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Description of document: Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File 80-HQ-760,

Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping, 1945 - 1989

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Attn: FOI/PA Request

Record/Information Dissemination Section

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Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

October 14, 2011

Subject: FILE NUMBER 80-HQ-760 FOIPA No. 1145568- 000

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Section 552		Section 552a
□(b)(1)	□(b)(7)(A)	□(d)(5)
□(b)(2)	□(b)(7)(B)	□(j)(2)
□(b)(3)	⊠(b)(7)(C)	□(k)(1)
	⊠(b)(7)(D)	□(k)(2)
	⊠(b)(7)(E)	□(k)(3)
	□(b)(7)(F)	□(k)(4)
□(b)(4)	□(b)(8)	□(k)(5)
□(b)(5)	□(b)(9)	□(k)(6)
⊠(b)(6)		□(k)(7)

- 1192 page(s) were reviewed and 1057 page(s) are being released.
- Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:
 - ☑ referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.
 - □ referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

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□ The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown, when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

☑ See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

David M. Hardy
Section Chief
Record/Information
Dissemination Section
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

Please be advised this release of documents is responsive to your request for all documentation on file number 80-HQ-760. This release consists of the following file numbers: 80-HQ-760 Sections 1-5 and 80-HQ-760-EBF 136/387/125/467. This material is being forwarded to you at no charge on a CD by your request.

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Section 1

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIV YBP AUTŮMATIC DECLASSIBICATION G ffice Memorandum E. P. COFFEY R. F. PFAFMAN SUGGESTIONS BY SPECIAL AGENT J. J. HILL There are attached hereto two memorandums to me dated September 6, 1945 submitted by Special Agent J. J. Hill of the Electrical Section setting forth respectively suggestions relative to emergency microphone installations and a radio frequency microphone for possible use on a telephone line. I have reviewed these suggestions and it is believed that both suggestions have considerable merit and warrant experimental development as soon as other work of the Bureau permits. Exempt from GDS.

UTOMATTO DECLASSIFICAT 01-24-2011 R. F. PFAFMAN 600 DATE: September 6. 1945 J. J. HILL Émergency Microphone Installation In the field in many instances the condition arises in a metropolitan area where a microphone installation is necessary with no notice in advance of the subject s occupancy of a hotel room. From a security standpoint these installations are hazardous in that they entail an element of irregular entrance and in many instances such are extremely difficult or are made under adverse conditions. It is proposed that a device built on the principles in an inter-office communication system may be designed or built into some room fixture such as a lamp that could be placed into the subject s room by anyone associated or connected with the hotel without arousing suspicion. This device would in turn impose upon the power line a radio frequency signal bearing an audio characteristic from the microphone pickup. The Bureau sound man could then obtain a room anyplace in the hotel operating on the same electrical circuit and by having a receiving device tuned to the radio frequency to plug into that circuit and thereby pick up the intelligence to be fed into the other pieces of Bureau equipment such as Presto 3D recorder or a detectaphone. A device of this type would lessen the limitation placed upon the sound man as far as locating a proper plant or room from which to operate. Under present hotel conditions which are extremely crowded this factor would be of great value. The selection of a frequency at which to operate of course would depend upon judgment of the Bureau as to what would work satisfactorilly and be outside the range of the domestic receiver brand. I feel that it should be pointed out however that even though such a device was operated on a frequency outside of the usual domestic receiver byand it might be possible that a signal such as this could be detected on a short-wave receiver and there would thereby be a slight chance of detection of the system of operation. It is probably very hard to predict at this point just how strong this signal would be and thereby how much chance there would be of detecting it on a short wave recelv In view of these conditions it is felt that experimentation should begin along this line before judgment is passed on this point. Classified by 24 Exempt from Colegory 2

Date of Declassification

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED PROME FBE AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

Office Memic. Aum • United

DJP:EH
TO: MR. E. P.

MR. E. P. COFFE

MR. E. P. WIFEI

FROM : MR. D. J. PARSONS

SUBJECT:

RESEARCH' SOUND DEVICES

TELEPHONE MICROPHONE UNIT

DATE: Se

September 13, 1945

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamp
Mr. Cheg.
Mr. Coffey
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Grann
Mr. Egan
Mr. Egan

Mr. Hendon Mr. Pennin Mr. Quinn Tele. Room Mr. Nease Miss Beahm Miss Gandy

There is attached hereto two suggestions of Special Agent J. J. Hill of the Electrical Section proposing research projects in connection with technical surveillances. Also attached is a memorandum of Mr. Pfafman expressing his belief that both suggestions are meritorious.

The first suggestion concerns the use of house wiring and using a power line to carry microphone impulses to be picked up elsewhere in the building or on the same power line thus eliminating the necessity of stringing wires for microphone coverage.

Although this suggestion is not new, it is very worth while and could be of tremendous value to Bureau investigation if developed to a usable stage. We have previously had a research project in this category which was deferred because of the pressure of other business when but very little investigation had been conducted into this possibility. Conceivably this could be an extended project and although neither Messrs. Hill nor Pfafman estimate the time to be spent, I feel that it would be very worth while to spend an initial twenty man-days after which a summary report could be written outlining the possible approaches to the problem and what promise of success it holds. After this, further consideration would be given as to whether the project should be continued.

Mr. Hill's second suggestion concerns a new approach to the utilizing of standard telephone instruments with a single pair of wires for both telephone and microphone coverage. We are presently working on a project whereby a resistance-relay system is being utilized for this. Mr. Hill proposes the simple addition of a capacitor to the telephone instrument and the imposing of a radio frequency on the microphone which would be modulated by the sound in the room for microphone coverage. This proposed method of T-M coverage has several advantages over our present approach and certainly worth some experimentation to determine the feasibility. I think that this initial test should not require more than ten man-days since there is a possibility of developing something very worth while at this time.

RECOMMENDATION: I wish to recommend the approval of both of the above projects, namely, twenty man-days research on the transmission of microphone impulses on a power line, and ten man-days on the radio frequency including the single pair T-M coverage in order that they may be assigned as soon as Electrical Section personnel can devote time to them.

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Attachments from 605 Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

of Research !

2) 25/5/45

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SSIFICATION AUTHODITY DESTURY FORM: AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION CUIDE movandum GOVERNI UNITED . TO DATE: 10/8/45 THE DIRECTOR They FROM THE EXECUTIVE CONFERENCE SUBJECT: The Conference on October 8, 1945, consisting of Messrs. E. A. Tamm, Coffey, Glavin, Hendon, Ladd, Morgan, Nichols, Rosen, and Tracy, considered two proposed research projects to be conducted in the Electrical Section of the Laboratory, both having to do with the further development of microphones: I. The first project proposes the development of a microphone with accessories in one unit small enough to be inserted in an electric light fixture. This unit would convert microphone pickup into radio impulses which would then be transmitted over the regular house electrical circuit and could be picked off and amplified at a convenient place having access to the same house electrical current. The principles involved in this project are already well established and they are put to commercial use in the form of ships' telephone systems, certain interoffice communication systems, so-called electric baby nurse, etc. The new angle proposed here is the development of the unit using tiny tubes so that it is so small and compact as to be inconspicuously inserted in a standard electric fixtures Mr. Coffey advised that an initial expenditure of ten man days work in its development would be sufficient to indicate the practicability of this project and that the ten days work would be done as current work permits. He also advised that the project has been considered and approved by the Research Committee consisting of Messrs. Ladd, Glavin, and Coffey. The Conference unanimously recommended the approval of ten days work on this project. II. The second project proposes the development of a microphone concealed in a telephone instrument in such a manner that a constant radio frequency or carrier could be fed through this microphone from the listening plant. Conversations going on the room would then modulate this radio frequency so that the modulated form could be picked up and amplified at the plant. Essentially the same thing is presently done successfully by the Bureau by utilizing an electrical circuit through the telephone conductors. This proposed substitution of a radio frequency would eliminate existing disadvantages of line noises. The research committee of Messrs. Coffey, Ladd and Glavin have already considered this project and approved the same for an expenditure of ten man days. The Conference unanimously recommends approval of this project: Respectfully For the Conference Clyde' Tolsor Classified by 24 CT 25 1945 Exempt from CC-Materille Dechesillest Hendon

Memorandum for Mr. Harbo



Due to the range limitations of this type of equipment and to the fact that it is necessary that material be installed within the telephone instrument proper, it is believed that the RF microphone is not a practical piece of technical equipment for Bureau use at this time.

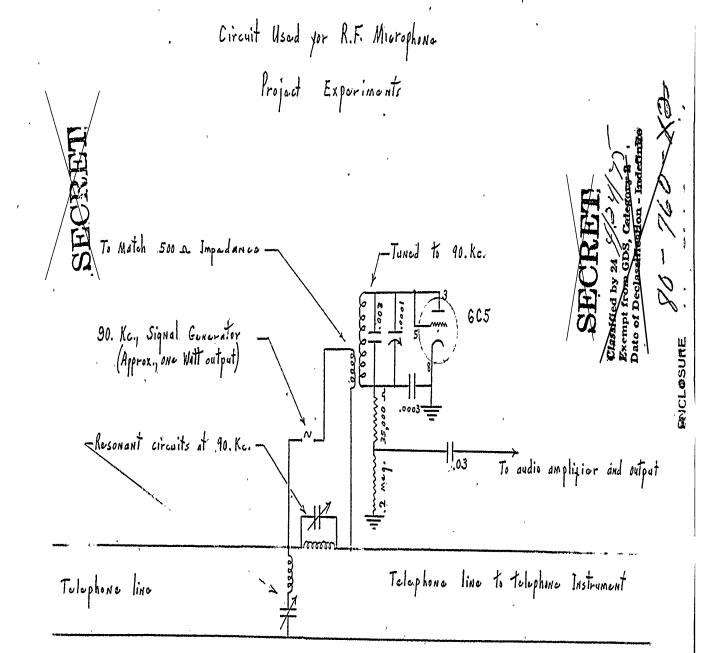
RECOMMENDATION:

Accordingly, it is recommended that the development project of the RF microphone be closed at this time.

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GBS Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite



GOVERNM MR. HARBO / DATE: July 28, 1950 FROM I. W. CONRAI ELEPHONE RESEARCH As you know, we have carried on research looking toward using the telephone as a microphone by means of sending a radio frequency signal onto the telephone line at some point between the telephone and the central office. Our efforts in this regard were successful on a limited scale in that it was necessary to place a small condenser across the telephone switch and, further, in that coverage was limited to a few feet from the ' Ocountermeasure Installations telephone. W For further work on this project several possibilities are open, including the following, each of which will be followed to a logical conclusion. Placing radio signal between one side of line and ground. Using telephone bell vibrator as the microphone element. 3. Feeding an alternate current signal into the phone of such frequency as to be resonant with the line and telephone instrument in question. The use of phase modulated or frequency modulated signals, the modulation of which will be affected by some element of the telephone instrument. IWC/mr mr 20-760-1 Classified by 2 Exempt from GDS Greenry 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite EX-143

Office Men.

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GOVERNMENT

August 2, .1950

DATE:

b7C

TO : MR. HARBO

ROM : I. W. CONRAD

subject TELEPHONE RESEARCH

SECRET

Reference is made to my memorandum of July 28, 1950 relative to the above entitled matter reporting on the progress of a research project looking toward using the telephone as a microphone by means of sending a radio frequency signal onto the telephone line. As you know, this is only one of several methods of using the telephone as a microphone, some of the other methods involving the use of altered telephone switches, resistors across the telephone switch, etc.

One of the possible directions for further work outlined in my memorandum of July 28, 1950 has resulted in a very substantial improvement in the results obtained by the radio frequency method, to the extent that it is now possible with the laboratory equipment to dispense with the small condenser heretofore required across the telephone switch, and to secure coverage over a considerably larger area such as an average room.

Practically, this means that it is possible to utilize an existing telephone installation for microphone coverage without entering the premises of the subject or without modifying the telephone instrument in any way. It is still necessary, however, to have access to the subject's telephone wires at some point remote from the subject's location.

In addition to the laboratory work on this project, it has been known that at least two commercial companies were conducting parallel research; namely; Research Products Incorporated, Danbury, Connecticut, and the American Institute of Radiation, Belmont, California. You will recall that former Special Agent Eugene J. Cronin is Research Director of the latter organization. Cronin previously has been invited informally to demonstrate his equipment but thus far has made no arrangements to do so. Accordingly, it is not known how far his work has progressed. However, arrangements for demonstration of the equipment of Research Products Incorporated were completed developed by and the demonstration held in the Radio and Electrical Section on the morning of performs in a highly satisfactory July 29, 1950. The equipment developed by manner, permitting coverage of a substantial portion of the room without modifies cation of the telephone instrument used for such coverage. In view of the fact is attempting to arrange for the sale of rights to his equipment, inquiry relative to the details of the radio circuits used by him was specifically avoided, particularly in view of the parallel research project currently being carried on in the Laboratory.

The this connection, it is noted that by nor the equipment developed by the	neither the equipment demonstrated ne Haboratory as yet will accompodate
CECRET	he Laboratory as yet will accommodate AECORDED - 119 80-760
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in a single instrument all of the distances at which it may be desirable to separate the plant from the subject's premises. However, this is considered to be an engineering refinement which can be overcome without too much difficulty; for example, in the absence of other solutions, it would always be possible to design a series of units, each intended to cover only a certain range of such distances.

Effective countermeasures against the use of such equipment are, of course, available; for example, the use of suitable condensers to prevent the radio frequency from entering the telephone instrument is entirely feasible. However, until knowledge of this technique becomes more widely known, it is felt that this technique will be of material value to the Bureau, particularly in cases where access to the subject's premises is difficult or impossible.

ACTION:

SECRET

Classified by 24 particle Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

-2.

fice Mem

lum UNITED S

August 2,

DATE:

FROM:

J. PARSONS

SUBJECT:

WIRE TAPPING

PURPOSE

The purpose of this memorandum is to advise of a recent development in the field of wire tapping and developments growing out of considerable excitement on the part of officials in the Department of Defense.

BACKGROUND

We have been doing considerable research in the Laboratory in an effort to devise new methods of using telephones as microphones and one of the current attacks has been an effort to impose a radio frequency in the telephone line which would permit the telephone instrument to be used as a microphone in the room so that conversation could be picked up at a remote point without ever approaching the subject's premises. We have known that other people in the electronics field have been working on a similar approach and as far back as March, 1950, Eugene Cronin, former Special Agent who is Research Director of the American Institute of Radiation at Belmont, California, claimed to have completed a unit to demonstrate this possibility. We endeavored to obtain a demonstrate tion of this from Cronin but were not successful and were therefore dubious of his claim to success.

Ż	We have, since then, put considerable effort into this approach
IJ	, and achieved a measure of success. We have learned that
`	of Research Products, Inc., Danbury, Connecticut, has been the first one
,	loutstae the Bureau to actually demonstrate a successful model. We learned
	last week through Liaison Agent that had approached the
)	$N^{Department}$ of Defense and was successful in having his development broughts
	to the attention of Secretary Johnson, who has apparently become quite
	Vexcited about the ramifications of the development. Consequently, we
2)	marranged for a demonstration of unit last Saturday, July 29;
1	here at the Bureau. He, of course, are not show us the inside of his
``	unit nor furnish us any wiring diagram, though we are reasonably certain
	that his success has been attained based on the principles upon which we
X	Thave been working. His unit worked very satisfactorily under certain of
"	the test conditions but did not work at all on a longer phone line on
1,	which one test was made. I might say that neither unit nor
1	work on all lengths of telephone line. INDEXED 119
ł	SECPTION 1178 INDEXED 119
	Incidentally, and his promoters were seeking high level
۸.	attention and attempted to attach as much fan fare as possible the
	demonstration and had requested that the Director be present. It advised
	Mr. Ladd of the demonstration and that his presence had been dequested.
	I discouraged this in order to the feeling on the part of
•	Company of the series of the s
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Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Re: Wire Tapping Referral/Consult

or any of the representatives of the Department had been thrown into hysteria by this development.

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Defense that the FBI

	S12	
	Colonel Sidney Bubenstein, who is now Executive Security	
	<u>Coordinating Officer in the Office of the Secretary of Defense, accompanied</u>	ã
ľ	to the Bureau for the demonstration. Aside from the others,	
١	handan dan in ann in an	1
l	were discussing the possibility of buying the exclusive rights to this	
ı	idea from but he felt that the FBI was the one to be the pur-	٦
r	chasing and coordinating agency	
I		_/
Ì	T to 7d Dub on at ain wa	
ŀ	would not under any circumstances pay "hush money" to or anyone	
١١	would not under any circumstances pay "hush money" to or anyone else for the idea, and Mr. Conrad and I later told that we were	
	not interested in buying the idea. We did tell him that we had been	
	working on a device which achieved the same thing and we knew others were	
	working along similar lines. We also advised him that we knew it was	
	possible to detect the radio frequency in a telephone instrument and it	
1	would be possible to counteract the device. agreed to this and	
	was perfectly reasonable in our discussion. I did tell that our	
	only interest would be in having units produced for us since we were not	
	in a position to do manufacturing here. Mr. Conrad and I asked	}
١	to give us a quotation on the manufacture of these units in lots of 50,	
	100 and 200 regardless of whether they were constructed from his design	
į	or from ours. told us he could do this and would be glad to give	Ť
1	us an estimate when he returned to Washington later this week. He tenta-	
	tively estimated they would cost in the neighborhood of \$225 each.	1
	CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS	į.
	CONTENT DEVELOPMENTS	i
	I received a phone call this morning from former Agent Pat Coyne	Į
ı	who is now with the National Security Council and he came over in connec-	İ
I	tion with a request that Admiral Souers had received from the President.	1
I	Coyne was rather disgusted that there should have been such fanfare and	1
	excitement over this development and asked what the Bureau's knowledge	į
	and position were with regard to it. I told Mr. Coyne about the demonstra	4
I	tion of the equipment last Saturday here at the Bureau, which he was	1
ı	already familiar with, and I also told him confidentially that we had	j.
•	been working on the same thing and had a successful laboratory model.	
	I also told him I had advised Rubenstein and that the Bureau	1
	would not pay any "hush money" toor anyone else because:	9
	1. We knew others were working on this idea and it would	ì
	be only a matter of time before somehody would broadcast it.	ł

b7C Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Re: Wire Tapping 2. It was possible to detect whether a phone had been tapped in this manner. 3. It would be possible to defeat this device by a rather It simple addition to the telephone instrument. For the purpose of Mr. Coyne's inquiry, I recommend that we advi<u>se him si</u>nce we have a workable unit that we will not buy the idea or anyone else and that if requested, we will make our circuit diagram available to the Department of Defense. I would also like to advise Mr. Coyne, if approved, that this idea has previously come to the attention of the Bureau from an outside source which is illustrated by the memorandum of Eugene J. Cronin, Research Director of the American Institute of Radiation, Belmont, California, dated March 11, 1950, entitled "Confidential Proposal Number One." This memorandum advised that Cronin had a satisfactory model and could also demonstrate the countermeasures to defeat this technique. Cronin advised us that this memorandum was prepared for Mr. Kenneth Lewis of the Bureau of Ships which is, of course, within the National Defense Agency. It is this model that Cronin claimed to have developed that we were unable to get him to demonstrate. Mr. Coyne intends to prepare a memorandum to the President recommending that no agency have any money to shut him up, but. be promised, if he will sell units of he will recommend that this type only to certain Federal security agencies, that those agencies will not make his equipment available to any commercial company. CONCLUSIONS In the past few days we have made a substantial improvement in O our working model and now feel that we are ready to proceed immediately to have some manufactured. As soon as a price is obtained from a specific recommendation will be submitted immediately. RECOMMENDATIONS That I advise Mr. Coyne as indicated above. Until we are able to submit a definite proposal on securing some of these units, I wish to recommend at this time that consideration be given to altering the most critical phones of Bureau officials to defeat the possibility that they might be used as microphones by someone outside having knowledge of this l equipment.



DO-7

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR, FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

TO

·OFFICIAL INDICATED BELOW BY CHECK MARK Mr. Tolson Mr. Clegg Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Gurnea Mr. Harbo Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr Mr. Nease Miss Gandy See Me Note and Return For Your Recommendation(What are the facts? Remarks: Date of Declassification - Indefinite

80-760-141

RECORDED - 119 26 27

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Septem

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011 fice Men UNITED Sin GOVERNMENT DATE: August \9, 1950 MR. A. H. BELMONT MR. C. E. HENNRICH Clegg Glavir Helpeto de On the afternoon of August 8, I talked with Mr. Parsons of the Laboratory and inquired as to the availability of technical equipment to establish a tel-mike without actual access to the premises to be covered. Tele. Ro Mr. Parsons later called me and advised that such equipment would be available within two to three days and he requested information regarding the most desirable installation // to be made. I called ASAC Fletcher <u>of the WFO for such infor-</u> <u>advised Mr. Parsons</u> This installation is located at plant Since the Attorney General's approval has been obtained for coverage of this phone, no further approval for the installation of this equipment need be secured. CTION This matter will be closely followed and you will be advised of developments in this new technique. For your information.

CEH:mer

Date of Declassification Indefinite

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80-760-3 AUG. 143 1950

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Office Memorandum • united states government

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9	TO :	MR. HARB	ORA N			DATE:	August 1	4, 795	35
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Uthersonic Tel	of the known o at the us. The treated we have field a have so SA ment of we desire the sam by to retue quipmed July 29 to arra	mately on Washinato f Bureau and the tried to no where ught demonstrate way as a demonstrate way as	re week before Field Of over a per ded demonstration and he had present who phone of the matter demonstration and the matter demonstration and demonstration and the had present of the matter demonstration and demonstration are demonstration as a series of the demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration and demonstration are demonstration and demonstration are demonstration are demonstration are demonstration and demonstration are	ristence of a core this demonstrated some of several many other comments of all desired to had received as from the country. Land a from the country of sufficients of sufficients of sufficients of and advission and advission and advission and advission the core of the country of sufficients	nstrati s and he his ele inor it ercial m evelopme ave an July 2 ded his ed to ed to ed to er, on e Pentag held th ent imno	on throw person has prectronic ems from anufacture of the second person of the second person on the second person on the second person on the second person on the second person of the second person	igh SA windly. Eviously equipment him. For committee, the committee to the stown to the stown that we have to see	called nt to We have at is ercial our wor d by e Depar ether did e us in dvised inten this Saturd	ded day,
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Memo to Mr. Harbo 8/14/50
Re: Wire Tapping

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_____to come to the Bureau at 10 11 11 on sturday.

OINT No. 3

The Director also inquired as to why this demonstration was held at the Bureau rather than at the Department of Defense with whom was already in contact.

As I have previously indicated, has visited the Laboratory on previous occasions and demonstrated his equipment.

Therefore, his visit here was nothing new and neither did it indicate undue interest in his product. However, the primary reason for desiring the demonstration in this building was in order that his equipment could be seen by us demonstrated on phones under our control and we would therefore not run the risk of a phony demonstration on some pre-arranged lines. I think this was highly productive since we were able, within one room in the Laboratory, to provide test lines which showed exactly what his equipment would do. In fact we had a special test line which showed that equipment was limited in the distance it would cover.

POINT No. 4

The Director also inquired concerning the clearance of this research project.

The Laboratory has no research projects which have not been submitted for approval by the Executives Conference and the Director. This particular project is a part of extensive research that has been conducted over a period of many years to devise and improve methods of using telephones for technical surveillance purposes. This particular research project was originally recommended by my memorandum of September 13, 1945. Its approval was unanimously recommended by Executives Conference memorandum of October 8, 1945, which was approved by the Director.

Because of the importance of this problem, considerable work was done both by Laboratory personnel and by trained sound men in the field and experiments were conducted on a number of possibilities. The first means of utilizing the telephone instrument as a microphone within the subject's room was accomplished by putting an extra pair of wires in the telephone cord. While this installation was quite successful, subjects with technical "know how" could become suspicious of the four-wire telephone cord.

Considerable additional work was necessary on the part of sound men in the field and the Laboratory to produce as a usuable unit the part of this development which permitted using the telephone without additional wire. This was accomplished

 Memo to Mr. Harbo 8/14/50 Re: Wire Tapping

by a relay system connected into the line but which also required the addition of a resistor within the subject's telephone instrument. On July 15, 1948, the Executives Conference approved advising the field generally of this development and building ten units to meet the immediate needs of the field. On March 16, 1949, as a result of the recommendation of the Executives Conference, the construction of 44 more units of this type was authorized. We know of no person or agency outside the Bureau that has developed this type of equipment:

There still remained the more difficult objective of using the telephone as a microphone without entering the subject's premises although it was realized that a large number of possibilities would have to be explored. As a result of the inspection in 1949, the Director's letter to you of June 10, 1949, advised that in the interest of conserving funds, personnel designated to perform research duties should be restricted to actually productive activities. Consequently, little work has been done on a number of our projects since that time, particularly those which gave little promise of productive results.

With respect to the telephone project, since preliminary work did not look particularly promising, actual experimental work on the radio frequency approach was curtailed in favor of a heavy volume of construction and installation assignments. However, we continued to give considerable thought to this matter, particularly since March, 1950, when it was learned that a California laboratory claimed to have developed a unit which made the telephone usable as a microphone through a radio frequency impulse. During July of this year Mr. Conrad and I discussed this matter several times reviewing the experiments conducted b7C and the possibilities still existing. I asked Mr. Conrad to prepare a memorandum setting forth the possibilities on which we should still work, which he did on July 28. Based on our previous work, a test of one of the most promising of these possibilities was made and a material improvement was obtained over past results. It is this unit which we now have and which is, I believe, as efficient as the device developed by

As the Director has indicated, this is still in the experimental stage and we still have considerable work to do along two principal lines: Devising a universal unit which can be used on any length of telephone line, and the use of an FM radio frequency which may give better sound quality. The results of these experiments may, of course, suggest additional approaches since in continuing research of this nature the elimination of one approach will frequently suggest additional work.

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Memorandum to Mr. Harbo 8/14/1000 Re: Wire Tapping

have resulted in the development of a radio transmitter completely concealed in the frame of a picture which can be hung in a hotel room to be used by the subject, and a lamp in which a concealed microphone transmits the sound within the room over the house wiring to be picked up at a remote point. These have both been reported on previously.

In view of the additional work yet to be done and because of a number of pending radio installations, an additional Agent is presently under transfer to the Radio and Electrical Section of the Laboratory.

POINT No. 5
The Director inquired what other research projects the Labonow has.

As previously mentioned, there are no research projects in the Laboratory which have not been submitted for approval by the Executives Conference and the Director. I am appending to this memorandum a brief resume of the approved projects and their status.

POINT No. 6

With reference to my recommendation in the memorandum of August 2, 1950, that consideration be given to altering the most critical phones to defeat the use of this instrument against us, the Director inquired as to how this is done.

There are three possibilities:

- 1. Where phones are connected into wall sockets with a plug, the plug could be removed when the phone is not actually in use as a telephone. With most present day instruments this would require a separate ringer permanently installed across the line.
- 2. A special switch can be installed which would disconnect the telephone but would still permit it to ring.
- 3. The third and most desirable procedure from the Bureau's standpoint would be the construction of special filters which could be made in the Laboratory at a maximum cost of \$3 or \$4 each, which could be attached to the phone line where the telephone cord is connected to the desk or wall and which would prevent the radio frequency from activating the telephone instrument. I agree with Mr. Conrad's recommendation that this third possibility is the most desirable procedure since it would in no way interfere with the normal use of the telephone. None of these protect against the usual telephone

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8/14/50 Memo to Mr. Harbo Re: Wire Tapping



CONCLUSIONS

I am sure the Director will feel this development should have been achieved sooner and this we cannot now deny:

This research project has produced very valuable results for the field in the development of the four-wire and single pair equipment. While Mr. Conrad and myself could not foresee with the same degree of certainty the success of the radio frequency approach at the time research was curtailed, it now appears it would have been a good gamble to insist on additional personnel to afford additional work and supervision of this project.

RECOMMENDATION

In view of the demonstrated fact that such equipment is available outside of the Bureau, I recommend that we install filters to avoid the use of the telephones as microphones. In particular I would recommend that they be installed on the Director's phones both in his office and at home, and on the phones of Messrs. Tolson, Ladd and other selected officials in whose offices sensitive matters are discussed.

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Memorandum to Mr. Harbo 8/14/50 Re: Wire Tapping

PENDING RESEARCH PROJECTS IN THE LABORATORY AS OF AUGUST 14, 1950

Listed below are the research projects presently pending in the FBI Laboratory with a brief comment on each.

BLOOD GROUPING -- This research project seeks additional blood grouping into which dried stains can be classified. One of the principal objectives has been to determine the Rh factor and while this is done with relative ease in fresh blood, the dried stain has not been subject to such classification.

CHEMICAL DEVELOPMENTS OF LATENT FINGERPRINTS -- This is a continuing project to insure that our methods of developing latent fingerprints on documents are the best available. Actual experiments in this field are necessary usually only when there has been some new development in a related field which offers promise.

CONCEALED TRANSMITTER FOR AUTOMOBILES -- This project has resulted in the development of a transmitter which can be concealed under the frame work of the subject's car to transmit conversation within the car to surveilling automobiles. One unit has been built and actually used by the Washington Field Office. Approval has been granted for the building of two more of these units.

DC OPERATED DISK RECORDER -- As a result of the expressed need of the field this research project seeks to develop a disk recorder which will operate on direct current rather than alternating current to avoid the use of bulky power converters on technical surveillances.

DESIGN OF ALL-PURPOSE POLICE RECEIVER -- This is a continuing project of long standing to apply any new developments in the radio field to automobile radios in an effort to have one automobile unit which will be usable on any police frequency.

PTAL RECORDER -- This project seeks not only the improvement in the functioning of our dial recorders but also to provide a better method of recording the number called. As a result of an improvement devised in the Laboratory to permit the use of the dial recorder on longer phone lines, approval has been granted for the hyperful of these units which have already been requested of the field.

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Memo to Mr. Harbo 8/14/50 Re:Wire Tapping



FM SUBMINIATURE RECEIVER -- This project was approved for the purpose of designing a radio receiver tuned to our FM frequency which an Agent could conceal on his person and while on foot could receive transmissions from Bureau automobiles. The experimental work on this project has been completed and the construction of four of these receivers is nearly finished.

HAIR IDENTIFICATION -- The purpose of this project is to apply any new developments in the field of microscopic studies to the examination of hair. Since it is not presently possible to identify a human hair with known hair from a suspect, the objective of this project is to permit more definite findings.

IDENTIFICATION OF INKS -- This project was approved for the purpose of endeavoring to identify from ink writing the type and possible source of ink. A second part of this project to aetermine the age of ink writing was completed and a report submitted recommending the migration test which we now are using in the Laboratory.

IDENTIFICATION OF WOOD -- One part of this project which was to have wood standards to permit the microscopic identification of wood fragments has been completed. The remaining portion of this project seeks a method of identifying macerated wood particles which are frequently found clinging to chisels and wood drills.

This project seeks the development of a MAGNETIC TAPE RECORDER -magnetic tape recorder which will provide continuous recording and eliminate the necessity of using two machines on one surveillance or stopping a machine to change tapes. Parts have now been received which will permit building such a unit.

MINIATURE RADIO TRANSMITTER -- This project was originated as a result of a desire to have an extremely small transmitter which could be concealed on the person of an informant which would transmit conversation in which the informant is participating. Two units have been built and are now available for field use.

NUMBER RESTORATION -- This is a continuing research project which has resulted in a vast improvement in the method of restoring obliterated serial numbers on guns and other metal objects. In accordance with the original approval it remains in an open status in order that common developments in this field may be applied to our problems. Classified by 24

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PAPER COMPARISONS -- This research project involves the collection of information and development of microscopic fiber slides which will permit determining the fiber content of paper and to be not only used to make our examinations more informative but possibly establish more definitely the source of a questioned document. Additional fiber samples are being obtained from the Institute of Paper Manufacturers in Wisconsin.

PORTABLE RADIO EQUIPMENT -- The purpose of this project was to design a disguised radio transmitter which an Agent on a surveillance could carry in an brief case or paper bag permitting him to transmit while on foot surveillance to Bureau automobiles. The transmitter has been built and tested by Seattle Division and is now under test by the Los Angeles Office.

FREQUENCY SHIFT CONVERTER -- The objective of this project has been to provide a modification of radio receivers to improve the reception of radio signals on our CW emergency network. One modification has been built and tests have indicated that adaitional changes will be necessary to achieve further improvement.

SECURITY OF BUREAU MAIL -- This project is to find a tamperproof adhesive which can be universally applied to Bureau mail to prevent its surreptitious entry or opening. While a method has been in use for mail to our foreign Legal Attaches, we are now trying to find an easier method which will permit its use throughout the field. In view of the fact that a survey showed materials commercially available would not suffice, we have been giving this matter considerable attention.

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO	: Mr.	R. T.	Harbo	\$
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DATE: August 15, 1950

FROM : Mr. I. W. Comrad SECRET

SUBJECT: Microphone-Telephone Unit

In connection with the application of the recently developed microphone -telephone unit which under/certain conditions would make it possible to use existing telephone facilities for microphone coverage without entering the subject's premises, it is felt that we should immediately begin the construction of a number of these units, to be completed as rapidly as feasible.

It is estimated that the parts cost per unit will be approximately \$60 and that each unit will require the work of one man for one week to construct.

Completion of 20 to 25 units within any reasonable time will require additional personnel for temporary assignment. This matter is being covered by a separate memorandum.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that authority be granted for the immediate purchase of sufficient parts for the construction of approximately 20 or 25 of these units for general use in the field.

IWC: AB

ADDENDUM: 8/16/50

In view of the extremely urgent need for this equipment on vital security installations, I think every possible means should be used for expediting this by emergency purchase or use of the confidential fund.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorindum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

THE DIRECTOR DATE: August 17, FROM: THE EXECUTIVES CONFEREN SUBJECT: On August 17, the Conference was advised of the unit recently developed by the Laboratory whereby a radio impulse is placed on a telephone line, thus permitting microphone coverage without entering the subject's premises The Conference concurred with the Laboratory proposal) that we should immediately construct 25 of these units. The cost for parts per unit is estimated at \$60 and each unit will require the work of one man for one week to construct. The construction work will be done in the Laboratory. Present were: Messrs. Ladd, Glavin, Mohr, Clegg, Hargett? Tracy, Belmont, Nichols, Nease, and Harbo. Respectfully, For the Conference, Clyde Tolsgn CleggMr. Mohr RTH: AFRECORDED · 108 INDEXED - 108 24 .SEP 13 1950 (ECP) TERET Declassification - Indefinite

Clavin Nichols

ffice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

A. H. Belmon

August 16, 1950 DATE:

SUBJECT:

TARGET

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As you know, the Laboratory is engaged in the development of a new technique by which, through the use of an RF current, telephones can be converted into tel-mike combinations without necessity of any outlet to the phone itself and by merely going in a line at some point remote from the telephone itself. During the past 2 weeks, I have been in frequent contact with the Laboratory in connection with this project and have encouraged the speedy application of this technique to existing installations which have been approved. In this connection, approximately 10 days ago the Laboratory was advised of the identity

Experimental installations have been made on this phone and I have been advised that they are not successful. I have been assured that the problem is purely technical and that it will be overcome;, that the technique is practical and that it will work.

The potentialities of such a technique in connection with espionage and intelligence work is terrific in scope. Thave advised the Laboratory that the field could utilize immediately, 25 such installations with a probable need for more, as the value of such installations are determined. The extent to which such installations should be utilized will, of course, of necessity be determined by the type of intelligence gained. The problem of personnel in manning such installations is, of course, much greater than that of a normal tech and particularly in cases involving foreign languages. Unless persons understanding such languages are available, the operation of such installations would entail the continuous use of recording devices in order that the persons familiar with the language could later review the intelligence and evaluate it.

I understand the knowledge of this technique has come to the attention of persons in the Office of the Secretary of Defense, The National Security Council and the White House and while it is undoubtedly being treated in a highly confidential status in those offices and in the Bureau, the value of such an installation can be at its greatest only so long as the existence of such a technique Thinwin to those against whom it would be used.

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	In connection with the investigation of the Target Case
	and particularly in view of the present world situation. the Bureau
	has intensified its efforts to obtain intelligence
	The penetration of
	has been the object of Target and in this case the field
	has been pressed for penetration both by live informants and by
	microphone coverage.
	-
	The Washington Field Office presently has under consideration
	2 plan for attempting on ried office presently has under consideration
	a plan for attempting a normal telemike coverage
Г	L
L	Such an operation, of course, is prought with risk not only
	in the physical survey and installation but in the possibility of
	actual detection of the installation after it is installed.
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	The Washington Dr. 73 Age
	The Washington Field Office is also considering the possibility
	of installation of miniature transmitters of the "wall socket" type which
	would be placed at strategic points, possibly
	No plan has been brought forth which would indicate
	any likelihood of success in such an installation
	I am informed that the present
	equipment available for such an installation operates on the 40 megacycle
	band and the possibility of this band being picked up by nearby television
	receivers, particularly channel 5, is a considerable risk. While the
	radiations from such an installations are low in amperage this risk is
	somewhat reduced. On the other hand, instances have come to the Bureau's
	attention where a transmission of the equipment of the Bureau has broken
	through into change of the pure of the bureau has broken
	through into channel 5 and intelligence has been gained of such transmissions
	by persons having television receiving sets in the near vicinity.
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All of the risks of installation, both of the normal tel-mike and of the miniature transmitter type are eliminated, in connection with the use of a new tel-mike and for that reason I am reluctant to recommend that these calculated risks be taken at this time pending the development and practical application of the technique now under consideration.

In view of the present world situation, I feel that with the potentialities as great as they are that the complete development and availability of a number of these units is of the utmost importance and that the Bureau should spare no expense and personnel in having them available where needed and where desirable for installation.

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RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that efforts to penetrate by the use of the ordinary tel-mike installations and/or miniature transmitter installations be held in abeyance at this time and that our efforts be concentrated on the perfection and installation of the new tel-mike technique, in order that security may be assured.

This recommendation does not apply to the proposed installation In that installation the phone is one of six on a party line. The phone itself is located to the phone is one of six on a party line. The phone itself immediately adjacent to transmitter is the only feasible installation there and separately it has been recommended.

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Office Memorandum • united states government

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__STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO : Mr. Belmont DATE: August 16, 1950
FROM: V. P. Keay
SUBJECT: Technical Telephone Device
In response to a request from Admiral Souers, I contacted him in his office regarding the confidential device utilized in connection with telephones. Admiral Souers advised that the President was much concerned about this device and that the first reaction was that its use should be prohibited by United States Government agencies. Admiral Souers said he pointed out to the President that you could not prevent scientists from producing such a device, nor could you prevent our enemies from using it and, therefore, for self-protection we should make controlled use of it. The President instructed Admiral Souers to endeavor to draw up some workable control mechanism and as a result thereof, Admiral Souers has prepared a proposed Directive for the President to sign.
Admiral Souers stated that he was much concerned about information regarding this device being disseminated; that he thought probably the Directive should be given verbally by the President to the Cabinet members rather than a written Directive being circulated. He displayed to me the proposed Directive and stated he wanted the Director advised concerning its provisions. Briefly, the provisions are as follows:
(1) Use of this device will be limited to cases of vital importance to our national security in order that personal rights and constitutional privileges may be protected.
(2) The Departments of Justice and Defense shall be the exclusive agents of the
FUNITED States Government for purposes of classifying and controlling the device and for the development of countermeasures. Referral/Consul
(3) The Department of Justice shall be the sole agency for the acquisition of this device for use in the continental and territorial United States.
(5) The device may be utilized within the Department of Justice only on the personal approval of the Attorney General.
(6) It may be utilized in the Defense Agencies only on the Gerswill Emproval of the Secretary, of Defense.

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Memorandum for Mr. Belmont
(8) The Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General, shall be personally responsible
for closely supervising any activities involving the utilization of this device.
(9) Information regarding the device shall be limited to employees of the United States Government on a "need to know" basis.
Admiral Souers pointed out that a problem was presented concerning the utilization of this device by
Admiral Souers also stated that the President had directed
him to talk the matter over with the Secretary of the Pressury in-
asmuch as Treasury was the only other agency they could think of
asmuch as Treasury was the only other agency they could think of who might be interested. This was considered necessary inasmuch as the Secret Service guarding the President must know about the device and countermeasures for it. He particularly wanted me to advise the Director that if the Secretary of Treasury insisted,
device and countermeasures for it. He particularly wanted me to
advise the Director that if the Secretary of Treasury insisted,
probably he would have to insert him into the Directive on par with the Attorney General, the Secretary of Defense,
Line Secretary of Defense,
Admiral Souers wanted to get the Director's reaction
to this proposed action and any suggestions he had. He was informed

Admiral Souers wanted to get the Director's reaction to this proposed action and any suggestions he had. He was informed that this matter would be called to the Director's attention.

It would appear that this proposed handling, as set forth in the Directive, would be no different from the manner in which the Bureau presently secures authority for telephone technical installations. It should be noted, however, that the sole authority for acquiring this device, which would mean of course either building it or contracting for it, would be in the Department of Justice and, therefore would undoubtedly be delegated to the Bureau. This would

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Memorandum for Mr. Belmont

mean that if one of the defense agencies desired to acquire equipment for use in continental or territorial United States, they would have to acquire the device through the Bureau, or at least get the Bureau's permission before purchasing it. There would be some advantage in this in that it would apprise us of contemplated use in the United States by defence according

If Treasury is given permission to use it, they also would have to acquire their equipment through us. I asked Admiral Souers if this was the intention, that is, to make other agencies acquire equipment for use in the United States and its territories through Justice and he said it was. He stated he was certain, of course, that the Attorney General would desire to place this control within the Bureau.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

THE DIRECTOR FROM M. Ladd subject: Atechnical telephone device DATE: August 21, 1950

I called Admiral Souers on August 21, at which time I pointed out that I had again discussed this matter with the Director and that the Director said the more he thought of it the better he liked the idea of having a directive issued con-Tolo. Roc fining the armed forces the same as the FBI was confined wire tapping.

I pointed out to him that some of the worse violations with reference to wire tapping was on the part of the armed force's and that there was no reason for them to tap phones domestically unless possibly it was confined to military bases; that frequently they put on taps and as a result of difficulties arising, the Bureau has been blamed for such actions. I further pointed out that the Bureau kept well within bounds and was the only agency that cleared with its Cabinet officer.

Admiral Souers stated that some time ago, I gather about a year or so ago, Charles Murphy at the White House had drawn up a directive for all agencies, limiting everyone, including the FBI, to wire tapping only in internal security cases and eliminating the authority for the Bureau to tap in kidnapping and similar type cases. At that time he, Admiral Souers, told Charles Murphy that the Bureau should not be limited and successfully killed the directive; that subsequent to my talking to him on August 17, he had again talked to Charles Murphy and had tried to get the directive used but Murphy seems to think it should be left alone at this time.

Admiral Souers pointed out that he would watch this and would keep the Bureau advised and see if it might be possible to have the directive issued later. He stated he agreed with the Director that the armed forces should be restricted; that they were too promiscuous in the use of this procedure

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Office Memorandum • united : Government

	TO:	Mr. A. H. Belmont	DATE:	August 31,	זמנה	
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3		There are technical problems involved	which at this time	are not	1	1
• }	peen consi	vercome. Since practical application ummated to date, I conferred with the	of this new techni	que has not	t \	
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SEPTEMBER 1, 1950

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DESIRED YOU MAKE EMERGENCY PURCHASE FROM J. W. MILLER COMPANY, FIVE NINE ONE SEVEN SOUTH MAIN STREET, LOS ARGELES, SEVENTY FIVE EACH TWO POINT SEVEN FIVE MILLIHERET CHOKES NUMBER SEVEN EIGHT AND TRENTY FIVE EACH TWO POINT FIVE MILLIHEREY CHOKES HUMBER FOUR FIVE THREE THREE AND PIFTY, TEN MILLIHERRY CHOKES HUMBER HINE FIVE SIX AND TWO FIVE MEETS IRON CORES HUMBER ONE SEVEN ZERO TWO. ESTIMATED COST ONE HUNDRED NINETY FIVE DOLLARS. EXPEDITE SHIPMENT

ATTENTION LABORATORY AND ADVISE.

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	DECLASSIFICATION AUTI FBI AMOMATIC DECLAS: DATE 71 - 24 - 2011	HORITY DERIVED FROM	Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd Mr. Clogg
	FEDERAL BUREAU OF U. S. DEPARTMENT CRIMINICATION SEP 5	T OF JUSTICE	Mr. Glavin Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Harbo Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr
WASHE 22 FROM L	TELET	YPE 5-08 PM	Mr. Noase Miss (Gandy Muss of Miss (Gandy
DIRECTOR LABORATORY. R	urgent Quel Rébutel first instant,	EMERGENCY PURCHASE	J. W MILLER CO.
	CORES, AND FIVE SIX SIX. BALANCE NOT IN		•
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ERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. SEDEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM FBH AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

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DESTRED YOU MAKE EMERGENCY PURCHASE FROM J. W. MILLER COMPANY, FIVE NINE ONE SEVEN SOUTH MAIN STREET, LOS ANGELES, SEVENTY FIVE EACH TWO POINT SEVEN FIVE MILLIHENRY CHOKES NUMBER SEVEN EIGHT SIX EIGHT AND TWENTY FIVE EACH TWO POINT FIVE MILLIHENRY CHOKES NUMBER NINE FIVE THREE THREE AND FIFTY EACH TEN MILLIHENRY CHOKES NUMBER NINE FIVE SIX AND TWO FIVE IRON CORES NUMBER ONE SEVEN ZERO TWO. ESTIMATED COST ONE HUNDRED NINETY FIVE DOLLARS. EXPEDITE SHIPMENT ATTENTION LABORATORY AND ADVISE.

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2.

DATE 01-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

الما	TO : THE DIRECTOR DATE: September 7, 1950	
	FROM : D. M. Ladd	:
•	SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY WIRE TAPPING DEVICE	
	For your information, the President's oral Tracy	
	directive pertains to the use of the above mentioned device. This device operates by being placed on the telephone	
	line outside of the premises of the subject. The instrument to Roca imposes a radio impulse on the telephone line which has the Neaso	
3	effect of making the telephone instrument on the other end of the line into a microphone capable of picking up conversations	•
Pr.	in the room.	
Re	This radio impulse is able to activate the telephone by reason of the fact that the radio impulse jumps across the	
B	cut off switch even when the telephone is hung up on its receiver. It is not necessary to enter the subject's room	n P
\	or to make any change whatsoever in the telephone.	
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September 14, 1950

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD

In conversation with the Attorney General today I advised him of the substance of the memorandum addressed to me by Mr. Ladd under date of September 8, 1950, which I am attaching hereto, which deals with the highly confidential residential Directive on Strasonic Listening Devices.

The Attorney General stated he desired to designate me to handle the phases of this matter that may arise affecting the Department of Justice and to in turn take up with him for approval and clearance the authorization of these installations when it is necessary to utilize them.

I desire for this reason that no use of this apparatus be made by this Bureau on any of the technical surveillances which have already been authorized without first taking the same up with me in order that I may explain to the Attorney General about the use of such device in every instance.

I informed the Attorney General of the development of a Revice by our Laboratory which prevents the use of the Ultrasonic Listening Device as a telephone microphone and suggested to the Attorney General that he might desire to furnish this information to the President in case it was desired it be used for security purposes. The Attorney General has asked that I send him a memorandum about this matter and I have asked Mr. Ladd to prepare the same for me.

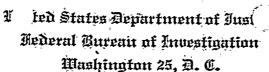
I think it would be well to have the preventive device installed in the telephones of Mr. Tolson, Mr. Ladd, Mr. Nichols and myself.

In this same conversation with the Attorney General we discussed the matter of rechnical surveillances and the Attorney General stated he thought we should review these surveillances from time to time to make certain that they were useful and that they should be continued. I told the Attorney General that this was being done and this satisfied him. I desire that all technical Tolson surveillances that are in operation be justified at least once a month by the Tield office having such surveillances in operation, and that they be very carefull Glavir reviewed and screenized here at the Seat of Government for continued one Nichol Glassified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category Mohr Date of Declaratification - Indefinite Tele. Room Attachment (With Mr. Tolson's

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011



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IN REPLY, PLEASE REFER TO

SECRET

September 14, 1950

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MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD

Mr. Nease ... Miss Gandy

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Classified by 24

Exempt from 858, Category,2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

I also desire to again reiterate the meticulous care that we must exercise in the recommendations to the Attorney General of any new technical surveillances and in the authorization of continued technical surveillances. I do not want this project to in any way get out of hand and I want it to be very closely restricted and supervised.

The Attorney General discussed with me the procedure for obtaining authorizations for installing technical surveillances and suggested I arrange to bring these to his personal attention so that he might approve them himself and they would then be handled by the Attorney General and myself or a designated representative of the Bureau. I have asked Mr. Ladd wherever practical to assemble these requests for new authorizations once a week, on Monday, and I will then see the Attorney General and submit them to him for his consideration at that time. Of course in the case of any real emergency the requests for authorizations for technical surveillances should be immediately brought to my attention and I will then see the Attorney General special.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Attachment

Classified by 2

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

### fice Memorandum • united states government

: THE DIRECTOR

FROM : THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE

DATE: August

SUBJECT: SECURITY OF BUREAU TELEPHONES

Herasonic Listening See On August 23, 1950, the Conference considered the security of Bureau telephones. In connection with the Director's approval to install filters which would defeat the new radio frequency wire tapping device which permits converting the telephone instrument into a microphone, the Conference unanimously recommends that installed on

The Conference was further advised that in order for the new equipment to be successfully used on any of the lines coming from the Bureau switchboard, it would be necessary that someone have access to the phone lines within the Justice Building since the radio frequency device would not work through the Bureau switchboard if installed on one of our trunk lines. The Conference feels that this is adequate protection for most of the phones within the offices of other officials and supervisors provided periodic checks are made of the security of our telephone lines.

No complete security survey of our Bureau phone lines has been made for approximately two years and the Conference unanimously recommends that a comprehensive survey be made of all Bureau, phones, which will require approximately 10 man days. The Conference further unanimously recommends that once each month thereafter a recheck be made of the Bureau trunk lines and certain lines within the building and that spot checks be made of the remaining lines within the building, which will require approximately two man day's per month. If the Director approves, the Laboratory will:

Install the filters as indicated above.

Will make a comprehensive telephone survey immediately.

Will make a recheck of the Bureau phones once each month as indicated above.

Present at the Conference were Messrs. Ladd, Glavin, Tracy; Mohr, Belmont, Nichols, McIntire, Sizoo, Nease, Hargett and Parsons.

