you personally for the way in which the new setup under Special Agent Heber Clegg was arranged in Argentina at the time of his advent as Ambassador. It will be recalled that the Bureau upon the suggestion of Messersmith changed our title

and the key personnel in the Office who had become identified with the former Legal Attache's Office.

Mr. Messersmith then indicated that you and the Bureau had appreicated the difficulty of his position in entering Argentina under the circumstances of the peculiar situation there at the time of his advent apparently better than many officials of the State Department in Washington. He then proceeded to outline to me the fact that he had been requested personally by Mr. Truman, the President, and by Secretary of State Byrnes to come to Argentina as Ambassador in view of the very difficult and delicate situation existing because of the long-time animosity with the Peron regime and thatfact that Peron had just been elected President of Argentina by a tremendous and decisive majority. He added that Mr. Braden, the Assistant Secretary of State, had jointed in this request and had enthusiastically endorsed Messrsmith's position to the effect that he would be willing to undertake the assignment on the basis of his using his best judgment, etc. during the tenure of his ambassadorship in Argentina. He advised that Mr. Braden is not now supporting Messersmith or the latter's position in Argentina. He went on to state that Mr. Braden is circulating false and erroneous accusations to the effect that Messersmith has "sold-out" to the Peron regime and to pro-Peron interests, including pro-Peron American interests. After repeating a number of times a statement "I will not stand for this", he added his own opinion to the effect that Braden is jealous of the success which he anticipates that he, Messersmith, will have in working out things in Argentina in a beneficial and advantageous manner to the United States as contrasted with the complete lack of success enjoyed by Mr. Braden, the former Ambassador. He reiterated a number of denials that he has "sold-out" to anybody or that he has in any way ycielded to pleasure, etc. He intimated that his policy and procedure in Argentina is different than the one pursued by Braden and expressed confidence that he will obtain desirable and satisfactory results. While Messersmith did not so state, it is obvious that he is working along the general line of effecting an agreement and "modus vivendi" with Peron and the Argentine Government. While there is no evidence whatsoever available to our office in Argentina that he has "sold-out" or anything of the kind, it is obvious that he is working toward an amicable basis of doing business with Argentina in the future. It is possible that Mr. Braden and certain of his supporters within the State Department do feel that any agreement or rapprochement with Peron's Government at all constitutes a betrayal of the original United States' position to the effect that Peron's Government is Fascist for which reason no friendly relationship should ever be reached with it. It is believed that Messersmith is shrewd enough to realize that the majority of American public opinion, the most influential sections of the American press and the American Congress favor some kind of an agreement whereby the United States can do business with Argentina.

He specifically requested that I keep this conversation entirely and completely confidential. I assure him, of course, that I would keep the discussion confidential, but stated that I did think that you should be advised for your background information. Mr. Messersmith agreed that you should be advised and suggested that this be done. This information was previously

furnished to the Bureau by radiogram. Special Agent Heber Clegg was, of course, advised for his own confidential information.

ACTION

It is believed that Messersmith is still Messersmith. It is difficult to say how sincere he is in his present protestations of friendship and admiration for the FBI. I think that he does appreciate the value of our work both in Mexico and also in Argentina. I think that he is also sincere in opposing the advent of the Central Intelligence Group. I think that he will continue to oppose this idea particularly in so far as any work they might do in Argentina or wherever he might be Ambassador.

CHC:FA

October 8, 1946

RECORDED 62-80750-214

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable George E. Allen
Director
Reconstruction Finance Corporation
Washington, D. C.

Dear George:

I thought that the following information might well be of interest to the President and to you.

[redacted]

b3

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
RECEIVED
OCT 9 - 1946 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Sizoo
Andy

OCT 17 1946

CONFIDENTIAL - AIR POUCH

Date: October 9, 1946

To: Civil Attache
Mexico, D. F.

From: Director, FBI

Subject: Central Intelligence Group

Reference is made to Bureau cablegram dated September 6, 1946, concerning a story in "Inter-American Magazine" setting forth that an undercover operative of CIG had entered Guadalajara as a wine salesman.

You are instructed to immediately advise the Bureau concerning information obtained by you as to the incident referred to in reference cable.

VPK:mrl

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
OCT 10 1946 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
OCT 17 1946

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

RECORDED 62-80750-216
F B I
58 OCT 17 1946

THE DIRECTOR

OCTOBER 2, 1946

D. M. LADD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-18-91 [illegible]

ARTICLE APPEARING IN LIFE MAGAZINE, SEPTEMBER 30, 1946, ENTITLED "INTELLIGENCE KEY TO DEFENSE" BY WILLIAM J. DONOVAN

An article appeared in Life Magazine on September 30, 1946, entitled "Intelligence Key to Defense" by William J. Donovan. This article essentially attempts to establish that we had no successful intelligence of any kind prior to World War II; the establishment of the CIG-NIA setup completely fails to solve the problem since it perpetuates past defects; the OSS setup was highly successful through the war; and a new super-agency proposed by Donovan with an all-powerful Director completely controlling intelligence and with an independent budget is the only solution to the intelligence program.

The Article

Donovan starts his article by pointing out the necessity for accurate information in order that the United States may be protected against its enemies. He states: "Our hope for peace depends upon our foreign policy and to determine that policy we must test the facts which bear upon the economic, spiritual, and political factors involved. This being so, common sense dictates that we do two things. First, we must at all times know what is going on in the world. Second, we must never again—in General Marshall's phrase—slump so far in our 'military posture' as to encourage another nation in the belief the U.S. can be defeated in war." Donovan points out that Russia through the N.K.V.D. operates espionage on a mass basis and that British and French intelligence are built around a small number of highly trained specialists. He quotes from the Royal Commission report on the Canadian-Soviet espionage case and states that the prime object of the N.K.V.D. in Canada was to steal the formula for the atomic bomb, as well as other secrets. He concludes, "It is a fair assumption that whatever the N.K.V.D. did or is doing in Canada was done and is being done here." The article states that the United States no longer has the protection of the oceans, and a substitute defense must be developed. One method of defense would be a huge military establishment, which would be ruinous to the country, but the alternative which is cheaper and "more congenial to our institutions" is intelligence.

Donovan states that an intelligence service "with a skilled and trained group of scholars and experts" could be of the greatest assistance in reaching the right decisions at the right time. He then states that we do not have such an intelligence service now. He points out that we do have a new organization called the National Intelligence Authority which is supposed to take the place of OSS, "But it is my (Donovan's) considered opinion that the new agency, though outwardly different from the mechanism in use before the war, perpetuates some of its worse defects and is no safeguard at all."

The article states, "There were not even the glimmerings of a counter-espionage system to check on the foreign agents seeking entrance to our country"

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
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Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

RECORDED 62-80750-217

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prior to World War II and we had only the conventional intelligence service of the Departments of State, War, and Navy. Not only did we lack any intelligence organization, but, according to Donovan, what intelligence we received was not put to proper use. Donovan then describes how he watched the German 88-mm. gun operate in the Spanish War, which he reported to General Malin Craig, then Chief of Staff of the United States, but this information was never given to General Marshall and we were completely surprised in World War II by the performance of the German 88-mm. gun. It is stated that in 1941, scattered through the various government departments were documents, memoranda, and reports which, if properly brought together, would have given the United States leaders the needed insight and knowledge concerning the potentials of the Axis powers. Predicated upon such a state of disorganization, the task of organizing OSS was begun and Donovan concluded that it made no sense to try to coordinate the various intelligence agencies already existing, but that it would be necessary to set up a new, independent agency.

The article then describes the OSS organization briefly, pointing out that information was gathered and research specialists trained in various scientific fields interpreted it. The strategic information thus obtained was the raw material upon which the President and his military and political advisors formed their operational decisions. He states, "The heart of American wartime intelligence was a collection of highly implausible 'operators'--scholars and research men, economists, engineers, experts on European labor movements, historians, linguists, anthropologists and sociologists learned in the lore of strategic regions." Two instances were set forth showing the application of this strategic intelligence, one relating to predictions that the German food position would force her early collapse, which prediction was disagreed with by the OSS experts, and the other a prediction that German combat manpower would be most unlikely to limit German capabilities, with which the OSS experts were also in disagreement. In both instances it turned out that the OSS experts were correct. There follows a description of numerous wartime exploits of OSS operators involving dropping by parachute in enemy territory, setting up of a clandestine radio network in Germany, etc., which illustrations of course apply entirely to wartime intelligence.

Donovan concludes his article by pointing out that a year ago the OSS organization was broken up and replaced by the Central Intelligence Group, and he describes briefly the setup of the National Intelligence Authority and the Central Intelligence Group. He states, "There has emerged a makeshift intelligence service, honoring in the breach every principle learned so painfully under fire." He then sets out the precepts upon which an American intelligence agency should be based, which are as follows:

(1) Independence--Independence of all departments of the government, but not restricting the activities of G-2, Naval Intelligence and the State Department, which should assemble information for their own needs.

(2) Direction--An advisory board of the Secretaries of State, War, and Navy.

Mr. Tolson
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Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

(3) Coordination and Analysis of Information--Collection of information from all other agencies and evaluating and interpreting it in the form of strategic studies.

(4) Personnel--Staff of specialists with linguistic ompetence and regional knowledge, using active or retired officers in the diplomatic, military, and naval circles who are qualified. It is pointed out that foreign-born experts should be used, but that the present intelligence setup shies away from these people in error.

(5) Wartime Operations--Central agency must have sole authority as to the conduct of morale, psychological, counterespionage and special operations in enemy or enemy-occupied territory.

(6) Administration--A civilian director appointed by the President and an independent congressional budget.

(7) Limitation--separation of law enforcement and intelligence. Donovan states the agency must not be allowed to become a Gestapo and it should be limited by law to gathering intelligence information abroad.

(8) Security--Its own system of codes and facilities for communication.

(9) Wartime control--During war or unlimited emergencies the agency should be coordinated with various military forces under the immediate command of the joint chiefs of staff.

The final point made in the article is that the agreement between President Roosevelt and Stalin regarding Russia's entry into the Pacific War was based on information that the Japanese had 750,000 troops in Manchuria. This estimate was entirely wrong (a failure of intelligence) and, therefore, Mr. Roosevelt bid too high for Russian help. The reason the intelligence information was wrong was that by agreement with Chiang Kai-shek (according to Donovan), we did not have a single American agent in China. It is stated, "The consequences of Yalta will remain with us. To avoid such blunders in the future, our only hope is the kind of intelligence service we built at so heavy a cost--and junked." (OSS?)

Comment

The precepts laid down by Donovan for the establishment of a U. S. intelligence service are essentially the same as the plan he previously prepared for President Roosevelt, that is a separate, independent agency, all powerful in the intelligence field, with an independent budget and Director reporting directly to the President. The weaknesses, of course, are evident, that is the creation of an agency to do the job in accordance with Donovan's concept would involve a colossal, expensive superstructure which, by its sheer size, could not preserve the necessary secrecy; it

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Miss Gandy

would be in conflict with the regular agencies of the government in their statutory duties; and it would create a grave hazard as one agency would be entrusted with the collection, evaluation, and dissemination of all intelligence, subject to unavoidable bias and coloration. The latter is particularly important in view of the type of people Donovan proposes to employ, especially "foreign-born experts."

It will be recalled that the joint chiefs of staff submitted a plan for a central intelligence agency at the time Donovan presented his plan to President Roosevelt in which they proposed a very similar structure to that proposed by Donovan except that a board composed of the Secretaries of State, War and Navy and the Chief of Staff to the President was to be responsible for the overall intelligence organization. This board was to create the central intelligence agency which was to be headed by a Director appointed by the President and recommended by the Board, but the central intelligence agency would actually be controlled by the board. Under Donovan's plan, of course, the Director of the central intelligence agency would be all-powerful and he would be merely advised by the Secretaries of State, War, and Navy. The net result of both the JIC plan and the Donovan plan would be the same, that is a colossal, superstructure, all powerful, involving a huge setup with heavy expense, together with considerable duplication and conflict with the work of other governmental agencies.

The new Central Intelligence Group as set up by President Truman resembles, of course, both the old Donovan and the JIC plans inasmuch as they were both essentially the same, but it carries the concept of the JIC plan in that the National Intelligence Authority is a top governing authority rather than the Director of the CIG. It does not have the independent budget proposed by Donovan, but Vandenberg is trying to get it. The original directive of President Truman, of course, originally set up the CIG-NIA as a solely coordinating group, but the directive of the NIA setting up the Central Intelligence Group as a world-wide field operational agency essentially constitutes the new setup as Donovan and the joint chiefs of staff originally conceived it.

Donovan's article, when carefully read, reveals his concepts of intelligence are based chiefly on wartime operations and certainly the examples he uses of the successful OSS operations are solely wartime military exploits, such as operations behind the enemies' lines instituted by the use of parachutes, etc.

The Bureau is not mentioned in the article. There are a couple of statements, however, that could apply to the Bureau. Donovan stated that before the war there was no intelligence agency which was responsible for protecting the security of the United States by checking on foreign agents seeking entrance into our country. He also stated that what the Russians did in Canada was done and is being done here. In his precepts for a successful intelligence agency, he is careful to point out that law enforcement and intelligence should be entirely separate, obviously referring to the Bureau.

Mr. A. H. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. VPW:mrl
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

September 19, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Honorable William D. Pawley
United States Ambassador to Brazil
Department of State
Washington, D. C.

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/Alm/mg
ON 4/8/97

My dear Mr. Ambassador:

I wish to acknowledge receipt of your letter dated August 29, 1946, in which you refer to a conversation with Mr. C. H. Carson of this Bureau concerning the contemplated early withdrawal of FBI representatives from Latin America and the taking over of the work by Central Intelligence Group representatives under the direction of General Vandenberg. Mr. Carson had previously advised me with regard to his conversation with you.

As you are aware, this Bureau is presently negotiating with the appropriate officials of the Central Intelligence Group, including General Vandenberg, and with the State Department concerning the necessary details as to the withdrawal of FBI representatives and the supplanting and replacing of same with CIG representatives in order that there will be a minimum amount of loss in intelligence coverage. I am sure that you realize that it is distinctly the decision and the desire of the appropriate officials of the United States Government that this Bureau discontinue its work in Latin America and withdraw from this field. The decision to withdraw from the work in Latin America was definitely not the decision of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, although, as you are also aware, the Federal Bureau of Investigation did not seek the responsibility for this work when it was initially undertaken. The Federal Bureau of Investigation initiated its program of intelligence coverage in Latin America upon the specific instructions of the late President Roosevelt. It is my understanding that it is the desire of the Cabinet members comprising the National Intelligence Authority and the members of the Central Intelligence Group to replace the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Latin America with an organization to be established and controlled by the Central Intelligence Group in order to insure greater efficiency and better coverage, which the sponsors of this organization feel they will be able to

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EAT:DS

Communications Section
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achieve. The transfer of the responsibilities for Latin American coverage from the FBI to CIG has, I am informed, the approval of President Truman.

I agree with you wholeheartedly, of course, with regard to the importance of the work and its tremendous value to the United States Government at this time. As indicated above, however, I am forced to conclude that the officials of the NIA and the CIG are of the opinion that greater efficiency can be obtained by our withdrawal and by utilizing a new organization under the direct control of CIG, which position, I am advised, is supported by the President. I am not fully advised as to the plans of the CIG with regard to future personnel. However, as you doubtless realize, the Federal Bureau of Investigation has a very great and pressing need for all of its personnel, including that presently serving abroad, within the United States at the present time. Our responsibilities and work in the domestic field have increased in some very important respects, including certain phases of intelligence work, since the end of hostilities in Europe and Asia, for which reason we are in somewhat desperate need of all the experienced personnel available. The Bureau is shortly to be assigned the responsibility for all investigative work relating to the atomic power and atomic bomb project, which responsibility will necessitate the handling of many thousands of new investigations. The personnel presently being used by the Bureau in the Latin American field was originally trained for performance of the Bureau's domestic work. When former President Roosevelt assigned the Latin American project to the Bureau, these men were given special training for their foreign assignments, but as I have indicated, their basic training was to perform the domestic responsibilities of the Bureau. These men were trained at the cost of the FBI for the purpose of doing the FBI's work and I believe, in the light of the additional responsibilities assigned to the Bureau in the United States, I am entirely justified in taking a very firm position that I will not agree to the transferring of Bureau personnel to the new CIG group when I know that such a transfer will result in a serious curtailment of the Bureau's work in the domestic field. I definitely cannot agree that Bureau personnel is more urgently needed with regard to matters of more vital importance to the United States Government and its security by any other agency than the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

I I do want to thank you for your commendatory remarks with regard to our past efforts in Latin America, and I want you to realize that this Bureau will remain anxious to cooperate with you to the fullest extent in matters of mutual interest in the future.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards.

Sincerely,

J. Edgar Hoover

COPY:FQ

EAT:DS 9-25-46

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Note the attached request from CIG for copies of our quarterly intelligence summaries from 1942 to 1944 and for a copy of the "brief" prepared in the Harry Bridges case. Mr. Ladd and I a re of the opinion that in so far as the quarterly intelligence summary is concerned, we s ould advise CIG that we do not have any additional copies of this document since only sufficient copies were printed for the mailinglist at that time. It seems that CIG should be able to get these reports from the Military or Naval AUTHORITIES.

Since there apparently was a printed document prepared in the Harry Bridges case, we see no objection to either furnishing a copy of it to CIG, or if we don't have a copy, telling them where they can get it.

Respectfully,

Director's notation: "I agree. H."

Edw. A. Tamm

EAT:DS

CC - Mr. Ladd

OCENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

4/8/47 Disp of Mtg

HANDLED BY
TOP SECRET

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EX-28

EX-28

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

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COPY:FQ

RECORDED
62-80750-220

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

DATE: October 4, 1946

To: Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.
Attention: [redacted]

EX-28

b3

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Reference is made to your communication of September 23, 1946, addressed to Mr. E. A. Tamm.

Please be advised that the Quarterly Intelligence Summary referred to by you in your communication was published from November, 1940, until August, 1945. I regret that there are no extra copies of these summaries available since at the time they were printed only sufficient copies were made in order to take care of the current mailing list. Inasmuch as copies of these summaries were made available to G-2, as well as to ONI, it is suggested that you contact one of these two agencies which may have copies which can be made available to you.

With reference to your further request that you be supplied with a copy of the brief prepared in the Harry Bridges matter, there is attached hereto a copy of this brief which you may retain for your files.

Enclosure

JEM:mod

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 5, 1946

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/ALM/mg
ON 4/4/97

58 OCT 31 1946

FROM DO

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson ( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm ( )
Mr. Clegg ( )
Mr. Glavin ( )
Mr. Ladd ( )
Mr. Nichols ( )
Mr. Rosen ( )
Mr. Tracy ( )
Mr. Carson ( )
Mr. Gurnea ( )
Mr. Harbo ( )
Mr. Hendon ( )
Mr. Nease ( )
Miss Gandy ( )
( )

See Me ( )
Note and Return ( )
For Your Recommendation ( )
What are the facts? ( )

Remarks: I would like Tolson to sit in with Tamm, Ladd & Carson & carefully re-examine this. While I am in general agreement I do want to be certain of our ground & foolproof so there can be no back-fire. Give this special & urgent attention.

K.

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62-80750-324

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

8/29 1946

✓	The Director		Records Section
	Mr. Tolson		Personnel Files
	Mr. Ladd		Send File
	Mr. Rosen		Bring file up-to-date
	Mr. Clegg		
	Mr. Glavin		Search, serialize, and route
	Mr. Nichols		
	Mr. Tracy		Reading Room
	Mr. Harbo		Mechanical Section
	Mr. Hendon		Bureau Supply Section
	Mr. Pennington		Mail Room
	Mr. Quinn Tamm		
	Mr. Nease		
	Mr. Coyne		
	Miss Gandy		Call me re this
	Mr. Carson		Note and return
	Miss Stalcup		Stamp and mail
	Miss Gray		Prepare tickler
	Miss Butcher		Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

_____ See Me

I thought you would want to look this over before mailing.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-10-77 BY SP4 [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

September 11, 1946

REACTION OF UNITED STATES AMBASSADORS TO
THE TAKING OVER BY THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE
GROUP OF INTELLIGENCE COVERAGE IN LATIN AMERICA

The United States Ambassadors in Latin America have expressed extreme apprehension in connection with the current plans to replace and supplant FBI intelligence operations in Latin America with the CIG organization. The Ambassadors have based their concern and opposition to this change on the fact that the FBI has securely established itself over a period of years in Latin America, is performing a good job, and any change will result in loss of efficiency and smoothness in operation due to the inexperience of the new organization. The oldest in point of service and most experienced Ambassadors, such as Ambassadors Walter Thurston in Mexico, Frank P. Corrigan in Venezuela, Claude G. Bowers in Chile, John C. Wiley in Colombia, and George S. Messersmith in Argentina, have been especially outspoken in their opposition to the change because of the above-stated reasons and have also stated that cessation of FBI operations would have a seriously detrimental effect on the work of each United States Embassy due to the loss of important information that is inevitable incidental to a new agency establishing itself in the intelligence field. These Ambassadors have stated that the Central Intelligence Group could not hope to attain the level of efficiency and productiveness accomplished by the FBI in less than several years, if ever.

Such Ambassadors as Joseph Flack of Bolivia, Robert M. Scotten of Ecuador, Willard L. Beaulac of Paraguay, William D. Pawley of Brazil, Wiley of Colombia, and Bowers of Chile expressed amazement and concern that such a radical change, which would gravely affect their work, should be made without consultation with the United States Ambassadors who, due to their experience in this field and their necessary reliance on such work, should have been consulted.

All of the Ambassadors have remarked upon the extreme importance of coordination by the United States intelligence agency with the Embassy and have pointed out that the FBI has cooperated most effectively in this regard. They all expressed opposition to any change because a new agency, they felt, would not be inclined to the same cooperation with the Ambassador and the Embassy generally. Several of the Ambassadors pointed out that they had originally opposed the FBI or any other organization entering into the foreign intelligence field, particularly by utilizing Embassy facilities,

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DATE 11-19-87 BY SP7mcc/TB

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but that the outstanding success of the FBI in effecting close cooperation with the Embassy to the mutual benefit of all concerned had convinced them that the FBI was essential and was the only agency which could successfully operate in the foreign intelligence field to the satisfaction of all concerned.

A number of the Ambassadors expressed apprehension as to possible danger of embarrassment because of resentment of local governments concerning any change in connection with the intelligence interests of the United States Government. The Ambassadors pointed out that practically all of the Latin American countries have given some kind of clearance to the work that is now being performed and that no embarrassment has ever resulted during the several years of operation by the FBI. The Ambassadors, particularly Scotten in Ecuador, Edwin Kyle in Guatemala, R. Henry Norweb in Cuba, Thurston in Mexico, Corrigan in Venezuela, Pawley in Brazil, Bowers in Chile, and Beaulac in Paraguay, have expressed a high degree of satisfaction with the police liaison arrangements which have been openly arranged with Latin American authorities by the FBI. Such police liaison arrangements have been effected with a majority of the Latin American countries. The Ambassadors are particularly interested in the FBI maintaining this police liaison as a part of the general intelligence program of the United States Government due to the importance of counterintelligence which can be most effectively handled through such arrangements. The Ambassadors were concerned that the new Central Intelligence Agency would probably not be able to effect such arrangements or to operate in cooperation with the local governments and, therefore, must necessarily operate completely clandestine and under cover with the resultant loss of efficiency and productiveness and the constant hazard of embarrassment to the United States Government through discovery of their activities.

Ambassador Beaulac of Paraguay and Counselor Hugh Millard of the Chilean Embassy both vigorously opposed the change from the FBI to the CIG because of their experience with the Office of Strategic Services in the Iberian Peninsula during the war as contrasted to their experience with the FBI in Latin America. They felt that the new organization, that is the Central Intelligence Group, would operate similarly to the Office of Strategic Services with a resultant loss in efficiency and necessary embarrassing incidents, as well as having a non-cooperative attitude towards the Ambassador and the Embassy.

Ambassadors Norweb in Cuba, Messersmith in Argentina, Pawley in Brazil, and Bowers in Chile have expressed themselves as being particularly opposed to the new Central Intelligence Group because they feel this organization cannot help but be dominated by the United States Army. They pointed out that this would be most undesirable, particularly in Latin America where the type of intelligence desired and available is not along the lines of military secrets but along the lines of subversive activities, such as coverage of Communist and other groups which are potentially, if not actively, dangerous to the interests of the United States Government.

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: THE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 10, 1946

FROM: D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: Reaction of United States Ambassadors to the Taking Over By the Central Intelligence Group of Intelligence Coverage in Latin America

Attached is a blind memorandum summarizing the concern expressed by United States Ambassadors in Latin America and their expressed opposition to the current plans to replace and supplant the Bureau intelligence operations in Latin America with the CIG organization.

Attachment

VPK:mrl

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Spa/AIM/mg 4/14/97

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59 NOV 12 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

FROM : J. C. STRICKLAND

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

DATE: October 9, 1946

SECRET

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

ASAC Belmont of the New York Office called and advised that the Bureau by letter dated September 26, 1946, requested the New York Office to [redacted]

[redacted]

Mr. Belmont was instructed to send a teletype to the Bureau setting forth [redacted]

[redacted]

CLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-227

OCT 20 1946

asac Belmont instructed to run down & confirm

JCS:EOD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

53 NOV 12 1946

SECRET

STANDARD FORM NO. 64.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE:

FROM : E. G. FITCH

October 18, 1946

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the memorandum dated October 9, 1946, to you from Mr. Strickland, wherein [redacted]

b3

Inquiry in this matter was made [redacted]

EX-24

RECORDED & INDEXED

EX-24

336 N.Y. Mrs. 162 sent 80 7 50 - 228

letter with specimen per Belmont

OCT 29 1946

Received

Lt. Col Pear De Silva
Col Univ.
NYC

59 NOV 8 - 1946

FROM

DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO
OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson	( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm	( )
Mr. Clegg	( )
Mr. Glavin	( )
Mr. Ladd	( )
Mr. Nichols	( )
Mr. Rosen	( )
Mr. Tracy	( )
Mr. Carson	( )
Mr. Gurnea	( )
Mr. Harbo	( )
Mr. Hendon	( )
Mr. Nease	( )
Miss Gandy	( )
	( )

See Me	( )
Note and Return	( )
For Your Recommendation	( )
What are the facts?	( )

Remarks:

Check case - fully.

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DATE 1-14-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

ENCLOSURE

62-80750-230

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

October 5, 1946

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

You will recall that I previously advised you that [redacted]

b3

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Respectfully,

EX-33

G. A. Nease

62-80750-230X

FEB 21 1947

PERS. FILES

Memo Mr. Tamm 10/14/46

I think we either ought to handle all investigations (personnel) for C I G or none.

57 MAR 7 1947

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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Page 143 ~ Duplicate
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Page 154 ~ Referral/Direct
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FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 5

DO-6

FICE OF DIRECTOR
UREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

October 29, 1946

Re: C.I.G.

b3
b7D

Today I received a note from my informant [redacted]

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Pennington
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

GAN

I think we ought to have a show down with C.I.G.

[redacted]

62-80750-235

RECORDED
B I
31 NOV 14 1946

memo
Mr Tamm
11-1-46
ak

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4-18-97 BY [illegible]

C 59 NOV 18 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE:

FROM : Edw. A. Tamm

October 28, 1946

SUBJECT:

[redacted] telephoned to state that [redacted]

b3
b7D

I think it would be well to have someone from the Liaison Section contact [redacted]

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80750-236

7 NOV 5 1946

ADDENDUM - October 28, 1946

Special Agent M. L. Carroll of WFO has been in regular contact with [redacted] Little, if anything, of value to the Bureau has been found so far [redacted] It is believed that further action by Liaison is unnecessary.

b3
b7D

EAT:DS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-18-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

EGF

November 4, 1946

b7D

Agent Carroll was in contact with [redacted] today.

EGF

56 NOV 29 1946

THE DIRECTOR

September 9, 1946

M. E. Gurnea

CLOSING OF SIS OFFICES

In view of the many ramifications involved in the closing of the Mexico City Office, a separate memorandum has been prepared reflecting my instructions and the arrangements with the Ambassador there.

This memorandum summarizes my visits to:

Guatemala City, Guatemala
San Jose, Costa Rica
Managua, Nicaragua
Port au Prince, Haiti
Havana, Cuba
Caracas, Venezuela
San Salvador, El Salvador
Tegucigalpa, Honduras

Closing of the San Jose Office

As you have been advised the San Jose Office was turned over to [redacted] a CIG representative, on August 16, 1946. Prior to turning the office over to [redacted] I had discussed the operation with the First Secretary, Raleigh A. Gibson, in the absence of the Ambassador. I advised Gibson that we of course were in no position to instruct representatives of the new agency or suggest to the representatives of the new agency their method of operations or their scope of jurisdiction. I pointed out to Gibson that the Ambassador had received all pertinent information developed by our representatives and that for this reason no files or other information was being turned over to the new agency. A list of the pending matters was prepared and delivered to Gibson with the suggestion that he could either request the new agency to continue these investigations or turn them over to other representatives of the Embassy.

b3

Prior to turning over the office, all files, index cards and forms were either destroyed or forwarded to the Bureau.

[redacted] The Legal Attache and I took [redacted] to luncheon and discussed only generally existing conditions in Costa Rica. He signed an inventory for the property turned over to him and was given the key to the office. Summarily, he received nothing but the keys and the space. He indicated to me during the conversation that he estimates it will take him from five to six months to begin operating in Costa Rica. I was surprised that he did not inquire about contacts and confidential informants.

RECORDED 62-80750-238

58 DEC 19 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/16/97 BY [illegible]

Memorandum for the Director

Conferences with Ambassadors

At each Embassy I advised the Ambassador of our position, stating that from time to time representatives of CIG would be taking over the various offices in Latin America. I stated that in turning the offices over the Ambassadors would be kept fully informed of each move and that the transfer of furniture and other property would be done with their approval. I pointed out to them that in view of the fact that the Embassies have copies of all pertinent reports that no files would be turned over to the new agency. Without exception the Ambassadors understood our position in this regard and appeared to be completely satisfied.

As a whole, the Ambassadors are concerned about the Bureau withdrawing from Latin America, stating that they felt such a move is ill advised as our personnel are fully trained and capable of handling the work whereas a new agency would be inexperienced and unfamiliar with the Latin American Republics. Several of the Ambassadors indicated they felt the new organization would develop into strictly an "Army show." As Ambassador Corrigan of Caracas stated, "It appears that the Army is attempting to control our foreign policy." Corrigan was particularly critical of the change and stated that when in Washington he intended to tell the President that he felt the move was asinine. He inquired as to who was advising the President on this matter. I of course told him that I did not know. Corrigan indicated he would like very much to have an exception made of Venezuela in view of the large American oil interests there.

Summarily, arrangements were made with the Ambassadors to merely turn the keys of the offices over to the new agency if the Ambassadors are desirous of having them occupy the same space that has been occupied by us.

During my conference with Ambassador R. Henry Norweb of Havana, I indicated to him that the Director might desire to have a police liaison agent remain in Havana after CIG takes over the general intelligence work. Norweb readily agreed, stating he thought it would be an excellent idea. He requested, however, that an Agent who is presently assigned to the Havana Office remain as the liaison agent. I advised him that I would make his desires known to the Director. In this connection, Special Agent Leo Fox has been serving as liaison agent with the police and has been doing a very satisfactory job. It is recommended that Fox remain in Cuba as liaison agent.

Automobiles

The automobiles in some of the offices are in fair condition and could be used in the domestic field. In other instances, the cars are old and in such condition that I believe they should be disposed of locally. It is therefore recommended that prior to the closing of each office that the office be specifically advised and instructed as to whether the automobiles should be shipped to the domestic field or disposed of.

Technical and Related Equipment

Instructions were issued to all the Legal Attaches that no sound equipment or cameras is to be turned over to the new agency. Each office, of course, has a considerable amount of related equipment. Much of this equipment, no doubt, is still difficult to procure here in the States and should be forwarded to the Seat of Government. The inventories in each office of course are different. Prior to the closing of each office the inventory should be examined here at the Seat of Government by the Chief Clerk's Office as well as a Laboratory representative and the offices specifically instructed as to what property should be sent to Washington, disposed of, or turned over to the new agency.

Summary

I gathered the impression that our efforts in Latin America have been thoroughly appreciated by the Ambassadors and the Embassy staffs. We have, of course, been keeping the Embassies thoroughly and currently informed on the local political situation as well as the growth of the Communist movement in the respective countries. They all feel that when the Bureau's representatives leave Latin America the Embassies will be left in the dark in so far as this information is concerned.

I honestly believe that by comparison the Bureau's efforts will be even more appreciated following such time as CIG begins operation in Latin America. I also believe that a considerable amount of friction will develop between the new organization and the Ambassadors. Because of this and in view of the fact that as time goes on the Bureau will be covering some countries while CIG representatives will be in others, a considerable amount of confusion will ensue. I therefore again recommend that all possible pressure be brought to bear to close out our offices in Latin America as quickly as possible.

HEG:mt

COPY:FQ

RECORDED
62-80750-240

IR COURIER

Date: October 4, 1946

To: Civil Attache
Mexico, D. F.

From: Director, FBI

Subject: Closing of SIS Offices

For your information, the Central Intelligence Group has furnished to the Bureau the following schedule setting forth the dates on which they estimate they will be in a position to assume coverage in the countries indicated:

February 15, 1947	-	Argentina Brazil Paraguay Uruguay
April 1, 1947	-	Chile Colombia Ecuador Peru Bolivia
May 15, 1947	-	Mexico Guatemala El Salvador Honduras Nicaragua Venezuela Haiti Cuba

The above schedule is, of course, tentative and not final. However, it is the best information presently available. You willbe kept advised of any changes.

CC - Legal Attache
Guatemala City, Guatemala

Legal Attache
San Salvador, El Salvador

Mr. Clrak D. Anderson
The American Embassy
Tegucigalpa, Honduras

Legal Attache
Managua, Nicaragua

Legal Attache
Caracas, Venezuela

Civil Attache
Port-au-Prince, Haiti

Legal Attache
Havana, Cuba

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 4, 1946

DBC:tlc

567

DEC 31 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4.14.97 BY [illegible]

COPY: FBI

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

DATE: October 3, 1946

FROM : C. A. GIBSON

SUBJECT: DATES FOR CLOSING OF SIS OFFICES

BACKGROUND:

On August 7, 1946, CIG sent to the Bureau a letter transmitting a schedule of the dates on which they estimated they would be in a position to take over coverage in the various countries where we have SIS offices. According to this schedule, countries on the east coast of South America will be taken over on February 15, 1947; west coast countries on April 1, 1947; Central American and Caribbean area countries, including Venezuela, on May 15, 1947. You will recall that we have made a number of apparently fruitless efforts to have CIG take over at earlier dates.

DETAILS:

The information as to the dates when CIG expects to take over the various countries has not yet been furnished to our SIS offices. As a result, the Legal Attaches are somewhat handicapped in planning their operations and other personnel are unable to make adequate plans for living quarters and for other personal problems which constatntly arise since they do not know whether the Bureau offices will function up to or beyond the end of 1946.

The schedule submitted by CIG is the most tangible information we presently have, or apparently will have, as to how much longer SIS will operate. It is believed that our SIS offices should be informed about the CIG schedule in order that the SIS personnel will have, at least, a rough idea as to how much longer they will remain on foreign assignment.

RECOMMENDATION:

There is attached a suggested circular radiogram to all countries in South America except Venezuela and a suggested letter to offices in Central America, the Caribbean area and Venezuela, furnishing the CIG schedule. Radiograms are being used to the South American countries because diplomatic pouch mail between the Bureau and them is comparatively slow, while mail to the other countries is fast.

Attachment

JCC:tlc

RECORDED 62-80750-240

EX-1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-18-97 BY Sp

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. E. A. TAMM

DATE: November 8, 1946

FROM : D. M. LADD

SUBJECT:

Central Intelligence Group

[redacted] of CIG called at my office on November 7, 1946, and stated that [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garner
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

G. I. R. -5 1-4

DML:cmw

RECORDED 62-80750-241

EX-5

15 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/18/92 BY SP5/ALM/mg

58 NOV 27 1946

COPY:FQ

OFFICE MEMORANDUM [illegible] UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: October 17, 1946

FROM : C. E. Carson

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

This afternoon by appointment through Mr. Tamm's office [redacted] called at my office. He desired to discuss [redacted]

b3

b3

I believe that Special Agent Conrad of the Laboratory should meet with [redacted] concerning the matter as suggested by [redacted]

b3

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that Special Agent Conrad make an appointment to meet with [redacted] in my office at a suitable time in order that [redacted]

VPK:FA

4-18-97 [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] 4/18/97 [illegible]

162-80750-245

INITIALS OF ORIGINAL

NOV 25 1946

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

MR. R. T. HARBO

NOVEMBER 6, 1

I. W. CONRAD

b3

Reference is made to Mr. Carson's memorandum for Mr. Ladd dated October 17, 1946, relative to

b3

On the afternoon of November 4, 1946, such a conference was held in the office of Bureau Supervisor D. V. Hurley at which were present Mr. Hurley and the writer, representing the Bureau, and

It is noted that, by letter, the Bureau furnished

b3

For record purposes, it was noted that has

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Nerdon
Mr. Penrington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

50-247

RECORDED

DEC 3 1946

NOV 25 1946

INC:PJD

Memorandum for Mr. Harbo

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

ACTION

This matter will be followed with the CIA representatives in order to ascertain [redacted]

b3

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: November 6, 1946

FROM : S. J. TRACY

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

1-4

[redacted] confidentially informed me the other day that a [redacted]

b3
b7D

I thought you would be interested in the foregoing.

SJT:obp

RECORDED 162-80750-248
&27 F B I
INDEXED 32 NOV 20 1946

11/14 Running Memo

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-21-97 BY

59 DEC 11 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 11/7/46

FROM : S. J. TRACY

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Cornea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The Federal Register of yesterday, November 6, 1946, carries an item signed by Arthur S. Flemming, Civil Service Commission, exempting all positions in the CIG from Civil Service as of November 1, 1946. National President James B. Burns of the AFGE advised me last evening he attempted to reach Commissioner Flemming last week but was unable to do so as he was out of town. Instead, he talked to Mr. Yaden of the Civil Service Commission and ascertained the move was made by CIG approximately two weeks ago. Mr. Yaden also informed Mr. Burns that CIG employees are still subject to "loyalty" investigations by the Civil Service Commission; that they come under the jurisdiction of the 4th Civil Service District in this regard.

G. I. R. 5

As soon as Commissioner Flemming returns to Washington from New England, Mr. Burns will discuss the matter with him to see what can be done with reference to "loyalty" investigations and with reference to handling any cases where employees are discharged. Mr. Burns stated he will watch the situation closely in order to see that prompt action is taken in dismissal cases. He regretted he did not know of the proposed move in time to prevent it.

62-80750-249

SJT:obp

RECORDED & 27 INDEXED

F B I

32 NOV 20 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-21-97 BY

57 DEC 4 1946

62-80750-250

RECORDED

November 20, 1946

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Dear General Vandenberg:

Receipt is acknowledged with thanks of [redacted]

b3

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

DVH:tlc

[redacted]

Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendoza
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Keeley
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 20 1946
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

NOV 27 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: November 29, 1946

FROM : Mr. C. H. Carson

SUBJECT:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-24-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

BACKGROUND:

Reference is made to my memorandum of November 25, 1946, in connection with [redacted]

b3

It will be recalled that I talked to [redacted] on November 25, 1946, asking him for details on this, together with additional details and information concerning [redacted]

b3

DETAILS:

While [redacted] was supposed to call me with additional information on November 26, 1946, I was unable to get in touch with him until late today. He apologized for the delay by stating that he had been unable to get specific information himself as to [redacted] sooner, coupled with the fact that he had been tied up on other matters. [redacted]

[redacted]

I reiterated to [redacted] the fact that the Bureau desires more specific details [redacted]

b3

58 JAN 7 1947

[redacted] b3

ACTION:

I will continue to follow with [redacted] upon the latter's return, concerning the details of this matter. b3

Attached hereto is a suggested wire to [redacted]

Attachment

CHC:FA

L-50a

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Colley
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CONFIDENTIAL

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM LA PAZ 12-5-46 NR 54 12:18 P.M. EST

b3

(Central Intelligence Group)

CIG, ADMINISTRATIVE. REFERENCE OUR RADIOGRAM NUMBER 53. MILITARY ATTACHE HERE RECEIVED

62-80750-256

RECORDED

RECEIVED 12-5-46 12:27 P.M. EST

(DECODED COPY)

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

CONFIDENTIAL

L-50

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2011

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

FROM HAVANA 11-21-46 NR 935 4:16 PM EST

C.I.G. ADMINISTRATIVE. REFERENCE YOUR RADIOGRAM NUMBER 272. MILITARY ATTACHE HERE HAS SHOWN ME

b3

RECEIVED: 11-21-46 4:23 PM EST MW

CLASSIFIED BY sp-2 Stanley
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X3
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

RECORDED 162-80750-257

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

DEC 18 1946

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

_____ 1946

✓ The Director	____ Records Section
____ Mr. Tolson	____ Personnel Files
____ Mr. Ladd	____ Send File
____ Mr. Rosen	____ Bring file up-to-date
____ Mr. Clegg	____ Search, serialize, and route
____ Mr. Glavin	____ Reading Room
____ Mr. Nichols	____ Mechanical Section
____ Mr. Tracy	____ Bureau Supply Section
____ Mr. Harbo	____ Mail Room
____ Mr. Hendon	
____ Mr. Pennington	
____ Mr. Quinn Tamm	
____ Mr. Nease	
____ Mr. Coyne	
____ Miss Gandy	____ Call me re this
____ Mr. Carson	____ Note and return
	____ File
____ Miss Lyon	____ Stamp and mail
____ Miss Gray	____ Prepare tickler
____ Miss Butcher	____ Call these files
____ See Me	

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Mr. Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4.23.97 BY SP2 [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

L-50

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

DECODED COPY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FROM ASUNCION 11-21-46 NR 12 6:10 PM EST

CIG, ADMINISTRATIVE. REFERENCE YOUR RADIOGRAM NUMBER 593.

b3

RECEIVED: 11-21-46 6:12 PM EST MW

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

62-80750-259

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

58 DEC 20 1946

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

L-50a

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-02-2012

1-4 w

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

[DECODED COPY]

Central Intelligence Group

b3

FROM SANTIAGO [11-22-46] NR 512 9:16 AM EST

CIG, ADMINISTRATIVE. REFERENCE YOUR RADIOGRAM NOVEMBER 21 RE

[redacted]

RECEIVED [11-22-46] 9:29 AM EST MD 62-80750-260

CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

[37 27]

DEC 20 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

[If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.]

FRO DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson ( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm ( )
Mr. Clegg ( )
Mr. Glavin ( )
Mr. Ladd ( )
Mr. Nichols ( )
Mr. Rosen ( )
Mr. Tracy ( )
Mr. Carson ( )
Mr. Gurnea ( )
Mr. Harbo ( )
Mr. Hendon ( )
Mr. Nease ( )
Miss Gandy ( )
( )

Suggest Clegg be "briefed" as to this so he will be prepared for the "struggle".

See Me ( )
Note and Return ( )
For Your Recommendation ( )
What are the facts? ( )
Remarks:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/97 BY [illegible]

ENCLOSURE

62-80750-265

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

_____ 1946

✓ The Director	___ Records Section
___ Mr. Tolson	___ Personnel Files
___ Mr. Ladd	___ Send File
___ Mr. Rosen	___ Bring file up-to-date
___ Mr. Clegg	___ Search, serialize, and route
___ Mr. Glavin	___ Reading Room
___ Mr. Nichols	___ Mechanical Section
___ Mr. Tracy	___ Bureau Supply Section
___ Mr. Harbo	___ Mail Room
___ Mr. Hendon	
___ Mr. Pennington	
___ Mr. Quinn Tamm	
___ Mr. Nease	
___ Mr. Coyne	
___ Miss Gandy	___ Call me re this
___ Mr. Carson	___ Note and return
	___ File
___ Miss Gray	___ Stamp and mail
___ Miss Lyon	___ Prepare tickler
___ Miss Butcher	___ Call these files

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4.23.97 BY [illegible]

___ See Me

Note

Be most careful & circumspect re this -

Edward A. Tamm

62-80750-265

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

EY. 1-49

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: December 6, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b3

ACTION:

It is suggested that a member of the Liaison Section inform [redacted]

VHB:arm

Div. says if [redacted]

12/7/46

RECORDED

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-23-97 BY

62-80750-267

F B I

31 DEC 18 1946

b3

EX-71

memo to Ladd 12-11-46 VHB

56 DEC 31 1946

Central Intelligence Group

December 9, 1946

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Mr. Guy Hottel
Special Agent in Charge
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Room 1706, Department of Justice Building
Washington, D. C.