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Clyde Tolson

For the Conference

Respectfully,

Mr. Clegg

Mr. Mohr

DJP:MEK/i j. 4 . IAN 19 1951 ·

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

## Office Manager and Lynn

	CE IVIETHOT ATLAUTH • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
то	: THE DIRECTOR . DATE: October 2, 1950
FROM	D. M. LADD SECRET
SUBJE	T: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE Class Olavin
<i>!".</i>	Rosin
3	You were advised by my earlier memorandum today concerning my conference with Admiral Hillenkoetter went
	and Mr. Pat Coyne concerning the above device. Referral/Consult Room
·	Mr. Come agreed that the President's directive concerning ———————————————————————————————————
ŧ	device to purchase it from Therefore, it was agreed that the FBI
,	Stated that Mr. Coyne was also of the opinion that if the
	Treasury Department or any other agencies which are required under the directive to obtain this device through the
	Attorney General they could request the Attorney General for them and that he, at that time, could consider buying them from
	b6 Per FBI b7C
<b>7</b> 80	On this memorandum you noted:  "I don't like this at all. Does the Directive
ATA H	or any other instruction give a monopoly and exclusive rights to sell this to govt.
CHIG VADTAROUS	agencies? If so it is astounding favoritism in which I will have no part. H."
. 3	. Special Agent E. S. Sanders of the Liaison Section
•	recontacted Mr. Coyne concerning this question, and Mr. Coyne advised that no monopoly or exclusive rights exist
	in this matter and that the Attorney General can purchase the device from any available source. Mr. Coyne mentioned
	that at the present time the only source available outside of the government itself was Mr. Coyne mentioned, however, that a man named Cronin, who was formerly employed
	in the FBICLaboratory, now resides in California and has perfected a Similar device and that Cronin has contacted the.
	Navy concerning it. Mr. Coyne mentioned that if this device is satisfactory after testing, the Attorney General may
à.	desire to use this also for procurring the necessary equipment.
	SECRET Strongaly down think I
	If a stone of the thomas age to ber

DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg ·

# Office Memorundum • united states government

TO : THE DIRECTOR , DATE: October 2, 1950	
FROM: D. M. Ladd J. SECRET	
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE Quint	
Xfunda Dilli	_
I had a conference with Admiral Hillenkoetter PHEROLD and Mr. Pat Counce this morning with reference to the President 1987	
and Mr. Pat Coyne this morning with reference to the President of the Directive concerning the above device.	
Mr. Coune pointed out that the President's Direction 1	`,
required the classification of this device and inquired as to how it might best be arranged with to have his device	1
classified. It was agreed that Admiral Hillenkoetter will con-	1
agreeing to classify his device.  Referral/Consul	/ .t
The question came up as to whether the Directive	
Man Common annual about the Discontinui did not magning as	
Mr. Coyne agreed that the Directive did not require an agency that had a similar device to purchase any from	
an agency that had a similar device to purchase any from and it was, therefore, agreed that the FBI could utilize the device produced in their own laboratories as long	
as the provisions of the President's Directive were abided by:	
Department or the other agencies which are required under the	
Directive to obtain this device through the Attorney General idesire any of them, that the Department at that time could	
consider buying them from for the other agencies.	
ACTION: None	
Land, like this at all.	
DML:dad Dofa the Directive on any b6	•
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

### Office Memorandum • united states government

	TO:	THE DIRECTOR DATE: September 27, 1950
	FROM:	MR. D. M. LADD
MS	SUBJECT:	ULTRASONIC RADIO TELEPHONE DEVICE
٥٧٤ ١		Referral/Consult
	/	Re/my memorandum to you dated September 22, 1950, which ddvised that Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that
	, 1	Pat Coune had told him  Referenced memorandum advised  Nease
		that I told Admiral Hillenkoetter that the Bureau had no intention of acquiring any devices through and
	*	that the Bureau had not received any instructions to the
	,	effect that they had to be purchased through this medium. I suggested that Liaison talk with Pat Coyne for the
	7	purpose of clarifying this matter, with which suggestion you agreed.
	Ť	This matter was discussed with Coyne by SA Edward
		S. Sanders, at which time Coyne admitted he knows very little of the background of this matter. Coyne stated
,	f	he did not know whether the directi <u>ve would</u> require that these devices be purchased through . He agreed
	4	it would be rather silly for the Bureau to purchase these devices from if our Laboratory is capable of
۲.	,	making them. Coyne suggested that a conference be held between the interested parties in order to determine
ž	· *	just what the situation is in so far as how many of these devices have been developed. He stated that it is his
3	*	opinion that the directive covers the principle of the
$\mathcal{Q}$	v	device regardless of who has developed it. He further advised that at the time the directive was issued, it was
, A		his understanding the on <u>ly two d</u> evices in existence were those of the Bureau and
$\vec{r}_{\vec{z}}$	4	RECOMMENDATION
.'\}	, •	It is recommended that rather than call a conference In
$\mathcal{N}$	_	to be attended by the Bureau. Department of Defense, and other interested persons, that this matter be discussed
3	$N_{p}$	by Liaison with Admiral Souers in order to determine just what he and the Frestdent had in mind in connection with
3	8	purchases of these devices from . I feel there is no doubt but that the directive covers the principle
1 2		regardles's of who has developed these devices:
3		ESS: rike 2 -2 ch & Pa-260 12
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## Office Memor ndum • United Stales Government

$\mathcal{L}_{\mathcal{J}}$	4
TO : THE DIRECTOR	DATE:
No FROM: D. M. Ladd P. SI	September 22, 1950 Tolson Ladd
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC RADIO-TELER	HONE DEVICE Olayin Nichols
Admiral Hillenkoetter	called at my office this Track
afternoon with reference to t	the President's directive in  Referral/Consult
He stated he had talke	ed with Pat Coyne of the National condy:
nim that	koetter stated that
	Towne told him that it would come
ne told Coyne he did not want	ices and Admiral Hillenkoetter stated that number and did not propose to
Get them through this source,  Coyne allegedly told Ad  not be done: that they could	miral Hillenkoetter that this could only acquire the device through
take the matter up with him.	to go to the Attorney General and Hillenkoetter stated he intends to
nave further conferences with	Mr. Coyne concerning this matter and to talk with the Attorney General.
I told Admiral Hillenk	oetter that the Bureau had no intention
instructions to the effect th this medium.	ugh and had not received any at they had to be purchased through
Arrangements will be m	ade to have Liaison talk with Pat Coyne
th the near future for the pu	rpose of further clarifying this matter.
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Ja sindo	my man what
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# Office Memor ndum • united stales government

	TO	: :	THE DI	RECTO	R				D	ATÉ:			
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	202110	، <b>۔</b> ، ہر	<u>JIJI KAC</u>	ONIG	KADIO-	<u>reresh</u> i	ONE DE	VICE )		Gu	nie we	F	Clegg ' Clavin Nichols Rosen
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		u	p $wiv$	n Sept h Mr. ed her	Coyne.	27th 1 , and t	Siaiso the me	n agair morandı	i took im subi	the m nitted	atter is		
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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

## Office Memorindum • united states government

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	то	:	THE DIRECTOR	DATE:
,	FROM	:	D. M. Ladd	SECDE September 27, 1950
MS			ULTRASONIC RADIO-	
110				/ Nict
				Hart
			stated that he ar	Dyne called this afternoon and word admiral Hillenkoetter desired tole
			the ahoue-entitle	talk with me with reference to Near ded device. I have, accordingly,
v	,		arranged for them on Monday, October	n to call at my office at 9:30 a.m
			.,	
				. 1. 4. 1
	*			When did me fust take
	*!			When did me frist take this who with dogne?
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

: THE DIRECTOR

## Office Memorandum • United States Governmen

, ·	10,	: THE DIRECTOR	• 7	DATE	: September 8,	1950
1.12	FROM	: MR. LADD	Rich		1	Out-
MO	UBJECT	PRESIDENTIAL DIRECT	TAE CONCEDENTING	RET M	B June	Olavin_ * Nichols
J. A.	<i>j.</i> '	ULTRASONIC LISTENING	DEVICES		100/ D/	Rosen
	•	The contents	of the referenced	Presidential Div	cective are set	Harbo_ Belmont_
•	ig	out below for your t	information.	R R	Referral/Consult	
6	<i>[</i> -	At the sugges	stion of the Secret	Larca ary-of-Treasury:	the Secretary	Nease
The		of Defense, the Atto	rney General and		the Preside	nt
Xh	<b>†</b> .	approved and signed which only one copy	was made. That co	ective on August py is maintained	in the Nations	J
4		Security Council.		•		
(€		This Directive	ve was reviewed by	Special Agent Ed	ward S. Sanders	<b>)</b>
The state of the s	(3)	on September 8, 1950 fication. The Direction	, and it was noted tive stated that in	it carries a to a order to insur	pactret classi	 
23%	14	and handling of ultr	asonic listening d	evices it is dir	ected that:	
14		l. Appropris	ate arrangements be	effected to cla	ssify and contr	ol
水	William .	such devices for the	exclusive use of	the United State	s Government.	•
$\tilde{I}_{\sim}^{\prime}$	Pell	2. The use a	hall be limited ex	clusively to mat	ters of vital	
3	19	importance to the na any unjust encroachm	tional security of ent upon individual	the United State Lrights and cons	es in order to ; stitutional	avoid
• 3		guarantees.				•
2	9.	3. The Depar	tments of Treasury	Defense, Justi	Cě	٠,
1	9	responsible for the	shall be the exclus classification and	sive agencies of control of such	the Government devices and th	e .
. 2 1	12	development of appro- use of such devices.	priate counter-meas	ures applicable	to the unautho:	rized
3 ]	it.		'	*		-
3/2	$K \parallel$	4. The Depar for the acquisition	tment of Justice short such devices for	all be the sole	agency contrac	ting
×1.	<u>,</u> 11	territorial United S	tates.			In
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thing	7 / Y	ño C				
, ,	2/20/2	Department in the above	ces shall not be us sence of the approv	ed by any agency al in each insta	of the Treasu ince by the	ŗy, ŗ
4		Secretary of Treasur	y	1 26 O	111	venii
\ <b>y</b>	3/ 18 18/ 18/	- 7. Such devi	ces shall not be us	ed by any agency	y of the Depart	nent ment
(h 1/2)	Chi.	of Defense in the about of Defense TWT	sence of the approx RECORDED - 2	** (***********************************	-	retary
1 / X / 1	1) 6.4	SEOKEY	Y/7< INDEXED . 1	OCT 1:3_19		
$\lambda$ , $\lambda^{5}\lambda$	& IL	Exempt from not, Colerary	es shall not be us	ed by any agency	of the Departm	nent:
•	, in	Ball Hedildsi (ication - In	empus		, •	



of Justice in the absence of the approval in each instance by the Attorney General. Referral/Consult

Such devices shall not be used by any agency

1	10. The Secretary of Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General and shall be response	
	Attorney General and shall be response personally and individually for continuing their close supervision of all	3 <b>1 b</b> L
1	activity relating to the control and use of such devices.	

11. Information concerning the existence and nature of such devices shall be limited to the appropriate employees of the Government on a need-to-know basis.

It is noted that this Directive is not to be reproduced.

#### RECOMMENDATION:

The foregoing is for your information.

, t,

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

#### *Lemorandum* UNITED Size

GOVERNMENT

Nichola

JUNE TO THE DIRECTOR DATE: September 20/ THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE FROM SUBJECT: TECHNICAL AND MICROPHONE SURVEILLANCES

On September 19, 1950, the Executives' Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Ladd, Callahan, Quinn Tamm, Harbo, Candy Mohr; Rosen, Clegg, Sizoo, McGuire and Belmont, recommended that the attached proposed SAC Letter be disseminated to the field.
The letter calls for submission of justification letters on all technical and combination technical-microphone surveillances each thirty days. The period for justification on microphone surveillances is not being changed, but remains thirty days after installation and each six months thereafter.

The proposed letter calls for the closest supervision possible as to the installation and continuation of technical surveillances.

The purpose of the letter is to insure close and continuous supervision of technical surveillances, both in the field and at the Seat of Government.

In the event you approve, this letter will be sent to the field.

> Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

Attächment

CC Mr. H. H. Clegg) Bow of Mr. J. P. Mohr

AHB:tlc

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 540 Prior Deglassification - Indefinite

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### Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: September 29, 1950
FROM: V. P. KEAY WOL SECRET
SUBJECT: NELEPHONE SECURITY
Rose Tracy Prince Parent
Pursuant, to your request Mr. Reynolds contacted the
captioned matter advised that candy candy
however, he expects to have one within the next month. He stated
that at his home in Leesburg the telephone is in the hall and not in a position where it could not pick up any classified information.
stated he would like the Bureau to take and at a subsequent date
Reynolds perfect arrangements with He requested that Mr. b7E
Reynolds perfect arrangements with in order that the necessary installations may be made after the employees of
his office leave. He stated that there are people in his office until
8:00 P. M. every evening. Mr. Reynolds will work out the necessary  arrangements with and Mr. Conrad of the Technical
Laboratory.
SWR-11w lu
Handle promptly.
$\mathcal{U}$ .
- Line of the second se
the million
news ph 10:2
CEICHDENT RECORDED - 2 180-760-18
SPICIOLE INDEXED 2 OCTUBATIVE
12
Classified by 21  Exemple from GDS, Sategory 2  Exemple from GDS, Sategory 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

> b6 b7C b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

#### Office Memorandum • United States Government

MR. TOLSON DATE: October 2, 1950 R. T. HARBO R FROM RADIO FREQUENCY/\TELEPHONE-MICROPHONE DEVICE The installation of the countermeasure for the frequency telephone-microphone device has been completed installation was made the evening of September 29 by SA There is no installation to be made at residence at Leesburg. The only remaining work for some time within the will be next month. TAIS WILL DE CLOSELY followed. The installation of the protective devices in both the was handled on This completes the instal-September 30 by SA Charles K. Corbett. lations for RTH:AF cc-Mr. Ladd Mr. Conrad

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

# Office Memor ndum • united states government

то	:	THE DIRE	CTOR `		DATE: Sept	ember 8, 1950	)
FRO	M:	D. M. La	dd D	CHANDA	<b>n</b>	Tolson	<u> </u>
SUB	JECT:	XUSE OF U	O LTRASONIC DEVIC	E_OLIGIE	Je.	CleggOlavin	— 天 /
	n.	z S	6		<b>—————————————————————————————————————</b>	Ni mole V	
	W	lterry	alled Mr. Pat	Joyne of the Nat eptember 8 and o	Gional Secur	ity Harbo	
				eptember 8 and o iefed you orally			
	Dire	ective and	had indicated	that for securi	ty reasons	the Neaso	
	the	National :	Security Counci	il where it woul	ld be availa	ble for	
?	exu	nination.	•			ALD CO	
	you	to pass of	dvised that the n the use of th	Attorney Generals device in th	ral had desi se Departmen	gnated to	DLV
				make this avail • that the Burea			
7	res		the President 1	nad placed on th			
		Ur.	Coyne stated l	ne had the mater	tal in his	office and	,
	wou.	ld make it	available to 1	Liaison for revi	ew. ·	7	,
1	to i	I h review the	ave arranged fo material toda	or an Agent from !•	the Liaiso	n Section	8 t
						محصمور أ	محكوم
ş	DUL:	dad.	*		•	we server	ر د مسمع
						Manager .	و خرامل
		The	a. 9. iz	mina &	y p	V low	
,		ceped	CK !	ale with me	•		•
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		~~~\	× mills n	noval L. a		,	
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`540CT 5 1950

تائمد

		TAT
	TO: MR. HARBO RD C DATE: September 14,	1950
	FROM : I. W. CONRAD	rolson
. j		Ladd
A	SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TO THE TOTAL PUTT	Clegg
יאן		Olavin
	70112	Nichols
		Rosen
	The same of the sa	Tracy
	Division of the Rureau the names	Harbo_
	1.3	Mohr
	<u></u>	Tele. Room
I	log the most desirable michael	Nease
L		Balmont
	A Support conducted by a tached control of the Alexander Microphone relegation of the state of t	120 may
	A survey conducted by a technician in the laboratory of the cable facilities	
	serving the afore-mentioned establishments reveals to be the only one	
	where the Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone unit offers reasonable probabi	lity
٧	of success without requesting the cooperation of the telephone company to the	-
	extent of opening and altering the lead covered telephone cable feeding the	•
	premises in question.	
	' In order to install this unit it will be	
		е
	wires from the central office cable side of the main distributing frame to a	
	surveillance room adjacent to the telephone terminal room, and then another	
	telephone pair from the surveillance room back to the house side of the main	
	distributing frame. It is believed that these wires can be installed in such	
	a manner as to make detection difficult. For security reasons it is believed	
	that only one line should be covered at at this time. An installation of this kind within the tallaham towards	
	installation of this kind within the telephone terminal room offers somewhat	
	greater risk of detection than the usual microphone or telephone surveillance	
	installation; however, it is felt that this additional calculated risk is out	
	weighed by the possibility of securing microphone coverage without entering	
	subject's premises.	-, I
	of the Washington Field Office, is	\vdash
	offered the Bureau exclusive jurisdiction over a	_
	power room immediately adjacent to the telephone terminal room. The use of the	hio
	nower room would solve to manage it is a large to be used in the making of a surjust to	1172
	power room would solve, temporarily at least, the problem of securing a surveillance room.	مسر
	surveillance room.	
	In summary, the refore. it is believed that the Radio Frequency Mic-T	el
	unit can be installed on without telephone company coope	ra-
	tion as outlined above. The use of this device, however, does not appear	
_	feasible on	
. [without requesting the telephone comp	anır
_	to open up the existing lead covered cables at points in the near vicinity of	~- <i>~</i> J
	the respective premises in order to permit access to the telephone lines in	
	question.	
	Annonton.)
	RECORDED 4 FIRE 760	2/
	CICE TO TO THE TOTAL TOT	/-/
	SECRET INDEXED - OCT 1950	
	Classified by 24	وكريشي
,	Evarint from Colagging 2	منطرط
Ţ	540CT 5 1950 Date of Declassification - Indefinite	
•	, g 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	

RECOMMENDATION:

Classified by 24

Exempt from ODS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DEBIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-24-2011

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

September 14, 1950

Director, FBI

SECRET

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

OTLTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

With reference to my conversation to you concerning the use of the new ultrasonic listening device, I thought you would be interested in knowing that the Buneau has perfected a filter which may be placed on the telephone line which will not permit that particular phone to be used as a microphone, thus defeating the use of the new ultrasonic listening device.

I have made arrangements to have this preventive device installed on the phones in as a protective measure.

I thought that you might desire to alve consideration to the use of such a device on and that you might desire to suggest to the President the desirability of installing a similar device

This preventive device will not prevent tapping of the telephone as such but will prevent the instrument from being utilized as a microphone and picking up conversations in the room.

DML:dad

COMM - FBI

Classified by M. RECORDED NO. 20 - 760 - 2/X

Exempt from tips, Catesprey
Dids of Declassification statismums.

15 1950

ir. Tolson
ir. E. A. Tene
ir. Closs
ir. Closs
ir. Glevin
ir. Ladd
iv. Nicholb
sr. Rosen
f. Tracy
G. Egan
G. Courge
fr. Barbo
r. Marb
r. Pennington
r. Quir
r. Roma

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

10

Offic	e Memorandun	n • UNITED ST	ATES GOVE	W) RNMENT
ŢO :	THE DIRECTOR	•	DATE: Septe	mber 14, 1950
FROM :	D. M. Ladd	SECRET		Tolson
· SUBJECT:	OULTRASONIC LISTENING	DEVICE		Clegg
	i	•		Nichols Rosen
	Attorney General in a	ed hereto a memora accordance with you	ur instructio	Tracy
	with reference to the on telephones to pres	e filter which can	be installed	Mohr
	listening device.			Nease
	For your informations installed on your own office phone of Ur. I to install this device	Tol <u>son。 The Labor</u> e	phones and on	the
	The device which preventive consists of which can be installed house or office and ultra high frequencies normal telephone controls.	ed on the telephon which operates by t es but in no way it	condenser ar e line within shuting out a	rangement the
*		./	/	
**	DML:dad	1/		changed on 3-26-52 on 3-26-52
T II		V	Cordenser	on 3-26-52
	Attachment /	;	go Swidek on Mr. Lade	15 of Joel Ned P
al	Attachment Handkol		on Mr. Lade Diver phone Por. E. Cor	6011
Je,	y sixing	,	K. →	- 11/1
	V .		80-760	1-2/1/
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorindum \cdot united states government

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то	: T	HE DIRECTO	3		date: Se	ptember 18	, 1950
	вјест:	Admira. ed whether	ADIO DEVICE Hillenkoette the Bureau wo	er called me	Referral on Septemb	/Consult er 18 and s	olson add clegg playin icosch tracy tarbo le. Room
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J	advise	ing any at	him that the this time and to his confer	l asked him_	to keep the	Dunom	milyh Per the FBI
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Exempt from 605, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

September 27, 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD

In conference with the Attorney General this morning he stated that desirous of having placed on their telephones the apparatus which would make non-workable the use of the supersecret device which has been invented to operate as a microphone over a telephone. Will you please see that this is given immediate attention.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

80-760-2183". Wasans July 5

RECORDED . 35

INDEXED - 33

\$7P 29 1950

JEH:EH

Lategory 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Clegg Glavin

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

: THE DIRECTOR

TO

Memori idum • united states government

DATE: October 2, 1950 FROM : D. M. LADD OF COUNTERMEASURES Glavir Nichols Rosen Pat Coyne advised SA Sanders today that the President and his staff are cruising on the President's Belmont yacht and are not expected back until the end of this week. Mohr Coyne stated he will be unable to make any arrangements Tele. Room for the installation of these counterdevices until the President and his staff return. This matter will be closely followed by the Liaison Section. ESS: lae Heclastification - Internito

Office Memorandum • United States Government

MR. D. M. LADD A. H. Belmont FROM :

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

Admiral Souers was contacted today by Special Agent Edward S. Sanders to determine which of the President's telephones are to be equipped with the counter for the Ultrasonic Listening Device.

Admiral Souers and Pat Coyne advised they will make, the appropriate inquiries either on Friday or Monday and will advise Sanders whomhe should see in this connection.

RECOMMENDATION:

The foregoing is submitted for your infor-

ESS:lw '

mation.

DATE: September 28, 1950

RECORDED - 2

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Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Date of Declassification - Indefinite

630CT6

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

b6 STANDARD FORM NO. 64 b7C b7E ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: September 29, 1950 MR. HARBO SUBJECT: request that the protective In accordance with against the radio frequency telephone-microphone unit be installed phones, I contacted this afternoon in accordance with Mr. Ladd's She checked with the Attorney General and he asked to see me. suggestion. pointed out the phones in his office and there are three phones off the switchboard and one direct line on his desk. He asked if we would take care of all of these phones and I assured him we would. He said that any time over the weekend would be a convenient time and I said we would do it tomorrow morning. with an extension. He also has a private line with three extensions on it, making a total of six phones. I told him that we would take care of these at his convenience and he assured me that any time was convenient since there was always omeone at his home. We will fin therefore take care of these phones tomorrow also. DJP/mek Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. TOLSON

September 28, 1950 DATE:

R. T. HARBO

SUBJECT: ` RADIO FREQUENCY TELEPHONE-MICROPHONE DEVICE

Reference is made to the memorandum from the Director to Messrs. Tolson and Ladd concerning the President's request that the countermeasure for the radio frequency telephonemicrophone device be installed on

The Liaison Section representatives are making the necessary contacts to effect arrangements for the installation of the protective The equipment and Laboratory personnel are available and the installations will proceed as rapidly as arrangements are completed by Liaison. I will advise you when these installations are completed.

DJP/mek

RECORDED - 2

Exempt from 60 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST TION

Room 5744 /07/0 , 1950

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LL INFORMATION CONTAINED EREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ATE 01-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg	TO:DirectorMr. LaddMr. CleggMr. GlavinMr. HarboMr. NicholsMr. Rosen
•	Mr. Tracy Mr. Belmont Mr. Monr
	Mr. Carlson Mr. Callahan Mr. Nease Miss Gandy
	Personnel Files Section Records Section Mrs. Skillman
•	See Me For Appropriate Action
•	Send File Note and Return
, , ,	
	A PAND FIRST
	,

Clyde Tolson

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

SECRETI September 29, 1950

ECORDED A MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

I wanted to advise you that in line with your suggestion a few days ago steps are being taken for the installation of the countermeasures for the radio framework.

will, of course, advise you.

Respectfully,

John Edgar Hoover Director

JEH: EKOLI JE ST. B. JANGEL ST

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Oct 18 6 of fri 50

HOLDSHIP HELLION

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO		MR .	TOLSON	. ~~~		DAT	E: Octobe	r 3, 1950	_
FF	ком :	$R \cdot T$. HARBO	PJ ST	GRET		V	Mr. Tolson	_
LAX		()		• ,	HONE-MICROP	TOUT	d	Mr. Olavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols	
ا ال	JBJECT:	IVA DI	O EVEĞOY	MOT TEPELT	1014 F - WT Cuol	HUNE	l	Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Egan	r.*
. /4	· •	Suppl	ementin	o mu memoro	andum of Oc	tober 2.	the	Wr. Harbo	4
, /i	install	ation_	of_the	ountermeas	andum of Oc sure for th	e radio f	requency	Mr. Quinn Term Tele. Room Mr. Nease Miss Holmes	
Ę	erebuo.	<u> </u>	robnone	<u>device nas</u>				Col Belling	
Ļ	analea	on Oc	toher 2	and the ne	The of	fice inst	allation	s were	Y.
Ĩ	lațions	were	made by	SA C. K.	CORBETT.		<u> </u>	AND I	9
71	nana ha	The	nstallar	tions for	October 3 b	. 91	1	including	_
t	ooth of	fice a	nd resid	lence.		<i>y</i> Б <u>д</u>	es Je	including	
*				ions for		Wanger was desirable and the			
	residen		by SA J	. M. MATTER	? on Octobe	r 2, both	office .	an a	
_	٧	Insta	Hations	for					
⊢			are of	h'adulad fo	or the even	ing of Oc	tohan 3	and the	
	norning		tober 4.		on October	4 all re	quested	<u>installa-</u>	
7	iions w	ill ha	ne heen	completed	mith the e	rcention	of those	for	
7	iaison	Secti	on repre	esentatives can be made	s are still	awaiting	word as	to when	
1 3	11.636. 5							•	
s	hould:			's instruct	tions mere	that the	installa	tions .	
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l	nstall		also mo		<u>Director</u>	monta aes	re to no	uve the	
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111	Giaison	for t	he Direct	for approve illations t	es, arrange <u>to b</u> e made	ments wil. on	<u>l de maa</u>	<u>e Ethrough</u>	
- 1/1		*					•	0 411 3 4W 2	El
<u></u>			s ofer	ing s	⊸ .	RECORDED	. 2	1 96	
c	c-Mr.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1074	W.	RECEIVED	1:80-	760-26	
	Mr.	Conrad	TOTAL .	2	\mathcal{E}'	at 4 co-	I Tags 19	7 1950	
F	TH: AF	ELK		, OK,	The state of the s	d 03	W 34	Maril Mari	,
•		assified b	24/	73	W 15	1		en. 1	
	E:	cempt from	n GDS, Cates lassification -	Indeficie	Phillipp	'lever		•	
	D				**ロービンド *\	•			

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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	$\sim V$	
TO :	MR. D. M. LADD DATE: September 4	e8, 1950
	A. H. BELLONT CLUCKETTI	Tolson
	TELEBRONE SECUEDADA OF WAR	Noyles .
Mason Jack		Nichora Rosen
. (Pursuant to instructions, Mr. Roach contacted	Tracy_
ı		Con .
,	and informed him that the President	Yease
•	had requested the Bireau to place on the telephone	Gandy
	lines of a certain	
ų	protective device to preclude against the possibility	•
	of unauthorized persons to activate their telephones	
	to microphones for listening devices. Mr. Webb was	
	told that this coverage at Presidential request was	
	being extended only to and inquiry was made of thim as to	
•	that should be covered.	
	". Wr. Webb stated that he was present at the	

Cabinet meeting at the time this matter was discussed, but that he was completely confused as to what it was all about and stated that he was under the impression that the device that the Bureau had perfected woulds preclude all types of telephone taps. It was explained to him by Mr. Roach that this was not the case, as the device did not pertain to the usual types of telephone taps. It was learned from Mr. Webb that, after attending the Cabinet meeting, he had directed a memorandum to Mr. Humelsine, Deputy Under-Secretary of State, making inquiry about the protective devices and that Humelsine in turn sent it to Mr. Boykin, Director of Consular Affairs, and that he in turn passed the memorandum on to Mr. Donald L. Nicholson. Chief of the Security Division.

In Mr. Roach's presence, the Attorney General called Webb and wanted to know how the project was

PA OCT

Exempt from GD Category

Date of Declassification Israelinite

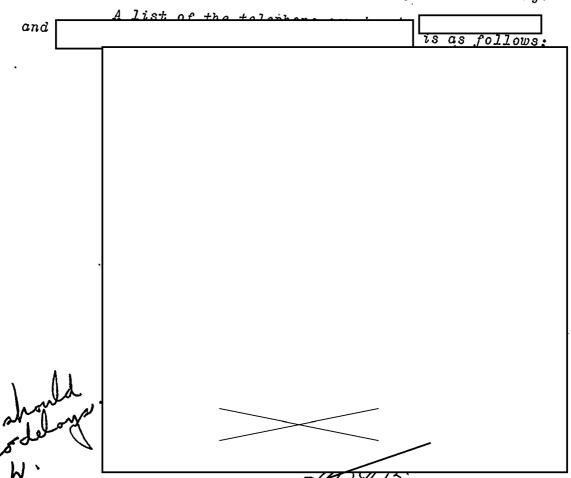
HDEXED - 2

80-760-27 000 11/1950 34 SECRET

5 V

developing. Webb told him that a representative of the FBI was at the time in his office, and it would proceed as rapidly as possible. Mr. Webb commented to Mr. Roach, "I guess the Attorney General is getting impatient and in a hurry."

Mr. Webb stated that from his understanding of the President's instructions the matter was to be held very closely and that, therefore, whenever the Bureau desired to start the installation, he personally would see that access was had to all offices necessary. He stated that the best time to do this would be around six or seven o'clock some evening. He advised that he intended to tell no one about the installation with the exception of the Secretary.



At such time edastified by is ready to start on these installations, the lighten manufaction should be contacted so that necessary arrangements may be made with Mr. Webb personally.

. 1950 TO: Director Mr. Belmont Mr. Tolson Mr. Laughlin Mr. Hennrich Mr. Clegg Mr. Glavin Mr. HarboCiT _Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen lr. Baumgardner Mr. Keay _Mr. Tracy _Mr. Q. Tamm Mr. Stanley _Mr. Mohr _Miss Gandy _Mr. Nease Ferris Mr. Penning on Horbo Aoreign Service Desk _Mr. Winterr Jip Callan Mr. J. A. _Mr. Hargett Call Me <u>Mrs. Henley</u> Appropriate action Miss Jess Note & return Send file Mrs. Davidson Bring up-to-date .Correct Re-date Chief Clerk's Off. Please initial & return Records Section Personnel Files Place on record & return Mechanical Sec. Place on record .Ident. Division Per conversation Technica La Advise statuš NGING TO COVER ORE, NOT MAKING ANY RETARIES OF WAR, ARRANGEMENTS FOR Telephone Ext. 555

b7E

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

October 16, 1950

DIRECTOR, FRI

Cradio frequency telephone-microphone device

I thought you would like to know that we have completed the installation of the counterneasure for the radio-frequency telephone-microphone device on the telephones of in accordance with their wishes.

We have initiated appropriate arrangements looking

and are at present awaiting approximations can be hade. I will advise you when these remaining installations have been completed.

BTHEAT

OCT-16 7-44 PH-750

, ,	cc-Mr.	Conrad Autach	2222	RECORDED - 2	OCT[18:49]	60 -28
			,	AF JUSTICE	3 .	
• ,		SECRI	Milter V	E) 24 .21	NECHNIED WENDING HUOM	Per 16
Tolson - Ladd Clegg		Classified by	1/2//	J.P. OFFICE	THE TOTAL STATE OF THE TOTAL STATE OF THE TOTAL STATE OF THE THE TOTAL STATE OF THE TOTAL	
Glavin Nichols Rosen		Frempt from	GDS, Salegory	lectroite	ROW IN THE REST	h
Tracy Karbo Mohr		MAILED A	3	Alah	Le A	
Tele. Room Nease Oendy	<u>-</u>	27/ OCT 12 7 1950	ma i		• •	,
		:1 3 : 300	**			

	The Attorney General	OD rafes	· October 4, 1950
Ma	Director, FBI	CRESS -	PERSONAL AND
1.11-	Installation of Radio Fre		CONFIDENTIAL
	Telephone-Microphone Coun	quency termeasure	
RECORDE	0.280-760-29	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
SECONDE		ou man he const	Zant of the status
	of progress in the instal	lation of the c	Ountermenoure
*	for the radio frequency t	<u>olanhana-miaman</u>	the the
	following is set forth:	*	
•	on your office and home to	elephones, ther	d the installation e have also been
*	<u>.completed the installation</u>	à éanl	
•			
	The installation	for	also .
,	included installations made telephones of		. Aro
,	installation was also com	leted on the o	ffice telephone of
			but the installation as been delayed
	until such time as he secu	res	vo. neeu net cîlică
	in Accordingly, as	of this date of	177 in ata Pratica
	haven been completed with	the erception o	f thore for
-	ine installation on	l and	
*	be completed on October 5.	1950. Admira	telephones will in L Staney W. Souers
*	has advised that the Presi	dent and his si	taff arm out of the
	city and that Admiral Soue concerning this matter upo	rs expects to c n his return Sc	iontact the President iturday October 7
¥.	1950.	•	TOR ICE
٩	. No action has be	en taken to ins	tall the counter-
•	measure on the telephones	of the Secretar	v of the Armuz
<i></i>	Secretary of the Navy or they are not	<i>Secretary of th</i> in: Us	le Air Force, sincé :
hr. Tolson			\mathbf{I}
Mr. E. A. Teme Mr. Clege 5 Mr. Glavin	MALLED	2 BECEINED-1	reson
Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichola Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy	JSA: lae; csh	1950 Oct 2 2011	S AH "5D"
Mr. Gurnes Mr. Gurnes Mr. Karbo	CONVE	His A	<i>01 .</i>
Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Taxo	Called a. 9. 2 Marified by 24	9975	
Mr. Nease Miss Gandy	279 Exempt from the	Colegory 2	•
- DiN	Distros Declassific	ation - Indestrito	•
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

	•
To : The Director	DATE: October 3,.1950
FROM : D. M. Ladd	CITCIDENT 57,000
SUBJECT:	DI Trade
Pursuant to your me	Olavin
in installation of devices to dictaphone, the following is	equest as to the status of progress Rosen
The same same same is	Mohr
	Status of Installation Nease
	Office phone completed 9/29. No home phone at present.
	Installation will be made on home
	phone when secures one.
	Office and home phones completed 9/30.
₹	Office and home phones completed 10/2.
•	Office phones completed 10/2 This
*	and The The Inches hoth
	being made on and his
	today.
	home being made today
	Office and home phones partially
	completed 10/2, complete installation today.
	Contact made by Bureau Liaison
>à'.	Agents. Installation to be done in near future.
(has been
√	unavailable for interview. Appointment secured for today.
Admiral Souers advis	and that the Post of the second
are out of the city on the pre expects to contact the Braside	esidential yacht, and Admiral Souers nt concerning this matter upon his
return Saturday SECRETI	
ACTION: Classified by 24 // Exempt from GDS, Cate	RECORDED 2 180-760-29 INDEXED 2
None. Pate-of-Declassification	Finderman (CT/) O 140
B:mls Titel: And	RECORDED - 2 INDEXED - 3 INDEX
men	i William

The second secon	
Office Marrow I.	
Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	
/ % .	
TO: MR. TOLSON / DATE: October 9, 1950	
A Mr. Clegg	7
SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY TELEPHONE-MICRO PHONE	Ξ
Wr. Freey	=
Supplementing my memoranded of October 2 and 3, the installation of the counterward of th	_
the installation of the countermeasure for the radio Tele Room The installation of the countermeasure for the radio Tele Room The Nesse	_
france tolono	=
BART	F
on October 3 and 4.	J
HAT.	
The installation in	1
was handled on October 3 by SA CHARLES K. CORBETT.	, 1
residence at this time. In the event he desires such an install	,
lation later he will advise us.	_
The installations for	
were handled on October 3 and October 5 by SA	
The installations for	
were handled on October 5 by SA CHARLES K. CORBETT.	
All of the requested installations have now have	
except those for	
Liaison Agents are still awaiting advice concerning these instal-	
lations	
Ola /	
RTH: AF.	
*	
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Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: October 4, THE DIRECTOR THE EXECUTIVES CONFERENCE FROM RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE On October 4, the Conference composed of Messrs. olson, Ladd, Callahan, Tracy, Mohr, Clegg, Sizoo, Belmont, Rosen, Nichols and Harbo, considered the suggestion that the telephone employee contacted by the Laboratory in making telephone security checks be advised of the countermeasure which we are presently installing in a number of telephone instruments to guard against the use of the telephone instrument as a microphone. The telephone company has a policy which prohibits any "foreign" attachments on telephone lines and telephone repair men are under standing instructions to disconnect or remove any equipment or wiring which is not part of a standard telephone installation.
To guard against this, the filter (countermeasure unit) is being installed within the telephone instrument and is also being labeled "EXPERIMENTAL, DO NOT REMOVE." It is hoped that this will prevent an employee from removing the filter without first checking with his superiors in the telephone company. Accordingly, it is felt that we should advise our contact in the Washington telephone company in order that he can be in a position to approve the presence of the filters if brought to his attention. It is not proposed that he be furnished any information concerning the radio-frequency mike-tel unit but that if our contact in the telephone company inquires he should be advised that the filter device is protective in nature The Conference unanimously recommends that the Laboratory advise its contact in the telephone company on a confidential basis concerning the installation of the filter device and that Mr. Nichols similarly notify his telephone company contact at the top level. The Laboratory contact should be notified since any inquiries concerning, the filters on telephone instruments would come to his attention. The Conference further considered whether information concerning the nature of the radio frequency mike-tel unit should be brought to the attention of the top level telephone company contact by Mr. Nichols on a confidential basis on the assumption that he would learn aboutlits existence sooner or later and it might be to the Bureau's advantage to notify him in advance. The Conference was unanimously opposed to any such action since by Presidential directive the existence of the radio frequency mike tel unit is crestricted information. The Conference unanimous Typrecommends that the Laboratory's telephone company contact and the top-level telephone company contact cc-Mr. Clego Li Ur. Mohr Classified by 24 OCT 23/950 Exemply Com GDS, Category 2 37. The Appropriation - Indefinite INDEXFD - 51

Memo Director

1 1.

of the Washington telephone company be notified of the installation of the protective filter on several instruments but that no indication be given concerning the radio frequency mike-tel unit itself and that any explanation concerning the filter unit be limited to a statement that it is protective in nature.

> Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson.

Exempt from 605, Salegory 2 1.

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

fice Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. R. T. Harbo

DATE: October 17, 1950

Mr. I. W. Comrad,

SUBJECT; Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone Device

Reference is made to Executives Conference memorandum of October 4, 1950, relative to the above-entitled matter wherein the Bureau approved my request for permission to advise our telephone company contact concerning the installation of the protective filter on certain telephones, in order that the Bureau might be promptly informed relative to any tampering

with such filters by telephone company personnel. Immediately upon receiving such authority, I did so advise our

contact, and at his suggestion we have had thorough tests run by the telephone company test board on an instrument equipped with the filter (unknown to the test board, of course) and our contact has advised us that by actual trial, no test presently used or planned by the telephone company will detect from the central office the presence of this filter on a subscriber's line. Accordingly, any encounter with the filter by telephone company personnel will be the result of physical inspection of the telephone equipment by such employees.

I have conferred at some length with our contact concerning the best method of insuring that tampering with or removal of the filter by telephone personnel might be held to a minimum and that we would be promptly advised of same. Our contact has advised that so long as the general Washington area is the only area involved, the organizational set up is such that he will be either consulted before the filter is removed or notified of the filter's removal by telephone company personnel. He further advised after careful consideration that he felt our present label "EXPERIMENTAL, DO NOT REMOVE" without any other identification would best meet the interests of the telephone company, until such time as it might be possible to have our filters constructed in a container which would simulate some standard telephone component. As reflected in my memorandum of October 2, 1950, we are considering the possibility of having these filters made up to simulate standard telephone equipment, and we are continuing to follow that possibility very closely.

None; above for informational purposes only.

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Exempt from GDS, Categor. Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Z ZHOARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

	0.4			
,	TO : MR. HARBO	DATE:	October 3, 19	50
-	FROM: D. J. PARSONS P SECRET			Tolson_
ž,	SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE			Clegg
	The state of the s	•		Glavin Nichols
	7,000,000,000			Rosen
	The attached memorandum of Mr. Conrad, dated October that we advise our telephone company contact that we are	tober	2, recommends	Harbo
	small protective devices on a number of telephones. Mr.	Conra	d proposes	Mohr_ Tele. Room
	that we not disclose to him the nature of the radio frequency	uency i	microphone-	Nease
	telephone unit or even the nature of the small protective acquaint him with the fact that we have installed these	re devi	ce, but	Gendy
	devices marked "EXPERIMENTAL, DO NOT REMOVE" in order to	have '	the cooperation	n .
	of the telephone employees who will unquestionably come and would normally remove them.	in con	tact with them	ì
	did would normally remove onem.			~ `
	I agree with Mr. Conrad's recommendation and fe	el tha	t it would be	in the
	best interests of the Buréau to do this. I would like to Mr. Nichols advise one of the higher level officials with	o furt	her recommend he is in cont	that act
	concerning this protective device.	/11 WIIOIII		aco l/Consul
	I would also like to propose that Mr. Nichols o			•
	the telephone company of our radio frequency microphone-	telepho	one device.]	feel
	that it is a matter of only a short time before the tele	phone o	company will k	mow
	of this development if they are not already aware of it. been a matter of discussion among the various department	The :	fact that this	: `has
	and material h	as been	n written in t	
	White House offices will certainly cause this information	n to be	ecome more wid	lely
	disseminated. In addition to these reasons is the fact as the State Department and the Department of Defense the			
	checks and the curiosity caused by finding these small f			
	cause this information to become more widespread.	•	•	
,	I think we might well expect that in the not to	o dista	ant future the	lu
	telephone company will probably come to us or we might o	therwis	se learn that	they
	have knowledge of this unit. In view of the success tha maintaining excellent relations with the telephone compa	t Mr. 1	Nichols has ha	d in
	he very confidentially advise the telephone company on a	high I	level of this	equip-
	ment and the protective steps that we are taking in the	nations	al interest, a	ind of
	our desire to restrict dissemination of this information	as muc	ch as possible	•
	RECOMMENDATION: That Mr. Nichols, on a high level, conf			
). ^{Tu}	telephone company of the radio frequenc device and the protective steps that we			ne
*	device and one protective steps onat we	(P)	7	7
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	Exempt from GDS, Category 2	E T		
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO:	MR. HARBO PH	DATE:	October 2,	1950
FROM:	I. W. CONRAD.			Mr. Tolson Mr. E. A. Tamm Mr. Clegg
SUBJECT:	RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE		♥ F	Mr. Glavin Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Egan
tive fil	Reference is made to the <u>Director's instruction</u> ters on the telephones of	ns to pl	ace protec-	Mr. Gurnes Mr. Harbo Mr. Lohr Mr. Pennington Mr. Quinn Tarm
	protect against application of the above-indica	ted dev		Mr. Nease Miss Gandy

As you know, the telephone company has a policy of long standing which prohibits any "foreign" attachments on telephone lines, and telephone repairmen are almost universally under standing instructions to disconnect and remove any equipment or wiring which is not part of a standard telephone installation. Since installation of the filter required to counter the radio frequency mic-tel is, of necessity, not a standard telephone procedure, it can be anticipated that telephone repairmen encountering the filter would ordinarily remove it and report its presence to their superiors. This is not a problem for those telephones under our own control, but could be a real problem in the case of the telephones. One possible long-range solution to this problem may lie in having Western Electric Company make up the filters to

problem may lie in having Western Electric Company make up the filters to simulate a standard component of the usual telephone installation; however, such construction would require considerable time and is not a solution to the immediate need for protection.

After thorough consideration and discussion of the matter among appropriate personnel of this section, the following procedure is being adopted as best calculated to prevent removal of the filter by telephone company personnel: The filter itself is being installed within the telephone instrument, rather than being installed externally, and in addition, the filter is being clearly labeled "EXPERIMENTAL, DO NOT REMOVE," since such a notation is sometimes used by the telephone company on experimental installations of their own.

It is further anticipated that in some instances the telephone repairmen encountering the filter labeled as above may inquire of their superiors concerning whether the filter should be removed. Accordingly, it is felt that it would be desirable to acquaint our contact in the Washington telephone company with the fact that we are installing a protective device on these telephones, in order that he can be in a position to approve the presence of the filters if brought to his attention. It will not be necessary to disclose to him the detailed nature of the radio frequency mic-tel unit, and it may not be necessary even to disclose the nature of the filter device; however, it is felt, if the contact inquires, that he should be advised that the device is protective in nature.

RECOMMENDATION: In view of the above outlined facts, it is recommended that authority be granted to advise our telephone company contact that we are installing on certain key telephones devices labeled as above, in order that reasonable assurance may be had that the protective devices will not be removed from the telephones in question//

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Exempt from the Category and Date of Dectassification Indefinition

OCT 23,1950

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorandum • united states government

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 01-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

	BUREAU OF INVEST: FION 44 (719 , 1950
MiMiMiMiMiMiMrMrMrMrMrMrMrMrMrMr	irector r. Ladd Mr. Clegg Mr. Glavin Mr. Nichols Mr. Nichols Mr. Nichols Mr. Rosen Mr. Rosen Mr. Harbo Mr. Rosen Mr. Harbo Mr. Rosen Mr. Harbo Mr. Horbo Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr Tole Room Callahamus Gandy Chease Mr. Nease Mr. Section Mr. Skillman
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.*	Clyde Tolson

Office Memorandum • united states government

	-9 "	Mr. R. T. Harbo / O DATE: October 18, 1950
det.	FROM	Time of Call 4:15 Lir. I. W. Connect Dictated Dictate
HO	,	DL D
•	SUBJECT	STATE DEPARTMENT; RADIO FREQUENCY MIC-TEL
		Wr. Sten
		Reference is made to the program whereby protective
		filters were installed by the Bureau on the telephones of the
		Mr. Nease Miss Gargy
		You will recall that in order to be promptly advised
-		of any tampering with these filters by telephone company
		personnel, I was authorized by Executives Conference memorandum
	>	dated October 4, 1950, to advise our telephone contact concerning the existence of this device. Immediately upon receiving
	P	such authorization, I did so advise the contact.
· J	8	of the state of th
, 2	* *	I have just received a phone call from our contact,
ż	*	who advises that one a State Department Security
(3)	,	Officer, apparently had been assigned to make a security check of the telephones
\checkmark		apparently had not been advised or given any instructions
· 3	1	whatsever by the concerning the presence
j	*,	of the filter. Accordingly, nad instructed a telephone
4	*	supervisor accompanying him to remove the device, in spite
73	_	of the printed instruction thereon "Do Not Remove." The telephone man, of course, complied with his instructions.
K 3		This telephone employee likewise was not familiar with the
7 <	•	device and reported it to our contact in the usual course of
·)	,	business.
3		Immediately upon receiving this call, I_notified
ž		of the Liaison Section and suggested that Liaison
એ		might wish to call the matter to the attention of the
13	•	Secretary's Office, advised me that this would be
	bs.	done immediately.
3	, \$	Our contact advised his telephone employee that
oult	falli	he was aware of the unit, that it was proper, and that since
	RINSI	it had already been removed it should be sent to him. We
Ester	150 18,	have made arrangements to recover the filten: and will make further arrangements to recover the filten: and will make
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Memorandum • united'states government

MR. TOLSON

DATE: October 24, 1950

FROM:

R. T. HARBO

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT SUBJECT:

The Director approved the Conférence recommendation that 25 of these units be constructed. We have two field Agents on special assignment in the Laboratory for a 60-day period handling the construction. We expect to have 15 of the units completed by Wednesday night October 25. In view of the desire to hold to a minimum the use of this device and the fact that only one installation involving the use of this device has been approved, it is believed destrable that we build no more than 15 units at this time. The rate of construction has been proceeding on schedule. One of the field Agents has been here 5 weeks and 1 day, and the other Agent 4 weeks and 1 day. I have discussed the proposal to make only 15 units at this time with Mr. Hennrich and Mr. Ladd, both of whom concur.

RECOMMENDATION:

That we build only 15 radio frequency microphone-telephone units at this time and immediately upon the completion return the two Agents presently in the Laboratory on special assignment to their respective offices.

RECORDED 51

Exempt from 6DS

Date of Doctassification - Indefinite

51 OCT 301950

Office Memorandum • united states government

TO	:	THE	DIRE	CTOR,				D	ATE:	0ctober	26,	1950
FROM	:	MR.	D. M	. LADI	8/		TURK					Tolson L
SUBJECT				E SECU		SEC	of the	D . /)	<i>V</i> .	OF STATE OF	CleggOlevin
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	L	1 /1	. **. # .i <u>/</u>	At the	reque	est of G	eneral Io	ndry.	Air	Aide_to		Harbo
		the disc	<u>Fr</u> es	ident.,	Mr. I	Roach_mer	t_with_hing_device	im_th.is	_aft	erno.on	to t	Tele. Room_
		the	Whit	e Hous	e, whi	ich was i	the subje ey Genera	ect of	prev	ious dis	BR .	Candy
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SECRET

when deemed necessary. He thought that the same arrangement could be worked out between the Miami Office of the Bureau and the Secret Service while the Fresident is at Key West.

General Landry stated that he would be in touch with the Bureau as to what the Fresident desired in the next day or so and would give us the exact location, numbers and other necessary data concerning the phones to be covered. He desired to know if the installations could be made during off-business hours, either in the evening or on the week end. He stated that in order to avoid the nemoval of the devices by during routine inspection, he intended to inform this officer (Major McNalley) and that it would probably be best for the Eureau to work through him, as well as with of Secret Service, for access to the various telephones.

ACTION

This matter will be followed and, if you approve, General Landry will be informed that we will make the installations as soon as they give us the necessary information on the coverage to be made.

Do mot follow mp. Would for their nell move. freated for many are heing tokening on this propert. The met thing we taknow some columns!

TOTAL I.

Classified by 24 4:25 Exempt from Cos, Category 25

Date of Declassification - Indesinite

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		AND GUEDTE LO	L SECTION. RE	URTEL SEPTEMBE	20,
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

SEPTEMBER 29, 1950

Man Sac NEW YORK.

URGENT

SHIPMENT REQUESTED BY BUREAU WIRE SEPTEMBER THINTEEN RECEIVED. IN LABORATORY.

FOUR-FOOT SECTION BAKELITE TUBING SENT, ICA ONE FIVE TWO, WAS TWO AND ONE HALF
INCHES OUTSIDE DIAMETER INSTEAD OF TWO AND ONE QUARTER INCHES AS REQUESTED.

PROCURE FROM INSULINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA AN ADDITIONAL FOUR-FOOT SECTION TWO
AND ONE QUARTER INCHES OUTSIDE DIAMETER BAKELITE TUBING BY EMERGENCY PURCHASE AND
SHIP ATTENTION LABORATORY. TWO AND ONE HALF INCH DIAMETER SECTION AIREADY SENT
WILL BE RETAINED BY LABORATORY.

HOOVER

BJM/mr M.W./

RECORDED: 2. Nov. 1950

RECORDED: 2. Nov. 1950

OCT. 3.1950

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Tele. Room

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

TEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICA (JOHS SECTION

FROM WASH D. C

URGENT

SAC

SHIPMENT REQUESTED BY BUREAU WIRE SEPTEMBER THIRTEEN RECEIVED IN LAB-ORATORY. FOUR-FOOT SECTION BAKELITE TUBING SENT, ICA ONE FIVE TWO, WAS TWO AND ONE HALF INCHES OUTSIDE DIAMETER INSTEAD OF TWO AND ONE QUARTER INCHES AS REQUESTED. PROCURE FROM INSULINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA AN ADDITIONAL FOUR-FOOT SECTION TWO AND ONE QUARTER INCHES OUT-SIDE DIAMETER BAKELITE TUBING BY EMERGENCY PURCHASE AND SHIP ATTENTION

TWO AND ONE HALF INCH DIAMETER SECTION ALREADY SENT

WILL BE RETAINED BY LABORATORY.

Exempt from GDS, Calegory 2

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LABORATORY.

Tic of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM! FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorandu UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: October 6, : Director, FBI

: SAC, Los Angeles FROM

W. MILLER CHOKES

FBI Laboratory Radio and Electrical Section

Re Bureau telegram dated September 20, 1950.

Regarding the purchase of the J. W. Miller Company chokes, the balance of the order will be forwarded today via air express. The total cost of the order is \$91.50.

W3:AAD

66-275

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

1950

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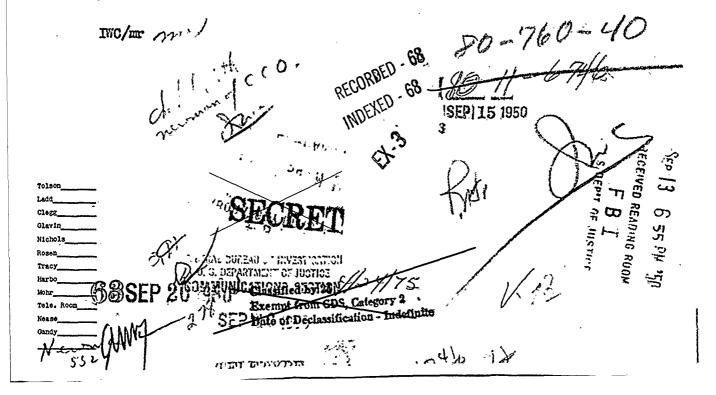
SEPTEMBER 13, 1950

SAC, NEW YORK

URGENT

TROCURE ON EMERGENCY FURCHASE AND SHIP ATTENTION LABORATORY FOLLOWING: FROM
INSULINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA, THIRTYSIX DASH ZERO TWO THIRTYFIFTH AVENUE,
LONG ISLAND, FIFTEEN EACH VARIABLE CONDENSER ICA FIVE THREE ONE AND APPROXIMATELY
TEN FEET THREE—INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER BAKELITE TUBING ICA ONE FIVE FIVE, AND
APPROXIMATELY FOUR FEET TUBING TWO AND ONE FOURTH INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER ICA
ONE FIVE TWO, ESTIMATED TOTAL COST EIGHTY DOLLARS. ALSO, FROM SYLWANIA
ELECTRIC PRODUCTS, FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC, PROCURE ONE HUNDRED
TWENTYFIVE GERMANIUM DICCES NUMBER IN-THIRTYFOUR, ESTIMATED TOTAL COST
ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. ALSO, FROM KENYON TRANSFORMER COMPANY, EIGHT FOUR ZERO
BARRY STREET, NYC, PROCURE TWENTYFIVE EACH TRANSFORMERS NUMBER T DASH
TWENTYSIX, ESTIMATED TOTAL COST ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. EXFEDITE AND ADVISE.

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U. 9. BEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

SEP 13,1950

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NEW YORK 38 FROM WASH DC.

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URGENT

PROCURE ON EMERGENCY PURCHASE AND SHIP ATTENTION LABORATORY FOLLOWING-FROM INSULINE CORPORATION OF AMERICA, THIRTYSIX DASH ZERO TWO
THIRTYFIFTH AVENUE, LONG ISLAND, FIFTEEN EACH VARIABLE CONDENSER ICA
FIVE THREE ONE AND APPROXIMATELY TEN FEET THREE-INCH OUTSIDE
DIAMETER BAKELITE TUBING ICA ONE FIVE FIVE, AND APPROXIMATELY FOUR FEET
TUBING TWO AND ONE FOURTH INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER ICA ONE FIVE TWO,
ESTIMATED TOTAL COST EIGHTY DOLLARS. ALSO, FROM SYLVANIA ELECTRIC
PRODUCTS, FIVE HUNDRED FIFTH AVENUE, NYC, PROCURE ONE HUNDRED
TWENTYFIVE GERMANIUM DIODES NUMBER IN -THIRTYFOUR, ESTIMATED TOTAL
COST ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS. ALSO, FROM KENYON TRANSFORMER COMPANY,
EIGHT FOUR ZERO BARRY STREET, NYC, PROCURE TWENTYFIVE EACH
TRANSFORMERS NUMBER T DASH TWENTYSIX, ESTIMATED TOTAL COST ONE
HUNDRED DOLLARS. EXPEDITE AND ADVISE.

HOOVER

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Classified by 24 2 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 .
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: October 12, 1950

SUBJECT:

SAC, WASHINGTON STEED PL

NTERNAL SECURITY - R

ReBulet dated October 2, 1950.

Kindkich

This is to advise that a radio <u>frequency microphone - telephone</u> surveillance was installed on the office

at 11:15 Pm, October 11, 1950.

The Bureau's attention is called to the fact, however, that the installation is not complete and due to technical difficulties is not yet in operation.

The Bureau will be advised immediately of the time and date . of the installation when completed, as well as the symbol number.

WPS:bh 100-17076-Sub 2

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RECORDED - 68
Category 2

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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Classified by 2

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

				•	
•	TO:	THE DIRECTOR	DATE:	October 25,	1950
	FROM:	D. M. Ladd		1/	Tolson_
	SUBJECT:	SECRE	t.	Vi	Ladd
MD		Mascane Listenen, Dense	K.,		Olavin
1119		FOLL GOUGE COLLEGE THIS eneming as	<u>14 07070</u>	1	Rosen
		the Bureau install the protective de	ve both	requested th	antiro /
	-	and home telephones.	occes in	the or office	CMohr
	$\int_{\mathbf{k}}$	I told Mr. Coyne that I would so	ubmit th	is request	Oendy
. 4	ed as	to you and I would let him know if in grant this request.	t was pos	ssible to	mad
Desi	ed on s la C.K. Go	I believe it would be desirable	+0 20 +1		6.#
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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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No locations have been	fodfooted other than		••

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Office Memorandum • united states government

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TO	•	THE D	IRECTOR				_	2	14000111001	Tol	lson_	
FROM	:	D. M.	LADD	0	SEC	REL	_			-	gg	_
SUBJEC	T:/	TELEP	HONE SE	CURITY					K,	Ro	chols	-
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		to th	e Presi	dent. l	(r. Roac	ch met w	ith ni	n this	morning	Ga	ndy	<u>-'</u> -
		COBET	ra.ae l			lthat	ne aesi	irea c	<u>telephone</u> overed	4 CO	ny w:	<u>d</u>
		571 th	e Burec	u's pro	tective	<u>device</u>	as so	on as	possible. be cover	ed		
	1	The I	<u>ist sac</u>	<u>iws abbi</u>	·O & E III C G	<u>310 01 0</u>	ETEDIO.	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>				
				eneral l	Landry o	advised	that t	he <u>Pre</u>	sident is	3		
		2077	ing tome	there	ia plane until Mo	<u>e to Kar</u> onday al	isas Ci fternoo	ty, Mi n of n	ssouri ar ext week	ia when		
		ho 102	177 ret	irn to	Jashina'	ton and	then 1	eave o		L COM	<u>s-</u>	
		burg	for a contract	<u>Bureau</u>	on the through	<u>river.</u> ah its k	The Ge Cansas	nerai City C	desired of fice, co	$u_{\perp}u$	(
	11/	make	the ne	11779999	inetal	<i>lations</i>			anu	<i>,</i> ,		
11	Ш	desis	red tha	<u>prior</u> t	to the	Preside		e: 1	Cl. Ch. Ch. Land St. March 1.	fore		
	111	the 1	reside	nt depa	rts tom	orrow.	The ot	<u>ner in</u> phones	stallation used by	$\frac{ns}{}$		ú
•				he woul	d like	to have	<u>covere</u>	d as s	soon as p	ossib	1e ()	•
		and	the rem	<u>ainder</u>	of the	telephor	nes <u></u>	COL	vered as	time	<i>□ </i>	
		wi11	pë rmit	•						,		
		1	G	eneral .	Landry	stated	that as	soon	as the B	u reau	;	
	•	is re	eady to r McNal	start, Tu. who	contac. is the	t can be First	communi	Cauloi	sas City in San San San San San San San San San Sa	r, an	id	
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		commi	<u>unicati</u>			With re	ference	* #0 L				
	~		bu Wr	s soon	as the with Ca	Bureau. Intain D	is read udleu f	ly, cor	ntact can cess to t	he ne	cess	ary
		plac	es for	install	ations	here in	Washin	gton.				
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س				J	V		(N)	r '	•			

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SECRET

There is attached a copy of a list of the locations of telephones to be covered.

If you approve, the installations in Washington and Kansas City will be started as soon as arrangements will be added to the installation on telephones in will be handled as the Bureau is given access to them.

In view of the time element for the installation I have instructed Mr. Harbo to see that this is handled today. You will be informed when this installation has been completed.

When this installation has been completed.

A hard middle a leads now had affected to the installation in the sum of t

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

- b7E

2 November 1950

MEMORANDUM TO

Classified by 24
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification, Indefinite

80 - 726 - 4-2

No locations have been indicated other than

R. B. LANDRY Brigadier General, USAF Air Aide to the President

Exempt from GDS, Calegory 2 Date of Beclassification - Indefiable

November 8, 1950 SAC, Kansao City Director, FBI There are transmitted h<u>erebith</u> technical details of the accurate of the talenhones of go well co This data is for the information uj win sound trained acours in nour office in the event it is necessary for than to survey talaphone lines or check on the The Dureau should be informed by letter the protective installation. date and time the protective devices are removed at This information should be maintained in your office safe and not made a part of the general files in your office. AIR MAIL RECORDED - 2 Metho ROOM Tolson Clegg Nichole Exemple from GDS, Catogory 2 Date of Declassification - Indentity 8 1950 NOV. alt RECEIVED-LADU COMM - F8

Mohr

MAN

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 . (8)	
Office Memorandum • UNITED STATE	TES GOVERNMENT
1/.	
TO : MR. TOLSON	DATE: November 2, 1950
FROM: R. T. HARBO	or Clege
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE FOR RADIO FREQUENCY	W. Micholo fr: Rosen
MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE	Mr. Egan Mr. Gurnea Mr. Harbo Mr. Mohr
Mi sance List ing Devec	Wr. Penathaton Wr. Quinn temm Tele. Room
The installation of the countermeasure against the use of the radio frequency microphy	one-telephone wiss Gardy wiss Gardy
davida mae inetalled prior to d PM TOUGUU VIII	
John M. Matter.	by spectral agency (
	V. Vandin
RTH: AF	YUNE WYS)
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TOLSON DECKEL	Me Ro Ho
Clegg Olavin 4/5-1/750 30 bld at	
NICHOLS LISTUING IN A CONTROL OF THE	
Breightfrom GDS, tategory 2 . MON 8 2 08 bH 20.7	
Harbo Boom Bate of Decidence of the Most o	>
Noise KCV 8 1950 ; RECEI B I	
SendA COWN - EST RECEIVED-LADII	i ale.
5 Nov f	

DATE 01-24-2011 STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Memorardum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT b7D b7E : Mr. R. T. Harbo DATE: November 6, 1950 Tolson FROM : Mr. I. W. Conrad Clavir Nichols SUBJECT: USE OF ULTRASONIC RADIO AND TELEPHONE LISTENING DEVICES 1:acb Belmont Reference is made to Mr. Keay's memorandum for Mr. Belmont dated October 31, 1950. attaching a blind memorandum furnished to the State Department which indicates that conversation in the room of was being broadcast by radio on frequencies between 94 and 125 mc. Although Mr. Keay's memorandum interprets this information to mean that have perfected the use of radio waves to be used in telephone listening, it does not appear from a review of the written information furnished that such is necessarily the case. From a review of _ information, namely, that conversations in the room of were being broadcast on high frequency radio, it appears that the most likely explanation is the existence of a small radio transmitter concealed in or adjacent toin such a manner as to pick up and broadcast the conversation. You will recall, for example, that we have used exactly this same technic in which we have located miniature transmitters within the building walls to pick up and rebroadcast conversations occurring within the rooms in question. It is further noted that themselves concluded that the use of a small radio transmitter is the most likely explanation, and the only evidence cited against the possibility of such a transmitter is the fact that a search failed to reveal a radio transmitter. This may indicate merely that were not as successful in discovering the equipment as were in concealing it. the other hand, there is, of course, the possibility that may actually be placing radio energy on the telephone line in a manner similar to the recently developed mic-tel unit, although the radio squency reported is much higher than the frequency ised by us. COMMENDATION: (Accordingly, it is recommended that the State Department be advised that the most likely explanation for the facts as reported is believed to be the existence of a miniature radio transmitter concealed in or near the room occupied With regard to the observation by the State Department protective measure should be taken at it is my understanding that the State Department already has available search equipment which will detect the existence of .

IWC:AB

assified by 24 Exempt Com GUS. Category 2 Pale of Declassification - Indefinite

microphones or small radio transmitters if concealed in the walls.

Page Two
Memorandum to Mr. Harbo



The State Department, of course, is already aware of the radio frequency mic-tel unit since countermeasures have been installed

I personally do not feel that we should tell of our radio frequency mic-tel development at this time.

SECRET

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Exempt from Cos, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

SECRET

Problem necessarily appears to be one aspect of general problem diagramed where !- S-is source of carrier, energy as shown! -R-is receiver for recovery of some of form comies energy (Camier, and comies maybe some subject T- is tronsmitter in subjects punises (design of to trousmit or reflect maximum energy back to necive)
not measing males tronsmiter. and Camers, and can be any ware or steady state condition in either space (electromagnetic radiation such as rache, light, informal, ux, etc or even gravitational field) or (2) in matter (electrical or electromagnetic work in wise as in our RF, mic tel, or actual physical inbration of matter such as with somic sound wave) such that it can be modulated by any one of presently known modulation systems, is, fre, on, phase, pulse-time, etc. I Most likely possibility! — Tis radio transmitts controlled by redio beam from source 5 and received by I Less likely presidily; -T is a telephone energized by radio was over the telephone wines as in come of on own RF mic tel. II Other specific possibilities even labs likely; Tis a radio tronsmitter deriving power as well as control control energy from S. as may be a simple tuned circuit and antenna promount at Lower, frey and conglect to appropriate medulation device (Simila in principle of current tolegraph key with such) Exempt from GD8, Category 2 Il steady corner illimination as by browlend shops Date of Declaratication - Indefinite 21 pulsed or oflining modulated (Fin, Am it) 'at suffer some rate. b) En ergy of corner, such as radio sulffel or otherine constants to pour committed radio transmitter on some or different frequent

Office Memorandum • united states government

<i>y</i> ,	Who is a second of the second	,11110		
TO	: MR. A. H. BELMONT	DATE:	October 31,	1950 Tolson-1
FRŎN	A : V. P. KEART SECRETY	WAS TO BE	. V.	Clegg Clayin
SUBJ	ECT: USE OF ULTRASONIC RADIO AND TELEPHONE LISTENING DEVICES	ans	K -	N1410V
01	There is evidence that	hav	e perfected	
[This information was		- Carrie Carrier Carrier	Kols.
<i>€</i>	although they have no system used or in fact what is used.	ot determ	ined the	Candy
*	There is attached an excerpt f	rom <u>a let</u>	ter to the	
	dated October 19, 1950, which set	rom L <u>s forth</u> i	nformation	-
* #	which makes it quite clear that			
. ¥				
्र ^ह क्रु				
j.				
4.				
" White				
i.	It is interesting to note that this matter quite through accident.		listen	
	in on his short-wave wireless receiver s	uddenly h	eard	, ` ` `
- (*) - (*)	listening to this showed that the transm	issions u	ere contro.	lled
3	and were continuous only when the conver The frequencies of transmission are vari megacycles. This incident occurred in J	ed betwee	en 94 and 12	288. 25
			made ti	he .
	attached memorandum available to	h an ina	•	
:	Security Division, State Department, wit State Department had any knowlege of any	new type	radio free	quency
*	listening device. Mr. Nicholson informe told he knew nothing about s	d Mr. Roc	ich that he	
	of this time, are no closer problem than they were at the time it ha	to a solu	ition of the	e
ENCIT	Mr. Nickolson has asked Mr. Ro	-	this matte	r
	CECRET	े हैं क	0-7/2	46
(T)	RR: hke Exempt from the Category 2		PO. 100.	150
4.	RRR: hke Exempt from Galegory			

SECRET

be referred to the Laboratory to determine if the Bur <u>eau had any</u> knowledge of the techniques that might have been used
He stated that with the revelation made.
it becomes incumbent upon him to take some protective measures
The state of the s

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that this memorandum be referred to the Laboratory for information and that the Liaison Section be informed of the reply that should be given to Mr. Nicholson at the State Department.

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Data of Declassification Indefinite

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TOP SECRET

DITION (L)
2. To refresh your memory I will give you a summary of the further examination that has been made and of the evidence available to us. Briefly, the case is as follows. I istening in on his short wave wireless receiver, suddenly heard talking to his clerk in an adjacent room. Careful listening to this showed that the transmissions were controlled and were continuous only when a conversation was in progress. The transmissions invariably ceased at about midnight. The frequencies of the transmissions varied between 94 and 125 megs. The transmissions continued until the 28th July when they ceased. It should be noted that had only received his V.H.F. receiver two or three days before he heard, on July 21st, voice. There is therefore no possibility of knowing how long this apparatus had been in operation.
3. An exemination of the evidence leads us to believe:
(1) that there is a remote possibility that a radio beam was used
(2) That the probable explanation is the use of a radio- controlled portable transmitter. A careful examina- tion of the premises revealed no unexplained wiring.
(3) was probably selected because of its physical accessibility.
4. Even though was carefully searched during the time in which the transmissions were taking place, no apparatus was found and it is therefore very hard to understand how a portable transmitter, however small, had been installed. Even if it had been installed, it must certainly have been removed after the transmissions ceased, because an extremely careful examination of the room and adjacent passages and rooms was made and revealed nothing at all. For this reason we cannot entirely exclude the possibility that some form of external device was used, although the experts say that the evidence concerning the varying frequencies sounds much more like a transmitter.

Excerpts from letter to]
	cober 19, 1950	Downgraded & By 68324 UCBB	3/27/2000 WEARKSC
Exempt from GDS Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite	TXP SECRET	ENCLOSURE	, , 0,-0,
		80-760-46	

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	GOATED, EORIN NO. 6	DECLASSIBLICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FRING VEI AUTONALIC DECLASSIVICATION COIS DATO 01-34-2011	
	Iffice .	Memorandum · united states governm	
	e de	Director, FBI SAC, Kansas City STOTH JUNE	, 1950
	BJĒĆŤ:	PROTECTIVE INSTALLATIONS ON TELEPHONES	
		Uthan the securit	X
		installations made on telephones covering the period of November 5 to 7, 1950, removed by 11:30 A.M. on the latter date.	were
		made will probably have already been made by SA CHARLES K. CORBETT of the Laboratory.	is' / Fig.
		JJH:B Refacil submitted by meneral 8/50 DEFERRED FECORD 94-150 Reference to Koma City DEFERRED FECORD	
	So V	SECREP ROLL 80-760	19/1
	V	Glassified by 24/5/1/5 Category 2	
	DEC 22	1950. Due of Declassification: Indettrite	X

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 09-20-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

DEC 211950

80-760-48 CIMIC 110 80-648-15-59

DATE 01-24 . TELETYPE DECODED COPY 13- 29-06 BM WASH-8 FROM CHICAGO DIRECTOR FBI URGENT RE SPECIAL THREE CONTACT CRADLE SWITCH: WESTERN ELECTRIC SWITCH P 290501 WITH CONTACTS NORMALLY OPENED CAN NOT BE MODIFIED AT WESTERN ELECTRIC HAWTHORNE. SPECIAL SWITCH WITH CONTACTS DESURED UNOBTALNABLE THIS OFFICE CONTACT AND UNAVAILABLE THROUGH GRAYBAR ELECTRIC COMPANY SOURCES UNLESS FULL SPECIFICATIONS AVAILABLE AND THEN SAME WILL BE ORDERED SPECIAL FROM WESTERN ELECTRIC INDIVANAPOLIS ALTERATIONS OF SWITCH DESCRIBED IMPOSSIBLE BY GRAYBOR ELECTRIC. INDEFINATE DELIVERY DATE FOR SPECIAL ORDER. SUGGESTS THAT CONTACT BE MADE WITH BELL LABORATORY IN NEW YORK CITY OR WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY INDIANAPOLIS. NO FURTHER ACTION WILL BE TAKEN CHICAGO. 10:38 PM RECEIVED 11-13-50 led Lationatory RECORDED Classified by 24 7 Exempt from GOS, Category 2 EX. - 107 Date of Declassification indefinite ce mr. nde contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's coding systems.

_DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

NOVEMBER 15, 1950 .

SAC, CHICAGO

TROENT

SECRET

UNDERLINED PORTION TO BE ENCODED.

RE: SPECIAL TIREE CONTACT GRADIE SWITCH. PURCHASE AND FORWARD BUREAU

THEREDIATELY ONE HUNDRED FIFTY STANDARD WE P TWO NIME ZERO FIVE ZERO ONE SWITCHES.

HOOVER Exempt from GDS, Category 3 Date of Declaratication - Indefinition G.S. () Glavin RECEIVED READING ROUM OZ. MONE CASEL WIN TELETYPE NOV 15 1950 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

D. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

COMMUNICATIONS

W

Nichols Tracy Harbo Belmont

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. R. T. Harbo-DATE: November 18, 1950 FROM SECURITY OF TEXEPHONES inolusive, 1950, Special Agents C. K. Corbett and telephones and twenty telephones in rooms assigned Corbett informs me that SA James J. Hill of the Kansas City Office displayed unusual interest and ability in assisting Corbett in making this installation. Hill was valuable not only as an assistant in this installation but in contacting Secret Service and other officers contacted during this assignment. Instructions were left with Agent, Hill by Corbett for the removal of the temporary protective devices from the

telephones when they were no longer needed.

installations at

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

RECORDED - 2

are permanent

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

58 DEC 4

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DEREVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-24-2011

Standard form no. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

November 6, 1950 : MR. TOLSON DATE: TO T. HARBO FROM ackslash PROTECTISUBJECT: SA C. K. Corbett of the Laboratory has returned from installation of the protectiv Kansas City where he completed devices on Saturo and at DJP/mek RECORDED - 2 INDEXED - 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Director, FBI

DATE: October 31, 1950

FROM SAC, Miami

SUBJECT: JUNE

"Hit raise Lection

Rebulet October 16, 1950.

Suggestions contained in relet have been considered by this office. A mic-tel combination will not be possible, since subject of the investigation has no phone service and has not requested it, although he has resided at his present location almost a year. Underground cable, use of the sewer pipe, and other possibilities have been considered and rejected.

The use of a small transmitter concealed in the wall of subject's house is believed to be feasible if such a unit can be furnished to this office. It is requested that a unit be constructed and forwarded for testing. With it should be furnished the following:

(1) Information as to the type of microphone to be

used.

(2) Whether or not it is possible to use "wired radio" so that the signal will be placed on the power line to be taken off at a nearby plant.

(3) If air transmission is used, the unit should match the frequency of the FM units presently in operation in this office (40. 460 MC).

WLR: ca 66-1266

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

80-760 - 53

mw

NOVEMBER 20, 1950

-SAC, CHICAGO

TRISDINU

UNDERLINED PORTION TO BE ENCODED.

cui.

the and testing prince

RE SPECIAL THREE CONTACT CRADIE SMITCH. UROUNT THAT PIFTY WE P

TWO NINE ZERO FIVE ZERO ONE SWITCHES OF THOSE CADERED BE SHIPPED

BUREAU AUGD IMMEDIATELY. ADVISE RETURN WIRE.

JMA:AB

NOV 50 1820 CHENT AND CHARLES TO SHOW SO WANTED THE WALL OF THE STATE
A. I

Date of Doclassification - Indefinite
U. 2. Department of Justice
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

9:56 Pm.

gah.

henet

JDFC 6

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

SAC, Miami

Hovember 9, 1950

Director, FBI

JUNE

SECRET

1. E

RFCORDED - 2

Rewriet October 31, 1950. Efforts are being made to procure a small transmitter to meet your needs. It will be forwarded your office at the earliest possible date.

JMM:AB

MATLED 16 NOV /0 1950

Tolson

Clegg_ Clavin_ Nichols Rosen_ Tracy_

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Jm h

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 09-20-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

007 31-0

80-760-155,56, CHANGED TO 66-8160-1715X,1716X DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: RBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

Mr. R. T. Harbo

Mr. I. W. Conrad

November 4, 1950

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE

Reference is made to my memorandum of October 2, 1950, relative to the above entitled matter describing the filter device to be used as a countermeasure and suggesting that a possible long range solution to the countermeasure problem might lie in having the filters resemble a standard component used by the telephone company.

We have followed this matter actively and now have been successful in locating and securing a standard telephone company component which appears suitable for the purpose, in that it provides an effective counter and at the same time would be relatively non-suspicious to the average telephone employee since it bears the tradename of Western Electric. This component will be used on any installations which we make in the immediate future.

Our countermeasures thus far have been along the filter principle, filtering out the radio signal and permitting the voice to go on through. However, during our continuing consideration of this problem, Mr. J. M. Matter of the Section has come up with an excellent idea for providing a countermeasure from a different approach, Matter's proposal involves adding two additional switch contacts to the existing telephone hang-up switch in such a manner as to disable the microphone when the telephone is "hung up" but to permit the microphone to function normally when the telephone is lifted for use. This switch modification is feasible and is somewhat similar to modifications which we make for other technical surveillance reasons.

Although our filter devices are entirely adequate and satisfactory against the listening device with which we are acquainted at present, I feel that the hand-up modification proposal by Matter is an improvement in that it would offer a broader protection against possible future improvement of existing techniques.

RECOMMENDATION: Accordingly, I have sent a wire to Chicago expeditiously ordering a quantity of telephone switch hooks suitable for such modification. Such modified switches will be used for any installations required after the switchs become available.

(EXCERPT ******)

IWC: AB

Classified by 24 Exempt from 605, Category 2 -Dato of Declassification Indefinite

RECORDED - MA

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-12607-13

COPY: jm

OFFICE PEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

November 6, 1950.

TO:

The Director

FROM:

D. M. Ladd

DATE:

SUBJECT: CRADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE

The Laboratory has advised that a new approach has been effected to provide a countermeasure against the use of the radio frequency microphone-telephone device. As you know, we are presently using as a countermeasure device a small condenser which is placed on the telephone line near the phone piece but in a concealed place.

Briefly, the new approach to this is to change the arrangement in the cradle or "hang up" switch. This in turn will disable the microphone when the telephone is not being used and resting in the cradle. When the phone is lifted from the cradle and is being used, it will function normally despite the new arrangement in the cradle.

The new arrangement merely involves adding two additional switch contacts to the cradle or "hang up" switch.

The Laboratory further advises that while our present devices are adequate and satisfactory as a countermeasure it feels that this new arrangement involving the "hang up" switch is an improvement. A write has been sent to Chicago ordering a quantity of telephone switch hooks which can be used in this new arrangement. This new equipment will be used for any installations required in the future.

Special Agent J. M. Matter developed this idea and the recommendation has been forwarded to the Administrative Division that he receive a letter of commendation for his interest and alertness.

ACTION:

None. The above is for your information.

ehw;wmj

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Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

D = UEU 12 195W

Office Memorandum • united states government

<i>JJ</i> ,			•
то :	THE DIRECTOR DATE: November	22,]	15p //
FROM:	MR. D. M. LADD DIE JUNE	V/V	
SUBJECT:		,	Clegg
0.	INTERNAL SECURITY - R		NicholsRosen
	PURPOSE:		Tracy
	To advise you that the Radio Frequency Microphone-Tele	phone	Tele. Room
• ,		<u>as</u>	Candy
	and that there are now no RF Mike-Tel surveillances in operation	by	Pagforse
	the Bureau.	- suf	Comot V
•	DETAILS:	oly,	Pagense Conbett X
	You will recall that on approval of the Attorney General	•	1
Γ	a Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone Surveillance was installed	4	٦ 、
	Installation was made	de at	→ 0.5 - 0.5
	11:15 p.m., October 11, 1945. Prior to making the installation, was ascertained that the telephone company's records showed that	it	,);
•	the telephone equipment in use at was a type that would lend	-}	Oi (i)
	itself to successful use of the RF Mike-Tel. After the installar was made, the equipment failed to produce the contemplated result	ti.on	
N^{-1}	Later, it was possible to have a confidential informant observe	the	4
118	actual telephone equipment in the As a result, a was learned that used a system of keys on incoming lines who	Ĺŧ	
	prevented the RF Mike-Tel from functioning. The use of the		, XI
1-1L	did not show on the telephone company's records. As a result of the above findings, the surveillance was removed 7:00 p.m.	<u>-</u>	*
Ų. i	November 7, 1950.	و ۱۹۰ م	FILED
	This was the first RF Mike-Tel Surveillance attempted		YY 1
ţ.	by the Bureau and there is now no such surveillance in operation		COPY
ľ	by us.		DED
A	ACTION:	•	RECORDED
	None. For your information.		\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
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	Date of Declassification - Imagination (110)	1	,
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Office Memorandum. TINITED STATES GOVERNMENT

יונט		LVLUITOUTOUTOUTTO	OMITED OIL	LIEU GOVER	
					b7E
то	:	Director, FBI.		DATE: November	9, 1950
FROM	:	GUY HOTTEL, SAC, Washingt	on Field		
SUBJECT	r: .	Si	RORATIO		
	•	INTERNAL SECURITY - R.	TATAL	"JUNE"	
y c	uet	Jensonie Lie	Device	Comming the Targotte	-
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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

> Remylet dated October 12, 1950, in connection with the installation of a radio-frequency microphonetalanhone surveillance in the office of Information received from a confidential informant

of the telephone company prior to the installation indicated that it would be successful. Accordingly, the installation was made but did not operate successfully.

Informant then caused a physical check to be made of the premises which disclosed additional telephone which would render the equipment in radio-frequency microphone ineffective.

Accordingly, the radio-frequency microphone surveillance installation was removed at 7:00 P. M., November 7, 1950.

WPS:cl 100-170

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RECORDED COPY FILED

b7E

Office Memoranuum • United States Government

JJ	`	
TO :	Mr. R. T. Harbo MA CLUSTO LVIII DATE: December 7, 1950	
FROM :	Mr. I. W. Conrad	in
SUBJECT:	GENERAL TELEPHONE SECURITY	n
	telephone instruments located in certain selected offices in the role. Re	nington
	s Ho	lmes
	, lias begin	7
	completed. Three instruments on	المستنفلا
	remain to be protected. Arrangements have been made with Major	can
	McNalley of the Signal Corps Office to protect	
	these instruments at the earliest possible date entry can be obtained	
	to	1
		11 '
•	TREAT	900
Ŧ	JIM: AB	
	e.A. elept	
	<i>بحر</i>	
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V		7.

Mr. R. T. Harbo

March 1, 1951

	D. J. Parsons	
Barre	first came to the attention of the Bureau when he was assigned to the Air Force Laboratory at Wright Field, Dayton, Ohio. As a result of a visit to his laboratory by a member of the Laboratory staff, it was found that was particularly interested in the development of photographic equipment and sound and listening devices. More recently, has been assigned to the Office of the Secretary of Defense as a technical adviser to former Special Agent Sidney Rubenstein, who is Executive Security Officer in the Department of Defense	
いったがいい	In the several contacts the various members of the laboratory have had with we have felt that his claims of achievements have been exaggerated and we do not know of any scientific accomplishments which personally has achieved. It may be recalled that at the time the radio frequency telephone microphone device, which was developed by was demonstrated to the Department of Defense, former Secretary Louis Johnson became excited and got the President interested in this equipment participated with in the demonstrations and accompanied to the Bureau when he brought his equipment here and was apparently rendering	1 0/000
o ditions	It was recently learned that has been rather openly stating that he is setting up a new agency which is very secret and which is to occupy the top floor of the old Post Office building with a full military guard. SA Lynch of the Liaison Section inquired into the information which we had received and brought me the attached charter for the "Physical Security Equipment Agency." This agency is to be headed by Colonel H. M. McCoy, who was military superior at Wright Field.	•
W	The Physical Security Equipment Agency will use security devices and perform services in connection with security matters for any government agency. It appears that this is an effort to consolidate all the telephone, microphone, and sound work of the defense agency into this new agency which will make its services available to other agencies in (a) criminal and related investigative activities, (b) counterpintelligence and counter sabotage activities, and (c) intelligence activities.	
	I think we should be alert to the activities of this new agency since the surprised to see them go overboard nor would I be surprised to see the see that the surprised to see the see the see that the surprised to see the see that the surprised to see the see that the see that the surprised to see the see that the see that the see that the see t	

Original copy filed in

Office Mem UNITED §

GOVERNMENT

Director, FBI

DATE: December 6, 1950

SUBJECT: SPECIAL THREE CONTACT CRADLE SWITCH

STANDARD WE-P290501

OULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

There are being forwarded under separate cover, parcel post registered, ninety-six Western Electric switches, P290501, of standard design. This is the first delivery on the order placed for 150 of the same, and the others, when received, will be forwarded to the Bureau in a similar manner.

Invoicing and payment to Graybar Electric Company will be handled locally upon receipt of the balance of the shipment.

cc: Package (Registered)

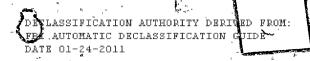
PPS:DJS 66-699

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

Exempt from CBS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinites

55DEC 21 1950



DECODED COPY

WASHINGTON 12 FROM CHICAGO

24

7:15 P.M. CRM

DIRECTOR, FBI

OULTERSONIC LISTENIAL DEVICE

URGENT

RE SPECIAL THREE CONTACT CRADLE SWITCHES. RE YOUR TEL NOVEMBER TWENTY RE 50 WEP 290501 SWITCHES. SAME ORDERED THROUGH GRAYBAR ELECTRIC WITH ENTIRE ORDER FOR 150. GRAYBAR HAS JUST ADVISED THAT 50 SWITCHES WILL BE SHIPPED WITHIN TEN DAYS. EARLIER DATE OF SHIPPMENT CANNOT BE PROMISED.

MC SWAIN

8:27 P.M.

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indecin 10 DEC 5 1950

if the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's coding systems.

Ladd Belmont

The Attorney General

April 3, 1951

Director, FBI.

STRICTLY COMPIDENTIAL

PAYSICAL SECURITS ES EQUIPMENT AJENCY; INFORMATION CONCERNING

It has come to my attention that the above-captioned agency has been formed within the Department of Defense and is presently occupying a space on the eighth floor of the old Post Office Building at 11th and Pennsylvania Avenue. It is understood that the agency has for its purpose the consolidation of all telephone and microphone surveillances and other types of sound work now being utilized by the various branches of the Department of Defense. This agency was presumably set up with the approval of the Secretary of Defense.

It has been reported that personnel of this agency have expressed a keen interest in the highly secret radio frequency microphone which, as you were previously advised, is a device whereby a telephone can be used as a microphone merely by sending a radio frequency signal on the telephone line. As you will recall, by Presidential Directive the Department of Justice was named as the sole agency contracting for the acquisition of such devices for use within the continental United States and the use of such a device was prohibited by any agency of the Department of Defense in the absence of specific approval by the Secretary of Defense.

Many further information received concerning this matter, will be brought to your attention.

GFM: kmb

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5 I APR 25 1951

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· Joz

March 30, 1951

THE DIRECTOR

D. M. LADD



Your inquired concerning whether the setting up of a Physical Security Equipment Agency might not be contrary to the President's Directive concerning the use of radio frequency wire tapping equipment. There is attached a tickler copy of the directive and a tickler copy of your memorandum reflecting your conversation with the Attorney General concerning this matter.

It is noted in this directive, Item No. 7 provides that the radio frequency device shall not be used by any agency of the Department of Defense in the absence of the approval in each instance by the Secretary of Defense.

It would appear that this agency which is being set up for the purpose of handling this matter for defense agencies would not be in violation of this directive if they confine their activity to the handling of such devices.

Attention is directed however to the fourth item which provides that the Department of Justice shall be the sole agency contracting for the acquistions of such devices for use within the continental and territorial United States. This would appear to imply that the defense agency could not buy any such equipment or acquire any such equipment without the approval of the Attorney General.

DML: dad

Attachments.

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C . O P

September 8, 1950

THE DIRECTOR

MR. LADD



PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE CONCERNING ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

The contents of the referenced Presidential Directive are set our below for your information.

At the suggestion of the Secretary of Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General and the Director of CIA, the Bresident approved and signed a Presidential Directive on August 23, 1950, of which only one copy was made. That copy is maintained in the National Security Council.

This Directive was reviewed by Special Agent Edward S. Sanders on September 8, 1950, and it was noted that it carries a top secret classification. The Directive stated that in order to insure proper control and hnadling of ultrasonic listening devices it is directed that:

- l. Appropriate arrangements be effected to classify and control such devices for the exclusive use of the United States Government.
- 2. The use shall be limited exclusively to matters of vital importance to the national security of the United States in order to avoid any unjust encroachment upon individual rights and constitutional guarantees.

3. The Departments of Treasury, Defense, Justice	
shall be the exclusive agencies	
of the Government responsible for the classification and control	
of such devices and the development of appropriate counter-measures	
applicable to the unanthorized use of such devices. Referral/Consu	ılt
In The Department of Justice shall be the sole agency	

4. The Department of Justice shall be the sole agency contracting for the acquistions of such devices for use within the continental and territorial United States.

A Charles

SECRET

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- 6. Such devices shall not be used by any agency of the Treasury Department in the absence of the approval in each instance by the Secretary of Treasury.
- 7. Such devices shall not be used by any agency of the Department of Defense in the absence of the approval in each instance by the Secretary of Defense.
- 8. Such devices shall not be used by any agency of the Department of Justice in the absence of the approval in each instance by the Attorney General.

 Referral/Consult

	7
10. The Secretary of Treasury. the Secretary of Defense,	
the Attorney General shall,	/
be responsbile personally and individually for continuing their	
close supervision of all activity relating to the control and use	
of such devices.	

11. Information concerning the existence and nature of such devices shall be limited to the appropriate employees of the Government on a need-to-know basis.

It is noted that this Directive is not to be reproduced.

RECOMMENDATION

The foregoing is for your information.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Calegory 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

September 14, 1950

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD

In conversation with the Attorney General today I advised him of the substance of the memorandum addressed to me by Mr. Ladd under date of September 8, 1950, which I am attaching hereto, which deals with the highly confidential Presidential Directive on Ultrasonic Listening Devices.

The Attorney General stated he desired to designate me to handle the phases of this matter that may arise affecting the Department of Justice and to in turn take up with him for approval and clearance the authorization of these installations when it is necessary to utilize them.

I desire for this reason that no use of this apparatus be made by this Bureau on any of the technical surveillances which have already been authorized without first taking the same up with me in order that I may explain to the Attorney General about the use of such device in every instance.

I informed the Attorney General of the development of a device by our Laboratory which prevents the use of the Ultrasonic Listening Device as telephone microphone and suggested to the Attorney General that he might desire to furnish this information to the President in case it was desired it be used for security purposes. The Attorney General has asked that I send him a memorandum about this matter and I have asked Mr. Ladd to prepare the same for me.

I think it would be well to have the preventive device installed in the telephones of Mr. Tolson, Mr. Ladd, Mr. Nichols and myself.

In this same conversation with the Attorney General we discussed the matter of technical surveillances and the Attorney General stated he thought we should review these surveillances from time to time to make certain that they were useful and that they should be continued. I told the Attorney General that this was being done and this satisfied him. I desire that all technical surveillances that are in operation be justified at least once a month by the field office having such surveillances in operation, and that they be very carefully reviewed and scrutinized here at the Seat of Government for continued operation.

I also desire to again reiterate the meticulous care that we must exercise in the recommendation to the Attorney General of any new technical surveillances and in the authorization of continued technical surveillances.

ENGPORMENT

Classified by 24 1 24 7 Exempt from 605, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

SECRET

I do not want this project to in any way get out of hand and I want it to be very closely restricted and supervised.

The Attorney General discussed with me the procedure for obtaining authorizations for installing technical surveillances and suggested I arrange to bring these to his personal attention so that he might approve them himself and they would then be handled by the Attorney General and myself or a designated representative of the Bureau. I have asked Mr. Ladd wherever practical to assemble these requests for new authorization once a week, on Monday, and I will then see the Attorney General and submit them to him for his consideration at that time. Of course in the case of any real emergency the requests for authorizations for technical surveillances should be immediately brought to my attention and I will then see the Attorney General special.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Attachment

SECRET

Classified by 24 7/

Exempt from GOS, Category 2

Dalo of Declassification - Indefinite

UR. LADD

MR. BELHOUT

Karch 26, 1951

PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT AGENCY; INFORMATION CONCERNING

PURPOSE

To advise you that the Washington Field Office is maintaining an informal contact with the Physical Security Equipment Agency which is expected to occupy space in the old post Office building. This agency expects to handle the radio frequency microphone and pocket miniature microphone recorders for defense agencies. It would appear advisable for the Fashington Field Office to continue to keep abreast of what this new agency is doing so that we will be aware of how they intend to function, and so that we may keep abreast of any technical matters they may develop.

DETAILS The Vashington Field Office has adviced that Special Agent Robert H. Furtimen is maintaining an informal friendly Physical contcot with Security Equipment Agency. The PSEA intends to utilize threefourths of the area on the 8th floor of the old Post Office The PSBA is an agency which will use security devices and perform services in connection with security matters for any Covernment agency. It appears that their purpose is to consolidate all the telephone, nicrophone, and sound work of the defense agencies into this new agency which will make its vervices available to other agencies in the figh of original and related investigative activities, counterintelligence and countersabotage activities and intelligence 0 cotivities.

agency. A has advised Special Agent Kurtsman that he feels his new agency a will be able to take charge of the work on the radio frequency migrophone and will make available this microphone to defense agencies which may need it. You may recall that the radio

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Tele. Room

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71 MAY 4 1951

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frequency microphone is a device whereby a telephone can be used as a microphone by werely sending a radio frequency signal on the telephone line.

also said that the agency expects to have a number of one-hour pocket wire recorders available in the near future and that he had planned to make three or four available to the Bureau for experimental purposes. A pocket wire recorder is merely a small microphone which can be concealed on one's person and thereby conversations can be recorded in the immediate vicinity of the person utilizing the microphone. Our Laboratory has previously done experimenting along these lines.

The Washington Field Office proposes to have Special Agent Kurtsnap continue to next with _______ on a friendly basis in order that we may keep abreast of the activities of this agency.

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Yackington Field Office be allowed to continue to maintain contact with in order to keep abreast of what this new agency is doing and to see that we do learn of any technical matters they may develop.

SECRET

Classified by 24
Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declaraffication - Indefinite

DIR_CTO.., FBI

1,carch 20, 1951

Sho, WAS THOTOL

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PAYSICAL SUCCERTY EQUIPMENT AGENCY INFO.MATION CONCERNT.G

	Through a mutual friendship with middle Straff, b0. f Kulf2MA., of this office, was invited to vie the proposed area to be used by the titled agency.	
	who is to be agency, informed SA KULTZMAN that the agency expects to use three-quarters of the area on the eighth floor of the GLI soft Office Building. They plan to install along the pouthers quarter of the building a complete machine shop, electronical laboratory, a physical laboratory, a sheet metal working shop and a plastice shop. Along the west quarter of the building they intend to enclose the entire welkers, not only to afford a later security but also to use this area as a light must for high optical experiments inasmuch as they are going to establish an optical Taboratory at the same time.	
	stated that the RF microphone development, by research roducts, Inc., has been "stymied" and "cat upon" of CIA. stated CIA was able to have the President sign an oral reaking this device top secret for security purposes and that CIA has done nothing toward making use of the item. seems to feel he will be able to take charge of this item and will immediably make it evaluable to those agencies where it will be nost adaptable. In also stated that one hour pocket wire records a are not in production. He expects to receive some or them in the important for experimental purposes. see also suggested that it. SEEL MY, Director McCOY, of the agency, and Sa KUCT MAY are to ital him for lunched in the impediate fature.	
インド かいん	has extended an invitation to Sh kUlTalkd to visit the Agency at any time to observe what they are noing. Unall, I. KURTAKM will continue to meet these individuals on the Iri ally brais, that has been established over a period of the party over.	FILE IN
27/2	Consulted by 24 ROTE RECORDED NOTE RECORDED To MAY 4 1951 Date of Perpensification - Indefinition	ORIGINAL

, STAPOARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum · united states government

33				,
TO :	Mr. R. T. Harbo	RI	DATE: I	April 26, 1951
FROM:	Mr. I. W. Conre	SECRE	T JUNE	
SUBJECT:	Radio Frequency	Microphone Te	lephone Unit	Pestening Henre
of one of determinat	Reference is made is the above units to the above units to the Bure unattended local	ade to Washingto ing on the high s on a case and au to permit th	on Field Office oly successful requesting a p	operation horse policy here
/ considered units. We	With regard to nts in the equip d, and where feat e already have s nce with radio e	oment, these sugasible will be substentially el	ggestions are l incorporated in	peing n future
locations, a policy i placed on its use. several placed that selective that the	With regard to ermitting use of it is my feeling to the end of the end of the end of the Director of the Director of the existence of a symbol where this equi	the equipment ng that the Burextremely high a by the Presider failure to add a single central instructed aquipment, and instructed to a single central and instructed appreciate plant we contact the contact of the con	at remote, ungreau should not security requiratial Directive opt such a polical plant. However, that the Bureau tis felt for ould be justificated.	attended t adopt such rements c.controlling icy may require wever, it is t be most this reason
RECOMMEND A	ATION:			about
fór the re be advised	Accordingly, it attended opera asons outlined of the Bureau	ation of this ed above. The Was	quipment for th	ne present,
ON SA	2 0	wester	*	,
IWC: AB	900	PECONDED 134	80-760 MAY 18 1951 8	-60X
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: APRIL 1.2, 1951

SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD

RADIO FREQUENCY SINGLE PAIR MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT

The installation of the Radio Frequency Single Pair Microphone-Telephone Unit recently completed on in the case entitled has demonstrated that this unit affords excellent microphone coverage of the premises. In this particular instance it was possible to make a comparison of the RF unit with a previously installed wall microphone installation on the same premises. While the wall microphone had afforded a very suitable degree of room coverage, the new RF unit installation provided immeasurably better coverage, making it possible even to hear intelligible conversations carried on on the second floor of the house, although the instrument was on the first floor. As far as the actual intelligibility, clarity, and quality of the room conversation transmitted by this new unit are concerned, little more could be asked for.

It is thought necessary to comment on one disadvantage of the unit disclosed in instant installation. This concerns the fact that the radio frequency current introduced into subject's house through the telephone line "beat" with the broadcast station signal being received on subject's radio with a resultant audible note emanating from the radio. Similarly, when the unit is tuned further, its signal nullifies the radio broadcast signal with the result that no sound emanates from the subject's radio. At this point it is possible that the subjects might even hear their own conversation on their radio, as transmitted through the RF unit.

There is no question but that this defect should be en minated if at all technically feasible, even at the expense of more bulky equipment, since unless the unit is operated by a highly skilled individual, a definite security problem is involved.

A vernier tuning control is a definite convenience, and in addition, makes it possible to have the unit controls pre-tuned to optimum settings on a given installation by a spilled operator with merely a single control for the monitor to adjust any slight variations

It is thought that consideration should be given to incorporating sufficient output amplification stages within the unit without the necessity of adding a brief case detectaphone. It is felt

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that this is particularly feasible with the use of external battery supply, since a single heavy duty battery supply would provide appropriate voltages for both the RF unit and the amplifier. In addition, such an arrangement would make possible an exact match of the unit's output to the amplifier, which is difficult to achieve with the use of a briefcased detectaphone.

If this arrangement is not considered feasible, it is felt that at least there be incorporated a variable output control on the present unit, since some difficulty was encountered in properly driving the detectaphone under the present arrangement.

As a further convenience, if technically feasible, it is thought that the use of an AB battery-pack type supply with plug-in connections should be employed. Such an arrangement should effectively eliminate the need of the internal battery supply, since only a momentary change-over period would be required. In connection with such an arrangement, a built in meter might be incorporated to indicate battery life, and thus assist in maintenance.

As an added refinement, the use of a permanently affixed cord to phone line, or plug type connectors for the phone line cord, should eliminate improper connections or accidental grounding of the phone line connections, as is possible with the present arrangement.

These suggestions are offered as possible surface improvements; however, it is reiterated that the unit essentially has demonstrated itself to be highly effective as a means of microphone coverage, and there appears to be no room for improvement in its net results once properly installed.

In reviewing the possibilities of the use of this unit in other investigations, the primary question raised is the establishment of policy concerning the location of the units. In this connection, it is to be realized that the essential part of the unit must be relatively close to the location of the subject to be monitored. It is estimated from experience with the existing installation that approximately 1,000 feet of wire or cable is the maximum effective distance between the telephone instrument and the RF unit. This means that either the actual monitoring plant must be within about one city block of the subject's residence, or that a remote RF unit must be concealed somewhere in the vicinity of the subject's residence, and through a booster arrangement run over leased lines to a central plant.

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In so far as Russian Espionage cases are concerned, most coverage would of necessity have to be on Russian speaking subjects. Since only a limited number of Russian translators capable of monitoring this type of material are available it would not be feasible to have

	Apart
from this,	_involve considerable expense and multiply
the security considerations.	Therefore, the only practical arrange-
ment is	
	•

It would therefore seem desirable, if full utilization of the RF unit is to be realized, to permit the use of remote RF units placed in appropriate locations near the subjects' residences or offices. Such locations would be apartment basements, appropriately concealed or secured; the basements, garages, closets and such similar spaces of confidential informents or cooperative contacts; telephone manholes or poles, with the cooperation of the telephone company, and appropriately boxed or otherwise secured; janitors closets or access holes in office buildings, and other such concealed locations.

In connection with such remote applications, it is believed the unit can be turned on and off remotely, that battery supply can be furnished remotely, and, if believed necessary, that even some type of alarm signals can be received at the central plant remotely if the unit is tampered with.

As an alternative to a policy of permitting remote applications of this unit, and if a number of separate plants are set up, a policy permitting the secure locking up of the equipment in the plant without the necessity for twenty-four hour personal attendance at the plant, would result in a large comparative saving of manpower.

The demonstrated effectiveness of the RF unit is such that it is felt that every consideration should be given to enabling the fullest utilization of the device in pursuing important investigations where it is applicable.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

Washington Field Office

May 2, 1951

Director, FBI

SECRET

JUNE

Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unity

O Mitta same Obsterling Verses

Reurlet April 26, 1951, reporting the highly successful operation of one of the above captioned units on a case and requesting authorization to leave this equipment unattended at remote locations.

The observations and suggestions for improvement are being considered and where feasible will be incorporated in future units. As you know the possibility of interference with radio equipment has been substantially eliminated.

In view of the extremely high security requirements placed on this equipment by a Presidential Directive, the policy requiring attended operation of these units should be continued. Further, the Bureau must be most selective in the use of this investigative technique and for this reason the existence of a separate plant would be justified in any situation where this equipment is productively used.

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	* HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ***STANDARD FORM NO. 64** DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg
No	Office Memorandum • United States Government
X	TO : Mr. R. T. Harbo PH DATE: May 4, 1951
	FROM: Mr. I. W. Conrad SECRET June b6 Per the FBI
	Microphone-Telephone Matters Listening Levice Referral/Consult
	You will recall that independent of FBI Laboratory work on the above matters, of Research Products, Incorporated, Danbury, Connecticut, likewise has developed equipment for using the telephone as a microphone.
	were made the sole procurement agencies for the radio
•	Trequency microphone-telephone device. recently visited me to inquire whether the Bureau was interested in nurchasing any of his units. stating that
[Bureau's present position was the same as that taken at the time
	from him on a unit basis before further consideration could be
1	given relative to possible purchase of his equipment. In accordance with your instructions. I made no mention of the fact that
1	indicated that he would furnish quotations in the near future
	As a matter of information, it is noted that advised that
	ACTION:
	None. For information only.
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

	ŢO':	Mr. R. T.	Harbo RH		DATE: M	ay 5, 19 ^c	Sl o6 Per the	FBI
	FROM:	Mr. I. W.	Conrad	FORET	•		7C	•
,	SUBJECT:	Microphon	e-Telephone Ma	tter.	ne		clece	*
1	relative Kenneth S	to the abo	is made to my ve-entitled ma				f.(ctole: kosen Tracy Harco belmost	
Sec. 20 Sec. Sec. Sec.	given con advised h Office, wi counterme phones im Kurtzman patent co telephone the "hung render th lifted to would ope same type except th	ephone tec. sideration v SA Pober int thin the v asure devi mune again advised th nsisted of handset i -up" posit e micropho the talki rate, maki of functi at we are ar telepho While I h hat crophone-t a patent	a few matters nniques generally the Bureau to Kurtzman, of ends to file it ery near future for the state at the idea where placing a some inactive, was or vertical and the telephon as we have applying the same switch and ave no factual realizes the elephone technapolication may be application as the same switch and ave no factual realizes the elephone technapolication may be application as the same switch and ave no factual realizes the elephone technapolication as the same switch and avenues the elephone technapolication as the same switch and avenues the elephone technapolication are switch as the same are switch and avenues the elephone technapolication are switch and a switch a	ally which I is a First of a First of a Washington I in the United a patent a ted purpose of a for microplation whereas, when a position, the position, the position applied in one witching functions of the position of the	believe sh all, I hav Field Offi States Pa applicatio of renderi hone purpo was attemp ury" switc the telpho , the swit the hands he "Mercur This is ex ur counter ction as a	ould be e been ce, that tent n for a ng tele- ses. ting to h in the ne was ir ch would et was y" switch actly the measure, part of in the I am lications the filir	Tele. Nood	onsult
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Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 2

SECRET

As a third item, I feel reasonably certain that all of the Military Intelligence Agencies as well as the State Department are acquainted with the methods of using the telephone as a microphone wherein wiring changes in the telephone instrument itself are involved, as contrasted with the RF device where no such changes are required. I base this that former Bureau employees the Military Intelligence Services, and the State Department, and of course, there is no reason why such agencies could not have independently developed such techniques even if they did not learn of them through former FBI employees. If it has not already been done, it is felt that through our liaison with those agencies, an understanding should be reached as to the highly classified nature of this equipment also, to the end that it be given a formal classification. Referral/Consult

The need for such classification will be apparent, I believe, from the consideration of the mimeographed instructions which apparently issues with the so-called "Soun-D-tecT-Kit" manufactured by him the State Department. It is noted that the FBI has three of these units. On page 9 of the mimeographed instructions mentioned there appears a paragraph "As you know, by putting a 'jumper wire' inside a telephone it can be turned into a microphone so that someone outside the room could hear a conversation in the room even though the receiver was not off the hook." Similarly on page 11 in describing the use of an auxillary component to detect the so-called carrier type concealed transmitters, the statement appears "This check is very important as a number of these units have been discovered mostly outside the United States. They are usually hidden in the dead air space between walls and connected to a wallbox power line or behind the grill covering a radiator and connected to the power line. Other locations convenient to the power line could be used. The type of equipment discovered indicates that it is a large-scale production item." It is felt that both of these items constitute classified information which should not be contained in mimeographed instructions being released by a commercial manufacturer, without some notation as to the confidential or classified nature thereof being marked on the document, and no such marks are present.

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Frompt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 3

SECRET

b6 Per the FBI

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Bureau consider taking steps through liaison with the military to insure that if applies for a patent as described above, it be placed in a secrecy category. It is noted that the law making such secrecy possible also permits the patent applicant to sue the United States Government for damages thereby sustained.

In addition, it is further recommended that the Security Division consider whether either the Bureau or some other Government branch should advise Schmidt formally of the highly classified nature of the RF mic-tel device if such formal notification is necessary in order to make him liable for dissemination of such classified information.

Thirdly, it is recommended that through liaison, the Bureau seek to establish a classified status for the wire type of mic-tel techniques, if such classification has not already been made by the Military and other intelligence agencies concerned.

Former Special Agent Pat Coyne of the National Security
Council initially interviewed concerning this device when former Defense Secretary Louis Johnson got so excited about it and went to the President. Coyne was instrumental in preparing the Presidential directive restricting the purchase of this equipment to the Department of Justice for use in the United States claims that

It would appear that may never have been told of the Government security regulations and I think the above information should be sent over to Coyne to take up with DJP:VH

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Date of Declassification - ladefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

./	ŢŎ:	The	Director		/	DATE	: May 8, 1	951	<i>F</i> /
1	FROM :	The	$\mathit{Executiv}$	es Confere	FEORE	T b	, 6 Per the I	EBI /	Tolson Ladd
	SUBJECT:	YMIC	ROPHONE-T	ELEPHONE, UI	VITS		7C	Deca	Glavin
		-		,	/ ×			RH	gracy
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	7 0 0		7777		*	*			

Memorandum for the Director

but no other action taken.

SEXRET

b6 Per the FBI

the use of this type of equipment.

Mr. Conrad further pointed out that kits of technical equipment

Referral/Consult

in manufacturing

Mr. Conrad feels that information of this type should	be
designated as classified information by the Government and that	the
Bureau should bring this to the attention of the Department of D	e-
fense and intelligence agencies. The Conference was opposed fee	lina
that this information should be brought to the attention of Pat	Coune

To summarize, the Conference recommends that the Bureau through liaison bring to the attention of Pat Counc of the National Security Council the factual information in this memorandum for such action as the National Security Council deems appropriate.

Respectfully,
For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

SECRET

Exempt from 608, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum $\,\cdot\,$ united states government

TO FROI	HR. A. H. BELMONT SECRET DATE: May 24, 1951 M : V. P. KEAY OF SECRET
SUBJ	MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNITS b6 Per the FBI Clegg Olavin Nichols Rosen
and the second	Re memorandum from the Executives Conference to the Director dated May 8, 1951, which recommended that through liaison, Pat Coyne of the National Security Council through liaison a private businessman, Tele. Room
ings (l	intends to file a patent application for a countermeasure conduction device for the purpose of rendering telephones immune against modification for microphone purposes. It was further recommended
Guelen	that it be pointed out to Coyne that who has developed partial a radio frequency microphone-telephone unit, has indicated that while, although he understands the existence of such a unit is a highly confidential matter in the United States Government, he has never been formally advised that it is considered classified material. In connection with the recommendations made, the Director noted, "O.K. H."
-Anec	This matter was discussed with Pat Coyne by Special Agent Edward S. Sanders on May 22, 1951, at which time Coyne advised that it was his understanding that has, in fact, been advised that the radio frequency microphone-telephone unit is classified. Coune telephonically contacted
The state of the s	
N	
	In connection with the application for a patent for the countermeasure Coune advised that the high classification of

In connection with the application for a patent for the countermeasure, Coyne advised that the high classification of the device itself might preclude the filing of a patent application due to the fact that the explanation of the countermeasure would necessarily reveal classified information concerning the device. He stated that this possibility exists and will bear looking into the further advised that in the event it is determined that actually files a patent application for the countermeasure, arrangements can be made for AFC. For the military to place the patent application in a secrecy status.

pending the preparation of the letter be neld in aperlance pending the preparation of the letter referred to by Heaston, and that he, Coyne, will contact Sanders at that time concerning any further steps to be texen.

Exempt from 608, Cates PRDED - 109 JUN. 26 1951
Date of Declassification - Indication - 109 8



RECOMMENDATION:

The foregoing is for your information, and it is suggested that this memorandum be referred to Mr. Conrad in the Laboratory for his information.

This matter will be closely followed by the Liaison Section, and you will be kept advised of any pertinent developments.

ADDENDUM:	June 8, 1951		Releri	ai/con	SULT
	Coyne advised thát		•		
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

SAC, San Diego

June 12, 1951

Director, FBI

JUNE

Reference is made to your letter dated May 25, 1951, captioned

The technical installations as used generally by the Bureau's field offices cannot be detected as outlined in HETL MORGAN'S article appearing in the May 9, 1951 edition of the "San Diego Tribune Sun".