Re: [redacted] b3

Dear Sir:

[redacted]

[redacted] b3

Per c/t
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4-23-97 BY [illegible]

[redacted]

It is realized that your Office has been handicapped by insufficient personnel [redacted] b3

You are instructed to see to it t[redacted] are forwarded to the Bureau within 43 hours after receipt of this letter by your Office.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

MAILED 3
DEC 10 1946 P.M.

Very truly yours,

RECORDED

62-80750-268

John Edgar Hoover
Director

GCC:MCM

DEC 31 1946

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: December 10, 1946

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

It is to be noted that [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

JFD:OMS

b3

Advised permission granted for monday AM 12/16/46 Reg. mackle to contact Cartwright 12/13/46

RECORDED 80750-269

19 DEC 18 1946

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-23-97 BY

56 JAN 2 - 1947

© Central Intelligence Group

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: December 11, 1946

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b3

ACTION:

Attached are copies of [redacted] for transmittal to [redacted]

b3

Attachments

VHB:arm

G. I. R. 5

Per O/K

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4-13-97 BY SP/Alm/mg

62-80750-270

RECORDED

F B I

31 DEC 18 1946

EX-71

b3

Central Intelligence Group

furnished & he was advised as above. 12/12/46 - JFD

56 DEC 31 1946

December 16, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue
Washington, D. C.

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
ON 4/24/97

RECORDED 62-80750-275

Attention: [redacted] b3

Dear General Vandenberg:

Reference is made to [redacted] b3

I am happy to advise that I have given instructions that [redacted]

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

DVH:AK

Mr. Tolson
Mr. De Loach
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Miss Gandy

JAN 16 1947

December 27, 1946

RECORDED

EX-8 62-80750-279

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

G.I.R.-5

Dear General Vandenberg:

Reference is made to [redacted]

b3

You will be advised [redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/A/m/ma
ON 4/23/97

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

DEC 30 2 54 PM

By Mail 12

1948

INC:MCS

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

56 JAN 20 1947

approved by Director

RH

Central Intelligence Group

62-80750-281

F B I

75 JAN 8 1947

EX-13

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL - 8

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

64-4104-756

30 JAN 15 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: 12/26/46

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: MAIL TO CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

It is suggested that the attached information relative to addressing mail to various branches of the Central Intelligence Group be made available to all Bureau officials and supervisors.

b3

Attachment
EGF:OME

RECORDED

162-8075 P.R. 283

F B I

1 JAN 7 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 4/23/97 BY SP8/ALM/mg

60 JAN 15 1947

GAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.
Box 4312, San Juan 21, Puerto Rico
December 11, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

Director, FBI

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted] CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP
ON. [redacted]

Dear Sir:

At the regular weekly intelligence conference held at the San Juan Office on December 11, 1946 discussion arose [redacted]

Referral/Consult

[redacted]

RECORDED 62-80750-284
EX-35

50 JAN 15 1947

Letter to the Director 12/11/46

Re: Central Intelligence Group

I explained in the course of the conversation about this matter that the FBI had, in accordance with agreement, withdrawn from certain areas in Latin America and as I understood it, would at certain dates in the future withdraw from other places where representatives were still stationed, and that CIG would take over in those areas. I said that of course I did not know in what areas the FBI representatives had already departed and I did not know if CIG had in any of these instances actually taken over any equipment or installed their representatives.

Referral/Consult

Very truly yours

A. C. Schlenker

A. C. Schlenker
SAC

ACS:GEH
66-116

ADDENDUM: After dictating the above, it was recalled that

Referral/Consult

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Bureau of Investigat
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.
Box 4312, San Juan 21, Puerto Rico
December 19, 1946

CONFIDENTIAL

Director, FBI

Re: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Dear Sir:

Referral/Consult

For the information of the Bureau, [redacted]

Very truly yours

A. C. SCHLENKER
SAC

ACS:GEH

62-80750-2185

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/A/[illegible]
ON [illegible]

50 JAN 15 1947

December 13, 1946

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue
Washington, D. C.
62-80750-286

RECORDED

Attention: [redacted]

b3

Dear General Vandenberg:

Reference is made to [redacted]

b3

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

(DVH:AK)

EAT:ml

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. H. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garnes
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Rease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 13
DEC 19 1946 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DEC 16 6 44 PM

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
DEC 16 7 54 PM '46

JAN 28 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. IADD

FROM : E. G. Fitch

DATE: 12/13/46

SUBJECT:

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

It is recommended that this memorandum be forwarded to Mr. Carson's Section.

JFD:rhr

RECORDED 62-80750-287

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-24-92 BY [illegible]

Office Memo
Jan 3-1947

(B) MAIL TO CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP -- In order to facilitate the handling of incoming mail at Central Intelligence, all correspondence with that agency should be addressed to,

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director, Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.,

and marked to the attention of the individual whose name appears on the original incoming.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Mease
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4-24-97 BY SP6/Mathers

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

FILED
Jan 3 1947

162-80750-
NOT RECORDED
75 JAN 8 1947

1-4

50 JAN 14 1947

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

January 2, 1947

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166
New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted] b3

RECORDED
INDEXED
62-80750-288

Dear General Vandenberg:

EX-11 73

Please refer to [redacted]

For your information, [redacted] b3

G.I.R. 5

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

RWL-mal

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Rease
Miss Gandy

JAN 23 1947

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2 ... ON 4-24-97

JAN 3 5 51 PM '47

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: January 2, 1947

FROM : MR. C. H. CARSON

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

SUBJECT: [redacted] b3 Central Intelligence Group

BACKGROUND

Reference is made to [redacted]

It will be recalled that recently CIG was furnished with a list of property which would be turned over to them upon their assuming jurisdiction in Latin America. [redacted]

DETAILS

A check of the present status of the inventories of the SIS Offices indicates that the list of automobiles as furnished by CIG is correct with the following exceptions:

We indicated to CIG that in Buenos Aires, Argentina a 1939 Ford and a 1940 Oldsmobile were available for them, and in Quito, Ecuador a 1941 Dodge and a 1942 Ford were available. The Fords have now been disposed of because of their completely unserviceable condition and to avoid storage charges pending their being taken over by CIG. In any event they would have been of no value to CIG. b3

We indicated that a 1937 Chevrolet, a 1939 DeSoto and a 1936 Chevrolet were available in Mexico City. The 1936 Chevrolet has now been disposed of because of its completely unserviceable condition and to avoid extensive storage charges. 162-80750-288

[redacted] a review of the inventories reflects that most of them are in either good or fair condition. However, a 1941 Packard in La Paz, Bolivia and a 1941 Plymouth in Managua, Nicaragua are definitely in very poor condition. Since some of these inventories are several months old it is felt that the condition of the automobiles listed thereon may not be a true reflection of the present condition of the cars and certainly a number of them will not be in good condition

Per CIA
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-27-97 BY [redacted]

at the time they are turned over to CIG. All of the cars are at least four years old and have been used in Latin America for considerable periods of time. Because of lack of facilities for proper repairs and shortage of parts it has not been possible to maintain these cars in first class condition at all times. It is believed, therefore, that CIG should be advised concerning the condition of these automobiles in a general statement to the effect that all of them are in fair condition with the exception of the two above-mentioned cars which we know are definitely in bad condition.

b3

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that CIG be advised that the list of automobiles included in reference memorandum is substantially correct with the exception of the three above-mentioned automobiles which were disposed of because of their extremely poor condition. It is also recommended that CIG be advised that the automobiles are all in fair condition with the exception of the two mentioned as being in very poor condition. A suggested letter to CIG is attached.

Attachment
RWL-mal

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: January 7, 1947

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Constantine Brown told me he has had one repercussion on his piece Sunday. An individual by the name of [redacted] called him and asked Brown why he was conducting this campaign against CIG. Brown told him he was not conducting a campaign against CIG but was merely writing up what a Congressional committee had to say about them and the effects of their work. [redacted] then asked him why he should play it up. Brown stated it was something that needed to be played up and that CIG should start trimming its sails because if their high-handed tactics continued he was confident Congress will put them out of business.

b3

G.I.R.-5

This, of course, is what Brown told me. I do not know what he told [redacted]. Brown was very appreciative for the letter which I told him the Director was sending to him. He suggested that the Director keep in close touch with Senator Bridges as Bridges is sincerely interested in the Bureau and in the intelligence field, and that he wants to be of service in any way possible.

LBN:hbm

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-290

32 JAN 10 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-24-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

INDEXED

32 JAN 27 1947

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 1-7 1942

TO:
- ✓ Director
- Mr. Edward Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Hendon
- Mr. Jones
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy
- Personnel Files Section
- Records Section
- Mrs. Skillman

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carroll
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

See Me For Appropriate Action

Send File Note and Return

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-14-87 BY [redacted]

Clyde Tolson

RECORDED
62-80750-292

EX-40

January 9, 1947

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director, Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

DECLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
ON [redacted]

Dear General Vandenberg:

Reference is made to [redacted]

[redacted] In a letter dated September 19, 1946, I advised you that instructions were being issued to our representatives in Port-Au-Prince, Haiti, San Salvador, El Salvador and Tegucigalpa, Honduras to hold in abeyance all plans for closing on September 30, 1946, as had been previously planned. It was stated that these offices would remain open until CIG was in a position to assume coverage in those countries. We presently have an Agent and a stenographer in Port-Au-Prince and I will appreciate your advising me immediately as to when a CIG Representative will arrive in Port-Au-Prince to take over intelligence functions there.

b3

[redacted]

In a letter dated July 23, 1946, I advised that our liaison office in Panama was being closed immediately and the last FBI representative left there on August 7, 1946. We have had no personnel in Panama since that date. On August 16, 1946, our office in San Jose, Costa Rica was turned over to a CIG Representative who had only recently arrived there and we have had no employees in Costa Rica since that date.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

DBC-mal

JAN 28 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

FROM : MR. C. H. CARSON

DATE: January 9, 1947

SUBJECT: CIG REVISED SCHEDULE FOR TAKING OVER LATIN AMERICAN OFFICES

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

b3

DETAILS

It is noted [redacted]

As you know, Agent Jack West and a stenographer are in Port-Au-Prince, Haiti. On September 19, 1946, in a letter to General Vandenberg we advised him that the Bureau was holding in abeyance its plans to close out Port-Au-Prince, Haiti, San Salvador, El Salvador and Tegucigalpa, Honduras until CIG was in a position to take over coverage in those countries. It is thought that a letter should be sent to General Vandenberg pointing out that Port-Au-Prince, Haiti was omitted from the recent list and requesting that the Bureau be advised immediately as to when CIG will have a representative in Port-Au-Prince.

On July 23, 1946, General Vandenberg was advised by letter that instructions had been issued closing our liaison office in Panama within the near future. The office was subsequently closed on August 7, 1946 and we have had no representatives in Panama City since that date.

You will recall that our office in San Jose, Costa Rica was closed on August 16, 1946, at which time a CIG Representative had already arrived in San Jose.

RECOMMENDATION

There is attached a suggested letter to CIG pointing out that the Port-Au-Prince, Haiti Office was omitted from their recent list and also reminding them that our Panama Office was closed in August and that they have already taken over in Costa Rica.

Central Intelligence Group

Attachment
DBC-mal

RECORDED

162-80750-292
F B I
31 JAN 14 1947

X-40

DBC

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DATE 4-24-97 BY SP5/MM/mm

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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Page 8 ~ b3
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Page 19 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 92 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 93 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 94 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 95 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 96 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 100 ~ Duplicate
Page 101 ~ Duplicate
Page 104 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 110 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 112 ~ b1, b3
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Page 124 ~ b3
Page 125 ~ Referral/Direct

FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 6

Intelligence Mission Confused

Past Success in Evaluating Latin American Reports Nullified by Central Group's Conception of Task

By Constantine Brown.

Latin America has become an increasingly important field of Communist endeavor, especially since the end of the war, and the United States was able for six and one-half years to keep tab on this growth and take steps to meet the challenge as the result of the efforts of a most efficient corps of intelligence specialists.

The men who comprised this corps were the agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who were assigned to every Latin American country for purposes of both espionage and counterespionage against America's enemies.

This highly effective body of agents has now disappeared, however, with the advent of the Central Intelligence Group, which took these people under its own guidance and administration shortly after President Truman created the CIG last January. The FBI men were recalled in spite of the urgent pleadings of all American ambassadors in Latin America that they should be maintained in the spots where they would do the most good.

This action by the CIG is an excellent example of the criticism of the agency which appeared in the recent report of the House Committee on Military Affairs and which played a considerable part in its recommendations for legislative action.

The issue of the CIG revolves in large part around the question of how far, if at all, it should enter into "operations"—that is, the actual collection of intelligence—and how closely it should be restricted to the higher echelon duties of evaluation and dissemination of intelligence gathered by other agencies—namely, Army, Navy and State Department.

Not to Collect Intelligence.

The House committee takes a position in opposition to permitting CIG to engage in the actual collection of intelligence material and makes this one point in its recommendation, which reads as follows:

"That the director of central intelligence shall (1) accomplish the correlation and evaluation of intelligence relating to the national security, and the appropriate dissemination within the Government of the resulting strategic and national policy intelligence, and in so doing making full use of the staff and facilities of the intelligence agencies already existing in the various Government departments.

"(2) Plan for the co-ordination of such of the activities of the intelligence agencies of the various Government departments as relate to the national security and recommend to the National Intelligence Authority the establishment of such over-all policies and objectives as will assure the most effective accomplishments of the national intelligence mission;

"(3) Perform, for the benefit of said intelligence agencies, such services of common concern related directly to co-ordination, correlation, evaluation and dissemination as the National Intelligence Authority shall determine can be more effectively accomplished centrally;

"(4) Perform such other similar functions and duties related to intelligence affecting the national security as the Congress and the National Intelligence Authority may from time to time direct. It is specifically understood that the director of central intelligence shall not undertake operations for the collection of intelligence."

Navy's ONI Had Troubles Too.

Stripped of its verbiage, the meat of this recommendation—which is one of nine made in the report—is in the final sentence, which is designed to prevent exactly what CIG has been doing since it came into existence. The foregoing portion of the paragraph simply sets forth positively what the functions of CIG shall be.

This battle between operational information and intelligence is far from new, and the concept that intelligence should engage—as such—in operations arose in the early part of the war when the Office of Naval Intelligence took an expansive view of its purpose in life and decided to make its contribution to the war by taking a hand in tactical matters.

On the surface it looked like ONI was simply trying to do a better job of fighting the war, but actually it was a part of the Army-Navy game of achieving importance by expanding functions.

ONI officers in some commands assumed such a large hand in operational matters that they treaded hard on the toes of tactical officers whose job it was actually to fight the war, whether it was German submarines in the Atlantic or Japanese planes and submarines in the Pacific.

In one major East Coast command the question of where the line should be drawn between intelligence and operational information was put up to a leading naval aviator whose job it was to direct aviation anti-submarine activities. Being one of the ablest four-stripers in the Navy, he had a crystal-clear idea of exactly where each should begin and end. His reply was to this effect:

Correlate and Co-ordinate.

"Operational information concerns itself with the day-by-day, hour-by-hour movements of the enemy, knowledge of which a tactical commander must have in order effectively to fight the enemy wherever he may show himself. He does not have time to call in evaluation specialists, he does not have time to consult experts. He himself must evaluate, instantly, wisely and effectively, what each bit of information means, put them together and make prompt decisions accordingly.

"Intelligence concerns itself with the long-range evaluation of enemy movements, should be done by specialists who have access to a wide number of sources of operational information, from the flow of which they can make broad conclusions affecting the whole field of operations and the whole war.

"The one is tactical. The other is strategic. The strategic intelligence expert should not be permitted to interfere in the making of tactical decisions."

This officer later became commanding officer of one of our first-line carriers, where he succeeded in putting into practice his ideas of what operational information should be, and his establishment served as a model for the highly effective work which combat information establishments did aboard carriers in the later stages of the war.

The House committee report has some pertinent words to say on this conflict of concept.

Like Oil and Water.

Taking cognizance of two divergent views of what intelligence is, the report finds that under one school "the central agency should devote itself strictly to the correlation, evaluation and dissemination of intelligence obtained by intelligence agencies already existing in the various departments of the Government, and that it should co-ordinate the activities of these existing agencies and recommend over-all policies and objectives under which they could continue their work most effectively and efficiently."

The other view, the committee found, was that "the new agency should not be content to be a 'co-ordinating sewing circle' and should not hesitate to plunge into opera

(See INTELLIGENCE, Page C-2.)

WASHINGTON DAILY NEWS
Page C-1, C-2

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Leavington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

The Director will want to see this article.

62-30-297

E H

1947

53 FEB 6
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/7/97 BY SP2/STM/ms

ons." A broad construction of certain phrases in President Truman's directive of January 22, 1946, the report says, "has put the new organization into operations, a circumstance which has caused considerable controversy among those experienced in the unusual and delicate field which is intelligence."

The report then sharply criticizes this combination of operations and co-ordination, citing specifically the case of G-2 during the war, when the director of intelligence took as gospel the report by a special branch he sponsored to the effect that "there was no evidence that the Russians were attempting to sovietize the Balkans" over contrary intelligence which came from other channels.

Even sharper were the committee's words with respect to that hush-hush subject known as "secret intelligence."

"Most experienced operators" in this unusual field, the report goes on, "feel that one result would be inevitable: The central agency would in time drive the others from the field, as the Gestapo eliminated its competitors in Germany, to the detriment of German intelligence.

"And this result * * * would concentrate all our eggs of this particular breed in one basket, where they could be most easily found by those on the still hunt for them; it would eliminate many useful nets, something no largescale fisherman would dream of doing; it would cut our series of special outposts to one, something no wide-awake commander would dream of permitting."

The report then concludes, before delivering its recommendations:

"The weight of evidence and experience would seem to be with those who would prefer not to see an agency charged with co-ordination and evaluation also engage in the field of operations—secret operations above all. Certainly this is a field in which overcentralization would seem to have more disadvantages than advantages."

CIG will make no marks, will set no milestones, if, as it has already done, it insists on collecting intelligence at the source and disturbing intelligence channels, as it has in Latin America.

JAN 5 1947
WASHINGTON STAR
PAGE C-1, C-2

FROM DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson ( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm ( )
Mr. Clegg ( )
Mr. Glavin ( )
Mr. Ladd ( )
Mr. Nichols ( )
Mr. Rosen ( )
Mr. Tracy ( )
Mr. Carson ( )
Mr. Gurnea ( )
Mr. Harbo ( )
Mr. Hendon ( )
Mr. Nease ( )
Miss Gandy ( )
( )

See Me ( )
Note and Return ( )
For Your Recommendation ( )
What are the facts? ( )
Remarks:

Look this over. Is this strictly in line with our views & policies. Hadn't we better get a look at Supplement #1 & see that it is satisfactory before issued?

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/7/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

FOI #368,692, PER OGA

62-80750-298

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tamm

DATE: November 20, 1946

FROM : Mr. Rosen

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

You will recall that Supervisor G. C. Callan wrote a memorandum to me on November 6, 1946, containing information [redacted] The Director made a notation "Keep in close touch with this" on this memorandum.

b3

This matter has been followed with the New York Office which advised today that Agent Hargett who obtained this information from [redacted]

Hargett has been tied up in Court in connection with a case which was investigated by the New York Office [redacted] Hargett intends to contact [redacted] without appearing too obvious in the immediate future to attempt to elicit more information along the lines suggested in the reference memorandum and the New York Office will immediately advise us of the results of his efforts.

GCC:MCM

RECORDED 62-80750-306
FBI
1 JAN 29 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/8/97 BY [illegible]
Per OGA #368692

PERS FILED

7 FEB 18 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Callan

DATE: 12/11/46

FROM : Mr. Mayo

b3

SUBJECT: [redacted] Time of Call: 3:35 PM

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Approximately 3:35 PM today, SA R. J. Lynch of the New York Office, telephonically advised that the following information had been received by SA A. J. Micek from [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

CAM:MCM

RECORDED & INDEXED 353

62-80750-307

FBI

JAN 29 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/8/97 BY SP2/ALM/RMG

Per OGA # 368692

57 FEB 18 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

mm

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 13, 1946

mb. FROM : SAC, New York

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reference is made to a telephone conversation between Assistant Special Agent in Charge R. J. Lynch of this office and Mr. May of the Bureau on December 11, 1946. This letter is to substantiate the information as furnished by Mr. Lynch and is as follows:

Special Agent Gus Micek of this office was in contact with [redacted] on December 10, 1946 and through the course of the conversation it was ascertained that [redacted]

b3

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-308

FBI

1 JAN 29 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/7/97 BY SP8/MM/mg

MWK:HMF
118-164

Rr OGA #368692

6

PERS. FILES

57 FEB 18 1947

It is interesting to note that [redacted]

b3

Further information regarding this matter as obtained by this office will be reported to the Bureau accordingly.

FROM DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson ( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm ( )
Mr. Clegg ( )
Mr. Glavin ( )
Mr. Ladd ( )
Mr. Nichols ( )
Mr. Rosen ( )
Mr. Tracy ( )
Mr. Carson ( )
Mr. Gurnea ( )
Mr. Harbo ( )
Mr. Hendon ( )
Mr. Nease ( )
Miss Gandy ( )
( )

See Me ( )
Note and Return ( )
For Your Recommendation ( )
What are the facts? ( )
Remarks:

Please let me have latest schedule of CIG for taking over our functions & also list & dates of our SIS offices already closed.

K.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/8/97 BY [illegible]
Per OGA # 368692

Memo for the Director
DVH 12/12/46

62-80750-310

ENCLOSURE

3-4th
CW

RECORDED

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: January 21, 1947

-314

To: Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director, Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

From: Director, FBI

G.I.R.-5

Subject:

b3

There is enclosed a copy of a letter dated January 11, 1947, received by this Bureau from [redacted] in which he makes inquiry concerning the possibility of employment with the "Centralized Intelligence Agency."

It is felt that he has reference to the Central Intelligence Group and he has been advised that his letter has been forwarded to you for your consideration.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Attachment

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/ALM/MB
5/9/97
Per DGA # 368692

CAM:mvd

JAN 21 5 50 PM '47

January 21, 1947

[redacted]

b3

RECORD

[redacted] -314

Dear [redacted]

Receipt is acknowledged of your letter of January 11, 1947, in which you request information concerning the possibility of employment with the "Centralized Intelligence Agency."

It is assumed that you have reference to the Central Intelligence Group and I have taken the liberty of furnishing a copy of your letter to that agency for their consideration.

In the event you should desire any further information concerning this matter, it is suggested that you communicate directly with The Director, Central Intelligence Group, Washington, D. C.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/01/97 BY SP8 [illegible]
Per DGA #368692

CAM:mvd

JAN 21 6 50 PM

cc: Mr. Rosen
cc: Mr. Callan

Mr. Rosen 12/30/46

Mr. Callan

b3

[redacted]

① Central Intelligence Group

The situation regarding [redacted] is as follows as reflected by our files on the subject:

b3

Preliminary conferences were held between the Director and General Vandenberg and between Mr. Tamm and [redacted] during September of 1946. The question of [redacted] was discussed at the Executive Conference on September 16, 1946, and the majority approved [redacted] with Messrs E. A. Tamm, Nichols and Q. Tamm dissenting. The Director approved the majority view.

Mr. Tamm advised [redacted] of the decision of the Director on September 19, 1946. Letters were exchanged between the Bureau and CIG on September 19 and September 25, 1946. [redacted]

b3

Our letter of September 25, 1946, designated yourself as the Bureau's representative to work out these details and also mentioned that Mr. Glavin would be available to discuss [redacted]

A conference was held in your office on September 25, 1946, which was attended by [redacted] You and the writer attended for the Bureau. The details of this conference are covered by your memorandum to Mr. Tamm of September 25, 1946. [redacted]

Original copy filed in 66-6200-118

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/6/90 BY SP5/CI/JHF

Per OGA letter dated 5/29/90

#283140

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Reese
Sandy

GCC:MCM

RECORDED

62-5075-315

F B I

45 FEB 28

February 10, 1947

b3

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Re: [redacted]

I discussed with you some time ago [redacted] You will observe from the attached that [redacted]

I reluctantly recommend that [redacted]

Per OGA #368692

RECORDED EX-88

62-80750-324

Respectfully,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY SP2/ALM/MG

EDW. A. TAMM

b3

Attachment
EAT:ml

G.A.E. but it is strange

[redacted]

H.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

b3

Central Intelligence Group

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FEB 10 1946

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-
Mr. Clegg	to-date
Mr. Glavin	Search, serial-
Mr. Nichols	ize, and route
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Hendon	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Miss Lyon	Stamp and mail
Miss Gray	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

See Me

Per OGA # 368 692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/97 BY [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

8

_____ 1947

✓ The Director	Mr. Tolson	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Mr. Clegg	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Mr. Glavin	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Mr. Ladd	Bring file up-to-date
Mr. Clegg	Mr. Nichols	Search, serialize, and route
Mr. Glavin	Mr. Rosen	Reading Room
Mr. Nichols	Mr. Tracy	Mechanical Section
Mr. Tracy	Mr. Carson	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Harbo	Mr. Egan	Mail Room
Mr. Hendon	Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Pennington	Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Nease	Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Coyne	Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Miss Gandy	Mr. Nease	
Mr. Carson	Miss Gandy	Call me re this
		Note and return
		File
Miss Gray		Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon		Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher		Call these files

See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY [illegible]

Per OGA # 368692

Edward A. Tamm
5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: January 21, 1947

FROM : C. H. Carson

SUBJECT: MONOGRAPH ON CHILE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the memorandum to you by Mr. E. G. Fitch entitled as above dated January 15, 1947. In accordance with the request contained therein, there is attached one copy of the Bureau Monograph entitled "CHILE TODAY," dated for March, 1943. [redacted]

b3

Attachment

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-330

208

b3

EX-48

1947

Per OGA #368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5.12.97 BY SP2/[illegible]

51 FEB 21 1947

Ladd
Fitch
Doherty

The Attorney General

February 17, 1947

Director, FBI

331

This Bureau has been advised [redacted]

It has come to my attention that [redacted]

b3

It is presumed [redacted]

Per OGA on # 368 692

[redacted]

5/17/97

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

TIME 7:15 PM
DATE 9-18-97
BY [illegible]

62 FEB 27 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: February 13, 1947

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Pursuant to the arrangements set forth in the memorandum from Mr. Fitch to me on February 7, [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

JKM:WMJ

mw to Atty Gen 2/17/47
mw to Ladd 2/15/47

RECORDED

Per OGA # 368692

162-80750-331

F B I

32 FEB 24 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY

ACTION:

It is recommended that [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Harbo RD

DATE: February 7, 1947

FROM : I. W. Conrad

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

a Central Intelligence Group

There is attached hereto a copy of [redacted]

G.I.R.-5

A spot check was made of [redacted]

b3

It is to be noted that [redacted]

/bct

bct

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/97 BY SP2/Alm/mu
Per OGA # 368692

EX 1

& INDEXED
208

162-80750-334
NOT RECORDED
37 FEB 20 1947

60 MAR 1 1947

176

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: February 15, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

C.I.G.

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to your memorandum to the Director dated February 13, 1947, setting forth [redacted]

There is attached a memorandum for the Attorney General, for your approval, setting out generally that [redacted]

Attachment
JFD:OME

RECORDED 62-80750-337

F B I
FEB 24 1947

EX-3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/18/97 BY SP2 [illegible]
Per OGA #368692

61 MAR 4 1947

RECORDED & INDEXED 92

February 18, 1947

[redacted]

b3

Dear [redacted]

Your letter of February 4, 1947, has been received. In response to your request it is suggested that you may care to correspond with Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg, Director, Central Intelligence Group, New War Department Building, 21st and Virginia Avenue, Northwest, Washington, D. C, concerning the contents of your communication.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

G.I.R.-5

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 9
FEB 19 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Per OGA 368692

4 February 19[illegible]

b3

Gentlemen:

Will you tell me if the Off[illegible] of Strategic Services is still function[illegible] If it is, what is the correct address If it is not, does it have a peace-t[illegible] equivalent, and if so, what is the na[illegible] and correct address?

I am an ex Staff Sargeant, a graduate enquirer and I believe I might be interested in the sort of work they do or did, from the very little I know of [illegible]

RECORDED

62-80750-338

Yours very truly

b3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/97 BY [illegible]
Per DGA # 368,692

Ack. 2-18-47
[illegible]

February 11, 1947

Honorable Karl Stefan
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C.

G.I.R.-5

My dear Congressman:

With reference to my conversation of today I am enclosing herewith a photostatic copy of a special report of the Committee on Military Affairs of the House of Representatives pertaining to the formation of the National Intelligence Authority and the Central Intelligence Group.

I am also enclosing a number of newspaper clippings dealing with the formation and activities of the Central Intelligence Group.

With kind personal regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

[redacted]

5/10/97

Per OGA #368692

162-80757-339

Enclosure

RECORDED

EX-4

32 [illegible]

EX-4

CT:DSS

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Handled in Director's Office

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

[illegible] MAR 1 1947

Following enclosures to let to Hon. Karl Stefan dated 2/11/47

Investigations of the National War Effort - Report Committee on Military Affairs, House of Representatives 79th Congress - A Resolution authorizing the Committee on Military Affairs to study the progress of the National War Effort

Page 34 of NATIONAL AFFAIRS - NEWSWEEK of July 22, 1946 article entitled "SPY MASTER (with picture of Vandenberg)

Clipping from the Washington News of 12/17/46 entitled PERMANENT U. S. SPY AGENCY URGED

Clipping from the Washington Star of January 5, 1947 entitled INTELLIGENCE MISSION CONFUSED

Clipping from the Washington Star of July 9, 1946 entitled U. S. AIMS AT BUILDING FIRST-CLASS SERVICE ON FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE by Clarke Beach

Clipping from Washington Star of July 10, 1946 entitled INTELLIGENCE SERVICE AGENTS PLAN LITTLE UNDERCOVER WORK ABROAD by Clarke Beach

Clipping from the Washington Star of July 13, 1946 entitled SCHOLARS, SPECIALISTS SOUGHT FOR NEW U. S. INTELLIGENCE UNIT by Clarke Beach

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/98 BY SP 2 MLH/EHC
Per OGA #368692

62-80750-339

ENCLOS.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: 1/31/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT:

C.I.G.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the article appearing in the Washington Daily News of January 28, 1947, page 3, captioned "Army Fears David Won't Guard Atom", wherein it was stated in paragraph six that "Herbert S. Marks, the commission's newly appointed general counsel, planned a separate counter-intelligence organization that would not be co-ordinated directly with either Army or Navy intelligence. It would be co-ordinated instead thru the central intelligence group, under Lieut. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg."

Inquiry was made by Special Agent R. K. Moore of the Liaison Section of Colonels Carter W. Clarke and Leslie R. Forney, MID, as to their knowledge of the aforementioned organization.

Both Colonels Clarke and Forney denied knowledge of any such organization and stated if anything came to their attention concerning same, the Bureau would be advised.

ACTION

None. This is being submitted for informational purposes.

Per OGA #368692

RECORDED

62-80750-340

RKM:OME

EX-86

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY Spot Stamp

INDEXED

10 FEB 26

51 MAR 13 1947

Army Fears David Won't Guard Atom

(See story on Page 6 and Mr. Stokes and Mr. Simms on Page 21.)

By United Press

High War Department officials are fearful that the atomic bomb secret may not be kept safe by the Civilian Atomic Energy Commission, a reliable Army source said today.

He said officials fear security precautions being planned by the commission's newly appointed key personnel will be inadequate.

These officials, it was said, believe the security organization used so successfully by the Army's wartime Manhattan project is being scrapped in favor of one which they consider less effective. Army-trained security agents reportedly are being weeded out and replaced.

The commission meanwhile was under fire from the Senate Atomic Committee for its plans to exclude congressional and military representatives from meetings. Committee members insisted that no "iron curtain" must be drawn between the commission and the armed forces or Congress.

David E. Lilienthal, commission chairman-designate, was asked to reconsider and invite representatives of both groups. The committee is considering his appointment and those of the other four men named to the commission by President Truman.

Mr. Lilienthal also faced close questioning by Sen. Kenneth McKellar (D., Tenn.), his foe of long-standing. Sen. McKellar charged Lilienthal condoned Communists when he was TVA chairman.

Regarding the Atomic Commission's security plans, the Army source said Herbert S. Marks, the commission's newly appointed general counsel, planned a separate counter - intelligence organization that would not be co-ordinated directly with either Army or Navy intelligence. It would be co-crdinated instead thru the central intelligence group, under Lieut. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg.

The Army source said the organization planned by Mr. Marks would not restrict its activities to guarding atomic energy security in this country. It also would go into international espionage, he said.

Mr. Lilienthal told the Senate group yesterday that his commission planned full co-operation with both Congress and the armed forces, tho it had not intended to invite their representatives to its meetings.

58 MAR 6 1947

Per OGA #36892
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/10/07 BY [illegible]

Washington Daily News
January 28, 1947

62-80750-340

...DARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT:

C.I.G.

DATE: 2/7/47

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated January 31, 1947, which referred to an article appearing in the Washington Daily News, captioned "Army Fears David Won't Guard Atom". You were also informed in this memorandum of the contact with MID representatives advising that they denied knowledge of any such counter-intelligence organization.

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

JFD:OME

Per OGA # 368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/10/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-347

EX-35

90

19

7 MAR 8 1947

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL February 26, 1947

John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

RECORDED LIAISON WITH CIG

E 46 62-80750-344

In accordance with your request, I have instructed Assistant Director D. M. Ladd to consider himself henceforth as liaison representative for the Department of Justice to the Central Intelligence Group.

Attached is a suggested communication for your signature to General Vandenberg advising him of this designation.

Attachment

DVH:FA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/18/97 BY [illegible]

Per OGA # 368692

r. Tolson
r. E. A. Tamm
r. Clegg
r. Glavin
r. Ladd
r. Nichols
r. Rosen
r. Tracy
r. Carson
r. Egan
r. Gurnea
r. Harbo
r. Hendon
r. Pennington
r. Quinn Tamm
r. Lease
ss Sandy

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 6:15 PM
DATE 2/26
BY [illegible]

52 MAR 4 1947

February 28, 1947. STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg,
Director, Central Intelligence Group,
Room 2166, New War Department Building,
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

b3

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2 ALM/MG/GHL
ON 5-12-97
Per OGA # 368692

Dear General Vandenberg:

[redacted]

This is to advise that Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation D. M. Ladd has been designated as the Departmental liaison representative. You will recall that he has been functioning in that capacity for the Federal Bureau of Investigation for some time past.

I trust that this arrangement will be satisfactory to you.

Sincerely yours,

INSP'TD AND MAILED
COMMUNICATIONS SEC.
FEB 28 1947 WS

(Signed) Tom C. Clark

Attorney General.

DVH:FA

"BUREAU COPY"

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Hendon
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

62-80750-344

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: 2-21-47

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: C.I.G.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The Attorney General called me tonight and stated that he had received a call from John Snyder who had stated there had been some differences, and that the Secret Service had endeavored to have some names checked by the Bureau for the White House but had been advised they could not be checked.

I informed the Attorney General that Treasury had been advised that the names would be checked in the event a letter was received from the Secretary requesting such a check; that frankly the Treasury refused to give the Bureau any information without a letter; and that the Bureau had been requiring the same procedure from the Treasury Department. I informed the Attorney General, however, that you had, this afternoon, issued instructions that the Bureau check these names upon receipt from the Treasury Department. The Attorney General stated that if there was any further trouble with the Treasury about their refusal to furnish us information he would like to know in order that he might make an issue of it.

On this occasion, the Attorney General also stated that he had received a letter requesting that he designate someone to act as a contact with the Central Intelligence Group; that he was returning the letter to the Bureau with the suggestion that I handle the matter for the Department.

RECORDED 162-80750-344

F B I

37 MAR 1947

DML:MIP

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY SP2 [illegible]
Per OGA #368692

5-CHC

Memo [illegible] letter [illegible] for [illegible] 2/26/47 [illegible]

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. NICHOLS

DATE: February 7, 1947

FROM : R. F. CARTWRIGHT

SUBJECT: [redacted] b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the attached memorandum of Mr. Fitch, dated January 30, 1947. [redacted] b3

For your information, United States Communications Intelligence Coordinating Committee requested, in September 1946, that the Bureau establish a stop system on approximately 5,000 of their employees in the Bureau's administrative files and/or the records of the Identification Division for the purpose of being furnished subversive or criminal information after an initial name check. This was unanimously disapproved by the Executives Conference under date of October 3, 1946, (64-32001-23). The Bureau did agree to index the names of USCICC employees in our files, and thereafter any information concerning subversive or criminal activities disclosed incidental to name checks upon the opening of Bureau cases would be furnished to that agency. This certainly is not an accurate or effective system and should not be extended if it could possibly be avoided.

You will also recall that in the summer of 1946 we discontinued the only effective stop system ever used in the Records Section. This related to actual stops placed on all Bureau fugitives in the general indices of the Records Section. Because of the expense of operation and the resulting delays in the handling of current mail, it was discontinued even though substantial leads and numerous apprehensions of Bureau fugitives resulted.

[redacted] b3

RECORDED 62-80750-345

RECOMMENDATION:

1. [redacted] b3

2. [redacted]

Attachment
FWW:tmb

MAR 8 - 1947

Exec Conf memo 2-14-47

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/97 BY SP2 [illegible]
Per OGA #368692

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

FROM : C. H. CARSON

DATE: December 30, 1946

SUBJECT: HOUSE COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS REPORT ON THE SYSTEM CURRENTLY EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION, EVALUATION AND DISSEMINATION OF INTELLIGENCE AFFECTING THE WAR POTENTIAL OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Pursuant to your request, the report of the House Committee on Military Affairs of the 79th Congress on intelligence which was published December 17, 1946, has been reviewed.

The report arrived at two conclusions and makes two resulting recommendations which will strike directly at the Central Intelligence Group as presently constituted. The first of these is the finding that the Director of the Central Intelligence Group should be a civilian rather than a military man as he would be "less subject to the control or criticism of any military establishment, less likely to have ambitions in another direction," such appointment would be "more in keeping with American tradition." Secondly, the Committee is emphatic in its recommendation that the Central Intelligence Group have no operations unit of its own but rather should stick strictly to collection, evaluation and dissemination of intelligence secured by "the existing agencies."

The Committee reports begins with a discussion of the importance and necessity of a permanent intelligence organization and reviews the important role that intelligence has already played in our history. Of passing interest is the claim that sound intelligence "enabled us to break up the German armies in France piecemeal, thus making a defense of their homeland by the Germans an impossibility." This apparently is a reference to the double agent work performed by the British in Southern England prior to V-E day. This accomplishment has hitherto been maintained as top secret but it is evident that the Committee was furnished information concerning it during their study. The spectacular mistakes made by the United States, especially the failure to defend Pearl Harbor, are referred to.

The Committee then discusses the post-war jockeying among the proponents of various intelligence plans which culminated in the issuance of the Presidential Directive of January 22, 1946, calling for the formation of the National Intelligence Authority. The Committee expresses general approval of the plan set forth in the Directive and points out that because of the fact that the Secretaries of State, War and Navy as well as the personal representative of the President, who constitute the National Intelligence Authority, are extremely busy individuals, that, therefore, the real work of the new organization has fallen largely on the shoulders of the Director of the Central Intelligence Group. The Committee remarks that the Central Intelligence Group has been

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-6-97 BY SP2 [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-347

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29 MAR 1 1947

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58 MAR 11 1947

EX-81

fortunate in having two men of high caliber as Directors during the past ten months.

Then the Committee addresses itself to the question--"should the central agency engage in operations?" It points out that the Presidential Directive is not clear as to just which course the new "group" should pursue. Consequently it is stated that two divergent views emerged. One was to the effect that the Presidential Directive should be strictly interpreted so that the central agency should devote itself to the correlation, evaluation and dissemination of intelligence, while the other view, as the Committee put it, was that the new agency should not be content to be "a coordinating sewing circle" and should not hesitate to plunge into operations. After considerable discussion the Committee arrives at the conclusion that most experienced operators feel that one result would be inevitable if the central agency should organize its own operations unit, i.e., the central agency would in time drive the others from the field much as the Gestapo eliminated its competitors in Germany to the detriment of German intelligence. The Committee warns against having secret intelligence operations in one small place. They admit that efficiency and economy are important factors but they suggest that intelligence does not come through a single, easy channel but instead is better described as "a minute distillation of great masses of raw material." The Committee expresses the opinion that any item of intelligence which would save this nation from war is priceless. Therefore, they say that no pains should be spared, no penny pinched, to make certain that the intelligence we need does not slip through our fingers.

The Committee concludes with a series of recommendations. They suggest that the National Intelligence Authority as established by the Presidential Directive should be authorized by Act of Congress; that the National Intelligence Authority be made up of the Secretaries of State, War and Navy or their special deputies for intelligence; that the Central Intelligence Group receive its appropriations direct from Congress; and that it have complete control over its own personnel.

As indicated above, the Committee recommends that the Director of the Central Intelligence Group be a civilian appointed for a preliminary term of two years and a permanent term of ten years at a salary of at least $12,000 a year; that this Director be appointed by the President by and with the consent of the Senate; that he correlate and evaluate intelligence relating to the national security and disseminate within the government the resulting strategic and national policy intelligence, making use of the staffs and facilities of the intelligence agencies already existing in the various government departments; that he plan for the coordination of the activities of the intelligence agencies of the various government departments as relate to the national security and make appropriate recommendations. This recommendation ends with the sentence, "It is specifically understood that the Director of Central Intelligence shall not undertake operations for the collection of intelligence." The final recommendation is directed to the Army suggesting that the question of the

establishment of an Intelligence Corps be examined further for the training, development and assignment of especially qualified officers. The Committee is naturally interested in military intelligence and states that as a result of hearings held by it at which a score of officers were heard, among them some of the most experienced intelligence officers in the Army, the conclusion was reached that the formation of an Intelligence Corps so designed that it would produce trained intelligence officers without losing their proper integration with the rest of the Army might be desirable.

The Committee's report presumably will be considered by the House as a whole when intelligence matters come up for discussion.

ACTION:

No action is necessary on this memorandum at the present time. It is prepared for informative purposes only.

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

RECORDED

62-80750-349

F B I

71 MAR 6 1947

EX-28

62 MAR 17 1947 R28

77-23476-18

ORIGINAL FILED IN

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: February 12, 1947

FROM : SAC, MILWAUKEE

ATTENTION: MR. L. B. NICHOLS
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR

SUBJECT: PROFESSOR WILLIAM L. LANGER
HARVARD UNIVERSITY, OFFICE OF STRATEGIC SERVICES
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP
INTELLIGENCE PROBLEMS

On the night of February 10, 1947, I attended one of the periodic Harvard Club dinners in Milwaukee, the speaker being Professor WILLIAM L. LANGER, reportedly former Director of the State Department's Office of Research and Intelligence and former Special Assistant to the Secretary of State during the war, presently professor of history at Harvard University. LANGER'S subject was generally with regard to the "Problem of Intelligence."

LANGER stated that he served as an Assistant to General DONOVAN, Head of O.S.S., during the major part of the war, and had been called to Washington in said capacity about the time O.S.S. was organized. He discussed the operations of O.S.S. generally as an operational function and as an information or intelligence gathering function, pointing out that with the cessation of hostilities and activities operational, it was natural that the intelligence gathering function of the organization was de-emphasized, and that function died with the operational function upon the breaking up of O.S.S.

LANGER stated that O.S.S. served a great need, inasmuch as there was no centralized authority to both gather information and operate on an international scale through direct contacts with the enemy and contacts in enemy areas. He made a great many generalizations concerning the advised techniques of operating such an intelligence system, and pointed out that the greatest need in such a system is for personnel who have technological knowledge so that facts gathered can be properly evaluated and necessary action taken. He also stated that he agreed with General DONOVAN'S statement that most information obtained through such a system is from people motivated by patriotic purposes rather than people who are paid for information.

He made very few references to any specific operations, making most of his remarks on the tremendous volume of work done to obtain map and area data for the purpose of bombing vital spots of industry, as well as transportation route spots, which would blank out certain steps in production, distribution, and use of war materials as well as potentials. He said that in Washington there are 3 million sets of the finest maps in one collection in the world, of many countries, naming Germany, Japan, Russia, and some Pacific islands. His only reference to the FBI was that sometime before Pearl Harbor the FBI had launched and progressed greatly in the investigation of nationality groups, which was

limited, however, to subversive activities by such groups in the United States rather than with regard to developing foreign contacts of such groups and individuals in foreign areas, such as underground and resistance movements which could furnish not only necessary information for military and naval action, but have other purposes, economic, political and war making. He boasted that the O.S.S. figures as to casualties suffered by Germany at a certain point of the war were much more accurate, for example, than figures and information in the possession of the British. He praised the British Intelligence System, but stated that it was surpassed by the O.S.S. in that much more concentrated effort and much more information was obtained through the United States Intelligence System.

Professor LANGER stated that he was in favor of, as General DONOVAN had proposed, a Central Intelligence Group or system, presided over by a civilian having full directional authority, but that the President of the United States, upon the advice of the War Services, signed or put into effect another provision for such a system which was to be split up with functions in the State, War and Navy Departments and other agencies; that one McCORMICK, who was to head the intelligence branch in the State Department, finally left his job because certain units of the State Department were trying to break up the intelligence system in the State Department into still more units.

Professor LANGER then indicated that he had returned to Washington when this occurred, and made efforts to save the situation by preventing a further breakdown of the system in the State Department. LANGER also stated that he had advised General ~~VANDENBERG~~ VANDENBERG (phonetic) or the General now heading intelligence, that his efforts should be to coordinate all the agencies concerned rather than to spend most of his efforts in attempting to save certain functions for the Central Intelligence Group's jurisdiction.

LANGER stated that at the present time things are more or less in a state of confusion, although some progress is being made, that the General in charge of the Central Intelligence Group is a sincere, alert man, with a great deal of ability, that there is some hope in the fact that Secretary of State GEORGE MARSHALL understands the situation and will probably take the necessary action to make the centralized intelligence system as effective as possible under the provisions defining and setting it up.

After LANGER'S main remarks, he answered a few questions, and among other answers he stated that he doubted that this country knew as much as 5% of what it should know about what is going on behind the Iron Curtain.

DIRECTOR, FBI
February 12, 1947

It was noted that in the audience there was one AL HIRSCH, who is editor of the Wisconsin CIO NEWS. HIRSCH is identical with ALFRED HERMAN HIRSCH, Bureau File 100-56575, a Key Figure in the Milwaukee Field Division. He is said to be a member of the Harvard Club of Milwaukee, class of 1929. HIRSCH will undoubtedly make a report to the Communist Headquarters of Milwaukee, and for the Bureau's further information there is attached a copy of an article in the Milwaukee Sentinel, February 11, 1947.

HKJ:JJ

Enc. 1

COPY:FQ

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson DATE: February 25, 1947

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Fred Mullen advised me yesterday that the UP representative covering the War Department had secured information that General Hoyt Vandenberg was going to be replaced by Rear Admiral Roland H. Hillenkoeter, presently assigned as Naval Attache at Paris. He wanted to know if we had heard anything on this or could confirm the story. I told him we of course could not comment on the rumor.

This morning Earl Godwin called and stated that he had received a tip that reports were current that General Vandenberg would step out and be replaced by a Naval officer presently assigned in a liaison capacity at the American Embassy in Paris.

It would thus appear that something is imminent as far as Vandenberg is concerned.

LBN:hbm

RECORDED

62-80750-350

EX-17

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/12/97 BY [redacted]
Per OGA #368692

COPY:FQ

February 25, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Special Agent S. W. Reynolds of the Liaison Section has advised that [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

[redacted]

CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION GROUP

RECORDED 162-80750-351

Per DGA #368692

EX

F B I

1947

5/11/92

ORIGINAL

[redacted] b3

[redacted]

[redacted] b3

[redacted]

Respectfully submitted,

D. M. Ladd

SWR:AJB Director's notation: "Ask Telford what he knows about Hillenkoetter, H."

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: Feb. 14, 1947

FROM : THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The Executive Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Rosen, Long, Mumford, Morgan, Hendon, Tracy, Glavin and Nichols, considered [redacted]

b3

Copy filed in 66-7554

Respectfully,
For the Conference

[redacted]

EX-26 RECORDED

Clyde Tolson 62-80750-354

b3

E. A. Tamm

cc- Mr. Clegg
Mr. Hendon

LBN:RC

was advised as instructed 2/24/47

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/12/99 BY spf/Alm/mg
Per OGA# 368692

B28

57 MAR 8 - 1947

b3

March 8, 1947

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
Room 144, South Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

[redacted]

Per OGA #368692

b3

There is transmitted herewith Standard Form No. 1080, Voucher for Transfers between Appropriations and/or Funds [redacted]

Enclosure

GCC:MCM

RECORDED

166-[illegible] 355

F B I

68 MAR 10 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

DATE: March 6, 1947

b3

27443

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

The present policy in making name checks for ONI and MID is, when practical and possible, copies of reports are furnished in lieu of summarizing the file.

b3

[redacted]

ACTION

If you approve copies will be furnished as in other cases.

I recommend no.

RKM:rhr

OK to give summary

Per OGA

RECORDED
INDEXED
41

356

MAR 19

MAR 6 1947 R28

ARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

FROM : C. H. Carson

DATE: March 7, 1947

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Our SIS Office in Bogota, Colombia, has advised by radiogram that [redacted]

b3

The Bureau files reveal that [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

ACTION

None. This memorandum is prepared for informative purposes only.

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-359

F E

EX-31 15 MAR 11 1947

DVH:FA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/13/97 BY SP2/Alafmg Per OGA #368692

60 MAR 20 1947

March 10, 1947

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

b3

Lieutenant General Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director, Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

Dear General Vandenberg:

Reference is made to my letter of January 2, 1947, concerning [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

368,692

Per DGA

RECORDED

162-80150-361

DBC-mal

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
☆ MAR 11 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

X - 6a

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

MAR 21 1947

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Note reads: Ultimately after Army and Navy Brass have wrecked all possibilities, a civilian will be assigned to bury the limbs&torso.

G.I.R.-3

Central Intelligence Group

February 24, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

Re: Lt. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg
Director, CIG

Special Agent Doherty of the Liaison Section contacted [redacted] and indicated to him that he had received a rumor to the effect that General Vandenberg was to resign and was to be replaced by an Admiral of the United States Navy. b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

62-81003-
62-81742-

RECORDED 80450-363

[redacted]

Ultimately after Army and Navy Brass have wrecked all possibilities, a civilian will be assigned to bury the limbs & torso.

Per DGA # 360 [illegible]
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-10-97

Respectfully,

E. A. Fitch

50 MAR 22 1947

JFD:OME

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

March 15, 1947

62-80750-3601

b3

RECORDED
& 212
INDEXED
Ex 67

[redacted]

Dear [redacted]

Your letter dated March 12, 1947, has been received. It is suggested you may wish to communicate with the Director, Central Intelligence Group, 2430 E Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., with regard to United States Intelligence activities in Europe.

G. I. R. 3

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

FRY:AMO:MRD

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1/14/02 [illegible]
Per OGA 368692

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 10
MAR 1 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Ean
Urnea
Urbo
Lindon
Mannington
Quinn Tamm
Room
Case
Keahm
Mindy

51 APR 2 1947 103

March 12 1947

To F.B.I. Information
Washington D.C.

53262

Dear Sir:-

Will you please give me information as to where I may contact the group which operates under the F.B.I. in Europe.

Have just returned from four years in France & Italy. Travelled in eleven countries in Europe before the war and studied at four universities there.

Am now at Fort Dix, but will be in Washington next week.

62-80750-3.62

RECORDED
F B I
29 MAR 19 1947

Sincerely

[redacted]

ack 3/15/47

[redacted]

(4) MAN

b3

Rr DGR

cc - Mr. Ladd

D. M. LADD

December 30, 1946

C. H. CARSON

Original cannot be located and is not on record. When original is received in Files Division it will be filed either with this copy or may be given a new serial.

3/20/47 C.F.B.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS REPORT ON THE SYSTEM CURRENTLY EMPLOYED IN THE COLLECTION, EVALUATION AND DISSEMINATION OF INTELLIGENCE AFFECTING THE WAR POTENTIAL OF THE UNITED STATES

Pursuant to your request, the report of the House Committee on Military Affairs of the 79th Congress on intelligence which was published December 17, 1946, has been reviewed.

The report arrived at two conclusions and makes two resulting recommendations which will strike directly at the Central Intelligence Group as presently constituted. The first of these is the finding that the Director of the Central Intelligence Group should be a civilian rather than a military man as he would be "less subject to the control or criticism of any military establishment, less likely to have ambitions in another direction," such appointment would be "more in keeping with American tradition." Secondly, the Committee is emphatic in its recommendation that the Central Intelligence Group have no operations unit of its own but rather should stick strictly to collection, evaluation and dissemination of intelligence secured by "the existing agencies."

The Committee reports begins with a discussion of the importance and necessity of a permanent intelligence organization and reviews the important role that intelligence has already played in our history. Of passing interest is the claim that sound intelligence "enabled us to break up the German armies in France piecemeal, thus making a defense of their homeland by the Germans an impossibility." [redacted] The spectacular mistakes made by the United States, especially the failure to defend Pearl Harbor, are referred to.

b7D

EX-[illegible] & 162-80750-372

The Committee then discusses the post-war jockeying among the proponents of various intelligence plans which culminated in the issuance of the Presidential Directive of January 22, 1946, calling for the formation of the National Intelligence Authority. The Committee expresses general approval of the plan set forth in the Directive and points out that because of the fact that the Secretaries of State, War and Navy as well as the personal representative of the President, who constitute the National Intelligence Authority, are extremely busy individuals, that, therefore, the real work of the new organization has fallen largely on the shoulders of the Director of the Central Intelligence Group. The Committee remarks that the Central Intelligence Group has been

Mr. Tolson
Mr. L. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Per OGA # 368692

MAR 28 1947

5/13/97

fortunate in having two men of high caliber as Directors during the past ten months.

Then the Committee addresses itself to the question—"should the central agency engage in operations?" It points out that the Presidential Directive is not clear as to just which course the new "group" should pursue. Consequently it is stated that two divergent views emerged. One was to the effect that the Presidential Directive should be strictly interpreted so that the central agency should devote itself to the correlation, evaluation and dissemination of intelligence, while the other view, as the Committee put it, was that the new agency should not be content to be "a coordinating sewing circle" and should not hesitate to plunge into operations. After considerable discussion the Committee arrives at the conclusion that most experienced operators feel that one result would be inevitable if the central agency should organize its own operations unit, i.e., the central agency would in time drive the others from the field much as the Gestapo eliminated its competitors in Germany to the detriment of German intelligence. The Committee warns against having secret intelligence operations in one small place. They admit that efficiency and economy are important factors but they suggest that intelligence does not come through a single, easy channel but instead is better described as "a minute distillation of great masses of raw material." The Committee expresses the opinion that any item of intelligence which would save this nation from war is priceless. Therefore, they say that no pains should be spared, no penny pinched, to make certain that the intelligence we need does not slip through our fingers.

The Committee concludes with a series of recommendations. They suggest that the National Intelligence Authority as established by the Presidential Directive should be authorized by Act of Congress; that the National Intelligence Authority be made up of the Secretaries of State, War and Navy or their special deputies for intelligence; that the Central Intelligence Group receive its appropriations direct from Congress; and that it have complete control over its own personnel.

As indicated above, the Committee recommends that the Director of the Central Intelligence Group be a civilian appointed for a preliminary term of two years and a permanent term of ten years at a salary of at least $12,000 a year; that this Director be appointed by the President by and with the consent of the Senate; that he correlate and evaluate intelligence relating to the national security and disseminate within the government the resulting strategic and national policy intelligence, making use of the staffs and facilities of the intelligence agencies already existing in the various government departments; that he plan for the coordination of the activities of the intelligence agencies of the various government departments as relate to the national security and make appropriate recommendations. This recommendation ends with the sentence, "It is specifically understood that the Director of Central Intelligence shall not undertake operations for the collection of intelligence." The final recommendation is directed to the Army suggesting that the question of the

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. H. Belmont
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

establishment of an Intelligence Corps be examined further for the training, development and assignment of especially qualified officers. The Committee is naturally interested in military intelligence and states that as a result of hearings held by it at which a score of officers were heard, among them some of the most experienced intelligence officers in the Army, the conclusion was reached that the formation of an Intelligence Corps so designed that it would produce trained intelligence officers without losing their proper integration with the rest of the Army might be desirable.

The Committee's report presumably will be considered by the House as a whole when intelligence matters come up for discussion.

ACTION:

No action is necessary on this memorandum at the present time. It is prepared for informative purposes only.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Mease
Miss Gandy

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: 3/22/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: FURNISHING COPIES OF BUREAU REPORTS TO CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

A question has arisen in the Name Check Unit of the Liaison Section as to the Bureau's policy with respect to furnishing copies of Bureau reports to CIG in response to routine requests. The practice has been to furnish copies of such reports to Army, Navy and a few other Governmental agencies especially where routine items are concerned. It is, therefore, respectfully requested that we be advised whether the same policy shall be held applicable to CIG requests of a routine nature.

EGF:OME

Per OGA # 368692 3/24/47 EHT.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/13/97 BY

RECORDED

62-80750-373

F B I

1 MAR 25 1947

63 MAR 31 1947

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. NICHOLS

DATE: March 18, 1947

FROM : R. F. CARTWRIGHT

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted] talked to Mr. Waikart by phone today and requested that an opportunity be made available for [redacted] to visit the Bureau [redacted]

b3

You will recall that [redacted] was here some months back for similar purposes. [redacted]

Unless advised to the contrary I will make arrangements for [redacted] to visit the Bureau and to give her whatever assistance may be extended in this instance.

Per OGA
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/13/97 BY [illegible]

RFC:mam

we should "go thru the motions" but give this # 368692 as little time as possible

3/19 I concur.

PERS. FILES

Handled 3/25/47

58 APR 1 1947

32 MAR 31 1947

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

53260

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/19/97 BY [illegible]
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

FEB 28 1947

Per 06A

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-to-date
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	Search, serialize, and route
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Hendon	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File
Miss Gray	Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnen
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

See Me

Edward A. Tamm
5734

53256

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED 62-80750-380

Date: March 26, 1947

To: Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Reference is made to [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

#330299

5/13/97

DVH:FA

Per OGA #368692

MAR 27 5 02 PM '47
RECEIVED READ NO.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Special messenger

109

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 108
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Page 6 ~ b1, b3
Page 7 ~ b1, b3
Page 9 ~ b1, b3
Page 10 ~ b1, b3
Page 11 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 12 ~ b1, b3
Page 13 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 14 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 15 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 18 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 19 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 20 ~ b1, b3
Page 21 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 32 ~ b1, b3
Page 33 ~ b1, b3
Page 34 ~ b1, b3
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Page 46 ~ b3
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Page 48 ~ b1, b3
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Page 67 ~ Duplicate
Page 68 ~ Duplicate
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Page 73 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 75 ~ b1, b3
Page 77 ~ b1, b3
Page 78 ~ b1, b3
Page 83 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 84 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 86 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 88 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 89 ~ b1, b3
Page 90 ~ b1, b3
Page 99 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 100 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 101 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 102 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 103 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 108 ~ b3
Page 109 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 113 ~ b1, b3
Page 121 ~ b1, b3
Page 122 ~ b1, b3
Page 123 ~ b1, b3
Page 124 ~ Duplicate
Page 125 ~ Duplicate
Page 126 ~ Duplicate
Page 127 ~ b1, b3
Page 131 ~ b3, b7D, b7E
Page 132 ~ b3, b7D, b7E
Page 133 ~ b1, b3
Page 135 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 138 ~ b3
Page 140 ~ b3
Page 141 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 142 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 143 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 144 ~ Referral/Consult

Page 145 ~ Referral/Direct
Page 146 ~ Referral/Direct
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Page 150 ~ b3, b7D
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Page 164 ~ b1, b3
Page 166 ~ Referral/Direct

FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 7

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 3/29 1947

TO:
- ✓ Director
- ____ Mr. Edward Tamm
- ____ Mr. Clegg
- ____ Mr. Glavin
- ____ Mr. Ladd
- ____ Mr. Nichols
- ____ Mr. Rosen
- ____ Mr. Tracy
- ____ Mr. Harbo
- ____ Mr. Hendon
- ____ Mr. Jones
- ____ Mr. Nease
- ____ Miss Gandy
- ____ Personnel Files Section
- ____ Records Section
- ____ Mrs. Skillman

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Edward Tamm	
Miss Gandy	

See Me — For Appropriate Action

Send File — Note and Return

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/2/97 BY [illegible]

Clyde Tolson

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: 4/3/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

[redacted] advised Special Agent F. P. Griffee of the Liaison Section in strictest confidence that [redacted]

Referral/Consult
b3

FPG:AJB:OME

RECORDED

162-80750-392

F B

37 APR 9 1947

OME

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-2-97 BY [illegible]

58 APR 12 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

CONFIDENTIAL

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 4-10-47

FROM : MR. D. M. LADD

SUBJECT:

I thought you would be interested in the attached

[redacted] (C) u

[redacted] (C) u

[redacted] (C) u

b3

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Carnes
Mr. Garbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Central Intelligence Group

Attachment
DML:ml

#254,387
CLASSIFIED BY: [illegible]
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR 6/26/85

This fellow seems to have the "pitch" alright.

Partially de-indexed 1/21/59 #6

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-396
F B I
15 APR 28 1947

CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible] ON 6/2/94

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

62-77306-2

10 MAY 21 1947

April 28, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. TAMM
MR. LADD

Today I saw General Vandenberg and Admiral Hillenkoetter who is succeeding General Vandenberg as Head of CIG. The call was entirely a courtesy call for General Vandenberg to introduce Admiral Hillenkoetter. The General expressed appreciation of the cooperation and assistance which this Bureau has rendered the CIG and Admiral Hillenkoetter expressed a hope and desire that there would be a very close and cordial relationship.

General Vandenberg indicated he probably would still be assigned to Washington.

Very truly yours,

J. E. H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/4/97 BY spr/[illegible]

RECORDED [illegible] - 40 I
F B I
1 APR 29 1947

[illegible] FROM D. O.
TIME 6:29 PM
DATE 4/28
BY [illegible]

Miss Gandy

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-05-2012

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

[DECODED COPY]

Mr. Nelson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FROM HAVANA [4-8-47] NR 86 5:43 PM EST

[redacted] VISITED THIS OFFICE [APRIL 8]
HE ADVISED THAT HE [redacted]
HAD BEEN RECALLED WASHINGTON. [redacted]

b3

RECEIVED [4-8-47] 5:57 PM EST MD

~~CLASSIFIED BY~~
~~DECLASSIFY ON 25X~~

~~ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.~~

RECORDED 92-81750-403

INDEXED [37 APR 14 1947]

8X-55

[If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

60 MAY 8 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: 4/17/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: Rear Admiral Roscoe Henry Hillenkoetter
New Director of CIG

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/97 BY [illegible]

Special Agent Doherty of the Liaison Section met Admiral Hillenkoetter this morning and obtained from him the information that at no time did he ever seek such an appointment as Director of CIG. Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that he was the Naval Attache in Paris and felt that he was doing a good job when on approximately March 7, he received a dispatch from Admiral Nimitz, Chief of Naval Operations, ordering his return to the United States to become Director of CIG. Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that he was naturally very surprised to receive such a communication and immediately sat down and wrote a letter to Admiral Leahy, whom he has known for a considerable period, explaining the reason why he should not be removed as Naval Attache in Paris. Admiral Hillenkoetter believed that he had some good informants and that probably his removal would effect the receipt of further information regarding Communist Party activities in France.

Admiral Hillenkoetter revealed that shortly after the letter was sent to Admiral Leahy, he received a dispatch from Leahy which stated in effect, "come back home, you damn fool." Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that when he received this he felt that he must return.

Since his return he advised Agent Doherty that he has a desk in General Vandenberg's office and he is extremely busy in endeavoring to obtain all information about CIG he possibly can from General Vandenberg. It is to be noted that since Admiral Hillenkoetter and General Vandenberg share the same office in CIG at the present time, Agent Doherty believed it would be more beneficial to talk to Admiral Hillenkoetter when not in the presence of General Vandenberg. As a result, knowing Captain Sabalot of ONI is extremely friendly with Admiral Hillenkoetter, the Captain was requested to inform Agent Doherty when Admiral Hillenkoetter would be present in Captain Sabalot's office. As a result of these arrangements, Captain Sabalot phoned Agent Doherty this morning advising that Admiral Hillenkoetter would be in Sabalot's office at 10:00 A.M. It was at this time that Agent Doherty met Admiral Hillenkoetter.

Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that he realizes his new duties will necessitate his working extremely hard in order to find out as quickly as possible the activities of all branches of CIG. At this point Special Agent Doherty inquired what his plans were relative to the physical setup of CIG and whether or not he intended to make any changes in personnel. To this Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that his time at the present is spent mostly in an endeavor to find out all he can about the operations of CIG. He also stated that at present he had no plans of changing the present setup.

[redacted] 35 [redacted] 4 [redacted] 47 - 404

Special Agent Doherty asked Admiral Hillenkoetter if he had been officially designated Director of CIG. The Admiral stated that a few days ago he had lunch with Admiral Leahy at which time Admiral Leahy brought him in to

JFD:rhr

[illegible] 1947

talk to President Truman. At this time the President asked Admiral Hillenkoetter when he felt he could take over as Director of CIG and at the same time suggested that he would appreciate the Admiral's taking over on May 1. Admiral Hillenkoetter said so long as the President suggested May 1, he felt that May 1, would be all right with him. So as it stands now, Admiral Hillenkoetter is to become Director of CIG on May 1.

Admiral Hillenkoetter during the course of conversation with Agent Doherty related that he had the highest respect and utmost regard for Mr. Hoover and was very anxious to talk with Mr. Hoover at the Director's convenience so that he might have the benefit of the Director's views prior to officially taking over as Director of CIG. Special Agent Doherty informed the Admiral that a contact would be made with Mr. Hoover's office for the purpose of arranging a meeting between him and the Director. The Admiral was informed that as soon as word was received he would be contacted and the appropriate details worked out. The Admiral also stated that he believed cooperation between FBI and CIG is absolutely necessary to carry out most effectively the responsibilities of CIG. Admiral Hillenkoetter was informed that Mr. Hoover has always been most anxious to cooperate with other agencies and doubtless would do everything in his power to be of assistance to Admiral Hillenkoetter and CIG.

From the personal observations of Special Agent Doherty, Admiral Hillenkoetter appears to be a very pleasant and friendly individual and indicated nothing pompous in his make-up. He also appeared to be very frank in his statement that he knew nothing about CIG but would do everything possible to learn all about it in the shortest possible time.

It is believed that in the event Admiral Hillenkoetter's indoctrination is received from General Vandenberg only, there will be, quite likely, a necessity for clearing up false impressions about the FBI.

RECOMMENDATION

In the event it is possible for Mr. Hoover to see Admiral Hillenkoetter, it is requested that the Liaison Section be advised so that contact can be had with Admiral Hillenkoetter to determine if it would be possible for him to meet at the time suggested by the Director.

I saw the Admiral & General this morning.
4.28.47 K.

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED 62-80707-405
Date: April 18, 1947

To: Director, Central Intelligence Group
Room 2166, New War Department Building
21st and Virginia Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: Request for Clerical Manual from the Federal Bureau of Investigation

Reference is made to [redacted]

b3

The Chief Clerk Manual used by the Bureau is an adaptation of the regular Bureau Domestic Field Manual prepared for the assistance and instruction of our Agent personnel. From the latter are selected appropriate sections which pertain particularly to those matters of which the Chief Clerks in our Offices should be cognizant. The material in our Bureau Domestic Field Manual has always been held as confidential matter and this naturally applies to the Chief Clerk Manual.

I am sure, therefore, that you will appreciate our position in this matter and I regret very much that under the circumstances we are unable to comply with [redacted] request.

b3

[redacted]

G.I.R.-9

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hergon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

DVH:FA

MAY 8 1947

U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
APR 19 3 25 PM

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR

DATE: 5/1/47

FROM : CLYDE TOLSON

C.I.G.

SUBJECT:

Mr. Billy Repaid, a news commentator, called to see me with Mr. John Simpson on April 29. Mr. Repaid stated that [redacted] wants to write some derogatory stories concerning CIG operations. [redacted] I told Mr. Repaid that we could not help in this matter in any way. He indicated that doubtless [redacted] would take the matter up with his Senator [redacted]

b3

CT:DSS

I hope he does.
K.

G.I.R.-9

162-80750-407

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/97 BY SP2/ALM/MG

RECORDED & INDEXED

19 7 1947

60 MAY 19 1947

SAC, Indianapolis - PERSONAL ATTENTION

April 28, 1947

Director, FBI

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, INC.
INFORMATION CONCERNING

RECORDED 408 EX-67

Reference is made to the letter of April 21, 1947 from the Indianapolis Division to the Bureau and the Chicago Division wherein it was pointed out that an organization known as the Central Intelligence Service, Inc., is fingerprinting truck drivers for various trucking organizations. It was indicated that a fee of fifty cents per person was being charged for this service. Reference letter further stated that the captioned organization claimed that the fingerprints which were taken were being cleared through the Indiana State Police Identification Division.

It is suggested that the Indianapolis office bring the information which has been received concerning the activities of the Central Intelligence Service, Inc., to the attention of Major Robert A. O'Neal, Executive Officer of Indiana State Police.

The Bureau does not desire to deviate from its present policy concerning the handling of fingerprints of persons employed by private companies in connection with this matter.

It is also not desired that the truckers in Indiana be again contacted regarding the reasons which make it impossible for the Bureau to handle fingerprints of employees of trucking organizations. Questions in this regard, it is suggested, can be adequately handled when any individual inquiries are received from the carriers.

It is desired that each of your offices be alert for any further information concerning the activities of the captioned organization.

cc Chicago

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/7/97 BY [illegible]

CCN:MFW

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 7
APR 30 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

62 JUN 7 1947

BOARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: April 21, 1947

FROM : SAC, Indianapolis

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, INC. AIR MAIL SPECIAL DELIVERY
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Mr. JAMES E. NICHOLAS, Secretary of the Indiana Motor Truck Association, has brought to our attention the existence of the above named organization which is active in fingerprinting truck drivers for various operators in this area. Mr. NICHOLAS states that to date, drivers for Viking, Ellis, Huber and Huber, C and D, and the Clemens Truck Companies have been fingerprinted by this organization at 50 cents per head or 50 cents per employee fingerprinted.

Mr. NICHOLAS advised that A. C. RODGERS, also known as AL RODGERS, Security officer for the Hayes Freight Lines, is President of the Central Intelligence Service Inc.; W. L. JESSUP, former identification officer for the Marion County Sheriff's Office in Indianapolis, is Vice-President; and Mrs. W. L. JESSUP is Secretary-treasurer. So far as Mr. NICHOLAS knows, the only funds for the operation of this service is the 50 cents fee collected for each individual fingerprinted.

Mr. NICHOLAS, further, advised that he is somewhat skeptical of this organization in view of the fact that he understands that RODGERS was formerly the Provost Marshal at some military establishment in Arkansas and was removed from the Provost Marshal position because of some difficulties in which he was involved. In building up business for their organization, RODGERS and JESSUP claimed that they are obtaining two F.B.I. men as members of their staff. They, also, claim that the fingerprints are being cleared through the Indiana State Police Identification Division. Mr. NICHOLAS states that this organization has no approval or sanction of the Indiana Motor Truck Organization and that their operations are under consideration by the Central Motor Freight in Chicago for the purpose of determining whether this organization will be employed on a permanent basis.

JESSUP advised an agent of this office recently that the Central Intelligence Service, Inc. is being organized in nine states and that the office is presently maintained in his home at 1206 Beecher Street, in Indianapolis; that permanent offices will be established on April 24, 1947 in Chicago, as well as Indianapolis, where the identification division of the organization will be maintained.

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80765

I understand that a meeting is to be held at Chicago on April 24, 1947, the results of which, will probably determine the

EX-67

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-7-97 BY SP2/RHM/mms

4/28/47 ecm

extent to which these Central Intelligence Services, Inc. will operate. No further details were received regarding this meeting.

A check has been made which fails to reflect that the Central Intelligence Service, Inc. has, in fact, been incorporated in the State of Indiana or has filed the necessary papers as a foreign corporation doing business in Indiana. A check of firm names and partnerships, registry of which is required by the Clerk of Marion County of Indianapolis, fails to reflect this organization to be of record.

Special Agent JOSEPH E. BROWAN of this office has been approached by A. C. RODGERS and offered a position with the Central Intelligence Service, Inc. Agent BROWAN advises me that he has no idea or intention of leaving the Bureau and accepting a position with this organization, at the present time. I also understand that Captain EDWARD D. ROULS, NA, Indianapolis Police Department, has also been approached by RODGERS.

These details are being furnished to the Bureau for its information. It is recommended that the truckers in this vicinity be again contacted and explained the reasons why the Bureau is unable to handle fingerprints of employees for those concerns. The suggestion is made, however, that the Bureau might wish to consider making an exception to the general rule concerning the handling of fingerprints of individuals of private companies so far as trucking companies are concerned in view of the Bureau's interest in theft from interstate shipment cases.

It is also recommended that contact be made with MAJOR ROBERT A. O'NEAL, Executive Officer of the Indiana State Police, in order that he might be informed of the 50 cents per head charge being made for fingerprints taken by the Central Intelligence Service, Inc. which are purportedly being cleared through the files of the Indiana State Police.

Before taking the action recommended, the Bureau's views in this regard are requested. A copy of this letter is being furnished to the Chicago Field Division in view of the reported meeting to be held there on April 24, 1947 through which the Central Intelligence Service, Inc. is apparently seeking to ally itself permanently with the trucking industry in the middlewest in order that the Chicago Office can furnish any information it may have received in this respect.

JBL:EAS
32-0

cc. Chicago

A.C. Rodgers.
Al K
Wilfred Jesamp
66-5424-3335
100-7321-6.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/16/97 BY SP2 Alm

May 16, 1947

MEMO FOR MR. HOOVER
TOLSON
TAMM, E. A.
CLEGG
CONNELLEY
GLAVIN
LADD
NICHOLS
ROSEN
TRACY
BAUGHMAN
CALLAHAN
CALLAN
CARLSON
CARROLL, J. F.
CARSON
CARTWRIGHT
CONRAD
COYNE
DOWNING
EDWARDS, H. L.
EGAN
FITCH
GURNEA
HARBO
HINCE
JONES
KEAY
LAUGHLIN
LEONARD
LONG
McCABE
McGUIRE
MOHR
MUMFORD
NAUGHTEN
NEASE
PARSONS
PENNINGTON
RENNEBERGER
ROGERS
SIZOO
STRICKLAND
TAMM, Q.
AND SUPERVISORS

RE: CHANGE OF ADDRESS
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

This is to advise that the executive offices of the Central Intelligence Group have been transferred from the New War Department Building to the North Interior Building, located at 18th and F Streets, Northwest.

All routine mail should be addressed as follows:

Director
Central Intelligence Group
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Mail to be transmitted to Admiral Hillenkoetter should be addressed as follows:

Rear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 7135
North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

62-80752-
NOT RECORDED
46 MAY 21 1947

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

23 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 66-[illegible]

Communications to be transmitted to General Wright, Deputy Director of CIG, should be addressed as follows:

Brigadier General E. K. Wright
Deputy Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 7131
North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: 5/12/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Sanford
Mr. Jones
Mr. C. A. Tamm
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

This is to advise that executive offices of CIG have been transferred from the New War Department Building to the North Interior Building, 18th and F Streets, Northwest.

All routine mail should be addressed as follows:

Director
Central Intelligence Group
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Mail to be transmitted to Admiral Hillenkoetter should be addressed as follows:

Rear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 7135
North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Communications to be transmitted to General Wright, Deputy Director of CIG, should be addressed as follows:

Brigadier General E. K. Wright
Deputy Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 7131
North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

There is attached a memorandum to all Bureau Officials and Supervisors for your approval.

Attachment

JFD:AJB

62-80750-422
F B H
31 MAY 24 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/97 BY SP-8/Mayfield 65

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: May 15, 1947

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

While talking to Sumner Blossom, editor of American Magazine, on other matters he told me confidentially that he had been conducting an investigation of CIC and CIG and that he had come to the conclusion that something had to be done, that he would not be a bit surprised if there was not a Congressional investigation; that there are a lot of things occurring that smack of being unAmerican, and that he hoped that some time in the near future he could slip in and tell the Director what he has uncovered. I told him that I knew the Director would be glad to see him any time he was in Washington that the Director was in and available.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tel. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Central Intelligence Group

62-80750-42

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/97 BY

EX-50

RECORDED & INDEXED

FILED

MAY 22 1947

LBN:hbm

62 JUN 12 1947

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 5716 1947

TO:
- ✓ Director
- ____ Mr. Edward Tamm
- ____ Mr. Clegg
- ____ Mr. Glavin
- ____ Mr. Ladd
- ____ Mr. Nichols
- ____ Mr. Rosen
- ____ Mr. Tracy
- ____ Mr. Harbo
- ____ Mr. Jones
- ____ Mr. Mohr
- ____ Mr. Nease
- ____ Miss Gandy
- ____ Personnel Files Section
- ____ Records Section
- ____ Mrs. Skillman

Mr Tolson	
Mr E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
[illegible]	
[illegible]	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Pennington	
[illegible]	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	
[illegible]	

See Me For Appropriate Action

Send File Note and Return

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/97 BY SP/ [illegible]

Clyde Tolson

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd

DATE: April 11, 1947

FROM : J. C. Strickland

b3

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted] called and advised that [redacted]

b3

It is recommended that [redacted]

ADDENDUM. 4-14-47. I don't see any objection to [redacted]

b3

EAT:mi

RECORDED

Memo to Ladd 5/21/47

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/97 BY SP

62-80750-426

F B

29 MAY 29 1947

Yes but don't waste too much time on it.

I think OK

JCS:TD

60 JUN 4 1947

4-14

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd

DATE: March 11, 1947

FROM : J. C. Strickland

SUBJECT: [redacted] O.C.I.G.

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b3

Attached hereto for your information are [redacted]

b3

RECORDED & INDEXED 66

62-80750-428X

15 JUN

JCS:TD

60 JUN 23 1947

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: May 15, 1947

To: Director of Central Intelligence Group
Room 144, South Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

b3

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject:

There is transmitted herewith Standard Form No. 1080 dated May 5, 1947 [redacted]

b3

Enclosure
GCC:FAW

RECORDED EX-22 62-80759

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 12
☆ MAY 19 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

G. I. R. -9
RECEIVED DIRECTOR
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
MAY 17 10 21 AM '47

MAY 17 9 16 AM '47
RECEIVED READING RECORD

r. Tolson
r. E. A. Tamm
r. Clegg
r. Glavin
r. Ladd
r. Nichols
r. Rosen
r. Tracy
r. Carson
r. Egan
r. Gurnea
r. Harbo
r. Mendon
r. Pennington
r. Quinn Tamm
r. Nease
iss Gandy

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/ALM/MB
ON 6/9/97

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1947

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-
Mr. Clegg	to date
Mr. Glavin	Search, serial-
Mr. Nichols	ize, and route
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Mohr	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Miss Gray	Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

See Me

SH! SH!

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/97 BY SP2 [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

May 28, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

Central Intelligence Group

Constantine Brown called. He had lunch with the new Admiral in charge of CIG yesterday, who is in a hopeless state of confusion and stated that 80 per cent of the people working for CIG should be fired and would be if he had somebody to replace them, that there is no training setup, that it would take him five years to develop his service if everything was favorable and he could pick out young men just graduating from college and offer them a career service. I told Brown that within 48 hours we were on our way to South America back in 1940. He said he understood this. He said the Admiral frankly confessed they are not doing the job, they do not have the information and do not have a way to get it. Brown said he told him that in that event his organization should not have been so ambitious and wrecked the FBI setup and the G-2 setup. The Admiral skirted this point.

Brown said Assistant Secretary of State Spruille Braden read of the Nicaraguan revolution in the papers and immediately began inquiring for information. The Army had no information, nor did CIG, nor did the Ambassador. Braden is reputed to have blown up.

Brown stated he has come to the conclusion that Admiral Leahy has been hoodwinked. I remarked that I told him that a long time ago, and that the Admiral was pulling his leg. He stated that he is now forced to come to this conclusion. He is going to write a story on the whole subject.

Respectfully,

L. B. Nichols

RECORDED

62-60750-4311

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/2/97 BY [illegible]

LBN:RC

5729

Sounds like Brown's usual double talk. Leahy in my estimation is responsible for this mess.

57 JUN 10 1947

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

File

This Changing World

Managua Coup Took U. S. by Surprise; Lack of Organized Intelligence Blamed

By Constantine Brown

Neither the State Department nor the American Embassy in Managua knew in advance that Gen. Anastasio Somoza was planning to oust Leonardo Arguello, who succeeded him 26 days earlier as President of Nicaragua.



Constantine Brown.

The American Government was taken completely by surprise and when Assistant Secretary of State Spruille Braden made a phone call to Managua for more information, after receiving the brief announcement of the coup d'etat, it was too late to do anything about it.

Surprise over developments in Nicaragua is of little immediate importance. But it illustrates once more the lack of a properly organized intelligence—the eyes and ears of every government which has widespread foreign interests.

The blame cannot be laid entirely on the State Department and its representatives abroad. Until the fall of 1946 the FBI had officers in Latin America who, according to American diplomats in that area, did a remarkable job. They worked quietly and unobtrusively, keeping the embassies informed about developments in their respective areas.

However, soon after Lt. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg succeeded Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers as chief of the Central Intelligence Group, which was created a few months earlier by executive order, he decided to take over the Latin American sector from the FBI.

Protests of No Avail.

Every American Ambassador in Latin America cabled protests pleading with the State Department to use its influence to maintain the force of FBI men who had had six years experience in digging out Latin American intelligence. This was not possible, however, since Gen. Vandenberg, who was the responsible head of the new organization, wanted control over all the areas in which he was supposed to operate.

At the same time Central Intelligence insisted that the War Department close down its political intelligence work in order, it was said, to prevent overlapping.

CIG had no appropriations, since it was created by an executive order and not by act of Congress. In order to operate it had to borrow money from various Government departments and agencies. Under these conditions it is evident that it could not send into the field operatives of the same caliber as those employed formerly by other intelligence services, which had the experience and the time to develop their men.

The result of this situation is that the United States, with political interests in every part of the world, is sadly lacking in information about developments abroad.

CIG on 'Shoestring.'

There are intelligence organizations in every key department of the Government. State, War and Navy each has its own, and the CIG also is operating, but on a shoe string since drastic curtailment of expenditures does not permit it to borrow money from other organizations.

War Department intelligence is strictly limited to information about foreign military forces, since it is no longer allowed to handle either secret or political intelligence. The same thing applies to the Navy which, however, in the past took only a perfunctory interest in anything but strategic matters.

The CIG is without funds of its own and cannot now perform its expanded duties adequately. The FBI, which did a splendid job in South America, was compelled to withdraw from all activities except those concerned with tracking down criminals in conjunction with local authorities.

The international sky is covered with dark clouds and every government, including the poorest, is paying special attention to its pursuit of information about every phase of the life of other nations. The United States seems to be unaware of the importance of an intelligence organization and because of the lack of money and misplaced prejudices, is proceeding as amateurishly as before Pearl Harbor.

The Evening Star
Washington, D. C.
May 29, 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/9/97 BY SP2/Alm/mg

62-80750-431

COPY:FQ

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: 4/24/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

b3

SUBJECT: [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

[redacted]

ACTION

It is suggested this memorandum be routed to the Chief Clerk's Office for their comments as to whether or not copies of [redacted] should be furnished as requested.

b3

RKM:rhr

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/7/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED

F B I

76 JUN 9 1947

433

118

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

file

U.S. INTELLIGENCE REORGANIZATION NOTED

Moscow, Soviet Home Service, in Russian to the Soviet Far East, June 4, 1947, 4:30 a.m. EST--P

(Review of the Central Press)

(Text)

"The newspaper NEW YORK TIMES afew days ago published a report to the effect that the National Intelligence Bureau created by Truman on Jan. 22, 1947, in order to carry on the work of the Office of Strategic Information caused the War Department to liquidate the world-wide secret chain of gathering of military information

"The formation of the bureau also caused the winding up of the work of the agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who have during the past 7 years worked in the countries of Latin America.

"The National Intelligence Bureau consists of the Secretary of State, the Secretaries of War and Navy, and a personal representative of the President, at the present time Admiral Leahy.

"The director of the Central Intelligence Organ is a member of the National Intelligence Bureau, although he has no vote. The functions of this bureau, writes the paper, are to plan, ..., and coordinate the information received from abroad."

Foreign Radio Broadcast #72 6/4/47

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED 62-80750-435X
FBI
EX-50
26 SEP 4 1947

62 SEP 15 1947

June 12, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TAMM
MR. LADD
MR. TOLSON

In view of the newspaper reports, particularly the article by John O'Donnell appearing in the Washington Times Herald concerning the forthcoming Hearings before the House Committee on Expenditures looking into the merger of the War and Navy Departments, and with particular reference to the setting up of a Central Intelligence Group, I would like to have prepared for me an appropriate memorandum which I might use if called to testify before this Committee as now seems to be inevitable. I would like to have set forth the various objections to the Central Intelligence Group as it now functions with instances of difficulties already experienced as well as a brief reference to the preliminaries leading up to the present establishment of the Central Intelligence Group and emphasis upon the fallacy of endeavoring to divorce domestic from foreign intelligence.

Several points made in O'Donnell's column in objecting to a Central Intelligence Group with operating powers are well founded and should be considered in the preparation of this memorandum.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/7/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-436

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62 7970

JEH:EH

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 3:25 p
DATE Jan 12-47
BY [illegible]

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: June 7, 1947

To: Director
Central Intelligence Group
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject:

There is transmitted herewith Standard Form No. 1080 dated June 4, 1947 [redacted]

b3

Enclosure

GCC:FAW

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
Spec Mail
JUN 9 1947 P.M.
EX-65
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

62-80750-437

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
ON 6/9/97

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: 6/2/47

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: S. 1282--A BILL TO PROMOTE THE NATIONAL SECURITY BY PROVIDING FOR THE COORDINATION OF ALL ELEMENTS OF NATIONAL SECURITY, AND FOR THE REORGANIZATION OF THE MILITARY STRUCTURE OF THE NATION TO CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF MODERN WARFARE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

In accordance with your request, this is to advise that the above captioned Senate Bill introduced by Senator Robertson of Wyoming on May 14, 1947, contains the following provisions:

The Bill apparently is intended as a substitute Bill for S. 758, commonly known as the Armed Forces Merger Bill which was introduced by Senator Gurney on March 3, 1947. It will be recalled that S. 758 provided for the creation of a National Defense Establishment to be administered by a Secretary of National Defense under whom would function the Secretaries of the Army (instead of War Department), the Navy and the Air Force.

In a Declaration of Policy, Mr. Robertson called attention to the inherent danger to democracy in any coalition of the military forces under a common nonelected head. The Declaration continued, pointing out that it is now more important than ever to maintain civilian control of all measures taken to promote the national security. His Bill provides for a complex division of the United States Army and Navy and the Air Force into separate departments. The Army would be constituted as a balanced force of land, air and sea components for the exercise of land power. The Naval Service would comprise the United States Navy and the United States Marine Corps as a balanced force of sea, air and land components for the exercise of sea power; and the new element of military structure, the United States Air Force would be constituted as a balanced force of air, land, and sea components for the exercise of strategic air power.

Title 1 of S. 1282 provides for the coordination of all Government Departments and agencies concerned with national defense, brought about by establishment of the office of Coordinator for National Defense. The Coordinator would be appointed from civilian life by the President.

There would be established also a National Defense Council composed of the Coordinator for National Defense who shall act as Chairman, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, the Chairmen of the Appropriations Committees of the Senate and House, the Chairmen of the Foreign Relations Committees of the Senate and House, the Chairman of the National Defense Resources

DVH:deK

62-80750-438

JUL 30 1956

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/10/97 BY

Central Intelligence Group

G.I.R.-5

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-2252-191

Board, the Chairman of the Atomic Energy Commission and such other members as the President may designate. The purpose of the Council would be to more effectively coordinate the foreign policies, military policies, and economic policies of the Nation.

The Bill would create a National Defense Resources Board composed of a Chairman appointed from civilian life and the Under Secretaries or Assistant Secretaries of the Departments of Agriculture, Interior, Commerce, Labor and Treasury; the Chairman of the Munitions Board; the Chairman of the Research and Development Board, and the heads of such other civilian executive departments and agencies as may be designated by the President. This board would advise and make recommendations to the National Defense Council concerning the coordination of military, industrial, and civilian mobilization.

Section 104 of Mr. Robertson's Bill provides for the establishment of a Central Intelligence Agency, the Director of whom would be appointed from civilian life by the President. The personnel, property, and records of CIG would be transferred to the new Agency and CIG, as well as the National Intelligence Authority, would thereafter cease to exist. The purpose of the Central Intelligence Agency would be to coordinate the intelligence activities of the several Government departments and agencies in the interest of national security. It would advise the National Defense Council in matters concerning such intelligence activities as relate to national security; it would make recommendations to the President for the coordination of such intelligence activities; it would correlate and evaluate intelligence relating to the national defense, and provide for the appropriate dissemination of such intelligence.