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STÂNDARD FOLM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO Mr. R. T. Harbo DATE: June 11, 1951

FROM

Mr. I. W. Conrad

SUBJECT:

Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone Unit

By letter dated May 25, 1951, the SAC at San Diego informed the Bureau of an article appearing in the May 9, 1951 edition of the "San Diego Tribune Sun". The article was prepared by NEIL MORGAN, a well-known columnist and referred to the detection of technical surveillances by placing a radio receiver a few inches from the telephone receiver. The radio should not be tuned to any station and the volume should be turned up loud. A "pal" should call and if the phone receiver "whines and groans" the line is being tapped. The San Diego letter suggests that the field be furnished information on this matter,

The technical and microphone installations used generally in the field cannot be detected as outlined by MORGAN. It should be pointed out, however, that the newly developed microphone technique employing the radio frequency unit developed in the laboratory can be detected if the subject places a radio receiver in close proximity to his telephone line, particularly if the antenna of the receiver runs parallel and immediately adjacent to the telephone station wire. In this case, the subject's radio would have to be tuned to a harmonic or multiple of the frequency being employed by the mic-tel installation, and further, the Bureau's RF mic-tel unit would have to be actually connected to the subject's telephone line and operating in order for the subject to receive any indication of radio interference. While this "harmonic" interference in the case of broadcast reception has been reduced to a point where it is believed not to constitute a security risk, receivers are available commercially which could be tuned to the frequency actually being used by the Bureau.

As you know, the use of RF mic-tel is restricted by Presidential Directive, and it is believed that a general discussion of this technique with the field is not desirable at this time.

ACTION

Because of the confidential nature and the restricted use of the radio frequency single pair microphone-telephone unit no attempt will be made to advise the field of this technique. San Diego is being advised that the technical installations as used generally by the Bureau's field offices cannot be detected as outlined in NEIL MORGAN'S article.

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Date of Declassification - Indefin

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05 19 1951

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	Miles Of the Control	Tolson
X)	SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE	Clegg_ Glavin_ Nichols_ Rosen_ Tracy_
	PURPOSE:	Belmont
,		NeaseCandy

DETAILS:

You will recall that a radio frequency microphone has been perfected which enables microphone coverage without making entry into the premises to be covered. It is believed that at this time it would be well to advise the New York, San Francisco, Ios Angeles, and Washington Field Offices of the fact that this equipment is available. It is felt that because of the technical features in connection with this microphone the memorandum to the field should be prepared by the Laboratory.

The field should be advised that the Bureau, in very specialized circumstances, will consider making this equipment available on important security type cases where other types of coverage are not possible or feasible. The field should be informed that the Bureau does not desire that this equipment be considered for general use. The conditions under which the equipment will be effective should be pointed out.

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It is recommended that the laboratory at this time prepare a memorandum for the New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Washington Field Offices, informing them of the availability of the radio frequency microphone equipment and advising them that it is available for use only in special, important security type cases. It is felt that the letter to the field should set forth the conditions under which the equipment will be effective and should inform the field of the number of sets which are available for field use.

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ULTRESONIC LISTENING

FROM:

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

THE DIRECTOR

THE EXECUTIVES CONFEREN

SUBJECT:

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE

The Executives' Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Clegg, Harbo, Nichols, Rosen, Ladd, Callahan for Glavin, Quinn Tamm for Tracy, Sizoo, and Laughlin for Belmont, considered the advisability of having the Laboratory orally discuss with the Special Agents in Charge of the New York, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Washington Field Offices the availability of the radio frequency microphone. It was suggested that the Special Agents in Charge of these offices be advised such equipment is available and that the Bureau, in very specialized circumstances, would consider making it available on important security-type cases where other types of coverage are not possible or feasible. this connection, it would be pointed out to these Special Agents in Chargerthat the Bureau does not desire that this equipment be considered for general use, but would be available for use only in special, important security-type cases.

EXECUTIVES' CONFERENCE RECOMMENDATION:

The Conference was of the unanimous opinion that the Bureau should not discuss the radio frequency microphone with the Field or, specifically, the Agents in Charge of the four mentioned offices. It was suggested that the Security Division follow this matter closely and, if an important security-type case arises where this equipment could be used, where other type of coverage would not be possible, consideration would be given to its utilization at that time.

If you concur, this policy will be followed.

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson at Co-the same be we

Classified by 24 Mr. H. HEX GODD OF CDS, Cale Mr. Mohr Date of Declassifica

JULN'6

June 28,

1951

Clegg Glavin

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ice Mem UNITED GOVERNMENT J. Mr. R. T. Harbo DATE: July 12, 1951 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Mr. I. W. Conrad Radio Frequency Minage Declassification - Indefinite SUBJECT: Clega Glavin Nichol: Reference is made to my memorandum of July 10, 1951, attaching a proposed curriculum for use in the three-day sound retraining, the resumption of which was recently approved by the Belmont 🧗 Bureau. Tele. Room Since a primary objective of resuming this three-day refresher training for sound men is to acquaint them with recent developments, it is felt that the Bureau should advise these mention of the existence and general nature of the radio frequency mic-tel equipment. **此3**23*501*3 DECLASSIFICATION ON 11 RECOMMENDATION: BY SPSCIJHF Accordingly, it is recommended that this technic be approved for discussion with the Bureau sound trained agents during the course of the refresher session. IWC: AB The Executives Conference on July 13 disapproved. Present were Messrs. Tolson, Ladd, Callahan, Tamm, Mohr, Rosen, Clegg, Sizoo, Laughlin, McGuire and Parsons, Classified by 24

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Office Memorandum. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Jyrot 111		01(11,000		• •
Tọ : Mr.	R. T. Harbo	·	date: July 24,	1951 `
	I. W. Conrad	REL	. 1	MA
SUBJECT: Radi	io Frequency Micropho	ohe-Telephone	V	D ladd D close
REFERENCE	•			chols was a
jissued by the July 9, 1951, ing Military I total number of military teler was furnished OSI. I have I Section that	erence is made to the Physical Security Educated and addressed to the Departments to furnish of countermeasures neother against the Righton the Bureau throughen advised by Superthis material has becommittee discussion and the Physical Committee discussion and the Physical Research and the Physical Security Education and the Physical S	quipment Agency e Military Depar sh to PSEA an es eeded in order f microphone des gh Liaison by Co rvisor Sanders o en placed on the	under date of rtments reques stimate of a to protect all vice. This coolonel Sommers of the Liaison e agenda for the control of the control o	st-
SECURITY CONS	IDERATIONS		b6 Per th b7C	ie FBI
a mercury swi- Products Corpo that we previo Products Corpo The following	is noted that the contch reported to have oration of Danbury, ously had heard that oration was planning comments are offered he IIC meeting. It is my understand frequency mic-tel he Presidential Direct which only one copy as Top Secret, is mediated by PSEA is conspite of the fact the operation of the	to patent such das of possible ing that the so as been made the ive (signed Augumentained ed that the copy lassified only at that it described.	by the Research will recall of the Research a mercury swite assistance to Refuse 23, 1950) hat copy. class "Confidentia"	rch l arch itch. to erral/Consult of ssified candum
a by CAC				5
Attachment IWC: AB	Massified by 24 Exemplifrom OB Category 2 Rate of Declassification - Indef	RECORDED A	AUG 21 1951	

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 2 SECRET

- 2. Paragraph 5 of the MSEA memorandum states that "Installation on all military phones should be insisted upon," and paragraph 6 states that if the countermeasures are to be installed "The classification should be dropped to 'Restricted' so that all users can be notified." Any such program would undoubtedly result in early publicity with consequent breach of security. For Mr. Ladd's information, on a memorandum from Mr. Ladd to the Director dated November 2, 1950, (80-760-42) relative to placing FBI countermeasure devices on some 50 or more White House telephones, the Director noted "It is regrettable its use is to be so wide-spread. There is bound to be a leak now." In addition, it is noted that in order to limit knowledge and use of this device to an absolute minimum, it was recently decided by the Bureau not to discuss the RF microphone device with the Field generally, and not even with 3 or 4 selected offices (Executive Conference memorandum dated June 28, 1951, file number 80-760-63).
- Paragraph 6 of the PSEA memorandum in suggesting notification of all users states "There is no necessity for a detailed explanation of why the switch is inserted except as a security safeguard against wire tapping in general." Incidentally, it is difficult to understand why PSEA set out the detailed explanation in the present memorandum if the agency feels that such a detailed explanation would not be required in future consideration, particularly since the objective of the present memorandum is stated to be to ascertain the quantity of military phones. However, of a great deal more importance in connection with this proposal to label the device as a security safeguard against wire tapping in general, is the very real danger that such description would create a false sense of security because of the implied protection against "wire tapping in general." As a matter of actual fact, the device would offer no protection whatsoever against any form of tapping in the sense of tapping actual telephone conversations, but would protect against only those conversations occurring while the telephone is "hung up" and not in normal telephone use.

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Memorandum to Mr. Harbo SECRET

Further, it is difficult to see how any explanation could avoid this sense of false security without making the specific distinction between microphone protection and telephone conversation protection, and it is considered certain that if such distinction were made in the instructions, a vast number of people would automatically learn of this investigative technique who never heard of its before. This immediately raises the basic question as to whether, all things considered, more damage might result security-wise from such a greatly increased knowledge, than from failure to place countermeasures on a large number of lower echelon telephones.

- 4. The proposed mercury switch will not be a standard item of telephone equipment, nor will it resemble one since the telephone company does not use any such device at any point in the usual telephone installation. Accordingly, it is considered certain that a device of this type would excite curiosity and speculation on the part of telephone company repair men who encounter the device. It is further felt that such curiosity and speculation would lead to gossip and rumor among the telephone company personnel with ultimate breakdown in security.
- "Concurrent with the determination of quantities required, this agency will thoroughly coordinate this matter with the responsible security divisions within each Department." While the exact meaning of this paragraph is not clear, it certainly seems that the coordination "With the responsible security divisions within each Department" should have preceded any general circularization of the material in the attached memorandum. I realize the Bureau probably will not wish to take this position officially, but the entire document seems to me to be an outstanding example of Gust or someone in PSEA "shooting off his mouth" without having given the problem full and careful consideration.
- 6. It is my understanding that the Presidential Directive mentioned above designates the Department of Justice as the sole agency contracting for the acquisition of

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 4



Referral/Consult

the RF device for use within continental and territoral United States. So far as I know, we have received no request from the Department of Defense for acquisition of this equipment. Paragraph 4 of the PSEA memorandum in referring to the mercury switch countermeasure states "Experimental models have been used by this agency for several weeks most successfully." This raises a question as to whether the experimental use included actual test of the effectiveness of the switch against the actual RF technique, and if so, what the source of the RF device was

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS (NON-SECURITY NATURE)

The above comments have been directed primarily against the PSEA proposal generally. The following points are intended to serve as counterproposals which the Bureau representative might wish to make:

Nhile paragraph 2B of the PSEA memorandum by the statement "Requires only access to the phone line" gives the impression that application of the RF device is relatively simple, as a matter of fact there are a number of practical limitations which reduce the number of situations where the device may be applied. For example, where a phone is served by a switch board, access to the line in question would have to be gained between the switch board and the subject's phone, and in many instances such switch boards are located on the same premises as those occupied by the subject. Thus access would be required to such premises to place the device in effect. There are other practical factors which likewise restrict application of the device.

Accordingly, if considered appropriate, it is suggested that the respective military/agencies weigh the possible compromise of the RF microphone technique security inherent in any large scale program of countermeasures, as against the possible security hazard of intelligence leaks which might result from failure to place counter-

Classified by an Exempt from GDS Control of Declassification - Indexesting

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 5



measures on various echelon levels of military phones. Based on such consideration, the military services could then arrive at a decision as to what levels of military phones should be given additional countermeasure protection. It is felt that such a program would undoubtedly result in a substantial decrease from the "All military phones" contemplated in the PSEA proposal.

2. As pointed out above the mercury switch is considered undesirable as a countermeasure because of its nonstandard nature. In addition to points made above in this regard, it is considered practically certain that the telephone company would strongly oppose such non-standard additions, and it is further felt that the mercury switch, being ordinarily made with glass bulbs or glass seals, would be relatively fragile and subject to breakage from accidential dropping of the telephone handset.

The Laboratory considers it certain that a leaf switch of the type normally used by the telephone company would be far better from the standpoint of reliability and failure to excite curiosity and comment among telephone personnel. Such a leaf type switch is the type of countermeasure used by the Bureau on the White House and Cabinet Officers' telephones; an additional contact is merely added to the existing "hang up" switch in order to perform the disabling function, and this function is automatic with the use of the telephone. Another possibility which is presently receiving Bureau consideration as a countermeasure is the use of a standard telephone hand set containing a telephone company "push-to-talk" button, with the "push-to-talk" switch so connected that the telephone is operative when the button is depressed hut disabled when the button is not depressed.

Either of the two above systems uses a leaf spring switch of a type manufactured by the telephone company and already proven in telephone practice. The final choice, if a quantity were involved, would probably hinge upon which type the telephone company

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Exempt from LDS, Category 2 ...
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo Page 6



could manufacture more readily and quickly. In either event, it is felt that it would be essential that the telephone company furnish the modified telephone instruments and install them (the PSEA's proposal in paragraph 5 also contemplates installation of the countermeasure by telephone company personnel).

If, as we have been informally advised, the mercury switch will be made the subject of a patent application, it is felt the patent should be placed in "Secrecy" status, which would, of course, permit the owner to sue the Government later for damages. If the mercury switch were used by the Government, its use could be (although not necessarily so) considerably more expensive in this regard than the standard leaf type switch furnished by the telephone company.

RECOMMENDATION

Accordingly, it is recommended that prior to initiating any wholesale installation of countermeasures of any type, the responsible agencies weigh the need for protection as against possible compromise of the investigative technique, with a view to reducing application of the countermeasure to the minimum consistent with communications security. Secondly, if it is decided to apply any countermeasure on a wider scale than heretofore, it is most strongly urged that a countermeasure of a standard telephone type be adopted, rather than the non-standard mercury switch.

In this connection, attention is invited to paragraph 9 of the PSEA memorandum wherein it is noted that the Department of State is reported to be procuring 1,000 of the hand-built switches, presumably mercury. Accordingly, it is further suggested that the general matter of applying countermeasures might well be considered by a top level policy group as an overall problem in order to prevent other Departments from setting up individual programs.

I recommend the above be taken up at the next meeting of the IIC Working Committee.

DML

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinition

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MR. D. M. LADD SECRET DATE: August 11, 1951 BJECT: OULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES DATE: August 11, 1951 DEPT. DEVICES
Pursuant to the telephone call received by you from Pat Coyne, Supervisor Edward S. Sanders contacted Coune on Auaust 7, 1951, at which time Coyne advised that has not as not been officially notified by belown
who perfected this device at, or about, the same time it was perfected by the Bureau's Laboratory. As you know, a number of weeks ago, it came to the
attention of the Laboratory that was planning to apply for a patent on a counter device, and that, in so doing, he would in all probability divulge information concerning the ultrasonic device itself. Coune was contacted in this regard, and he determined that had previously been advised by
This matter was discussed by Coyne on August 8, 1951,
with the appropriate north catton to will be drawn up will be partment; will be called in and asked to acknowledge such official notification and the letter will be retained in the Department. It is contemplated that the Attorney General will sign the letter to and it will also possibly be signed by the head of CIA. These two men are
designated in the Presidential Directive "to classify, control the use of," etc., of this device. has advised that he will submit the proposed notification to come and to the Eureau for a proposed to any contact with It is also RECORDED - 3 ESS: hke Exemption GDS, Category 2 ESS: hke Exemption GDS, Category 2 EXECUTED - 3
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contemplated that $oxed{]}$ will be advised that, if he desires to obtain any patents in connection with counter devices, arrangements will be made to place the patent applications in a Secret status at the Patent Office.

RECOMMENDATION:

The foregoing is for your information.

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LISTINING

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Office Memi. andum • United St. IES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. M. LADD	DATE: August 21, 1951	-
FROM : L. L. LAUGHEIN	. b7E	
SUBJECT ANTI-TAPPING DEVICES SECRE	Tolson	_
FOR TELEPHONE LINES	Ciecy_ Clayin_ Linguis	
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Captain Harvard Dudle	y, Assistant Communications	D _
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RECOMMENDATION:	24	
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum . United states government

TO

Director, FBI

DATE: August 22, 1951

Pronse:

SAC, Albany

MICROPHONE SURVEILLANCE 2849

CONFIDENTIAL -- JUNE

Rebulet 7/25/51.

This is to advise that the above installation has been removed.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED. FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

MR. LADD September 21, 1951 UP. BELMONT b6 PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT AGENCY JUNE b7C INFORMATION CONCERNING Listed IN 9 WLTRASUNIC To report that of the Physical Security Equipment Agency has reportedly been criticized by General Carroll of the U. S. Air Force for making dissemination in a letter of information concerning a switch designed to counteract the radio-frequency microphone. This undoubtedly results from the Bureau's raising this matter at an IIC Working Committee meeting. DETAILS The Vashington Field Office in the attached memorandum dated Sentember 20 ²951, reports information secured from of the Research Products, said he understood Danburu. Connecticut. of the Physical Security Equipment Agency had been criticized for disseminating information which was <u>considered secret in connection with a switch invented by </u> to counteract the radio-frequency microphone. According to General Carroll of the Air Force had made a specific issue of the matter and was try in __was trying to say that knew nothing about the radio-frequency application or the fact that it was a secret item. Schmidt believes Gust will be separated from the Physical Security Equipment Agency in the near future. By the attached memorandum dated July 24, 1951, from Ur. Conrad to Ur. Harbo attention was directed to the fact that the Physical Security Ecuipment Agency had put out a memorandum dated July 9, 1951, relative to the installation of a mercury security switch in a telephone as a countermeasure to the radio-frequency microphone. will note that in the attached memorandum it was decided to take up the matter of countermeasures against the radiofrequency microphone at the next IIO Work<u>ina Committ</u>ee meeting. It would appear that the matter to which ring is the result of our bringing this matter to the attention of other intelligence agencies. ACTION This is for your information. 80-760-69 RJL:hcMassified by 24

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Date of Declaration .

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Belmont

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Office I	Memorandu	M · UNITE	O STATES G	OVERNME	NT
9	R. A. H. BELMONT			October 18	· ·
FROM: M	R. C. E. HENNRICH	SEXR	\mathbf{ET} b6	Per the FBI	
SUBJECT: RA	ADIO FREQUENCY W	CROPHONES	JUNE	0	tolson
	• - 4	1st Ninig	Device	>	olavir
patent at usually kindshington memorandum that we in the obtains although that the who original answitch to indicated	to request name torney, 815 15th nown as "Steve," n, D. C. He star officially required as soon as post of the is not officially reason for these nally ring telephones d who is now neggine needer ineffect he plans on rete	Street, N. W., attorney, Shor ted he was send uesting these n is immediately sible. ring the convertily advising to name checks is into microphonotiating for a live the use of a ining these two	s Harrison B and T. Bate eham Buildin ing through ame checks, so informati sation with[he Bureau of that	cowen, man Ennis, g, a but asked on can children	tolicont_ Kohi_ Tole. Kidu_ Beace_ Daylog Applion
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Standard form No. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: October 23, 1951 Mr. R. T. Harbo I. W. Conrad SUBJECT: It is recommended that the following serials presently filed in Bureau file 66-5815 be removed from the regular Bureau file and transmitted to Special Agent Lamphere where they should, be maintained permanently in his office, Room 1736. The following serials should be removed: 688 Executive Conference Memorandum for the Director dated October 8, 1945, Re: Microphones. A memorandum from Special Agent J. J. Hill to U R. F. Pfafman dated September 6, 1945, Re: Radio 689 Frequency Microphone, Possible Use on Telephone. A memorandum from R. F. Pfafman to E. P. Coffey 689 dated September 11, 1945, Re: Suggestions by Special Agent J. J. Hill. 689 A memorandum from D. J. Parsons to E. P. Coffey dated September 13, 1945, Re: Research, Sound Devices, Telephone Microphone Unit. 711 A memorandum from I. W. Conrad to R. T. Harbo dated April 24, 1947, Re: Development Project RF Microphone. 808 A teletype to the Director from the SAC at Los Angeles dated September 5, 1950. A teletype to the SAC at Los Angeles dated September 1, 1950 requesting purchases. 809 A teletype dated September 1, 1950 to the SAC at Los Angeles requesting purchases. 822 Memorandum from V. P. Keay to Mr. A. H. Belmont dated May 24, 1951, Re: Microphone-Telephone Units. A memorandum from I. W. Conrad to R. T. Harbo dated 823 May 5, 1951, Re: Microphone-Telephone Matter. 824. A memorandum from the Executives Conference to the

The following serials are filed in Bureau file 62-12114. These serials should be removed from the regular Bureau file mentioned herein and transferred to the office of Special Agent.

Lamphere where they are to be maintained permanently in his office Room 1736.

Director dated May 8, 1951, Re: Microphone-Telephone

CKC: jsbyr

Units.

Date of Declassification

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Page 2 - Memorandum to Mr. Harbo

2482 Teletype to the SAC at the recommending the purchase of material. This teletype is dated August 24, 1950.

2488 A teletype from the SAC at Los Angeles to the Director dated September 14, 1950 advising that a number of chokes were being forwarded by Air Express.

(No Serial A teletype from the SAC at Los Angeles to Number) the Director dated September 21, 1950 advising that a number of chokes were being forwarded by Air Express.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the serials be removed from the files mentioned herein and transferred to the office of Mr. Lamphere for permanent filing in his office, Room 1736.

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SECRET

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Exemption GPS, Category 2

Date of Declass' siculton - Indefinite

Standard form No. 64

Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. R. T. Harbe

January 29, 1952 DATE:

FROM

I. ₩.≠ Conrad

SUBJECT: TRADIO FREQUENCY w.V

MICROPHONE TELEPHONE WLTIA SON. - ETSTENIA . DE LICE

Reference is made to a Radio Section project entitled "Telephone Surveillance, R. F. Method ... A considerable amount of research work was performed on this project with very good success, resulting in a number of R. F. Mic-Tel units being built and actually used on Bureau cases.

It is now felt that the research work on the amplitude modulation aspect of this project has reached the point of perfection where it can be discontinued and it is suggested that any further work on other phases of this project, namely, Frequency Modulation, be handled by separate assignment at such time as our man power and work load conditions permit.

ACTION:

No further action to be taken on this project at this time and the initial phase is considered closed.

BJM: vrh 15900

80-760

Tele.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

OC BON DATE 01-24-2011 Tele. Room LESCA October 26,

Mr. Harbo

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

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nesearen rroaucts Incorporated, Washington, D. G.

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ULTRASINIC LISTENING DEVICE Reference is made to Washington Field Office letter dated October 4, 1951, relative to the above-entitled matter. Reference is also made to Ur. Belmont's routing slip note requesting a memorandum analyzing the letter and inquiring as to the effect on Bureau RF equipment. Reference

is made further to Executives Conference memorandum of May 8, 1951, relative to statements made by to the effect that had not been advised for mally of the classified nature of the RF mic-tel, and to the effect that planned to patent a counter-device against the RF equipment.

From the analysis standpoint, it appears that the action reported in Washington Field Office letter of October 4 as having been taken by the Department to formally advise of the "top secret" classification of the equipment. and the further action taken toward placing application in a "secrecy" status are the end result of the proposal in Executives Conference memorandum of May 8, 1951, recommending that such action be carried out through the National Security Resources Board.

With reference to Mr. Belmont's inquiry as to the effect of the reported action on the Laboratory RF equipment, it is noted that the patent application is understood to deal only with a mercury switch counter-device (a mercury switch which will disable the telephone microphone when the telephone is "hung up" but which will render the microphone operative when the telephone handset is held in a vertical position).

Mr. Tolson. As pointed out in my memorandum of July 24, 1951, Mr. Ladd. relative to efforts of the Physical Seourity Equipment Agency Mr. Nichols to have this mercury switch placed on all military phones, Mr. Belmont there are a number of objections to the use of the mercury -switch as compared to the advantages of using a standard Mr. Glavin te ephone company switch modified to accomplish the same result. Mr. Harbo Among such objections is the certainty that the Telephone Company Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tabey... Mr. Laughlin. Mr. Mohr NOT RECORDED Tele. Room. Date of Declassification - Indulation 71 NOV 8 1951 Mr. Nease.

Miss Gandy_

would strongly object to any such "foreign" attachment to their equipment. Moreover, it is doubtful whether the application of a well-known type of mercury switch to accomplish this function constitutes patentable material. However, so long as the application is carried in a "secrecy" status, it is felt that it will have a negligible effect on the security of the Bureau's equipment.

A CTION

None. The above information is furnished for the attention of the Domestic Intelligence Division.

SECRET

Exempt for Sification - Indefication

copy; bw

October 4, 1951

CONFIDENTIAL

SAC, WFO

DIRECTOR, FBI

dba,

JUNE

b6 Per the FBI b7C

Research Products Incorporated,

Washington, D. C.

Attention Mr. C. E. Hennrich

Special Agent ROBERT H. KURTZMAN, of this office, has been in frequent contact with the above named individual, whom he has personally known since the Summer of 1943. Agent KURTZMAN was present when certain radio frequency equipment was demonstrated to the FBI Laboratory, and in fact, was present when instant equipment was first thought of, and the experiment was conducted at Agent KURTZMAN's residence in Washington, D. C. Referral/Consult

Agent KURTZMAN has learned that on Sentember 21. 1951 vas contacted by a

RHK:mss

Classified by 24 Exempt from COS, Category ?

Date of Declassification Indefinite

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PRIGINAL FILE

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SECRET

WFO 62-0

As has been previously mentioned to Mr. I. W. CONRAD of the Bureau, and Mr. C. E. HENNRICH, as well as Mr. ROBERT PFAFFMAN, has also invented a simple counter-device to this system, which can be tested daily by any person, whether or not they have a technical background, and does not require the use of any instruments or dismantling of the item for which the RF device is attached. On the occasion of the September 21 meeting, the persons present indicated that they would classify this TOP SECRET, and that it was, in fact, TOP SECRET. stated he immediately pointed out to the individuals in question, that should such action be taken, it would necessitate placing the item to which the counter-active device is attached, into a safe or a locked cabinet. He then exhibited the device, and pointed out to them exactly what it was, at which time, they agreed that it had not been classified as TOP SECRET. |was again called to the of-On <u>September 28</u>, 1951, in the Justice Department, on which occasion there was also present a man from the Patent Office, Legal Division. The problem was discussed with with regard to his patent application, with the idea in mind that the patent would be processed through the Secret Section of the Patent Office. and used primarily by stated that he was defense agencies during the emergency. very agreeable to this situation, at which time, the man from the Patent Office dictated a letter to that effect. It was agreed that this letter would then be transmitted to _____ who would pla who would place the text of the letter on his own letterhead, and have it delivered to the Secretary of Defense. received the mentioned let-On September 29, 1951, ter, which was entirely different in text from that dictated by the Patent Office man, and in effect said that was turning over to the Defense Department the item in question, for such use as they might see fit, mentioning nothing as to any purchase, research grant, or other items of remuneration. has obtained the services of Attorney P. BATEMAN

Exempt from GDS, Cotegory 2 Date of Declarational Indefinite

-2-

WEO 62-0

ENNIS, and it has been learned by agent RURTZMAN, that Attorney ENNIS, and Departmental Attorney JAMES McINERNEY, were to have a conference regarding the matter on October 2, 1951.

Exempt from GDS, Categor

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

- 3 -

b6 b7C b7D

SAC, Washington Field (66-874)

On page 3 thereof

New Jersey distilling plant fire.

February 28, 1952

Director, FBI

JUNE PERSONAL ATTENTION STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMANT LLTRESONIC LISTENING Device

is quoted as saying

Reurlet February 26, 1952, regarding information] to Special Agent Robert H. furnished by L Kurtzman of the Washington Field Office.

that Investigation revealed what appeared to have been mortars set up by using sewer pipes outside the area where the conflagrations occurred. On the basis of the information furnished it has not been possible for this Bureau to identify the

You are instructed to have reinterviewed and identifying details obtained with regard to the New Jersey fire in order that appropriate inquirtes may be made of

RECORDED - 153

180-760- 12

INDEXED - 183 EX. - 3

1825. OF IUSTICE

Other Ematters in incoming /letter being handled separately. FEB 28

COMM - FBI FEB 28 1952 MAILED 20

Office Merrous wildum • UNITED _ GOVERNMENT	
25 to : DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760) DATE: February 26, 1952	
FROM, SAC, WFO (66-874) SECRET JUNE	
SUBJECT: TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT CONFIDENTIAL	
- INFORMANT	
ATTENTION: MR. C. E. HENVERICH	٠
White Sourice Listering Device	
Special Agent ROBERT H. KURTZMAN of the Washington Field Office has been in frequent contact with	Å
land who is	-
has advised Agent KURTZMAN that	
known to the Bureau. has advised Agent KURTZMAN that	
South of the state	
CW: F C	
EC. 2 8 - 1 HOW.	
XO	ě
n_{1}	
Belmont from	
2 W, ent 152	
United States State Department Security Office who in turn are expected to ask the FBI CC: Comba	Ł
SECRITION 1E2	
28 RHK: LEH RECURDED - 153 180 - 760 - 73	
Exempt from the lighting - Indentity 13	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

b6 b7C b7D

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: March 5, 1952

JUNE

Offerom : SAC, WFO

(66-874)

INFORMANT

STILL SUNIC LIST NING DEVICE

Rebulet February 28. 1952. Information has been received that is ill at his residence in , and is not expected to return to Washington until the week of March 9, 1952, at which

time he will be interviewed.

RHK: VIV

I so detached in Lat.

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INDEXED - 153

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

WFO 100-0

SECRET

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	1/4
1	Laboratory to conduct an examination of this plaster.
- 1	
	has also recently been consulted at the
}	State Department Security Office by high officials of Military
	Intelligence for the United States. From what has been able to determine it appears that the Military Intelligence
· ·	officials have uncovered a
į	
	One of the amazing things about this particular situation is
,	that the transmitter comes on at 8:00 in the morning and is turned off at about 8:00 at night. It is known that the State
* ·	Department Security Officers have taken several of
1	According to both groups plan
Ţ	to refer their information to each other. has also
ŀ	learned that the
(
a	stated that in talking with State Depart-
h	ment Security Officers he has learned that
Menote form Bend	
from Ben	
activity of	
12/154	
LW: Ruf	
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gormic ans	has now
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	Character by 24 77
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SECRET

WFO 100-0

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2)20 S Line
Investigation reveals what
appeared to have been mortars set up by using sewer pipes outside the area where the conflagrations occurred.
Λ
/·
Mr.
McInterney's Office of the Department of Justice.
The Bureau will be kept advised of any other develop-
ments which are furnished Agent KURTZMAN by
Addendum:
Made natural
In connection with the radio frequency activated telephone,
suspects that this information was furnished to the experimenter
Addendum: In connection with the radio frequency activated telephone, suspects that this information was furnished to the experimenter by does not have the technical knowledge to fully de- scribe this apparatus but has some knowledge of its use and limitations. The information was noticed by
does not have the technical knowledge to fully de- scribe this apparatus but has some knowledge of its use and limitations.
The information was received by
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No ellar
Classified by 24 Exempt from CDS Category 2
Classified by 24 Exempt from GDC Estegory 2 Date of Declassification - Indexage
Date of Deciessification

b6 Per the FBI

THE DIRECTOR

March 7, 1952

MR: D: M: LADD

SECRET

"JUNE"

ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION
OF AMERICA, ET AL
UISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

PURPOSE:

To inform you that the Bureau had not previously requested information regarding the identities of private individuals and firms who had been made cognizant of the President's Directive because the question had never arisen before and that we are now asking the Departments involved in this matter regarding such:

To inform you that the action approved by you in the memorandum from Ladd to the Director 3/4/52 has been taken. Referral/Consult

	To inform you that is of opinion that	of the Depart	
ment:	is of oninion that		
		š	\leftarrow

To recommend that Liaison interrogate Houston for all facts regarding latter's briefing of Summey.

DETAILS

INDEXED - 118 | 81 - 761- 7

Reference is made to the "June" membered Mandul 52/4/52 from Ladd to the Director re ultrasonic listening devices furnishing information regarding the current investigation of Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, et al. It was related that the Bureau has not been informed regarding the identities of provate individuals and firms who have been made cognizant of the secrecy order and the President's Directive nor the identities of individuals or firms through which the Government agencies concerned are acquiring devices for domestic or foreign use. You asked, "Dia we ever ask for these? If not why not? Should we not specifically ask for it now?"

The file relating to ultrasonic listening devices.

Rosen Tracy 80-760, does not show that the Bureau has ever specifically asked what for this information of the Bureau has ever specifically asked to the second of the Bureau has ever specifically asked when for this information of the Bureau has ever specifically asked to the second of the Bureau has ever specifically asked to the second of the Bureau has ever specifically asked to the Bureau ha

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Classified by 24 Property 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

LW:ewf

Attachment

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ORIGINAL FILE IN COLONIAL FILE

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until the instant case the Bureau had not been presented with facts indicating manufacture of such devices by a questionable organization.

0n 3/6/52	of the Department
was orally requested for info	rmation regarding individuals and
firms having knowledge of the	order or through whom Government
agencies are acquiring such d	evices. file on this
matter was reviewed and there	was no such information, contained
therein with the exception of	a reference to Kenneth Schmidt
and his Company. was	the original commercial manufacturer
who was made cognizant of the Bureau's files.	secrecy order according to the

Accordingly, the Government officers specifically named in the Presidential Directive, i.e., the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, are being requested by letter to furnish such information and the Attorney General is being advised of this action.

Assistant Director Belmont, pursuant to your approval in the afore-mentioned memorandum, has informed SAC Scheidt of New York on 3/6/52 of the devices and the secrecy which has been afforded them in order that he may have a proper understanding of the implications of the investigation. Nr. Scheidt was told that if necessary in the course of the investigation he could inform one highly experienced Agent in charge of the investigation but that the information should go no further.

Referral/Consult

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qualitable to Trapla	inal record of mete of the Atomic Energy	have been made
una co	of the Department.	on 3/6/52 1t
in possession of all informa	That since he and nor tion regarding the adv	المصاف المافية فيأسافيه
interrogate	nd any patent secrecy. recarding the latter	orders that he
of the secrecy order. agreeable to interrogating	stated that whi	le he mas
interrogation of cont	d hatter he conducted	pinion that an

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite



Referral/Consult

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11 3:11 W 10:10 W		pefer	nse, nting out brief.	
CTT BAC LOURS	en the instant	case and re	questing that t	hey

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinity



furnish information regarding the identities of private individuals and firms who have been made cognizant of the secrecy order and the President's Directive and also regarding the identities of individuals or firms through which their Agencies are acquiring ultrasonic listening devices for domestic or foreign use. The Attorney General is being informed of this by letter.

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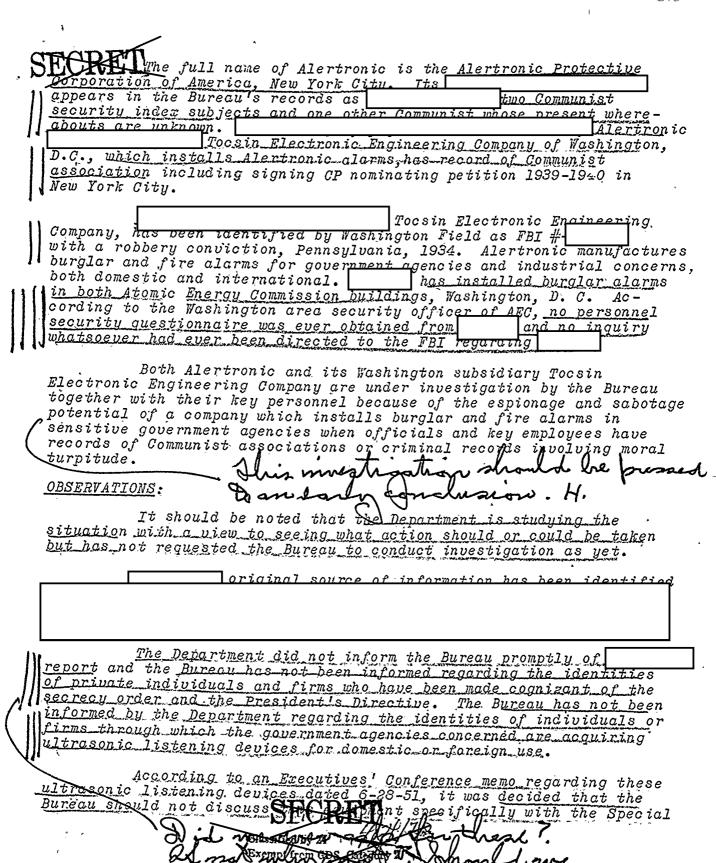
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

: THE DIRECTOR

TO

Office Memorandum . United States Government

	TO : THE DIRECTOR	DATE:	March 4,	1952 .	
41.5	FROM : D LADD	JUNE		Tols Ladd	on 1
	DE STORY	<u> </u>	•	Clog	*
	SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES -		V	Nich	018
	Tith Do Co			Rose	<u> </u>
	PURPOSE:			Hart Bols	
	To inform you that Alertronic Prot	tective Co	rnoratio	n of Mohr	7
i l	America, a firm manufacturing burglar and fi	re alarms	New Yo	The most	Koom,
- 111	City, is alleged to be manufacturing ultraso	nic liste	ning dev	icesilor	Dry on
14	which are the subject of a top secret Presid	<u>lential Di</u>	rective,	A HATT	(D)
1	8-23-50. Two officers of Alertronic have reassociations. Washington re	cord of C	ommunist	(0, 44)	
1	Alertronic who installs the alarms in govern	presentat	ive oj niovino	Tudina	1
111	Atomic Energy Commission, is FBI #- w	ith robbe	ru conni	ction	
	Pennsylvania, 1934.	20010			MANY
111			1	87	KKI
1	Alertronic, its Washington subsidi	ary Tocsi	n Electr	onic yo	7/
- 11	Engineering Company and key personnel are both gation.	n <u>unaer B</u>	<u>ureau in</u>	vesti-	
- 11	- Control of the cont		1.3		
,	To recommend criminal record of Su	mney be f	urnished	to	
	of the Department and	to AEC;	that bec	ause	1
	all pertinent records regarding persons unde	r secrecy	order a	re in 🗻	
J	possession of Department that Whearty interobservance of order. To recommend that SAC,	rogate Su	mney as	00	
1	Louise the ball to be a second the contract of	Mem Think	لسارا فالمدفاسسية كالمتسدو	orrane a	. 1
1	Qf. significance of ultrasonic listening device	ces.incu	rrent_in	uesti-	
	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation	ces in cu of Americ	rrent in a and it	vesti- s key	,)
	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel.	ces in cu of Americ	rrent in a and it	vesti- s.key	,
	of significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel.	ces in cu of Americ	rrent in a and it	vesti- <u>s.k</u> ey	7 / 7
	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel. DETAILS:	o <u>f Americ</u>	a and it	<u>s- k</u> e y	1
	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel. DETAILS: On 2-25-52.	of Americ. $\bigcap_{Crimina}$	a and it	s.key	2
	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel. DETAILS: On 2-25-52.	of Americ. $\bigcap_{Crimina}$	a and it	s.key	2
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Linco	DETAILS: On 2-25-52, Department of Justice, injurmed the Bureau to his understanding that he was to report pleak or violation with respect to ultrasonic the Presidential Directive placing a top second as follows: was informed approximately a Canadian major of ficer that a company in New was engaged in the manufacture of an ultrasonic	Crimina nat on 2- promptly listening ch a device ret class use 8-23- two weeks ew York no	Divisi Divisi 5-52, pi ny poss device preci fication fication prepose previous med "Ale which we	on, arsuant ible s, oitated ron rted us by ertronicas the	FILED IN 65 - 607
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V. R	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel. DETAILS: On 2-25-52, Department of Justice, injurmed the bureau of to his understanding that he was to report pleak or violation with respect to ultrasonic whose development of such these listening devices and acquisition and the presidential Directive placing a top second these listening devices and acquisition and the association and the fitter that a company in he was engaged in the manufacture of an ultrasonic informed concerning his device which was under a secretary former general manager for stalling alarm systems in Washington as the light of the products. Attachments (2) Attachments (2) Exemplified the graph of the products o	Crimina nat on 2- promptly listening ch a device sew York no ic device that a possible conder who	Division of the second	s key on, ursuant ible s, oitated n on rted us by ertronic is the leak uve been	COPY FILED IN 65 - 607
V. R	Of Significance of ultrasonic listening device gation of Alertronic Protective Corporation personnel. DETAILS: On 2-25-52, Department of Justice, the was to report in the was to report in the leak or violation with respect to ultrasonic whose development of such the Presidential Directive placing a top seem these listening devices and acquisition and was follows: Out was informed approximately a Canadian major of fiver that a company in New was engaged in the manufacture of an ultrasonic same as informed informed concerning his device which was under a secretable former general manager for stalling alarm systems in washington as the limitation of products. Attachments (2) Out of the products of the prod	Crimina nat on 2- promptly listening ch a device sew York no ic device that a possible conder who	Division of the second	s key on, ursuant ible s, oitated n on rted us by ertronic is the leak uve been	COPY FILED IN 65 - 607



(Agent in Charge of Sac Wiffice. Under existing circumstances, however, it is believed the SAC, New York, should have this matter explained in order that he may have a proper appreciation of the investigation under may. ACTION:
out so	It is respectfully suggested that the criminal record of be-furnished to the Atomic Energy Commission and to of the Department. It is respectfully recommended that it be suggested to that since he, and not the Bureau, is in possession of all information regarding the administration of the Presidential Directive and any patent secrecy orders, that he interrogate regarding the latter's observance of the secrecy order.
	It is respectfully recommended that because of the current allegations regarding the Alertronic Company, that the SAC, New York, be apprised of the ultrasonic listening devices and the secrecy which has been afforded them in order that he may have a proper understanding of the implications of this investigation.
	record of $FBI \# $ and a more detailed memo from Belmont to Ladd dated 2-28-52, on this subject matter.
1	This investigation is being followed closely and you will be informed of pertinent developments.
	oth. Vis
	LET 500 ERS Aso send complets memor
	SECRET
	Classified by 24 Exempt fr m S Canadory 2 Date of Peclass Scotton Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg'

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

14 H /

March 10, 1952	b6 Per the FB.
VIA LIAIS	
Referral/Consult	
Dear The following information is furnished to you in connection with the Providential Principles.	
connection with the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, concerning ultrasonic listening devices.	
On February 15, 1952, whose commercial development of an ultrasonic listening device precipitated the Presidential Directive placing a top secret classification on the acquisition and use of such devices informed the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice that approximately two weeks previous thereto he had been informed by a Canadian Naval officer that a company in New Yor named "Alertronic" was engaged in the manufacturing of an ultrasonic listening device. stated that a possible leak concerning his device which was under a secretive order who is currently installing burglar and fire alarm systems in Washington, D. C. as the local representative for "Alertronic" products.	· ¬
"Alertronic" is the Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, the factory of which is located at 2 East End Avenue, New York City. It is known to manufacture electronica controlled burglary and fire protective devices, a photoelectreye, and an ultrasonic movement detection unit. Sales are made to burglar alarm service agencies, fire equipment companies industrial concerns, and Government agencies, both nationally and internationally.	lly ic o
who have been active in the Communist Party for many years. of "Alertronic," reportedly has a record of Communist association led in New York City. Downward and OS 27 2010 By UBBU W BAWISHBLSC. LW:ewf SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SERRET	. H

Bagno and Sidney L. L. Proposition of "Alertronic," are partners in the Tacsin Electronic Engineering Company of Washington, D. C., which business is engaged in the installation of "Alertronic" products. The Washington representative of this organization is Herbert Sumney.

has been identified as having a criminal record under FBI number with a robbery conviction in 1934 in Pennsylvania. He was sentenced to serve three to six years in the Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, from Green County, Pennsylvania. He was paroled October 29, 1957.

Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, its key personnel, the Tocsin Electric Engineering Company, and its key personnel are under investigation by this Bureau because of the espionage and sabotage potential of these companies in the installation of burglary and fire alarms in sensitive Government agencies.

It would be extremely helpful to know whether these companies have installed burglary or fire alarms in any establishments under your control.

It would also be most helpful if you could furnish the names of private individuals and firms known to you to have been made cognizant of the necessity for secrecy as set forth in the Presidential Directive and also the identities of private individuals or firms known or reported to you as conducting research on or manufacturing of ultrasonic listening devices for domestic or foreign use.

Information regarding the Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, et al., has been brought to the attention of Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers, Special Consultant to the President, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Attorney General.

With expressions of my highest esteem and best regards,

Sincerely yours,

cc:	1	(VIA LIAISON) Referral/Consult
	SECRET	- 2 -

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - indefinite

Office Memorandum • united states government

). 	то	$: MR \cdot D$	M. LADD	27		DATE:	February	28, 195
	FRO	M : MR. A.	H. BELLOW	n SI	EXRET	"JUNE"	, ,	Ladd Clegg Olavin
	-SUB	JECT! ULTRAS	ONIC LISTEI	VING DEVIC	ES 🕠			Nichols_ Rosen_
					,	b6 Per b7C	the FBI	Harbo Belmont
		<u>PURPOSE</u>				1	Referral/Co	nsult ;
					he ultrasonic p secret Pres			
	1	dated Augu	st 23, 1950), are the	responsibili	ty of T	the Depart	tment
	,	of Justice	for acquis	sition and	use within t	he conv	tinental	
		ana territ	orial Unite	ea States I	and the respo	nsihili	til of the	1 ←
					To inform y			
	_ا .	of	Research 1	Products,	Incorporated,	Danbur	y, Connec	ticut,
		has heen i	aren in the nformed the	t the Ale	ic field prom rtronic Prote	iptea tr	le Directi Tornorati	ive on
		of America	, New York	City, is	engaged in th	e manuj	cacture of	r r
		an ultraso	nic listeni	ing device	and that the	Washir	gton	,
	*	<u>representa</u>	tive of Ale		s Bureāu files		ormerly	
	. [for		c and employe		wa s	
		Signer of	a 1939-1940	Communis	t Party nomin	atina	etition i	i.n
		New York C	<u> </u>		in 1938 for		11 h 200th	
		residing i	n Adrian. 1		v a <u>security</u> and was shown			
		acquaintan	ce since 19	34 of one			sübject	
					Loyees invest			
		the Board	of Election	iu oj Stano is. New Yo:	dards who was rk City, as a	regisi ffiliat	erea with	l the
		Communist	Party in 19	936.	ottgy at a		eferral/Cor	
		N ³	ma masud				*	1
		F -	<u>1-0 80 LHT 80</u> 1	eina resp	e <u>Department</u> onsible for a	cavisit	ion must]
1	TOKE	have knowl	edge of the	identiti	es of those p	ersons	and firms	
	n	authorized	to conduct	experimen	itation and m	anufact	ure of d	F W
1	18	ment is st	uduingthe	situation	To inform yo but has not	u tnat reauest	tne Depar ed invest	: i -
4	•	gation by	this Bureau	. To rece	ommend that t	he Depa	rtment	, ,
		consider q Directive.	uestioning		o is aware of	the se	crecy	
		Pennsylvan		BI unimpel	nas.	robberg	convicti	-016
B	~	Attachment	SEXRI	RECO	ORDED LIE	28/1	90	
N.	B X	80-760			XED - 118	- 100	111	
		LW: ewf	4	24/	ver Tio			
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			The Buchassific	alion - Indefin ite	The same		eaka	ſ.

SEXRET

To recommend a thorough investigation of Alertronic as a possible cover for espionage. To point out that prosecution under the terms of the patent laws or even under the terms of the espionage statutes would publicize the existence of ultrasonic listening devices and thereby defeat the purpose of the Presidential secrecy Directive.

BACKGR OUND

The device of Assert OD 2050 at the evacention of
Under date of August 23, 1950, at the suggestion of
the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the
Attorney General,
the President approved and signed a Presidential
Directive carrying a top secret classification relating to
the secrecy, control, and usage of ultrasonic listening Referral/Consul
devices. This Directive was brought about by reason of
experimentation in the ultrasonic field by one
of Research Products, Incorporated, Danbury, Connecticut, and
other research including that by the Bureau Laboratory which
demonstrated the practicability of this type of listening device.
The Presidential Directive limited the use of such
devices exclusively to matters of vital importance to the
national security of the United States. It provided that the
Departments of Treasury, Defense, Justice,
should be responsible for the classification
and control of such devices and the development of appropriate
countermeasures applicable to the unauthorized use of such
1 devices. The Department of Justice was designated the sole
agency contracting for the acquisition of such devices for
use within the continental and territorial United States.
(80-760-16)
On September 21, 1951, was formally
notified of the Directive and signed a form noting the
contents of the Directive in the office of
of the Department of Justice. In September, 1951,
was notified by the Patent Office of a secrecy order.
(65-59020-6)
CEMBE!!
$/ \setminus \mathscr{U}_{3}$
Classified by 24
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification - In criains



Under the provisions of Title 35, U. S. Code, Section 42 (Patent Law), which was in effect in 1951, whenever during a time when the United States is at war the publication of an invention by the granting of a patent might in the opinion of the Secretary of Commerce be detrimental to the public safety or defense or might assist the enemy or endanger the successful prosecution of the war he may order that the invention be kept secret and withhold the grant of a patent until the termination of the war.

A violation of the secrecy order by anyone with knowledge of such order and without due authorization who willfully publishes or discloses or authorizes or causes to be published or disclosed any such invention or material information with respect thereto shall upon conviction be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than two years or both (Title 35, U. S. Code, Section 42c).

These provisions of Section 42 were amended by Public Law 256, 82nd Congress, approved February 1, 1952, known as the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951. This Act still lodges the responsibility for issuing the order of secrecy with the Secretary of Commerce but provides that where any agency of the Government has a property interest in an invention, or where the publication of an invention in which the Government does not have a property interest, might in the opinion of the Secretary of Commerce be detrimental to the national security, the Secretary of Commerce shall refer the matter to the Atomic Energy Commission, the Secretary of Defense, and the chief officer of any other department or agency of the Government designated by the President as a defense agency of the United States and if in the opinion of the Atomic Energy Commission, the Secretary of a Defense Department, or the chief officer of any other department or agency designated as a defense agency publication would be detrimental to the national security, the Secretary of Commerce shall order that the invention be kept secret and shall withhold the patent for such period as the national interest requires.

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Date of Declassing Indefinite

b6 Per the FBI b7C b7D

The penalty for violation of the secrecy order remains the same. Referral/Consult was told that should he be approached by any individual concerning the ultrasonic listening devices in question that he was to immediately notify Mr. Patrick Coune of the National Security Council or of the Department of Justice. DETAILS At 5:50 P.M., February 25, 1952, First Assistant, Criminal Division, Department of Justice, informed the Bureau that on February 15, 1952, pursuant to his understanding that he was to report promptly any possible leak or violation with respect to his ultrasonic device, reported to as follows: Approximately two weeks previous was informed

his conversation with and is attached.

provided a copy of his notes regarding which copy is stamped top secret

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Date of Declassification - I definite

b6 Per the FBI b7C b7D

SECRETI Referral/Consul	t
informed orally that he had discussed the	
matter with	
INFORMATION NOW AVAILABLE TO THE BUREAU	
engaged in the installation of electronic devices as representative of the Tocsin Electronic Engineering Company. 1028 20th Street, Northwest, Washington, D. C., is FBI number who was received at the Western State Penitentiary, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, 10/29/34 under sentence three to six years for robbery. Identification was made by SA Robert H. Kurtzman, Washington Field Office. It has been determined from the Atomic Energy Commission that, made burgler alarm installations in both AEC buildings in Washington under AEC supervision but no PSO was ever obtained from him and no check was made by AEC with Bureau.	
With regard toinformant. the Washington Field Office has determined that this wasinformant.	
told a representative of the Washington Field Office that	v
A review of the Bureau's files shows that Alertronic Protective Devices, 220 East 38th Street, New York City, or October 22, 1948, staged a demonstration of supersonic and Referral/Core electronic alarms which was attended by representatives of the Army Security Agency, Atomic Energy Commission, the Department of State, the Army Signal Corps, and representatives of the New York Office of the Bureau. At the demonstration in 1948 Company, discussed the alarm mechanisms.	nsult
(60 000 000)	
Bureau files indicate that New York City. was listed as a character reference in 1938 by one under investigation as an active Communist. was an electrical engineer, now resides in Adrian, Michigan, and is the subject of a security index card. (65-10197-2 and 15)	
SECRET	
Classified by 24 5 5 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 The of Declassification - Indefinite	
Tile of Declassification	

SECRET.

<u>In the Lougith of Government Employees thousity action</u>
of National Bureau of
Standards, U. S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D. C.,
it is shown that one Samuel Bagno, 3406 45th Street, Astoria,
Long Island, had identified himself as a business and social
acquaintance of subject since 1934. An Army
report cited in the loughtu investigation stated that one
Manhattan, New York, had
signed a 1939-1940 Communist Party nominating petition.
Investigation of Silberstein reflected that records of the
Board of Election, New York City, showed that he registered
in 1936 as an affiliate of the Communist Party. (121-29662-18,23)
Preliminary inquiries by the New York Office reveal
that the who is presently employed by the
Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, 116 John Street,
New York City, formerly resided at
New York City, and currently resides at
Astoria, Long Island.

The New York Office has determined that Dun and Bradstreet lists the following officers for the Alertronic Protective Corporation of America: President, Sidney L. Westerman, formerly operating an insurance brokerage business at 120 William Street and 116 John Street, New York City; Secretary, Samuel Wolf, former President of Wolf and Borse, New York City; Assistant Secretary, Jack Westerman, former sales representative for Imperial Lace and Dye Works, New York City; Vice President, Russell F. Rathbone; Treasurer, Bernard Alpren, an accountant with offices at 1405 Broadway, New York City; Assistant Treasurer, Jack Friedman, an accountant and member of the firm of Greenspan and Freidman, 1450 Broadway, New York City; Director, Samuel Bagno.

This Corporation manufactures a patented electronically controlled burglary and fire protective device. It also manufactures a photoelectric eye and an ultrasonic movement detection unit. Sales are made to burglary alarm service agencies, fire equipment companies, industrial concerns, and Government agencies, both nationally and internationally. Its factory is located at 2 East End Avenue, New York City.

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both mentioned above, are also partners in the Tocsin Electronic . Engineering Company of Washington, D. C., which business is engaged in the installation of electronic. devices. The Washington representative of this organization is A check of avilable records at the Bureau shows that the Alertronic Protective Corporation of America does not appear in current listings of key facilities, holders of classified contracts, list of Atomic Energy Commission facilities, nor on lists of facilities deemed vital by either the Armed Forces or the New York Office of the Bureau. File reviews are being made on the other officials of Alertronic. OBSERVATIONS of the Department has informed. the Bureau the Department is studying this situation with a view to seeing what action should or could be taken but has not requested the Bureau to conduct investigation as yet. It should be noted that the original source of information is |consequently not available for interview. Even if he were available for interview it is highly questionable as to whether he could be approached with regard to this situation in view of the secrecy surrounding ultrasonic listening devices. Not only did the Department not inform the Bureau promptly of report but the Bureau has not been informed regarding the identities of private individuals and firms who have been made cognizant of the secrecy order or the President's Directive nor have we been informed by the Department regarding the identities of individuals or firms through which the Government agencies concerned are acquiring ultrasonic listening device for domestic or foreign use. Because of discussions with unidentified individuals prior to the secrecy order, it would be difficult to say how much actual "leakage" has already occurred.