The President would from time to time direct the Central Intelligence Agency to perform additional functions and the provision is made that all such Presidential directives be published within thirty days from the date of issuance in the Federal Register.

The Director of the Agency, to the extent recommended by the National Defense Council, would have the right to inspect such intelligence operations of the departments and agencies of the Government as relate to national defense. It is further provided that such intelligence as relates to national defense and is possessed by such departments and agencies, would be made available to the Director of the Agency for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination.

The Agency would have no police, subpena, law enforcement, or internal defense powers or functions.

The Bill provides in some detail for the coordination of the military departments and the armed forces, to be brought about by the establishment of a War Council, composed again of the Coordinator who would act as Chairman, and the Secretaries of the Army, Navy and Air Force. This War Council

would make recommendations to the President and the National Defense Council. The establishment of a Munitions Board having a civilian Chairman is also called for. Under this section a research and Development Board would be created, likewise having a civilian Chairman.

Section 204 of Mr. Robertson's Bill provides for the establishment of the Joint Chiefs of Staff under whom would function a Joint Secretariat to consist of not more than forty officers.

Title 3 of S. 1282 describes in detail the organization of the departments of the Army, the Navy and the Air Force. It is stipulated that the Under Secretaries of the Army and the Navy shall be appointed from civilian life. The Secretary of the Air Force likewise would be appointed from civilian life.

Under Title 4 concerning the appointment and compensation of personnel there is contained the provision that the Central Intelligence Agency, among the other councils and boards created, would appoint and fix compensation of such civilian personnel as would be necessary to perform the intelligence duties. The Director of the Central Intelligence Agency would be authorized to appoint such advisory committees and to employ such part-time advisory personnel as he might deem necessary in carrying out his functions.

COMMENT:

As indicated at the outset of this memorandum, Mr. Robertson's Bill seems to be aimed at the elimination of control by the military from the National Defense Council. It provides specifically for the appointment of civilians to most of the key positions created by the armed forces merger. Of particular interest to the Bureau is the provision that the Central Intelligence Agency would function under a civilian Director; would act in an advisory capacity to the National Defense Council and would coordinate, evaluate and disseminate intelligence relating to the national defense. The Bill contains no provision for an operating unit to be set up by the Central Intelligence Agency.

It strikes me that language is so broad the "empire builders" of C I G would certainly perpetuate their present monstrosity & intrude even more into civilian & domestic fields. K.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Civilian Intelligence

If the Central Intelligence Agency is to serve as a truly *national* fountain of information, its director must be a civilian in fact as well as in name. More than the tradition of civilian control is involved here. As we have noted previously, continuity in office is imperative in so vital a function as intelligence. A requirement that the director of central intelligence either be appointed direct from civilian life or relinquish all military status is the only means by which an end can be assured to the trading back and forth between the Army and Navy that to date has hampered stable operation. Even more important, however, is the fact that honest-to-goodness civilian direction is the only way to avoid the formation of top-level military cliques which would inevitably dominate intelligence evaluation and thus mean a warped intelligence picture.

We hope that the Senate Armed Services Committee will explore all these implications thoroughly as it considers this significant portion of the armed forces merger. To our mind, the neglect to specify civilian direction of intelligence operations is one of the principal weaknesses of the present merger bill. We do not go all the way with Senator Robertson in his substitute bill which would shear the Central Intelligence Agency of its directive powers in addition to stipulating that the director be a civilian. The agency must have the power to survey the entire field of intelligence operations and to take action to fill the gaps. If the agency is emasculated of this function, then the evil of military dominance remains. But certainly the specification as to a civilian director is a must.

Beyond this, in our opinion, the committee should probe methods of assuring a fair proportion of civilians in key intelligence positions. A civilian director alone would be meaningless if the jobs under him were filled entirely by military men. So far there has been a disconcerting tendency to use subordinate positions in the Central Intelligence Group as rece[illegible] for outworn Army G-2s and Navy ca[illegible] who, through their ability to stifle a[illegible] pose as much of a threat to efficienc[illegible] would a military director.

What does this bill provide?

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/9/97 BY [illegible]

62-80750-438

ENCLOSURE

58 JUN 20 1947

JUL 30 1956

MAY 29 1947

WASHHINGTON POST

Page 14

514 m

June 12, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TAMM
MR. LADD

On June 10 I saw Admiral Hillenkoetter of Central Intelligence Group. The Admiral stated that he had received from this Bureau information concerning Assistant Secretary of Labor, David A. Moss, who had been designated by Secretary Schwellenbach to be the contact with Central Intelligence Group for the Labor Department.

Admiral Hillenkoetter inquired as to what I thought should be his action in taking up with Secretary Schwellenbach some of the information which we have sent to CIG upon Mr. Moss. I told Admiral Hillenkoetter that I was not familiar with the information which we had sent to him about Mr. Moss but I would have a check made of our files in order to determine what information had been sent to him and all information so sent was of a strictly confidential character. I told him that I thought it would be undesirable to disclose to the Secretary of Labor the latter type of information because I was not entirely certain as to how the Secretary of Labor might receive it and to what use he might put it.

I wish that you would have a check made along the lines I have indicated and advise me accordingly.

Very truly yours,

S/J.E.H.

John Edgar Hoover
Director

SPT/Alm/mg 6/10/97

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-2-81 BY SP-1GSK/cal
70 ZA # 93,158

RECORDED 62-80750-440

JEH:EH

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 5:30 PM
DATE 6/12/47
BY Jmk

JUN 18 1947

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

June 7, 1947

An anonymous outside source, whose reliability is completely unknown, made available to this Bureau the following allegations which are passed on for such evaluation and consideration as may be deemed necessary.

The source alleges that CIG is being "packed" with Communists and Communist sympathizers; that Hallett Johnson, former American Ambassador to Costa Rica, is responsible for the endorsement of a number of appointees there who are definitely "far to the left;" that Royce Wight, presently an official of the organization, is participating in the program; and Dr. Willmoor Kendall, who is reportedly planning a return to his professorial duties in September, 1947, but presently is engaged in a program of recruiting personnel for CIG, is hiring a number of Communist sympathizers. The source contends that this is all a part of a definite program of infiltration of Communist influence into CIG.

Any other information which might elaborate upon the above will, of course, be passed on when and if received.

JKM:MJJ

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/97 BY [illegible]

Mr. Tols
Mr. A. Avand
Mr. Cegan
Mr. Givi
Mr. Lau
Mr. Nicol
Mr. Rose
Mr. Trac
Mr. Carso
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tam
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

5/8 1947

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-to-date
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	Search, serialize, and route
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Hendon	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File
Miss Gray	Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/97 BY SP2/Hanford

Edward A. Tamm
5734

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1947

___The Director	___Records Section
___Mr. Tolson	___Personnel Files
___Mr. Ladd	___Send File
___Mr. Rosen	___Bring file up-to-date
___Mr. Clegg	___Search, serialize, and route
___Mr. Glavin	___Reading Room
___Mr. Nichols	___Mechanical Section
___Mr. Tracy	___Bureau Supply Section
___Mr. Harbo	___Mail Room
___Mr. Mohr	
___Mr. Pennington	
___Mr. Quinn Tamm	
___Mr. Nease	
___Mr. Coyne	
___Miss Gandy	___Call me re this
___Mr. Carson	___Note and return
	___File
___Miss Gray	___Stamp and mail
___Miss Lyon	___Prepare tickler
___Miss Butcher	___Call these files

___See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/09 BY [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: June 11, 1947

FROM : L. B. NICHOLS

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. H. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahn
Miss Gandy

Rex Collier called. He explained in the strictest of confidence that Ernest R. Pope, who is employed with CIG, had called at the Star and had a long talk with Jack Cline with regard to a proposed series of articles exposing CIG as being Communistically infiltrated. He explained that he was ordered dismissed but that two days before General Vandenberg left he permitted papers to be changed to allow Pope to resign. They have a letter signed by Pope and three other individuals, Edward Desobry, Jules Nowotny and Enrico Montuero. He wanted to know what kind of people they were as they did not know what to do with this article; however, if only half true, the article constitutes a terrific indictment of CIG.

I checked the files and found we investigated all four of these individuals. All four had good records, no derogatory information being developed except on Montuero. Some people indicated he was a Communist, but the preponderance of evidence was that he was extremely liberal and, if anything, a Social Democrat. I furnished Rex with considerable details regarding the four, showing their background. They have all had experience on newspapers. Desobry, for example, was with Associated Press in New Orleans for ten years. They are individuals whose backgrounds would give credence to most anything they would say. In each instance, Gordon L. Goodnow of CIG, and Russell M. Shepard of the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Service, now in CIG, gave derogatory statements regarding these persons. Collier stated they would probably look into the matter further. . . .

LBN:RC

1. I hope the Star does expose it.
2. It would be helpful if we could take a look at the material if Star doesn't use it.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/10/92 BY [illegible]

62-30750-442

RECORDED & INDEXED 32 JUN 17 1947

58 JUN 20 1947

35

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

FROM : L. B. NICHOLS

DATE: June 16, 1947

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

I talked to Rex Collier further regarding the articles brought to the Star by Ernest R. Pope of CIG. Rex stated he does not have the articles, that they were not too factual and for the most part consisted of a tirade against CIG, its administrative operations and the like.

He said that on Wednesday, Pope asked for the articles as he had an appointment with the Night Editor of the Times-Herald. Yesterday he came back and stated that the Herald was not interested in the articles.

Collier also found out they had peddled some stuff to Wallace Deuel of the Chicago Daily News and some of it has been syndicated. There is attached an item which appeared in the Chicago Daily News on May 28th which Mr. Tracy secured from Jimmy Burns of the AFGE.

Attachment

LBN:RC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED

1 ENCL

62-80750-443

32 JUN 17 1947

58 JUN 20 1947

Chicago Daily News, Wed. May 28, 1947

LEFT-WINGERS BLAMED FOR INTERNAL CLASH REPORTED PARALYZING TOP U.S. INTELLIGENCE

Charge Struggle for Power in Foreign Broadcast Unit

A fleming row was broken out in the top U. S. Intelligence organization, the Central Intelligence Group, it was learned here today.

Left-wing and right-wing elements in the organization are engaged in a struggle for power.

The left-wingers have won out so far, it appears. Several dismissals and resignations have resulted.

THE FIGHT centers in the foreign broadcast intelligence branch of the group. This branch monitors foreign broadcasts and reports on what it hears to the White House, the State, War and Navy departments and other government agencies.

The controversy has interfered seriously with operations of the branch, it is charged, and three House committees have begun to look into it.

Representative Busbey, (Rep. Ill.) discussed the situation with Rear Adm. Roscoe H. Hillenkoeter, director of the Central Intelligence group. It is understood he called on Hillenkoeter to end the row.

As a majority member of the House committee on executive expenditures, Busbey has something to say about appropriations for the group.

BUSBEY made an informal surprise inspection of the organization's offices last weekend, and expressed no delight with what he discovered.

Representative Rees (Rep. Kansas), chairman of the House Post Office and civil service committee, also is taking an interest in the fight.

Rees is a leading advocate of strong action against "disloyal" employees in government service, based on F.B.I. investigations.

The fight in the central Intelligence Group shows that the administration cannot or will not clean house by any any other methods, Rees is understood to believe.

* * * * * * * *

THE HOUSE Un-American activities committee also has been looking into the backgrounds of some of those involved, it is reported.

The trouble in the foreign broadcast intelligence branch apparently began with a fight between two unions.

More conservative employees belong to an A. F. OF L. union for civil servants, and others to a C.I.O. local affiliated with the United Public Workers of America.

Right-wingers in the A. F. of L. union accuse some of the C.I.O. employees of being radicals, if not fellow travelers.

C.I.O. left-wingers, on the other hand, claim that at least some of the A. F. of L. faction are reactionaries, if not Fascists.

E.W.

FREQUENT shakeups in U.S. intelligence organizations since the war have aggravated the quarrel. The foreign broadcast intelligence branch was part of the Federal Communications Commission when the war ended.

It was transferred to the War Department and later to the Central Intelligence Group. The group has had three different directors and the foreign broadcast branch has had four in less than 18 months.

* * * * * *

Russel L. Shepherd, director of the branch has made a whole series of sweeping changes in the organizational structure and personnel of the organization since he took charge. He says he has done this in order to increase the efficiency of the branch. But his opponents claim that the changes have reduced the branch's efficiency, instead.

Shepherds real motives have been to strengthen his own position and to favor left-wing elements in the organization, his opponents assert. They say he has disrciminated unfairly against A. F. of L. members and other relatively conservative employees and has unduly favored C.I.O. left-wingers.

THESE opponents formally preferred these and other charges last November in an appeal to LT. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg, then director of the Central Intelligence Group. Vandenberg turned the charges over to a subordinate to investigate, but seems to have taken no decisive action to stop the fight before he left the group to take a new assignment with the Army Air Forces.

By Wallace R. Deuel

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

MEMORANDUM FOR

SECRET

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: 3/20/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

C. I. G.

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Vohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to Mr. Strickland's memorandum to you dated March 11, 1947, in which you were advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that this memorandum be forwarded to Mr. Strickland of the Internal Security Section.

JFD:CME

S15

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/10/97 BY SP2/Mr/mg

RECORDED & INDEXED

62 60750 - 446

15 JUN 18 1947

60 JUN 23 1947

OPY:FQ

OFFICE MEMORANDUM - UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR DATE: 4/30/47

FROM : THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE

SUBJECT: O

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/10/97 BY SP2

The Executive Conference of April 25, 1947, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, E. A. Tamm, Tracy, McGuire, Hince, Ladd, Rosen, Long and Glavin considered [redacted]

b3

The conference was advised that [redacted] The Conference was further advised that [redacted]

It was pointed out to the Conference by Mr. Glavin that for [redacted]

The majority of the Conference sees no reason why [redacted]

b3

The majority of the Conference feels that [redacted] The majority of the Conference understands that [redacted]

Messrs. Rosen and Long are opposed to [redacted]

No further action is being taken concerning this matter pending the Director's decision.

Respectfully submitted
FOR THE CONFERENCE

RECORDED & INDEXED

447

F B I
76 JUN 21 1947

CC - Mr. Hendon
Mr. Clegg

EX-15

Clyde Tolson E. A. Tamm

Camb 118

notation: "I concur. H."

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: June 4, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: Communist Infiltration of CIG

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Attached is a letter which was furnished to Special Agent Griffee of the Liaison Section by Mr. Fred Lyon of the State Department. This letter is addressed to Mr. Lyon by [redacted] and indicates that the Radio Intelligence Section of CIG is allegedly infiltrated by fellow travelers who sometimes distort and delay delivery of their reports on intercepted foreign broadcasts in a way that if not helpful to the USSR is hampering to the State and other departments.

b7D

Mr. Lyon said that as far as he was concerned he had no objection to Bureau Agents interviewing [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 4/10/97 BY

Refer to New York with cc of attached letter A.C.

FPC:OME
Attachment

RECORDED 62-[illegible]750-448

Can't we get to the bottom of this? Under Hatch Act we have jurisdiction.

Hay

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

6/6 1947

____ The Director	Mr. Tolson	____	Records Section
____ Mr. Tolson	Mr. E. A. Tamm	____	Personnel Files
____ Mr. Ladd	Mr. Clegg	____	Send File
____ Mr. Rosen	Mr. Glavin	____	Bring file up-
____ Mr. Clegg	Mr. Ladd	____	to-date
____ Mr. Glavin	Mr. Nichols	____	Search, serial-
____ Mr. Nichols	Mr. Rosen	____	ize, and route
____ Mr. Tracy	Mr. Tracy	____	Reading Room
____ Mr. Harbo	Mr. Egan	____	Mechanical Section
____ Mr. Mohr	Mr. Gurnea	____	Bureau Supply Section
____ Mr. Pennington	Mr. Harbo	____	Mail Room
____ Mr. Quinn Tamm	Mr. Mohr		
____ Mr. Nease	Mr. Pennington		
____ Mr. Coyne	Mr. Quinn Tamm		
____ Miss Gandy	Mr. Nease		
____ Mr. Carson	Miss Gandy	____	Call me re this
	____	____	Note and return
		____	File
____ Miss Gray		____	Stamp and mail
____ Miss Lyon		____	Prepare tickler
____ Miss Butcher		____	Call these files

____ See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/16/92 BY SP2 [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/10/97 BY [redacted]

b7D

Dear Mr. Lyons:

[redacted]

You were so obliging in that connection that I am sending you a bit of information that came to me too late for inclusion but from a source I consider reliable.

I am told that the radio intelligence end of the C.I.G. is infiltrated by fellow travelers who sometimes distort and delay delivery of their reports on intercepted foreign broadcasts in a way that if not helpful to the USSR, is hampering to State and other departments. One Shepherd and several others are said to favor the ingress of fellow travelers and the egressof those who protest. Gen.Sibert once investigated and whitewashed the thing and it will all be denied but the FBI knows about it but can do little. All the above according to my informant whose name I cannot mention. Also I ask that you do not mention mine.

Sincerely

[redacted]

b7D

62-80750-448

514 n

SAC, NEW YORK

June 12, 1947

Director, FBI

UNKNOWN SUBJECTS
[redacted] INFORMANT
INTERNAL SECURITY - HATCH ACT

RECORDED 62-80750-448

Attached are copies of a letter dated May 8, 1947 addressed to Mr. Fred Lyon of the State Department by [redacted] which, as you will note from the attachment, was made available to the Bureau by Mr. Lyon. [redacted] indicates he has information reflecting that the Radio Intelligence Section of the Central Intelligence Group is infiltrated by "fellow travelers".

b7D

From the comments appearing in his letter, it appears that [redacted] may have information concerning possible violations of the Hatch Act. It is desired that your division interview him with a view toward obtaining any such information he may possess in this regard.

Attachment

ACH:mmk:fa

G. I. R. 5

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/97 BY SP2/[illegible]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 101-6967

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 10
JUN 13 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

63 JUN 26 1947

COPY: FQ

May 20, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON

Tony Leviero of the New York Times called. He stated he had a story involving the Central Intelligence Group as they had compelled G-2 of the War Department to give up its network of Agents abroad and he had been told by a responsible person that CIG had compelled the FBI to disband its South American organization. He wanted to know if this was correct. Central Intelligence Group

I told him we could not make any statement on the matter of Intelligence but that in response to his inquiry the FBI did not have any further responsibility in South American and had disbanded its organization. He stated he was in G-2 himself during the war, that his information was extremely accurate, that at first he thought he should not write a story as a matter of national interest but that his source had told him no harm would occur and he had an appointment at 4 p.m. to see Secretary of War Patterson, and he wanted to see the Director. I told him the Director was not available and, anyway, the Director could not discuss the matter of intelligence.

He stated he understood the State Department protested the actions of CIG on withdrawing G-2 agents. I told him I did not know about that, but if he checked he would find that most of the South American missions had protested withdrawal of FBI Agents from South America.

Respectfully,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/11/07 BY SP8 [illegible]

B. Nichols

LBN:RC

RECORDED 62-80750-449

F B I

75 JUN 19 1947

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 94-8-51-2

58 JUN 25 1947

COPY: FQ

June 21, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TAMM
MR. LADD
MR. TOLSON

On June 10 I saw Admiral Souers who has been in Washington for several weeks to advise with the AEC upon security matters. Our conversation covered generally the FBI's relationship with AEC and the over-all problem which we are having with CIG and foreign intelligence.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

JEH:EH

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/10/97 BY [illegible]

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN 62-82[illegible]

RECORDED 62-80750-450
F B I
78 JUN 24 1947

[illegible] JUN 2[illegible] 1947

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

6/13 1947

✓ The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-to-date
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	Search, serialize, and route
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Tracy	Reading Room
Mr. Harbo	Mechanical Section
Mr. Hendon	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Pennington	Mail Room
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carson	Note and return
	File
Miss Gray	Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon	Prepare tickler
Miss Butcher	Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6/6/97 BY [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: June 2, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. L. A. Tam
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Wohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

In accordance with your request, inquiry has been made of Supervisor I. W. Conrad in the Radio Section of the Laboratory as to the present status of this matter.

[redacted]

b3

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DVH:FA

b3

advised

6/6/47 JW Conrad

62-81780 452

RECORDED INDEXED 133

EX 45

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

STANDARD FORM NO.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: June 13, 1947

FROM : SAC, Indianapolis

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE SERVICE Inc.
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reference is made to Bureau communication dated April 28, 1947.

In accordance with the Bureau's suggestion the operations of the Central Intelligence Service Inc. was brought to the attention of Major ROBERT A. O'NEAL, executive officer of the Indiana State Police. Major O'NEAL advised that he has been concerned about the operations of their Identification Division, along the lines mentioned, as well as the fact that W. D. JESSUP, connected with the Central Intelligence Service Inc., was a daily visitor at the State Police headquarters.

Major O'NEAL expressed appreciation at having this information brought to his attention and stated he was taking immediate steps in order to safeguard the identification files of the State Police from promiscuous disclosure of information which they contained to outside sources.

JBL:hmr
32-0-726

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6/12/97 BY SP2/ALM/MG

SE 32

RECORDED & INDEXED

750-454

F B I

19 JUN 26 1947

EX-40

60 JUL 16 1947

33

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. ROSEN

DATE: July 1, 1947

FROM : MR. CALLAN

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

This is to advise you regarding the status of [redacted]

[redacted]

b3

CAM:imc

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DATE 6/11/97 BY SP-2/Ahm

RECORDED

457

EX-1

03 JUL 14 1947

New CIG Secretly Creates U. S. 'Gestapo' of 1,500 Agents

Operating Without Congress Authority But Quickly Seizes Power From Rivals

By WALTER TROHAN

A bureaucratic empire of more than 1,500 secret agents, reaching into the far corners of the world, is being set up in the National Capital under the noses of economy-minded Republican congressmen.

The new unit is the Central Intelligence Group, which was created in the State department to correlate, evaluate and disseminate intelligence information in the interests of preserving national security.

Expected to Dwarf O.S.S.

Between 1,500 and 1,800 agents are being sent throughout the world. Some of these will wear Army and Navy uniforms, but will not be subject to military control in any way. Others will be in civilian clothes.

On the basis of early operations the unit is expected to dwarf the controversial wartime Office of Strategic Services, the cloak and dagger agency which drew wide criticism.

Agents of the CIG have begun operations on the pattern of Russian secret police, the MVD or Nazi gestapo agents, both of whom usurped diplomatic and intelligence functions.

Already the CIG has forced the War department to liquidate its worldwide secret intelligence work and has effected the disbanding of the FBI's extensive undercover system in South Africa.

Rival Agencies Fought

CIG members have frankly described G-2 Army intelligence; ONI, Navy intelligence, and the FBI foreign operations as "rivals" and consider their first task is to dispose of other American intelligence units.

One American ambassador has reportedly submitted his resignation as a protest against CIG activities in his embassy.

High CIG officials have said their operatives will be above military and naval attaches. A youthful uniformed CIG operative may issue orders to a general or an admiral on duty at an embassy, a CIG official said, because of the powerful unit of which he is the representative.

Plan to Spend Millions

The CIG is not yet authorized by law. It is operating on a Presidential directive, and it proposes to spend 30 to 60 million dollars, which does not show in the budget because the unit expects to draw on the Army, Navy, State department and funds placed at the personal disposition of the President.

The avowed purpose of the unit was to correlate and study information made available to the President by Government departments. However, the new agency promptly found a loophole in the charter which enabled it to establish a worldwide system of collecting information as well as evaluating what others collected.

The Presidential directive establishing the unit was issued January 22.

Under original plans CIG was to correllate information gathered by the Army, Navy and State departments. To be certain that the unit passed on the information it received from the various departments, it was provided that a copy of what was sent to the White House would be returned to the departments.

Rules Are Sidetracked

However, this is not being done. With CIG as a gathering agency, other departments are being short circuited. CIG will both gather and evaluate information for the White House. It is expected that it will give more attention to what it gathers than what it receives from other departments.

Fleet Adm. Leahy, aide to Mr. Truman, picked the head of CIG; Rear Adm. Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter, who served Leahy when the latter was ambassador to the Vichy government of France.

CIG is seeking to have the Presidential directive, which created it, made the law of the land. In the House the bill is in the hands of the Committee on Expenditures in Executive Departments. The House Armed Services committee had issued a report recommending restriction of CIG operations to evaluating intelligence.

Tolson
Mr. E. A. T
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Jones
Mr. Leonard
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

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Washington Times Herald
June 16, 1947

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NOT RECORDED
86 JUL 8 1947
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUN 28 1947

1947

The Director	Records Section
Mr. Tolson	Personnel Files
Mr. Ladd	Send File
Mr. Rosen	Bring file up-to-date
Mr. Clegg	Search, serialize, and route
Mr. Glavin	Reading Room
Mr. Nichols	Mechanical Section
Mr. Tracy	Bureau Supply Section
Mr. Harbo	Mail Room
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Coyne	
Miss Gandy	Call me re this
Mr. Carroll	Note and return
Mr. Laughlin	
Mr. McCabe	File
Miss Gray	Stamp and mail
Miss Lyon	Prepare tickler
Miss Artley	Call these files

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Nichols

See Me

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE [illegible] BY [illegible]

Edward A. Tamm
5734

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

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Page 182 ~ b3
Page 183 ~ Referral/Direct

FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 8

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

June 28, 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

In connection with the summary on CIG, on Page 2, Section B, Paragraph 2, it is pointed out that the functions of the Director of Central Intelligence and the Agency are not enumerated in the bill presently being considered. In a recent conversation with a Congressman I was informed that the phraseology calling for the transfer of the functions of the Central Intelligence Group to the new combined National Defense Department is so worded as to give the Executive Order of January 22 the effect of legislative enactment and the Act by calling for the transfer of the functions and duties of CIG without any restrictive language would probably be the most undesirable thing that could happen.

My only suggestion in connection with the memorandum is that this point be made clear. Otherwise, as I know the situation, the memorandum appears to me to be quite complete.

Very truly yours,

A. H. Nichols

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-24-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF
Per OGA

LBN:RC

RECORDED 62-80750-4167
EX-29 37 JUL 22 1947

JUL 29 1947

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

Central Intelligence Group file

PRESIDENT APPOINTS NEW U. S. INTELLIGENCE SERVICE CHIEF.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-24-89 BY 60267NLSEPTNF

45510

Washington, D. C.,
June 23, 1947.

President Truman has appointed Rear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter as head of America's peace time intelligence service, known as Central Intelligence Group. He will direct all federal foreign intelligence activities.

It is reported that Hillenkoetter will be given long tenure in his present post in order that he may place the new agency firmly on it's feet. Hillenkoetter plans for C.I.G. to become as familiar to the American public as the F.B.I.

He says its doors are open to anyone with worthwhile information and for those who do not know the address, his office is located on the second floor of the new State Department Building, 22nd Street at Virginia, Washington, D. C.

C.I.G's. task is to correlate and evaluate foreign intelligence affecting the security of the United States and perform such other intelligence activities as the president may direct.

Hillenkoetter is well experienced for his new task, one which is new in American history. He has been all over Europe and a good part of Asia. He began his intelligence career in 1935 when he was assigned to Paris. For two years thereafter he traveled all over Europe as a Naval courier.

Hillenkoetter indicates C.I.G. will equal any intelligence service in the world. He recalls that during the early years of the war we were largely dependent upon British Intelligence for our secret information. He doesn't want the United States to be dependent upon a foreign nation again.

RECORDED 62-80750-470
INDEXED 1947

EX-13

Central Intelligence Group

OFFICE OF THE CIVIL ATTACHE
EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
MEXICO CITY

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-24-99 BY 6026 NISEPTNK

July 1, 1947

Director, FBI

RE: COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES IN MEXICO.
SECURITY MATTER - C

Dear Sir:

In the June 24, 1947, issue of the newspaper "Excelsior" there appeared an article bearing a New York U.P. dateline, which reflected information to the effect that world-wide intelligence matters in the future would be handled by the Central Intelligence Group. This article further pointed out that the intelligence information was formerly handled by the Army, Navy and State Department, and of recent years in South America investigations were assisted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

b7D

The above article was, according to Source [redacted] discussed thoroughly at the headquarters of the Communist Party in Mexico by BLAS MANRIQUE, Secretary General of the Communist Party for the Federal District, and FERNANDO CORTES, a member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party, and it was concluded that this article should not be reprinted either in the Party's bulletin or the official organ of the Party "La Voz de Mexico", in view of the fact that it was not believed advisable at this time because the major part of the members of the Party are in fear of being arrested or detained by the government on a charge of subversive activities. MANRIQUE stated that proof of this is the fact that many of the members who attend meetings of the various cells or at the Party's headquarters, upon leaving same deposit their Communist carnets of identification at the particular cell or Party headquarters prior to leaving, so if arrested or detained they will not have it in their possession.

It was further stated by MANRIQUE that some of the members, because of fear, have abandoned the Party, while a great number have become inactive. It was the belief of MANRIQUE that should this article be called to the attention of the various members, numerous others might resign membership in the Party, as well as a larger group becoming inactive.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

ORIGINAL FILED IN 64-2-1-33-7/AE

RECORDED 62-80750-471
F B I
71 JUL 28 1947

EX-30

62 SEP 6

HANRIQUE further suggested that in view of the Anti-Soviet campaign, the members should be careful of all documents, papers and carnets in their possession, as well as conversations with persons unknown to them. HANRIQUE stated that many of the members had been constantly surveilled upon their departure from the headquarters of the Party or of a particular cell, and that they must use procaution with all foreign enemies, particularly individuals in the Intelligence Service of the United States.

HANRIQUE advised that the heads of the various cells, as well as the Central Committee, should be thoroughly acquainted with the fact that the investigations of activities by Intelligence agents of the United States are no longer being conducted by Military groups, but by this new intelligence organization known as Central Intelligence Group.

Very truly yours

John M. Speakes
Legal Attache

100-280
JJC:lw

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267 NISEPINE
ON 5-24-99 Per OGA

July 30, 1947

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence Group
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

b3

Pursuant to telephonic conversation had between [redacted] of your Office, and Mr. G. C. Callan of this Bureau, there is returned herewith Standard Form No. 1080 - Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriations and/or Funds, dated July 29, 1947. [redacted]

RECORDED 62-80750-477

EX-48

F B I
55 JUL 31 1947

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Durnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Leasel
Miss Gandy

GCC:MCM

JUL 31 1947

AUG 13 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NJ SEP INF

TO : MR. NICHOLS

DATE: July 23, 1947

FROM : M. A. JONES

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Mumford
Mr. Jones
Quinn Tamm
e. Room
Nease
s, Beahm
s Gandy
n

Your attention is directed to [redacted]

b3

All the publications [redacted] are not in print and available for distribution at this time, however, those that are have been assembled and are hereto attached.

RECOMMENDATION: That this material be referred to the Liaison Section for delivery to [redacted]

Attachment

material del to mrs Winslow C.I.C. 8/1/47

RECORDED EX 13

62-80750-478

19 AUG 5

C.I.R. 9

51 AUG 20 1947

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DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF

mcT

62-80750-479

CHANGED TO

62-86157-2

C

CC - Mr. Ladd
Mr. Fitch
Mr. Hurley

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSE PTNP

THE DIRECTOR

6/30/47

D. M. Ladd

COORDINATION OF ARMED FORCES:
WORLD-WIDE INTELLIGENCE

62-80750-436

Reference is made to your memorandum of June 12, 1947, and to my subsequent discussion with you in which you asked that a memorandum be prepared for use before the House Committee on Expenditures in the event you are called upon to testify concerning world-wide intelligence.

The requested memorandum is attached and with it is a short statement which you may desire to use at the outset of your testimony.

Attachments 2

DVH:AJB

1 ENCL

EX-34

Original cannot be located and is not on record. When original is received in Files Division it will be filed either with this copy or may be given a new serial.

8/8/47 GG

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-481

F B I

37 AUG 11 1947

EX-34

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Robert
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

62-80750-

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 6/17 1947

TO: Director
Mr. Edward Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
✓ Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Jones
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy
Personnel Files Section
Records Section
Mrs. Skillman
Mr. Carlson

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DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTN

See Me For Appropriate Action

Send File Note and Return

For early review.
Discuss any
suggested changes
with Mr. Ladd
until all are in
agreement

Clyde Tolson

CAPITOL STUFF

By JOHN O'DONNELL

WITHIN the next week, Congress must step in and settle a furious behind-the-scenes battle which deeply involves the safety of the nation when and if the undeclared, push-button World War III breaks without warning upon the United States.

And this is actually a behind-the-scenes battle by its very-nature because the individuals and the exact nature of their work cannot be revealed: Involved are the trained, technical secret agents, the workers in Army and Navy Intelligence, the FBI and the State department whose job it is to gather information about potential enemies, nervous neutrals and even our supposedly ever-loving Allies.

These groups are fighting to preserve their existence as experts in espionage and counterespionage against what they see as the grasp for over-all power by the Central Intelligence Agency.

Already the Central Intelligence Agency has snapped away from the War department the world-wide secret intelligence network, painfully, secretly and efficiently built up since the last years of the war. The same group has brusquely taken away the elaborate, expensive and functioning organization which J. Edgar Hoover established in South America.

NOW comes the show down.

The battle pivots on the final form in which the power and functions of the Central Intelligence Agency will be defined in the legislation designed "to co-ordinate but not to merge" the armed forces.

If the present measure goes through as written in the Senate, and without change in the House, the veteran intelligence experts assert that the nation will set up a "super-duper gestapo—OSS cloak-and-dagger organization" which will direct the gathering of all the now independent groups—Army, Navy, State department and FBI. And on the performance record to date this has already been done by the Central Intelligence Group.

What the opponents now plead for is that the central office be held by Congress to the intent of the directive of President Truman which created the office back in January, 1946.

THIS original intent was that the Central Agency should recieve all the information gathered by Army and Navy intelligence, State department, FBI., etc., weigh its importance—in technical jargon, "evaluate it"—and then disseminate the intelligence to the Government departments concerned and of course pass on its final judgment and data to the President and the joint chiefs of staffs.

But instead of following out this program, Central Intelligence to the dismay and over the objections of the veteran workers in the espionage fields, has proceeded to set up its own spy service—trying to foist 1,200 of its recruits on the State department for example—and given orders (improperly, say the opponents) which have destroyed or weakened some of the most valuable and secret efforts of both the War department and Federal Bureau of Investigation.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSBPTNF

Washington Times Herald
June 12, 1947

ENCLOSURE
62-80750-481

June 12, 1947

The following memorandum has been recieved from the Director:

"In view of the newspaper reports, particularly the article by John O'Donnell appearing in the Washington Times Herald concerning the forthcoming Hearings before the House Committee on Expenditures looking into the merger of the War and Navy Departments, and with particular reference to the setting up of a Central Intelligence Group, I would like to have prepared for me an appropriate memorandum which I might use if called to testify before this Committee as now seems to be inevitable. I would like to have set forth the various objections to the Central Intelligence Group as it now functions with instances of difficulties already experienced as well as a brief reference to the preliminaries leading up to the present establishment of the Central Intelligence Group and emphasis upon the fallacy of endeavoring to divorce domestic from foreign intelligence.

Several points made in O'Donnell's column in objecting to a Central Intelligence Group with operating powers are well founded and should be considered in the preparation of this memorandum."

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

62-80750-481

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

INTRODUCTION

I realize that you gentlemen of the House Expenditures Committee are charged with the responsibility of seeing that our Government is operated on the most economical basis possible. I know too that you are all deeply concerned with the welfare of our country. Accordingly, in this brief statement I intend to comment on the necessity of protecting our country with an adequate world-wide intelligence organization and to make known to you my views on how such an organization can be most efficiently and most economically set up and operated. We of the Federal Bureau of Investigation have given this problem considerable thought and study, and we have had the additional advantage of operating an intelligence service in this Hemisphere during the past war. Consequently, we have come to appreciate by actual experience the complex problems involved.

NECESSITY FOR A PERMANENT, PEACE-TIME, WORLD-WIDE INTELLIGENCE ORGANIZATION

I feel strongly that a permanent, peace-time, world-wide intelligence organization is absolutely necessary in order to protect our country and to provide our officials with adequate data to enable them properly to guide this Nation in international affairs. To my way of thinking, establishment of such an organization is the soundest investment we could make. Certainly none of us want to see repeated or magnified the horrors of the recent war with attendant ruinous expense and tragic loss of life. To avoid such a repetition we must be guided intelligently and adequately along the sometimes treacherous road to permanent world peace. We had no such guidance between the last two wars. I do not mean to claim that if we had such an organization World War II would not have occurred. But you will agree I am sure that we would certainly not have been caught so woefully unprepared, and the cost to us in lives, money and labor would surely have been substantially reduced.

ENCLOSURE
62-80750-481

EOI

The point has been made many times, and I agree with it, that expenditure for intelligence coverage, however substantial, would be as nothing if through it wars are avoided or accurately predicted so as to permit of proper preparation.

PLAN FOR WORLD-WIDE INTELLIGENCE COVERAGE

Requisites:

As for the actual operation of a world-wide intelligence organization, in my judgment, the prime requisites are trained personnel, simplicity of structure, flexibility of operations and secrecy.

Personnel

Intelligence work is a highly specialized task. Effective agents are not developed overnight. But there are trained men in this country in sufficient numbers to form the nucleus of an efficient organization. These men received their training in the several intelligence agencies which functioned during the last war.

Organization

I feel that no one agency should be entrusted with the whole task of accumulating the many types of intelligence data - military, naval, economic, political, scientific, counterespionage - and then correlating and evaluating that data. I say this because of the natural human tendency to cover up failures, slant information and concentrate on one particular type of coverage for which the particular agency is most suited to the detriment of the whole. Then too, if several distinct agencies were operating, each compartmentalized in its particular field, we would not suffer such a disastrous blow if one of them should be disabled or rendered ineffective through infiltration or through uncovering of certain of its personnel. Rather I feel that the Army should handle

military espionage, the Navy should have an organization to gather naval data and a third agency should handle what might loosely be termed the civilian phases. These agencies, of course, should cooperate closely, both in the field and at headquarters, to guard against overlapping and to insure complete coverage. I believe that there are already functioning agencies capable of providing this coverage and frankly I see no need to create additional ones. Finally, there should be a separate and independent evaluation and analysis unit to which the three agencies mentioned would funnel all facts gathered. This latter unit would not need and should not have an intelligence gathering agency of its own.

Secrecy

I mentioned that secrecy of operation is essential. This is so because one of the most important assignments of every intelligence agency is to uncover and render ineffective espionage agents of unfriendly countries. To publicize one's organization, methods and personnel is to render the opponent's task ridiculously simple and one's own tremendously more difficult, if not impossible, of accomplishment. In this country, of course, legislative enactments are public records and discussions prior to those enactments necessarily come to the attention of the public. This is well and good and I would not desire it otherwise. This matter of setting up intelligence coverage, however, is in its very nature a special case and I feel that it is to the country's benefit to avoid any unnecessary publication. If the plan to use existing agencies presently authorized by Congress, merely permitting them to expand as necessary, should be adopted, it is my opinion that the desired secrecy might be preserved. Creating a new intelligence agency or agencies would inevitably go far to defeating such efforts.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

FALLACY OF SEPARATING DOMESTIC FROM FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE

Another point I should like to make here is that, in my opinion, foreign and domestic intelligence coverage are inseparable and constitute one field of operation. The German-American Bund and the Italian Fascist organizations in the United States originated and were directed from abroad. The Communist movement originated in Russia but operates in the United States. To follow such organizations access must be had to their origin and headquarters in foreign countries, as well as to their activities in the United States. Nearly every major espionage service of foreign countries has operated on a world-wide basis. In order to cope with the activities of various subversive agents in the United States with speed and dispatch, it is entirely evident that their activities must be followed throughout the various countries by one intelligence agency of the United States Government. Valuable time, as well as efficiency and effectiveness, is lost if one agency covers their activities in Europe, another in Latin America and another in the United States.

A PLAN FOR U. S. SECRET WORLD-WIDE INTELLIGENCE COVERAGE

Secret world-wide intelligence coverage for the benefit of the United States Government must have as its primary objectives the providing to the executive branches of the Government basic data on a world-wide scale upon which plans may be formulated and action taken, and the insuring of internal security from the threat of infiltrating foreign agents, ideologies, and military conquest.

The Federal Bureau of Investigation has in operation in the Western Hemisphere an intelligence plan based on simplicity of structure and flexibility of operations which has functioned efficiently, secretly, and economically since prior to Pearl Harbor, and has proved its adaptability to world-wide coverage by the effectiveness of its operation in the Western Hemisphere field.

It is proposed that the time-proved program in operation in the Western Hemisphere be extended on a world-wide basis with certain modifications.

The FBI Plan

The FBI plan provides for the joint operation in every country of the world of the Office of Military Intelligence, the Office of Naval Intelligence and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, each as a specialist in its own field and able to operate without a duplication of effort but closely correlating their operations to insure complete coverage.

There would be continued in operation the same operational committee as originally set up by the President composed of the Directors of Military Intelligence, Naval Intelligence and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, with the addition of an Assistant Secretary of State. A committee to control basic policy would be composed of the Secretaries of State, War and Navy and the Attorney General.

A unit for evaluation and analysis would be established in the State Department to which the three operating agencies would furnish intelligence data for appropriate review, analysis, and utilization in international matters. The Office of Strategic Services would no longer be necessary and their functions would be discontinued except insofar as the State Department would take over the evaluation and analysis functions.

Facility of Operation

The program proposed as already in operation in the Western Hemisphere has proved its effectiveness, requires no elaborate superstructure and the interested agencies have available trained personnel and operating facilities for recruiting, training, and dispatching additional personnel. The plan, consequently, can be placed in operation by the President's merely extending the authority heretofore given to the Directors of Military and Naval Intelligence and the Federal Bureau of Investigation for operation in the Western Hemisphere to operate on a world-wide basis.

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This plan has produced in the Western Hemisphere a maximum amount of information with a minimum of operating personnel and expense, and has not resulted in any embarrassment whatsoever to the United States Government. Its secrecy is assured through the dissemination of the operations among the already existing Government agencies which have previously operated successfully for a long period in their respective fields.

Points for Consideration

Foreign and domestic civil intelligence are inseparable and constitute one field of operation. The German-American Bund and the Italian Fascist organizations in the United States originated and were directed from abroad. The Communist movement originated in Russia but operates in the United States. To follow these organizations access must be had to their origin and headquarters in foreign countries, as well as to their activities in the United States. Every major espionage service has operated on a world-wide basis except that of Britain, which has had a separate organization for domestic and foreign intelligence, but Britain is in the process at present of consolidating the two services based on their experiences through the war period. In order to cope with the activities of various subversive agents in the United States with speed and dispatch, it is entirely evident that their activities must be followed throughout the various countries by one intelligence agency of the United States Government. Valuable time, as well as efficiency and effectiveness, is lost if one agency covers their activities in Europe, another in Latin America and another in the United States.

The theory that police work and intelligence coverage cannot be combined has been entirely dispelled. Police arrests under modern police practice is only one of the important functions of a police agency. In fact, all police work specifically involves the gathering of information in the nature of intelligence. Extensive intelligence coverage must necessarily precede the arrest of the enemy agent in the United States and it is not possible to separate the gathering of intelligence from police functions in view of the numerous criminal statutes, such as those relating to espionage and sabotage, which must be enforced by police action although directly concerned with intelligence. One of the major factors in the control of subversive activities in the Western Hemisphere during the war was the coordination of efforts of the various police organizations throughout the United States and Latin America through the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

A hazard in intelligence operation is the possibility of a charge being made that the organization is a "Gestapo." Also, a police agency which engages in intelligence operation may be called a "political police." Both charges are obnoxious to American citizens. The Federal Bureau of Investigation throughout the war has engaged in both police and intelligence activities and its record of protecting civil liberties has been highly praised, even by the American Civil Liberties Union.

Roger Baldwin, Director of the American Civil Liberties Union, in October, 1941, after a trip around the country checking on investigations by the FBI of the flood of subversive complaints then being received, commented to Director Hoover of the FBI, "I have attempted to find out as I have come across the country

just what complaints there are concerning those very difficult investigations of what are regarded subversive opinions and activities. I find that your local agents are keenly aware of the delicacy of these inquiries and faithfully reflect the Bureau's policies."

Morris Ernst, Counsel for the Union, stated in a letter, "I am writing to you to let you know that I have yet to hear of a single proven case of violation of the civil liberties (by the FBI). This is close to a miracle."

Peacetime operations of a foreign intelligence service will involve many delicate problems requiring tact, finesse and diplomacy as contrasted to wartime operations which may be on a more or less open and forceful basis. Personnel for such peacetime operations is already available in the Federal Bureau of Investigation, which emphasizes the qualities needed in these operations.

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DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267NLSEPT NF

American Legion
George Dilboy Post 697
47 St. Bet. 8th & Broad.
New York, New York

July 25, 1947

Dept. of War
Attorney General
Washington, D.C.

Central Intelligence, Army

Honorable General,

EMANUEL EUBILLIVES

My true experience in as much as to who to lead the Bureau of Intelligence, Basing this experience on a strictly war and a diplomatic civilian central intelligence. Every department of war must by all means be leaded by a head who has had an education of Army or Navy including Aviation of course as well as the experience for a position as above mentioned. A civilian intelligence is not enough to qualify (what does a civilian regardles of his high education know about war) Certainly nothing, other than philosophising thinking that war consists of theatrical moving pictures or a play house intelligence. If they are to admit the truth any one who loves his beloved country, nation should never place his name for a position such as this. For you know as much as I that the signal to each & everyone for those [illegible] position of such importance [illegible] defend and to protect U.S.A. in time [illegible] as well as in time of peace. For every organization is under the above department.

EX 30

RECORDED
DEXED
114

62-80750-482

AUG 12 1947

EX-30

G.I.R.-9

I have communicated with you from Florida and I am presenting myself to you as soon as I find the proper time and opportunity. Thanking you for whatever your opinion might be as to this. I am yours for service.

Sincerely yours,

Emmanuel J. N. Billing Nr.

Reject Changes In Unification Bill

WASHINGTON, July 21 (INS).—The Senate refused to accept today House amendments to the Armed Services Unification Bill and sent the measure to conference.

House changes included strengthening of language assuring the continuation of the Navy's air arm and the Marine Corps, and a requirement that the head of the Central Intelligence Agency must be a civilian.

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DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

62-80750-482

ENCLOSURE

8

DIVISION OF
COMMUNICATIONS AND RECORDS

TO F. B. I.

MEMORANDUM

2/12/47 & 6/18/47 b6
F. B. I. Envelope
is addressed b6
F. B. I.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNP

FROM Rm 6112
gc

August 6, 1947

RECORDED 62-80750-482

Mr. Emmanuel Eubillives
254 West 47 Street
New York 19, New York

EX-30

Dear Mr. Eubillives:

Your letter dated July 25, 1947, together with enclosure, has been received. It is within the province of the Congress of the United States to determine whether a civilian or member of the Armed Forces shall head the CIG and not the FBI. This Bureau is solely an investigative agency.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

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DATE 5-25-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNT

NOTE: It is to be noted that the incoming letter is addressed to "Dept. of War, Attorney General, Washington, D. C., and the salutation is "Honorable General." The envelope is addressed to the Attorney General - F.B.I., Department of Intelligence, Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D. C. It is apparent that this letter was intended for the Bureau and, therefore, the fact that it was addressed to the Attorney General is not being mentioned.

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
RECEIVED 11
AUG 7 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Room
Nease
Sandy

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: August 6, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: MATCH BOX CAMERA RECEIVED FROM CIG

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

There is attached [redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the above memorandum and enclosure be forwarded to Mr. Renneberger of the Mechanical Section.

Attachment
JFD:OME

G. I. R. -9

camera in photo lab

162-80750-482

F B I

RECORDED - 75

31 JUN 5 1948

INDEXED - 75

EX-4

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5-26-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF

Central Intell. Div.

97

1 JUN 15 1948

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DATE 12-06-2011

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

AUG 8 1947

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OTHERWISE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

(U) (U)

WASHINGTON [FROM NEW YORK] 2 8 2-03 PM (S)

DIRECTOR ..... URGENT

(S)

Central Intelligence Group

[redacted] REURTEL AUG. SEVENTH LAST. [redacted] (S)

[redacted]

b1
b3

RUC. (S)

SCHEIDT

HOLD PLS

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&
INDEXED

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5-26-99

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Per OGA

Advised Window 8/11/47

50 AUG 25 1947

EX-25 2

Radicals Battle For Control of U.S. Intelligence

By WALLACE R. DEUEL
Chicago Daily News Foreign Service

WASHINGTON, May 28.—A flaming row has broken out in the top U.S. intelligence organization—the Central Intelligence Group—it was learned here today.

Leftwing and rightwing elements in the organization are engaged in a savage struggle for power.

The leftwingers have won out so far, it appears.

Several dismissals and resignations have resulted from the controversy, it is learned.

CENTER OF BATTLE

The fight centers in the "Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Branch" of the group. This branch monitors foreign broadcasts for propaganda and intelligence, and reports on what it hears to the White House, the State, War and Navy Departments and other government agencies concerned.

The controversy raging within the branch has seriously interfered with its operations, it is charged.

The struggle has grown so violent that members of three House committees have begun to look into it.

Rep. Fred E. Busbey (R., Ill.) recently discussed the situation with Rear Adm. Roscoe H. Hillenkoeter, director of the Central Intelligence Group, it is learned.

HOLDS PURSE STRINGS

As a majority member of the House Committee on Executive Expenditures, Busbey has something to say about appropriations for the group.

He has called on Hillenkoeter to put an end to the row in his organization, it is understood.

Rep. Edward H. Rees (R., Kan.), chairman of the House Postoffice and Civil Service Committee, is also taking an interest in the fight in the Central Intelligence Group.

FBI HAS FINAL SAY

Rees is a leading advocate of strong action against "disloyal" employees in government service, to be based on FBI investigations.

The fight in the Central Intelligence Group shows that the Administration cannot or will not clean house by any other methods, Rees is understood to believe.

The House Un-American Activities Committee has been looking into the backgrounds of some of those involved in the current unpleasantness in U.S. intelligence, it is reported.

The trouble in the foreign broadcast intelligence branch apparently began with a fight between two unions within the organization.

RIVAL UNIONS INVOLVED

More conservative employees belong to an AFL union for civil servants, and more liberal employees to a CIO local, affiliated with the United Public Workers of America.

Rightwingers in the AFL union accused some of the CIO employees of being radicals, if not fellow travelers.

CIO leftwingers, on the other hand, claim that at least some of the AFL faction are reactionaries, not to say Fascists.

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"Oakland Tribune"
May 28, 1947

62-80750-485

Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
August 13, 1947

~~SECRET~~ - AIR COURIER

Director, FBI

b3

Re: [redacted]

Dear Sir:

For the information of the Bureau [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

Very truly yours,

Sam J Papich

SAM J. PAPICH
LA

G. I R.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 5-26-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

RECORDED 62-80750-488
26 SEP 21 1947

EX-22

SJP:jar
66-123

58 SEP 4 1947

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 6/30/47

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: COORDINATION OF ARMED FORCES: WORLD-WIDE INTELLIGENCE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to your memorandum of June 12, 1947, and to my subsequent discussion with you in which you asked that a memorandum be prepared for use before the House Committee on Expenditures in the event you are called upon to testify concerning world-wide intelligence.

The requested memorandum is attached and with it is a short statement which you may desire to use at the outset of your testimony.

Attachments

DVH:AJB Reviewed & approved by Carlson

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5-26-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

15 ENCL 126

(1 copy of S 758
1 copy of H.R. 3979
1 copy of draft of 6/17/47)

RECORDED - 126 62-8-0750-489X
F FB I
10 AUG 24 1948

52 NOV 22 1948 168

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: 8/19/47

FROM : E. G. Fitch

45503

SUBJECT: Visit to Quantico by Admiral Hillenkoetter and [redacted] of CIG

b3

I thought you would be interested in knowing the reactions of Admiral Hillenkoetter and [redacted] after visiting the FBI Academy at Quantico on August 14, 1947. They were taken to Quantico by Special Agent Doherty and arrived there in time for lunch. After having lunch Admiral Hillenkoetter remarked that the FBI Academy was an ideal set-up for training Special Agents of the FBI and stated that the lunch was very enjoyable.

Hillenkoetter and [redacted] were shown around the Academy by Supervisor in Charge Newby. Later Mr. Sloan, Supervisor in Charge of Firearms, took the Admiral and Colonel to the FBI ranges during which time he explained to them the various operations of the different guns used by this Bureau. Sloan also afforded Hillenkoetter and [redacted] the opportunity of shooting the skeets course. Both the Admiral and the Colonel shot four pigeons out of a possible 25. They were very enthusiastic about this particular course as was evidenced by a remark made by Admiral Hillenkoetter to [redacted] requesting the Colonel to look into the various skeet courses around Washington and ascertain requirements for membership. The Admiral and [redacted] also witnessed a demonstration by firearms instructor Williams and they were deeply impressed with his ability as a "trick shooter."

During the course of the day Admiral Hillenkoetter and [redacted] frequently commented on the foresight and acumen of the Director in being solely responsible for the greatness of the FBI. Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that the gangsters of today must find it awfully difficult to cope with the ability of the Special Agents of the FBI.

Both Admiral Hillenkoetter and [redacted] wanted Mr. Doherty to extend to the Director their sincere thanks and appreciation in being permitted to visit the Academy.

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SEP 5 1947

JFD: rhr

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

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58 SEP 6 1947

F-34

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Carson
Mr. Rendon
Mr. Hammond
Mr. Jones
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Fitch
J. P. Doherty

GIRD

Rec'd

Strikes me as a waste of time to cultivate this outfit. We never have & doubt if we ever will get even reasonable consideration from them. Such actions as exemplified by their representatives reflect the attitude of the higher officials. H.

COPY:JL

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DATE 12-08-2011

OFFICE MEMORANDUM UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

SECRET

TO: THE DIRECTOR DATE: August 11, 1947

FROM: D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b1
b3

(S) [redacted] (S)

Attachment - [redacted]

DML:da

Director's Notation: I think we should protest formerly to CIG and point out impossibility of F.B.I. performing its responsibility as to internal security unless such information is made promptly available to us. H.

5-27-99
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[redacted]
Per OGA

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76 SEP 6 1947

SECRET

EX-60

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DATE 12-06-2011

EX-62

RECORDED 62-80750-497

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Date: August 28, 1947

To: Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D.C.

Attention:

S-25-99
~~CLASSIFIED BY 60267 NISEPTNF~~
~~DECLASSIFY ON: 1~~
Per OGA

b3

From: John Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject:

b1
b3

(C)

[redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. T
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichol
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

AUG 28 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WMM:FAW

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DATE 12-06-2011

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OTHERWISE

September 3, 1947

PERSONAL AND ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED 62-80750-498

Rear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter
Director
Central Intelligence Group
Room 7135, North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

5-27-99
CLASSIFIED BY 60267NISEPTNF
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
Per OGA

(S) Dear Admiral Hillenkoetter:

[redacted]

b1
b3

(U) Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

3 4 11 PM '47
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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 8
☆ SEP 4 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

EWC:RTH:AF

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

51 SEP 17 1947

~~SECRET~~

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE EXEMPTION CODE 25X1 DATE 12-06-2011

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

(S) TO : MR. R. T. HARBO RH

FROM : I. W. CONRAD

DATE: AUGUST 28, 1947

SUBJECT: [redacted] (S)

~~SECRET~~

b1
b3

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease

no

(S) [redacted] (S)

b1
b3

[redacted] (S)

RECOMMENDATION:

Accordingly, there is attached hereto for approval [redacted]

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b3

Attachment

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F B I
36 SEP 9 1947

SEP 17 1947

~~SECRET~~

IWC:PJD
80-637

DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson ( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm ( )
Mr. Clegg ( )
Mr. Glavin ( )
Mr. Ladd ( )
Mr. Nichols ( )
Mr. Rosen ( )
Mr. Tracy ( )
Mr. Gurnea ( )
Mr. Harbo ( )
Mr. Mohr ( )
Mr. Nease ( )
Miss Gandy ( )
( )

See Me ( )
Note and Return ( )
For Your Recommendation ( )
What are the facts? ( )

Remarks:

make absolutely certain that we do not open up our work to this inspection. We are not in the Intelligence Field except within N.S. & C.I.G has no authority over us nor do we operate under any directives of the N.I.A.

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DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF

ENCLOSURE 62-80750-502

RD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: September 12, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Referral/Consult

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes

The Bureau has received [redacted]

Referral/Consult

The Bureau has received no information concerning [redacted] Referral/Consult and in view of our present responsibilities in Latin America, has no direct connection with it. However, it is believed that our Legal Attaches in Mexico City and at Havana should be appropriately advised of [redacted]

ACTION: NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE

A suggested cable to our offices in Mexico City and Havana is attached.

AUTHORITY

Attachment

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DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNT

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162-80750-1503
F B I
32 15 SEP 16 1947

DVH:hsb

EX-66

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. M. Ladd

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SECRET

DATE: September 13, 1947

(S)

SUBJECT:

[redacted] (S)

b1

45500

(S)

[redacted] (S)

b1

This memorandum is for information purposes.

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62 SEP 22 1947

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

45501 1947

✓ The Director
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Harbo

Mr. Carroll
Mr. Coyne
Mr. Fletcher
Mr. Laughlin
Mr. McCabe
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Nease
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Tyler

Records Section
Stamp and mail
Prepare tickler
Call file

See Me
Call me re this
Note and return

Mr. _____
Room _____

Miss Gandy
Miss Gray
Miss Lyon
Miss Artley

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267 NLSEPTNF

Edward A. Tamm
5734

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

DATE: September 18, 1947

FROM : Mr. Fitch

45498 b3

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Tele.
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

This is to advise that [redacted] Liaison man from CIG, today advised that the name of the Central Intelligence Group was this morning changed to Central Intelligence Agency.

This memorandum should be forwarded to the attention of the reading room.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 6026 TNLSSPTNF
Per OGA

RECORDED 62-80750-570

JND:hsb

EX-42

SEP 29 1947

F-340

60 SEP 29 1947

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Clavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Garnea
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Pe[illegible]ton
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SECRET

(U) (S) [Rio de Janeiro, Brazil]
September 9, 1947

SECRET - AIR COURIER

b3

Director, FBI

Re: [redacted]

Dear Sir:

Referral/Consult

[redacted] recently furnished the following information to the writer. DEFERRED RECORDING

(S) [redacted] (S)

b1

Very truly yours,

(U) [Sam J Papich] (S)
SAM J. PAPICH
LA

6-3-99
CLASSIFIED BY 60267 NLS EP TNF
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
Per OGA

RECORDED
INDEXED
62-80750-512
F B I
31 SEP 24 1947

EX-51

SJP:jar
66-123

50 OCT 1 1947

SECRET

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
OTHERWISE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

~~SECRET~~

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

(S)

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 9-13-47

FROM : MR. EDW. A. TAMM

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Kendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahn
Miss Gandy

b1

(S)

EAT:ml
cc-Mr. Ladd

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6-3-99
CLASSIFIED BY 60267NLSEPIN
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
Per OGA

RECORDED 62-80750-513
FBI
SEP 25 1947

EX-65

~~SECRET~~

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: MULTIPLE SOURCES
DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. E. A. TAMM

DATE: 6/25/47

FROM : A. ROSEN

b3

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

With reference to Mr. Callan's memorandum relating to [redacted] it is recommended this matter will have to be handled pursuant to the request. [redacted]

b3

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF

ENCLOSURE

AR:WW

Mr. Curo Director
6/26/47
Eor

RECORDED 62-80750-516

F B I

EX-42

36 SEP 24 1947

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 6-26-47

FROM : MR. EDW. A. TAMM

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

b3

The attached memoranda relate to [redacted]

You will recall that [redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

ENCL EX-42

[redacted]

b3

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267 NTS EP INF EX-42

69 OCT 10 1947

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-516

36 SEP 24 1947

5-WVS

Memorandum for the Director

[redacted]

[redacted] b3

Attachments
EAT:ml

cc-Mr. Rosen

ADDENDUM. 6-27-47. EAT:ml

The attached matter was brought up by Mr. Tamm at the Executives Conference [redacted] b3

Those in attendance at this session of the Executives Conference were Messrs. Tolson, Callahan, Tracy, Harbo, Mohr, Nichols, Clegg, Ladd, Rosen and E. A. Tamm.

OK. but I agree reluctantly.

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

DATE: June 23, 1947

FROM : Mr. Callan

SUBJECT: [redacted] b3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF Per OGA

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahn
Miss Gandy

You will recall that [redacted] b3

In accordance with your instructions [redacted]

[redacted] b3

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted] b3

GCC:MCM

5-WUB

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-517 FBI 36 SEP 24 1947

Mr. Rosen

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

It is suggested that a representative of the Bureau contact the Congressional Committee to determine [redacted]

If the Committee has anything at all, it will appear that we will have very little alternative.

b3

June 19, 1947

RECORDED 62-80750-[illegible] 4410

EX-42

[redacted]

b3
b7D

Dear [redacted]

Mr. Tamm has brought to my attention your letter of June 17, 1947, and has informed me of the substance of your conference with him on June 16th.

I am appreciative of your courtesy in forwarding to the Bureau the resolutions passed by the Veterans of Foreign Wars, as well as the resolution under consideration for adoption. You may be assured that all of this material will receive appropriate consideration in the Bureau.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-3-99 BY [redacted]

John Edgar Hoover
Director

EAT:ml

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-1-[illegible]

Jan 19 5 55 PM
RECEIVED READING ROOM

OCT 22 1947

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: 6-19-47

FROM : MR. EDW. A. TAMM

45475

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] called at my office on June 16th. He desired to complain generally about the failure of certain officials of the Foreign Broadcast Information Service to properly recognize veterans' preference rights in their employment policies which he attributes to the "pinkish" tendencies of [redacted] of the FBIS.

[redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]

Subsequent to my interview with [redacted] the attached letter of June 17th was received transmitting copies of resolutions proposed for adoption by the Veterans of Foreign Wars. I have also obtained and reviewed the attached letter from the Washington Field Office of June 18th relating to Mr. Harbo's interview with [redacted]

I think it would be well to review all of this material very carefully to determine: 1) whether there is any action which we should take upon it, and 2) whether there is any information which should be submitted to the Department or to any other agency outside of the Bureau for appropriate consideration.

Attachments
EAT:ml

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY [illegible]

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-518
F B I
JUN 25 1947

EX-42

Central Intelligence Group

100-352680-1
118-1-14
118-8-32

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-1-373-359

VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS
OF THE UNITED STATES
FOUNDED 1899

OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR PUBLIC RELATIONS
DEFENSE BUILDING
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE [illegible] BY [illegible]

June 17, 1947.

45476

Mr. E. A. Tamm
Room 5734, FBI
Dept. of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Tamm:

Thank you for the interview of June 16. I am sure the condition we discussed is disturbing to a great many loyal citizens.

It is a pleasure to talk at any time to an official of the FBI, one of the remaining Government agencies retaining and derserving the respect of all the American people.

Herewith a resolution on Veteran Preference enforcement which may interest you. It is premised on my everyday contacts with veterans' organizations, Government officials and individuals with complaints. No pretense is intended that a thorough probe of all statistics has been made, as I do not have time for that, although I am constantly in touch with Civil Service matters.

This resolution will be introduced as new business tonight at the encampment, Department of D.C., V.F.W. It will be more difficult to get passed than it would through ordinary committee channels.

The other two enclosures: on UPWA and CIG were passed by the encampment last night. The one on UPWA will be brought to the Attorney General's attention in due course by the Department Adjutant.

EX-42 ENCL.
237

As you know, these will not become national policy until passed by the national encampment in September, or the National Council of Administration. The three enclosed reflect my exercise of individual rights as a Pentagon Post member rather than an official action as a National Officer for Press Relations. However, my co-workers in National headquarters have received them well.

ENCLOSURE

RECORDED 62-80750-518
EX-42 F B I
15 JUN 25 1947

Thank you again for your time and attention.

b7D

Yours truly

[redacted]

ack and
mo hdd
6/19/47
GN

May 8, 1947

45277

A. B. Harbo
FBI Field Office
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Herewith carbon copies of some material in the hands of Mr. Carrington and Mr. Russell, agents for the House Committee on Un-American Activities.

One part of the material was exhibited to G-2 a year ago, and another part sets forth that the pattern of behavior of alleged Communist fellow-travelers has continued since that date.

If any of the material herein appears to have value in demonstration of subversive activities in the Foreign Broadcast Information Branch, Central Intelligence Group, and you desire further information, please let me know and I may be able to direct you to other persons who feel as I do about this situation.

I sought action through law-enforcement officers of both the War Dept and CIG, as did many others, some of them persons of high rank and responsibility. It appears that CIG officials are interested chiefly in getting an appropriation and keeping everything else under cover, accordingly, on suggestion of Mr. Lawrence Meloy of the Civil Service Commission, to whom I talked briefly, I submit this material to you.

b7D

Yours truly,

[redacted]

Phone, [redacted]

EX-42

INDEXED

100-80750-518

15 JUN 25 1947

EX-42

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267 INLSEP1MF

Washington, D.C.
April 12, 1947.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267 [illegible]
45[illegible]

Louis Russell,
Investigator,
Un-American Activities Committee
House of Representatives
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

The enclosed information is delivered with the understanding that you will "loan" this material back to me if any other Government officials wish to see it.

It has been asserted that graduates of the Rand School for Social Sciences, a New York institution closed by the FBI during the war, have been favored for employment at various times in FBIS. (now FBIB.) [redacted]

b3
b7D

For your information, Central Intelligence Group is headed by Lt. Gen. Hoyt S. Vandenberg, a nephew of Senator Arthur Vandenberg.

With the material enclosed, is my protest to Gen. Vandenberg, and plea for relief. I have been promised a reply to this letter. However, Maj. White, the general's aide, did n ot express any interest in my offer to place more detailed information before him. The general was out of town and therefore he gave no response for a hearing I requested, where myself and others could face those we accuse.

R-378

62-80750-518

Sincerely yours, ENCLOSURE

[redacted]

b7D

8D

June 17 1947

TO THE DEPARTMENT COMMANDER, OFFICERS AND DELEGATES TO THE 28th ENCAMPMENT, DEPARTMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES:

(Submitted under New Business)

45484

WHEREAS, although V-J Day is 21 months past there are Federal agencies, departments, divisions and sections harboring islands of resistance to employment and retention of veterans as provided in the Veterans Preference Act of 1944 as amended, and

WHEREAS the Act provides no punishment for violation of its provisions and in addition the Civil Service Commission department for investigations of violations is understaffed to a point where attention is devoted solely to individual cases of veterans who already have been dismissed from their jobs, providing no facilities to probe the overall picture, and

WHEREAS recent Congressional hearings have recorded testimony from all major veterans' organizations that personnel officials in the Federal service sometimes connive to violate veteran preference and,

WHEREAS the Attorney General of the United States is charged with enforcement of the law of the land, now therefore be it

RESOLVED that this encampment requests the Attorney General and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to investigate and report to the President and the Civil Service Commission in cases where reasonable grounds exist to believe that agency subdivisions of 100 or more persons willfully employ a percentage of veterans less than the percentage of veterans on a national scale in proportion to the overall labor force, and be it further

RESOLVED that this encampment requests the Attorney General to especially investigate personnel departments and officials in the Federal government where reasonable grounds exist for belief that these may be taking the Veterans Preference Act lightly.

b7D

Submitted:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-5-96 BY [illegible]

ENCLOSURE

62-80750-518

June 16, 1947

TO THE DEPARTMENT COMMANDER, OFFICERS, AND DELEGATES TO THE 28TH DEPARTMENT ENCAMPMENT, VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES:

45285

(Submitted by Committee on Americanism)

WHEREAS, the United Public Workers of America, a union of Government employees operating at greatest strength in Washington, D. C. elected a President over one year ago, who has been exposed by responsible newspapermen and officials of the United States as a follower of the Communist party line before, through and after the critical period of 1939 when Hitler and Stalin operated in infamous alliance; and

WHEREAS, the UPWA adopted at the same convention a policy which sanctioned strikes against the government and encouraged troop withdrawals from countries occupied by the United States but rejected proposals to withdraw Soviet troops anywhere; and

WHEREAS, the UPWA withdrew its policy to sanction strikes against the nation's duly elected and sovereign power only after Congress in its wrath attached special no-pay riders to appropriations bills aimed at all who asserted this illegal right to strike; and

WHEREAS, by far the majority of Federal employees suffer mental agony and loss of morale when they are assigned to perform their duties in concert with persons so lacking in a sense of responsibility to the high calling of public service that they remained members of this union after its adoption of said policy and officers indicating adherence to the Communist Line; and

WHEREAS, the entry into Federal service and taking of the Federal oath should imply to the conscientious individual the loss of certain crusaders' rights, including the right to strike, if he is to serve the public adequately; and

WHEREAS, numerous complaints received by the Veterans of Foreign Wars indicate that this union enlists missionaries of confusion and character

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ENCLOSURE 62-80750-518

assassins, installs men as personnel officials and in executive positions through devious means, coddles draft evaders and is dedicated to a policy inimical to policies designed to give veteran preference in Federal employment, and further poisons the moral fortitude of all public servants who serve under executives dedicated to its cause; and

45186

WHEREAS, the UPWA has selected for especial attention organization of workers in the critical defense areas of Panama and Hawaii, where sabotage could destroy our military effectiveness;

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that this encampment of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, Department of the District of Columbia go on record as declaring that said UPWA should be exposed, whenever and wherever its members appear, and that all proper existing legal action should be taken to punish any of its members who are demonstrated to be contacts between this union and the Communist party, and be it further

RESOLVED that the Attorney General of the United States be memorialized by this encampment to declare the United Public Workers of America on the list of organizations membership in which would constitute grounds for denial of Federal employment under the President's loyalty order and/or the Rees bill as introduced in the 80th Congress; unless said UPWA rescinds its policy of adherence to the Co[redacted]nable platform adopted in, 1946.

APPROVED: Eugene Grady
EUGENE GRADY
Chairman, Committee on Americanism
Department of the District of Columbia
Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States

b7D

June 16, 1947

TO THE DEPARTMENT COMMANDER, OFFICERS AND DELEGATES TO THE 28th ENCAMPMENT DEPARTMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS OF THE UNITED STATES:

45687

(Submitted by Committee on Americanism)

WHEREAS, the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States is dedicated to a policy of support of policies to insure the security of the United States, and

WHEREAS, a due regard for security of the United States and reasonable security against a repetition of the sneak attack on Pearl Harbor has led President Truman to establish the Central Intelligence Group for coordination of diplomatic and military intelligence and for evaluation of intelligence from all sources including foreign espionage, and

WHEREAS, repeated items in the daily press over a period of many months have been critical of the policy of the Central Intelligence Group including its action in assuming operational functions previously performed by Military Intelligence and by the FBI; its policy of rapid shifts of chiefs leading to lack of public confidence, and its policy of recruitment of staff from remnant personnel of abolished agencies whose employees were hired as civilians under wartime conditions and never were adequately screened or examined as to competence, character or loyalty, and

WHEREAS, recent items in the press in Chicago, Pittsburgh and Washington have reported internal dissension in Central Intelligence due to an alleged feud between two unions of Government workers one of which has been designated of doubtful loyalty in responsible quarters, and

WHEREAS, press reports indicate careful scrutiny of Central Intelligence by at least three Congressional committees, indicating a lack of dignity, security and effectiveness in the highest eschelon

ENCLOSURE 62-80750-518

45183

for intelligence operations at home and abroad, and,

WHEREAS, the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States has received complaints from reliable veteran employees and former employees of Central Intelligence indicating weaknesses and possible grave danger within the organization and which have been duly presented to proper law enforcement authorities, and

WHEREAS remedial legislation appears as a possible remedy for repetition of abovementioned evils during changes of administrations and conditions within the United States, now therefore be it

RESOLVED that the Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States Department of the District of Columbia in encampment assembled in June 1947, hereby memorializes the President of the United States, the Secretaries of State, War, Navy and the 80th Congress, to establish by legislation a system of examinations for all present and future employees of Central Intelligence which would embody the best features of the examinations and educational prerequisites required for appointment to the Department of State and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to the end that the important function for which this agency was created may be performed in a manner befitting the world's most powerful and influential nation and the dignity of Central Intelligence may be regained; and be it further

RESOLVED that appropriate action is recommended for estalishment of adequate internal security machinery for Central Intelligence, modeled after the Army's Counter Intelligence Corps and responsible to the eschelon above Central Intelligence Group, the National Intelligence Authority. b7D

Approved: EUGENE GRADY
Chairman, Committee on
Americanism,
Dept. of D. C.,
V.F.W. of the U.S.

Submitted:

[redacted]

NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: June 18, 1947

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

45489

b3
b7D

SUBJECT: [redacted]

SECURITY MATTER - C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE [illegible] BY [illegible]

100-34151-2

Reference is made to the telephone call from Mr. J. P. GOYNE of the Bureau on June 16, 1947, regarding the captioned subject matter.

On May 6, 1947, SA ANKER B. HARBO telephonically contacted [redacted] at the office of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, National 4074, Extension 17, in response to [redacted] call. [redacted] advised that he had some material regarding subversive activities in the Foreign Broadcast Information Branch, CIG, which he desired to turn over to this office. He stated that he had previously turned over copies of this material, together with some additional material, to LOUIS RUSSELL, investigator for the House Committee on Un-American Activities. It is noted that RUSSELL is a former Special Agent of the FBI. [redacted] said he would secure additional copies of all the material he had sent to RUSSELL so that he could forward them to this office if that were thought necessary. He was advised that that was not necessary at the time, that the material he sent in would be carefully examined and that he would be contacted by this office at a later date if it were deemed necessary. On May 8, 1947, the attached material, sent by [redacted] was received by the Washington Field Office.

b7D

100-352683-1
118-1746-13
100-352682-1
118-1-14
100-352681-1
118-8-32

On May 13, 1947, [redacted] again contacted SA HARBO by telephone to inquire if the material had been received. He was assured that it had been received and that it would receive appropriate attention. He was thanked for his efforts and it was suggested that he call at any time he felt he had additional material of value.

On May 29, 1947 [redacted] telephonically contacted SA HARBO, at which time [redacted] stated he had contacted a Colonel EDDY in the office of Secretary of State MARSHALL regarding the same matter concerning which he had earlier provided information to this office. He indicated that Colonel EDDY had agreed with him in his idea that poor enforcement of veterans preference rights in an agency was some indication of the presence of Communist fellow travelers in that agency. [redacted]

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b7D

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RECORDED & INDEXED

62-[illegible]-518
F B I
15 JUN 25 1947

112

EX-42

45490

b3
b7D

Director, FBI
RE: [redacted]
SECURITY MATTER - C
June 18, 1947
ABH:BR 100-0

[redacted]

b3
b7D

Finally, he stated he had provided this material to the FBI because he had been encouraged by others to do so and because he felt he ought to do so. He expressed the hope that, though he realized no immediate action might be taken, the material he had provided would be of value to the overall Communist picture. He was again thanked for this material and advised that appropriate action would be taken in regard thereto.

The indices of this office contain no information regarding the informant and they are negative on [redacted]

b3

No further action by this office is contemplated at this time in the absence of Bureau instructions.

Enclosures

2

ABH:BR
100-0

COPY

45494

September 12, 1946

DISCRIMINATION against War II veterans with reassignment rights to the FOREIGN BROADCAST INTELLIGENCE SERVICE, of the CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP.

(Until last month, the FBIS has been assigned to the Military Intelligence Division, Office of Chief of Staff, War Dept., 1424 K St., NW, Washington, D.C.)

1. Non-veterans without experience are hired at higher ratings than veterans with experience.

2. Violation of the law is suspected in two cases of returning veterans reassigned to FBIS.

3. Returning veterans have been delayed in reassignment.

4. Reassigned veterans have been delayed in receiving their automatic raises, and in reassignment to properly adjusted status.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY [redacted]

62-80750-518

ENCLOSURE

GPO FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO : MR. TOLSON

FROM : W. R. GLAVIN

SUBJECT: 44103

SEE REVERSE SIDE FOR CLASSIFICATION ACTION

DATE: 7-17-47

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267/NISEPTNF
ON 6-8-99

b3
b7D

Reference is made to the attached correspondence concerning

I spoke to George Moore of the House Post Office and Civil Service Committee concerning this particular matter and he stated that he would get any material together which he has and would let me know when he had gathered it together and would turn it over to me for the Bureau's further consideration. At the same time, he introduced me to Congressman Busbey, who advised me that he has been conducting a one-man investigation really of the State Department. He mentioned that he had spoken to the Director regarding the disloyalty in the Government service prior to this time. Busbey is a sort of bombastic individual who for approximately a half hour mentioned everything that he was going to do in an effort to get out of the Government service, individuals who were disloyal or individuals who would not take into consideration the loyalty of employees but who took a passive position regarding the training of Government employees in loyalty matters. He appeared to be incensed of the State Department's Foreign Service Schools here; that individuals in the State Department would not permit students in the Foreign Service School being groomed for positions outside the country to become acquainted with Communist ideologies, workings and ramifications. He was particularly vitriolic concerning Samm Klaus of the State Department. Congressman Busbey stated he had certain documents regarding CIG's situation and he would gather them together and let me have them. I told him we would be glad to have it to use if there was anything which fell within the jurisdiction of the Bureau which could be handled. The Congressman was particularly favorable in his comments concerning the Director.

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62-80150-518X

I later got a call from [redacted] of the Veterans of Foreign Wars who, from a review of the attached correspondence, appears to be one of the spearheads of this whole situation concerning the disloyalty of certain employees in CIG. He stated he had spoken to Mr. E. A. Tamm regarding this matter, and also had spoken to Agent Harbo of the Field office. He stated he had some additional matters. I told him we would be glad to have them if they were matters in which the Bureau would have an official interest. He is going to furnish them to me. When all of this information is received, I will immediately refer it to the Investigative Division for their attention.

WRG:dmb

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 6-3-98 BY [illegible]

TO : Mr. E. A. Tamm DATE: July 21, 1947

FROM : Mr. D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: [redacted] b3 44096 b7D

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to your memorandum of June 19, 1947, to which is attached material submitted by [redacted] of the Veterans of Foreign Wars. b7D

In regard to your suggestion that this material be reviewed very carefully to determine whether there is any action which the Bureau should take upon it, please be advised that a careful review of this material and a check of the files on the individuals mentioned therein indicates that [redacted] has given no information which would warrant the Bureau's initiating any investigation. It was noted that [redacted] allegations concerning "pinkish tendencies" and "pro-Soviet beliefs" on the part of various employees of the captioned group appeared to be based only on rumor and are nonspecific. It should be noted that [redacted] complaints concerning [redacted] appear to be identical with information previously given to the Bureau by [redacted] has been interviewed several times by Bureau Agents in connection with his allegations that [redacted] have pro-Soviet beliefs but [redacted] has been unable to substantiate with facts his nonspecific complaints.

Extensive investigations of [redacted] as well as various other individuals mentioned by [redacted] were conducted by the Bureau [redacted]

As a further example of the unfounded statements made by [redacted] reference is made to his assertion that graduates of the Rand School for Social Sciences had been favored for employment at various times in F.B.I.S., and that the school was a "New York institution closed by the FBI during the war."/ A review of the Bureau files reflects that no active investigation has ever been undertaken by the Bureau of the Rand School of Social Sciences and that information in the Bureau's files reflects that this organization is considered to be a socialist institution and definitely anti-Communist. b3 b7D

It further appears from the material furnished by [redacted] that he received some of his information from [redacted] In this connection, it is interesting to note that by memorandum dated June 11, 1947, Assistant Director Nichols pointed out that [redacted]

AGJ/bb

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-

NOV 4 1947

EX-42 117-36

44097

MEMO TO MR. E. A. TAMM

[redacted] b3 b7D

There is no record in the files on [redacted] who was alleged in [redacted] material to be pro-Soviet. There is no pertinent information in the files concerning [redacted]

There is no pertinent data in the files on [redacted] b3

The only pertinent data on Max Shohet is that contained in the Dies Committee report in May, 1937, which reflects that Max Shohet, who was an Assistant Supervisor of the Federal Theatre Project, dictated a memorandum to a government stenographer on government time reminding supervisors that they were to contribute a day's pay to the strike fund of the City Projects Council, Workers Alliance. Shohet was reported to be an organizer for the Supervisors Council, CPC, said to be a Communist controlled Union of Relief Workers. b3 b7D

With reference to [redacted] who is mentioned by [redacted] as an individual being discriminated against, the files reflect that [redacted]

[redacted] has criticized the lack of speed with which F.B.I.S. disseminates the information it receives. He is critical of other mechanics in the operation of F.B.I.S. which are no concern of this Bureau. [redacted] criticizes various efficiency ratings and other purely administrative policies of F.B.I.S. He alleges that some employees who held "anti-Soviet beliefs" were lowered in grade but at the same time he admits that other employees of like anti-Soviet beliefs were rated excellent. His allegations in this instance, as in all others, are nonspecific. [redacted] men-

b7D

44099

MEMO TO E. A. TAMM

tions the "pro-Soviet platform" and "strike clause" in the Constitution of the United Public Workers Union - CIO. As you are aware the Bureau is actively investigating Communist infiltration into the United Public Workers of America.

In regard to your second suggestion that it be determined whether there is any information in [redacted] material which should be submitted to the Department or to any other Agency outside of the Bureau, it is pointed out that [redacted] has indicated that he has given the information to the State Department, the House Committee on un-American Affairs, to Mr. Lawrence Meloy of the Civil Service Commission, Mr. Vanech of the Department of Justice, the War Department, CIG, and Congressmen Rees and Busbey. Therefore, it appears unnecessary to disseminate this material any further except as noted below: b7D

ACTION: Information submitted by [redacted] regarding discrimination against veterans in the F.B.I.S. should be studied for information purposes by the Selective Service Desk, Civil Section, which Section handles reemployment cases. As mentioned above [redacted] has indicated that he has given his material to Mr. Vanech. However, it is suggested that after reviewing this material the Selective Service Desk may consider it desirable to forward same to the Department of Justice as a matter of record and in accordance with existing Bureau policy.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

REES
CHAIRMAN

House of Representatives, U. S.

Committee on
Post Office and Civil Service
Washington, D. C.

July 28, 1947

9
Encl
1

Mr. W. Richard Glavin,
Assistant Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington, D.C.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNT

Dear Mr. Glavin:

This meagre information is about all I can find.

However, Congressman Busbey is going to secure some additional information which I will send to you tomorrow.

Sincerely,

George

George M. Moore,
Chief Counsel.

h

Central Intelligence Group

EX-42

62-80750-518X-2

RECORDED
INDEXED

F B I
26 SEP 24 1947

69 OCT 10 1947

EX-42

EDWARD H. REES, KANS., CHAIRMAN
WILLIAM H. STEVENSON, WIS.
JOHN C. BUTLER, N. Y.
WILLIAM C. COLE, MO.
CHARLES W. VURSELL, ILL.
HAROLD C. HAGEN, MINN.
ROBERT J. CORBETT, PA.
JAMES P. SCOBLICK, PA.
ROBERT J. TWYMAN, ILL.
KATHARINE ST. GEORGE, N. Y.
THRUSTON BALLARD MORTON, KY.
ANTONI N. SADLAK, CONN.
HAROLD F. YOUNGBLOOD, MICH.
HOMER R. JONES, WASH.
FRANCIS J. LOVE, W. VA.
TOM MURRAY, TENN.
JOHN E. LYLE, TEX.
JAMES H. MORRISON, LA.
GEORGE P. MILLER, CALIF.
J. M. COMBS, TEX.
EARLE C. CLEMENTS, KY.
J. LINDSAY ALMOND, JR., VA.
CARL ALBERT, OKLA.
LAURIE C. BATTLE, ALA.
JAMES C. DAVIS, GA.

House of Representatives U. S.
COMMITTEE ON
POST OFFICE AND CIVIL SERVICE
Washington, D. C.

May 5, 1947

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-3-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNS

b7D

Dear [redacted]

Thank you for your letter of May 1 which furnished additional information regarding activities of the Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Branch.

I trust that we shall be able to look into these matters within the next few weeks.

Sincerely yours,

George M. Moore
Chief Counsel

em

[redacted]

b7D

62-80750-518X2

OFFICE OF THE
DIRECTOR PUBLIC RELATIONS
DEFENSE BUILDING
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

TERANS OF FOREIG
OF THE UNITED ST
FOUNDED 1899

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY 60267 NJ SEP INF

44087

August 4, 1947

Mr. W. R. Glavin
Federal Bureau Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Glavin:

Enclosures for your information.

I think you are well acquainted with the man whose name I clipped but I haven't been able to contact him and he won't be available for a couple of weeks.

If you can see any way to put good use to this "stunt" other than amusement I'd appreciate a call.

Thanks for return of the material placed in your hands.

b7D

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

[redacted]

Central Intelligence Group

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R32269
6 OCT 23 1947

6-WVB

September 24, 1947

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence Group
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

G.I.R.-2

b3

DECLASSIFIED BY 60267NLSEPINF
ON 6-9-99
Per OGA

There is transmitted herewith Standard Form No. 1080, dated September 19, 1947 [redacted]

b3

RECORDED 62-80750-579

EX-129

Enclosure

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
le. Room
Nease
ss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 8
SEP 26 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

SEP 24 3 42 PM '47
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

SEP 26 1947

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum — UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: August 26, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3
b7D

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Mr. Seaham
Mr. Gandy

In regard to the above complainant it is to be noted that material submitted by him to this Bureau was reviewed and determined to be unfounded and nonspecific, as reflected in your memorandum to Mr. E. A. Tamm dated July 21, 1947.

On July 28 and 30 last the office of Congressman Fred E. Busbey furnished to the Bureau additional material concerning the FBIS, which material had its source in [redacted] A review of this material reflects that it is in the most part a repetition of the information of which the Bureau is cognizant, and the new information was determined to be nonspecific. There was included in the material a list of certain personnel of FBIS in which the following names were listed as "bad cases":

b3
b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]

b3

Pursuant to your recent instructions, [redacted]

b3

ACTION:

INDEXED

62-80750-521X

FBI

EX-42

26 SEP 24 1947

As reflected in your memorandum to Mr. Tamm, dated July 21, 1947, it is recommended that the information submitted by [redacted] regarding discrimination against veterans in the FBIS be studied for information purposes by the Selective Service Desk, Civil Section, which section handles reemployment cases. It is also recommended that after reviewing this material the Selective Service Desk may consider it desirable to forward same to the Department as a matter of record and in accordance with existing Bureau policy.

b7D

WVB:AJB

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY [redacted]
Per OGA

60267NLSEPTNF

69 OCT 1947

September 1, 1947

W. R. Glavin
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY 60267NLS EPTNF
Per OGA

Dear Mr. Glavin:

A 50% accurate source informs me that [redacted]

This information has only entertainment value to me, so I pass it along. b3 b7D

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

b3 b7D

[redacted]

ENCLOSURE BEHIND

ORDED
& 112
DEXED

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750-521X

B I
24 1947

6 ENCL
EX-42

5-WVB

ND-84

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

8/27 1947

TO:

____Mr. Rosen
____Mr. Ladd
____Mr. Callan
____Mr. McCabe
____Mr. Pennington

____Identification Division
____Crime Statistics
____Crime Records
____Records Section

✓ Mr. Callan
____Room No. ____

____Miss Conlon
____Mrs. Crockett
____Miss Wright

____See Me
____Call Me
____Appropriate action
____Note and return
____Send file
____Prepare tickler
____Redate

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY 60267NLSEPTM

Room 4539
Ext. 568

J. F. CARROLL

STANDARD FORM

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: September 9, 1947

FROM : V. P. Keay

SUBJECT: [redacted]

44066 b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

DETAILS:

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY 60267NLSEPTNF
Per OGA

Central Intelligence Group

EC Mem to Dir 9-16-47

RECORDED 62-80750-
INDEXED F B I
35 15 OCT 1 1947

EX-129

RWL:KK

53 OCT 11 1947

FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: September 16, 1947

FROM : The Executive Conference

44065

SUBJECT:

b3

At a meeting of the Executive Conference on September 15, 1947, attended by Messrs. Tolson, Tamm, Glavin, Tracy, Harbo, Mohr, McGuire, McCabe, Nease and Ladd, the attention of the conference was directed to the fact that [redacted]

The question was raised as to whether the Bureau should interpose any objection to this [redacted]

The conference unanimously felt that no action should be taken. [redacted]

b3

In the event you approve, no further action will be taken with reference to this.

Respectfully,
For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

E. A. Tamm

RECORDED 62-80750
F B I
15 OCT 1 1947

EX-129

DML:da

cc - Mr. Clegg
Mr. Mohr

Per OGA
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 6-9-99 BY 60267 NLS EPDP
368,692

58 OCT 11 1947

68

Copy filed in 66-2554
Central Fiscal Office

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

G.I.R.-2

THREE TWO

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
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FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 9

62-80750-529X





42098

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-2-93 BY

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
NEW ORLEANS, LA
TIMES PICAYUNE-STATES BUILDING
P. O. BOX 1532

Sept. 3, 1947

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Mr. Summerfield A. McCarteney worked under my direction in the Wire Service Section, Foreign Broadcast Information Service, for more than a year.