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Date of Declas

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Because of former employment with	
and his present employment under Bagno of Alertronic.	
he would appear to be a likely suspect. Because these Referral/Cons	ult
matters have been han <u>dled in the p</u> ast without reference to	
the Bureau by Messrs.	
it is suggested that a contact with should be made by	
for the purpose of determining whether has	
violated the terms of the secrecy order.	
The violation of the secrecy order relating to the	
ultrasonic listening devices would appear to be either a	
violation of the former Section 42 of Title 35, U.S. Code,	
or if subsequent to February 1, 1952, and if new secrecy	
orders have been issued pursuant to Public Law 256, 82nd Congress	
might be a violation of the provisions of that statute. The	
problem of evidence would be the same in such instance as	
the problem of evidence for a violation of the espionage	
statutes, Sections 793 or 794, in that the item which the	
secrecy order seeks to protect would have to be disclosed in	
court in order to establish a violation. Under such	
circumstances authorization of prosecution is highly problematical.	
problema o real.	
Because of the background of Bagno it is desirable	
after completion of the file review on the other officials	
of Alertronic regarding whom New York has no identifiable	
derogatory information to press an investigation of that	
company and its officials to determine whether they do	
represent a threat to the security of the United States.	
A CIMT ON	
<u>ACTION</u> Referral/Consult	
It is respectfully suggested that of	
the Department be informed that since all information	
regarding knowledge of the secrecy order under the	ŧ
patent laws, etc., is known to the Department	,
that in the interest of security and	
the appropriate observance of the secrecy order and the	
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1	President's Directive that should be interrogated by	
ı	as to any disclosures he might have made in view	_
ľ	of the tree curption of the tree curption of the curption of t	and
	AEC be informed of criminal record.	

New York and Washington Field Offices have been instructed to conduct investigation of the activities of Alertronic and its related firm, the Tocsin Electronical Engineering Company. Derogatory subversive data will be disseminated to the Department.

Classified by 24 Exemplifican CDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

	DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg	
O Allenda		b6 b7c b7D
Jack Control	February 15;	1952
	First Assistant, Criminal Division JAM: RPW:dj	
<i>,</i>		•
	Pursuant to his understanding that he was to report prompany possible leak or violation with respect to his ultrasonic device on this date reported the following.	o tly ce,
A Company of the Comp	Approximately two weeks ago he was informed	The state of the s
ON 21 HOLD	indicated that the only possible leak of inf tion concerning his device might have been who we here in Washington and whom he discharged about December 1, 1951. He said that is now doing business in Washington under a name which he believed to be Tocsin Engineer Company and that company was the local representative for Alertronic products, chiefly protective alarm systems.	as on or chere ing
Made of Many	Examination of the Washington Telephone Directory indica no listing for Tocsin Engineering Company. However, there are two listings under the name of [1]	
JAN	I informed that I would communicate with and if it was agreed investigation should be under appropriate request would be made to the FBI. I pointed out to Manager of the device might prevent prosecutive action since disclosure of its details in evidence would be agreed this might be so.	ıld be
	his lawyer Mr./Ennis, to make an appointment with to cuss what agencies he might be permitted to contact in an effort	o dis-

effect sales of his device but had been unable to secure such conference. I told him I would be glad to do what I could in this regard and that

probably

and see it through.)

SO-100 - 11

would assign it to me to arrange such a conference

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ال	′	·		b7E
SP	TO :	: Mr. Tolson DATE: March 5,	1952	
·	4	THAT THE	-//-	
	FROM	: Mr. Harbo Ry Stilling		
	SUBJECT	COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES ON	Tols	
	,	TELEPHONE INSTRINENTS AT	Office	
	•	· ·	الما مصل	VZ
		Trailie e	ko¥ Tre	
		Offices de Listering Devices	RA-HAT	
		The Laboratory's contact at the telephone	3.oh:	·
		company has today advised that <u>Secret Service men in</u>	Tel:	•. hour
		the company of telephone company officials are working	מג פאב מ	<u> </u>
0		on		OF THE
		They also were checking the lines on February 29, appo	irent1	y 21655
		because of some unsatis factory service of the equipmen	1t.	- Floren
		You will recall that at the request of the		a
	1	President, countermeasure devices were placed on the	office	:
		and residence telephones of the The	ON COMMENTS OF	
		initial countermeasure units consisted of condensers		
		placed inside the instrument which, upon examination	by	
	*	a telephone repairman, can be readily identified as a foreign attachment. The Laboratory has subsequently		
	Ę	developed the use of a switch hook which is similar to	оа	à
		standard unit and will not be readily detected by a		•
		repairman when he opens up the telephone instrument.	•	
	•	The Laboratory telephone contact has urgently requested that the Laboratory remove the condenser countermeasure	ea no	
		unit from residence phones and sub-		
	•	stitute therefor the switch hook type. He requests the		
,		because foreign attachments on telephones are contrar	y_to /	\neg
	•	telephone company rules; he has on his own responsibil	lity	N
	*	cooperated with the Bureau by giving tackt approval to presence of these countermeasure units and his position), t <i>pe</i> /	د
	•	precarique since the tolaphone company activities at a	the	
	*	home of are directed by officials sur		• *
		to him.		
	1	RECOMMENDATION 88 - OBO - 760 - 78		
		INDEXED - 88 man of and		
O 1	-5-52	That the Laboratory Minmed vately make arrange	ements	!
en 1,7	المرابعة	through the Liaison Section so that the new type coun	ter-	
40 K.L	in to	measure units can be installed on		
		phones at the earliest possible opportunity.		
	KE v 5:	'SECRETA,		
-, ·^	250	Day Shark		
3'	Mas Of	RTH: kmb		*
		Classified by 24		
~m.	Marky	Exempt from GDS, Category 2		
012	much	RTH: kmb Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite		
ر المسايد م	3000			

Office Memorandum • United States Government

B	то	:	Mr.	Tolson		,	DATE	: March 11	., 1952	
	From	:	Mr.	Harbo K	•	SEGI	ALTO,	,	1	//
	SÜBJEC	T:	Xcou Ins	NTERMEASUR. TRUMENTS A	ES ON THE	TELEPHONE TDENCE OF	\bigcirc	1/	DI TOLON	
			Buf	ile 80=760	-	/				=/,
			Ċ	ultris	ONIC	LISLEN. N				
			<u>the</u>	<u>Laborator</u>	y telephoi	the telephon nically advi	sed Specia	1 Agent	Neste	<u></u>
			men	t had requ	ested his	curity offic clearance t	o <u>make a s</u>	tate Depar ecurity of	ieck o	ميلار
Į.	•		on		ice_telepl	none, lines -o	[f.			FNIM
	*		nac		the preser		d with any			
		1	con	densers wh	ich can be	ire pro tecte e detected e Laboratory	asily. Th	e telephon	ře	
*	,		cou	ntermeasur	e condense	ers be repla was done i	ced with c	oun <u>termeas</u>		
						With ne company c	the switch	es install		
		i	l pos det	ition will	be safe : pt by a te	inasmuch as elephone rep	the switch	es cannot	be	
			0.0	-	-	imenos. I <u>sure devic</u> e	s are on t	he instrum	nents	
	-			<u>Mr. Battle</u>	; and, the	erefore, no the Bureau.	action con			
			REC	OMMENDATIO	⊻ ÷	•		γ	P	
	,	11	con			ended that truments at t				
			mea		1	be replaced	immediate1	y with cou	inter=	
	र्यंद		the	telephone	company (der to affor contact of t	he Laborat	ory.	, , , , ,	
					₈₈ - daxao Obegokded	-760 - KP	1/19			
			JMM	: kmb	MAI	21 1952	311			
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	, A	•	, , 6	- Jan 2	Date of Declass			• • •	3 2 3 C	

Standard form no. 64

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FROM	$: R. \mathcal{I}$	T. Hari	rad V	SE	CRET	- STIINE	DATE:	February24,	195
	TADI MICH COUN	TO FREGOPHON	QUENCY E - TELI ASURES	EPHONE		(M)	b7E	Clegg Clavin Nichol Rosen Tracy
	Bufi	ile 80	-760 Ltr 51.	Mic	nist	ene my	il Der	uce	Belmon Mohr_ Tele.
-	As a	with resu	hout nor lt, cons	ence in tifying siderabl	e diffic	iaison d ulty was	encou	in advance. ntered in	Zavy
je E	sta] sind	lled in se a p	n two to	elephone f ten da	instrum ys had e	ents in lapsed b	his for	d been in- rmer residen the time he	
Ÿ	move stal at t	e. Ac [.] llat <u>ion</u> the	tually : i of coi	it was d intermed	nly due sure dev	to a req ices in t the Bu	quest f his new ureau b	ation of his or the in- w residence ecame aware of the	
ŧ	coun by t	termed tracing	sure de	evices u elephone	as accom	plished ents wid	in this	s instance assistance	
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of the United States, it is necessary that the Bureau be notified in sufficient time to permit the removal of the countermeasure devices prior to the time telephone installers put in new service or new occupants move into the premises.

RECOMMENDATION

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Accordingly, it is recommended that appropriate personnel in the offices of high Government officials, whose telephone instruments have been protected with counter-measure devices, be contacted by the Liaison Section in order that such personnel may be advised of the necessity of notifying the Bureau prior to any changes in telephone installation.

It is suggested that not only his secretary and, where applicable, his security officer, but also the Cabinet member or high official himself be advised of the desirability of notifying the Bureau of any contemplated changes in his telephone system at his residence or office quarters.

ADDENDUM - February 29, 1952

In accordance with your suggestion we have discussed with our telephone contact the possibility of initiating a system under his control whereby he would advise us in advance of any contemplated changes in the telephone service to the phones in question. He again has advised that he feels it is entirely unfeasible without jeopardizing his position in the Telephone Company. Accordingly, the solution initially proposed appears to be the only answer. TWC:VH

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Exempt from 600, Category 2

	Room 5730 Extension	,		
			•	
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 09-20-2010 BY 60324 uc	TO: . baw/sab/lsg	Mr Mr Mr Mr	. Glavin . Harbo . Rosen . Tracy	Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd Mr. Nichols Mr. Belmont Mr. Clegg Mr. Glavin Mr. Harbo Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Laughlin
		Mr. Mr. Mr. Mis	Laughlin Hennrich Nease	Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy
	Please cal	ll me	P	er conversatio:
		į		
	,	,		G O CEADAN

JUNE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

	· •	
n.	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	.
E	Mr. R. T. Harbo SECRET BATE, February 29, 1952 GUBJECT: Countermeasure Devices On Telephone Instruments At Residence Of On 2-29-52, approximately 2: 20 P.M., the telephone company contact	olsonaddlegglavintcbolsosenrecyslsontshrsls. Roossassnegg
	The matter was referred directly to Special Agents V. P. Veay and the latter being the Treasury liaison man. By 2.35 P.M. Special Agent directly and that had caused the check on the instruments in his apartment to be stopped. At 3:10 P.M. our telephone company contact advised that the two Secret Service men and two telephone company officials had entered Mr. Snyder's apartment telephone company officials who indicated they were alright, which seemed to satisfy the Secret Service men. One of the company officials was the man who have covered the countermeasure condenser from phone when the latter moved from his former Georgetown residence to his present apt. in the Westchester. The other company official is a close personal friend of outelephone company contact.	ent.
	This is another instance in which it is evident that the Bureau is not being advised by the interested official as to work being done on their phone instruments. advised that he did not know that a check had been contemplated. It is possible that his secretary or security officer wo have been able to advise the Bureau in advance. It should also be noted that ou telephone company contact stated "I could not stop them" because of the fact that he was not in the telephone company office when the Secret Service men were there	uld r
	RECOMMENDATION:	
	We should take every measure to protect our telephone company contact since he has assumed a personal responsibility in handling Bureau cooperation on his own, and has not seen fit to advise other phone company officials because he heir personalities and feels that some of them would not cooperate with the jureau since a violation of company rules is actually involved.	knows
ζ ν &	Ce: Special Agentolyseiffed bio281s: 80-760 Exempt from GDS, Cathorn F. L. 73. 1952	_

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- Par grant

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

H	7то :	Mr. R. F. Harb	· PH	DATE:	March 5, 199	32
	FROM:	I. W. Conrad	SECRE		b7E	Tolson
	SUBJECT:	Countermeasure Instruments At	Rèsidence Of			Clavin
	•	ILER SON	10 Listen.	Ny DeVIC	' E	Belmont
1	were still telephone stated the was reques countermed instrument the contact	On 3-5-52 the rical Section at least as indicated as indicated the had no wasting that immediature condensers of Secretary at stated that len discovering in the stated that len discovering in	dvised that the cretary of Treated in my memory of controlling diate steps be with countern Snyder's residue would not he	e Secret Services Ser	ce men The contact ities and the ace the es in the nis replaceme s about the S	ent Secret
	steps woul	SA J. M. Matten ld be taken imme	who took the ediately.	call assured	the contact t	:hat
	RECOMMEND	ATION:				
((1) entry exact type	It is recommendized to deal din may be had to sees of instrument witches may be p	rectly with the Secretary Snyde is being used.	Liaison Secti er's apartment (2) instrument	ion so that: to obtain th s with count	ie cer-
\	cc - Liais	son Section				
	JMM: vrh	Hough	form 3-5.5 h	·	ù	۵
3'	2 ^{1,5} ²	SECRET Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Ca Date of Doctassification	RECORDED - 73 NDEXED - 73	MAR 24 1952		4
					7-100	t in

Tolsor

Clegg

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THE DIRECTOR

March 14, 1952

Ur. D. U. Ladd

ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION OF AMERICA, ET AL MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

b6 Per the FBI PURPOSE: b7C Referral/Consult BACKGROUND: You will recall that Department furnished information indicating that Mr. Lawrence R. -Houston, General Counsel for CIA, had briefed Herbert A. Sumney concerning the secrecy order pertaining to ultresonic listening davices. As you know. had been employed by | the original commercial manufacturer who officially was made organizant of the secrecy order was discharged by on or about December 1, 1951, You will recall that nas a criminal record having been convicted of robbery in Pennsylvania in 1934. Referral/Consult On March 13. 1952. Liaison toant San บร้องกอสั ORIGINAL FILE IN. Nichola Belmon Glavin Classified by 24 SUP : The Empt from GDS, Caleson 2 INDEXED - 78 NOT RECORDED Date of Declassification - Indefinite 71 MAR 24/1952 EX. - 87.

ACTION:

The Liaison Whit will follow the instant matter with for the purpose of procuring written reply to the letter dated March 10, 1952.

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from 605 Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Nichols Belmont Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Mohr Tole. Rm.

TY INFORMATION - TOP

The Attorney General

March 28, 1952

Director, FAT

JUNE

VLTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

b6 Per the FBI b7C

The following information is furnished to you in connection with the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, concerning ultrasonic listening devices.

Ur. Eugene J. Cronin, a former Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who ceased active duty with this Bureau as of April 25, 1947, operates his own research and development laboratory at 2661 Spring Street, Redwood City, California, under the firm name "Duolab." Ur. Cronin has developed an ultrasonic listening device which appears to be very similar in operation to the equipment previously developed by the Federal Bireau of Thusstigation Laboratory and independently by of Research Products, Inc., Danbury, Connecticut.

Mr. Gronin desires to offer his device to this Bureau and has, to date, rejected outside financial assistance because he feels that the nature of his device is such that if its existence were known to private individuals it would lose its investigative value.

You will recall that the other private developer of such a device, formally executed an acknowledgment of the President's secrecy order prepared by the Attorney General

Referral/Consult Accordingly, you may desire that the sang potto fication be made to Mr. Cronin. In the interin we are cautioning Ur. Cronin to discuss his device with no sone until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government.

The foregoing has been brought to the attention of Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers. Special Consultant to the President

			`
cc -	Assistant Attorney General	James M. McInerney	\$ Ogr
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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

JUNE

Karch 28, 1952

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL VIA LIAISON

Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers Special Consultant to the President Executive Office Building Washington, D. C.

b6 Per the FBI b7C

My dear Admiral:

The following information may be of interest to the President and you in connection with the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, concerning ultrasonic listening devices.

Wr. Eugens J. Cronin, a former Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who ceased active duty with this Bureau as of April 25, 1947, operates his own research and development laboratory at 2661 Spring Street, Redwood City, California, under the firm name "Duolab." Hr. Cronin has developed an ultrasonic listening device which appears to be very similar in operation to the equipment previously developed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory and independently by of Research Products, Inc., Danbury, Connecticut.

Mr. Cronin desires to offer his device to this Aureau and has, to date, rejected outside financial assisting ance because he feels that the nature of his device is such that if its existence were known to private individuals it would lose its investigative value.

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	1 84M	26 120-760-	Referral/Cons	ult
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LW:mrc:jgf	SECURITY INFORMATION .	- pap sėdner vece	IVEN-LAU	Gal

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOR SECRET

Accordingly, you may desire that the same notification be made to Mr. Cronin. In the interim we are cautioning Mr. Cronin to discuss his device with no one until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government.

The foregoing has been brought to the attention of Mr. J. Patrick Counc. National Security Council, Mr.

Referral/Consult

Assistant Attorney General; b6 Per the FBI

Criminal Division, Department of

regards, With expressions of my highest esteem and best

Sincerely yours,

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

'TY INFORMATION - 💥 💢

JUNE

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL YIA LIAISON

, X

March 28, 1958

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	Referral/Consult
	b6 Per the FBI
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in connection with the Presidential Di	rechine of August 22
1950, concerning altrasonia listening	deutres.
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Mr. Eugene J. Cronin, a form	er Special Acent of
the Federal Bureau of Investigation who	o egosed cotive duty
with this Bureau as of April 25, 1947,	ondrates his own
research and development laboratory at	2667 Spring Street
Redwood City, California, under the fi	em hime "Dunteh "
Mr. Cronin has developed an ultrasonia	Istering daying
which appears to be very similar in ope	eration to the south-
ment previously developed by the Federa	17 Rivery of Trues.
tigation Laboratory and independently	AN DELOCICE OF THEEST
of Research Products, Inc., Danbury, Go	2008041015
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Bureau and has, to date, rejected outs	do Financial annima
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would lose its investigative value.	todish successing the succession of the successi
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Tolson

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SECURITY INFORMATION - POP SECRET

b6 Per the FBI b7C

Accordingly, you may desire that the same notification be made to Mr. Cronin. In the interim we are
cautioning Mr. Cronin to discuss his device with no one
until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate
official of the government.

The foregoing has been brought to the attention of Rear Admiral Sidney W. Souers, Special Consultant to the President, Mr. J. Patrick Coyne, National Security Council, the Attorney General. Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney, and Department of Justice.

Oriminal Division,

With assurances of my highest regards,

Sincerely yours,

Referral/Consult

CC -

Alberta & C. 2.

Referral/Consult

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

Y INFORMATION - TOP 1

JUNE

March 28, 1952

PERSONAL AND CONFUSCIONAL VIA LIAISON

Mr. J. Patrick Counc National Security Council Executive Office Building Vashington 25, D. C.

b6 Per the FBI

Dear Pat:

The following information is furnished to you in connection with the Prasidential Directive of August 23. 1950, concerning ultrasonia listening devices.

Mr. Sugane J. Granin, a former Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation who ceased active duty with this Bureau as of April 25, 1947, operates his own research and development laboratory at 2661 Spring Street, Redwood City, California, under the firm name "Duolab." Mr. Cronin has developed an ultrasonic listening device which appears to be very similar in operation to the equipment previously developed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory and independently by L of Research Products, Inc., Danbury, Connectiout.

Mr. Cronin desires to offer his device to this Bureau and has, to date, rejected outside financial cassists ance because he feels that the nature of his device to such that if its existence were known to private individualesito would lose its investigative value.

the other You will recall that private developer of such a device, formally exec

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SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

b6 Per the FBI b7C

Accordingly, you may desire that the same notification be made to Mr. Cronin. In the interim we are cautioning Mr. Cronin to discuss his device with no one until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government.

The foregoing has been brought to the attention
of Rear Admiral Sidney W. Sovers. Special Consultant to the
President.

Referral/Consult

the Attorney
and
of vastice:

Criminal Division, Department

With assurances of my highest regards,

Sincerely yours,

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

Office Memorandum

TÓ:		
	The Director	DATE: March 28, 1952
FROM:	D. M. Ladd Of STORET	JUNE
SUBJECT:	ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES	Tolson
1	PUR POSE:	Clark
,	To point out that former Spec Cronin, now operating a research labora City, California, has developed an ultradevice similar in operation to the equideveloped by the Bureau Laboratory and of Danbury, Connect	ial Agent Eugene J. select tory in Redwood Tele. kood asonic listening pment previously independently by
•	To recommend that the SAC, Sai informed that these devices are the sub Presidential Directive and that he tell he should not contact anyone else relationally after he has been formally contact official of the government.	ject of a top secret Mr. Cronin that ive to the device
	To attach communications to Ad J. Patrick Coyne, and the advising them of Cronin's device and subsequently informed of the Preside Directive.	he Attorney General
	DETAILS:	
٨	Reference is made to the attack from Conrad to Harbo, dated March 25, 19 out that former Special Agent Eugene J. active duty with the Bureau as of April operates a research laboratory under the "Duolab" in Redwood City, California, how ultrasonic listening device similar in equipment previously developed by the Buand independently by Connecticut.	952, which points Cronin, who ceased 25, 1947, and now e firm name of as developed an operation to the
	Francisco Office of the Bureau and although the RECORDED 12 RECORDED 12 Attachments SECRET 80 ARREST	levice to the san Wall he has been airlice 1 1952

offered financial providing he discloses the nature of his experiments he has rejected such assistance up to this time and desires to offer his device to the Bureau.

Such ultrasonic devices are the subject of a top secret Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950 are made responsible for the acquisition of such acvices for use by agencies of the United States Government. Referral/Consult

The Attorney General, through the Criminal Division. formally notified

the other private inventor, and obtained an executed recognition of the Secrecy Directive.

ACTION:

There is attached a letter to the SAC, San Francisco, pointing out that Cronin's device falls within a category subject to the top secret Presidential Directive and instructing him to contact Cronin and inform him that he should not discuss his device with anyone else until after he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government.

There are also attached communications to Admiral Souers, Mr. J. Patrick Coyne, National Security Council, the Attorney General with copies to James W. WcInerney for the attention of

informing them of Cronin's development, advising that we are telling Cronin not to contact anyone relative to the device until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government and suggesting that he be appropriately notified of the Presidential Directive.

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDE Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

//	TO: Mr. R. T. Harbo	52
	SECRET SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE (b6 Per the FBI b7C	rolson Ladd Clegg Clayin Hichols Rosen
	an ultrasonic listening device which appears to be very	rracy ' harro harro
	It was noted that the San Francisco office advises that Cronin desires to offer his equipment to the Bureau either on a development contract or on an outright purchase basis, and that Crois withholding financial consideration from others in deference to Bureau. It is further noted that Cronin ceased active duty with the Bureau as of April 25, 1947.	the
	With regard to the San Francisco communication, there is attached a proposed reply advising that office that such a device previously has been perfected both by the Bureau's Laboratory and by a commercial source on the East Coast, and that the device has been classified Top Secret by a special Presidential Directive. The proposed letter further instructs the field office to suggest to Crethat he not make any further disclosure to anyone relative to the equipment until after he has been formally contacted by an appropri U. S. Government official.	onin
	with reference to the security aspects of the matter, it noted that in a previous similar situation involving a result of the Bureau's calling the matter to the attention of Pat Coyna of the National Security Council, of the Department of Justice was instructed to advise formally of the security classification. Accordingly, it is suggested that the Liaison Sect advise Pat Coyne of the fact that Mr. Cronin independently has devel similar equipment, and informally, suggest that Coyne may wish to has similar steps taken to advise Mr. Cronin concerning the security classification. It is also suggested that Liaison advise the Department and the Secretary of Defense relative tookhe for that Cronin independently has produced such confirment. RECOMMENDATION: RECORDED-12 APR 4 1952 Referral/Consultations.	nt urity ion loped ve tment, act
.~ 	It is recommended that the attached letter be approved and Liaison take the necessary action to advise Pat Coyne of the Nation Security Council as well as the Secretary of Declaration to the Department as set forth development as set forth develo	al

SAC, San Francisco (100-28825)

March 28, 1952

RECORDED 63 70 - 7 SECRET.
SOVIET COUNTERINTELLICENCE
INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES

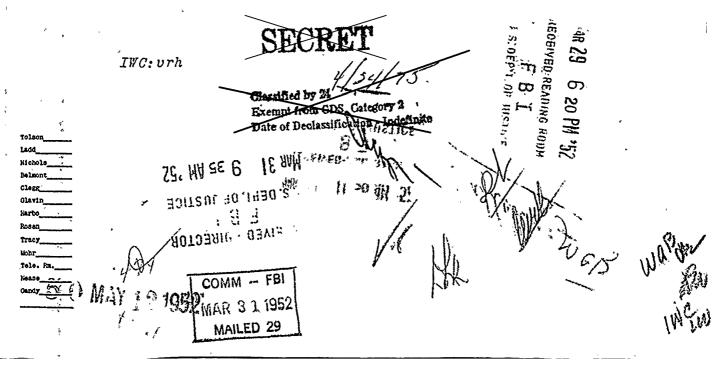
PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

JUNE

Reference is made to your letter of March 13, 1952, relative to the above entitled matter advising that former SA Eugene J. Cronin has developed and demonstrated to Agents of your office special surveillance equipment:

For your confidential information, such a device previously has been developed both by the Bureau's Laboratory and by a commercial manufacturer in the East, and because of the nature of this equipment, it has been classified as Top Secret by a special Presidential Directive. Accordingly, you should see to it that this subject is not given further dissemination within your own office.

In addition, it is considered probable that Mr. Cronin will be formally notified of the highly classified nature of this material by an appropriate official of the U.S. Government within the near future. Accordingly, it is desired that you advise Mr. Cronin while the Bureau appreciates his interest and cooperation in offering the device to the Bureau, the Bureau probably will not be in a position to negotiate further with him in the matter. You should further suggest to Mr. Cronin that he not contact anyone else relative to the device until he has been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the government.



Mr. Ladd --Mr. Nichola. Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FBI

AMSD-REGISTERED

DATE:

Mr. Tolson

CONFIDENTIAL

Ma. I'mes -

to the second in ... Mr. Mistr

Tele. Room

Mr. Holloman.... Miss Gandy -

SOVIET COUNTERINTELLIGENCE INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-28825)

ATTENTION: ASSISTANT DIRECTOR D. M. LADD

This is to advise that former Special Agent EUGENE J. CRONEN-contacted the San Francisco Office concerning an item of technical equipment which he had developed possessing possible use as an added investigative technique.

CRONIN advised that at the present time he is operating his own research and development laboratory in Redwood City, California. The firm name is "DUOLAB" and is located at 2661 Spring Street, Redwood City, California.

CRONIN demonstrated his equipment in the presence of the Technical Supervisor and another Special Agent of this office. The purpose of the equipment is to conduct a microphone surveillance of a subject's apartment by means of the existing telephone facilities, without the use of trespass or making actual physical connections to the subject's telephone or entering his apartment in any way. The unit operates electronically and consists of a radio transmitter and receiver. The unit demonstrated was a working model and appeared to be about the size of a standard portable radio receiving set. CRONIN advised that by substituting fixed value parts for variable parts and the use of subminiature tubes the unit could be condensed to approximately the size and shape of the Bureau's SD-2 preamplifier. It is battery operated at present, but could be either battery or AC-DC. A unit of this type and size is now being manufactured. The unit demonstrated was connected to a standard cradle-type telephone instrument. The actual connection was made at the connecting block. The quality of microphonic pickup was very good. The range was adequate to cover a normal sized room. CRONIN advised that various experiments of his had demonstrated that the unit could pick up voices at a distance of 100 feet. The conditions under which demonstration were held did not permit such a test at the time. However is entirely feasible.

Typicity in the basis of the test that was conducted, it is believed that his claim is entirely feasible.

Typicity in the basis of the test that was conducted, it is believed that his claim is entirely feasible. EXPEDITE PROCESSING

To any telephone line at a maximum distance of about 100 feet from the instrument and obtain-satisfactory results. At the time of the test it was not possible, owing to the surrounding conditions, to determine whether this claim can be substantiated. The unit will not only pick up the voices within the room in which the telephone instrument is located, but will also pick up all telephone conversations being held on the line. The unit will pick up either when the hand set is on the cradle or when it is off. At the present time the connection can be made at any place in the telephone line within a distance of 100 feet from the telephone instrument or at a multiple appearance providing it is not more than 100 feet away.

PGB:hko cc: 117-44

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3/10/52

Director, FBI
RE: SOVIET COUNTERINTELLIGENCE
INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES
SF #100-28825

SECRET

It may be noted that the advantage of this unit is that it does not require trespassing upon the subject's premises, nor does it require any extra wiring, of either the subject's instrument or of any portion of his telephone line. This unit merely attaches to the telephone line.

For practical Bureau use it is belived that the range of this equipment should be extended so that it could be attached to a subject's telephone line at a distance in excess of 100 feet, inasmuch as often it is not possible to monitor such a surveillance within 100 feet of the subject's telephone instrument. CRONIN advised that the additional development of the unit requires more work in order to extend its range.

Several individuals have been very interested in the work being done by "DUOLAB", CRONIN advised, and have already offered financial assistance providing he disclose the nature of the experiments he is conducting. Up to this time CRONIN has rejected such assistance because he feels that the nature of this unit is such that if its existence were known on the outside it would lose its secrecy and investigative value. He, therefore, desires to offer this unit to the Bureau. In order to further the development to the point outlined above he desires to arrange a development contract with the Bureau in the sum of \$7500. He stated that with this amount he believes he could perfect the unit as outlined above in a period of five to six months. At that time he would turn over to the Bureau the equivalent of \$7500 worth of units when they go into production. In figuring the cost of the units he would charge a reasonable amount for the costs of manufacturing the units, together with a reasonable profit. He estimates that such cost would approximate between \$400 and \$450 per unit and that the Bureau would receive for its \$7500 between 17 and 20 completed units. Beyond that number the Bureau could contract for additional units at a fixed rate, figured on the cost of production plus a reasonable profit. In addition, if desired, the Bureau could obtain all rights and interest to the equipment for a nominal amount, based on the actual cost of the development to date.

From an investigative standpoint the perfection of this equipment would be a revolutionary investigative aid and technique of tremendous value to this office. It is, therefore, urged that the Bureau give serious consideration to CRONIN's proposal. In view of the fact that CRONIN is withholding financial considerations from others in deference to the Bureau, an expeditious reply is requested.

Classified by 24

Exempt from 6.75, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

DIRECTOR, FBI

Apr il 3, 1952

SAC, WFO

(66-2168)

b6 Per the FBI b7C

1

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT KENNETH H. SCHWIDT, INFORMAN

INFORMANT SECRET.

JUNE

Ubtrasovic Listerling Device

In accord with Bureau request, SA ROBERT H. KURTZWAN interviewed on the evening of April 1, 1952, at which time he stated that the incident involving the simultaneous explosions, which had been brought to his attention, occurred under the following circumstances:

The Palmyra Butane Company in Sarnia, Canada, near Detroit, Lichigan, was almost completely synchronized with a similar explosion of a butane plant in New Jersey, believed within the past year. Subsequent inquiries revealed some Soil pipe had been inserted into the ground near these plants in such a direction as to indicate they may have been used as mortar emplacements. At the same time, at both places, there was a coordinated upheaval or interference with their normal communications systems.

further pointed out that have	
discontinued the use of Motorola walkie-talkie equipment because	
of its range and are now using limited walkie-talkie units for	
plant protection in order that receivers outside the normal plant	
grea will not be able to listen in on conversations between the	
guards. Referral/Con	sult
Of further interest to the Bureau with regard to the RF telephone	1
device, said there was a conf <u>erence on March</u> 26, 1952,	}
at the Department of Justice, attended by of the De-	**
partment, and other interested	
officials, as well as attorney, P. BATEMAN ENNIS.	D
At the conference it was decided that the original Presidential	18.0
directive regarding this device will be rewritten in order that	N.
the item can be discussed on lower levels, it having been decided	
that each meeting or discussion of the item required the permis-	, j
sion of the secretary of that particular agency. Ur. WHEARTY	j
also pointed out to a new law which has been passed	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
that will enable to obtain a reasonable fee for the	. B
device due to the Government controlling its manufacture and use.	Z
Of funther interest to the Bureau logid on April 2	
Of further interest to the Bureau, said on April 2, 1952, he was to confer with officials of with regard to placing	FILE
an order for a number of these devices. He now has two different	- E
models one for hont range which is now compact and can be car-	扫
models, one for short range which is very compact and can be car- ried to poster and another larger one which preliminary tests	Ž
The good and divoller interpretation pressuring vests	PRIGINAL
Towns of the 24 4/37 7 80-260-	OR.
RHK: VIII PORT GDS, Category NOT REGORDED NOT REGORDED 71 APR 15 1952	_
Transport Francisco Franci	

Director
TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT
April 3, 1952



show may operate over a distance as great as 20 or 30 miles. He said he has developed a new coil using a ferrite core which produces a "q" of 280.

Additional information furnished by will be immediately submitted to the Bureau.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Deto of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-24-2011

UNITED STALLS GOVE ce Memo.....um Mr. Tracy STANDARD FORM NO. 6 DATE: Mr. Laughlin. Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman-Director, FBI SAC, San Francisco(100-28825) Miss Gandy wenter 189 Deding SOVIET COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE INVESTIGATIVE TECHNIQUES -MIFE. SONIC This is to advise that former SA EUGENE J. CRONIN was appropriately advised on 4/5/52 by SA PHILIP G. BOWSER, IR. appropriately advised on contained in referenced letter. pursuant to the instructions contained in referenced. RECORDED : 118 PGB:PJ INDEXED-118 APR LT

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	JJ					O V ELET VIVIEE	1 T
B	TO':	Mr. R. T. Har	bo Para	DEM	DATE:	May 7, 1952	
<i>F</i> *	FROM:	I. W. Conrad	المالية	JUNE			Tolson
	SUBJECT:	OULTRASONIC LA	SUBNITUD DE		•		Clegg
	•	OHI WADONIO IN	· OTHER PARTY.	TOES			Nichols
	devel	Reference is led matter unde opment of ultra r Agent Eugene	er date of lassific equip	,-30-52 deal	concerning with	the above the private and by	rracy Marbo Beloont Liohr Tele. Roos Nesse Candy
	further of 4- suggest he be	The Bureau is date of 4-30-5er steps he should be steps attached sting that since formally contarts of	S2 in which ould take in a memo from e Gronin water by an	Cronin make pursuing to the Bureau as a former official of	s inquiry he matter to the D employee the gove	as to what by My memo cepartment of this Bure crnment other	au,
	RECOM	MENDATION					
	a proj Attori such	Subject to aptent dated 5-3 posed reply to ney General, areference and are and the Burea	3-52, there Mr. Cronin d a memorar attaching fo	are attache referring h dum to the r the Depar	d hereto im to the Departmen	for approval Office of t t advising o	he f
	Attach IWC: VI	rh wet	endrin Ness			1	O
Ì	80-76	of officed of	,5.10	KE D-12 RDED-12865	760 -	94	
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Office Memorandum . United States Government

	\sim_{JJ}	OU ITEMOTOR WILLOWITE • UNII	ED STATES GOVERNMENT
13	TO	: MR. A. H. BELMONTI	DATE: May 14, 1952
	FROM	: MR. W. A. BRANIEAN	"JUNE".
	SUBJECT	I: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVELO	Laos
		PURPOSE	Nictols
		To inform you that Criminal Division, Department of the Bureau at 5:35 P.M., May 13, regarding a possible reply to the concerning the patent problem on devices which have been developed and Eugene Cronin.	1952, and inquired Department's inquiry ultrasonic listening
		To inform you that that the matter was under consider would be forthcoming to the Depart	was advised eration and that a reply rtment.
	g.	ACTION	
	ÿ ÿ	It is respectfully sugg brought to the attention of the l handling the Departmental inquiry	BI Laboratory which is
			· No
0	Water Co.	Menio recomme	
	16 d	ANDEN ANDER AND	80-760-95
	·	SECRET	33 MAY/19 1952
	:	LW: ewf Classified by 24 Classified by 24 Crempt from GDS, Sategory 2 Date of Declassification - Inde	75
			William (Cal)

Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. I. W. Conrady

DATE: May 12, 1952

Tele. R

B. J. Murdocki

SUBJECT:

MICROPHONE COVERAGE OVER AC POWER LINES

PROGRESS REPORT

Reference is made to an Executives Conference memo dated 9-11-51 authorizing the Laboratory to spend ten man days of research time on the above named project.

To date, 5 man days have been spent on this project in an effort to determine the feasibility of utilizing a 110 volt, 60 cycle nower line as a medium for the transmission of voice frequencies. By the use of properly adjusted single frequency rejection filters, adjusted for both amplitude and phase balance, both the 60 cycle and the 180 cycle components of the power line voltage were reduced to negligible values, thereby leaving the line free for both the transmission and reception of voice frequencies. It was found, however, that the impedance of the power line with its usual lighting and appliance load was so small at audio frequencies that the amount of power required to develop an audio voltage at a level above the line noise was so large that the physical size of the equipment necessary to develop this power made it prohibitive as far as concealment was concerned.

Further test indicated that as we went up in frequency, into 1 whe supersonic range above 30 kc, that the impedance of the power lline to these frequencies was large enough so that the necessary voltage could be developed at a reasonable power. Of course, this is the carrier current principle and is beyond the scope of this assignment.

RECOMMENDATION

In view of the above, it is recommended that the audio version of this project be abandoned as being impractical as far as the Bureau's needs are concerned. However, it is also recommended that one or two additional man days be spent to determine the feasibility of using these single frequency rejection filters, which have already been constructed, in conjunction with a microphone across a power line, being excited from a remote point by means of one of our radio mic-tel units.

BJM:vrh

MAY 20 1952

Classified by 24 F.... i from GDS

Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum . United States Government

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: April 16, 1952

FROM:

ECRET

SUBJECT:

ÚLTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

JUNE

As you know, the Bureau has been conducting investigation of the Alertronic Protective Corporation of America, et al., which investigation has necessitated inquiry regarding the manufacture and use of ultrasonic listening devices. You will recall that the investigation brought out that the secrecy which had been afforded to the listening devices by the Government has not been adequate.

Referral/Consult

On April 15, 1952

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the instant matter be directed to the attention of the Laboratory; for any action which might be deemed appropriate:

SJP: 1wy

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Date of Declassification Indefinite

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO:	MR. D. M. LADD	DATE: A	pril 22,	1952
FROM :	MR. A. H. BELMONT SEC	RET "JUNE"	•	Tolson
· · ·	ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES		an the EDT	Clegg Clavin Nichols
`		b7C	er the FBI	Tracy
1	PURPOSE			Belmont
, <u>*</u>	. To inform you that th			rral/Consul
L ,	ability of permitting	considering the of Resear	desir- ch Produc	
4,	Incorporated, Danbury, Connection the ultrasonic listening dec	cut, to file for	a patent	h e
24 1	Department has not yet reached	a decision as to	action t	0
· iq	be taken with regard to the x11 developed by Mr. Eugene J. Cron			
,	transmit to the Bureau an analy	isis of the applic	cation of	the
	Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (approved February 1, 1952) and	Public Law 256, a	82nd Congr	rėss,
•	observations regarding the gran	nting of a patent	ap plicat	ion
*	to Schmidt since the Bureau Lab	poratory had at 1	east a co	***
2 -	existing and possibly prior devisioning device.	velopment of the	ultrasoni	C
,	•			
	<u>DETATIS</u>	•	,	
3	At 4:20 P.M., April 2	22. 1952.		
	of the Criminal Division called	l at the Bureau a		that
**	on March 25, 1952, Mr. P. Bateman Ennis, had reque		attorney,	
1		to re-examine		
5	secrecy order with respect to a device with regard to possible		nic lister	
" mil	device or some other adjustment	which would perm	nit	
· [to recover his research costs.		Referral/Co	onsult
1	On that date			\neg
ENCL				
\ \frac{50}{100}	. On March 31, 1952,		conferr	ed ()
. 19	with Mr. J. Patrick Coyne, repr	esentative of the	e Nationa.	1
V . *	Security Council. During the i request and the conference with		pointea or	,,+
ക്ക	NLOUM IN		a d	<i>u o</i>
	Attachments (3) How MOEXED	1854/7		
	80-760 William Islandified by 24	Galesony 2 May 28 195	1)
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The state	In:emf		p.	A PARTIE
NUC IN	191059: www.			AN IAM

that the Department, and Coyne had received notification from the Bureau under date of March 28, 1952, that an ultrasonic listening device had been developed by Mr. Eugene J. nareed to Cronin in California. had hold a further conference with Mr. Coyne after and further explored the possible use of the device had explored the possibility of the Government taking over and patenting the device under the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (Public Law 256, 82nd Congress, approved February 1, Referral/Consult 1952·)。 On April 18, 1952, and informed him that conferred with also stated that had replied to the memorandum of March 28, 1952, regarding Cronin suggesting that the FBI handle the contact with Cronin after "coordinating" with Referral/Consult furnished to the Bureau tickler copies of his memoranda, classified Top Secret, relating to the discussions of March 25, 1952, March 31, 1952, and April 18, 1952 was informed that the Bureau had taken no steps on the basis of suggestion because we had transmitted to the Attorney General the same information which we had transmitted to Admiral Souers, and Mr. Coyne and that under the circumstances we were taking no action until we received word from the Department. stated that there were two things which would have to be considered. First, whether to permit to file for a patent under the Invention Secrecy Act and second, what to tell Cronin. stated both problems were very closely linked together. was informed that before de a detentite accision with regard to the first feet such a patent would have on the Department made possible pate that Glessified by 24 Exempt from the Richard n - Indefinite Date of Declassus. 2 .

SEXRET

Cronin that the Department should take into consideration the interest of the FBI Laboratory in the possible prior development of such a device which would make it desirable for the Government to secure such a patent through the Bureau Laboratory.

Accordingly, stated that the Department would send to the Bureau an analysis of the implications of patent application under the terms of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 and would request the Bureau's observations with regard to patent application in the light of the Bureau Laboratory development of an ultrasonic listening device.

should be told to Cronin would have to be answered after the initial patent problem was solved.

ACTION

It is respectfully suggested that this memorandum be brought to the attention of the Bureau Laboratory in order that they may be getting their facts assembled with regard to the establishment of the Laboratory's development of an ultrasonic listening device prior to the development by others, including Schmidt.

When the Department's analysis of the Invention Secrecy Act and the request for the Bureau's observation is received, it will be appropriately handled on the basis of material supplied by the Bureau Laboratory.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

The File First Assistant, Criminal Division	March 25, 1952 JMM:RPW:dj b6 Per the FBI b7C
On this date at the request of conference was held in my office attended by attended by Bateman Ennis, and myself. Stated that by virtue of the ment which he executed and the President's secrecy respect to his device, he was unable to secure a por to manufacture or sell, and as a result not only but also his counter-device were entirely unproduce ither to have the Government purchase the inventitue lines originally contemplated or that the secret be modified so as to permit him to recover his residerive some return upon the invention.	order with atent upon it y his invention tive. He desired on outright along ecy injunctions

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The File		April 18, 1952
	First Assistant, Criminal Division	JMM: RPW: dj
THE COLUMN THE CITY OF THE PARTY OF THE PART	me briefly concerning this matt	Talua Diani I
an early conference purpose of exploring tion under the Inven interests in the dev	the possibilities of Schmidt's	attorney for the
the President's secr Schmidt to proceed u Act superseded the P order was not affect to advise me when he	resident's order but I told him ed by a merely procedural act.	ification of to permit ht possibly the
up, preferably early	stated that is seriously con	Referral/Consult

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SECURITY STORY STORY

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-18-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

•	\checkmark 、/	b6 Per the FB b7C
The File	SECURITY IMPORTATION	March 31, 1952
	First Assistant, Criminal Divi	.sion JMM:RPW:dj

On this date I conferred with Mr. J. Patrick Counce

request for purchase by the Government of the rights to his

with respect to

NSC Representative on Internal Security;

device or modification of the President's secrecy order to permit of his marketing it to Government agencies. Referral/Consult Examination of the President's order indicated that it was sufficiently broad to permit of exploration within of the possible use of the device. In view of the Bureau's reports as to the possible development of the same device by Cronin in California (which Mr. Coyne says he reported in 1950) and its possible development by Alertronic reported by and in view of the fact that there may soon be a number of others in a position to manufacture and market the same device, it was agreed that I would explore the possibility of the Government's taking over and patenting the device under H. R. 4687 (Public Law 256, 82nd Congress). It was agreed that a further conference would be held as soon as I were in a position to report on our respective assignments.

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L STERMATION

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b6 Per the FBI b7C

MR. D. M. LADD

April 22, 1952

MR. A. H. BELMONT

SECRET

"JUHE"

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

PURPOSE

To inform you that the Department
are considering the desir-
ability of permitting of Research Products,
Incorporated, Danbury, Connecticut, to file for a patent
on the ultrasonic listening device. To point out that the
Department has not yet reached a decision as to action to
be taken with regard to the ultrasonic listeningedevice
developed by Mr. Eugene J. Cronin. The Department will
transmit to the Rureau an analysis of the application of the
transmit to the Bureau an analysis of the application of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (Public Law 256, 82nd Congress,
approved February 1, 1952) and will ask the Bureau for its
observations regarding the granting of a patent application
to since the Bureau Laboratory had at least a co-
existing and possibly prior development of the ultrasonic
listening device.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Referral/Consult
<u>DETAILS</u>

At 4:20 P.H., April 22, 1952,
of the Criminal Division called at the Bureau and Stated that
on March 25, 1952, and his attorney.
Mr. P. Rateman Ennis, had requested
to re-examine the President's
secrecy order with respect to Schmidt's ultrasonic listening
device with regard to possible Government purchase of the
device or some other adjustment which would permit Schmidt
to recover his research costs.
On that date indicated to
that the possibility of Government purchase had recently
been revived
On March 31, 1952, conferred
with Mr. J. Patrick Coyne, representative of the National
Security Council. During the interim between
request and the conference with Coyne, pointed out
SECKE III
Attachments (3)

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Date of Declassification Indefinite

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	that the Department, and Coyne had received notification
•	from the Bureau under acte of March 28. 1952, that an ultra-
	source restenting device <u>nad been developed his line Frigene .Tr</u>
	Growin in California.
	hold a further conference with Mr. Counc after had-
	Jurther employed the possible use of the device and
	GITER had explored the possibility of the Government
	Taking over and patenting the device under the Thuention Regress
	ACC OF 1991 (PUDITO LAW 250. 82nd, Congress. annioved Tehriari 7.
	1952). Referral/Consult
	On April 18, 1952,
ı	conformed with and informed him. hand
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	furnished to the Bureau tickler copies
	Of his memoranda classified Top Secret, relating to the
	discussions of March 25, 1952, March 31, 1952, and April 18, 1952
	was informed that the Bureau had taken no
	suppose on the basis of suggestion because me had transmitted
	to the Attorney General the same information which we had
	Admiral Sougray and Va. Comparent that in days
	vite Circumstances we were taking no action until me medation
	word from the Department.
	stated that there were two things which
	WVWAU NUUG GO DE CONSIDERADO . Filmat ubakhaw da Zamwill
	Jule Julia patent under the Invention Secreoy Act and second.
	- INDEED TO THE PROPERTY OF TH
	YAVOVAR AVURUU TOURTERT. Inno Info Info Alambitation
	one Department made a definite decision with regard to
,	possible patent and the recent would have on
	SLUKET.
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Gronin that the Department should take into consideration the interest of the FBI Laboratory in the possible prior development of such a device which would make it desirable for the Government to secure such a patent through the Bureau Laboratory.

Accordingly stated that the Department would send to the Bureau an analysis of the implications of patent application under the terms of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 and would request the Bureau's observations with regard to patent application in the light of the Bureau Laboratory Revelopment of an ultrasonic listening device.

should be told to Growth would have to be answered after the initial patent problem was solved.

ACTION

It is respectfully suggested that this memorandum be brought to the attention of the Bureau Laboratory in order that they may be getting their facts assembled with regard to the establishment of the Laboratory's development of an ultrasonic listening device prior to the development by others, including Sohmidt.

When the Department's analysis of the Invention Secrecy Act and the request for the Bureau's observation to received, it will be appropriately handled on the basis of material supplied by the Bureau Laboratory.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declaration Indefinite

fice Memorandum • United States Government

: The Director DATE: May 12, 1952 FROM : The Executives Conference SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE On May 9, 1952, the Executives Conference, consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Ladd, Gearty, Mason, Winterrowd, Belmont, Mohr, Glavin, McGuire and Parsons, considered means of protecting the security of the ultrasonic listening device. In July, 1950, one a commercial elect tronics manufacturer, demonstrated a device which imposes an ultrasonic or radio frequency on the telephone line which caused the telephone to serve as a microphone and pick up conversation in by the subject's room. The Bureau Laboratory also developed such a device. As a result of Schmidt's efforts to sell his device to Government agencies, a Presidential Directive was issued in August, 1950, classifying this subject matter as top secret and restricting the purchase and use of such equipment in Government agencies. Schmidt has requested the Department of Justice to reconsider the Presidential Directive in order that he can manufacture these devices for sale to the Government or otherwise recover his development costs. memorandum from the Department, the Bureau has been advised I request has been considered along with the fact that a similar device has now been developed by Eugene Cronin, a former Bureau Agent now privately engaged in California. The Department, has advised that since the Presidential Directive while effective within the Government, does not protect against any private individuals who might develop and offer such equipment for sale, the Department has decided that a patent should be sought under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951. The Conference feels that a patent should be sought and that this patent should be sought in the name of the Bureau. The research which led to this development in the Bureau Laboratory was suggested by memorandum dated September 6, 1945, and there is also in the files a memorandum, dated April 24, 1947, which attaches a wiring diagram of a unit which, although it operated under limited conditions satisfactorily demonstrated the principle. We do not feel that can show prior demonstration of the principle, although at the time of his demonstration in 1950 his units would operate more satisfactorily than the Bureau's DJP: kmb

SECRET

The Bureau is in receipt of a letter from former Agent Cronin requesting information as to what action he should take in order to recover his development costs. The Conference considered that even though the Presidential Directive restricts information on these devices to appropriate Government employees, the Directive is not effective for persons outside of the Government and that in view of the fact that Cronin is a former Bureau employee, that a Bureau representative contact Cronin and advise him of the prior development, both in and out of the Government, and the fact that the purchase and use are restricted.

The Conference unanimously recommends:

- (1) That SAC Abbaticchio of San Francisco personally advise Uronin concerning the prior development and restrictions on the device.
- (2) That the Department's memorandum be answered, advising them that the Bureau does not object to a patent being sought but that in view of what we consider to be prior initiation and development of the idea within the FBI, that a conference be arranged by the Department with and representatives of the FBI to consider the claims of and whether the patent should not be properly sought in the name of the FBI.

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

SECRET

Exemple from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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S GOVERNMENT

	0.5 :	The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: April 22, 19	542217
P	ROM .	James M. McInerney, Assistant Attorney General, JMM:RPW:dj	W. W.
.s .s	UBJECT:	Criminal Division Ultrasonic Listening Devices	المريد المستعمرين
		The state of the s	A STATE OF THE STA
		This memorandum will confirm a conversation	10
		of this Division had with of the Bureau on this date in which certain developments in the matter of the Research	
to		Products Corporation and were informally discussed. At that time delivered to carbon	
3		copies of file memoranda with respect to conferences of March 25	
ン) へ		and 31 and April 18, 1952; regarding the matter.	
4, 4		In view of previous cooperation with the	
32	y	Government and his present position in the matter, as outlined in the memorandum of March 25, 1952, and in view of the actual or	
कि <u>त</u>		probable development of equivalent or similar devices by Eugene J. Cronin, as reflected in the Bureau's memorandum of March 28, 1952,	
200 F	. 1	entitled as above, and the Alertronic Protective Corporation of	
27.0	i.	America and possibly others, measures were considered which at the same time might afford possible protection to and pro-	
22 6) 1	vide a basis for restricting the availability of such devices for	ਲ
めてる	, 1	unauthorized use. To that end a memorandum was transmitted to the Claims Division under date of April 4, 1952, and its assistance	} :
ent de 1304	r K	informally requested in exploring the legal aspects of the matter.	APR
ume 600	=	In response, there was received a memorandum also dated April 4, 1952, prepared by Chief of the Patent Section	
Document doungraded per 60354 ue Bruo/D	;	of that Division. Copies of these memoranda are enclosed.	TARE ROCE
DZI	2	As indicated by the latter memorandum, the initiation of	PROCESSING
		proceedings by under the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (Public 256, 82nd Congress, approved February 1, 1952) appears to	TAN Z
	, ,	be a condition precedent to the exercise of any control or protec-	Upsc.
		tion whatever in this matter and, unless some sound reason for not doing so exists, it is contemplated that a conference will be	(
	· 1.	arranged for and his patent counsel at which such	
/ EN	CLARIE.	procedure will be suggested. Before doing so, however, inasmuch as it is understood the Bureau's Laboratory has also made substantial	
	P 1	progress toward the development of a like device, I should appreciate receiving your comments.	¢e₊
ξ.	1	38 10D	
. '		Enclosures: NOEver 80-760-	
د درده ۱۹۰۵	osi dene	Enclosures. NDEXED - 38 MAY 76 1952;	
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MEMORANDUM

b6 Per the FBI b7C

In the early part of 1951 one "X" perfected an ultrasonic device and brought it to the Government's attention. This device was regarded as so highly important that the President issued a directive classifying it as top secret and directing that its procurement for United States Government domestic and foreign use be permitted only upon the respective approvals of the Attorney General
"X" voluntarily executed a
secrecy agreement, co-signed by the Attorney General Referral/Consult
At the time of disclosure of the device to it the Government considered
purchasing all rights in it but, for reasons which need not be here
stated, took no final action in that regard. As a practical result of
the foregoing, the device has never been patented, the inventor is not
protected even to the extent of having filed a patent application or
having proceeded under Har. 256 or its predecessor statute, and by
reason of the secrecy agreement executed is powerless to manufacture
the device or even sell the idea except to and at the pleasure of the
United States Government.
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·
Mark I Mark Committee Comm

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Recently "X" reported he had been informed that the same or a very similar device possibly was under manufacture by a New York company.