I always found Mr. McCarteney most trustworthy, diligent and capable of fulfilling the duties of his position.

I do know that at various times Mr. Russell Shepherd and Mr. Gordon Goodnow sought to induce me to give unsatisfactory ratings to Mr. McCarteney and to other war veterans.

These and other improprieties of Mr. Shepherd and Mr. Goodnow in the handling of efficiency ratings are fully detailed in documents filed with the personnel office, Chief of Staff, War Department, and the CIB, by me.

Mr. McCarteney, in my opinion, is a patriotic American whose continued service would be of value to the nation.

Edward Desobry
Former Chief, FBIS

[redacted]
Per OGA # 368692

State of Louisiana
Parish of Orleans

62-80750-529X

Personally before me, the undersigned authority, a Notary Public duly commissioned and qualified, came and appeared Edward D Sobry, who being first duly sworn did depose and say:

That he has read the above statement and all the allegations thereof are true and correct to the best of his information, knowledge and belief.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. A. Rosen

DATE: September 17, 1947

FROM : Mr. G. C. Callan

42097

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3
b7D

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the memorandum of August 26, 1947, from Mr. E. G. Fitch to Mr. D. M. Ladd, in which it was suggested that the information submitted by [redacted] regarding discrimination against veterans in the FBIS be studied.

b7D

This has been done, and it does not appear that any action is necessary by the Selective Service Civil Section. The matter constitutes an administrative problem within CIG, to whose attention the matter has already been brought. It also concerns the Veterans Preference Act, which would be of interest to the Civil Service Commission. In this latter connection, it is noted that the information has been brought to the attention of Mr. Lawrence Meloy of the Civil Service Commission.

WMM:FAW

[redacted]

7/2/97

368692 per OGA

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-521 X1

F B I

36 SEP 24 1947

133

EX-42

5-WVR

67

4 NOV 4 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

FROM : MR. FITCH

DATE: September 29, 1947

b3

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] Central Intelligence Agency, requested Special Agent Doherty, Liaison Section, to [redacted] It is believed [redacted]

b3

[redacted] was informed that the request of the Central Intelligence Agency would be brought to the attention of the Bureau, and if it were possible for the Bureau to [redacted] he would be informed.

If you agree, it is recommended that this request be made known to Mr. Renneberger [redacted]

JFD:djm

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-8-97 BY SP2 [illegible]
per OGA #368692

Can buy from Harry C. Rand Di 0853 company Woodward Bldg. advised Cunningham of CIA of above 10/6/47 - JFD

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-532
F B I
31 OCT 9 1947

Ex-41

60 OCT 27 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: 10-10-47

FROM : MR. EDW. A. TAMM

b3

SUBJECT:

For record purposes, it should be noted that on October 9th, [redacted] telephoned to indicate he had a friend who was anxious to secure an appointment in CIG and wanted the name of someone with whom he could talk about the employment policies, qualifications, etc., in CIG. I furnished him the name of Admiral Hillenkoetter.

EAT:ml

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

RECORDED 62-80750-536

INDEXED

37 OCT 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 1-9-97 BY SP

Per OGA # 368692

R-308 67

50 OCT 18 1947

Federal Bureau of Investigation

United States Department of Justice

Salt Lake City, Utah
October 11, 1947

Per DGA
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/9/97 BY

Director, FBI

Re: DOMESTIC INVESTIGATIVE PERSONNEL
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP

Dear Sir:

Re SAC Letter 55, Series 1947, dated 5-6-47, Section E, entitled "Domestic Investigative Personnel of the Central Intelligence Group."

Please be advised that a Mr. WILLIAM HUNT called at this office on 10-9-47, exhibited Treasury Department credentials and stated he was a Special Agent representing the Coordinator's Office of the Treasury Department. Mr. HUNT requested information from SA ENOS SANDBERG concerning [redacted] and talked with Special Agent RALPH H. JONES concerning [redacted] Both Agent SANDBERG and Agent JONES stated to HUNT that they knew [redacted] but any recommendations and information concerning former or present Bureau employees would have to be obtained by his department direct from the Bureau in Washington.

b3

It was ascertained from Mr. HUNT that [redacted] had listed SA's SANDBERG and JONES as references in applying for highly confidential Government employment. Mr. HUNT stated to SA JONES that he was not advised for what position in the Government the applicants were being investigated, but believed they would receive a salary grade of CAF 14 or 15.

DEFERRED RECORDING

Mr. HUNT in casual conversation advised he graduated from George Washington University, Washington, D. C., in 1936 with an LL.B. degree; that during the last war he was a Counter Intelligence Corps Agent in Marseilles, France, where he had numerous narrow escapes in attempting to obtain information for the United States Army. He is married and resides at San Francisco, California, where his headquarters office is located. His territory comprises the western United States, and his immediate superior is a Mr. GARDNER located at San Francisco. His organization also has a territorial office at Denver, Colorado. HUNT stated his duties as an "under cover agent" for the Treasury Department in investigating applicants often necessitate his employing unique methods to obtain information concerning the applicants.

From information obtained from Mr. HUNT it appeared to Agents SANDBERG and JONES that HUNT is the same type CIG undercover

RECORDED 62-80750-539

INDEXED 19 OCT 18 1947

EX-93

Director, FBI
Re: Domestic Investigative Personnel
CIG

agent as mentioned in referenced SAC Letter. No information was obtained from Mr. HUNT that he was conducting investigations other than applicants for confidential employ in the United States Government.

This information is being furnished the Bureau in compliance with the referenced SAC Letter.

Very truly yours,

Jay C. Newman

JAY C. NEWMAN
SAC

RHJ:FR.
AMSD

October 13, 1947

RECORDED 62-80750-540

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Ex-114

b3

Attention: [redacted]

There is returned herewith Standard Form #1080, dated September 19, 1947, [redacted]

b3

You will note from the enclosure that [redacted]

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

GCC:MMV

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCT 1 1947 P.M.
RECEIVED
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

OCT 27 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/9/97 BY SP-2/A/M

Per DGA #368692

OCT 13 1947

42096

October 21, 1947

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Group

Attention: [redacted]

b3

There is enclosed Standard Form 1080, Voucher of Transfers Between Appropriations and/or Funds, dated October 17, 1947 [redacted]

b3

Enclosure

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
OCC:MMW FILED 8
OCT 2[illegible] 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECORDED 62-80750

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
. Room
Nease
Candy

EX-14

EX-14 EX-14

52 OCT 31 1947

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: October 8, 1947

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT:

Per DGA # 368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/11/97 BY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

I took a call from [redacted] by reference from your office. [redacted] stated he had received instructions to start delivery as of tomorrow, October 9, of [redacted] to you. It is presumed this is [redacted] He desired to know where delivery should be made inasmuch as these documents will be top secret, delivered by courier and must be signed for.

b3

I instructed him to deliver it to your office and advised him that Mr. Nease would be available to sign for the receipt of [redacted]

DML:da

INDEXED
RECORDED

ADDENDUM

In connection with [redacted] you will recall that we, at one time, received General Vandenberg's copy from him. Subsequent to his leaving CIG, we discontinued receiving this. Mr. Doherty, the liaison Agent of the Bureau with CIG, has, on numerous occasions, requested that you again be placed on the mailing list and as a result of this, we will now receive these daily bulletins, the first of which is attached hereto.

b3

Attachment

DML

55 NOV 5 1947

Central Intelligence Group

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OCT 30 1947 1947

✓ The Director	Records Section
✓ Mr. Tolson	Stamp and mail
Mr. Ladd	Prepare tickler
Mr. Rosen	Call file
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Nichols	See me
Mr. Tracy	Call me re this
Mr. Harbo	Note and return
Mr. Carroll	
Mr. Coyne	
Mr. Fletcher	
Mr. Laughlin	
Mr. McCabe	
Mr. Mohr	Miss Gandy
Mr. Nease	Miss Gray
Mr. Pennington	Miss Lyon
Mr. Quinn Tamm	Miss Artley
Mr. Tyler	

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Mr.
Room

Any Views?

Any Views?

EAT

Edward A. Tamm
5734

Per OGA # 368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/11/97 BY SP2/ATP/mg

62-80750-545

ENCLOSURE

Mr Harbo

September 8, 1947

I. W. Conrad

[redacted]

42091

b3

O. Central Intelligence Group

Attached hereto is a copy of [redacted] This is the fifth shipment of equipment received from this organization, replacements for that equipment contained in the Bureau's South American stations which C. I. G. has taken over.

b3

A spot check has been made of this equipment and it is noted that it seems to be in perfect condition. It is to be noted that this shipment [redacted]

b3

All of this shipment has been placed in storage in the Technical Equipment Storage Room, Room G139, Identification Building.

/rab

TOTAL filed with original

7/11/97 SP2/PM/mg

RECORDED 62-80750-547X

F D I

56 SEP 25 1947

EX-65

252

SEP 30 1947

RAO 1

80-646-3796

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI:

DATE: October 23, 1947.

FROM : SAC, Cleveland

SUBJECT: [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-11-97 BY SP2/ALM/RG Per OGA # 368692

b3
b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] appeared at the Cleveland Division Office and stated that [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

b3
b7D

[redacted] explained that [redacted]

G.I.R.-2

DEFERRED RECORDING

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

Advised 10/24/47

EX-124

RECORDED
INDEXED

62-80750-5548

135

62 NOV 15 1947

Director, FBI: October 23, 1947.

[redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D

The indices of the Cleveland Division contain no record of [redacted]

FCS:SMR
100-0

10/28/47
OK to give
C.I.A. per
E.A.T.

42092

October 8, 1947

Mr. W. R. Glavin
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Glavin:

Thank you for handling the last batch of material I sent you in such a manner that it scored. This was a source of considerable satisfaction.

A resolution on CIG which I originated passed the national encampment at Cleveland. You have a copy in the bureau. It condemns union strife in CIG, as well as conditions leading to adverse publicity; and advocates better personnel selection as well as better internal security measures. It was outmoded in a way, since Congress decided to give your bureau the internal security but it is flexible and might come in handy if the CIA gets ideas. Another resolution I initiated, condemning UPWA, was killed in committee, but a milder one, not naming this specific union although leaving no doubt was adppted for Canal Zone, on subversive uhion activities on Panama Canal.

[redacted]

b3
b7D

62-80750-550

42093

[redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

I've been too busy with [redacted] to give much attention to CIA lately.

[redacted]

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

b7D

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. E. A. Tamm

DATE: October 23, 1947

FROM : Mr. A. Rosen

SUBJECT: [redacted]

b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to my memorandum of October 22, 1947, dealing with the dismissal of several employees by the Central Intelligence Agency on which the Director noted, "What I would like to know is why the burden for this has publicly been placed on FBI." It is to be noted that some of the newspaper comments concerning this situation indicate that the dismissals came as the result of investigations conducted by the FBI.

[redacted]

[redacted] a story by a writer named Young in the Washington Evening Star of October 21. This article did not quote any official of the Central Intelligence Agency. However, subsequent articles have quoted Admiral Hillenkoetter.

b3

In view of the quotes attributed to Admiral Hillenkoetter [redacted]

In this connection, material received from [redacted]

b3
b7D

#368692 RECORDED 62-80750-552

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7.11.97 BY

INDEXED

68 DEC 1 1947

Per OGA

Memorandum for Mr. E. A. Tamm

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

The reason why the Bureau is being publicly brought into this matter appears to be twofold; first, the insistence on the part of such newspaper writers as Jerry Klutz and John Cramer that these dismissals are loyalty dismissals and of course the Bureau, because of its prominent place in the loyalty program, is held responsible for any actions taken in connection therewith and, secondly, the fact that the Bureau has been conducting applicant investigations for the Central Intelligence Agency and the public, the press, Governmental officials, and employees of CIA, including those suspended know of these investigations. As you remarked in your memorandum of September 16, 1946, before we commenced these investigations, "The principal disadvantage to the Bureau's accepting this work is the fact that the Bureau would become wedded to CIG....."

It appears that we cannot conduct over 2,000 investigations for an organization resulting in a dismissal of some of that organization's employees without being mentioned in connection with the furor which was bound to arise over the dismissals.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: October 23, 1947

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF UNITED PUBLIC WORKERS OF AMERICA - CIO INTERNAL SECURITY - C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-13-89 BY 308744

Your attention is directed to my letter dated September 19, 1947, captioned "GREGORY, ESPIONAGE - R", and to my letter dated October 21, 1947, captioned as above, which letters related to information received by this office concerning certain employees of CIG who were being released from their positions for security reasons.

b7D

I wish to advise that additional information has been received through [redacted] relating to this matter. The informant learned that on October 21, 1947, ALFRED BERNSTEIN, Director of Negotiations for the UPWA, advised a representative of the United Press that he, BERNSTEIN, was quoted accurately in the story which appeared in the "Washington Evening Star" on that date, and that the United Press could requote the statements made by him in that article. BERNSTEIN stated that all the United Public Workers wanted in this regard was to know the exact charges against the employee, to assure the right of the employee to be represented by counsel of his own choosing, and the right of the employee to face his accusers.

The informant learned that on October 21, 1947, BERNSTEIN was contacted by representatives of the Associated Press, United Press, International News Service, JENE CLARK of the Washington "Times Herald", and by FRANK HOLEMAN of the New York "Daily News". In addition to those contacts, it was learned that LAWRENCE KAMMET was contacted by JEAN ALLEN of the American Broadcasting Company, at which time she asked him if the United Public Workers' foreign policy was the same at the present time as it was at the convention of April, 1946. KAMMET told her that the UPWA was part of the CIO and that their policy has now been superceded by the policy determined at the recent CIO Convention in Boston.

It was learned that on October 22, 1947, DAN SCHWARTZ, Regional Director of the UPWA, contacted AL BERNSTEIN to ask him how he had made out in his conference with Admiral HILLENKOETTER. BERNSTEIN stated that the Admiral had given him a letter indicating that the CIG employees had not been released because of their union affiliation. BERNSTEIN also told SCHWARTZ the Admiral had told him that the employees were not fired

Central Intelligence Agency

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RIN:JC
100-18141

RECORDED 62-80750-553

68 DEC 1

for disloyalty. He stated that the Admiral denied the story written by JOHN CRAMER in the Washington "Daily News", which stated in effect that the employees had been dismissed because there was a slow down in that division during the Conference of Foreign Ministers in Paris. BERNSTEIN was of the opinion that JERRY KLUTZ and JOHN CRAMER were "smearing" the story because they had been scooped by JOE YOUNG. BERNSTEIN also mentioned that he was taking the two girls, JEANNETTE FEIGENBAUN and DOROTHY MUNROE, over to see ISADORE STONE of the "P.M.", and indicated that STONE was going to start a program on civil liberties regarding these dismissals.

On the same date BERNSTEIN contacted Miss FEIGENBAUN and she advised him that she had received a letter from CIG advising her that she was to have her hearing on the case on October 23rd and requesting her presence at the hearing. BERNSTEIN instructed her not to attend the hearing and asked if she could be down to his office at 2:00 P.M. on October 23 for the purpose of going over to see STONE at "P.M." BERNSTEIN was of the opinion that she and MUNROE might be able to get their jobs back since there was so much pressure being brought on the case.

On the same date LAWRENCE KAMMET contacted JOSEPH YOUNG of the Washington Evening Star to tell him that he had "something hot" for him. YOUNG was unable to go into the union offices to see KAMMET, because as he stated, it was his day off and it was against Guild rules for him to come in. However, arrangements were made for YOUNG to visit the union offices on October 23rd at which time the two girls would be present and YOUNG would be able to get the first-hand story.

These are the most recent developments in this matter and you will be kept advised of any developments as they arise.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd

FROM : J. P. Coyne

DATE: November 13, 1947

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to the memorandum which Mr. Tamm submitted to the Director on November 6, wherein he recommended that a representative of the Bureau talk with the individuals in CIA in order to acquaint them with the material that the Bureau is interested in which comes to the attention of CIA. Mr. Tamm observed that it would be to our advantage to have someone explain to the actual people reading the incoming material the variety of the Bureau's interests therein. The Director approved of Mr. Tamm's recommendation and, accordingly, I talked to this group of some fifteen people on the afternoon of November 12, 1947. I talked to the group for approximately one and one half hours and my discussion of necessity was general in nature. Briefly, I advised the group of the general makeup of the Bureau from the standpoint of divisions at the Seat of Government and offices in the Field Division territories. I then referred specifically to our security and intelligence responsibilities, observing that they all relate to the primary responsibility placed upon the FBI for maintenance of the internal security of the country. Next I advised them of our interests from the standpoint of statutes, referring specifically to such statutes as the McCormick Act, Voorhis Act, Foreign Agents Registration Act, Espionage and Sabotage Statutes, et cetera. I discussed with them in a general way our investigations of both an organizational and individual character and I think I succeeded in getting across the point that the FBI is interested in receiving any material from CIA of either an intelligence or purely statutory character which in any way relates to our responsibilities of a security nature either under given Acts of Congress or under Presidential Directives. I indicated, for example, that the Bureau is interested in receiving advice and any background information available on the travel to the United States of persons reported to be suspect in character, be they diplomatic, quasi-diplomatic, or nondiplomatic -- aliens or citizens -- registered or unregistered agents -- couriers, et cetera. I indicated also that the Bureau was interested in receiving any information of an organizational or intelligence type on any groups in any foreign countries with counterparts or related angles of interest in this country. As examples, I cited the Trotskyite movement, the Spanish Phalange, the Communist movement, and the ultra nationalist movements in Palestine. In citing these examples which extend from the extreme left to the extreme right, I specifically emphasized the fact that the Bureau is interested in these movements in foreign countries or individuals identified with these

#368692

RECORDED 62-80750-554

JPC:EW

60 JAN 16 1948

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-11-97 BY SP4 AlmFoy
Per OGA
EX-109
37 NOV 4 2013

movements in foreign countries when there is a counterpart movement in the United States or when there is some other angle of interest which pertains to the United States and our attendant responsibilities relating to the maintenance of the internal security.

A number of questions were put to me by various respresentatives of the group, all of which were of a general nature relating to our security and intelligence responsibilities. The questions were answered to the apparent satisfaction of those in attendance.

OBSERVATION:

These individuals in the main impressed me as having a sincere interest in ascertaining the type of information the Bureau is desirous of receiving and, particularly since they are on a rather low echelon at CIA, I think as a consequence of the discussion had with them we may look forward to the receipt of more information from CIA in the future than has been received in the past, unless of course the representatives of a higher echelon at CIA intervene.

ACTION:

No action is necessary.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO :THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 11-6-47

FROM :Edw. A. Tamm

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

The attached request from the Central Intelligence Authority is for a Bureau representative to explain to some fifteen people reviewing incoming material at CIA just what the Bureau is interested in. We have on a rather formal basis advised the CIA of the nature of the Bureau's jurisdiction by letter but it would be to our advantage to have someone explain to the actual people reading the incoming material the variety of the Bureau's interests. These people are on a rather low echelon being reading and routing clerks and if a favorable presentation was made tothem we would probably get more material of interest and value to us than we are at the present time. I believe, consequently, it would be entirely proper for Mr. Fletcher or Mr. Coyne to spend an hour or so talking to these people about Bureau jurisdiction, and the matters in which it is interested.

EAT:DMG

OK.

1 ENCL

Memo Mr. Ladd JPC 11-13-47

#368692

RECORDED 162-80750-555

37 NOV 20

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Per OGA

60 JAN 16 1948

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: November 3, 1947

FROM : E. G. Fitch

SUBJECT:

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

In discussing other matters with [redacted] CIA, [redacted] informally requested of Special Agent Doherty to determine if it would be possible to have a Bureau representative come over and talk to the people reviewing the material coming into CIA.

[redacted] stated that he felt himself, having a Bureau representative generally explain the needs and desires of this Bureau would be of tremendous benefit to both the FBI and CIA. [redacted] stated also that he has constantly endeavored to instruct personnel under his jurisdiction to furnish to the FBI all information which they believed would be of interest, and in the event there was any doubt, it should be resolved in favor of furnishing the material to the FBI. b3

For your information there are approximately 15 people reviewing the material coming to CIA and it is to these individuals that [redacted] desires the Bureau representative to speak.

EXCLOSURE

[redacted] was informed that his request would be brought to the attention of the Bureau and in the event it were possible to send a Bureau representative, he would be advised.

JFD:rhr

#368692 Per OGA

RECORDED 62-80750-555

F B

37 NOV 20 1947

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-11-97 BY [illegible]

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

The Attorney General

October 8, 1947

RECORDED & INDEXED

Director, FBI

62-80750-557

[illegible] INVESTIGATIONS
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

On September 25, 1946, an arrangement was effected whereby the Federal Bureau of Investigation agreed to accept on a reimbursable basis a volume of applicant investigations for the Central Intelligence Agency. In view of the President's Loyalty Program, the Atomic Energy Act and other matters, which added tremendous burdens to this Bureau, it was necessary to discontinue the arrangement with the Central Intelligence Agency and Rear Admiral Roscoe [illegible] Hillenkoetter, Director, Central Intelligence Agency, was so advised on September 30, 1947, by me.

In my letter of September 30, 1947, it was indicated that the program would be discontinued on October 15, 1947. Thereafter, I received a communication dated October 3, 1947, from the Admiral, in which he urgently appealed for an extension of the ending date, and I have, therefore, advised him today that the program will be discontinued on November 15, 1947. The Admiral also advised me that he was appealing to the National Security Council to consider recommendations, which he has submitted for the purpose of implementing his program, and he recommends that his Agency be authorized to establish a domestic investigative organization to investigate Central Intelligence Agency employees and applicants. He also suggests that the President instruct the Federal Bureau of Investigation to make personnel investigations for the Central Intelligence Agency during the next six months, which he estimates will be required to set up an investigative staff.

This is being called to your attention inasmuch as the matter may be referred to you for advice. Every consideration has been given the request of the Central Intelligence Agency and it is absolutely necessary, in view of the urgency of our responsibilities as indicated heretofore, to immediately discontinue the program for CIA. We have performed this service for the Central Intelligence Agency since September 25, 1946, and have completed over two thousand investigations. We cannot continue to handle any more investigations for this Agency if we are to maintain the quality and thoroughness of this and other responsibilities, which we must discharge.

I wanted to bring this to your attention in order to urge that a strong stand be taken in this matter in the event you are asked for an opinion.

GC:TA
AR:WW

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Kohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 12:[illegible]
DATE 10-8-47
BY [illegible]

#368692 Per OGA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-11-97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

RECEIVED U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE OCT 12 1947 DIRECTOR

FBI

OCT 11 05

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. ROSEN

DATE: 10/2/47

FROM : G. C. CALLAN

SUBJECT: DISCONTINUANCE OF CIG PROGRAM

Central Intelligence Group

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] for CIG, telephonically communicated with me this morning and advised me that Admiral Hillenkoetter had received the Bureau's letter, advising that we would no longer be able to conduct applicant investigations for CIG. [redacted] stated that he noticed the letter desired CIG to assume the responsibility for the program as of October 15, 1947.

He stated that the purpose of his call was to informally request that the Bureau extend this deadline until December 15, 1947, in order to give CIG an opportunity to establish an investigative unit capable of handling the volume of applicant investigations. He stated that as the Bureau had previously been advised, CIG does have a very small investigative staff to handle cases involving people who are going overseas in confidential assignments but that this staff is totally inadequate to handle the volume of applicant investigations, and that it would be necessary to augment it many fold. I, of course, told him that I was not in a position to make any comment concerning any extension of the date of expiration of our agreement. The Colonel requested an opportunity to come over here, at a time and date to be fixed, to discuss the matter with a Bureau official. The Colonel stated that his request was tentative and that he is conferring with Admiral Hillenkoetter this morning and would, of course, be governed by the Admiral's wishes in the matter. He indicated that he would communicate with me further.

b3

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that in the event [redacted] requests to interview a Bureau official concerning this matter, that his request be granted since he has always manifested a cooperative attitude.

ACTION:

You will be promptly advised of any further communication received by me from [redacted]

GCC:WW

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-557

29 NOV 26 1947

memo to the A.G. & Sta to Hillenkoetter 15-8-47 MS fw

Per OGA 368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-11-97 BY

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-6200-118-61

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 5744 1073 1947

TO:
- ✓ Director
- Mr. Edward Tamm
- Mr. Clegg
- Mr. Glavin
- Mr. Ladd
- Mr. Nichols
- Mr. Rosen
- Mr. Tracy
- Mr. Harbo
- Mr. Jones
- Mr. Mohr
- Mr. Nease
- Miss Gandy
- Personnel Files Section
- Records Section
- Mrs. Skillman

Mr. Tolson ✓
Mr. E. A. Tamm ✓
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd ✓
Mr. Nichols ✓
Mr. Rosen ✓ R
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

#368642

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/11/97 BY [illegible]

See Me For Appropriate Action

Send File Note and Return

Per OGA

I suggest a compromise of Nov 15, if we have to make one

62-80750-557

ENCLOSURE

If we have [illegible]

Clyde Tolson

RECEIVED

RECORDED
162-8075-359
F B I
71 NOV 24 1947
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Egan	
Mr. Gurnea	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Pennington	
Mr. Quinn Tamm	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

TO : The Attorney General

DATE: October 8, 1947

FROM : Director, FBI

SUBJECT: PERSONNEL INVESTIGATIONS
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Dear Tom

On September 25, 1946, an arrangement was effected whereby the Federal Bureau of Investigation agreed to accept on a reimbursable basis a volume of applicant investigations for the Central Intelligence Agency. In view of the President's Loyalty Program, the Atomic Energy Act and other matters, which added tremendous burdens to this Bureau, it was necessary to discontinue the arrangement with the Central Intelligence Agency, and Rear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter, Director, Central Intelligence Agency, was so advised on September 30, 1947, by me.

In my letter of September 30, 1947, it was indicated that the program would be discontinued on October 15, 1947. Thereafter, I received a communication dated October 3, 1947, from the Admiral, in which he urgently appealed for an extension of the ending date, and I have, therefore, advised him today that the program will be discontinued on November 15, 1947. The Admiral also advised me that he was appealing to the National Security Council to consider recommendations, which he has submitted for the purpose of implementing his program, and he recommends that his Agency be authorized to establish a domestic investigative organization to investigate Central Intelligence Agency employees and applicants. He also suggests that the President instruct the Federal Bureau of Investigation to make personnel investigations for the Central Intelligence Agency during the next six months, which he estimates will be required to set up an investigative staff.

This is being called to your attention inasmuch as the matter may be referred to you for advice. Every consideration has been given the request of the Central Intelligence Agency and it is absolutely necessary, in view of the urgency of our responsibilities as indicated heretofore, to immediately discontinue the program for CIA. We have performed this service for the Central Intelligence Agency since September 25, 1946, and have completed over two thousand investigations. We cannot continue to handle any more investigations for this Agency if we are to maintain the quality and thoroughness of this and other responsibilities, which we must discharge.

I wanted to bring this to your attention in order to urge that a strong stand be taken in this matter in the event you are asked for an opinion.

KEEP IN F. B. I. FILES
11/20/47 6.75.

FBI
NOV 25 1947

November 20, 1947

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

b3

There is enclosed Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriations and/or Funds dated November 18, 1947, [redacted]

b3

Enclosure

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tam
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tam
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

GCG:MAW

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
NOV 21 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

89 DEC 6 - 1947

RECORDED 62-80250-560
F B I
NOV 22 1947

#368692
CLASSIFIED BY SP2 [redacted]
ON 7/14/97
Per OGA

FROM

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

TO

Official indicated below by check mark

Solicitor General	
Assistant to the Attorney General	
Assistant Attorney General, Anti-Trust	
Assistant Attorney General, Tax	
Assistant Attorney General, Claims	
Alien Enemy Control Section	
Alien Property Section	
Assistant Attorney General, Lands	
Assistant Attorney General, Criminal	
Assistant Solicitor General	
Director, FBI	✓
Director of Prisons	
Director, Office of Alien Property	
Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization	
Liaison Officer, Immigration and Naturalization	
Administrative Assistant	
Division of Accounts	
Division of Communications and Records	
Division of Supplies	
Pardon Attorney	
Parole Board	
Board of Immigration Appeals	
Librarian	
Director of Public Information	
Mr. Morison	
Mr. Underhill	
Miss Kennedy	
Mr. Hyatt	
Mr. Coblenz	
Mrs. Stewart	
Miss O'Donnell	
Miss McCarron	
Miss Healy	
Mrs. Kroll	
Miss Adams	
Miss Doyle	
Miss Dennis	
Mrs. Willeys	
Mrs. Burke	

MEMORANDUM

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Doherty

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : The Director

DATE: October 22, 1947

FROM : Mr. E. A. Tamm

SUBJECT: DISMISSAL OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE GROUP EMPLOYEES AS A RESULT OF CIG APPLICANT INVESTIGATIONS

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Pursuant to my memorandum of this date and specifically in connection with the newspaper article in the Washington News today relating that:

"Behind FBI's current investigation of Uncle Sam's super-spy agency, the Central Intelligence Group was a mysterious 'slow-up' in the works of CIG's Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Division during last year's Paris peace conference. ..... This investigation has now led to the suspension of 12 CIG employees..... One of those who left carried his story to the FBI. He now has a letter from FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, thanking him for his disclosures."

The Bureau has no information with regard to any request for an investigation of any slow-up in the works of CIG's Foreign Broadcast Intelligence Division during the Paris Peace Conference. [redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

EX-104

RECORDED 62-80750-3
INDEXED

[redacted]

b3

WMM:MMW

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7-14-97 BY SP5 [illegible]

TO : THE DIRECTOR DATE: 10/23/47

FROM : D. M. Ladd

SUBJECT: REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION ON NAME CHECKS

With reference to a memorandum dated October 17, 1947, from the Executive Conference to the Director regarding the discontinuing of some name checks and the necessity of others, the following observations are made:

The work of checking names for the Central Intelligence Agency is predictated upon the National Security Act of 1947 (or Public Law No. 253 of the 80th Congress) establishing a National Security Council, a Central Intelligence Agency, and a National Security Resources Board. In particular, it is predicated upon that part of the Act reciting, "that upon the written request of theDirector of Central Intelligence, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall make available to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency such information for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination as may be essential to the national security."

The work of checking names for the War and the Navy Departments is predicated upon the Presidential Directives and the Delimitation Agreement.

The work of checking names for the Immigration and Naturalization Service, which was approved at a meeting of the Executive Conference on August 8, 1945, was predicated on instructions from the Attorney General.

In view of the above, it is recommended that the work of checking names for the Central Intelligence Agency, Army, Navy, and the Immigration and Naturalization Service by continued.

JEF:AJB

#368692, Per OGA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7/14/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED

62-80750-564

52 DEC 8 1947

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson .....(✓)
Mr. E. A. Tamm.....(✓)
Mr. Clegg.....( )
Mr. Glavin.....( )
Mr. Ladd.....(✓)
Mr. Nichols.....( )
Mr. Rosen.....( )
Mr. Tracy.....( )
Mr. Gurnea.....( )
Mr. Harbo.....( )
Mr. Mohr.....( )
Mr. Nease.....( )
Miss Gandy.....( )
.....( )

Consider at once whether we can properly discontinue all name checks for State & CIG in view of recent trickery & deceit in sending CIG names to us thru State Dept.

H.

See Me.....( )
Note and Return.....( )
For your Recommendation( )
What are the facts:.( )
Remarks:

Per OGA #368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 7-14-97 BY SP8/[illegible]

62-80750-564

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: 10-17-47

FROM : EDW. A. TAMM

SUBJECT:

Mr. Nelson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nicholson
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

With reference to your inquiry as to why the attached material should not be sent to the Central Intelligence Agency, you are advised that the material was originally prepared in the Security Division and a proposed letter to Admiral Hillenkoetter was attached. I talked to Mr. Ladd about this letter and I pointed out that because we had received this information on a very confidential basis from [redacted] with the understanding that under no circumstances would we disclose the source of our information, I felt we might be mouse-trapped by writing Hillenkoetter because of our inability to back up our charges. Hillenkoetter would undoubtedly write back an absolute and complete denial which we could not refute and, on the record, it would look as though we made prejudiced or untrue charges.

b7D

[redacted]

Attachment
EAT:ml

O.K. but be certain we do follow it up.

Per OGA #368692

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/8/97 BY [illegible]

RECORDED

62-80750-567

15 DEC 6 1947

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-39749-1029

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U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

OCT 18 5 PM '47

DIVISION SECTION

RECEIVED

68 DEC 22 1947

FROM D

DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

r. Tolson	(✓)
r. E. A. Tamm	(✓)
r. Clegg	( )
r. Glavin	( )
r. Ladd	(✓)
r. Nichols	( )
r. Rosen	( )
r. Tracy	( )
r. Gurnea	( )
r. Harbo	( )
r. Mohr	( )
r. Nease	( )
iss Gandy	( )
	( )

EAG

Why shouldn't we write ~~CIA~~ CIA?

memo director 10/17/47 Co!

See Me	( )
Note and Return	( )
For Your Recommendation	( )
What are the facts?	( )

Remarks:

#368692 Per OGA

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-8-97 BY SP2/Almfms

62-80750-567

ENCLOSURE

October 15, 1947

RECORDED 62-80750-568

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Mr. Jack D. Neal, Chief
Division of Foreign Activity Correlation
515 22nd Street, N. W.
State Department
Washington, D. C.

#368692, Per OGA

Dear Mr. Neal:

I have received information that the Central Intelligence Agency has entered into a secret agreement with the State Department, whereby, CIA would send names of individuals in whom they were interested to the Chief Special Agent's Office of the State Department so that that office may submit them to the Bureau for a check through our files. Likewise, the results of the checks would be made available to the State Department, who would in turn pass the information on to CIA. This arrangement, I am informed, was made on a secret basis without the knowledge of your office and certainly not to the knowledge of this Bureau.

According to information we have received, a representative of CIA has stated that due to the highly confidential nature of the assignments on which the individuals in question will be placed, they did not desire that the Bureau be informed of their identities by making a direct name check with us. To circumvent such a disclosure, an arrangement was entered into whereby the Chief Special Agent's Office would send to us, along with other legitimate requests, the names in question and took it upon themselves to become a part of this clandestine arrangement.

I am sure that you will agree that any such agreement is highly detrimental to our established liaison relations as it causes the Bureau to question all requests received from the State Department, notwithstanding their legitimacy. Over the past years, the Bureau's relations with your office have been highly satisfactory, primarily because the Bureau felt that you and your predecessors had room to it that no irregular transactions of this nature occurred. I feel confident that had you had knowledge in advance of such an arrangement you would not have permitted it to exist and that you will now take appropriate action to see that such activities are discontinued immediately and will not be permitted to occur in the future.

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED - DIRECTOR

RRE:hmm:rhr

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-80750-568

Needless to say, I feel very strongly concerning this matter as it is felt that any repetition of such activities would necessitate the discontinuance of all mail checks originating in the Chief Special Agent's Office in the State Department. I would be interested to receive your comments concerning this matter and to be advised of what steps will be taken to see that it does not occur in the future.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

#368692, Per OGA
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 5/3/97 BY SP/Stolen/Ltr

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: October 23, 1947

FROM : The Executive Conference

SUBJECT:

Tolson
Ladd
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Carson
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

At a meeting of the Executive Conference on October 23, 1947, attended by Messrs. Tolson, Nichols, Harbo, Callahan, Tracy, Mohr, McCabe, Nease and Ladd, the question of discontinuing all name checks for State and CIA in view of their recent action in sending the names of potential employees through the State Department instead of directly to the Bureau was taken up.

It was pointed out that the National Security Act of 1947, setting up the Central Intelligence Agency provides "that upon the written request of the Director of Central Intelligence, the Director of FBI shall make available to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency such information for correlation, evaluation and dissemination as may be essential to the National Security". It was also pointed out that, of course, under the Loyalty Program it would be necessary to check the names of all applicants and employees.

The Conference unanimously recommended that in view of the evasion practice on the part of CIA and in view of the other volume of work on the part of the Bureau, that regardless of the above cited statute that CIA be advised that the Bureau will not be able to continue any name checks for them beyond those provided for in the Loyalty Order.

The Conference also unanimously recommended that the State Department, by letter to Secretary Marshall which is attached, be advised that the Bureau will not be able to make any name searches for the State Department except in connection with the Loyalty Program by reason of the recent evasion and due to the large volume of work which the Bureau has at the present time. The State Department has been sending over in the past names of applicants, employees, applicants for passports and visas and other individuals in whom they are interested.

With reference to name searches for the War and Navy Departments, it was pointed out to the Conference that this was based on the Presidential Directive and the Delimitation Agreement, that such name checks would include employees of the War Department, relatives of such employees and individuals with whom the War Department or the Navy Department was contemplating having official relations. The Conference unanimously recommended that these be continued.

EX-31 RECORDED 62-80750-57

The Conference was advised that the checking of names for INS was approved by the Executive Conference on August 8, 1945 and that same was predicated upon instructions from the Attorney General. This would include the checking of names of individuals who are subject to naturalization. The Conference unanimously recommended that these name searches be continued.

Respectfully,
For the Conference,

Clyde Tolson E. A. Tamm

DEC 18 1947

cc - Mr. Clegg
Mr. Mohr

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-39240-1633

Central Intelligence Agency

Miami, Florida
December 15, 1947

Memorandum for Mr. Hoover:

Attached hereto is the Drew Pearson column concerning C. I. G. which I mentioned to you.

Also attached as of possible interest is the Drew Pearson column which appeared in yesterday's paper, December 14th, concerning Paraguay. Paraguay, as you will recall, is such an isolated and obscure country in South America that the information in Pearson's column must have emanated from a C. I. G. source or the State Department, Paraguan Desk.

Respectfully,

C. H. Carson

C. H. CARSON, SAC

Per OGA # 368692
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/2/97 BY

EX-77

EX-77

162-80750-578

RECORDED 15 DEC 18 1947
&
INDEXED

50 DEC 30 1947

Merry-Go-Round

Deal Between Peron, Morinigo, Over Paraguay Hits Bad Snag

By DREW PEARSON

WASHINGTON—A deal between Presidents Juan Peron of Argentina and Higinio Morinigo of Paraguay, by which the latter country would become a virtual colony of the former, has hit a snag that almost touched off another bloody Paraguayan civil war.

Thanks to timely and abundant arms shipments from Peron, dictator Morinigo managed to crush the latest revolt against his regime after five months of fierce fighting. On Oct. 28 the two men got together aboard Peron's yacht in the Parana river to discuss payment of Morinigo's debt for that assistance.

The Argentine president minced no words. He demanded a trade treaty which would give Argentina an airtight monopoly of Paraguayan exports and would oblige that country to import all foreign goods either from or through the Argentine government. A customs union would be established within two years.

All this has been anticipated by foreign observers as well as by Morinigo himself. But on top of this Peron called for the insertion of two secret clauses which in the words of a high-ranking diplomat, would "end Paraguayan independence for all practical purposes."

One would give Argentina absolute control of Paraguay's customs receipts, pending the effective date of the customs union, as "security" for a reconstruction loan of 200,000,000 pesos (about $50,000,000). The other would permit the Argentine government's Central bank to "administer and regulate" Paraguay's monetary system.

Morinigo swallowed hard, but the terms of the alliance went down. The next item was even more of a shock. Presidential elections must be held in Paraguay next February, Peron said, and Morinigo could not be a candidate. He was, however, allowed to pick his successor—with the Argentine president's approval—and it was agreed that this man would be fully informed of the trade-treaty terms.

MORINIGO chose J. Natalicio Gonzalez, a supposedly safe political hack of the government-supporting Colorado party. And Gonzalez might have taken orders meekly on the Argentine alliance if it hadn't been for Alfredo dos Santos, Paraguayan ambassador in Buenos Aires.

Dos Santos would have none of the Peron-Morinigo deal. And in secret talks with Gonzalez, he persuaded the candidate-designate to attempt a coup. So, when the Colorado party convention met in Asuncion on Nov. 16, Gonzalez threw his canned speech praising Morinigo out the window and called for an end to "both domestic and foreign dictatorship."

More than half the delegates were in on the plot and knew what to do. For six hours they barricaded themselves in the convention chamber and defied Morinigo to dislodge them. But army elements which were supposed to support the rebel politicians failed to move fast enough and Morinigo finally rounded up sufficient police to break down the doors.

Learning that the movement had miscarried, Ambassador dos Santos headed for the Brazilian border in his car. Sixty miles from safety he was caught, returned to the capital and jailed. Erstwhile President-to-be Gonzalez joined him in the lockup, along with 120-odd Colorado officials.

Apparently, Morinigo will make a fresh try at keeping his bargain with Peron, as soon as he can dig up another stooge. Meanwhile, conditions in Asuncion, which has been an armed camp ever since last March, are now authoritatively described as "all-out terrorism."

HOUSING EXPEDITER WOODS has finally bowed to the Tanforan race track near San Francisco. Although its owners were convicted of violating housing priorities which favor veterans, a recent order now permits Tanforan to rebuild the rest of its race track buildings.

Ed Pritchard of Kentucky, the man who once kept Chief Justice Fred Vinson liberal, has declined to head up a new Justice department bureau to protect civil liberties.

There is a hot row in the Navy over the appointment of a new Deputy Chief of Naval Operations, recommended by the Navy to be Vice Adm. Arthur W. Radford, a good man but one who made the mistake of opposing the Army-Navy merger. So the boys around the White House don't like him. Instead, the inner circle veers toward Rear Adm. John W. Reeves, Jr., commander of the NATS at Moffett Field, Cal. During the war GIs considered Reeves one of the brassiest of all brass hats.

Per OGA # 368692
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 1/2/97 BY SP2/Alm/ng

Miami Herald
December 14, 1947

ENCLOSURE

RECORDED 62-80750-578
EX-77
F B I
15 DEC 18 1947

Merry-Go-Round

U. S. Intelligence Agents Have Large Unit In Latin America

By DREW PEARSON

WASHINGTON—It is now no secret that the first permanent, full-fledged intelligence agency in United States history, fashioned after British intelligence, is now functioning on an elaborate scale at United States diplomatic posts throughout Latin America.

Although the high-powered Central Intelligence Group has agents assigned to more than a score of embassies and consulates in Europe and Asia, the real tryout of its plan of operations is currently taking place in Latin America.

This is because Latin-American governments have become accustomed to the presence of undercover operatives in our diplomatic mission. Beginning in early 1920, FBI agents were attached to United States embassies in most Latin-American capitals. By the war's end, their number totaled almost 700.

A year and a half ago, CIG agents started replacing J. Edgar Hoover's men in Mexico City, Havana, Rio de Janeiro and Montevideo. Now the new organization has taken over entirely and not one FBI operative is left in all Latin America.

The big difference between the two outfits is that FBI men always remained technically independent, though working closely with diplomatic and military missions, while CIG personnel are an integral part of embassy and consular staffs.

Thus, the intelligence group has agents in every branch of the diplomatic service, from clerical departments right up to the top brackets. One ambassador to a Latin-American republic is actually a CIG man.

CHIEF qualifications for a post in the new agency are, in the order given: (1) wartime intelligence experience, either in or out of the armed services; (2) educational background; (3) knowledge of foreign languages. A large majority of CIG agents now assigned throughout Latin America are veterans.

The group's principal tasks at present are gathering data on Communist activities and conducting a quiet "loyalty" check of United States residents abroad.

Watch for serious trouble in Brazil during the next couple of months. The outlawed Communists are forming "civil liberties societies" and "workers' rights clubs," with plans for big public demonstrations in the near future.

Their strategy is to try to force the Dutra Government to use troops in suppressing this agitation, which will be concentrated in the populous states of Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo and Recife.

EVA PERON, wife of Argentina's President, has just purchased the largest textile mill in Argentina. Worth 25,000,000 pesos (about $6,250,000, U. S.), it sold for little more than a third of that price. The owners had been pushed to near-bankruptcy by the government's wage-and-price policies.

Incidentally, a federal degree now forbids the throwing of "any objects" at government officials or their representatives during public ceremonies. When Dona Eva visited the cotton festival in Northern Argentina recently, she was bombarded with bouquets, three of which contained large rocks. Hence the edict.

Iowa's grizzled Senator George Wilson was so infuriated when the State Department refused to show him the Wedemeyer report that he assigned a research team to study the feasibility of legislation to force the report loose. The researchers advised against it, and Wilson has decided instead to block the Administration's program for China until all the facts are divulged. Secretary of State Marshall promised a program for China "two or three weeks" after the stopgap aid for Europe was proposed. It hasn't been offered yet.

Per OGA #368692
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/7/97 BY [illegible]

Miami Herald
12-13-47

ENCLOSURE
62-80750-5778
HG IBB H
RECORDED 15 DEC 18 1947
EX-11

Merry-Go-Round

Original Plans Were To A-Bomb Kokura Rather Than Nagasaki

By DREW PEARSON

WASHINGTON—When Emperor Hirohito went to Hiroshima on the anniversary of Pearl Harbor, he probably did not know that, but for the accident of a few Japanese clouds, another city would have felt the fury of the atom bomb instead of Nagasaki.