New York company had "locked" the information to the latter.

Presidential classification imposed on the device. Investigation by the FBI indicates that at least some of the persons in control of the New York company have Communist or Soviet connections.

More recently the FBI reported that a similar device had been perfected by an ex-FBI agent now operating his own research and development laboratory in California. If necessary, it is believed that this individual can be persuaded to enter into the same sort of secrecy arrangement to which "X" agreed.

It is apparent that it may not be long before others as well, skilled in the electronic field, may ome upon the same idea and be prepared to manufacture the same or an equivalent device. The nature of the device is such, of course, it would be highly undesirable to have it available for private procurement. Accordingly,

Referral/Consult



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Department have revived and are again exploring the question of the Government's buying out "X's" invention. On the other hand "X" will be satisfied to go along as at present without manufacturing his device provided he has some patent protection.

As a result of conformers with representatives of the National Security Council on this matter, this Department has undertaken to advise with respect to certain legal aspects of the matter. In substance it is desired to know what protection may be afforded the Government against others than "X" who have discovered or may hereafter discover the principle or device, that is, to what extent the Government can prevent or regulate (a) disclosure of the invention and (b) manufacture of the device, in the alternative situations in which (1) the Government purchases "Xis" present interests and (2) "X" successfully proceeds under the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951, Public 256, approved February 1, 1952. In addition to the national security value involved, the cost of acquiring this invention will be substantial and in the circumstances it is, of course, desired to ascertain and evaluate the extent to which civil remedies, in addition to applicable criminal statutes, may be available to the Government in the several eventualities involved. Referral/Consult have requested that and indicated that The NSC reasonable dispatch in this matter is desirable and in the circumstances the Department has been requested to expedite as much as possible the submission of its views.



DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE-DATE 01-24-2011

or :		Criminal Division	April 4, 1957 _{b6}
FROM:	Chief	, Patent Section, claims D	
SUBJECT:	Your memorandum dated A	pril 4, 1952 SEC	RET

In paragraph 1 of your memorandum of April 4 it is stated that the device referred to has not been patented and the inventor is not protected even to the extent of having filed a patent application. The failure to have filed a patent application is unfortunate in view of the facts stated in the later paragraphs, indicating that other persons have developed it independently and are using it. [Taking into consideration all possible contingencies, it would appear to be desirable to have Mr. X now file a patent application covering his device to pre-empt the patenting and publication of the same by later inventors and to apprise the Patent Office that the device has been classified so that other applications relating to similar devices may also be classified and the applicants and the attorneys who filed the applications may be given notice of the classification so as to make the Espionage Act clearly applicable to these persons.

One person may make an invention and agree to keep it secret or be ordered (under the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951, Public 256, approved February 1, 1952) to keep it secret provided he has filed a patent application. If a patent application has not been filed an order of secrecy cannot be entered by the Patent Office and there is grave question as to whether a later inventor of a secret device is subject to criminal prosecution until he has been notified that the thing he has invented affects the armament or defense of the United States. When a person not conversant with all of the technical problems affecting the armament and defense of the United States' makes an invention or makes an article for sale that might be demanded by the public he may perchance enter a field that vitally affects the national security: In these cases he should be advised of the secrecy aspects and ordered to maintain the device secret under the penalties of the Espionage Act. | Where he files an application for patent in the Patent Office it is a simple matter to place him under such an order. Where he has not filed an application in the Patent Office he can learn of the need to keep the matter secret only by being informed by the proper authorities.

Answering specifically the questions propounded in the penultimate paragraph of your memorandum, no mechanism is known that would afford the Government protection against others than X who have discovered or may hereafter discover the principle or device other than actual notice to them that they are working on devices in a field that affects the armament and defense of the United States. If an inventor files a patent application he can be informed under the provisions of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951. If he has not filed an application, it is believed that notice must be given to him directly When this notice is given he can be advised that

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discosure of the invention in any manner by any means (such as by word of mouth, by publication, or by manufacture and sale of the device) affects the armament and defense of the United States and if he violates the injunction to secrecy he will be subject to prosecution. Where the person known to have knowledge of a secret device has communist connections an injunction to secrecy might be of little value. Certain cases might require incarceration probably on the basis that the person had surreptitiously obtained secret information.

In the event that X's invention is acquired for the Government by purchase and a patent application has already been filed or is subsequently filed, the Government could restrain the use of the invention under the patent laws after a patent has issued. This civil remedy, however, would be of no benefit whatever in maintaining secrecy because the issuance of a patent is a publication of the invention. After publication the Government would be powerless under the patent laws or any other law to prevent other governments from using it particularly in their own realms. It therefore appears that the applicable criminal statutes afford the only real hope for maintaining the device in secrecy whether the Government buys X's invention or not.

Your memorandum of April 4 is returned herewith.

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Example from GDS Category

Date of Declassification - Indefined

, E"

ray Lister Tar Constant Attorney General	_
TIT MO LONITA I TOMPHITHA NATURAL	_
RECORDED - 38 Reference is made to your memorandum on April 22, 1952, relative to the above-entitled matter transmitting a copy of Department memorandum to the Claims Division under date of April 4, 1952, and a copy of the reply thereto of the same date.	,
It is noted that you advised that the initiation of proceedings by under the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (Public 256, 82ng Congress, approved Pebruary 1, 1952) appears to be a condition procedent to the exercise of any control or protection whatever in this matter and that unless some sound reason for not doing so exists, it is contemplated that a conference will be stranged for and his patent counsel at which such procedure will be suggested.	Э
As a matter of policy, this Bureau for security reasons has not in the past filed patent applications on devices of a highly confidential nature; however, since it appears that the issue is being directly raised by the development of and since it is felt that there is reasonable probability that the FBI reduced to actual practice the basic idea involved in the present device prior to development by any private inventor, it is considered that a patent application should be filed by representatives of this Bureau in behalf of the government.	
Since technicians of this Bureau's Laboratory have not knowledge of the design or construction of development, the question of whether he or any other current private inventor has patentable material over and above the FBI development can only be determined by the appropriate patent jurisdiction, in the event such private inventors likewise elect to file.	h
In view of the above observations, it is suggested that and joint conference between representatives of the Department, representatives of send representatives of this Bureau prior to further action might be of assistance in reaching a conclusion as to the best companies of pursue in the immediate future.	
With regard to the dovolopment of similar equipment by Mr. 102 Eugene Cronin, it is noted that Cronin was an employee of this or the Bureau's Laboratory during the United stages of the Laboratory work	
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m 7/0/2010	

Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney

May 17, 1952

SECURITY INFORMATION - THE SECTION

it is contemplated that an official of this Bureau will formally ecquaint Mr. Cronin with the fact that his development has been proceeded in more than one instance; and that as a result of carlier work of others than himself, a Presidential Directive has been issued classifying the entire subject matter as top secret and restricting the sale and use of such equipment. It is felt that under the circumstances Cronin will probably drop the matter, under the circumstances Cronin will probably drop the matter. However, in the event he elects to press the matter, he will be solved of any recourse open to him under the Invention Secrecy act of 1951 for adjudication of his claims.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Section 2

Standard form no. 64

Office Merry widum . United Laies Government

TO : Mr. R. T. Harbo

DATE: April 30, 1952

FROM :

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

SUBJECT:

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

I REFERENCES

Reference is made to memorandum to the Director from Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney dated April 22, 1952, memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd dated April 22, 1952, and memorandum from Mr. Keay to Mr. Belmont dated April 16, 1952, relative to the above entitled matter with specific attention to the possibility of securing a government owned patent on the device in question for the protection of the government's interests.

II BACKGROUND

You will recall that in addition to FBI Laboratory development of an ultrasonic listening device (activation of telephone instrument as a microphone by use of radio wave), [of Danbury, Connecticut, and more recently former Agent Eugene Cronin and others have worked on similar devices. It always has been the Laboratory's policy in the past, where items of a highly confidential nature are involved, not to file patent applications but to depend upon restricted distribution of knowledge for the necessary security. However, as a result of _____ activities in promoting his development, a Presidential Directive was issued classifying the subject matter as top secret; more recently, has approached the Department of Justice to ascertain formally the steps he can take toward patenting his development or otherwise recovering financially since the government has officially made his development a classified matter, thereby depriving him of normal sale, etc. A somewhat similar problem can arise with regard to Cronin's activites. The patent issue is up for reconsideration.

III BASIC ISSUE

The basic issue involved is how to protect the government's interests in this device both from a security and from a financial standpoint.

IV DEPARTMENT RULINGS

In an attachment to Assistant Attorney General McInerney's Memorandum, the Claims Division of the Department has advised under date of April 4, 1952, as follows:

Still bind to be desirable to have Mr. X now file Classified by Category 1 www 18 km.

Attachment GDS, Category 2 MW Dol

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MAY 28 1952

P. P. T.LLES

patent application covering his device to pre-empt the patenting and publication of the same by later inventors and to apprise the Patent Office that the device has been classified so that other applications relating to similar devices may also be classified and the applicants and the attorneys who filed the applications may be given notice of the classification so as to make the Espionage Act clearly applicable to these persons.

". . . no mechanism is known that would afford the Government protection against others who have discovered or may hereafter discover the principle or device other than actual notice to them that they are working on devices in a field that affects the armament and defense of the United States. If an inventor files a patent application he can be informed under the provisions of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951. If he has not filed an application, it is believed that notice must be given to him directly.

"It therefore appears that the applicable criminal statutes afford the only real hope for maintaining the device in secrecy whether the Government buys X's invention or not."

V EVALUATION

A. Advantages of government patent

Accordingly, it appears that a government owned patent, either by FBI Laboratory application or by purchase from outside inventors would serve the following 2 useful purposes:

a. Financially, it would prevent later claims for damages against the government for development by subsequent inventors of the same device.

Security wise, it would serve automatically to notify the Patent Office, and therefore all subsequent patent applicants, concerning the classified nature of these devices, thus making the subsequent applicants subject to penalties of the Espionage Act. Such a patent would not be published but would be a matter of official record.

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Lategory 2

Exempt from GDS, Lategory 2



Memorandum to Mr. Harbo

April 30, 1952

B. Disadvantages to seeking patent

- a. It is considered highly undesirable to give knowledge of this device the additional distribution which would undoubtedly result from such patent application and possible subsequent litigation.
- If a patent is sought, in the interest of economy to the government, the FBI Laboratory should file an application. Although it is considered reason ably certain that the Laboratory preceded in conception of the basic idea involved, determination of actual 1 priority of invention, of course, is based upon a highly complex patent law structure and we have no way definitely to establish this point in the absence of information concerning the time schedule of development. Accordingly, it is entirely possible that a natent interference case between the Bureau I will result, and indeed, since we for obvious reasons have avoided seeking detailed knowledge of the radio circuits and construction employed by it is considered entirely possible that he may have patentable material. (Possibility of patent interference, with further distribution of knowledge of the device, possibly could be avoided by a private understanding with involving a financial settlement of any claims which he currently feels entitled to. In the absence of patentability by an appropriate jurisdiction, such an agreement could be justified only on the grounds of security.)

VI COLLATERAL QUESTIONS

As collateral, unanswered questions bearing on the matter, it is questioned whether, under the existing Presidential Directive, either the government or any private inventor may file an application for patent without violation of the security restrictions. Secondly, if such an application may not be filed, is any other recourse open to the private inventor to recover financially? Even if the answer to the last question is "No," it is questioned whether the U.S. government would be place itself in the position of so restricting in the presidential Directive.

RECOMMENDATION

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

- 3 -

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo



April 30, 1952

Had the issue of private invention not arisen I should strongly oppose any patent application; however, inasmuch as is now seeking official information as to how he can recover financially in view of the security restrictions placed on his development, and since undoubtedly other subsequent inventors may follow the same course, it appears inevitable that someone will file a patent application and that the government will place it under secrecy handling and subsequently either buy the patent or seek a license to use the device. Unless the government does acquire the patent, the government will be liable for damages because of secrecy restrictions placed on the patent. Accordingly, it is recommended that the Laboratory file a patent application as the least of several evils. A summary memorandum to Mr. Tolsen for your signature and a proposed memorandum to the Department are attached for approval

Classified by 21 To Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

May 20, 1952

"JUNE"

Mr. Eugene J. Cronin Duolab Technical Research and Development 2661 Spring Street RECORDED - 49 Redwood City, California Dear Mr. Cronin:

> Reference is made to your letter of April 30, 1952, relative to certain technical equipment demonstrated by you to representatives of this Bureau.

In response to your inquiry for further information concerning the matter in question, please be advised that Special Agent in Charge R. J. Abbaticchio of our San Francisco Office will personally call on you within the very near future. Will

Your interest in poblising this Bureau of your development work is appreciated.

BET TO BETWONL

J. Edgar Hoover

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director 30iTett 1 San Francisco (with copy of incoming) RECEPTED IN HOOM BOLLSON 40 IWG: kmb 80105810 : 03VI WAILED II

MAY 22 1952

TECHNICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

2661 SPRING STREET REDWOOD CITY, CALIFORNIA

April 30, 1952

. SULLE LISTENIL & DEVICE

"JUNE"

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation 9th and Pennsylvania Ave.. N.W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover.

About six weeks ago I demonstrated a piece of technical equipment to Agents Philip Bowser Jr. and William Cohendet of your San Francisco Office for the purpose of bringing to your attention, through responsible parties, the possibilities inherent in this development.

Some four weeks ago Agent Bowser informed me that the Bureau had advised that the equipment in question was highly classified and that the Bureau could not act on it. He also advised that no attempt should be contemplated to make the unit commercially available to any other agency until I was contacted by a Government representative.

To date no such contact has been made. I know that you can appreciate my anxiety as I have a sizable investment at stake in this development. Would it be possible for you to advise me of the person in charge of this matter so that I might initiate the contact?

Thank you very much.

With kind personal regards,

SAC. San Francisco

Hay 20, 1952

Director, FBI

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL - JUNE

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

Confirming information furnished you by Mr. D. J. Parsons during your recent conference at the Bureau, it is desired that you personally contact Ur. Cronin in regard to the technical equipment developed by him and demonstrated by him to the representatives of your office as reflected in San Francisco letter of March 13, 1952. For your information, the Bureau replied to your March 13, 1952, communication under date of March 25, 1952, instructing that it be suggested to Cronin that he not contact anyone else relative to the device until after he had been formally contacted by an appropriate official of the V. S. Government. The Bureau now has determined that such formal notification should be carried out by you.

Accordingly, it is desired that you officially advise Cronin on behalf of the U. S. Government:

- That equipment which will perform the functions of his development, namely, the activation of a telephone instrument as a microphone through the use of ultrasonic or radio frequency energy; previously has been developed and reduced to actual practice both by the FBI Laboratory and by a private inventor in the East.
- That as a result of such prior development, and more specifically as a result of the Eastern private inventor's efforts to sell his device to the Government, it became necessary for security reasons during the Summer of 1950 for the Government to classify this equipment and closely related subject matter as TOP SECRET and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Gavernment.
- That as a matter of policy, the Bureau for security reasons has not in the past filed patent applications on devices of a highly confidential nature; however; as a result of the issue raised by the private development of similar equipment both wh the East and by Un. Granto, it is now planned that the Bureau will file application for Letters Patent on this deviagous behalf of the dovernment, under the Inventions Secrety Lat of 1951, whereby submodulent applications may be given appropriate security safeguards. ROTO BAPT

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- 4. That in view of the prior development and reduction to practice of such equipment by others than Gronin, there appears to be no basis for further negotiation with Ur. Gronin for the purchase and use of his development by the Government.
- 5. That the formal notification of Cronin by you constitutes official notification of the TOP SECRET classification status of this subject and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means (such as by word of mouth, by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device) affects the armament and defense of the United States, and that violation of the injunction to secrecy is subject to prosecution. (For the SAC's personal information, the Department of Justice has officially advised that such admonition is essential in legally maintaining the secrecy status.)
- 6. That Cronin should immediately advise you of any persons working for him or who otherwise may have gained knowledge of the device as a result of Cronin's work, in order that you similarly may formally advise such additional individuals of the TOP SECRET security classification and the detailed admonition set forth in paragraph 5 above.

For your further information, it is noted that Cronin was an employee of the Bureau's Laboratory during the initial stages of the Laboratory's work on this problem, and undoubtedly was aware of the Bureau's development work at that time. It is, therefore, considered practically certain that Gronin's conception of the basic principle involved in the device resulted directly from his work in the Bureau. Accordingly, it is considered probable that Cronin will not press the matter further; however, if he indicates an intention to pursue the matter further, or to appeal the decision concerning negotiations for purchase and use of his device, it should be pointed out to him that the Bureou is aware of the full opportunity which he had as a result of his prior Bureau employment to become acquainted with the basic principle of using radio frequency energy to activate a telephone instrument, and that while, for obvious security reasons, the Bureau is most reluctant to see the entire matter given any greater dissemination which may result from patent interference litigation, nevertheless Cronin does have, of course, the fundamental right to file an application for Letters Patent with the United States Patent Office. In the event he does elect to file such an application, it will be processed and Cronin's claims adjudicated in relation to claims of prior development under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951.

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As pointed out in Bulet of March 25, 1952, you should see to it that this subject matter is not given further dissemination or made the subject of further discussion among, your own personnel. The field generally has not been made aware of this equipment.

Cronin should be thanked for his cooperative interest in bringing his development to the Bureau's attention initially, and he should be encouraged to call to the Bureau's attention any other ideas or developments which he feels may be of assistance to the Bureau.

Cronin left the Bureau's service as a Special Agent under date of April 25, 1947, in good standing. Since leaving the Bureau, he uniformly has demonstrated a friendly and cooperative attitude toward the Bureau; accordingly, it is desired that the above interview be conducted in such a manner that it will not antagonize Mr. Cronin, but rather will seek to maintain the existing friendly and cooperative relationship.

For the completion of your file, there is attached hereto a copy of Gronin's letter of April 30, 1952, together with the Bureau's reply thereto:

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Catogory 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Memorandum. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

: Mr. Harbo-DATE: June 11, 1952 FROM : Mr. Conrac Ni cho RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TELEPHONE DEVICE ultrA SoNie Listering DEVICE You will recall that the Director has approved seeking a patent on the above device in the name of the Bureau, based on the research and development work performed in the Laboratory. The Bureau's records show that the idea for using radio frequency energy for the purpose of energizing a telephone as a listening device originated with Agent J. J. Hill while assigned to the Laboratory, as reflected in a memorandum addressed to Hill's signature under date of September 6, 1945. Patent Section of the Department of Justice has advised that Mr. Hill's signature will be necessary on the completed patent application and the Department is preparing this application to be ready by June 18, the date of a conference to be held between representatives of the Department and a private inventor. Chief of the Department Accordingly, Patent Section has requested that Mr. Hill be available for a few days for consultation in connection with preparation of the patent and also to sign the completed application. Time will not permit sending the completed material to Kansas City for signature and return.

RECOMMENDATION:

Accordingly, it is requested that Agent Hill be instructed to report to the Bureau at 9 AM June 16, for an assignment of approximately three days duration. His services will be utilized in the Laboratory when he is not occupied with the patent application. A proposed wire is attached.

ADDENDUM:

It is contemplated that in addition to Agent Hill, Agent B. L. Sutton currently assigned to the Laboratory will be required to sign the patent papers, since Mr. Sutton constructed the first working model of the equipment.

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Classified by 247 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassifications

Attachment

7-JUN 30 1952



In Reply, Please Refer to

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

San Francisco 2, California June 12, 1952

PERSONAL AND COMPTENTIANT HOUSE

Tele. Room. ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Gandy____

Mr. Tolson...

Mr. Ladd ... Mr. Nichols.

Mr. Belmont.

Mr. Tracy.... Mr. Laughlin. Mr. Mohr.

Mr. Clegg. Mr. Glavin.

Dear Sir:

Director, FBI

Rebulet May 20, 1952.

On June 6, 1952, I telephonically contacted former Special Agent CRONIN and interviewed him at the field office in view of his stated preference to proceed here for that purpose.

I went over in detail with him the six points listed in Bulet, making it entirely clear to him that he was being officially informed of these matters by me on behalf of the U. S. Government. His attitude was quite good although he did ask for the citation of the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951 in that he stated he wondered if it was constitutional in its immediate effect of putting him out of business after he has expended approximately one year's time without salary and in addition the sum of-\$15,000 cash of his own money in the development of this device.

I pointed out to him that at the time the Bureau began its development of this device he had been a Bureau Laboratory employee. He stated, however, that he believed the Bureau began its work on this problem only after he had submitted a memorandum in approximately 1942 making the suggestion that it begin such research. He further stated that he felt quite sure the Bureau had not perfected this device by the spring of 1950, for at that time, in what he recalls as approximately May, he had attended a meeting at the Pentagon in Washington at which a private individual, quite possibly the Eastern inventor referred to by the Bureau in instant letter, had demonstrated to a few high Government officials an invention of this type, whereupon Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson was so impressed with its possibilities that he immediately purchased the first such instrument. CRONIN stated that the Bureau was not represented at that meeting, which gave rise to his belief that the Bureau did not have this device at that time.

I pointed out to CRONIN that the Bureau is aware of the opportunity which he had resulting from his Bureau employment to learn of the basic principle of using radio frequency energy to activate a telephone instrument

REGISTERED RJA:mk 66-1851

Director, FBI
Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

SECRET

6-12-52

whereupon he said that while he did know that the Bureau was apparently doing some work on this in 1947 just prior to the time he resigned, he felt quite sure the Bureau did not at that time have the answer to the problem.

I then informed him that for obvious security reasons the Bureau is reluctant to see this matter given any greater dissemination, although he, CRONIN, does, of course, possess the right to apply for a patent in which event the matter would, of course, be processed and his claims properly adjudicated in relation to claims of prior development under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951. CRONIN stated that he has consistently refrained from attempting to patent this device in view of his realization that its principal value lies in its secrecy and that were a patent applied for the element of secrecy would, of course, be dispelled. Further, he stated he has not contacted other Government agencies due to his feeling that the Bureau should be the only agency with access to his application of this principle.

CRONIN stated that the only persons having any knowledge of the device upon which he has been working are the following:

Dr. HANS BARTH, his partner in the whole undertaking of Duolab, his company which he has been forced to dissolve approximately one month ago due to lack-of funds to continue. Dr. BARTH, he stated, is presently doing some electronic work for the "EE" Enterprise, a company at 417 MacArthur Avenue, Redwood City, telephone Emerson 6-2574, and who lives at 1241 Clinton Street, Redwood City, home telephone Emerson 6-4161.

	in
	neawood City, in which Duolab, CRONIN's company, had its shop.
	He stated that worked in the same shop and had some
•	knowledge of what he and BARTH were doing and knew its purpose but had no knowledge of the circuits or techniques involved.
	Further CRONIN stated his at
	telephone Davenport 3-3/23, was acquainted to a
	limited extent with what he was trying to produce although
	she has no knowledge of any of the mechanics or techniques involved.
_	CRONIN stated that for the past month he has been employed at
the E	itel-McCullough Company in San Bruno, California, a transmitting tube
manuf	acturing
1	All house have been seen as a supplied to the seen to be the seen
	Although he appeared onite discouraged over the fact that he has

Although he appeared on the discouraged over the fact that he has expended so magnified and months on this particular device upon which he is Exempt from GDS Category 2

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Director, FBI Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

now blocked from realizing any real return, CRONIN appeared to accept the matter philosophically and it appears rather doubtful that he will actually attempt to apply for a patent upon it. He stated, however, that he and his partner are presently doing considerable work on three devices that he would like to present for the Bureau's consideration in the hope that he might receive some type of financing from the Bureau or the Government to enable him to finally perfect them. He stated that these devices are a small "throw-away" microphone that is rugged and can be made quite powerful; secondly, a walkie-talkie radio no larger than a pocket watch which has been proved quite successful in experiments; and thirdly, a ray device by means of which one can look through a wall or door. I told him I would attempt to obtain a copy of the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951 for him and would also broach the subject of these three new devices upon which he is working to the Bureau.

CRONIN also stated that since perfecting the principal device in question he has been much concerned over whether the Director's telephone is properly safeguarded from the use of such a device. He stated he hoped the Bureau is taking countermeasures in that it would be very simple for one to be attached to the Director's line which would enable the overhearing of everything going on on the Director's telephone and at his desk. This man appeared to be entirely sincere in his concern for the Bureau's welfare.

ŧ		Pur	suant	to my	tele	phoni	c conv	ersation	with	Mr.	D.	J.	PARSON	S
on	June	9th,	Specia	l Agen	t L.	" R. W	ERER.	a th <u>orou</u>	ghly-	como	eter	at i	agent.	was
				Dr. E										1
con	cerni	ing wh	ich co	ntacts	he	has d	ictate	d the ro	LLOYLL	īg:				

On the afternoon of June 10, 1952, the following individuals were formally notified of the top secret classification status of this subject matter and the fact that any disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means such as by word of mouth, by publication, or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the defense and armament of the United States and violation of this injunction to secrecy is subject to prosecution.

Dr. HANS (nmi) BARTH was contacted at his present place of employment, the "EE" Enterprise, at 417 MacArthur Avenue, Redwood City, at approximately 3:45 p.m. Dr. BARTH indicated that he is Mr. CRONIN's partner and as such, of course, had full knowledge of instant instrument. For purposes of identification, Dr. BARTH was born on November 13, 1901, at Munich, Germany, is single and was the subject of Bufile 105-11828; as "HANS BARTH; Internal Security - GE and By par Bulet June 14, 1951, and mylet July 27,

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indestructor

- 3 -

Director, FBI
Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

1951 (SF file 105-1172). He was previously investigated by the San Francisco Office as "HANS BARTH; Special Inquiry - Department of Justice, German Scientist under the Protective Custody and Control of the Joint Intelligence Objectives Agency," in which a report was submitted by SA FRANK P. POLINER, San Francisco, dated February 28, 1950, pursuant to Bulet January 20, 1950.
Wood Electronics Company,
Quartz Crystals - Electronics, 2661 Spring Street, Redwood City, California,
was contacted at approximately 4:05 p.m. at his place of business. He
resides at Redwood City. California, telephone Emerson
6-5012. Redwood City
at which noint Duolah. Mr. CRONIN's company, had its shop. Although
CRONIN and Dr. BARTH, he related that he had
some general knowledge of what they were working on and its purpose but
had no technical knowledge of the subject matter.
At approximately 4:40 p.m., was interviewed at her home at Menlo Park. California. She indicated that she had a very limited knowledge of what Dr. BARTH were working on but that she had no knowledge whatsoever of any of the techniques or mechanics pertaining to the device.
These three people stated they have not imparted knowledge of this invention to anyone else.

Very truly yours,

SAC

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

P to of Declassification - Indefinite

SAC, San Francisco

PERSONAL ATTENTION

June 12, 1952

Director, FBI

Oultrasonic listening devices

ReBulet May 20, 1952.

Pursuant to your request there is attached hereto a copy of Public Law 256 known as the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951.

Attachment

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	то	: R. T. Harbo DATE: June 18, 1952
1/1	, 1 .	: R. T. Harbo VIV DATE: June 18, 1952
1/2	FROM	: I. V. Conrad
10		JUNE
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		MICROPHONE - TELEPHONE
		P. 6:10 00 700 0
		TILLEN SONIC LISTCHING DUVICE ROOM
		Harbo
		By memorandum dated lay 5, 1951, I pointed out
		that SA Robert Kurtzman of the Washington Field Office
	4	had advised that intended to file a national analysis of the control of the contr
	*	patent application for a countermeasure device for the stated purpose of rendering telephones immune against
	11	modification for microphone purposes. I further pointed
	·	out that the so-called Mercury" switch proposed by
		modification for microphore purposes. I further pointed out that the so-called <u>Mercury</u> switch proposed by would accomplish exactly the same type of function as the
		Laboratory had been using for a countermeasure for several
	18	months, except that the Laboratory applied the switching
		function as a part of the regular telephone switch and not
	¥	as a special item.
	1	Among other recommendations at that time T
	Į.	Among other recommendations, at that time I recommended the Bureau consider taking necessary steps to
	,	insure that if the patent were applied for, the application
		would be placed in a secrecy category as provided for by law
		which would prevent publication of the patent for as long as
		the secrecy status were applied. By memorandum of May 8,
		1951, the Executives Conference opposed this recommendation
		but suggested that the matter be called to the attention of
		Pat Coyne of the National Security Council for such action
		as the National Security Council deemed appropriate. The
		Director approved such reference.
	4	Ttris now desired to call attention to the fact
		that did in fact file a patent application under
	•	date of May 3, 1951, application serial No. under the
		title Telephone Protective Switch." A review of the appli-
		cation in question indicates that it would be most undesirable
		for the patent to be processed and published at this time.
		For example, the patent application states:
	i.	"The purpose of this invention is to forestall
		the use of a telephone as a means for listening in
	5	or recording conversations in a room or location in
		which the telephone is positioned.
		SECRET
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"Various devices have been installed in and connected to telephone instruments to facilitate listening in on telephone conversations and making recordings of the same and as devices of this type have been employed for obtaining secret information of military and other government agencies it is desired to prevent this procedure. It is also possible, by tapping in the wires of a telephone, in the basement of a building or at some other point, to use the tele-phone instrument as a microphone and thereby listen in on and make recordings of telephone conversations in a room in which the instrument is positioned."

As you know, under normal processing, patents, when completed, are available to the general public and abstracts are published in the Patent Office Gazette.

RECOMMENDATION:

There is no indication that this patent has been placed in a secrecy status as yet. Accordingly, it is again desired to suggest that the Bureau may wish to take some definite action to have secrecy processing applied to this patent application. It is noted in this connection that the Attorney General's request is sufficient to place the matter under secrecy handling. It is further noted that the secrecy statute permits a patent applicant to sue the United States Government for any damages sustained as a result of the application of this statute.

No, the phones be defined

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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TO' : MR. HARBO	Pop .	$_{ m DATR},~Ju$	ne 18, 1952
TO : MR. HARBO PROM : D. J. PARS	SECRET	-,,	Tolson
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SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC	LISTENING DEVICE	San	Clegg
•		(T ,	Nichols
Du mamanan	dum of Way 10 1059	the Puneque	Rosen
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natent on the basi	1. The Bureau previo s of the development	asiy approvea se of such an instr	eking a Comment in Believe
the FBI Laboratory			
			Wante
The reques	ted conference was he of the Criminal Divi	ld today in the	office of fift
\overline{h}	is attorney, Mr. Bowd		of Maddle
the Patent Section	of the Claims Divisi	on, and Mr. Conr	ad and I
represented the Bu	reau. ad	vised an	d his Vy'
	Department had gone i the desire of		
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or manufacturers.			
	has filed a patent	annlication for	a counter-
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	of an ultrasonic uni		
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Defending.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memo to Mr. Harbo 6/18/52 Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

ffice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: June 20, 1952 FROM : J. J. Hill Clegg Glavie RF MIC-TEL abtrosome bustinling Harto 16. 1952, I discussed the radio frequency Alden Belgon mic-tel with of the Radio Section, asking him if Laughli he could recall when he and I had conversation with regard to the proposal of modulating a radio frequency with an F-1 microphone. this discussion and stated that he did not recall that he and I ever spoke of the proposed device in its entirety but that our conversation was confined to the principle of modulating RF with an F-1 microphone. states that to the

best of his recollection this was possibly sometime during the summer of 1945 and it is the writer's recollection that the conversation preceded the writing of my memorandum dated

JJH: VH

Adsified by 24

September 6, 1945.

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Dale of Declassification - Indefin

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: June 20, 1952

FROM:

J. J. Hill

SUBJECT:

Ulite sodic bistering Device

On June 17, 1952, I talked to Special Agent N. A. Watson with regard to establishing the date that I first talked to him about the possibility of using radio frequency as a means of utilizing a telephone as a microphone in a subject's place or residence. Special Agent Watson recalls that my discussion with him regarding this matter took place during the time he was working on the single pair mic-tel. unit in New York and, as best we could recall, the date of this conversation was possibly during the early summer of 1944.

JJH: VH

RECORDED

JUN 26 1952 Date of Declassification adefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Conrad

DATE: June 20, 1952

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FROM: J. J. Hill

SUBJECT: RF MIC-TEL

WLTRESONIC LISTENING Jour

On June 19, 1952, I was experimenting with the radio frequency mic-tel unit in connection with my training and acquainting myself with the unit and its operation. imposed the RF signal on a standard 302 type telephone and used an oscillograph to trace the RF signal through the various components of the telephone. It was determined that when the RF signal is imposed on the instrument, nearly all components of the telephone will reflect the RF signal upon test. However, it was learned that the RF signal in passing through the 302 type telephone actually passes through the combination of condenser and coil units to the microphone and return rather than through the switch hook or dial impulse switch and in reality the switch hook and dial impulse switch were actually disconnected from the phone circuit without appreciably affecting the performance of the unit. This discovery was demonstrated by me to Special Agents Charles Corbett and John Matter.

This is being drawn to your attention inasmuch as in the patent application which is being filed it would appear that the claim should not confine itself to any specific reference of using the switch hook or dial impulse switch as a means of carrying the RF to the microphone but that it would probably be better to use a broader declaration stating something to the effect that the RF was carried to the microphone through the normal component parts existing in the phone. It may be entirely possible that there is a telephone model wherein a proper tuning of the RF unit could be made so that the signal is carried through the leaves of the switch.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

	• UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN	1. T.
TO :	R. T. Harbo PH DATE: June 18, 1952	n
		.b6
FROM:	I. W. Conrag	b7C
SUBJECT:	RADIO FREQUENCY	01#00 <u></u>
\$	COTINGEDITE ASTIDE	legg
Ť	Ozutoasoulia Lista Tida Device	osea
	You will I would be the Demonstration	arto
	seeking a patent on the Laboratory's development of a	con
	radio frequency microphone-telephone device, in order to ,	46454
•	protect the Government against exploitation by outside individuals.	
. ≱ 1°	The description of the latest the second second of the second second of the second sec	
† !	It is noted that by memorandum of November 4, 19. I pointed out the development by SA J. M. Matter of a swite	ch-
	tupe countermeasure which would disable the telephone-	
,	microphone when the telephone is in its "hung up" position, but would permit the telephone to function normally when	,
	lifted for use. As reflected by my memorandum of June 18,	
	1952, we now have had an opportunity to review a copy of a	
	patent application filed by under date of May 3, 1951, for a mercury-type switch for use in a telephone	one ·
	set as a countermeasure. It will be observed that the fil	ing
	of this application is some six months after the Bureau's a	ise
•	of a switch-type countermeasure.	
10 6	Although proposal is for a mercury swin	tch,
*	and as such might conceivably represent a patentable distinguer and above the regular telephone switch used by the	iction
ir ir	Laboratory, patent claims have been drawn so	
" "j	broadly as to include all types of switch including that used by the Bureau. Accordingly, in order to avoid a monog	0072
a <u>i</u>	by on the use of switches as countermeasures for	JU 2. g
μ ^η	microphone-telephone conbinations, it is suggested that	
į.	favorable consideration be given by the Bureau to seeking a patent on the switch countermeasure used by the Bureau.	13.0
4	Such Bureau application will, of course, result in a patent	t
	interference case in the Patent Office, in view of the broad nature of claims; however, unless can	aa
	demonstrate conception and reduction to practice prior to	
	the November date in the Bureau's file, it is felt that such as the material and in the material and	ch
	patent interference case is justified in the protection of the Government's interest. I have separately by memorandum	
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•	INDEXED 138 (10 - 760 - 117)	
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of June 18, 1952, recommended applying a patent secrecy statute to pending application, and the Bureau would undoubtedly desire that its own application be placed under such secrecy handling in order to avoid public disclosure.

RECOMMENDATION:

Accordingly, it is recommended that the Bureau seek a patent on the switch-type countermeasure developed by Mr. J. M. Matter. I previously have pointed out in earlier discussions of the mercury switch countermeasure the advantages of the Bureau's switch, both from the security standpoint and from the standpoint of desirability of use on the part of the telephone company.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category

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Assistant Attorney General James M. McInerney

July 10, 1952

Director, FBI

SECURITY INFORMATION ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

Reference is made to my memorandum of May 17, 1952, relative to the above-entitled matter reflecting the desire of this Bureau to file a patent application on the device in question. Such an application now has been completed and filed.

Similar considerations which indicated the desirability of filing the above patent application now indicate the desirability of filing a patent application for certain countermeasures developed in this Bureau's Laboratory to protect telephone equipment against unauthorized use of the ultrasonic listening device. Accordingly, subject to vour consumeration, representatives of this Bureau will furnish Chief of the Pat Chief of the Patent Section, the necessary material for the preparation of such an application.

IWC: vrh

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STANDARD FORM NO. 6

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b6 b7C

ro : The Director

SECRET

DATE: June 27, 1952

FROM : The Executives Conference

SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY
MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE
COUNTERMEASURE

On June 25 the Executives Conference consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Ladd, Gearty, Mason, Rosen, Belmont, Gresham, Tamm, Glavin and Parsons considered the proposal that the Bureau apply for a patent on a device developed in the FBI Laboratory as a countermeasure for the radio frequency microphone-telephone device.

The FBI Laboratory developed an instrument which imposes a radio frequency on a telephone line and converts the telephone instrument into a microphone without entering the premises where the telephone is located. In July, 1950, a similar device was demonstrated to Government officials by a commercial electronics manufacturer, As a result of his demonstration a President at attractive was issued in August, 1950, classifying this device as Top Secret and restricting the purchase and use of this equipment by Government agencies. Since that time at least two other sources of similar equipment outside of the Government have come into existence. The Department of Justice has considered the security of this device and advised that the Presidential directive is not sufficient to protect against the disclosure by individuals outside of the Government and that a patent should be applied for under the Inventions Secrecy Act which provides criminal penalties for unauthorized disclosure. A patent is, therefore, being applied for in the name of the Bureau based on its development of this equipment prior to invention.

The Laboratory developed a countermeasure device which prevents the successful application of the invention mentioned above. In addition to its application on certain Bureau phones and at the request of the White House this countermeasure has been and to the home and office phones of

is different from ours and consists of a mercury switch for which he applied for a patent in May, 1951. We have been applying our most recent type of countermeasure since November, 1950. Even though we feel that countermeasure is inferior to ours, the claims in his patent application are broad enough to include the principle that we use; and, therefore, if his patent were to issue our device would be an infringement despite our earlier date.

CC - Mr. H. H. C

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Memorandum for the Director



The Conference unanimously recommends that in order to prevent a commercial developer from obtaining a patent covering the principle which we have used prior to his filing date, the Bureau should apply for a patent on the countermeasure developed in the Bureau's Laboratory. If the Director approves a memorandum will be prepared for the Department requesting preparation of a patent application.

Respectfully, For the Conference

V.

Clyde Tolson

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

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DATE 09-24-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1s0

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO: : The Director

SECRET

DATE: June 25, 1952

FROM : The

The Executives Conference

JUNE

SUBJECT:

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

RADIO FREQUENCY

MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE

On June 25 the Executives Conference consisting of Messrs. Tolson, Ladd, Gearty, Mason, Rosen, Belmont, Gresham, Tamm, Glavin and Parsons considered advising the field concerning the gradio frequency microphone-telephone device.

The FBI Laboratory developed an instrument which imposes a Converts of frequency on a telephone line and converts the telephone instrument into a microphone without entering the premises where the telephone is located. In July, 1950, a similar device was demonstrated to Government officials by a commercial electronics manufacturer and as a result a Presidential directive was issued August 23, 1950, classifying this device as Top Secret and restricting the purchase and use of this equipment by Government agencies. Since that time at least two other sources outside of the Government have come into existence. One of these sources, a former Bureau Agent, developed this equipment and offered it to the Bureau. The second source, the Alertronic Protective Corporation of New York, is an unservery

The Department of Justice has considered the security of this device and advised that the Presidential directive is not sufficient to protect against the disclosure by individuals outside of the Government and that a patent should be applied for under the Inventions Secrecy Act which provides criminal penalties for unauthorized disclosure. A patent is, therefore, being applied for in the name of the Bureau based on its development of the equipment.

The field has not been previously advised of the existence of this equipment. However, it is coming to the attention of Agents in the field in a number of different ways, such as, the demonstration of the equipment by Cronin in California to Agents of the San Francisco Office, the inquiries being made by the field into the allegations concerning the Alertronic Protective Corporation, and probably also through Telephone contacts since the existence of this equipment is known to some Telephone Company employees.

In order to control the security of this information within the Rureau, the Conference unanimously recommends—that we at this time advise the SAC's, Security Supervisors and Sound Meniof the existence of this equipment and its top secret nature. If the Director approves, a No Number SAC Letter will be prepared instructing the SAC's to advise

cc - Mr. H. HSECRET NOEXED - 43

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memorandum for the Director

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the Security Supervisors and Sound Men and also all employees who have obtained information as a result of their official duties or whenever it comes to their attention that an employee has received such information from an outside source.

Respectfully, For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

do so without violating and

ADDENDUM 7-3-52

W.Comrad: vrh

With reference to the Director's comment above, it is noted that Bureau serial 80-750-16 pertaining to the Executive Order involved reflects "Information concerning existence and nature of such devices shall be limited to the appropriate employees of the Government on a need-to-know basis." Accordingly, the proposed notification of the field appears to be within the scope of the existing Executive Order.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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	CLEGG	CROSBY	KEAY	SIZOO
	CONNELLEY	DeLOACH	LAUGHLIN	STANLEY
	GLAVIN	DOWNING	LEONARD	STEIN
	HARBO	EAMES	MALLEY	TAMM, Q.
	ROSEN	EDWARDS, H. L.	MASON, E. D.	TROTTER
	TRACY	EGAN	McGUIRE	VECHERY
	BAUMGARDNER	FEENEY	MOHR	WHERRY
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RE: REMT, UNIT

As a result of development work in the Laboratory, the Bureau is now in position to make available to you a device which permits the use of a standard telephone instrument both as a telephone and a microphone without the necessity of entering the subject's premises.

It is not the Bureau's intention that this device should replace existing microphone-telephone installations at this time (i. e. those using a special telephone station cord containing additional wires not used by the telephone company, or the SPMT installations which employ an altered instrument but require no additional wires).

Its use for the present will be restricted to those situations where coverage is considered essential and where no other way of achieving such coverage is considered feasible. Accordingly, you should advise each Security Supervisor and Sound trained Agent only in your office of the availability of this equipment, known as the radio frequency microphone-telephone unit (abbreviated RFMT), in order that appropriate consideration may be given to its use where circumstances warrant.

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In view of the fact this technique will operate successfully only under certain conditions, it is necessary that a detailed survey of the telephone company subscriber equipment and cable facilities serving the subject be made in each instance prior to installation of this equipment. Such survey and the installation of this equipment require specially trained technicians who will be sent from the Laboratory or key points in the field to make the installation.

You should admonish your Security Supervisors and Sound trained Agents that this technique has been classified <u>TOP SECRET</u> and should not be discussed with other than Agent personnel in the two categories named. You also should be alert to information pertaining to this device coming to the attention of other personnel of your office from any source and in such cases likewise admonish them as to the security classification and discussion restriction.

Use of this equipment will be approved only on a most selective and restrictive basis. Therefore, all requests for consideration of the use of this device should be supported by adequate information reflecting the essential need to obtain coverage and the reasons why such coverage is not feasible by other means. All communications concerning this equipment should be captioned as RFMT unit and transmitted as JUNE material.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Director

NO NUMBER SAC LETTER V 7/14/52 Series 1952

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE COMMUNICATIONS, SECTION

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Mr. Cegr Mr. Ghan Mr. Hand Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Laughlin Mr. Mohr Tele. Room

Mr. Holloman

Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd

Mr. Nichola

Mr. Belmont

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FROM SAN FRAN

- 7-11-52

8-11 Ph Miss Gandy.

ISO

VDIRECTOR, FBI URGENT LTRASONS, FBI LABORATORY

REBULET MAY TWENTY AND MY LET JUNE TWELVE, FIFTY TWO CONCERNING CONFERENCES WITH FORMER SA EUGENE J. CROWIN RE DEVICE HE STATES IN-VENTED BY HIM. CRONIN INFORMED TODAY PLANS PROCEED WITH APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT UPON DEVICE UNDER INVENTIONS SECRECY ACT OF NINETEEN FIFTY ONE AS ONLY POSSIBLE MEANS TOWARD RECOVERING SOME RETURN ON HIS STATES REQUIRES CLASSIFICATION NUMBER ASSI-TIME AND MONEY INVESTMENT. GNED THIS DEVICE WHEN CLASSIFIED TOP SECRET UNDER ABOVE ACT DURING SUMMER NINETEEN FIFTY AS PER BULET MAY TWENTY TOGETHER WITH DATE OF SUCH CLASSIFICATION AND DEPARTMENT WHICH HAD DEVICE SO CLASSIFIED IN ORDER HIS ATTORNEY MAY HAVE THESE DATA AVAILABLE FOR FILING. HE STATES APPARENTLY BUREAU HAS THESE DATA AND REQUESTS THEM OR INFO AS TO WHERE 💺 SAME MAY EE OBTAINED BY HIM. ALSO DESIRES ADVICE AS TO WHETHER BUREAU INTERESTED IN ADDITIONAL DEVICES AS PER MYLET JUNE TWENTY THREE LAST. CRONIN STILL APPEARS MOST DESIROUS OF COOPERATING WITH BUREAU AND FEEL PATENT DETERMINATION MAY DISCLOSE HIS DEVICE BASED ON DIFFERENT PRINCIE - PLE FROM OTHER SIMILAR INVENTIONS MENTIONED BULET MAY

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SAC, San Francisco

84-926-119

July 17, 1952

Director, FBI. SECRET

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

JUNE

RECORDED - 131

Reurlet 6/23/52, transmitting a copy of a letter received by you from former Special Agent Eugene J. Gronin requesting a development contract from the Bureau in order to perfect certain developments which he has in progress.

The Bureau is not in a position to enter a development contract for any of the items mentioned, particularly in the absence of a demonstration of the principles involved or more detailed indication of the ultimate feasibility of the proposed developments.

Accordingly, it is desired that you advise Cronin in a friendly manner to the above effect, and that the Bureau would be very happy to have him discuss or demonstrate any of the items when ever he is in Washington.

WC:np, 760

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-01-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

ASSIGNMENT

WHEREAS, JAMES J. HILL and BEN L. SUTTON, residents of Mission, Kansas and Arlington, Virginia, respectively, citizens of the United States of America and employees of the United States Government, hereinafter called the CWNERS are the joint inventors of the subject matter disclosed in a patent application entitled SIGNALING SYSTEM, which application was executed by us on the 20th day of June, 1952; and (AND METHOD,)

WHTREAS, The United States Government represented by the Attorney General and hereinafter referred to as the GOVERNMENT deems it essential to maintain the subject matter of said application in secrecy under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 37, as affecting the armament or defense of the United States; and

WHYREAS, the GOVERNMENT now desires, for the purpose aforesaid, to acquire the entire right, title, and interest in and to said application;

NOW, THER FORE, to all whom it may concern, be it known that for and in consideration of the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00) to the OWNERS in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the OWNERS, subject to the provision hereinafter made, do hereby sell, assign, and transfer to the GOVERNMENT the entire right, title and interest in and to said application.

PROVIDED, however, that upon allowance of said application, the entire right, title, and interest in and to said application, shall thereupon revert to the OWNERS absolutely except for the reservation by the GOVERNMENT of a non-exclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free license in the invention disclosed in said application and under any patents which may issue on said invention, with power to grant licenses for all governmental purposes.

The said OWNERS hereby furtheragree to make, execute, and deliver to the GOVERNAMIT any and all papers, documents, affidavits, statements, or other instruments that may be necessary in the prosecution of said application, and further agree to assist the GOVERNMENT in every way in protecting said invention as may be requested, provided that any expenses arising through extending such assistance will be paid by the GOVERNMENT.

The said CANFRS hereby further agree to grant to the GOVTRHMENT, upon request, an assignment of the foreign rights in and to said invention.

The said OWNERS hereby covenant that they have the right to grant the foregoing assignment.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, we have set our hands and affixed our seals this 20th day of June, 1952.

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CITY OF WASKINGTON) SET	ı	1

On this 20th day of June, 1952, before me personally appeared JAMES J. HILL and BEN L. SUTTON, to me known to be the persons who executed the above instrument, and acknowledged to me that they executed the same as their own voluntary act and deed for the purposes therein set forth.

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Notary P	ublic	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 04-01-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known, that we, JAMES J. HILL and BEN L. SUTTON

have invented certain new and useful improvements in SIGNALING SYSTEM AND METHOD, of which the following is a specification.

The invention described herein may be manufactured and used by or for the Government of the United States for governmental purposes without the payment to us of any royalty thereon in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 30, 1928 (Ch. 460, 45 Stat.L. 467).

Justice Dept. File No.____

This invention relates to a signaling system and method and more particularly to an ultrasonic signaling system and method for listening to conversations in or near a room in which a conventional telephone instrument is installed. Heretofore telephone microphones have been used in a device for listening to conversations at a distance from the telephone instrument where additional wires have been run from the telephone microphone to permit the microphone's use apart from its normal function as a part of a telephone system. With the present device and method conversations adjacent to a telephone can be made audible at a remote point without additional wires being run from the instrument even though the telephone is in the hung-up position.

The principal object of this invention is to make possible the audible surveillance of rooms or areas having telephones in or adjacent thereto where it is believed that illegal conspiracies and the like are being talked over by co-conspirators.

The above and other objects of the invention will appear more fully hereinafter from the following detailed description when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings which illustrate several forms of the invention. It is to be expressly understood, however, that the drawings are utilized for the purposes of illustration only and are not designed as a definition of the limits of the invention, reference being had for this latter purpose to the appended claims.

In the drawings -

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram illustrating one embodiment of the device.

Fig. 2 is a schematic diagram of an alternative form of the device.

Figs. 3, 4 and 5 illustrate schematically other forms of the device.

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In Fig. 1 reference character 1 denotes a telephone line to an automatic, semi-automatic, or manual exchange. Reference character 2 denotes a telephone set of more or less conventional type. This telephone instrument is shown in the hung-up position in Fig. 1 with the direct current circuit to the microphone broken. Thus the microphone is ineffective in this position to modulate or vary any direct current flowing through it. It is in this position that a telephone, however, can be useful as a microphone for conversations going on adjacent thereto.

The present invention contemplates the application of ultrasonic or radio-frequency energy to the telephone line at some accessible point therealong between the subscriber's instrument and the exchange, the modulation of such frequency by the telephone instrument microphone. the detection and amplification of the modulated frequency, and the utilization of the audible frequency impressed upon the microphone. The modulation of the ultrasonic or radio-frequency in this case is somewhat similar to the antenna modulation systems depicted in Figs. 19(a) and 19(c) on page 761 and Fig. 20 on page 762 of the second edition of the "Principles of Radio Communication" by John H. Morecroft. In Fig. 1 triode: tube Vl is connected in a more or less conventional oscillator circuit for the purpose of generating oscillations which are coupled into the telephone line and circulate through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic frequency current which in turn is demodulated by the more oreless conventional detector circuit consisting of tube V2 and its associated parts.

Coils II and I2 are inductively coupled for the purpose of coupling the ultrasonic energy into the telephone line. Coils I3 and I4 are inductively coupled for the purpose of coupling a small amount of the modulated ultrasonic energy from the telephone line into the detector.

Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing it from taking the lower impedance path towards the telephone exchange rather than through the telephone instrument. The condenser or capacitor C1 acts as a low impedance path for the ultrasonic frequency energy.

Coils L2, L3, L5, L6 and capacitor C1 have negligible effect on the normal telephone D.C. and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

The amount of oscillating energy within the telephone instrument may be varied in accordance with well established principles by varying the coupling between coils II and I2, by varying the size and distributed capacity of coils I2 and I3, and the size of capacitor C1 to provide optimum effect at the output of the detector.

In Fig. 1 all of the apparatus outside of the dotted rectangle represents a conventional telephone and its line. In the practice of the present invention the coils L2 and L3, and chokes L5 and L6 are connected as shown in opposite sides of the telephone line and the capacitor Cl is connected as shown between opposite sides of the telephone line.

In operation the oscillator including tube V1 is energized and the oscillations are coupled into the line through transformer L1, L2. Although the direct current microphone circuit is open when the telephone is hung up the oscillations coupled into the line at L2 are able to traverse the capacity across the open switch and other distributed capacities to the microphone and from the microphone back along the other line and thence through coil L3 where the modulated oscillations are coupled to coil L4 and thence applied to the detector tube V2 where detection takes place to produce an audio-frequency in a telephone head set, loud speaker, or recording device.

In Fig. 2 the telephone set is shown as a dotted line rectangle. It is, however, similar to the set more fully depicted in Fig. 1. In the Fig. 2 embodiment a single tube V3 including a pentode, a triode, and a diode is employed. The pentode section of this tube along with its associated circuits form a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electro-magnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which can be coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic current which in turn can be demodulated by the diode section of tube V3. This detected audio is then amplified by an audio-amplifier including the triode section of tube V3.

Coils II and I2 are inductively coupled for the purpose of supplying the regenerative feed-back necessary for oscillation. A variable section of coil L2 as determined by a switch SW1 is bridged across the telephone line through capacitor C2. The purpose of capacitor 62 is to offer a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency, but at the same time prevent coil L2 from short-circuiting the D.C. on the telephone line and thus producing dial tone or tripping the line relay of the telephone line. The telephone instrument, the capacitor C2, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L5 and L6, the effective impedance of the parallel resonant oscillator tank circuit consisting of coils L2 and capacitor C3 and the reflected impedance of coil Il as seen from coil E2 all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when the resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of the capacitor C3 which primarily adjusts the oscillator frequency and the adjustment of switch SWI which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give this resonant condition in the

telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Choke coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument.

coils L1, L2, L5, L6 and capacitors C1 and C3 have negligible effect on the telephone direct and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 3 tubes Vh and V5 along with their associated parts act as a conventional type R-C oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which is amplified by tube V6 and coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic current, which in turn can be demodulated by the detector consisting of varistor VAR-1 and transformer T1.