The inside story of the other hitherto unknown atom-bomb target—Kokura—has been one of the Army's closely guarded secrets ever since that fateful day—Aug. 9, 1945. On that day Maj. Charles Sweeney took off from the island of Tinian with instructions to bomb Kokura, which had been reported by a United States observation plane as clear for bombing.

As he was taxiing down the runway, Sweeney detected trouble with a fuel pump. This meant he could not use 800 spare gallons of gasoline, which would cut him short and leave him little time to dally over Japan. But he took off anyhow and headed straight for Kokura.

His orders were not to drop the bomb unless he could get a clear view of the target. By the time he reached Kokura, it was blanketed under a heavy fog. Several times he circled and zoomed over the city, searching for an opening, but it remained obscure. With gas running low, he headed back across Kyushu Island toward Nagasaki—which, according to his orders, was a secondary target.

LIKE Kokura, Nagasaki was blotted out by clouds. Sweeney made a couple of runs and finally located a hole in the haze. It was not wide enough to permit clear vision, but Sweeney was too low on gas to carry the bomb back. Besides, he had read intelligence reports that the second bomb must be dropped if the Japanese were to be panicked into surrender. The bombing of Hiroshima had given the population a severe jolt, but he was told it would take the second bomb to flush out the frantic peace offer.

So, contrary to his instructions not to drop the bomb unless he had a clear view of the target, Sweeney ordered the bomb dropped by radar with only a small opening in the clouds for visual observation.

The rest is largely a matter of history. Nagasaki's business district was wiped out—18,000 buildings leveled to the ground and another 32,000 severely damaged. The explosion killed 26,000 people and wounded 40,000. Ten to 20 more died daily afterward of radioactivity.

Meanwhile, Pilot Sweeney, without gas enough to return to his base, made a beeline for Okinawa. He could not contact the field by radio nor even attract attention by dropping flares. So he shot out a final broadside of flares, lowered his flaps and came in for an emergency landing. One half the runway was clear, and crash cars began scooting to meet him from all sides. But with the aid of reversible propellers, he brought the plane to a stop in the available space. There was less than two minutes of gas left in the tank.

Kokura, the town that escaped the terrible devastation of Nagasaki, is situated on the northern fringe of Kyushu Island, exactly midway between Hiroshima and Nagasaki. By air it is only 100 miles northeast of Nagasaki. Kokura has a peacetime population of 52,000, is nestled near important coal fields. During the war it was converted into an important industrial center.

ATTORNEY GENERAL TOM CLARK, who leans over backward to protect civil liberties, took the list of subversive organizations home with him at night to study it personally. He studied it for several weeks before making it public.

Ex-Senators Jim Mead of New York and Bob La Follette of Wisconsin are among those being considered by the A. F. of L. to head up Labor, Educational and Political league.

Mrs. Chase Going Woodhouse, ex-congresswoman from Connecticut, is fed up with the Women's division of the Democratic national committee. She has done a good job, but Mrs. Jim Edwards, chairman of the division, is too much for her.

Pur 10A #368692
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 7/2/97 BY SP4/Hdq/Mac

Miami Herald
12-15-47

ENCLOSURE
62-80750-578
RECORDED
DEC 18 1947
15
EX-77

December 16, 1947

CONFIDENTIAL
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence agency
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Attention: [redacted] b3

There is enclosed herewith Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriation and/or Funds, dated December 11, 1947, [redacted] b3

#368692, Per OGA

EX-123

62-80750-579

Enclosure

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2/ALM/RCS
ON 7/2/97

F B I
55 DEC 20 1947

RECEIVED READING ROOM
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
DEC 16 4 14 PM '47
F B I

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

GGG:MMW

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
Spl Mess
~~MAILED~~ 1
☆ DEC 17 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DEC 20 1947

204116

December 19, 1947

Dear Admiral Roscoe H. Hillenkoetter
Director
Central Intelligence Agency
Room 7183
North Interior Building
18th and F Streets, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Admiral Hillenkoetter:

Your letter of December 8, 1947, has been received and I do want to thank you for your most favorable comments concerning the work of Special Agents J. Patrick Coyne and John F. Doherty. It is always most gratifying to receive such favorable reports concerning this Bureau's representatives. It is a pleasure to be of service to the Central Intelligence Agency and you. Please do not hesitate to call on me whenever we of the FBI can be of further service.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

#368692

Per OGA

7/2/97 Spr/[illegible]

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COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
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DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 70
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Page 5 ~ b1, b3
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Page 118 ~ Referral/Direct

FBI File Number 62-HQ-80750
Central Intelligence Group - National Intelligence Authority
Section 10

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

[redacted]

b7D

December 4, 1947

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I have just received the enclosed anonymous letter which I send to you without comment.

I do hope that some day we may meet again.

b7D

Yours very sincerely,

[redacted]

Central Intelligence Agency

ack 12-9-47
ut CIA 12-9-47
JLS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 8-29-97 BY [signature]
330,299

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ENCL. ATTACHED

5-88

December 10, 1947

62-80750-581

RECORDED

[redacted] b7D

My dear [redacted]

Your letter dated December 4, 1947, together with the enclosure has been received and I do want to express my appreciation for your thoughtfulness and interest in making the contents of this anonymous letter available to me.

Since a careful review of the letter addressed to you indicates that the contents thereof are of interest to the Central Intelligence Agency, I have taken the liberty of making a copy of the letter available to that Agency.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

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330 299

JLS:wma

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Tolson
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58 JAN 9 1948

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339,299

62-80750-581

ENCLOSURE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: December 15, 1947

FROM : SAC, San Diego

SUBJECT: ELLIS M. ZACHARIAS, USN, (Ret.)

Attached is a write-up in the San Diego Tribune-Sun of December 13, 1947, of the speech given by Captain ZACHARIAS before the San Diego Dinner Club here last Friday evening. One item of interest is that set forth in the last paragraph where Captain ZACHARIAS is stated to have indicated that counter-intelligence can be more effectively performed through the Central Intelligence Agency than under the FBI.

I was not present at the dinner and will take no action concerning this in the absence of Bureau advice.

Enclosure (1)
WAM:jec
80-5

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62-80750-582

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51 JAN 16 1948

Optimist in Views



REAR ADM. E. M. ZACHARIAS

Zacharias Sees Continued Peace

The world is witnessing the beginning of "the bankruptcy of Russian political leadership", in the opinion of Rear Adm. Ellis M. Zacharias, USN, ret., who expressed optimism here today over the likelihood of continued peace.

The noted officer, onetime 11th Naval District intelligence officer, who won international fame toward the close of World War II with his Japanese language "psychological warfare" broadcasts, last night addressed the San Diego Dinner Club in the San Diego Club. He is on a nationwide lecture tour and will leave San Diego tomorrow.

Activities Failing

Communist Party activities in France and Italy are failing because "more than 75 percent of the people of those countries are now reconciled to go along with the western world," Zacharias said.

"Communist strategy has been to cause present moderate governments in France and Italy to be replaced by extreme rightist governments, which would provide more legitimate targets," he declared. "But the moderate, democratic governments have shown more strength than anticipated, and with a fair assurance that the Marshall Plan of assistance will go through, the peoples of those countries no longer can be wooed away by Russia.

...ing 'Lack' of Go...

"The Soviet Union now must perform an about-face on the diplomatic front. However, inside Russia there is no serious rift or an immediate prospect of revolution."

Another reason for Zacharias' optimism over little chance of war with Russia is the Soviet Union's "material depletion."

"She has nothing to wage war with," he said. "The Germans destroyed her completely up to the Ural Mountains. Russia now has only wheat, rye and coal, and that isn't enough to conduct a war.

"One of the major reasons for the 'iron curtain' is to hide from the western world what Russia lacks, not what she has."

Upholds 'Propaganda'

Zacharias deplored what he termed the failure of the United States to organize effective peacetime instruments of propaganda and counter-intelligence.

Propaganda, "the constant repetition of the truth to make America known to the world," should be removed from the State Department and placed in a new agency comprising experts in radio, motion pictures, press, business and labor, Zacharias believes.

And counter-intelligence, the "war between wars" to ferret out spies and saboteurs, can be more effectively performed through the Central Intelligence Agency in the reorganized Department of the Defense than under the FBI, in his opinion.

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330,299

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62-80750-582
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34 DEC 29 1947

EX-101

TRIBUNE-SUN
SAN DIEGO, CALIF.
DEC 13 1947

December 26, 1947 PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

RECORDED 62-80750-583

EX-140

Honorable James V. Forrestal
Secretary of Defense
National Defense Building
Washington, D. C.

~~Sec Def file~~
8-29-97
330,299

Dear Jim:

I have received your letter of December 22, 1947, requesting that I continue to conduct investigations of applicants for employment by the Central Intelligence Agency.

I would like very much to continue to conduct these investigations because of your interest in this project, but I regret that I will be unable to do so. The case load of the Bureau is constantly being augmented by the addition of investigative responsibilities in a constantly increasing volume. Without enumerating the additional investigative responsibilities which have been assigned to the Bureau within the past three months, I might point out that our volume of work has continued to mount to the point where it is becoming virtually impossible to keep abreast of it. Under the circumstances, I must of necessity discontinue certain investigative operations, and since the Central Intelligence Agency is basically an investigative organization, and since the investigation of that Agency's applicants has been performed as an accommodation and not as a legal requirement, I regret that I must discontinue the Central Intelligence Agency work in order that the Bureau can devote additional Agent time to those responsibilities imposed upon us by Congress.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

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DEC 26 1947 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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Tamm
Quinn Tamm
Nease
Gandy

JAN 21 1948

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: December 19, 1947

FROM : R. W. WALL

SUBJECT: [redacted]

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b3

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Mr. Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] CIA, telephonically contacted Agent DeLoach of the Liaison Section at 2:30 P.M. December 19, 1947, and requested [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

This matter was brought to the attention of Mr. H. B. Fletcher, who advised [redacted]

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[redacted] was so advised of the above instructions. He stated [redacted]

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of the Intelligence Agency

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330,299

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ENCLOSURE

80TH CONGRESS } HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES { REPORT
1st Session } { No. 1051

330,299
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DATE 8-29-97

NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947

JULY 24, 1947.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. HOFFMAN, from the committee of conference, submitted the following

CONFERENCE REPORT

[To accompany S. 758]

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 758) to promote the national security by providing for a National Security Organization, which shall be administered by a Secretary of National Security, and for a Department of the Army, a Department of the Navy, and a Department of the Air Force within the National Security Organization, and for the coordination of the activities of the National Security Organization with other departments and agencies of the Government concerned with the national security, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the text of the bill and agree to the same with an amendment as follows:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment insert the following:

SHORT TITLE

That this Act may be cited as the "National Security Act of 1947".

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sec. 2. Declaration of policy.

TITLE I—COORDINATION FOR NATIONAL SECURITY

Sec. 101. National Security Council.
Sec. 102. Central Intelligence Agency.
Sec. 103. National Security Resources Board.

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TITLE II—THE NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

Sec. 201. National Military Establishment.
Sec. 202. Secretary of Defense.
Sec. 203. Military Assistants to the Secretary.
Sec. 204. Civilian personnel.
Sec. 205. Department of the Army.
Sec. 206. Department of the Navy.
Sec. 207. Department of the Air Force.
Sec. 208. United States Air Force.
Sec. 209. Effective date of transfers.
Sec. 210. War Council.
Sec. 211. Joint Chiefs of Staff.
Sec. 212. Joint staff.
Sec. 213. Munitions Board.
Sec. 214. Research and Development Board.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 301. Compensation of Secretaries.
Sec. 302. Under Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries.
Sec. 303. Advisory committees and personnel.
Sec. 304. Status of transferred civilian personnel.
Sec. 305. Saving provisions.
Sec. 306. Transfer of funds.
Sec. 307. Authorization for appropriations.
Sec. 308. Definitions.
Sec. 309. Separability.
Sec. 310. Effective date.
Sec. 311. Succession to the Presidency.

DECLARATION OF POLICY

SEC. 2. In enacting this legislation, it is the intent of Congress to provide a comprehensive program for the future security of the United States; to provide for the establishment of intergrated policies and procedures for the departments, agencies, and functions of the Government relating to the national security; to provide three military departments for the operation and administration of the Army, the Navy (including naval aviation and the United States Marine Corps), and the Air Force, with their assigned combat and service components; to provide for their authoritative coordination and unified direction under civilian control but not to merge them; to provide for the effective strategic direction of the armed forces and for their operation under unified control and for their integration into an efficient team of land, naval, and air forces.

TITLE I—COORDINATION FOR NATIONAL SECURITY

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

SEC. 101. (a) There is hereby established a council to be known as the National Security Council (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Council").

The President of the United States shall preside over meetings of the Council: Provided, That in his absence he may designate a member of the Council to preside in his place.

The function of the Council shall be to advise the President with respect to the integration of domestic, foreign, and military policies relating to the national security so as to enable the military services and the other departments and agencies of the Government to cooperate more effectively in matters involving the national security.

The Council shall be composed of the President; the Secretary of State; the Secretary of Defense, appointed under section 202; the Secretary of the Army, referred to in section 205; the Secretary of the Navy; the Secretary of the Air Force, appointed under section 207; the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, appointed under section 103; and such of the following named officers as the President may designate from time to time: The Secretaries of the executive departments, the Chairman of the Munitions Board appointed under section 213, and the Chairman of the Research and Development Board appointed under section 214; but no such additional member shall be designated until the advice and consent of the Senate has been given to his appointment to the office the holding of which authorizes his designation as a member of the Council.

(b) In addition to performing such other functions as the President may direct, for the purpose of more effectively coordinating the policies and functions of the departments and agencies of the Government relating to the national security, it shall, subject to the direction of the President, be the duty of the Council—

(1) to assess and appraise the objectives, commitments, and risks of the United States in relation to our actual and potential military power, in the interest of national security, for the purpose of making recommendations to the President in connection therewith; and

(2) to consider policies on matters of common interest to the departments and agencies of the Government concerned with the national security, and to make recommendations to the President in connection therewith.

(c) The Council shall have a staff to be headed by a civilian executive secretary who shall be appointed by the President, and who shall receive compensation at the rate of $10,000 a year. The executive secretary, subject to the direction of the Council, is hereby authorized, subject to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to perform such duties as may be prescribed by the Council in connection with the performance of its functions.

(d) The Council shall, from time to time, make such recommendations, and such other reports to the President as it deems appropriate or as the President may require.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

SEC. 102. (a) There is hereby established under the National Security Council a Central Intelligence Agency with a Director of Central Intelligence, who shall be the head thereof. The Director shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, from among the commissioned officers of the armed services or from among individuals in civilian life. The Director shall receive compensation at the rate of $14,000 a year.

(b) (1) If a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as Director then—

(A) in the performance of his duties as Director, he shall be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be operative with respect to him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services or any component thereof; and

(B) he shall not possess or exercise any supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as Director) with respect to the armed services or any component thereof, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit or division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1), the appointment to the office of Director of a commissioned officer of the armed services, and his acceptance of and service in such office, shall in no way affect any status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the armed services, or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade. Any such commissioned officer shall, while serving in the office of Director, receive the military pay and allowances (active or retired, as the case may be) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service and shall be paid, from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Agency, annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by which $14,000 exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 6 of the Act of August 24, 1912 (37 Stat. 555), or the provisions of any other law, the Director of Central Intelligence may, in his discretion, terminate the employment of any officer or employee of the Agency whenever he shall deem such termination necessary or advisable in the interests of the United States, but such termination shall not affect the right of such officer or employee to seek or accept employment in any other department or agency of the Government if declared eligible for such employment by the United States Civil Service Commission.

(d) For the purpose of coordinating the intelligence activities of the several Government departments and agencies in the interest of national security, it shall be the duty of the Agency, under the direction of the National Security Council—

(1) to advise the National Security Council in matters concerning such intelligence activities of the Government departments and agencies as relate to national security;

(2) to make recommendations to the National Security Council for the coordination of such intelligence activities of the departments and agencies of the Government as relate to the national security;

(3) to correlate and evaluate intelligence relating to the national security, and provide for the appropriate dissemination of such intelligence within the Government using where appropriate existing agencies and facilities: Provided, That the Agency shall have no police, subpena, law-enforcement powers, or internal-security functions: Provided further, That the departments and other agencies of the Government shall continue to collect, evaluate, correlate, and disseminate departmental intelligence: And provided further, That the Director of Central Intelligence shall be responsible for protecting intelligence sources and methods from unauthorized disclosure;

(4) to perform, for the benefit of the existing intelligence agencies, such additional services of common concern as the National Security Council determines can be more efficiently accomplished centrally;

(5) to perform such other functions and duties related to intelligence affecting the national security as the National Security Council may from time to time direct.

(e) To the extent recommended by the National Security Council and approved by the President, such intelligence of the departments and agencies of the Government, except as hereinafter provided, relating to the national security shall be open to the inspection of the Director of Central Intelligence, and such intelligence as relates to the national security and is possessed by such departments and other agencies of the Government, except as hereinafter provided, shall be made available to the Director of Central Intelligence for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination: Provided, however, That upon the written request of the Director of Central Intelligence, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall make available to the Director of Central Intelligence such information for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination as may be essential to the national security.

(f) Effective when the Director first appointed under subsection (a) has taken office—

(1) the National Intelligence Authority (11 Fed. Reg. 1337, 1339, February 5, 1946) shall cease to exist; and

(2) the personnel, property, and records of the Central Intelligence Group are transferred to the Central Intelligence Agency, and such Group shall cease to exist. Any unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, or other funds available or authorized to be made available for such Group shall be available and shall be authorized to be made available in like manner for expenditure by the Agency.

NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

SEC. 103. (a) There is hereby established a National Security Resources Board (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Board") to be composed of the Chairman of the Board and such heads or representatives of the various executive departments and independent agencies as may from time to time be designated by the President to be members of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive compensation at the rate of $14,000 a year.

(b) The Chairman of the Board, subject to the direction of the President, is authorized, subject to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to assist the Board in carrying out its functions.

(c) It shall be the function of the Board to advise the President concerning the coordination of military, industrial, and civilian mobilization, including—

(1) policies concerning industrial and civilian mobilization in order to assure the most effective mobilization and maximum utilization of the Nation's manpower in the event of war;

(2) programs for the effective use in time of war of the Nation's natural and industrial resources for military and civilian needs, for the maintenance and stabilization of the civilian economy in time of war, and for the adjustment of such economy to war needs and conditions;

(3) policies for unifying, in time of war, the activities of Federal agencies and departments engaged in or concerned with production, procurement, distribution, or transportation of military or civilian supplies, materials, and products;

(4) the relationship between potential supplies of, and potential requirements for, manpower, resources, and productive facilities in time of war;

(5) policies for establishing adequate reserves of strategic and critical material, and for the conservation of these reserves;

(6) the strategic relocation of industries, services, government, and economic activities, the continuous operation of which is essential to the Nation's security.

(d) In performing its functions, the Board shall utilize to the maximum extent the facilities and resources of the departments and agencies of the Government.

TITLE II—THE NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE NATIONAL MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT

SEC. 201. (a) There is hereby established the National Military Establishment, and the Secretary of Defense shall be the head thereof.

(b) The National Miliatry Establishment shall consist of the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force, together with all other agencies created under title II of this Act.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

SEC. 202. (a) There shall be a Secretary of Defense, who shall be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate: Provided, That a person who has within ten years been on active duty as a commissioned officer in a Regular component of the armed services shall not be eligible for appointment as Secretary of Defense. The Secretary of Defense shall be the principal assistant to the President in all matters relating to the national security. Under the direction of the President and subject to the provisions of this Act he shall perform the following duties:

(1) Establish general policies and programs for the National Military Establishment and for all of the departments and agencies therein;

(2) Exercise general direction, authority, and control over such departments and agencies;

(3) Take appropriate steps to eliminate unnecessary duplication or overlapping in the fields of procurement, supply, transportation, storage, health, and research;

(4) Supervise and coordinate the preparation of the budget estimates of the departments and agencies comprising the National Military Establishment; formulate and determine the budget estimates for submittal to the Bureau of the Budget; and supervise the budget programs of such departments and agencies under the applicable appropriation Act:

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, or the Secretary of the Air Force from presenting to the President or to the Director of the Budget, after first so informing the Secretary of Defense, any report or recommendation relating to his department which he may deem necessary: And provided further, That the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force shall be administered as individual executive departments by their respective Secretaries and all powers and

duties relating to such departments not specifically conferred upon the Secretary of Defense by this Act shall be retained by each of their respective Secretaries.

(b) The Secretary of Defense shall submit annual written reports to the President and the Congress covering expenditures, work, and accomplishments of the National Military Establishment, together with such recommendations as he shall deem appropriate.

(c) The Secretary of Defense shall cause a seal of office to be made for the National Military Establishment, of such design as the President shall approve, and judicial notice shall be taken thereof.

MILITARY ASSISTANTS TO THE SECRETARY

SEC. 203. Officers of the armed services may be detailed to duty as assistants and personal aides to the Secretary of Defense, but he shall not establish a military staff.

CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

SEC. 204. (a) The Secretary of Defense is authorized to appoint from civilian life not to exceed three special assistants to advise and assist him in the performance of his duties. Each such special assistant shall receive compensation at the rate of $10,000 a year.

(b) The Secretary of Defense is authorized, subject to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to appoint and fix the compensation of such other civilian personnel as may be necessary for the performance of the functions of the National Military Establishment other than those of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force.

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

SEC. 205. (a) The Department of War shall hereafter be designated the Department of the Army, and the title of the Secretary of War shall be changed to Secretary of the Army. Changes shall be made in the titles of other officers and activities of the Department of the Army as the Secretary of the Army may determine.

(b) All laws, orders, regulations, and other actions relating to the Department of War or to any officer or activity whose title is changed under this section shall, insofar as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to relate to the Department of the Army within the National Military Establishment or to such officer or activity designated by his or its new title.

(c) The term "Department of the Army" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean the Department of the Army at the seat of government and all field headquarters, forces, reserve components, installations, activities, and functions under the control or supervision of the Department of the Army.

(d) The Secretary of the Army shall cause a seal of office to be made for the Department of the Army, of such design as the President may approve, and judicial notice shall be taken thereof.

(e) In general the United States Army, within the Department of the Army, shall include land combat and service forces and such aviation and water transport as may be organic therein. It shall be organized, trained, and equipped primarily for prompt and sustained combat incident to operations on land. It shall be responsible for the preparation of land

forces necessary for the effective prosecution of war except as otherwise assigned and, in accordance with integrated joint mobilization plans, for the expansion of peacetime components of the Army to meet the needs of war.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

SEC. 206. (a) The term "Department of the Navy" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean the Department of the Navy at the seat of government; the headquarters, United States Marine Corps; the entire operating forces of the United States Navy, including naval aviation, and of the United States Marine Corps, including the Reserve components of such forces; all field activities, headquarters, forces, bases, installations, activities, and functions under the control or supervision of the Department of the Navy; and the United States Coast Guard when operating as a part of the Navy pursuant to law.

(b) In general the United States Navy, within the Department of the Navy, shall include naval combat and services forces and such aviation as may be organic therein. It shall be organized, trained, and equipped primarily for prompt and sustained combat incident to operations at sea. It shall be responsible for the preparation of naval forces necessary for the effective prosecution of war except as otherwise assigned, and, in accordance with integrated joint mobilization plans, for the expansion of the peacetime components of the Navy to meet the needs of war.

All naval aviation shall be integrated with the naval service as part thereof within the Department of the Navy. Naval aviation shall consist of combat and service and training forces, and shall include land-based naval aviation, air transport essential for naval operations, all air weapons and air techniques involved in the operations and activities of the United States Navy, and the entire remainder of the aeronautical organization of the United States Navy, together with the personnel necessary therefor.

The Navy shall be generally responsible for naval reconnaissance, antisubmarine warfare, and protection of shipping.

The Navy shall develop aircraft, weapons, tactics, technique, organization and equipment of naval combat and service elements; matters of joint concern as to these functions shall be coordinated between the Army, the Air Force, and the Navy.

(c) The United States Marine Corps, within the Department of the Navy, shall include land combat and service forces and such aviation as may be organic therein. The Marine Corps shall be organized, trained, and equipped to provide fleet marine forces of combined arms, together with supporting air components, for service with the fleet in the seizure or defense of advanced naval bases and for the conduct of such land operations as may be essential to the prosecution of a naval campaign. It shall be the duty of the Marine Corps to develop, in coordination with the Army and the Air Force, those phases of amphibious operations which pertain to the tactics, technique, and equipment employed by landing forces. In addition, the Marine Corps shall provide detachments and organizations for service on armed vessels of the Navy, shall provide security detachments for the protection of naval property at naval stations and bases, and shall perform such other duties as the President may direct: Provided, That such additional duties shall not detract from or interfere with the operations for which the Marine Corps is primarily organized. The Marine Corps shall be responsible, in accordance with integrated joint mobilization plans, for the expansion of peacetime components of the Marine Corps to meet the needs of war.

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

SEC. 207. (a) Within the National Military Establishment there is hereby established an executive department to be known as the Department of the Air Force, and a Secretary of the Air Force, who shall be the head thereof. The Secretary of the Air Force shall be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(b) Section 158 of the Revised Statutes is amended to include the Department of the Air Force and the provisions of so much of title IV of the Revised Statutes as now or hereafter amended as is not inconsistent with this Act shall be applicable to the Department of the Air Force.

(c) The term "Department of the Air Force" as used in this Act shall be construed to mean the Department of the Air Force at the seat of government and all field headquarters, forces, reserve components, installations, activities, and functions under the control or supervision of the Department of the Air Force.

(d) There shall be in the Department of the Air Force an Under Secretary of the Air Force and two Assistant Secretaries of the Air Force, who shall be appointed from civilian life by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(e) The several officers of the Department of the Air Force shall perform such functions as the Secretary of the Air Force may prescribe.

(f) So much of the functions of the Secretary of the Army and of the Department of the Army, including those of any officer of such Department, as are assigned to or under the control of the Commanding General, Army Air Forces, or as are deemed by the Secretary of Defense to be necessary or desirable for the operations of the Department of the Air Force or the United States Air Force, shall be transferred to and vested in the Secretary of the Air Force and the Department of the Air Force: Provided, That the National Guard Bureau shall, in addition to the functions and duties performed by it for the Department of the Army, be charged with similar functions and duties for the Department of the Air Force, and shall be the channel of communication between the Department of the Air Force and the several States on all matters pertaining to the Air National Guard: And provided further, That, in order to permit an orderly transfer, the Secretary of Defense may, during the transfer period hereinafter prescribed, direct that the Department of the Army shall continue for appropriate periods to exercise any of such functions, insofar as they relate to the Department of the Air Force, or the United States Air Force or their property and personnel. Such of the property, personnel, and records of the Department of the Army used in the exercise of functions transferred under this subsection as the Secretary of Defense shall determine shall be transferred or assigned to the Department of the Air Force.

(g) The Secretary of the Air Force shall cause a seal of office to be made for the Department of the Air Force, of such device as the President shall approve, and judicial notice shall be taken thereof.

UNITED STATES AIR FORCE

SEC. 208. (a) The United States Air Force is hereby established under the Department of the Air Force. The Army Air Forces, the Air Corps, United States Army, and the General Headquarters Air Force (Air Force Combat Command), shall be transferred to the United States Air Force.

(b) There shall be a Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for a term of four years from among the officers of general rank who are assigned to or commissioned in the United States Air Force. Under the direction of the Secretary of the Air Force, the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, shall exercise command over the United States Air Force and shall be charged with the duty of carrying into execution all lawful orders and directions which may be transmitted to him. The functions of the Commanding General, General Headquarters Air Force (Air Force Combat Command), and of the Chief of the Air Corps and of the Commanding General, Army Air Forces, shall be transferred to the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force. When such transfer becomes effective, the offices of the Chief of the Air Corps, United States Army, and Assistants to the Chief of the Air Corps, United States Army, provided for by the Act of June 4, 1920, as amended (41 Stat. 768), and Commanding General, General Headquarters Air Force, provided for by section 5 of the Act of June 16, 1936 (49 Stat. 1525), shall cease to exist. While holding office as Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, the incumbent shall hold a grade and receive allowances equivalent to those prescribed by law for the Chief of Staff, United States Army. The Chief of Staff, United States Army, the Chief of Naval Operations, and the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, shall take rank among themselves according to their relative dates of appointment as such, and shall each take rank above all other officers on the active list of the Army, Navy, and Air Force: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall have the effect of changing the relative rank of the present Chief of Staff, United States Army, and the present Chief of Naval Operations.

(c) All commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men, commissioned, holding warrants, or enlisted, in the Air Corps, United States Army, or the Army Air Forces, shall be transferred in branch to the United States Air Force. All other commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men, who are commissioned, hold warrants, or are enlisted, in any component of the Army of the United States and who are under the authority or command of the Commanding General, Army Air Forces, shall be continued under the authority or command of the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, and under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Air Force. Personnel whose status is affected by this subsection shall retain their existing commissions, warrants, or enlisted status in existing components of the armed forces unless otherwise altered or terminated in accordance with existing law; and they shall not be deemed to have been appointed to a new or different office or grade, or to have vacated their permanent or temporary appointments in an existing component of the armed forces, solely by virtue of any change in status under this subsection. No such change in status shall alter or prejudice the status of any individual so assigned, so as to deprive him of any right, benefit, or privilege to which he may be entitled under existing law.

(d) Except as otherwise directed by the Secretary of the Air Force, all property, records, installations, agencies, activities, projects, and civilian personnel under the jurisdiction, control, authority, or command of the Commanding General, Army Air Forces, shall be continued to the same extent under the jurisdiction, control, authority, or command, respectively, of the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, in the Department of the Air Force.

(e) For a period of two years from the date of enactment of this Act, personnel (both military and civilian), property, records, installations,

agencies, activities, and projects may be transferred between the Department of the Army and the Department of the Air Force by direction of the Secretary of Defense.

(f) In general the United States Air Force shall include aviation forces both combat and service not otherwise assigned. It shall be organized, trained, and equipped primarily for prompt and sustained offensive and defensive air operations. The Air Force shall be responsible for the preparation of the air forces necessary for the effective prosecution of war except as otherwise assigned and, in accordance with integrated joint mobilization plans, for the expansion of the peacetime components of the Air Force to meet the needs of war.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF TRANSFERS

SEC. 209. Each transfer, assignment, or change in status under section 207 or section 208 shall take effect upon such date or dates as may be prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

WAR COUNCIL

SEC. 210. There shall be within the National Military Establishment a War Council composed of the Secretary of Defense, as Chairman, who shall have power of decision; the Secretary of the Army; the Secretary of the Navy; the Secretary of the Air Force; the Chief of Staff, United States Army; the Chief of Naval Operations; and the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force. The War Council shall advise the Secretary of Defense on matters of broad policy relating to the armed forces, and shall consider and report on such other matters as the Secretary of Defense may direct.

JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF

SEC. 211. (a) There is hereby established within the National Military Establishment the Joint Chiefs of Staff, which shall consist of the Chief of Staff, United States Army; the Chief of Naval Operations; the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force; and the Chief of Staff to the Commander in Chief, if there be one.

(b) Subject to the authority and direction of the President and the Secretary of Defense, it shall be the duty of the Joint Chiefs of Staff—

(1) to prepare strategic plans and to provide for the strategic direction of the military forces;

(2) to prepare joint logistic plans and to assign to the military services logistic responsibilities in accordance with such plans;

(3) to establish unified commands in strategic areas when such unified commands are in the interest of national security;

(4) to formulate policies for joint training of the military forces;

(5) to formulate policies for coordinating the education of members of the military forces;

(6) to review major material and personnel requirements of the military forces, in accordance with strategic and logistic plans; and

(7) to provide United States representation on the Military Staff Committee of the United Nations in accordance with the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations.

(c) The Joint Chiefs of Staff shall act as the principal military advisers to the President and the Secretary of Defense and shall perform such other

duties as the President and the Secretary of Defense may direct or as may be prescribed by law.

JOINT STAFF

SEC. 212. There shall be, under the Joint Chiefs of Staff, a Joint Staff to consist of not to exceed one hundred officers and to be composed of approximately equal numbers of officers from each of the three armed services. The Joint Staff, operating under a Director thereof appointed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff, shall perform such duties as may be directed by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. The Director shall be an officer junior in grade to all members of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

MUNITIONS BOARD

SEC. 213. (a) There is hereby established in the National Military Establishment a Munitions Board (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Board").

(b) The Board shall be composed of a Chairman, who shall be the head thereof, and an Under Secretary or Assistant Secretary from each of the three military departments, to be designated in each case by the Secretaries of their respective departments. The Chairman shall be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive compensation at the rate of $14,000 a year.

(c) It shall be the duty of the Board under the direction of the Secretary of Defense and in support of strategic and logistic plans prepared by the Joint Chiefs of Staff—

(1) to coordinate the appropriate activities within the National Military Establishment with regard to industrial matters, including the procurement, production, and distribution plans of the departments and agencies comprising the Establishment;

(2) to plan for the military aspects of industrial mobilization;

(3) to recommend assignment of procurement responsibilities among the several military services and to plan for standardization of specifications and for the greatest practicable allocation of purchase authority of technical equipment and common use items on the basis of single procurement;

(4) to prepare estimates of potential production, procurement, and personnel for use in evaluation of the logistic feasibility of strategic operations;

(5) to determine relative priorities of the various segments of the military procurement programs;

(6) to supervise such subordinate agencies as are or may be created to consider the subjects falling within the scope of the Board's responsibilities;

(7) to make recommendations to regroup, combine, or dissolve existing interservice agencies operating in the fields of procurement, production, and distribution in such manner as to promote efficiency and economy;

(8) to maintain liaison with other departments and agencies for the proper correlation of military requirements with the civilian economy, particularly in regard to the procurement or disposition of strategic and critical material and the maintenance of adequate reserves of such material, and to make recommendations as to policies in connection therewith;

(9) to assemble and review material and personnel requirements presented by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and those presented by the production, procurement, and distribution agencies assigned to meet military needs, and to make recommendations thereon to the Secretary of Defense; and

(10) to perform such other duties as the Secretary of Defense may direct.

(d) When the Chairman of the Board first appointed has taken office, the Joint Army and Navy Munitions Board shall cease to exist and all its records and personnel shall be transferred to the Munitions Board.

(e) The Secretary of Defense shall provide the Board with such personnel and facilities as the Secretary may determine to be required by the Board for the performance of its functions.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOARD

SEC. 214. (a) There is hereby established in the National Military Establishment a Research and Development Board (hereinafter in this section referred to as the "Board"). The Board shall be composed of a Chairman, who shall be the head thereof, and two representatives from each of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, to be designated by the Secretaries of their respective Departments. The Chairman shall be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall receive compensation at the rate of $14,000 a year. The purpose of the Board shall be to advise the Secretary of Defense as to the status of scientific research relative to the national security, and to assist him in assuring adequate provision for research and development on scientific problems relating to the national security.

(b) It shall be the duty of the Board, under the direction of the Secretary of Defense—

(1) to prepare a complete and integrated program of research and development for military purposes;

(2) to advise with regard to trends in scientific research relating to national security and the measures necessary to assure continued and increasing progress;

(3) to recommend measures of coordination of research and development among the military departments, and allocation among them of responsibilities for specific programs of joint interest;

(4) to formulate policy for the National Military Establishment in connection with research and development matters involving agencies outside the National Military Establishment;

(5) to consider the interaction of research and development and strategy, and to advise the Joint Chiefs of Staff in connection therewith; and

(6) to perform such other duties as the Secretary of Defense may direct.

(c) When the Chairman of the Board first appointed has taken office, the Joint Research and Development Board shall cease to exist and all its records and personnel shall be transferred to the Research and Development Board.

(d) The Secretary of Defense shall provide the Board with such personnel and facilities as the Secretary may determine to be required by the Board for the performance of its functions.

TITLE III—MISCELLANEOUS

COMPENSATION OF SECRETARIES

SEC. 301. (a) The Secretary of Defense shall receive the compensation prescribed by law for heads of executive departments.

(b) The Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall each receive the compensation prescribed by law for heads of executive departments.

UNDER SECRETARIES AND ASSISTANT SECRETARIES

SEC. 302. The Under Secretaries and Assistant Secretaries of the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force shall each receive compensation at the rate of $10,000 a year and shall perform such duties as the Secretaries of their respective departments may prescribe.

ADVISORY COMMITTEES AND PERSONNEL

SEC. 303. (a) The Secretary of Defense, the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board, and the Director of Central Intelligence are authorized to appoint such advisory committees and to employ, consistent with other provisions of this Act, such part-time advisory personnel as they may deem necessary in carrying out their respective functions and the functions of agencies under their control. Persons holding other offices or positions under the United States for which they receive compensation while serving as members of such committees shall receive no additional compensation for such service. Other members of such committees and other part-time advisory personnel so employed may serve without compensation or may receive compensation at a rate not to exceed $35 for each day of service, as determined by the appointing authority.

(b) Service of an individual as a member of any such advisory committee, or in any other part-time capacity for a department or agency hereunder, shall not be considered as service bringing such individual within the provisions of section 109 or 113 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 18, secs. 198 and 203), or section 19 (e) of the Contract Settlement Act of 1944, unless the act of such individual, which by such section is made unlawful when performed by an individual referred to in such section, is with respect to any particular matter which directly involves a department or agency which such person is advising or in which such department or agency is directly interested.

STATUS OF TRANSFERRED CIVILIAN PERSONNEL

SEC. 304. All transfers of civilian personnel under this Act shall be without change in classification or compensation, but the head of any department or agency to which such a transfer is made is authorized to make such changes in the titles and designations and prescribe such changes in the duties of such personnel commensurate with their classification as he may deem necessary and appropriate.

SAVING PROVISIONS

SEC. 305. (a) All laws, orders, regulations, and other actions applicable with respect to any function, activity, personnel, property, records, or other thing transferred under this Act, or with respect to any officer,

department, or agency, from which such transfer is made, shall, except to the extent rescinded, modified, superseded, terminated, or made inapplicable by or under authority of law, have the same effect as if such transfer had not been made; but, after any such transfer, any such law, order, regulation, or other action which vested functions in or otherwise related to any officer, department, or agency from which such transfer was made shall, insofar as applicable with respect to the function, activity, personnel, property, records or other thing transferred and to the extent not inconsistent with other provisions of this Act, be deemed to have vested such function in or relate to the officer, department, or agency to which the transfer was made.

(b) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of any department or agency or other officer of the United States, in his official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his official duties, shall abate by reason of the taking effect of any transfer or change in title under the provisions of this Act: and, in the case of any such transfer, such suit, action, or other proceeding may be maintained by or against the successor of such head or other officer under the transfer, but only if the court shall allow the same to be maintained on motion or supplemental petition filed within twelve months after such transfer takes effect, showing a necessity for the survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain settlement of the questions involved.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of the second paragraph of section 5 of title I of the First War Powers Act, 1941, the existing organization of the War Department under the provisions of Executive Order Numbered 9082 of February 28, 1942, as modified by Executive Order Numbered 9722 of May 13, 1946, and the existing organization of the Department of the Navy under the provisions of Executive Order Numbered 9635 of September 29, 1945, including the assignment of functions to organizational units within the War and Navy Departments, may, to the extent determined by the Secretary of Defense, continue in force for two years following the date of enactment of this Act except to the extent modified by the provisions of this Act or under the authority of law.

TRANSFER OF FUNDS

SEC. 306. All unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, nonappropriated funds, or other funds available or hereafter made available for use by or on behalf of the Army Air Forces or officers thereof, shall be transferred to the Department of the Air Force for use in connection with the exercise of its functions. Such other unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, nonappropriated funds, or other funds available or hereafter made available for use by the Department of War or the Department of the Army in exercise of functions transferred to the Department of the Air Force under this Act, as the Secretary of Defense shall determine, shall be transferred to the Department of the Air Force for use in connection with the exercise of its functions. Unexpended balances transferred under this section may be used for the purposes for which the appropriations, allocations, or other funds were originally made available, or for new expenditures occasioned by the enactment of this Act. The transfers herein authorized may be made with or without warrant action as may be appropriate from time to time from any appropriation covered by this section to any other such appropriation or to such new accounts established on the books of the Treasury as may be determined to be necessary to carry into effect provisions of this Act.

AUTHORIZATION FOR APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 307. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary and appropriate to carry out the provisions and purposes of this Act.

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 308. (a) As used in this Act, the term "function" includes functions, powers, and duties.

(b) As used in this Act, the term "budget program" refers to recommendations as to the apportionment, to the allocation and to the review of allotments of appropriated funds.

SEPARABILITY

SEC. 309. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and of the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 310. (a) The first sentence of section 202 (a) and sections 1, 2, 307, 308, 309, and 310 shall take effect immediately upon the enactment of this Act.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (a), the provisions of this Act shall take effect on whichever of the following days is the earlier: The day after the day upon which the Secretary of Defense first appointed takes office, or the sixtieth day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SUCCESSION TO THE PRESIDENCY

SEC. 311. Paragraph (1) of subsection (d) of section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the performance of the duties of the office of President in case of the removal, resignation, death, or inability both of the President and Vice President", approved July 18, 1947, is amended by striking out "Secretary of War" and inserting in lieu thereof "Secretary of Defense", and by striking out "Secretary of the Navy,".

And the House agree to the same.

That the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House to the title of the bill and agree to the same.

CLARE E. HOFFMAN,
GEORGE H. BENDER,
HENRY J. LATHAM,
JAMES W. WADSWORTH,
CARTER MANASCO,
JOHN W. MCCORMACK,
CHET HOLIFIELD,
Managers on the Part of the House.

CHAN GURNEY,
LEVERETT SALTONSTALL,
WAYNE MORSE,
RAYMOND E. BALDWIN,
M. E. TYDINGS,
RICHARD B. RUSSELL,
HARRY F. BYRD,
Managers on the Part of the Senate.

STATEMENT OF THE MANAGERS ON THE PART OF THE HOUSE

The managers on the part of the House at the conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendments of the House to the bill (S. 758) to promote the national security by providing for a National Security Organization, which shall be administered by a Secretary of National Security, and for a Department of the Army, a Department of the Navy, and a Department of the Air Force within the National Security Organization, and for the coordination of the activities of the National Security Organization with other departments and agencies of the Government concerned with the national security, submit the following statement in explanation of the effect of the action agreed upon by the conferees and recommended in the accompanying conference report:

The House amendment to the text of the bill strikes out all of the Senate bill after the enacting clause. The committee of conference recommend that the Senate recede from its disagreement to the amendment of the House and agree to the same with an amendment which is a substitute for both the Senate bill and the House amendment, and that the House agree to the same.

The bill as agreed to in conference is the same as the House amendment, except for typographical, clerical, and clarifying changes, and the following:

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

Both the Senate bill and the House amendment provided (sec. 101 (a)) that the National Security Council be composed of the President, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense (in the Senate bill designated as "Secretary of National Security"), the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Air Force, and the Chairman of the National Security Resources Board. Under the Senate bill the Council was also to be composed of such other members as the President may designate from time to time. Under the bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 101 (a)) the Council, in addition to the members specifically named above, is to be composed of such of the following-named officers as the President may designate from time to time: The Secretaries of the executive departments, the Chairman of the Munitions Board, and the Chairman of the Research and Development Board. No such additional member is to be designated until the advice and consent of the Senate has been given to his appointment to the office the holding of which authorizes his designation as a member of the Council. Thus, for example, the Secretary of Commerce now in office could be designated by the President as a member of the Council, but if in the future a new Secretary of Commerce is appointed the new Secretary could not serve as a member of the Council until the advice and consent of the Senate has been given to his appointment to the office of Secretary of Commerce.