Coils L7 and L8 form a variometer and when used in conjunction with coils L9 and L10 and switch SW2 provide variable inductance over a very wide range. This inductance forms the plate load of amplifier tube V6 and is bridged through capacitor C2 to the telephone line. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing the variometer from shorting the direct current on the line and thus providing dial tone and trouble on the telephone line. The telephone instrument, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L5 and L6, capacitor C2 and the effective impedance of the variometer all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitors C4 and C5 as well as band switch SW3, both of which primarily adjust the oscillator frequency

and by the adjustment of switch SW2 as well as the variometer, both of which change the effective inductance of the variometer and the reactance in the resonant loop, a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give a resonant condition in the telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy, thereby preventing that part of the telephone line adjacent to the exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant circuit containing the telephone instrument. C6 is a blocking capacitor blocking the plate supply DC voltage from the variometer. . Coil Lll is a high impedance radio-frequency choke used for the amplifier shunt plate feed. Capacitor C7 blocks DC potential from the detector and couples the modulated ultrasonic frequency energy into the detector. Coil L12 is a radio-frequency choke used to limit the amount of ultrasonic energy that is fed to the detector and at the same time prevents the detector from loading the variometer and series resonant telephone loop. The detector consists of four varistors connected in a bridge circuit with the primary of the audio output transformer Tl used as a load. Resistor Rl serves as ancadjustment of the magnitude of the circulating telephone current.

Coils L7, L8, L9, L10, L5, L6 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone DC and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on the normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 4 tube VI and its associated parts act as a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency. Tube V7 amplifies the signal received from oscillator tube VI and in turn couples it to the telephone line and circulates it through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument shifts the phase of the circulating ultrasonic current in accordance with the audible signals as picked up by the telephone transmitter. A portion

of this modulated ultrasonic energy as well as a portion of the unmodulated output of oscillator V1 is fed into a conventional balanced modulator type phase detector consisting of tube V8 and its associated parts. audio output of tube V8 is then available for monitoring with a pair of head phones or by other means. Coils III3, III4 form a variometer which is used as a plate load of amplifier tube V7 and is bridged through capacitor C2 across the telephone line. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing the variometer from shorting the DC on the line and thus producing dial tone or trouble on the line. The telephone instrument, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L13 and Ill, capacitor C2 and the effective impedance of the variometer all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitor C6 as well as band switch SW4 both of which primarily adjust the oscillator frequency and by adjustment of the variometer which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give a resonant condition in the telephone line at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument. C7 is a blocking capacitor blocking the plate supply DC voltage from the variometer. Coil Il6 is a high impedance radio-frequency choke used for the amplifier shunt feed.

Coil L15 is inductively coupled to the variometer and is used to couple a portion of the phase modulated ultrasonic energy into the grids of the balanced modulator type phase detector in push-pull.

Capacitor C8 is used to couple a portion of the unmodulated oscillator output into the phase detector grids in parallel. Transformer Il serves to couple the audio output of the detector into the audio listening or recording device. Coils L13, L14, L15, L5 and L6 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone currents and cause no adverse effects to normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 5 tube VI with its associated parts acts as a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which can be coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument shifts the frequency of the ultrasonic currents in accordance with the audible signal as picked up by the telephone transmitter. A portion of this modulated ultrasonic energy is fed into a Seeley Foster type FM discriminator consisting of tube V9 and its associated parts where it is detected. The audio output of the detector is amplified by tube VIO whose output is available for monitoring with a pair of head phones or other means. Coils L17, L18 and L19 are inductively coupled for the purpose of supplying the regenerative feed-back necessary for oscillation. A variable section of coil L17 as determined by switch SW5 is bridged across the telephone line through capacitor C2. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing coil L17 from shorting the DC on the line. The telephone instrument, capacitor C2, the telephone line between the instrument and coils LL and L5, the effective impedance of the parallel resonant oscillator tank circuit

consisting of coil L17 and capacitor C9 and the reflected impedance of coil L18 as seen from coil L17 all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitor C9 which primarily adjusts the oscillator frequency and the adjustment of switch SW5 which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line condition which will give this resonant condition in the telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L4 and L5 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument.

Coils L19 and capacitor C10 are component parts of a conventional Seeley Foster discriminator type of FM detector incorporating tube V9. Coil L19 couples a small amount of the frequency modulated ultrasonic energy from the oscillator tank circuit into the FM detector. The audio output of the detector is amplified by tube V10 whose output is fed to head phones or other means of audible monitoring or recording. The Seeley Foster discriminator above referred to is fully analyzed and described in section 35 at pages 195 to 198, inclusive, of the First Edition of the book "Frequency Modulation" by August Hund, published 1942 by McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc.

Coils L17, L18, L4, L5 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone direct and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

Alternative types of detectors and oscillators may be employed without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

1

- 1. The method of utilizing a telephone instrument, with its receiver in hung-up position, for making sound waves set up adjacent thereto audible at a distance, which comprises impressing an ultrasonic frequency on the line leading to said telephone instrument, whereby said frequency is modulated by sound waves impinging on the microphone in said telephone instrument, demodulating the modulated frequency and utilizing the sound energy derived therefrom.
- 2. A method as set forth in claim 1, including the step of recording the sound derived from the modulated frequency.
- 3. A method as set forth in claim 1, including the step of making the sound derived from the modulated frequency audible.
- h. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing amplitude in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 5. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing its phase in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 6. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing its frequency in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 7. A device adapted to be connected to the line of a telephone at a point between the telephone and its central exchange for rendering audible sounds occurring adjacent to the telephone instrument in hung-up position, said device comprising means for generating ultrasonic oscillations and impressing them on the line, means for blocking the transmission of said oscillations to the central exchange, means for demodulating said oscillations after they have been modulated by the microphone of the telephone, and means for making the demodulated signals usable.

telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said

oscillations comprises a rectifying detector.

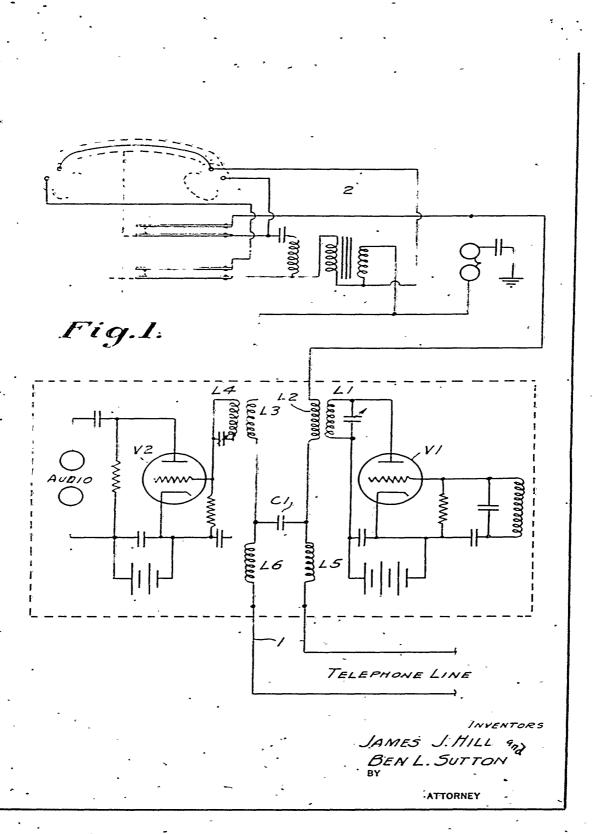
9. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in phase by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a balanced modulator type phase detector.

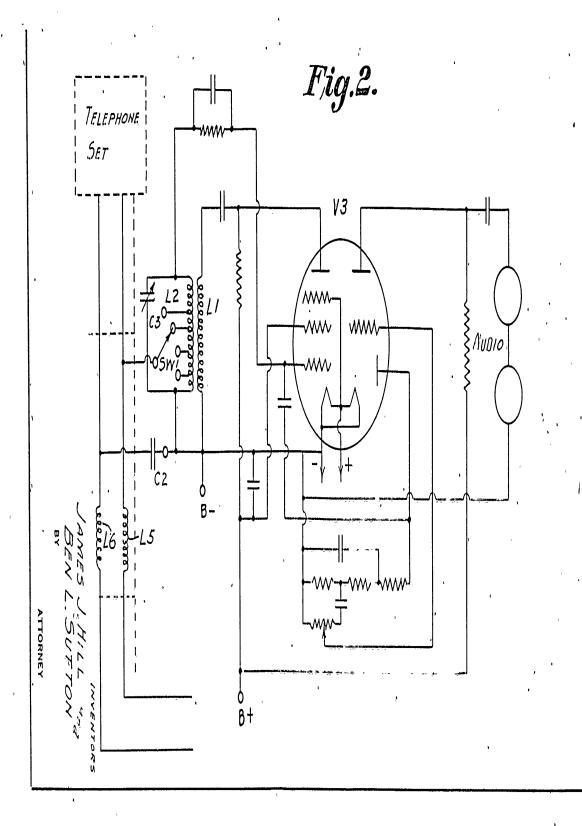
- 10. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in frequency by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a frequency discriminator type of detector.
- ll. A system for utilizing telephone instruments for making audible sounds occurring adjacent thereto when the telephone instrument is in hung-up position, which comprises means for applying an ultrasonic frequency to the line connected to the telephone, whereby said oscillations are modulated by the microphone of the telephone associated therewith, and means for demodulating the modulated oscillations and producing audible signals therefrom.
- 12. All elements of inventive novelty both apparatus and method set forth in the foregoing specification.

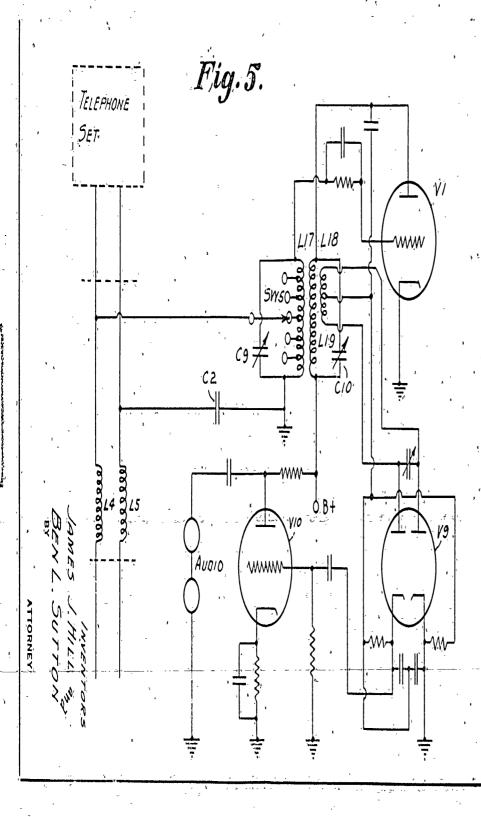
JOINT

APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT Oath, Power of Attorney, and Petition

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BEN L. SUTTO			epose and say that we a	are respective	ly a citizen
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And we her Registration No to prosecute th Wherefore and claimed in	reby/appoint/ROYSERS 16,001; a 16,001; a 18,54591, our a is application and to we pray that Letters the foregoing specific	dischargement., and 11,722 attorney or agent transact all busing patent be granted eation and claims	with full power of surness in the Patent Offit to us for the invention, and we hereby subscriy, and this petition, to	ostitution and dee connected on or discover	Washington, D.C revocation, therewith. ry described
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION, GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Room 422, Federal Office Bldg., Civic Center San Francisco 2, California June 23, 1952

SECRET

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL - JUNE

Director, FBI

Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

Dear Sir:

With reference to my letter of June 12, 1952 and to Bureau letter of June 12, 1952, I furnished a copy of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 to Mr. CRONIN, who has written me the following letter concerning his interest in some type development contract to enable him to go forward with his work on the items outlined therein in the event the Bureau has any interest in these matters. It is recommended that consideration be given to assisting CRONIN, if possible.

"Dear Mr. Abbaticchio,

Thank you for your phone call of June 9th informing me of the Bureau's interest in the items we discussed at out last meeting.

As I mentioned before, I am interested in obtaining a development contract in order to perfect these units and I am perticularly anxious that the Bureau have the first opportunity to acquire them.

Briefly, the units are: first, a small tranciever the size of a pocket watch. This unit needs no batteries as its power is transmitted to it from a central station. Any number of these units could be powered from one station and communication could be maintained between the units as well as between the units and the central station. The field of coverage from the central station to the transceivers can be of any dimention from 360° to any part thereof within the present day limits of the art of transmissions.

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INDEXED - 131

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To: Director, FBI
Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

SECRET

June 23, 1952

"The entire principal can be demonstrated with laboratory units which will operate conservatively within two blocks on about one watt of power.

No doubt there would be several situations in which such equipment would be of value.

The second unit is a 'throw away microphone' which could be of standard concealment size and which would need no wiring and could be activated from a distance of a few blocks. Once activated it would function as other microphones and pick up room conversation. Such a unit need merely to be dropped in an inconspicuous place in a room and all the other control activities would be handled at a distance.

The third unit follows from the second. It is possible that with improvements a unit similar to the one described above could be hidden in an automobile and conversation taking place therein could be received and recorded in another auto following at a discrete distance.

The principal involved in the throw away microphone is closely related to the ministure tranciever.

The fourth unit, an 'x-ray eye', could be placed against certain types of walls and observations made of activities on the other side of the wall. It is conveivable that such a unit could be placed on an adjoining door in a hotel or office and sound movies made of a transaction taking place therein.

I shall be happy to discuss in detail any of these items in which the Bureau is interested.

Thank you again for all the time you gave me at our last meeting on June 6th and the friendly manner in which you handled the discussion.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ Eugene J. Croni

Eugene J. Cronin

SECRET

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2

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To: Director, FBI Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

June 23, 1952

"P. S. Your letter of June 17th and the enclosed copy of Public Law 256 of the 82nd Congress just arrived. Thank you for obtaining this copy for me.

SAC

G, n

Very truly yours,

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Re

SECRET

JULY 16, 1952

DEFERRED

SAC SAN FRANCISCO

REURTEL JULY ELEVEN CONCERNING REQUEST FROM FORMER SA EUGENE J. CRONIN FOR CLASSIFICATION NUMBER ASSIGNED WHEN DEVICE CLASSIFIED TOP SECRET. FOR YOUR INFORMATION DEVICE WAS CLASSIFIED BY TOP SECRET PRESIDENTIAL EXECUTIVE ORDER. TO BEST OF BUREAU'S KNOWLEDGE CLASSIFICATION NUMBER NOT ASSIGNED. AND FURTHER BUREAU'S BELIEF THIS AND OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY GROWIN NOT REQUIRED FOR FILING PATENT APPLICATION. ACCORDINGLY SUGGESTED YOU ADVISE CROWIN THAT ALTHOUGH YOU CAN ASSURE HIM THAT DEVICE AND RELATED INFORMATION HAS BEEN FORMALLY CLASSIFIED TOP SECPET BY US GOVERNMENT, YOU ARE NOT AT LIBERTY TO REVEAL DETAILS SUCH CLASSIFICATION BECAUSE OF CLASSIFIED STATUS. ADVISE HIM THAT IT IS BUREAU'S UNDERSTANDING THIS AND OTHER INFORMATION REQUESTED BY HIM NOT PROUISED IN FILING PATENT APPLICATION. IF CRONIN CAN CITE WRITTRY REQUIREMENTS TO CONTRARY, HE SHOULD CALL THEM YOUR ATTENTION. WITH REFERENCE ADDITIONAL DEVICES DEVELOPED BY CRONIN DETAILED LETTER FOLLOWS.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-24-2011

FEDERAL CUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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STANDARD FORM NC. 64	DATE 03-24-2011		
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TO : Mr.	R. T. Harbo	J_U_N_E	July 25, 1952
T SUBJECT: ULT	RASONIC LISTENING DEV	TOE SECRET!	TolsonLaddClestClavin
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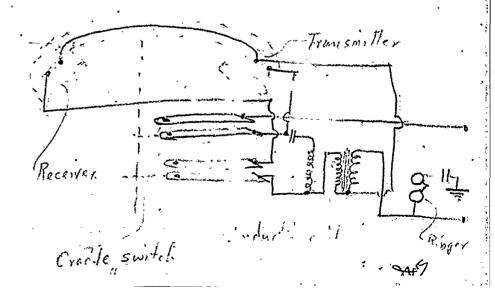
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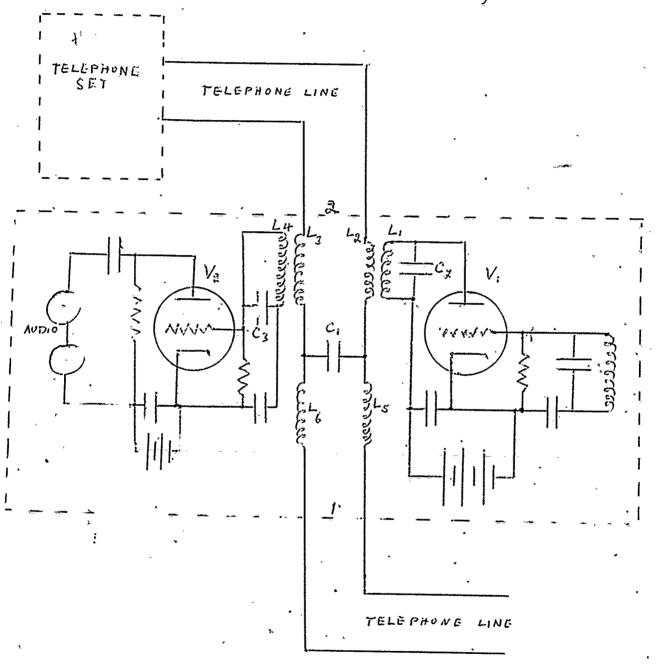
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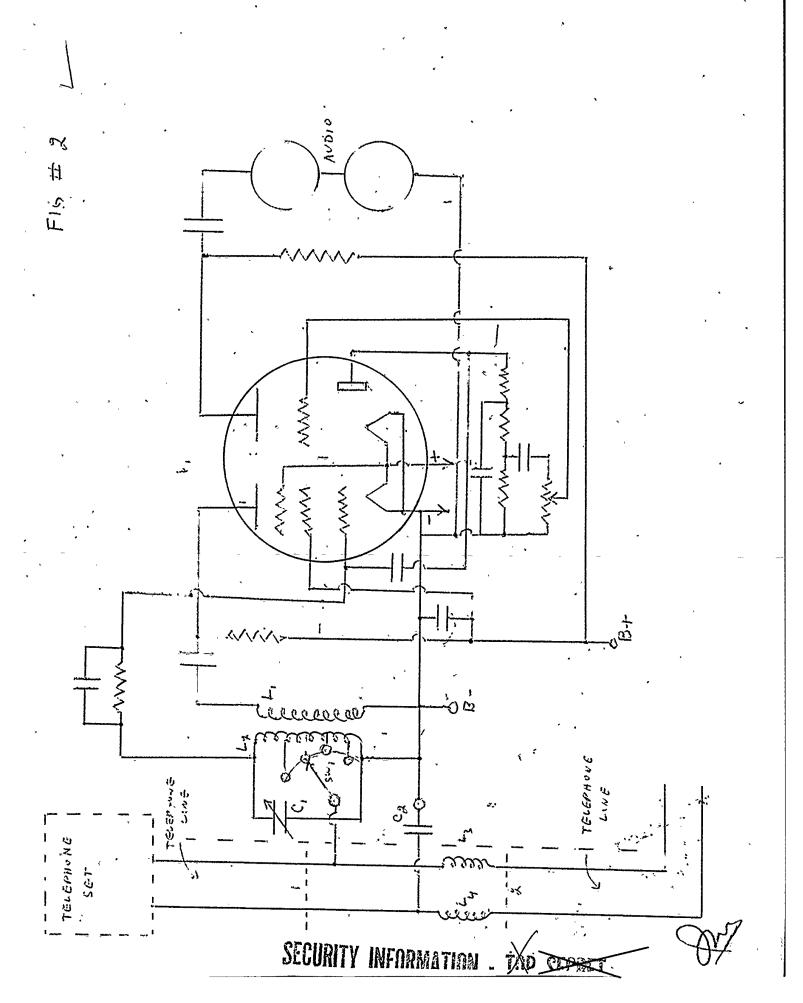
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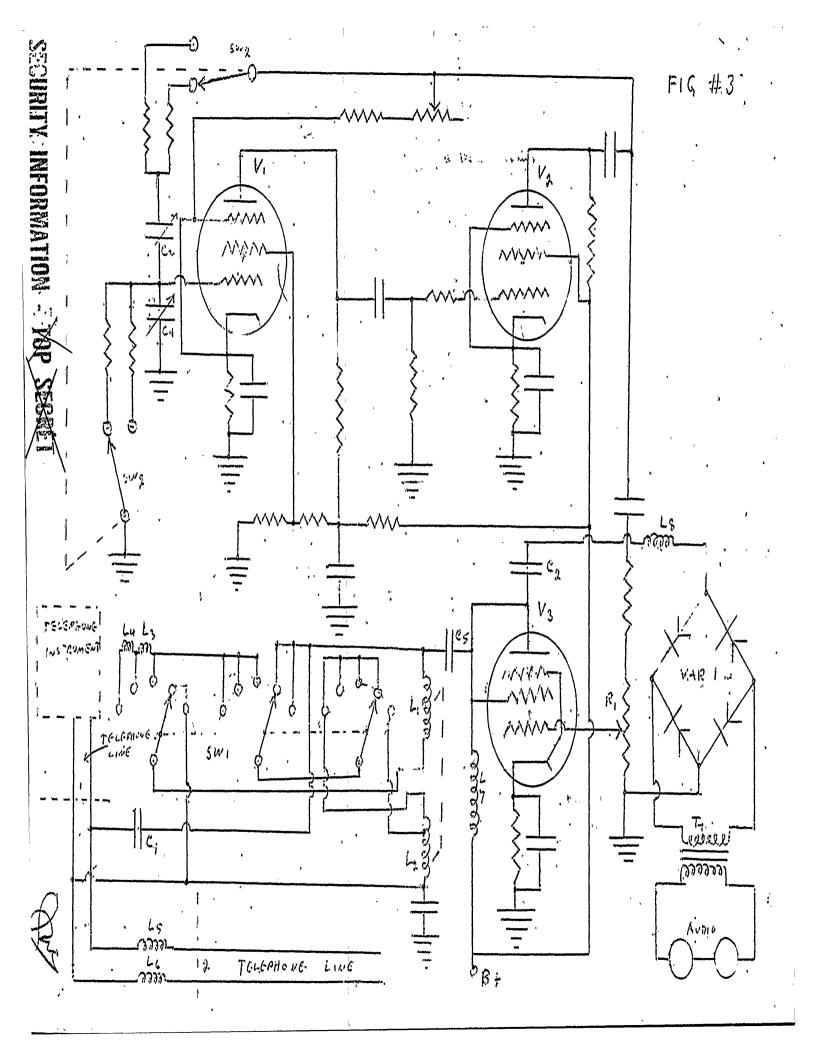
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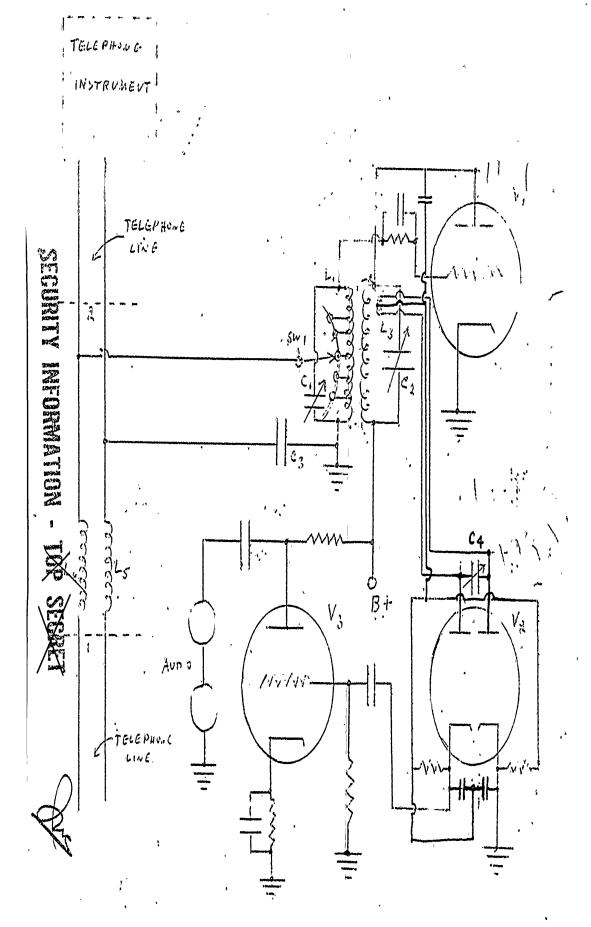
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Office Mem

• UNITED S.... GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Harbo

SUBJECT:

I. W. Conrad

FROM: I. W. Conrad

SUGGESTION SUBMITTED BY

SA JEAN W. OWEN SUGGESTION #296-52

Williasonic Listaria Device

Based on a review of the material contained in the attached suggestion, there appears to be no scientific basis for accomplishing the proposed conversion of ultra-high-frequency sound waves to lower frequency in the size equipment contemplated by Agent Owen. The conversion can be accomplished, but it is felt the equipment necessary would be comparable in size to our existing miniature radio equipment.

RECOMMENDATION

Unfavorable.

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Exercises Category 2

Exercises Category 2

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DATE: July 11, 1952 Tolson

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Tele. Room

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

MR. DONALD PARSONS DATE: 7/18/52 MR. WATSON, NELSON A SUBJECT: LABORATORY MATTERS USE OF R-F ON TELEPHONE LINES ORAGIO FREQUENCY TELEPHONE In response to your inquiry concerning my recollections of the development of the captioned procedure, please be advised that the writer recalls discussing this subject with SA James Hill early in 1944. The writer recalls that the discussion at that time centered around the use of radio frequencies being impressed on telephone lines in order to activate a F-1 Telephone Microphone. At that time Mr. Hill mentioned the possibility of inserting in the instrument the necessary capacitance concealed in an ordinary telephone-type filter can. ACTION: The above is submitted for your information. None. classified by 24 "ale of Declassification Indefinite 80-760-12-3 5 JUL 28 1858

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Ke

DATE: June 30, 1952

SAC, Baltimore.

subject: Suggestion Submitted by

Director, FBI

There is enclosed to the Bureau for its consideration a suggestion submitted by captioned Agent that may have some merit provided it is technically feasible.

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : SAC

DATE: June 20, 1952

FROM : SA Jean W. Owen

SUBJECT: Development of technical equipment, suggestion for

My employment with the Bureau has recently been reestablished following a tour of active duty with the Marine Corps. While with the Marines I performed intelligence duties which involved foot surveilances. Because of a shortage of trained personnel these surveilances were usually conducted with only two intelligence agents. This situation created a great need for some type of audible signals that could be given without carrying bulky equipment. It was while thinking of this problem that the following idea occurred to me.

It is suggested that some type of diaphragm arrangement be developed in the Laboratory that could reduce the sound emitted by a high frequency "dog whistle" to a signal audible to the human ear. This would require a small! diaphragm that would be caused to vibrate by the whistle's high frequency sound (above the frequency audible to the human ear), which would in turn activate a larger diaphragm causing it to vibrate at an audible frequency. The theory of this set of diaphragms is exemplified by striking one note on a piano and having some other notes of higher and lower pitch emit a sound caused by vibrating in sympathy with the note struck. If such a set of diaphragms could be developed small enough in size it could be placed in one of the agent's ears; otherwise, it could be placed somewhere on the agent's person, and the signal received by touch. In this way the agent could receive directions indicated by the number of signals and there duration. The signals would not be heard by the subject or passers-by.

This equipment, of whistle and diaphragms, would be small in size and could be secreted on the person easily without the necessity; for batteries and antenna as required by radios. It would permit only two agents to watch both the front and rear of a building and maintain contact with each other regardless of which side of the building the subject made his exit.

It is felt by this agent that the development fo such equipment would reduce the number of agents necessary for discreet foot surveilences, and help to overcome the ever present problem of communications which is so vital to successful surveilences.

Jean W. Owen

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

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ТО	:	Mr. R.	I. Harbo	SECRE	-	DATE:	July	24,	1952
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b7C te Memorandur UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: July 24 Mr. R. T. Harbo FROM: I. W. Conrad ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE You will recall that the patent application prepared in connection with the above-entitled matter was filed in the Tracy names of Special Agents James J. Hill and Ben L. Sutton. Tale. Sn Chief of the Patent Section of the away-Department, advised these 2 Agents, at the time of signing the original application, were officially entitled to a copy of the complete patent application. Both Hill and Sutton have requested that the Bureau maintain in its files their respective copies of the application, in view of the Top Secret classification placed thereon. Accordingly, there are attached hereto 2 copies of the catent application including the detailed specifications, the drawings, and the power of attorney. A copy of the assignment to the government of their interest in this patent was taken by each of the Agents at the time of signing, since nothing on the assignment contained a reference which would reveal the classified nature of the device. ACTION The 2 attached copies of the patent application should be maintained in the Bureau file, with the understanding that one copy should be made available to each of the Agents at any time that either should desire his copy. The retention of has copy of the application for permanent Bureau records is being covered by separate memorandum. Attachment IWC:vrh Personnel file for James J. Hill ·CC: Personnel file for Ben L. Sutton 80-160 ol 1952 m.

87 AUG 1 91052

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

SAC, Washington Fig.

August 12, 1952

(80-760). Director, FBI

JUNE - CONFIDENTIAL

HENT OLITA'S SONIC LISLENING DEVICE

Re Wo Number SAC Letter V, series 1952, dated 7-14-52.

The RFMT units loaned your office have been assigned unit numbers 1 and 2. It is desired that you have a qualified sound man put numbers 1 and 2 on the units with a number stamping die. The numbers should be stamped on the top of the chassis at the end near the line terminals.

The power supplies need not be numbered as they are to be considered integral parts of the units.

These units should not appear on your office inventory as they are a confidential item on loan from the Laboratory. This equipment is classified as "Top Secret" and it is the responsibility of your office to provide appropriate security to the equipment until it is returned to the Bureau. At such time as either unit is returned, such disposition should be made a matter of record by appropriate cofrespondence.

CKC: vrh

RECORDED - 90 180-760-126 13 AUG 14 1953 RECEIVED 31 1. Classified by 24 COMM - FBI S. Category 2 alous el ssil- uon l'indefinite

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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that security surveys were in progress on the lines of these two The contact further requested that all condensers be replaced with switches to protect him in his job with his superiors, since he has cooperated with the Bureau on a personal basis and has violated telephone company rules in permitting non-telephone company personnel to alter telephone company equipment. No notification of these security surveys was given Bureau liaison representatives by the interested agencies.

It is extremely important that the existence of the countermeasure devices be kept extremely confidential and the knowledge of them limited to as few persons as possible; otherwise its usefulness may well be compromised.

RECOMMENDATION

1. - That a program of replacing the remaining countermeasure concensers with countermeasure switches be instituted immediately by the Laboratory with arrangements being made by the Liaison Section. This will afford the maximum protection for the countermeasure device itself and for the Laboratory's telephone company contact.

done

2. - That at the same time the Liaison Section contact and impress upon them the necessity of the Bureau being advised in advance of work of any type being done on the residence and office telephone lines and instruments protected with countermeasure devices. It could be suggested that the Cabinet members might want to so instruct their secretaries and, where applicable, their security officers from the standpoint of a security measure. No mention of the countermeasure device should be made to these lesser employees.

En a

M. Nv.

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - indefinite

STANDARD FORM 110, 67

	Office	Memoran	dum .	UNITED STAT	TES GOVE	R. N. W. L. N. T.
16	. 33	ECTOR, FBI	(80-760)		DATE: August	MANAGER
711	IO 4 DIR	EQUON, FDI			أدرص	Mr. Glavin Mr. Harbo
ROA	FROM : SAC	, WFO	(66-77	79)		Mr. Rosen b6 Mr. Tracy b7C Mr. Lau e 14
15.	SUBJECT: RFM	TT UNIT	SECRET		\ \ _]	Mr. Mohr.
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				.952, dated Ju		
	<i>jin the eve</i>	ning of July	31, 1952, SA of Research	A ROBERT H. KU a Products Com	RTZMAN vis	ited with\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
ſ	Connecticu		ally demonst	trated such a ferences with	device to	the Bureau.
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	the Depart	ment, advised		that the Bur	eau plans	to patent ^V
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	Office. A the RFMT U	t the present Init for the f	time, he plooling rea	lans not to ap isons:	ply for a p	oatent on
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	would	have to be de	livered pers	sonally due to cannot, be ma	the fact	
	5. The pr			ll research e declared top		
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	6. There	is no guarant	ee that any	equipment wou	ild be purci	hased from
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	6: Si	- 31 95 2	Exemple GDS for to Wheel Breeze	Category 2	1982	1-11/8/2

Director RFMT UNIT August 1, 1952



Since the item has been declared top secret, [could not meet the requirements as to the guard force and other plant protection required for manufacturers of top secret material. Government investigative agencies could examine [patent application and observe his technical setup, yet he could not examine the application of anyone else since the item would be in the secrecy section, to which he would have no access. Through his attorney, will probably direct a letter to the President of the United States, through the Secretary of Defense, outlining the action taken by the Government since the item was first shown to National Defense officials so that will be on record for research expenditure deductions in connection with his income tax. 10. The counter-measure switch, for which a patent, is proceeding and it appears a patent will be granted has applied for

The foregoing is submitted for the information of the Bureau.

Classified by 24

Pregnt from GDS, Calegory 2

Pale of Declassifier as - Indefinite

ET HOARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

U }	TO : Mr. Harbo PH DATE: October 6, 1952
U)	FROM: I. W. Conract ECRET JUNE b6 b7c
M	SUBJECT: Full UNIT DEVICE DOTE - Lace - Clerk Clark Cl
(U)	This is to record the installation of 2 RFMT units in the New York field division.
	On 9-30-52 SA C. K. Corbett completed an RFMT installa
	tion on telephone extension 1502 located in suite 1502 Hotel Warcy, 95th and West End Avenue. NYC. This suite is occupied by
(U)	one a subject in Bufile 100-352386)
	hotel.
	on 10-1-52 SA Corbett completed an RFMT installation of the residence of telephone ACademy 2-7945, located in
(U)	NYC. (Bufile 100-362260)
1	The attached drawings reflect the wiring details of the \int installations and copies of written instructions as well as drawings
E	covering these installations are being retained in the Laboratory. Copies of these drawings and instructions were furnished the technically
(U) -	trained Agents in the New York field ôffice for their assistance and guidance in the proper maintenance and the discontinuance of the
	surveillances.
	As a matter of interest, on 10-1-52 a conference was held with Assistant Director E. J. Connelly, Supervisor Warren Marchessault, a
	member of his staff and John Fleming, number one man on the Technical Installation Squad, New York field division, and SA C. K. Corbett of
	the Laboratory. During the conference the Watt installation was discussed with Assistant Director Connelly who felt that the installation would be secure. Mr. Connelly advised that the previous
	installations, namely and installation which installation was installation by SA Corbett in Chicago field division
(U)	during the month of July, 1952, are all working satisfactorily. He felt that the coverage afforded by the use of the RFMT unit was
	extremely good and appeared enthusiastic about any such installations.
	ACTION .
. H	None. This is being submitted for record purposes only.
v	Attachment RECORDED - 24 SECRETO - 130
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b6 Per the FBI b7C

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum

Office Interior without of Chiled States Government
FROM : I. W. Conract SECRET JUNE DATE: October 20, 1952
SUBJECT: PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT AGENCY RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELFPHONE
REFERENCE Of it a source Reference is made to Mr. Ladd's memo to the Director dated 10-15-52 recommending attendance of Bureau representatives
at a demonstration of Physical Security Equipment Agency equipment on the morning of 10-20-52.
In accordance with Bureau instructions Messrs. Conrad, Pfathan and Webb of the Laboratory attended the demonstration in question. Col.
McCoy. Director of Physical Security Equipment Agency, indicated that a team of 5 men headed by Technical Director of Physical Security Equipment Agency, was proceeding to Europe within the very near future to
demonstrate and discuss security equipment with U.S. military officials. Following this brief introduction, proceeded to discuss for approximately one hour burglar alarm systems, methods of making identification badges, concealed radio equipment, surreptitious entry into locked
file cabinets and related matters. No equipment was discussed or demon- strated which was not already known to the Bureau.
On the basis of the discussion which occurred and the equipment-demonstrated, there appeared to be nothing which would jeopardize Bureau investigative techniques or security if presented to appropriately cleared personnel in Europe. However, in looking around the room at the equipment
on display, there were available sample telephones which had been modified to afford microphone coverage when not in use as a telephone. This equipment was not discussed by Gust, but in response to a specific
inquiry, I was advised that all equipment in the room including the tele- phones would be taken to Europe. One of these telephone instruments was labelled "Capacitor Bypass". Upon examination and inquiry after the
meeting, it was ascertained that this instrument had been modified by connecting a small condenser across the telephone switch. Although not specifically so stated, it appears that this instrument would have to be energized by a radio frequency signal. Accordingly, there is every
indication that the RF technique, which has been classified top secret by Executive Order, will be among the items to be discussed abroad by PSEA. It is considered that this could and probably would jeoperalize the
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recommended that Liaison appropriately advise Accordingly, it is recommended that Liaison appropriately advise and General Carroll of OSI concerning the above. It is noted that OSI

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copy:nem

Sy

SAC, Miami (66-1266)

October 8, 1952

Director FBL (80-760)

JUNE - CONFIDENTIAL

RFMT UNIT "UNKNOWN SUBJECTS, Bombings of Carver Village, Edison Center, Miami, Florida, 9-22-51 and 11-30-51, CIVIL RIGHTS

Reurlet 10-1-52.

Bureau will not give fa orable consideration to request for RFMT unit at the present time in absence of detailed information indicating fully the desirability of the use of this specialized equipment.

CC - Mr. Rosen

RTH: kmb-

SECRET

Classified by 24 for Exempt from GDS, Category I ...
Date of Declass'fication - Indefinite

62 OCT 24 1952.

ORIGINAL FILE IN

COPY:nem

Director,

October 1, 1952

SAC. Miami (66-1266) ATTENTION: LABORATORY

RFMT UNIT

ULTER SONIC LISTENING

It is requested that this office be advised whether or not an RFMT unit and the necessary technical assistance is available at the present time. Consideration is being given to the use of this unit in connection with the matter entitled "UNKNOWN SUBJECTS, Bombings of Carver Village, Edison Center, Miami, Florida, 9-22-51 and 11-30-51, CIVIL RIGHTS."

Prior to requesting authority from the Bureau it is desired to ascertain whether this unit is available.

Your immediate reply isrrequested.

WLR: JHK

PERSONAL AND COMPIDENTIAL

NOT RECORDED 71 OCT 17 1952

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Classified by M Exempl from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorandum • united states government $^{^{\circ}}$

	•				,
TO :	S MR. HARBO	1 alla	D. Triens	ATE: Jan. 8, 1	.953
FROM :	I. W. CONRAD	Mr DEC	REI JUNI	F. 12	/m/
SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASU	7	3		Tolson
<u>SYNOPS</u>	SIS ,			No.	ulavin sier A
on the	e telephone of t	, 1953, a count he private line the time of in	;		Yelmont
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additi <u>DETAI</u> I	ional phones.				Julian
instal rnstal of telepn which	At the instr led on January Lation of the c cone instruments were extensions re equipment was	in Washing ountermeasure of Mr. Pj which were not from	e private line yton. At the on the private fafman observe t private line switchbo	telephone of time of line instrumed two additional controls of the control of the controls of the control of	nent onal out
carrie the te tion w with r aspect of a r the te the sw outsid	As you know, ag of a telephoned on over the lephone-microphonen the telephonespect to local is of using the lephone line at lephone line at lethe building. If private line lethe building.	ine in question one from being ne is not in us building swite telephone instr at the listener some point wit sions ordinaria (This limital service since	telephone contain, but is into used to pick see. You will choord extens rument for micronormally, must hin the build by do not phystion does not	versation being anded to prevent also recall to since the test of	ng ersa- chat chnical cage s to ince
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S	CORET
Memo to Mr. Harbo 1/8/52 17	ountermeasure on telephone of
	countermeasure equipment on such uments. However, in the absence of
it is felt that the	Purcouseres existing in
additional switchboard tele	phone instruments in room,
further noted that addition	glowitch phone purposes. It is
in the absence of information within these rooms, no record	on indicating the need for security
these instruments is being n	nade.
Accordingly, unless	the security of is
it is recommended that the	inate the possibility of the use of for clandestine listening purposes, Bureau consider the desirability of
	ermeasures on two such instruments ere the already protected private line
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

.COPY:sew

prom

December 16, 1952

Mr. Harbo

SECRET

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

REMT COUNTERMEASURES

Reference is made to memo dated 9-18-52 captioned as above and setting forth the changes necessary for the installation of RFMT countermeasures on 500 type telephones. It has been determined that on the Western Electric 500D telephone wire color codes and other changes reduce to a minimum the alterations required to install a countermeasure. The changes are as follows:

- 1. Remove slate from "L2" and put on "R" of the network.
- 2. Remove slate yellow from "L2" and put on "C" of network.
- 3. Remove slate brown from "C" network and put on "L2". Steps 4, 5 and 6 have been eliminated.

ACTION:

None. This is an informative Bureau report and should be sent to file.

CKC: vrh

80-781

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Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

5 F MAR 2 1953

ORIGINAL FLED IN 80-781-6

DIRECTOR, FBI (91-5535)

SECRET

December 10, 1952

SAC, Boston (91-522)

JUNE

ROBINK

RE: RFMT

OUITYASONIC LISTENING Device

ReBulet to Boston dated October 30, 1952 regarding authorization for detailed survey as to the use of the REMT coverage on chief suspect in the case.

A detailed survey was conducted and reflected that the suspect is the ring party and has two telephone instruments, both being 302-G subscribers sets.

Extensive investigation in the area of the suspect's home was conducted, keeping in mind the security required, and no suitable local plant was located within 1000 wire feet of the suspect's telephone instrument. It is, therefore, anticipated that no RFMT installation will be made unless a suitable location is subsequently found, at which time Boston will advise the Bureau.

JMC:mk

80-760- V NOT RECORDED 146 DEC: 18 1952

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Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

56 MAR 2 1953

DRIGINAL FILED IN 9/-5535-9553

DE 33 1025

Mr. Tolson

JUNE

November 4, 1952

Executives Conference

SECRET

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE OULTRASONIC Listening Dev

On November 4 the Conference composed of Messrs. Ladd, Glavin, Tracy, Mohr, Mason, Gearty, Rosen, Belmont and Harbo was advised that the radio frequency microphone telephone unit devised by the Laboratory does not function on the new type of telephone instrument which has been recently released to the public due to minor differences in the electrical circuit.

The Conference unanimously concurred in the Laboratory proposal that ten man days be authorized to conduct necessary experiments employing higher radio frequencies to ascertain whether the RFMT unit can be modified so that it can be employed on the types of telephone instruments on which it will presently not operate successfully.

CC - Mr. Mohr
Mr. H. H. Clegg
RTH: VH

NOT RECORDED

146 DEC 17 1952

ORIGINAL FILED IN PORT 121

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Ladd
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Selsont
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Clavin
Barbo
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Classified by 22
Exempt from GDS Gategory 2
Date of Declassification - Indexes

RB

F MAR 2 1953

COPY:mt

Mr. Harbo

October 30, 1952

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE INSTALLATIONS WESTERN ELECTRIC 500 TYPE INSTRUMENT

SEGRET

REFERENCE

Ultrasonic Listening Device

Reference is made to my memo dated 10-27-52 relative to the above-entitled matter.

DETAILS

In connection with a research project entitled "Technical Surveillance Research" approved by the Executives Conference on 5-29-52, SAIS R.L. Stevenson and C.K. Corbett explored the possibility of utilizing the RFMT unit on the 500 type Western Electric telephone instrument. This type instrument has been recently released to the public by the Bell System

It was determined that the RFMT unit will work on this type of instrument if a jumper is placed between "L1" on the network terminal board and "F" on the network terminal board or between "L2" on the network terminal board and "L" on the equalizer or "B" if no equalizer is used. This jumper shorts out one of the switch contacts which is normally opened when the handset is resting on the cradle. A similar reaction has been experienced when the RFMT unit was employed on other Western Electric telephônes which brôke both sides of the line when the handset is resting on the cradle.

From the above it appears that the RFMT technique using present frequencies can be effective on telephone instruments which break both sides of the line, only if a jumper is employed in the telephone instrument. The use of the RFMT unit would lose its value if alteration to the telephone instrument is required before the unit can be installed. If advantage to use the SPMT unit as it does not have the high security classification presently assigned the RFMT unit.

RECOMMENDATION

Accordingly, it is recommended that 10 additional man days be authorized to explore the advantages and disadvantages of extending the upper frequency limits of the RFMT unit and to determine whether or not by increasing the frequency the unit can be employed on Western Electric by instruments which break both sides of the line.

CKC: vrh

80-781

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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لممر

SAC, Boston (91-522)

October 30, 1952

Director, FBI (91-5535)

Sc-Thoo J



JUNE

RR: RFMÉ UNIT

Reurlet October 24, 1952;

Bureau authority granted for detailed survey as to use of RFMT Unit provided full security of survey assured. In this connection your attention is again directed to No Number SAC Letter V, July 14, 1952, setting forth that this technique has been classified TOP SECRET.

The Laboratory advises as follows:

In order for the RFMT unit to successfully operate certain conditions must exist. The telephone instrument should be a 302 type or a 202 type Western Electric instrument. The plant should be located as close as possible to the subject's residence consistent with security and should not exceed 1000 wire feet from the subject's telephone instrument.

The records of the telephone company should be checked to determine if the subject has a 302 or 202 type instrument. Attention is called to the fact that on message register service the second party uses a 304 type Western Electric instrument which externally appears identical to the 302 type Western Alectric instrument.

It is necessary to insert radio frequency chokes on each side of the telephone line between the working appearance and the telephone instrument. They may be accomplished by utilizing a multiple appearance of pair 924 in cable 4321 and running this connection into the surveillance plant at which point the RF chokes may be inserted. A drop wire may then be run from the plant along the cable spans to the pole at 59 Aptorp St. in Quincy at which point the subject's drop wire may be removed from the terminal pairs in box 115-150 and connected to the drop wire from the surveillance plant.

An alternate installation may be effected by concealing the BF chokes, which are approximately $1\frac{1}{4}^n$ in diameter and $3/4^n$

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thick at the working appearance. A drop wire may be bridged across the instrument side of the choke and run back to a surveillance plant at which point the RFMT unit may be connected.

Your microphone survey report should include information as to whether or not the required conditions exist.

Note:

The RFMT unit is a development of the Laboratory and is a device which permits the use of standard telephone instrument both as a telephone and microphone without the necessity of entering the subject's premises.

Is a possible suspect in the Brink's robbery and an authorized technical surveillance is now in operation on his home telephone. The Boston Office has requested authority to make a survey as to the possibility of installing an RFMT unit on this technical surveillance;

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-24-2011

	DIRECTOR, FBI	IDENTIAL.	UNE.	October 24	, 1952.	
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Grand Jury gard to be increas	one of the charge proceedings are and it is considered and are	concerning to authorized, ief suspects contemplated onsidered es MT installats type of eq, is considered.	which is in the ROI for the in sential the ion. The iupment, where and not fee	developed cechnical call call call call call call call	RFMT Unitation overage of ture, in record ture, in record the SP es entrance	t a
technique is being sequipment	It is therefore rate of an RFMT Unit will operate succession the folland cable facility technical author	on essfully onl owing inform ies, based o	In view of under cereation conce	of the fact ctain condi- erning the	that this tions, then subscriber	re 's
This section proximate residence,	This a two-party 5353 (non-publish Grani on of Cable 14321 ly two miles to a and northwest ap spect's area, from	ed), at te 2-8071 at, which incless group of muporoximately	udes Pair 9 ltiples in three miles	Qui; Qui; Qui; P24, fans w the vicini s to a grou	uincy, Mass ncy, Mass. outhwast ar ty of	n <u>-</u>
Appearance	Terminal	: Locat	ion:	Count:	nes	20
*w.a.	115-150	Pole, -59	Apthorp St	917-932	;937-946	5585-4
wwm.a.	115-35	Wall, -51	Billings F	Rd. 917-932	•	3
m.a.	115-34	Wall, -"	11	" 917-932		13
m.a.	101-20	Pole, -17	9 Billings	Rd917-9	31	3/
m.a.	115-1/1	Basement,	-58 Holmes	st. 910-9	35; 1020-10)년
w.a.	SECHICAL	Pole, -2 G	ordon St.	/ 917-9	26; 1200-12	
JMC:EPL	Exemplified by 24 Exemplified by 24 Exemplified by 24 The of Declassification	10 mg 2 7) — <u>760 — Г</u> т в поля ры 10Vi 7 1952	<u>/</u>		ORIGINAL FI

Appearance	: Terminal:	Location FORET Pole, - 10 Gordon St.	Count:
m.a.	115-85	Pole, - 10 Gordon St.	91 0-926; 1068-1075
m.a.	115-84	Pole, - 16 Gordon St.	923-926; 1068-1073
m.a.	115-83	Pole, - 28 Gordon St.	919-926; 1068-1075

* Working apppearance multiple appearance

From a description of the suspect's instrument furnished by interviewing Agent, it is believed that it is a standard 302 type subscriber's set. Upon authorization from the Bureau regarding a detailed survey, the exact type of instrument will be obtained from the Telephone Company records.

Additional detailed information is undoubtedly required and it is requested that the baboratory immediately advise Boston as to what information is necessary so that consideration may be given to obtaining same, keeping within the limitations demanded by reference letter, and also limiting contacts with Telephone Company officials to a minimum, in view of the top secret classification of this Unit.

In order to arrange for an appropriate plant it is also request ed that the Laboratory advise if this Unit can be operated from a multiple appearance; if it is required to place equipment directly in series with the subscriber's line; the distance of the plant from the suspect's instrument for adequate coverage, and any other pertinent facts to aid in a detailed survey and consideration of the feasibility of such an installation.

This particular section of Quincy, Massachusetts was an old established residential area. However, in recent years there has been an increase in available dwellings and therefore increased requests for telephone service, but, at the same time, no increase in telephone facilities. In view of this, spare cable facilities are difficult to obtain and in this instance no spare pairs are available in the working box or any of the numerous multiples, making it necessary to run an open loop some three to four city blocks along from Pair 924 at the multiple appearance, on a pole at to the nearest available spare, Pair 940 on a pole at

In view of the running of the Statute of Limitations in this case, and the contemplated Grand Jury in the very near future, it is necessary that this office be advised immediately concerning the Bureau's views in this matter in regard to the authorization for a detailed survey of instrument and cable facilities and the use of the RFMT in this instance.

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Besch

Mr. Harbo

SECRET

October 27, 1952

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE INSTALLATIONS
WESTERN FLECTRIC 500 TYPE INSTRUMENT

SUMMARY Witra Sonic Listening Device

On 5-29-52 Executives Conference authorized project to determine alterations required in adapting Western Electric 500 type instruments to various microphone techniques employed by the Bureau at present. Details concerning alterations and remodeling required set forth herein. This instrument does not lend itself to alteration and/or installation of existing Bureau microphone-telephone techniques; however, with alterations outlined herein adequate coverage can be obtained.

PURPOSE

To report the completion of the technical surveillance research project on the Western Electric series 500 telephone instrument by Special Ajents Robert Lewis Stevenson and Charles K. Corbett. This project was authorized by the Executives Conference 5-29-52.

SCOPE

This research project included RFMT Countermeasures, the results of which were reported in my memo dated 9-18-52 captioned "RFMT Countermeasures", 3 and 4-wire Microphone-Telephone combinations, DE switch-hook alterations, remodeling required for SHMT installations and RFMT application which application will be the subject of a separate memo.

DETAILS

4-VIRE MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE INSTALLATION

The following changes are required to use a Western Electric 500 type instrument for a 4-wire microphone-telephone installation.

Individual Line - Bridge Ringer

Remove black ringer lead from "G" on network terminal and place on "Ll" on network terminal.

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Connect the yellow wire from the station mounting cord to the "R", "Y" or "GN" on network terminals and the black wire of the station mounting cord to "B" or "L" on equalizer for sets with an equalizer, or "B" on sets without equalizer.

The yellow and black wires in the station mounting cord are the microphone leads.

The red and green wires in the station mounting cord are the telephone service leads and should be connected to "L1" and "L2."

Party Line Service

Connect the 4th wire in a 5 conductor station mounting cord to "R", "M" or "GN" on network terminal and the 5th wire of the 5-wire station cord to "B" or "L" on equalizer for sets with an equalizer or "B" on sets without equalizer.

The 4th and 5th wires of the station mounting cord are the nicrophone leads. The red, green and yellow wires of the station mounting cord are to be connected on the same terminals as the same colors of the 3-wire station mounting cord.

3-WIRE MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE INSTALLATION

The following changes are required to use a Vestern Electric 500 type instrument for a 8-wire microphone-telephone installation. This technique should not be employed unless the subscriber's ringer is bridged across the line.

> Remove the black ringer lead from "G" on network terminal and place on "Ll" on network terminal.

Install jumper from "B" or "L" on equalizer for sets with an equalizer or "B" with sets without equalizer to "G" on network terminal. Install jumper from "R" to "Ll".

The yellow wire in the station mounting cord should be connected to "G" on network terminal.

The microphone leads are the yellow and green wires of the station mounting cord.

The red and green wires are to be connected, to points and are for telephone Service. Classified by 247

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DE SHITCH HOOK

The following alterations are required to use a Vestern Electric 500 type instrument for a DE switch hook installation. This type of installation should be used on a line where microphone coverage is desired and there are more than one instrument on the subject's line or for microphone coverage on party line telephones.

Bridge Rinoer

Remove slate yellow from "L2" on network terminal and put on "L" or "B" on equalizer for sets with an equalizer or "B" with sets without equalizer.

Remove slate white from "L" on equalizer or "B" on sets without equalizer (if too short tape end and conceal) and " \mathcal{C} " and put on "L3" on network terminal.

Remove slate from "L2" on network terminal and put on "G" on network terminal.

Remove slate from "A" on network terminal and put on "G" on network terminal.

Remove black ringer wire from "G" on network terminal and put on "L1" on network terminal.

Install jumper from "L2" on network terminal to "A" on network terminal.

Install jumper from "L" on equalizer of sets with equalizer or "B" on sets without equalizer to "C" on network terminal.

The yellow from the mounting cord should be connected to "g" and the black wire in the mounting cord should be connected to terminals "RF" on the equalizer or the handset terminal block.

The yellow and black wires are the microphone leads.

The red and green wires are connected to their usual points and are for telephone service Classified by 21 Ti

Party Line Service

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Remove slate yellow from "L2" on the network terminal and put on "L" or "B" on equalizer for sets with an equalizer or "B" on sets without equalizer.



10-27-52

Remove slate white from "Q" on network terminal and "L" or "B" (if too short tape end and conoeal) and put on "L2" on network terminal.