The Senate bill (sec. 101 (c)) provided that the Secretary of Defense be director of the staff of the Council. The House amendment (sec. 101 (c)) provided that the Council have a staff headed by a civilian executive secretary to receive compensation at the rate of $14,000 a year. The bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 101 (c)) is the same as the House amendment except the compensation of the executive secretary is fixed at the rate of $10,000 a year.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

The Senate bill provided that the Director of Central Intelligence be appointed from the armed services or from civilian life. The House amendment provided that the Director of Central Intelligence be appointed from civilian life. The bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 102) provides that the Director shall be appointed from among the commissioned officers of the armed services or from among individuals in civilian life and adds a new subsection (b) which provides that if a commissioned officer of the armed services is appointed as Director then (1) in the performance of his duties as Director, he is to be subject to no supervision, control, restriction, or prohibition (military or otherwise) other than would be operative with respect to him if he were a civilian in no way connected with the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, the Department of the Air Force, or the armed services or any component thereof; and (2) he is not to possess or exercise any supervision, control, powers, or functions (other than such as he possesses, or is authorized or directed to exercise, as Director) with respect to the armed services or any component thereof, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, or the Department of the Air Force, or any branch, bureau, unit or division thereof, or with respect to any of the personnel (military or civilian) of any of the foregoing. Except as noted in the preceding sentence the appointment to the office of Director of a commissioned officer of the armed services and his acceptance of and service in such office is in no way to affect any status, office, rank, or grade he may occupy or hold in the armed services or any emolument, perquisite, right, privilege, or benefit incident to or arising out of any such status, office, rank, or grade. Also any such commissioned officer, while serving in the office of Director, is to receive the military pay and allowance (active or retired, as the case may be) payable to a commissioned officer of his grade and length of service and is to be paid, from any funds available to defray the expenses of the Central Intelligence Agency, annual compensation at a rate equal to the amount by which $14,000 exceeds the amount of his annual military pay and allowances.

The House amendment (sec. 105 (d)) provided that to the extent recommended by the National Security Council and approved by the President, such intelligence operations of the departments of Government as relate to the national security shall be open to the inspection of the Director of Central Intelligence, and such intelligence as relates to national security and is possessed by such departments and other agencies of the Government shall be made available to the Director of Central Intelligence for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination. Section 102 (d) of the bill as agreed to in conference provides that to the extent recommended by the National Security Council and approved by the President, such intelligence of the departments and agencies of the Government, except as hereinafter provided, relating

to the national security shall be open to the inspection of the Director of Central Intelligence, and such intelligence as relates to the national security and is possessed by such departments and other agencies of the Government, except as hereinafter provided, shall be made available to the Director of Central Intelligence for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination; provided, however, that upon the written request of the Director of Central Intelligence, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall make available to the Director of Central Intelligence such information for correlation, evaluation, and dissemination as may be essential to the national security.

PERSONNEL OF NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD

Both the Senate bill (Sec. 103 (b)) and the House amendment (Sec. 106 (b)) authorized the chairman of the National Security Resources Board to appoint and fix the compensation of such personnel as may be necessary to assist the Board in carrying out its functions. The Senate bill provided that such authority be subject to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended. The House amendment provided that such authority be without regard to the civil-service laws and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended. The bill as agreed to in conference (Sec. 103 (b)) follows the language of the Senate bill.

SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

Both the Senate bill (sec. 202 (a)) and House amendment (sec. 102 (a)) provided that the new Secretary be appointed from civilian life by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The House amendment contained a proviso (not contained in the Senate bill) providing that a person who has held a commission in a Regular component of the armed services shall not be eligible for appointment as Secretary of Defense. The bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 202 (a)) contains a provision that a person who has within ten years been on active duty as a commissioned officer in a Regular component of the armed services shall not be eligible for appointment as Secretary of Defense.

The Senate bill (sec. 202 (a) (2)) imposed upon the Secretary of Defense the duty to exercise general direction, authority, and control over certain departments and agencies. The House amendment (sec. 102 (a) (2)) added the word "general" before the word "authority" and before the word "control". The words added by the House amendment have been deleted in the bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 202 (a) (2)) as surplusage.

The Senate bill (sec. 202 (a) (3)) imposed upon the Secretary of Defense the duty to formulate and determine the budget estimates for submittal to the Bureau of the Budget. The House amendment contained no such provision. The bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 202 (a) (4)) contains this provision from the Senate bill.

COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE NAVY AND OF NAVAL AVIATION

The House amendment (sec. 203 (b)) contained language relating specifically to the composition and duties of the United States Navy and of Naval Aviation. The Senate bill (sec. 206 (b)) provided that

the provisions of this act shall not authorize the alteration or diminution of the existing relative status of Naval Aviation. The first and last paragraphs of section 206 (b) of the bill as agreed to in conference are the same as the first and last paragraphs of section 203 (b) of the House amendment. The second, third, and fourth paragraphs of section 203 (b) of the House amendment are omitted and the following is inserted in lieu thereof:

All naval aviation shall be integrated with the naval service as part thereof within the Department of the Navy. Naval aviation shall consist of combat and service and training forces, and shall include land-based naval aviation, air transport essential for naval operations, all air weapons and air techniques involved in the operations and activities of the United States Navy, and the entire remainder of the aeronautical organization of the United States Navy, together with the personnel necessary therefor.

The Navy shall be generally responsible for naval reconnaissance, antisubmarine warfare, and protection of shipping.

COMPOSITION AND DUTIES OF THE MARINE CORPS

The House amendment (sec. 203) contained the following provision:

(c) The United States Marine Corps, within the Department of the Navy, shall include land combat and service forces and such aviation as may be organic therein. The primary mission of the Marine Corps shall be to provide fleet marine forces of combined arms, together with supporting air components, for service with the fleet in the seizure or defense of advanced naval bases and for the conduct of such land operations as may be essential to the prosecution of a naval campaign. It shall be the duty of the Marine Corps to develop, in coordination with the Army and the Air Force, those phases of amphibious operations which pertain to the tactics, technique, and equipment employed by landing forces. In addition to its primary mission, the Marine Corps shall provide detachments and organizations for service on armed vessels of the Navy, shall provide security detachments for the protection of naval property at naval stations and bases, and shall perform such other duties as the President may direct: *Provided*, That such additional duties shall not detract from or interfere with the performance of the primary mission hereinbefore set forth. The Marine Corps shall be responsible, in accordance with integrated joint mobilization plans, for the expansion of peacetime components of the Marine Corps to meet the needs of war.

The Senate bill (sec. 206 (b)) provided that the provisions of this Act shall not authorize the alteration or diminution of the existing relative status of the Marine Corps (including the Fleet Marine Forces). The bill as agreed to in conference contains the same language (sec. 206 (c)) as that in the House amendment except that (1) the words "The primary mission of the Marine Corps shall be" at the beginning of the second sentence are changed to read "The Marine Corps shall be organized, trained, and equipped"; (2) the words "to its primary mission" at the beginning of the fourth sentence are omitted; and (3) the words "performance of the primary mission hereinbefore set forth" in the proviso at the end of the fourth sentence are omitted and in lieu thereof the words "operations for which the Marine Corps is primarily organized" are inserted.

COMPENSATION OF SECRETARIES

The Senate bill (sec. 302 (b)) provided that the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force shall each receive the compensation prescribed for the Secretary of Defense. The House amendment (sec. 301 (b)) provided that these

three Secretaries shall each receive compensation at the rate of $14,500 a year. The bill as agreed to in conference (sec. 301 (b)) provides that these three Secretaries shall each receive the compensation prescribed by law for heads of executive departments.

CLARE E. HOFFMAN,
GEORGE H. BENDER,
HENRY J. LATHAM,
JAMES W. WADSWORTH,
CARTER MANASCO,
JOHN W. MCCORMACK,
CHET HOLIFIELD,
Managers on the Part of the House.

○

[redacted]

b7D

Memorandum for Mr Ladd,

CUBA - Esp - R
CUBA - Int Sec - C

Attached hereto is [redacted]

b3
b7D

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

RECORDED

R

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-29-97 BY [signature]
330,299

RECORDED & INDEXED 162-80750-586
F B I
15 JAN 13 1948

101

PERS. FILES

5 - [illegible]

R

Pick memo Director 12-31-47 EN

2 14

51 JAN 22 1948

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

December 31, 1947

(S)

SECRET

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

MEMORANDUM FOR *THE DIRECTOR*

[redacted] (S)

[redacted] (S)

b1
b3

Respectfully,

Edw. A. Tamm

Attachment
EAT:ml

Central Intelligence agency

8-29-97
CLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
330,299 Per OGA

RECORDED & 162-80750-587
F B I
15 JAN 13 1948

PERS. FILES

file

SECRET

14 2 63

51 JAN 22 1948

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. LADD

DATE: December 23, 1947

FROM : R. W. Wall

SUBJECT: TRANSFER OF COMMUNICATIONS TO CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

b3

[redacted] Central Intelligence Agency, on December 22, 1947, advised that in the future, routine communication addressed to the Central Intelligence Agency should show the following change:

Formerly,

Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington 25, D. C.

Attention: [redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-28-97 BY [illegible]
330,299

Now,

b3

Director
Central Intelligence Agency
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington 25, D. C.

RECORDED 62-80750
EX-140
F B I
JAN 9 1948

Attention: [redacted]

CRD:jmm:jas

60 JAN 20 1948

CRIME REC.

STANDARD [redacted]

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD

DATE: December 23, 1947

FROM : R. W. Wall

SUBJECT: [redacted]

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Reference is made to Mr. Coyne's Pink memorandum to you dated December 11, 1947, relating that [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

Mr. MacMillan of CIA was advised that at the moment the Bureau is [redacted]

b3

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-28-97 BY [redacted]

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that this information be forwarded to Mr. Coyne of the Internal Security Section.

JFD:rhr

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-591 Enclosure

FBI

34 JAN 16 1948

5-DB

71 JAN 19 1948

R-617

C-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

b3

December 11, 1947

File - WB-5

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

We are in receipt of [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

b3

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 11-13-97 BY [illegible] 330,299

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-592

F B I

OBSERVATIONS:

[redacted]

Accordingly, I think we should brush this matter off in the easiest manner possible. To that end it is recommended

b3

1. That the Liaison Section, through which Section [redacted] was received, advise [redacted]

JPC:TD

71 JAN 19 1948

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

Mr. Ladd

2. [redacted]

3.

4.

5.

b3

ACTION:

If you are in agreement with the foregoing, the Liaison Section should advise CIA [redacted]

[redacted]

I most certainly concur. Waste no time on it. We have more pressing matters - E.T.D.

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

MEMORANDUM FOR

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES
TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC
DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

~~SECRET~~

[redacted] b7D

~~SECRET~~ - AIR COURIER

Director, FBI

b1
b3

Re: [redacted]

(S)

Dear Sir: [redacted]

b1
b3

(S)

R-647

53 FEB 2 1948

8/27/97
CLASSIFIED BY SP2 alm/pte
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
330, 299 Rev 0 GA

RECORDED & INDEXED 97

62-80750-594

19 JAN 10 1948

EX-137

~~SECRET~~

(S)



b1
b3

Very truly yours,

(U) Rolf L. Larson (S)

ROLF L. LARSON
LA

(U)

RLL:jar (S)
66-123



SECRET

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: January 12, 1948

FROM : SAC, New Orleans

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

~~SECRET~~

Re Mobile letter to Director 12-19-47 and Dallas letter to Director 12-24-47 concerning [redacted]

b1
b3

(S) [redacted] (S)

(U)

HCC:EIN
118-0 (S)

cc - Dallas
Mobile
Birmingham
El Paso
Houston
Little Rock
Memphis
Oklahoma City
San Antonio

(S) (U)

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

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8-27-97
CLASSIFIED BY SP2ALM/rte
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X1
330,299 per OGA

RECORDED 162-80750-596
INDEXED
F B I
15 JAN 21 1948

EX-28

~~SECRET~~

51 JAN 31 1948 RG-15

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

January 7, 1948

SECRET

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

(S)

[redacted]

[redacted]

(S)

Respectfully,

Edw. A. Tamm

Attachment
EAT:ml

8-27-97
CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X
330,299 per OGC

62-80750-597
F B I

15 JAN 13 1948

PERS. FILES

Nelson
E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

b1
b3
b7D

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

SECRET

January 19, 1948

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

b3

There is enclosed herewith Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriat[redacted] and/or Funds, dated January 13, 1948, [redacted]

Enclosure

GCC:MMW

62-80750

F B I

59 JAN 23 1948

RECORDED

EX-93

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
ON 8-27-97
330,299

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
F B I
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
JAN 19 2 [illegible] PM

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
le. Room
Nease
ss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
JAN 2 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

53 FEB

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

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SAC, Miami

January 20, 1948

Director, FBI

SECRET

Central Intelligence Agency

RECORDED 62-80750-599

Reurlet November 21, 1947.

The Bureau has [redacted] advised by [redacted]

(S)

b1
b3
b7D

(S)

You should continue to follow this matter closely and advise the Bureau of any pertinent developments.

(DVH:rhr)

DML:cmw

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AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
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EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

8-27-93
CLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X
330,299 per OGA

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
F B I
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE
JAN 21 12 41 PM '48

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
JAN 21 1948 P.M.
FBI
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

RECEIVED READING ROOM
JAN 21 10 41 AM '48

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SECRET

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DECLASSIFICATION
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EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

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WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE.

SECRET

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Clavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease

b3
b7D

Director, FBI

re: Central Intelligence Agency

(S) Dear Sir:

Reference is

b1
b3
b7D

Very truly yours,

W. C. Spears, LA

8-27-97
CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
33 p 299 Rev OGA

RECORDED 62-80750-599
F B I

INDEXED 31 JAN 24 1948
94

SECRET

EX-93

SECRET

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

FROM : SAC, Mobile

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

DATE: December 19, 1947

SECRET

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY Group

(S) [redacted] (S)

pg 4

b1
b3

(S) [redacted] (S)

b1
b3

JKM/dht

Encl.

ENCL

RECORDED & INDEXED

Ex 47

162-80750-600
F B I

32 JAN 20 1948

cc Birmingham
Dallas
El Paso
Houston
Little Rock
Memphis
New Orleans
Oklahoma City
San Antonio

8-27-97
CLASSIFIED BY SP2 alm pte
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
330,299 per OGA

106

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84

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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

~~SECRET~~

62-80750-600

ENCLOSURE

~~SECRET~~

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 12-24-47

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

FROM : SAC, Dallas

SECRET

SUBJECT: CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

Reference is made to

(S) (S)

b1
b3

(S) (S)

(S)

b3

The Bureau is requested to furnish the Dallas Office and offices receiving copies of this communication any information concerning (S) and if the Bureau has no information, it is requested that the Bureau contact

(S) (S)

b1
b3

DEFERRED RECORDING

Enc.
BTC:FB

(U) cc-Birmingham
Mobile
El Paso
Houston
Little Rock (S)
Memphis
New Orleans
Oklahoma City
San Antonio

8-22-97
CLASSIFIED BY SP2 Ampte
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 1
339,299 Per OGA

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-601
FBI
32 JAN 20 1948

DEC 30

ENCL.

SECRET

60FEB141948

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AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

SAC, DALLAS

b3

January 14, 1948

DIRECTOR, FBI

62-80750-602

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2ALM/rtc
330,299

Reference is made to your letter dated 12/24/47 and to [redacted]

b3

[redacted]

b3

cc - Birmingham
Mobile
El Paso
Houston
Little Rock
Memphis
New Orleans
Oklahoma City

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 1
JAN 14 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

5-GAP

106 CAD:jks

DIRECTOR, FBI

January 22, 1948

GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

INSTITUTE OF INTER-AMERICAN AFFAIRS INVESTIGATIONS
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY CHECKS

In accordance with Bureau instructions contact was made with [redacted] of the Central Intelligence Agency for the purpose of effecting arrangements whereby that agency would make name checks at the request of this office on investigations involving personnel of the Institute of Inter-American Affairs. In this regard, [redacted] and [redacted] have agreed to check the names of all individuals submitted to the Central Intelligence Agency through the indices of all investigative files maintained by that agency. [redacted] has advised that the check he will make will consist of an examination of all indices maintained by the Central Intelligence Agency and that a negative response on such a check will indicate that there is no derogatory information of any character in the possession of the Central Intelligence Agency. In the arrangement made the actual indices check will be made by personnel of the Central Intelligence Agency. b3

In the event a file is located at the Central Intelligence Agency which can be identified with the name being searched and which contains derogatory information, such information will be listed on the request form submitted by this office provided it is not of an involved nature. Should the file be large in size it will be made available for review by a Special Agent assigned to the Washington Field Office, unless the file contains what is considered by the Central Intelligence Agency to be "delicate" information, in which event a summary report will be provided by Central Intelligence Agency personnel to the Washington Field Office.

[redacted] since the checking of names against their indices is new, has been unable to advise how long these name checks will take but has assured this office that every effort will be extended to handle them in a minimum amount of time. b3

KTD:BGW
77-00

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 2-22-97 BY 330,299

RECORDED

62-80750-603

F B I

52 JAN 30 1948

FEB 6 1948

ORIGINAL FILED IN

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

(U) b1 b3

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: November 12, 1947

FROM : SAC, San Francisco (S)

SECRET

SUBJECT: (S)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm

(S)

b1 b3

(U)

HMK:mhr (S)

RECORDED 62-80750-604

EX-127 31 JAN 31 1948

12/15/47

50 FEB 16 1948

SECRET

RECEIVED

CLASSIFIED BY 8-22-97
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X
330,299

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MARKINGS APPLIED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE 25X(1)
DATE 12-06-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

DATE: February 5, 1948

FROM : R. W. Wall

SUBJECT: DISSEMINATION OF FBI INFORMATION FURNISHED TO CIA

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Ed. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] of CIA discussed with Special Agent Doherty of the Liaison Section the matter of dissemination of information furnished by this Bureau to CIA.

b3

[redacted] desired to know whether or not there would be any objection on the part of the Bureau to CIA furnishing information received from this Bureau to other agencies of the government providing the source of this information was not disclosed. [redacted] was advised that the Bureau takes the responsibility of furnishing to the interested agencies of the government any information which comes to its attention, and to have CIA to disseminate this information would be merely a duplication.

[redacted] stated when information is received by CIA from FBI which information is incorporated in a CIA report, if the Bureau objected to its dissemination, it would be necessary for CIA to delete the Bureau's information from the CIA report. In other words, CIA receives information from all agencies of the government which information is consolidated into one report.

b3

[redacted] was informed that this request would be brought to the attention of the Bureau, and when an answer was received, he would be advised.

330,299
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY [illegible]

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Bureau interpose no objection to the dissemination by CIA of information received from this Bureau providing the source thereof is not disclosed and secondly, only when the information to be disseminated is part of information received by CIA from other sources.

O.K.

EX-122

RECORDED
INDEXED
116

62-80750-606
F B I
19 FEB 11 1948 606

b3

RECORDED COPY FILED IN

53 FEB 13 1948

advised CIA of above 2/10/48

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: February 4, 1948

FROM: SAC, Miami

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT: Central Intelligence Agency

Reurlet January 20, 1948. 62-80750-599

This matter has been followed continuously and discreetly in an effort to determine [redacted] with negative results. [redacted]

b3
b7D

[redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

This matter will be followed in the future and the Bureau will be kept advised as to any information of interest developed with regard to the possibility that [redacted]

b3
b7D

CHC:JHK

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 alm/rte
330,299

Five

EX-100

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-607
F B I
19 FEB 10 1948

293

62 FEB 14 1948

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: February 20, 1948

FROM : MR. D. M. LADD

SUBJECT: DAILY AND WEEKLY SUMMARIES PREPARED BY CIA

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mendoh
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

You will recall that by letter dated February 11, 1948, Rear Admiral R. H. Hillenkoetter, Director of CIA, advised that the Bureau would no longer receive copies of [redacted] but that [redacted] would continue to be furnished. You penned the following note on this letter: "Tell them to keep this. We don't want it either. H."

b3

Prior to advising Rear Admiral Hillenkoetter with regard to your comment, I thought you would be interested in knowing of a conversation had with Rear Admiral Hillenkoetter by Special Agent J. F. Doherty of the Liaison Section in which Hillenkoetter indicated that he had advised the National Security Council that the FBI should continue to receive the [redacted] as well as [redacted] Admiral Hillenkoetter also indicated that even though the National Security Council had decided that the FBI would no longer be on the list for [redacted] it would be confidentially furnished to the Bureau for its information.

In the way of background concerning this situation, Admiral Hillenkoetter related that at a meeting of the National Security Council held on February 8, 1948, the State Department representative on the Council, Mr. Lovett, read a memorandum recommending that the following agencies be removed from the dissemination list for [redacted] Atomic Energy Commission, The Joint Intelligence Group, the Executive Secretary of the Military Liaison Committee of Atomic Energy, OCD of the State Department, and the FBI. At this meeting, according to Admiral Hillenkoetter, he told the Council that the FBI should receive this [redacted] but that it was ultimately decided by the Council that the afore-mentioned agencies were to be removed from the list.

b3

When asked for the reason for the State Department's action before the National Security Council, Admiral Hillenkoetter advised that Mr. Lovett informed the Council that in the event [redacted] was to be transmitted to the afore-mentioned agencies the State Department would [redacted] Therefore, it was Lovett's contention that because of [redacted] it should no longer be disseminated to the five agencies recommended for removal from the dissemination list.

G. I. R. 4

EJP:mer

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY [redacted]

62 MAR 15 1948

330,299

RECORDED & INDEXED 62-80750-608

EX-19

ACTION:

In accordance with your instructions, there is attached a letter to Admiral Hillenkoetter requesting that the Bureau also be omitted ~~on~~ from the distribution list for [redacted].

b3

I think letter is ok

7/21

Attached in RM

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : D. M. Ladd

FROM : R. W. Wall

DATE: January 31, 1948

SUBJECT: FBI LIBRARY

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

[redacted] of the Central Intelligence Agency, Extension 641, called Special Agent Doherty of the Liaison Section for the purpose of determining if it would be possible to arrange a meeting between the Librarian for CIA and the Librarian for the Bureau. b3

According to [redacted] the CIA Librarian desires to obtain some ideas of running a library and to have the benefit of the techniques used in the Bureau Library. [redacted] CIA, will also desire to discuss a program of exchanging books between the two libraries.

Mr. Suttler of the Crime Records Section was advised of this request and informed Agent Doherty that he could discuss this matter with [redacted] on Monday, February 9, 1948.

He came in at 9:30 A.M. Tuesday February 10, 1948

[redacted] has been telephonically advised that the Bureau Librarian would see [redacted] on Monday, February 9, 1948. b3

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this information be forwarded to the Crime Record Section for the attention of Mr. Suttler.

JPD:arc

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 339299

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-609

FBI

34 FEB 13 1948

CRIME REC'D

59 FEB 19 1948

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

File & Pons

January 28, 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. H. B. FLETCHER

FROM: C. Mamie Waldrep

At 10:55 a.m. today [redacted] in the office of [redacted] CIA Extension [redacted] called and wanted to make an appointment for [redacted] of CIA with the Bureau's Librarian for some time Monday morning regarding the loan of books from the Bureau's Library to CIA. b3

I told [redacted] that I would contact the Bureau's Librarian and either call her back or have the Librarian call her. I called Mr. Suttler's office and was informed that he was over in the Identification Building and could be contacted only every half hour. He is to call me some time this afternoon.

The library referred to may be the Department of Justice Library.

cmw

all information contained herein is unclassified
Date 8-22-97 by [illegible]
339,299

Mr. Suttler called at 11:30 a.m. and I advised him of [redacted] request. He stated that he did not want to contact [redacted] personally, and that it would be better for [redacted] to contact Mr. Doherty, our liaison representative, tell him what books he wanted and handle the matter in that manner. I called [redacted] and in her absence talked to [redacted] I suggested he contact Mr. Doherty regarding his request and he stated he would do so. b3

RECORDED & INDEXED

EX-122

62-80750-610

FBI

34 FEB 13 1948

59 FEB 19 1948

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

February 9, 1948

DIRECTOR, FBI

REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR LIAISON WITH CIA BY THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

Reurlet January 28, 1948. You are hereby authorized to institute a Liaison arrangement with the CIA, said Liaison to be limited to facilitate inquiries regarding pending investigations. This Liaison assignment will necessarily be one of a delicate nature and I therefore desire that your office be represented by a mature and experienced agent.

You are requested to advise the Bureau immediately as to the identity of the agent delegated to handle this assignment.

RECORDED 62-80750-611

EX-22

DVH:ah 77

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-92 BY [illegible] 339,299

RECEIVED-DIRECTOR F B I U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE FEB 10 4 05 PM '48

RECEIVED READING ROOM FEB 10 3 38 PM

Tolson
E. A. Tamm
Clegg
Glavin
Ladd
Nichols
Rosen
Tracy
Egan
Gurnea
Harbo
Mohr
Pennington
Quinn Tamm
Room
Nease
Sandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 11
☆ FEB 10 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

62 FEB 20 1948

RD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

JPB:HS

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: January 28, 1948

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC WASHINGTON FIELD DIVISION

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR LIAISON WITH CIA BY THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

Since September 30, 1941, this office has maintained active liaison with the State Department in Washington involving passport and visa matters which liaison as the Bureau is aware has proved to be highly successful and advantageous from the standpoint of investigative activity.

For sometime this office in the handling of foreign nationality groups has opened investigative files on aliens who are alleged to be involved in intelligence and propaganda activities in the United States. Many times informant coverage and investigation by the Field has pointed to probable similar activity on the part of these individuals in their resident countries.

The Bureau is requested to consider authorizing the Washington Field Office to establish liaison with CIA on a selective basis to check through CIA those persons who are alleged to have engaged in such activity in foreign countries.

An occasion for such a check would concern an individual recently having arrived in this country to become established with Embassies or foreign agencies; another occasion would concern an individual who has been reported by a former employee of OSS or CIA to have acted as an espionage agent prior to arrival in the United States.

I desire to point out that this contact would not involve any matters whatsoever relating to policy but would confine the contact to inquiries regarding pending investigation for background information of investigative value.

Central Intelligence Group

RECORDED
EX-22 INDEXED 62-80750-611
93
F B I
31 FEB 18 1948

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY 330 299 33611.111

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JAN 30 1948

___ The Director	___ Records Section
___ Mr. Tolson	___ Stamp and mail
___ Mr. Ladd	___ Prepare tickler
___ Mr. Rosen	___ Call file
___ Mr. Clegg	
___ Mr. Glavin	
___ Mr. Nichols	___ See Me
___ Mr. Tracy	___ Call me re this
___ Mr. Harbo	___ Note and return
	___ Please ascertain status
___ Mr. Hargett	
___ Mr. Coyne	___ Mr. _____
___ Mr. Fletcher	Room _____
___ Mr. Laughlin	
___ Mr. McCabe	
___ Mr. Mohr	
___ Mr. Nease	___ Miss Gandy
___ Mr. Pennington	___ Miss Gray
___ Mr. Quinn Tamm	___ Miss Artley
___ Mr. Tyler	___ Mrs. Metcalf

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-92 BY SP2 alm/pts
339,299

Edward A. Tamm
5734

AL BUREAU OF INVESTIG
STATES DEPARTMENT OF

cc: Mr. Fletcher
Supervisor

To: COMMUNICATIONS SECTION. FEBRUARY 19, 1948

Transmit the following message to: SAC, MILWAUKEE — ROUTINE

CIC REQUEST FOR COMMUNIST PARTY INFORMATION. REURCALL TO BUREAU FEBRUARY TWELVE LAST RELATIVE TO REQUESTS RECEIVED FROM [redacted] b3 [redacted] ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS RECEIVED SHOULD BE CONTAINED IN MOST INSTANCES IN REPORTS PREPARED IN YOUR OFFICE, WHICH IT IS ASSUMED HAVE BEEN DISSEMINATED BY YOU TO THE INTELLIGENCE DIVISION LOCALLY. IF SO, YOU SHOULD ADVISE THEM THAT THE INFORMATION THEY DESIRE WAS IN THE REPORTS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY YOU. IN THE EVENT YOU HAVE NOT BEEN FURNISHING COPIES OF REPORTS COVERING THE GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY TO G-TWO LOCALLY, YOU SHOULD FURNISH SUCH INFORMATION NOW TO THEM IN THE MOST CONVENIENT MANNER AVAILABLE IN RESPONSE TO THEIR REQUESTS. YOU SHOULD DEFINITELY ADVISE THEM THAT THE BUREAU CANNOT ESTIMATE THE FUTURE GROWTH OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. WITH REFERENCE TO THE INQUIRY AS TO FOREIGN CONSULATES, IF THIS INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE, IT MAY BE FURNISHED BUT NO INQUIRY SHOULD BE MADE TO ASCERTAIN THE IDENTITY OF SUCH OFFICIALS SINCE LISTS OF THEM ARE AVAILABLE TO THE ARMY IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOOVER

HBF:esb

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 alm/rte
330,299

RECORDED 62-80750-613

Mr. Telson
Mr. L. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

FEB 20 1948

50 FEB 28 1948 TELETYPE

SENT VIA _____ M Per _____

FV

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

FEB 20 1948

TELETYPE

FBI WASHINGTON, DC 2-20-48 5-26 PM VH

SAC, MILWAUKEE ROUTINE

CIC REQUEST FOR COMMUNIST PARTY INFORMATION. REURCALL TO BUREAU FEBRUARY TWELVE LAST RELATIVE TO REQUESTS RECEIVED FROM [redacted] b3 [redacted] ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS RECEIVED SHOULD BE CONTAINED IN MOSTINSTANCES IN REPORTS PREPARED IN YOUR OFFICE, WHICH IT IS ASSUMED HAVE BEEN DISSEMINATED BY YOU TO THE INTELLIGENEE DIVISION LOCALLY IF SQ, YOU SHOULD ADVISE THEM THAT THE INFORMATION THEY DESIRE WAS IN THE REPORTS PREVIOUSLY FURNISHED BY YOU. IN THE EVENT YOU HAVE NOT BEEN FURNISHING COPIES OF REPORTS COVERING THE GENERAL ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY TO G-TWO LOCALLY, YOU SHOULD FURNISH SUCH INFORMATION NOW TO THEM IN THE MOST CONVENIENT MANNER AVAILABLE IN RESPONSE TO THEIR REQUESTS. YOU SHOULD DEFINITELY ADVISE THEM THAT THE BUREAU CANNOT ESTIMATE THE FUTURE GROWTH OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY. WITH REFERENCE TO THE INQUIRY AS TO FOREIGN CONSULATES, IF THIS INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE, IT MAY BE FURNISHED BUT NO INQUIRY SHOULD BE MADE TO ASCERTAIN THE IDENTITY OF SUCH OFFICIALS SINCE LISTS OF THEM ARE AVAILABLE TO THE ARMY IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

HOOVER

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY [illegible]
330,299

A AND H PLS

OK FBI MI RAD TIME ON THIS MSG SHLD BE 5-16 PM

February 18, 1948

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY SP2ALM/rte
8-22-97
330,299

There is transmitted herewith Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriations and/or Funds [redacted]

b3

Enclosure

RECORDED 62-80750-614

37 FEB 24 1948

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

CCC: MW

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
FEB 20 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

52 MAR 2 1948

January 29, 1948

PERSONAL ~~AND CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Lieutenant General Stephen J. Chamberlin
Director of Intelligence
General Staff
U. S. Army
The Pentagon
Washington 25, D. C.

CLASSIFIED BY Spalmpete
8-22-97
330,299

Dear General Chamberlin: 62-80750-615

RECORDED

Information concerning the Marine Personnel of the Army Transportation Corps of the New York Port of Embarkation has been made available to this Bureau by an individual who has requested that his name be kept confidential.

Our informant claimed that the above described unit is full of aliens, who are not supposed to be holding government jobs. He added that the remaining few are naturalized citizens who lose little time in professing their love for Communism. The informant adds that this situation seems to prevail especially among the licensed officers, and that it holds true not only for the Marine personnel but also for the Civil Service workers.

The informant makes the statement that the Port C.I.C. seems to exist in name only. He claims that reports seem to go unheeded and that the Communists grow stronger daily. He comments that the average American seems actually fearful of criticizing Communism or the aliens who seem to be running the Transportation Corps and the base.

In particular, our informant advised that recently the First Officer of an unnamed ship, Anselmo Martiriano, a Spaniard who is a naturalized citizen of the United States, recently struck a fellow officer who had dared to criticize Europe and Communism. It was stated that the officer he struck is a graduate of Annapolis, and an ex Navy man. The whole matter was hushed up because of the influence exerted by Martiriano at the base.

G.I.R. 4

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 5
FEB 2 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEB 18 1948

The reliability of the informant who furnished the information is not known, and this information has not been verified by investigation. No further action is being taken by this Bureau in this matter.

This information is being made available to you for whatever action you deem advisable.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

DVH:arc

U.S.A.T. " HOLBROOK "
NEW YORK PORT OF EMBARKATION
BROOKLYN, N.Y.

23 January 1948

SUBJECT: LOYALTY REPORT

TO: THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

It is the opinion of many that the Marine Personnel of the Army Transportation Corps of the New York Port of Embarkation should be thoroughly investigated as to their loyalty to the Government.

The Division is full of aliens, who are not even suppose to be any longer holding government jobs. The remaining few are naturalized citizens who lose little time in professing their love for communism. This seems to prevail especially among the licensed officers. This holds true not only for the marine personnel but also for the civil service workers at the base.

The Port C.I.C. seems to exist in name only. Reports seem to go unheeded and the communists grow stronger daily. The average American seems actually fearful of criticizing communism or the aliens who seem to be running the Transportation Corps and the base.

The 1st. Officer of this ship, Anselmo Martiriano, a Nat. Citz. (Spain) recently struck a fellow OFFICER for daring to criticize Europe and Communism. The Officer he struck is a graduate of Annapolis, and an ex Navy man. The whole matter was hushed up because of the pull of the Spainard at the base.

As an American I sincerely hope that Washington will look into the situation here in New York. Needless to say if my name or this letter falls into Army hands I will find myself out of a job with the Govt.

2a

b7D

RECORDED & INDEXED

13

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 ... pte
330,299

62-80750-615
F B I
31 FEB 7 1948

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

EXEMPTED FROM AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION
AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
EXEMPTION CODE: 25X
DATE 12-06-2011

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. LADD

FROM : MR. KEAY

DATE: 2/20/48

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

SUBJECT: REQUEST FROM CIA REGARDING BOOKS ON MODERN CRIMINOLOGY

8-22-97
CLASSIFIED BY SP2 alm/pte
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Beahm
Miss Gandy

(S)

[redacted]

b1
b3

A request was made of Division 4 to furnish a list of the books mentioned above. Upon this list being furnished, it was forwarded to Inspector Hince of the Training and Inspection Division who recommended that the names of the following books and publishing houses be furnished:

1. Textbook of Firearms Investigation, Identification and Evidence together with The Textbook of Pistols and Revolvers by Major Julian H. Hatcher with a foreword by John Edgar Hoover, Director of the FBI. This book can be obtained from the Small Arms Technical Publishing Company at Plantersville, South Carolina.

2. Police Systems in the United States by Bruce Smith, published by Harper and Brothers, New York City, 1940.

3. Criminal Investigation--A Practical Textbook for Magistrates, Police Officers and Lawyers by Dr. Hans Gross, John Adam and J. Collyer Adam, and edited by Norman Kendel, printed by Sweet and Maxwell and distributed by the Carswell Company, Toronto, Canada.

4. Forensic Chemistry and Scientific Criminal Investigation by Lucas, published by Edward Arnold Company, London, 1931.

G.I.R.-4

CDD:mk

List furnished to Mc Millen, C.I.A., as per instruction - CDD

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-618

B I

5-15 FEB 25 1948

56 MAR 5 1948

EX-58

~~SECRET~~

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

5. Classification of Fingerprints by FBI.

ACTION:

If no objection is raised, the above list of books will be furnished to McMillen of CIA as per his request.

~~SECRET~~

FROM DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO
OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK

Mr. Tolson	( )
Mr. E. A. Tamm	( )
Mr. Clegg	( )
Mr. Glavin	( )
Mr. Ladd	( )
Mr. Nichols	( )
Mr. Rosen	( )
Mr. Tracy	( )
Mr. Gurnea	( )
Mr. Harbo	( )
Mr. Mohr	( )
Mr. Nease	( )
Miss Gandy	( )
	( )

See Me	( )
Note and Return	( )
For Your Recommendation	( )
What are the facts?	( )

Remarks:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY [illegible]
330,299

I don't get
purport of
last sentence.

62-80750-619

ENCLOSURE

3:30PM

March 1, 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON
MR. TAMM
MR. LADD

While talking to Secretary Forrestal on another matter, I told him that the Bureau had been receiving until recently [redacted] which was stopped by the Security Council. I told the Secretary that I thought the protest came from the State Department because they did not want their material distributed around. The Secretary stated that he did not know of this, and further advised that he is presently having [redacted] Mr. Alan Dulles (phonetic), and [redacted] look into the security and inter-relations between the Government Departments. The Secretary indicated that he would like to have [redacted] speak to me on the security relations matter. I told the Secretary that I would be glad to talk to [redacted]

b3

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY [illegible] complete
330,299

cc Mr. Nease
Tele Room

JEH:RJP

RECORDED 62-80750-620
INDEXED
FBI
MAR 3 1948

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 6:30 PM
DATE 3-2-48
BY [illegible]

RECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-37747-1

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: February 17, 1948

FROM : GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON

SUBJECT: STOP NOTICES, CIVIL AERONAUTICS ADMINISTRATION

For the information of the Bureau, there is enclosed one copy each of Lists Air 20 A and Air 20 A-1 showing the location of airports and facilities covered by the CAA teletype network which is used in placing stop notices to locate planes at the request of this Bureau. Also enclosed is one copy of a map showing regions and regional offices of the CAA.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY 339 299

Enclosures - 3

CEH:VIM

62-80750-623

ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE

86-X3

57 MAR 11 1948

SAC, Washington Field

February 25, 1948

Director, FBI

RECORDED 62-80750-624

Request for Authorization for Liaison
With CIA by the Washington Field Office

Reference is made to your letter dated February 18, 1948, regarding liaison with the Central Intelligence Agency.

In connection with this matter it is expected that your activities will be confined strictly to name checks and matters of interest to the Washington Field Office.

The Bureau, of course, will continue to handle all matters of policy and liaison for other field offices.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY [redacted]
330/299

CDD:arm

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 12
FEB 26 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

FEB 26 3 34 PM

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: February 18, 1948

FROM: GUY HOTTEL, SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR AUTHORIZATION FOR LIAISON WITH CIA BY THE WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

ReBulet February 9, 1948.

Special Agent JOHN P. BUSCHER has been designated to handle the assignment of liaison Agent between CIA and the Washington Field Office.

On February 16, 1948, Agent BUSCHER conferred with [redacted] of CIA regarding the establishment of liaison. As a result of this conference arrangements have been made so that names for indices check purposes will be submitted to CIA through Agent BUSCHER, which will result in the names being checked through the indices of all departments of CIA and information located as a result of the search will be made available for review.

b3

[redacted] desired to know specifically whether the checks to be made dealt entirely with applicant matters or with other types of individuals, and he was informed that the names being checked as a result of this liaison arrangement would involve persons who if the information obtained warranted, may be of interest to the Bureau along security lines.

WCR:JC
100-00

Letter to SAC, WFO 2/24/48

INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY [redacted] 330;299

RECORDED & INDEXED

62-80750-624

59

CC-247

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Carson
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

February 26, 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. LADD

Colonel C. W. Clarke, of the Intelligence Division of the Army, while discussing other matters with Special Agent S. W. Reynolds, of the Liaison Section, advised that he had ascertained that a special committee had been appointed to inquire into the activities of the Central Intelligence Agency. Colonel Clarke advised Mr. Reynolds confidentially that the committee is composed of [redacted] Colonel Clarke indicated that [redacted] and that [redacted]

b3

Respectfully,

V. P. Keay

SWR:tlc

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 almpte 330,299

RECORDED & INDEXED

162-80750-626

37 MAR 4 1948

52 MAR 15 1948

THIS MEMORANDUM IS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE PURPOSES TO BE DESTROYED AFTER ACTION IS TAKEN AND NOT SENT TO FILES

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. ROSEN

DATE: March 6, 1948

FROM : MR. CALLAN

SUBJECT: APPLICANTS CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

This is to advise you regarding the status of the requests for investigation received from CIA as of March 1, 1948.

NUMBER OF CASES RECEIVED SINCE SEPTEMBER 30, 1946
NUMBER OF CASES COMPLETED AND REPORTS FORWARDED CIA
NUMBER OF CASES DISCONTINUED AND NOT INVESTIGATED
NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH INVESTIGATION PENDING
NUMBER OF CASES BEING SEARCHED OR IN DICTATION
NUMBER OF CASES DELINQUENT

b3
G.I.R. 4

This is the final report.

AMD:IMC

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 8-22-97 BY SBalm/pte
330,299

RECORDED
4

62-80750-628
F B I
21 MAR 10 1948

EX-58

62 MAR 18 1948

March 15, 1948

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

Director of Central Intelligence
107 Central Building
2430 E Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

b3

Attention: [redacted]

b3

There is transmitted herewith Voucher for Transfers Between Appropriations and/or Funds, dated March 12, 1948, [redacted]

DECLASSIFIED BY [illegible]
ON 8-22-97

RECORDED 330,299

Enclosure

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
~~MAILED 10~~
☆ MAR 16 1948 P.M.
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

62-80750-629

F B I
51 MAR 18 1948

RECEIVED-PERSON
F B I
DEPT OF JUSTICE

MAR 15 1 35 PM '48

G. I. R. 4

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

GCC:MMW

59 MAR 25 1948

DG-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

March 9, 1948

The attached was sent to the Director by Walter Winchell.

The notation thereon reads:

"To Hoover
From
W.W."

Attachment
mt

Mr. Tolson
Mr. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Jones
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Tele. Room
Mr. Nease
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 8-22-97 BY SP2 [illegible]
330,299

INDEXED
RECORDED
37

162-80750-630
F B I
21 20 1948

ENCL.

56 MAR 27 1948

UNCLOAKED AND NO DAGGER: [redacted] CONCERN IN WASHINGTON OVER THE INADEQUACY OF U.S. [redacted]TELLIGENCE IN THE AREAS [redacted]NALYSIS AND SECRET INTELLIGENCE (SPY[redacted]) CAUSED THE NATIONAL SEC[redacted]TY COUNCIL [redacted] TO CREATE A THREE-MAN COMMISSION TO SURVEY THE ENTIRE FIELD AND RECOMMEND DRASTIC REVISION.

IT SEEMS NOW TO BE GENERALLY ACCEPTED THAT ADMIRAL HILLENKOETTER'S CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AUTHORITY HAS DEVELOPED A DANGEROUS INEPTITUDE. HILLENKOETTER'S WORST MISTAKE SO FAR: DISSOLUTION OF THE ESTABLISHED ARMY AND FBI SECRET NETS AND CREATION OF AN ENTIRELY NEW ONE UNDER CIA (THE FBI COVERED LATIN AMERICA, THE ARMY THE REST OF THE WORLD. CONSERVATIVELY, SOME INTELLIGENCE CAREERISTS SAY, IT REQUIRES AT LEAST TWO DECADES TO DEVELOP A SECRET NET EVEN APPROXIMATING THE WORLD CHAMPION BRITISH SIS. THE FBI AND ARMY HAD BEEN OPERATING THEIR LATE NETS FOR SIX YEARS WHEN HILLENKOETTER, CONFIRMING THE DECISION OF HIS UNSPECTACULAR PREDECESSOR HOYT VANDENBERG, WASHED THEM OUT TO MAKE WAY FOR HIS OWN.

ENCLOSURE

SOME ELEMENTS OF THE CIA NET, WHICH [redacted] INHERITED FROM WARTIME OSS AND CONSEQUENTLY HAD DEVELOPED SOME BR[redacted] AND EFFECTIVE. UNFORTUNATELY, THE MOST CRITICAL OF ALL SECRET INTELLIGENCE AREAS, THE SOVIET HEGEMONY, IS VIRTUALLY UNCOVERED. WHERE HILLENKOETTER IS OPERATING, HE IS KEYED TO THE U.S. DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS, SO THAT ONCE ANY OF THESE IS BLANKED OUT BY DECLARATION OF WAR OR ENEMY ACTION, HIS NET WOULD BE BLINDED IN THAT AREA.

THE NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL VOTED TO PICK ITS COMMISSION OF INQUIRY FROM OUTSIDE THE ARMY, NAVY AND CIA TO INSURE THE MOST OBJECTIVE FINDINGS POSSIBLE. (SHEPLEY)

ENCL.

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SC-247

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Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Egan
Mr. Gurnea
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Pennington
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Nease
Miss Gandy

March 2, 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Mr. Jerome Doyle stopped at my office on March 1, 1948.

[redacted] b3

Forrestal spoke to Doyle about the situation, and Doyle suggested that an independent committee make a careful study of CIA's operations to determine just what was wrong with it.

Forrestal talked to Admiral Souers and Souers selected a committee which is to conduct a study of CIA and submit a report to Forrestal. The committee includes [redacted] b3 and a third person named [redacted]

Doyle expressed the opinion that there would not be much to come out of this board because they were going to meet once every two or three months, and consider reports upon the operations of CIA prepared by CIA officials. Doyle pointed out that for practical purposes, the CIA officials, under the program outlined, are passing upon their own competency, efficiency and effectiveness, and that the results of their analysis of their own conduct will be obvious.

Respectfully,

E. A. Tamm

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