Bemove slate from "A" and "L2" on network terminal and connect to 4th wire in station mounting cord.

Install jumper from "L3" to "A" on network terminal.

Install jumper from "L" on equalizer for sets with equalizer or "B" on sets without equalizer to "C" on network terminal.

Connect 5th wire in mounting cord to "RE" on the equalizer or the handset terminal block.

The 4th and 5th wires of the station mounting cord are the microphone leads.

The red, green and yellow wires of the station mounting cord connect to their usual points and are for telephone service.

SPUT

The following must be completed in order to remodel the notwork of a Western Electric 500 type instrument so that the instrument may be used on a surveillance employing the SPMT unit.

Disconnect all leads to network. Drill out mounting rivets holding network to telephone base.

The complete network must be removed from the case. This is done by bending back the 3 orimped lips protruding above the network metal casing.

The complete network is then put in a container with sufficient water to cover approximately 3/4 of the metal casing and the water brought to a boiling point or until the wax has melted making it possible to remove the plastic terminal board of the network as well as the internal components from the metal casing.

Upon completion of the above a jumper is placed from "r" to "L1" and a jumper resistor from "G" to "L2" or "A" and a .25 MFD 150 %.V. condenser in SP parallel with the resistor. The jumper and the resistor condenser combination should be concealed among the components underneath the network terminal board.

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When repotting the remodeled network Castone should be employed as a filler in place of the original sealing wax. To conceal the alterations a small amount of the sealing wax should be installed in the hole in the center of the plastic network cover.

The complete network should be reinstalled on the telephone base with all of the wires being connected to the original points.

In order to emplete the surveillance the operation and installation procedures previously outlined in detailed instructions to the field entitled "Manual Reset Single-Pair Microphone-Telephone Unit" should be followed.

CONCLUSIONS

The Western Flectric 500 type telephone instrument represents an improvement in design and transmission qualities over previous instruments heretofore placed on the market by the telephone industry. It is obvious from the foregoing alterations which are necessary to provide coverage desired as a present day investigative technique that this instrument does not lend itself to ease of alteration and/or installation.

These experiments reveal the best microphone coverage was obtained with 8 millianperes of current flowing in the microphone circuit. For current lower than this value microphone coverage was curtailed and with current exceeding this value the inherent carbon "hise" became excessive in proportion to the increase in the area covered.

ACTION

For information only. No aution required.

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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Mr. Harbo Kb

1953 January 7.

FROM :

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

SUBJECT:

TELEPHONE SECURITY

SYNOPSIS

conversations, commented, "Are we exploring field for devices might prevent this?"

In response it is noted that we constantly explore this field and have for many years past. As a result of such exploration, we are certain that there are no devices available at present to serve this function, and for reasons set forth below, there appears to be no immediate prospect for the development of a universal solution.

DETAILS

Whereas the present countermeasure device renders a telephone dead and inoperative when the telephone is "hung up", and thereby prevents the picking up of room conversation under such conditions, the telephone instrument - must necessarily be "alive" and operative while being used for telephone conversations with another party. In addition, the telephone conversation necessarily appears (and thus may be recovered) at any point along the wire path between the conversing Therefore, the problem of security against clandestine recovery of a telephone conversation resolves into a problem of either (1) so jumbling the conversation by "speech scrambling" as to make the recovered conversation unintelligible, or (2) providing such physical security to the entire telephone wire path as to prevent unauthorized access to the telephone wires.

Speech scrambling is not considered practical at the present time because approximately a room full of equipment is needed for good security on even a single line, and the restored speech at the receiving end is of poor quality and intelligibility: The less elaborate scrambles offer little or no security, it being noted that the Bureau itself has broken such scrambling in the past to recover original Therefore the only practical approach, and the one currently used by the Bureau, is that of attempting to provide some degree of physical security to the deligione lines themselves, as for example, through the use of frequent but irregular physical checks on the lines and instruments to determine that there are no foreign

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January 7, 1953

have the necessary continuous physical control over the greater part of the telephone wire path throughout the city needed to afford security against unauthorized access to the telephone lines and unauthorized recovery of the telephone conversations.

CONCLUSION

Accordingly, it must be concluded that there is no known practical way at the present time to insure security of telephone conversations and that any discussion of classified material over the telephone involves a substantial element of risk of clandestine interception. Because of the great importance of this problem, the Laboratory will continue to keep abreast of developments in this field in order to insure that any practical improvement may be applied to the Bureau's problems as rapidly as possible.

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Date of Declassification Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64	b7c •.
' Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN	MENT
TO: : Mr. Harbo To DATE: January	15, 1953
FROM: I. W. Conrad JUNE	Tolern
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE; COUNTERMEASURE PATENT APPLICATION	Nichols Belmont Clegg Clavin
You will recall that the patent application prepared in connection with the above-entitled matter is being filed by the Department in the name of John M. Matter.	Mohr_ Tele. Ru Nesse
Chief of the Patent Section of the Department, advised at the time of signing the original application that Mr. Matter was officially entitled to a copy complete patent application. Mr. Matter has requested that the maintain in its files his copy of the application, in view of classification placed thereon.	of the e Bureau
Accordingly, there is attached hereto a copy of the application including the detailed specifications, the drawing the power of attorney. A copy of the assignment to the govern of the inventor's interest in this patent was taken by Mr. Mat at the time of signing, since nothing on the assignment containeference which would reveal the classified nature of the devi	s, and ment ter ned a
A Bureau file copy of the complete application, inclu- assignment of interest, separately is covered in my memorandum 1-14-53.	ding the of
ACTION	
The attached copy of the patent application should be maintained in the Bureau file with the understanding that it so made available to Mr. Matter at any time that he should desire	hould be
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 04-01-2011

SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known, that I, JOHN M. MATTER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Arlington, Virginia

have invented certain new and useful improvements in TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE AND METHOD of which the following is a specification.

The invention described herein may be manufactured and used by or for the Government of the United States for governmental purposes without the payment to me of any royalty thereon in accordance with / the provisions of the Act of April 30, 1928 (Ch. 460, 45 Stat.L. 467).

Justice Dept. File No. 27-4454

SECULITY RECEDENCE - SECULIE

This invention relates to a device or attachment for desk, hand, hand combination, wall, key and other type telephone instruments to prevent using the microphones thereof for picking up or overhearing conversations in the areas where the instruments are located. If a telephone or its associated set of wires is properly tapped, the transmitter (microphone in the mouthpiece) or receiver (microphone in the earpiece) can be rendered operative so as to pick up conversations in the vicinity of the telephone even though the instrument is not in actual use. Successful tapping may be accomplished merely by the installation of extra wires and the application of the necessary current to activate the microphone.

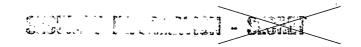
The principal object of this invention is to provide a means and method for completely deactivating telephone microphones at such time as the associated telephones are not in use.

Another object of this invention is to make the means used as inconspicuous as possible.

Still another object of this invention is to provide a microphone short-circuiting switch which will not interfere with the normal use of the telephone on which it is used or with the operation of the equipment in the central office to which it is connected.

The above and other objects of the invention will appear more fully hereinafter from the following detailed description when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings which illustrate representative and preferred forms of the invention. It is to be expressly understood, however, that the drawings are utilized for the purposes of illustration only and are not designed as a definition of the limits of the invention, reference being had for this latter purpose to the appended claims.





In the drawings -

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram illustrating the subscriber's equipment of a conventional telephone together with means for short-circuiting the carbon button microphone at such times as the subscriber's equipment is not in use.

Fig. 2 is a schematic diagram illustrating an alternative embodiment employing separate stacks of switch contacts for short-circuiting both the transmitter and the receiver microphones when the telephone is not in use.

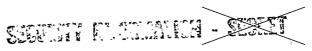
Fig. 3 is a side elevation partially in section showing one arrangement for adding extra switch contacts to the conventional switch hook stack of contacts.

Figs. 4 to 9, inclusive, are plan views showing the approximate size and shape of representative switch spring contacts used in subscriber telephone equipment.

In Figs. 1 and 2 reference characters 1 and 2 denote the subscribers telephone line. The carbon button microphone is designated "Transmitter" and the receiver is designated "Receiver". The other components of the subscriber's station including induction coil, bell, condensers and switches are shown schematically.

The microphone short-circuiting contacts 3 and 4 (surrounded by dotted line: 5) and the connection of these contacts to the microphone leads constitute the departure of Fig. 1 from the conventional telephone subscriber's equipment.

The microphone short-circuiting contacts 6 and 7 and the receiver short-circuiting contacts 8 and 9 and their connections to the respective instrumentalities constitute the departure of Fig. 2 from the conventional subscriber's telephone equipment.





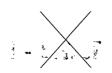
The present invention consists of two or more extra switch contacts similar to or identical with those used in a telephone instrument. These extra contacts may be added to the switch normally used in an instrument as shown in Fig. 1 or they may be installed as a separate stack. The extra contacts are wired in the telephone circuit so that the transmitter (as in Fig. 1) or both the transmitter and the receiver (as in Fig. 2) are short-circuited while the phone is not in use. The act of putting the phone in use automatically removes the short-circuit and restores the instrument to its conventional operating circuit.

This short-circuit across one or both microphones (the conventional receiver is capable of acting as a microphone) renders them inoperative as soon as the instrument is "hung up". Therefore, any tapping of the phone or its associated wires for the purpose of picking up conversation in the area of the instrument is rendered useless.

The switch contacts of this device are made of a spring-type metal which is also an excellent electrical conductor. The cost of the contacts is nominal and they are made in considerable quantity by the manufacturer of telephone instruments.

Standard type telephone switch contacts are used since they are not foreign to existing equipment and will not attract undue attention even by persons trained in telephony. Only those contacts which are found in a particular type, style, or make-up of instrument are used in that instrument which further tends to eliminate the device by unauthorized persons.

The device is completely concealed within the telephone instrument case which must be open before the device can be observed. Even with the telephone instrument case open the switch contacts cannot be detected easily without a physical tracing of the wires.





The device will operate on all types of instruments. The spring tension in the switch contacts is preferably chosen to be such that a short-circuit will be put on the microphone as soon as the receiver or hand-piece is "hung up", regardless of whether the instrument, receiver, or hand-piece is tilted or canted at an angle. By the same token, the angle of the receiver or hand-piece does not affect the conversational operating circuit when the phone is in use because the short-circuit on the microphones can be established only by physically depressing the hook or plunger on which the receiver or hand-piece is placed.

Also in keeping with normal operating conditions, the short-circuit is broken before any of the conventional circuits are established when the telephone is first put in use. When the phone is "hung up" the conventional circuits open as they would normally do before the short-circuit is made across the microphones. Thus, there can be no interference with the operation of the central telephone office equipment as would be the case if the short-circuit could be established independently of the action of the switch in the telephone instrument.

Stubball lies anomabilities of Description

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A device for rendering the microphone of a conventional telephone instrument inoperative at all times when the telephone is in "hung up" position, comprising a switch connected to the microphone leads, and means for closing said switch when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- 2. A device as set forth in claim 1, including a second switch connected to the receiver leads, and means for closing said second switch when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- 3. A device as set forth in claim 2, including means for preventing the closure of said switches except when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- li. A method for rendering the microphones of a conventional telephone instrument inoperative at all times when the telephone is not in use in its normally intended manner, which comprises applying a short-circuit to said microphone at such times as the telephone instrument is in the "hung up" position.

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SECURITY INFORMATION - SECURI

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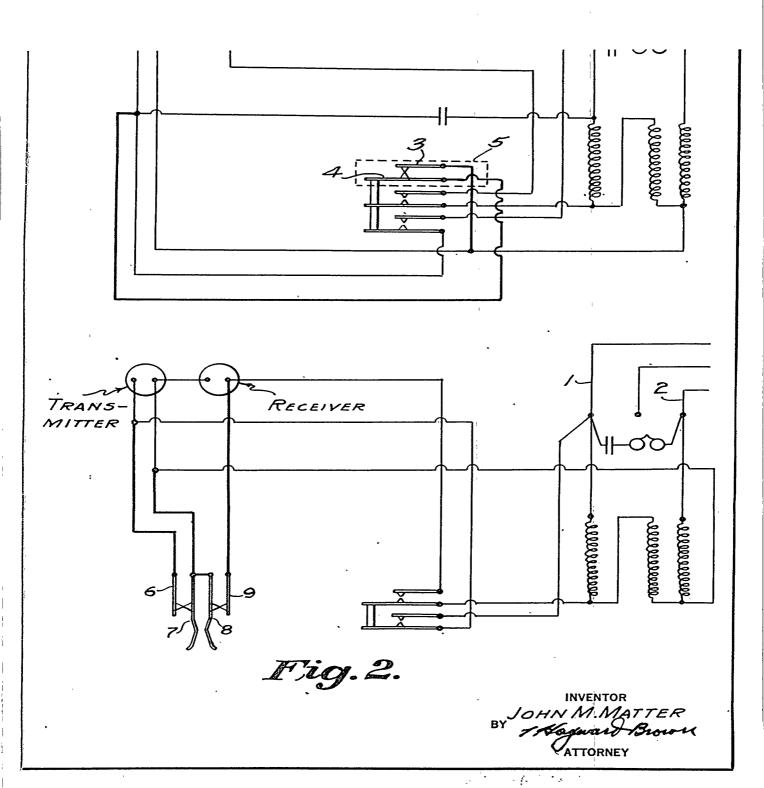
OATH, POWER OF ATTORNEY, AND PETITION

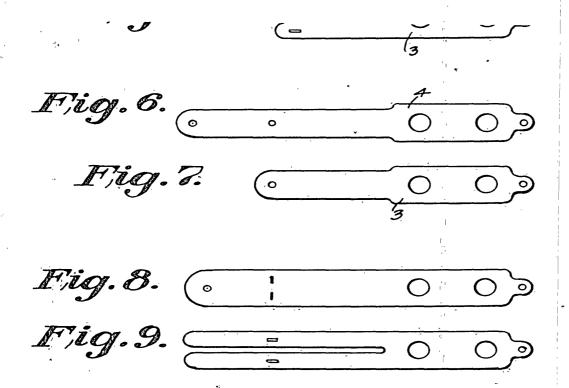
Being dul	y sworn, I, JOHN M. M	ATTER	-		
	that I am a citizen of_		ates	,	residing at
	Street, North, Arl				2 0 1
	ing specification and			the original	; that I have
inventor of the	invention or discovery	in IELBERONE	COUNTERMEASUR	S DEVIDE AU	ID. METHOD
or used before in any country lition, or in publichat this inventan application; and	laimed therein; that I d my invention or discove before my invention or ic use or on sale in the tion or discovery has r filed by me or my legal i that no application for wes or assigns in any co	ery thereof, or particle discovery thereof e United States for not been patented I representatives or patent on this	tented or descri- c, or more than or or more than one y in any country f or assigns more invention or dis-	bed in any prine year prior to oreign to the than twelve covery has be	rinted publication r to this applica- this application; we United States on conths before this een filed by me or
And I here	irrevocably by appoint T. Haywa	rd Brown, of t	he Department	of Justice	, Washington,
	* *_				1,2
•	the foregoing specificated claims, oath, power ofday ofday	of attorney, and t		- 1	to the foregoing
* •		• *		*	
	Inventor	John	Middle initial	Matter	Last name
•			Street, North	pic o oot.	
	Post Office Address	Arlington, V	design to the		
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to me known to b instrument in my	personally appeared e the person described presence, and made cat and year aforesald.		lication for pat		
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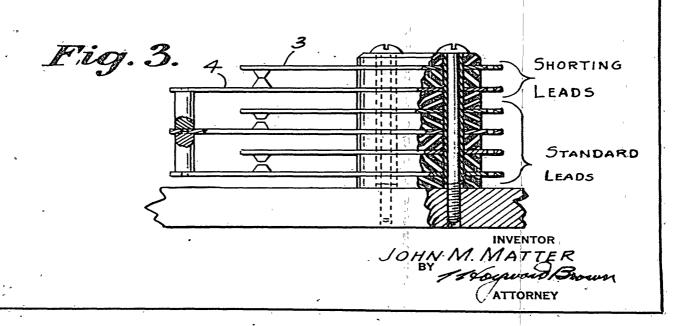
This form may be executed only when attached to a complete application as the last page thereof.

Approved Single Signature Form Sole inventor

The Community of the Contract
1/ 5







Office Memorandum . United States Government

CHILED SIMILS GOARWEIGI
DATE: January 14, 1953
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modified telephone switch type
on now has been completed by the ted to be filed within the next few
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e copy of the patent application noluding:
cifications
wings er of attorney
ignment of title to the government
orimal of the rough draft notes and rnished by the Bureau to the and used as a basis by the Department paration of the patent application.
re reference.
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The state of the s
A - I PUBLIS

The Attorney General

January 13, 1953

Director, FBI

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SECURITY CHECK YOUR RESIDENCE TELEPHONE

Vet asonic I have been advised that a Laboratory technician examined the telephone facilities serving your residence and found them free of any clandestine connections; nor was there evidence of such connections having been made within the recent past.

The technician discovered a condition in the outlet box scrving the telephone instrument on the first floor which could have been responsible for the failure to get dial tone, weakening of the conversation volume and noise on the line. The technician made a temporary repair and called the condition to the attention of Mr. R. F. Richardson, Telephone Company Wire Chief, Emerson-Woodley Exchange, telephone Metropolitan 7-9900, extension 541. The Wire Chief advised he would dispatch a repairman to your residence to make the requestry repairs at a time convenient to He has issued orders to have all of the equipment in the aentral office checked to protect against your getting wrong numbers or receiving incorrect incoming calls.

CKC: kmb

MAILED 2

RECORDED - 28 80-760-131 , Eg. W 25 6 pl Mal DEPLOF JUSTICE BOTOBAIC Classified by Z Exempt from DS. Category 3 Date of Decime Undefinite JAN 1 & 1853

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

FRÓM: Mr. Harbo

DATE: January 7, 1952

SUBJECT:

COUNTERMEASURES INSTALLED ON TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS OF BUREAU OFFICIALS IN THEIR

OFFICES AND RESIDENCES

Ultrase, a distering Derice

There is set forth a list of countermeasure switches which have been installed in the phone instruments in the offices and residences of Bureau officials:

Name	Justice Bldg Office		er of nes		Number _Phone	of granten
	Rms 5645 and Room 5748 Room 5740 Room 5638	5647	3 1 1 <u>1</u>	Residence Residence Residence Residence	6 2 3 2	g m m matter
	TOTAL	,	6	TOTAL	13	

You will recall that this countermeasure is a modified telephone switch so wired as to render the mouthpiece "dead" when in the "hung-up" position, thereby preventing clandestine use by an enemy of the radio frequency technique for activating these telephones for microphone listening coverage. You will also recall that the security afforded by the installation of countermeasures is dependent upon the physical security subsequently afforded to the modified telephone instruments, since unauthorized access to a protected instrument could result in tampering or even in voiding the protective function.

ACTION

None. This list has been prepared for recapitulative information purposes only.

80-760

JMM: wrh: np p

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

January 5, 1953

Mr. Tolson Mr. Ladd ... Mr. Nichols. Mr. Belmont. Mr. Clegg... Mr. Gjavin. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tracy, Mr. Laughlin. Mr. Mohr. Mr. Winterrowd. Tele. Room ... Mr. Holloman.

Miss Gandy.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

Countermeasure on Telephones

Herbert E. Brownell

In connection with the attached memorandum concerning the countermeasure installed on telephone, you noted: "Let me have a memo explanatory of what it does & does not do."

There are two ways in which a telephone instrument can be used to obtain intelligence. One of these is the conventional telephone tap in which connections are made to the line in some remote point to hear conversations over that telephone line. There is no simple means by which many miles of telephone line not under the control of the subscriber can be protected to afford absolute security of his telephone conversations.

The second method of using the telephone instrument is to convert it into a microphone which will pick up conversations within the room where the telephone is located even though the telephone is not in use. The radio frequency listening device developed by the Laboratory is one method of so using the telephone instrument. The Laboratory therefore developed a countermeasure in the form of an alternate switch so that when the telephone is hung up and not in use it cannot be converted into a microphone by the radio frequency listening device or other methods known to us. The countermeasure device therefore protects against the use of a telephone instrument as a microphone within the area where it is located.

[NDEXED - 53 PROPERTY STATES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

REGORDED - 53 The countermeasure equipment has been installed on instrument in apartment which is connected to the private line. While making this installation, Special Agent Pfafman in the Laboratory noted that there were two other instruments in the room and even though they are dessisusceptible to conversion to microphone than the private line, the Laboratory is submitting a memorandum recommends ing that countermeasures also be installed-on-those phones.

Exempt from GDS, Cafegory Date of Doctor Chian - Indefinite

JAS:arm

Office Memorandum • United States Government

To : Mr. Harbo Ref.

DATE: January 2, 1953

FROM : D. J. Parsons

SECRET

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SUBJECT: OUNTERMEASURE OF TELEPHONE OF

In accordance with the instructions of Mr. Ladd, SA Pfafman of the Laboratory this afternoon installed a countermeasure on the private telephone line of in his suite at

The countermeasure installed was the altered switch developed by the Laboratory which protects against the radio frequency device and other means of converting the telephone to a microphone for the purpose of overhearing conversations within the area. It, of course, does not protect against the line being tapped to overhear conversations over the telephone line.

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explanatory of what do.

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Exempt from 1918, Colegory 2

rasonic Listening Device

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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	то [†] : <u>М</u> r. На	rboPA	_	DATE:	January 28, 1953
	FROM : I. W.	Conrad	SEGRET	***************************************	Tolorn
1	SUBJECT: PATENT ULTRAS	APPLICATION;		June	National Property of the Parket of the Parke
M			Y-		OlavinBarto
	This a of the Departme	fternoon, I r nt of Justice	eceived a call f relative to the	rom pa <i>tent appli</i> e	Cations Nobr
			ment for the FB1 he countermeasur		ultra- Tolo. Fm
,	respectively.			,	· With
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	bility to these	patents of t	he so-called Inv	ventions Secre	
	of some Preside	ntial Directi	ffice that the F ve indicating of	therwise, did	not recognize
	the Department therefore did n	of Justice as ot consider t	a "defense agen hat a request fr	icy." The Pat rom the Depart:	ent Office ment invokina
•	the Inventions	Secrecy Act f	or these patents Act requires th	s would be pro	per or binding,
	by the Atomic E	nergy Commiss	ion, the Departm	<u>nent</u> of Nation	al Defense, or
	to approach the	Secretary of		early date in	that he planned order to have the
			he necessary req atent application		itent Office
			iscussion of thi		
	reference of th	of the Domest ese patent ap	ic Intelligence plications to the	Division, ina ne Department	smuch as of Defense might
	have 'some undes	irable aspect	s, and further i <u>uld be co</u> nsidere	in view of the	fact that it
	telephonically	requested		iish us with a	memo setting
	some study befo	re solicitino	the aid of the	Department of	Defense as
		pare a memo o	utlining his dis	cussion with	the Patent
	of further advi		would take no fi ureau.	irther action	penaing receipt
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	upon receipt of	the memo faro	m	\$ 80-760	- 141
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Lemorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

The Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

DATE. January 29, 1953

Charles B. Murray, Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division

CEM: RPW: dj

SUBJECT: / Alertronic Protective Corporation

of America, et al.

ULTRA SONIC

Miscellaneous - Information Concerning

As you know, on July 1, 1952, there was filed in the Patent Office an application (Serial No. 306313) in the names of James J. Hill and Ben L. Sutton, Bureau personnel, for a patent upon a Signaling System and Method." At the same time there was filed an appropriate assignment vesting property in the claimed invention in the Government of the United States and representation was made to the Commissioner of Patents that the invention disclosed therein was important to the armament or defense of the United States (See 35 USC 37). The patent application carries the classification "top secret."

LISTENING

The Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (35 USC 181), revised and codified as part of the general patent statutes of the United States, provides for the issuance of a secrecy order by the Commissioner of Patents when notified by the Atomic Energy Commission, the Secretary of a Defense Department or the chief official of any other department or agency of the Government designated by the President as a defense agency of the United States that publication or disclosure of the invention by the granting of a patent therefor would be detrimental to the national security.

In connection with continuing efforts to have the above patent application (Serial No. 306313) placed under the provisions of the Invention Secrecy Act, the Commissioner of Patents has indicated informally that apart from the Atomic Energy Commission and the Defense Department it does not recognize any other department or agency of the Government as a defense agency of the United States, pointing out that no Presidential designation of any department or agency as such has ever been made. Independent examination as well as inquiry of other appropriate Government agencies appears to confirm this to be the fact, although there has been an informal listing of defense activities for particular purposes such as: determining reemployment rights under the Civil Service system.

Inasmuch as the Secretary of Defense was among the officials: mentioned in the President's original order in this matter; it was contemplated that approach would be made to him to sponsor an appropriate. request for a secrecy order with respect to the instant application. Before doing so, however, I would appreciate an expression of any views you may have with respect to this course.

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SECURITY INFORMATION

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

January 27, 1953 THE DIRECTOR JUNE D. H. LADD ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION b6 Per the FBI OF AMERICA, et al b7C HISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING Referral/Consult (ESPIONAGE) DEVICE 215TENUNG ILTRA SONIC SYNOPSIS: Following informa urnished to Liaison Agent by officials on January 27, 1953. Toosin Electronic an Junuary 20; 1953, Engineering Company demonstrated various electronic devices on the premises of the Engineering Research Corporation, Riverdale, Maryland, the President of which firm is Henry Berliner. among the items demonstrated was a listening device believed to be identical with the subject of the Presidential Scorecy Order. demonstrated was a very low frequency receiver which is reported to be a modification of an audio frequency receiver which is reported to <u>bu G</u>eneral "Pete" indicated that y was referred to witnessed the Quesada, V. S. Force, retired. Rerliner who is demonstration. was invited by Berliner gave impression to employee that he is personally acquainted with the Director and indicated that he might give consideration to introducing to the Director. Matter being brought to the attention of Criminal Division of Department and to Office of Special Investigations, United States Air Force. ton Field Office being requested to interview Berliner. DETAILS: Reference is made to my memorandum dated Januaru wherein information was set forth indicating that of the Tocsin Electronic Engineering Company had developed an ultrasonic listening device. You will recall that had a robbery conviction in Pennsylvania in 1934 and had been given a dishonorable discharge from the United States Army in 1932. 65-60731 co - 80-760 SJP:fjb filessified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declassification - Indefinition

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INTITIALS ON ORTGITT

Memo to the Director from D. M. Ladd

SECRET

On Tanuamy Or 2060
On January 27. 1963.
telephonically contacted .
Bureau some recently developed in farmation and the
Bureau some recently developed information concerning the activities of On the same date Papich conferred with
THE SHOP GROUP GROUP CONTRACTOR WATER
WIFE WEUTS
following injurmation was developed by Agent Papion in his interview
with the foregoing individuals.
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Exempt from GDS Category
Date of Biclosoffication - todations

from D. E. Ladd	RET	Referral/Consult
	/ \	
OTION:		
	being brought to the of Department, and also to	A Tha Affina wa -
husical Security Fouinm	ivy and because Colonel	H. M. MaCoy,
was in possession	of Special Investigation of a listening device. a make a demonstration	ns the fact that This delay madely without the knowledge
The Washington	Field Office is being 11 pertinent details co	b6 Per the FB: b7C instructed to noerning the instant
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Exempt from CDS, Category 2

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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

THE DIRECTOR

January 26, 1953

D. H. LADD

JUNE

ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION OF AMERICA, et al MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

b6 Per the FBI b7C

LISTENING DEVICE ILTRA SUNIC SYNOPSIS: '

Referral/Consult Colonel H. M. McCov. Physical Security Equipment Agency, was informed by of Tocsin Electronic Engineering Company on December 22, 1952, that Tocsin has developed ultrasonic listening device. Ultrasonic listening device was subject of Presidential Secrecy Order and given top secret classification August 23. 1950.
of the President's Secrecy Order October 5. 1950. Bureau Laboratory filed patent application for ultrasonic listening device with U. S. Patent Office under terms of Invention Secrecy Act. July 1. 1952. Criminal Division of Department | are being informed of possession of device. Criminal Division is being requested for opinion as to action respecting

Washington Field is being instructed to take detailed signed statement from McCoy in Washington Field Office space rather than Physical Security Equipment Agency space.

PURPOSE:

To inform you of receipt of information concerning knowledge on the part of Colonel H. M. McCou. Director of the Physical Security Equipment Agency, that Togsin Electronic Engineering Company has developed an ultrasonic listening device and to show action being taken.

BACKGROUND:

Michols

Belmont Clegg Clavis

Nolloman

When the ultrasonic listening device developed by the Research Products Incorporated was offered for sale by the head of that organization to Government agencies; it was made the subject of a top secret Presidential Directive signed August 23, 1950. The Department, of Justice was designated as the sole

Attachments 65-60731cc: 80-760 4 Calegory 2 Exempt from GDS Date of Declarification - Indefinite LN: hym

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INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

b6 Per the FBI b7C



agency for contracting for the acquisition of such device for use within the continental and territorial United States, and the Central Intelligence Agency was designated as the sole agency contracting for such acquisition for use abroad.

Referral/Consul
on February 15, 1952, reported
to the Criminal Division that a New York Company, the Alertronic
Protective Corporation of America, was indicated to be engaged
in the manufacture of ultrasonia listening devices which were
the same or similar to the one that was the subject of the
President's Secrecy Order. The leak, according to
could have been who had severed his relations with
Research Products and was working with the Alertronic group in a Washington, D. C. organization known as Toosin Electronic
Engineering Company.
Bry the zreng Company
Investigation disclosed that FII No.
had a robbery conviction in Pennsylvania in 1934, and had been
given a dishonorable discharge from the U. S. Army in 1932 by
sentence of a general court-martial on charges of stealing.
Investigation was instituted of and his
associates, some of whom had Communist associations.
malan daha ad mila 7 1059 tha numany Tahanadany
Under date of July 1, 1952, the Bureau Laboratory, through two Special Agents, filed a patent application for the
ultrasonic listening device under the terms of the Invention
Secrecy Act, and a top secret classification was placed thereon.
wast day was a sold goot on aware if temptout and lemands the same
During the course of the investigation of et al,
an interview was conducted with
of the Physical Security Equipment Agency, who was a close
of the Physical Security Equipment Agency, who was a close business and personal associate of Both and Colonel
H. M. McCoy, the head of the Physical Security Equipment Agency,
Chadhed by 24 4/22 12 CENTS EVIL
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volunteered they felt ____ was completely at a loss concerning the technical details of the device. Colonel McCoy stated that he was completely convinced in his own mind that Alertronic was not experimenting with the ultrasonic listening device which was the subject of the Presidential Order.

DETAILS:

Under date of January 32, 1953, the Office of Special Investigations of the Air Force forwarded to the Bureau a signed memorandum from Colonel H. M. McCoy dated December 23, 1952, concerning a visit which he had paid to the Tocsin Electronic Engineering Company on December 22, 1952. According to McCoy's memorandum, has developed a radio frequency telephone tapping device which was an improvement over the ultrasonic device, which was the subject of the Presidential Order. Sumney demonstrated it for McCoy. According to McCoy's memorandum, he told he would get the matter into channels immediately, since wanted to offer it for sale.

The memorandum prepared by McCoy did not reach the Office of Special Investigations until January 22, 1953.

ACTION:

Since the information now supplied to the Office of Special Investigations by McCoy contradicts that furnished by McCoy to the Hashington Field Office, December 10, 1952, Washington Field is being furnished a Photostat of McCoy's memorandum with instructions to take a signed statement from McCoy in the Washington Field Office and not on the premises of the Physical Security Equipment Agency.

Referral/Consult

Photostats of VcCou's memorandum are being funnished to the Criminal Division

The Criminal Division is being requested to advise the Bureau promptly as to what action can be taken with regard to under the purview of the Invention Secrecy Act or any other Federal statutes. The communications are attached.

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

The Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

February 3, 1953

ATTENTION: Ur. Raymond Pac Whearty

Director, FBI

Clavin Earbo

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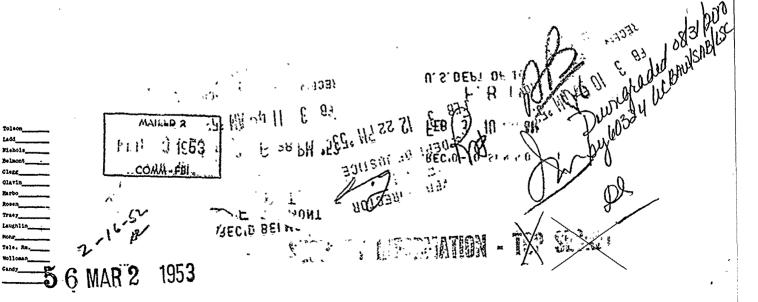
ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION OF AMERICA. ET AL.

Miscellaneous - Information Concerning

Reference is made to the memorandum from The Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, dated January 29, 1953, proposing that inasmuch as the Commissioner of Patents recognizes only the Atomic Energy Commission and the Defense Department as defense agencies of the United States for purpose of the Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 (35 USC 181), an approach be made to the Secretary of Defense with a request that his office sponsor an appropriate request for a secrecy order with respect to certain patents filed by the Department on behalf of this Bureau.

In view of the position taken by the Commissioner of Patents, this Bureau interposes no objection to the course of action suggested by the memorandum of January 29, 1953.

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

à Kritter de la constant de la const			•	
то : MR. D. M.	LADD Die	DATE:	January 28, 19	953
FROM: A. H. Belm	secretary SECR	EI JUNE	1. 06	Folson Id Vic
•	SURE INSTALLATIONS	- <i>y</i>	AL M	ilavio larbo losen racy
Ollitra Sinio L. Reference Mr. Harbo dated Janu	tening Device	<u>ce</u> ,	и ч	inter ou line ou Rm Nioman
Mr. Harbo dated Janu You will recall that telephone instrument				
telephone instrument homes of countermeasure device	Arrangamant	and at the of	fices and doo	, , ,
	rnis projec	t has been compl	eted	
	<i>መኒፔቤ ፔክዶ ዶዮሶል</i> ክታቫሊ	ould make contact	<u>t: 1/1/1 t.h* the</u>	
for the purpose of an installed at their re "O.K by Liaison - noted, "I concur & H	rranging to have c sidences. Concer after January 20	ountermeasure des	1 a a a	·*
Inasmuch as it is bel	lieved that the time	me is night for	by	
for the purpose of plantage of	MARKUL CONTOCT INT	<i>+n</i>		ı
RECOMMENDATION:			Ma čo	
If you appr to ma countermeasure device	ove, the Liaison & ke arrangements for s on their resider	or the Laboratory	act install	
(NOTE: 11)	OS CONTROL SO	Tu	". ta	/
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: January 7, 1953	
FROM: I. W. Conrad SECRET JUNE	
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS	æ
There are attached heretof rive rates atting court	-
a distribution of countermeasure installations. These lists are as follows:	
1. Installations in	
conveyances and other quarters occupied by	
2. Installations in State Department)	
3. Installations in the offices and other	
4. Installations in the residences of and	
5. Installations in	
,	
These lists represent a complete tabulation of the counter- measure installations except for those which have been made in offices	
and of and of and and As you know, the present countermeasure is a model of	
position. To protect the countermeasure devices and the "lung up"	
JUMY WOUND WOULD HOLD BELLEO HOLD THE CONTINUIS OF TO TO TO TO THE THE THE	
distribution of these countermeasures be controlled and limited as much as possible. Where future removal may be indicated, it is considered that removal of the wining alone indicated, it is considered	
switch, would provide sufficient security and it is continued to	•
procedure will be followed whenever the element of time is a factor.	
RECOMMENDATIONS	
1. It is suggested that the Bureau may wish to advise the new administration of the installations set forth in lists 1, 2 and 3 as a matter of information with a view to define the lists 1, 2 and 3 as a	
near future, since the security afforded by the installations in the	*
dependent upon the physical security subsequently afforded to the modified telephone.	
	*
2. It is suggested that the Bureau may desire to institute action looking toward the removal of the countermeasures set forth in lists 4 and 5 as a matter of security.	
Attachments SECRETALL	,
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3. It is further recommended that the Bureau may wish to suggest to an appropriate official of the new administration that countermeasures be installed in the Washington residences of the new Cabinet members after they have become permanently located in Washington.

ADDÉNDUM - January 13, 1953: My views on the foregoing recommendations are as follows: I agree that the new Administration should informed of the instal<u>lations</u> rangements should be made for us to check the installations to see that they have not been disturbed since we initially made them. or - by hission - after Jan 20 I agree that arrangements should be made to remove the countermeasure devices on the residences and other If believed feasible it would be preferable that <u>Liaison make such preliminary contacts</u> prior to January 20 so that arrangements can be made to matter before any of] Washington. A separate memorandum has been submitted advising of the telephonic <u>arrangements made bul</u> Security Officer in the the countermeasure units from the residences of subject to the Director's approval. I do not believe that any steps should be taken looking toward the removal measure units from the residence agneer 2 I agree that the Rurequ should promptly bring to the attention of the desirability of installing countermeasure units in the Washington residences of after they have become permanently located in Washington. The desirability of handling this at an early date is shown by the Security Officer in the indicated that he intends to raise this subject with the RTH: VH Classified by 24 r " from GDS, Category 2 Date of Polissification Indefinite

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Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

90-760-114 URE

TOTAL

55

#2

Inofficials named are those who occupied the offices at the time the installations were made. countermeasures

Room Number	<u>Name</u>	Number of Phones
		3
		2 1 1 2 1
		1 1 2 2
		1 2 1 2

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinite

10-160-144

The following list	reflects the names of who have countermeas		d other
in their offices.	SECRET		•
OFFICE	ADDRESS	INCUMBENT	NUMBER OF PHONES
			2332 2745 2325
		· TOTAL	

Exempl from 6705, Calegory I

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

01-765-141

#4

The followin	g list reflects the names of and	other
	idences, and who may	s
<u>NAME</u>	OFFICE STORES	NUMBER OF PHONES
		4 2 3
		6 · 2
		5 4
		2
		4.
		3
	TOTAL	 35

Exempt from GDS, category 2

Dat the classification - Indefinite

80-760-744

#5



Countermeasures are installed

Exempt from CDS, Category 2
Date of Declaratication - Indefinite

90-934-144

Office Message days	
Office Memorandum • United States Government	
TO Mr. Harba	\$
Paris: January 13, 195	3 /
FROM : I. W. Conrad TO TO THE	
PECKET	整
SUBJECT: ASOUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS D6 Rose	
THE PERIOR OF LAN	blia
b7E Woh Viou Tele	rrowd
Gand	/
Ultrasonio Listening Device	A)
Officer of Security	E
phonically tele-	نے
phonically consucted SA J. M. Matter and volunteered to make while countermeasures in the residences of	Hir
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	· W
Gould stated that shortly after January 20, 1953. on January 20, 1953, and that	
on January 20, 1953, and that will endeavor to	4
ananta bureau Agents may have access to	
Countermeasures possibly on January 19 7053	
personnel to gain access to Fronte la defents, for Bureau	
short time after January 20, 1953.	
Asired to install countermeasures and whether the Bureau de-	ı
sired to install countermeasures on the residence phone	ļ
e. Wa	ļ
	,
mas changed the installation undoubtedly would be made. advised that he would bring this subject up with the	†
installations in the case personnel to make these	
is davised to the contrary.	! '
N 780-760 RECOMMENDATION: That the Tabourt	No.
Jim: VH and pon receipt of appropriate	
from Security Officer in the Office of the	
1-Mr. Nichols	11,2
KECURDED-45	1
12. NO action will be talk bearing and the second	
WW (coming) Pestuences of the in-	
been cleared through the second	
Classified by A 1	•
was bress and on this	M

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	v.				
	TO MR. D. M. LADD	DATE:	January	<i>30,</i>	1,953
لمو	FROM: A. H. Belmont SECRET	JUNE	MR		Tolaga Lady Nichols Nich
,	SUBJECT: ACOUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS		110	÷	Rosen — Tracy —
	"Witrasonie Listening Device	Sw Sw	La grande	ngeome	Nohr Winterrov Tele. Ru
	The attached memorandum to Mr. Harbo dated January 7, 1953, reflects the countermeas placed on the telephone instruments at numbering approximated and 17 for by Mr. Tolson and the Director that Liaison make the installations be removed from the residence and replacements put on the res	from ure i ely 2 It e arr s of	Mr. Conra nstallati and for has been angements the outgo	appr whe	reb.y
				·	
	With reference to this entire matter Chief Communications Officer, White House, contafternoon (1-30-53) and stated that the manu te in	acted Lepho whi d jug uite now s asure eau t	Mr. Roac ne instru ch contai gled abou possible o covered Special C installa o make an	cNal h th ment ned t wi that ouns tion imm	is s the thin many el s ediat
	McNally stated that the offices would after 6 p.m. on Monday, February 2, 1953. RECOMMENDATION:	be o	pen for i	nspe	ction
	It is recommended that we comply with earliest possible moment and that the Laborator the necessary arrangements.	this y3be	request advised t	at t o ma	he ke
	RRR: 1w			t	
\	CC - Mr. Harbox ster e MNDEXFDA57 Arrange Soch all y b. His work 2/2/52 Classified the state of Description - Indefin	180-	760-1	46	
00	Arrage Sochald Classified to Market Society 2	5	B 11 1953		
A G	Tole un viention - Indefin	nite	W		

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	33			
(م	TO : Mr. Harbo	RET	DATE: February	6, 1953
200	SUBJECT: SECURITY CHECK AND C FOR VICE PRESIDENT N	OUNTERMEASURES XON	June 1	lace
,	Mr. Pfafman of the Legat 1 pm on 2-6-53 in Rolling to the technical section telephone lines in his office relative to the installation private telephone in	om 361, Senate <u>Off</u> urity check on and at his reside of countermeasures	nce and also	
ning Jeri	During the afternoon lines within the office prope within It is noted unlisted the second floor and on the for floor a cable was connected es	r, within and at and at number from the operate floor. In the attention the unlise	ffice multiples he box on the j ted number REpo	s on fourth ublic 7-
Liste	represents previously listed	his connection was service into that	room.	oparently
1.000	A complete telephone off the Capitol switchboard Na and 1526. These were clear in	4tional 8-3120, na:	de of four exte mely 1142, 1149	ensions 9, 1235
*	Arrangements were made extension in her apartment, Response 2-8-53. She indicated the office a short period on 2-9-53 constalled in the 2 instruments	oom 718 <mark>, 2000 Conn</mark> fice would probabl at which time the	ecticut Avenue y be available countermeasures	at 2 pm again
	The off-premise extending and Dupont exchange and for all work at the residence working hours of the telephone contacts and the conspicuousne of hours the Dupont exchange chours resume on 2-9-53.	lindicated she wo at a later date. company, the avai ss of working on t	uld make arrang In view of th Llability of th Eelephone equip	gements e normal e Bureau ment out
	ACTION No action. Progress	report.Matter will i	be handled.	ta
	RFP: vrh Classified by Exempt from Date of Declas	CRET. GDS 100 For Indefinite O'S)	80-760 - 14/ 88 FEB I	7
4		• ::		-07 to

Office Memorandum • united states government

	JJ
1/2	TO : Mr. Harbo Pate: February 9, 1953
	FROM: I. W. Conrad DECRETATION OF SHAPE IN SHAPE
	SUBJECT: INSTALLATION OF COUNTERMEASURES ON PHONES AT WHITE HOUSE AND EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING
7.34	Reference my memo to you dated 2-5-53 regarding above subject. On 2-6-53 J. M. Matter, R. L. Stevenson, R. E. Busey and J. F. Sommerville installed 13 countermeasures in the West Wing of which completes the job there. In addition. 2 countermeasures were installed in the main making a total of 15 for 2-6-53. On 2-8-53 Matter determined by a survey of the main needed.
20	Number of installations requested. 116 Number of installations completed in
en!	1951 and 1953. Number of installations still to be put in
187	in and the main 55
2 7	ACTION
	None, for information only. Installation work proceeding.
1.142.50	JMM: vrh 3 - 260
201	
	ta de la companya de
	RECORDED-130 80-260-148
ŧ	RECOURSE FEB 12 1755
	CECRET
200	6:FFB 17 1953 Classified by 21 Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

r	TO: Mr. Harbo Vie DATE: February 10, 1953
ور می	FROM: I. W. Conrado SECRET
92	SUBJECT: YTELEPHONE SECURITY CHECKS AND COUNTERMEASURE
	INSTALLATIONS FOR VICE PRESIDENT NIXON OLAVIA
	SYNOPSIS Ultra-SONIC Listening Device
	A security check was made on all telephone instruments, Tale in
	terminals and wires supplying service to the residence and office (Room 361,
	on 2-6,8,9,10-53. No indication was found of any tampering. All lines have a number of multiple appearances. Countermeasures were
	installed on all 4 instruments at the residence, on both instruments in the office and on the private line instrument in the office of
	there of the product the product the constant of the constant
	DETAILS
	A security check was made by SA R. F. Pfafman of
	unlisted office telephone, RE 7-3663 on 2-6.8.9-53. Resides of
	extension appearing in the office of an off-premise extension also appears at the residence of
L	
_	The working appearance at the is in the third floor house terminal box located immediately across the corridor
	from nd the working appearance at is in the house terminal box on the
	and in the basement master terminal box
	at this address.
	Multiple annearances of this line are located in the house . terminal boxes on
	and in the basement master box of
	Arrangements are being made with the telephone company to re-
	assign the house pair in the for the unlisted telephone line to a non-multiple pair. The telephone company is also
	being contacted to do whatever is possible to eliminate the multiple in the basement master terminal box of
	On 2-6-53 a security check was also made on telephone extensions
	1142, 1149, 1235 and 1526 working off the Capitol switchboard NA 8-3120. All 4 extensions work in the house box on the third floor of the
	Extension 1149 multiples on the second and fourth
	floors in the house terminal boxes
	REP: wrh
	NDEXED STORY 2 NOTED 1 2 1053 NDEXED STORY 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinition Recompt from GDS, Category 2 Exempt from GDS
12	Exempt from GDS, tales and Indefinition and Part of Declassification Indefinition and Part of Declassification and Declassification and Part of Declassification and Part of Declassification and Part of Declassification and Declassification and Declassification and Declassification and Declassification and
	en co

b6 b7c b7E

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo

SECRET

February 10, 1953

OLO 10 CAL
on 2.0 10.52 a shook was made of the 2 tolonhorse lings at
The
unlisted telephone KE 7-1555 worked in a pole box along the alley behind
the residence and multiples in 2 nearby pole boxes: namely rear of
and rear of
The second telephone line at the residence is
circuit from the Security Board of the extension
385, ST 3-0333. It works from a pole box at the corner of
and: and multiples in 3 nearby pole boxes: namely rear
rear and rear
The cables in this area are crowded and no possibility exists
of obtaining non-multipling pairs until the telephone company can
install new cable for the entire area.
Countermeasures were installed on all 4 residence telephone
instruments on 2-9-53 by SA Pfafman and Technician W. G. Stevens.
Three instruments are connected to KE 7-1555 and one instrument is
connected to extension 385, ST 3-0333.
Countermeasures were installed on both instruments in
office and on the extension instrument for the
unlisted line located in office by SA Pfafman on 2-10-53.
office by SA Ffufillation 2=10=03.
ACTION
AULLOW
The Takematery wit 77 to 77 on the matter of any main a few
The Laboratory will follow the matter of arranging for
relocation of cable assignments to eliminate multiples where possible as
indicated above. The above information is set out in detail in order
that Mr. Nichols may make the results of the security check available to
the Vice President. In this connection it is noted that all lines were
checked with no evidence of tampering found and that countermeasures
have been installed where requested. It is further suggested that Mr.
Nichols may wish to remind that the countermeasure
is intended to protect against use of the telephone microphone to pick
up room conversation while the telephone is "hung up", and the counter-
measure offers no protection against clandestine recovery of a telephone
neusure offers no protection against clandes tine recovery of a relephone
conversation when the telephone is in active use.
ing in Ser, Of, Blog 1
the of the state o
Min I walk by W. CO CHOIN
mitther in Ser, Of, Bldg, SECRETT

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

τŌ :	MR. D. M. L.	ADD Q	DATE:	February 4,	1953.
FROM :	A. H. Belmo	SECR	ET MX	- V	Tolsen Ladd
subject:	XINSTALLATIO	H U. S. COMMERC N OF COUNTERMEA ITY CHECKS		James !	Glavio Rosen Tracy Lucklin Mohr Tele. Ro. Itolican Gany
Walter Wi	y of Commerce illiams on The irose concern and ines, and of the L	Sinclair Weeks ursday, January ing security of the countermeas ut the details	irector had lunc and Under-Secre 29, 1953. At to the Commerce De ure device on th concerning this has been in cons	tary of Committee distribution time distribution of the Secretary of the project,	erce ices, s
would like	te to have the s at 10 p.m.	tisfacto <mark>ry wit.</mark> Bureau's L abo	ratory men come ebruary 5, 1953,	into his sui for the pur	te pose
counterme Room 5850 In additi	easure devices, and on the con, survey of to	advised that advised that telephones in a lesires telephones a	ones in his imme	tory. desired to h diate office fice, Room 5 ake a comple o a micropho	ave 862. te ne
					F
ACTION: to handle	(80-76.0) Cla	sed to the continue of Declassification - Ind	raffy, the Labora CORDED-1 80-76 DEXED-1		oceed
m 10 10	run 1				

۲	TO: Mr. Harbo
	FROM: I. W. Conrad SECRET June
	SUBJECT: ACOUNTERMEASURES AND SECURITY CHECK TOP
	SINCLAIDA WEEKS
	Reference is made to memo from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd memo dated 2-4-53 setting forth details of desired security check for work. Secretary Weeks.
	On 2-5 6-52 514 7 16 25 14
J	Sommerville performed the following the offices of
, <u>?</u>	
9	Installed one countermeasure switch in the office of with 2 other instruments protected in 1951, this makes a total of 3 protected instruments in
, ζ	2. Installed 2 countermeasure switches in the
2	No previous installations had been made.
70	3. Conducted a complete technical
77	ments and lines within the offices of
્	
CONIC	No No
3	4. Conducted a survey in all of the above offices for micro-
177	phones concealed in electrical fixtures, base boards, air vents, door frames and other likely places. No evidence of microphones was found.
1	A check of the above mentioned in
•	ACTION
	None, for information only. JMM: wrh
•	3
	SPORT SECRET RECORDED-17
	XED-1 180=760 - 151
	Classified by 21 Exercit from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declass. Ticanion - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DEBLUED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 08-24-2011

February 5, 1953

SECRET

2:20

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD MR. NICHOLS

JEHN H, GHLJ

General Cuiler. Special Consultant to the President, booklet about the device. He stated the President was very much interested in seeing the pictures and the General stated he was able to tell the President he had seen the device himself. The General stated he also told him which made him feel better. The General stated the President asked him the paper we gave the General on that "other gentleman." (Ohly) The General sked if I would be able to come to his office this evening between 6:00 and Meeting. I told him I would be glad to and he stated he was in Room 224 of the Old State Building.

Very truly yours.

John Edgar Hoover

JEH:mpd

SPORTI

Classified by 2

Exempl from 60S, Category 2

December of the control of

FEB 16 1953

b7E STANDARD FORM NO. 64 ice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT R. T. Harbo DATE: February 3, 1953 FROM: I. W. Conrad S SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS AT WHITE HOUSE AND EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING Bufile 80-760 Reference is made to my memorandum of January 7, 1953, in which it was recommended that the new Administration be informed of countermeasure installations[associated offices and also that a check of existing installations be made to see that they had not been disturbed since they were originally put in. On January 20, 1953, this recommendation was **人ISYのグ**I ; approved by the Director. On February 2, 1953, Special Agents J. M. Matter and L. Stevenson, in the company of Colonel McNally of Signal Corps Office. made a surney of the needs in was deter mat colonel <u>mcNal</u>ly desi<u>red 38 counter</u>measures to be installed in 28 in Of this total of 74 Colonel UCNAILY expressed the desire that the ones in installed as soon as possible. In telephone changes are still being made. McNally will advise Special Agent Matter when these are completed so that the countermeasure installations will be permanent. was noted that there has been a considerable objects 10f instruments in and with the result that some countermeasure-equipped instruments are now located in offices which Colonel McNally adoes not desire to These instruments will be restored to their unaltered condition by Special Agents when the new countermeasures are installed. 3 1 5 08 AM "5? RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the 38 countermeasures be in-during the even ing of February 4. 1953 stalled in [and that the others in and be installed as soon as colonel McNally Jeels that no further changing of telephone instruments will be made and the counter-measure installations will be of a remanent nature. of butilities of

111

· JMM: kmbr

FEE 16 303

Office I	Memorandum	• UNITED STA	ATES GOVERNMENT
то	Mr. Tolson		
J FROM :	L. B. Nichols	GRET	DATE: February 6, 1953
subject:		When I	Balkont H Glavin Harbo
	While talking to V	ice Provide	CALLE D. Tracy Laughlin Mohr Winterrowdi Tele. Rm.
He though	and out of mutter the t	uted that it app volved in nation I good idea for	peared that he
1 1 10 100 1			ecking the phones in then asked about fixing I him that we would be
ithis aft	Mr. Pfafman went doternoon and handled th	own to the Vicet nese matters.	President's Office
g cc - Mr.	Harbo		
LBN:ptm	Outtra sonie List	tening Devic	eV
in-	,	Shared Sh	·
j.			
•r		,	
*		·	
. e	DUCATE	CORDED-37	tu
W ASS	No INDE	XED-37 18 0 -	8760-153 B 18 1953
5 6 FEB 2 6	Exempt from GDS Date of Declassificati	on Indesing	,
1		•	188

Office Memorandum. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: February 10. PROM FROM I. W. Conrad SUBJECT: NTELEPHONE SECURITY INSTALLATIONS FOR Witra some Listening Device Reference is made to Mr. Nichols memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated 2-6-53 setting forth a request by Vice President Richard Nixon for a security check of his telephones. Tele. Rm The work requested has been completed. A security check was made on all telephone instruments, terminals and wires supplying telephone service to the residence and the office of the Vice President. No indication was found of any tampering. Countermeasures were installed on all four telephone, instruments at the residence, on both instruments in the office and on the private line instrument in the office of It was ascertained that all telephone lines had a number of multiple (additional and unnecessary) appearances. The telephone company has advised that certain of these can be eliminated whereas others cannot because of a scarcity of alternate lines. The Laboratory is arranging to have such multiple appearances removed wherever this can be done. ACTION A detailed memorandum has been prepared for Mr. Nichols! attention in order that the results may be made available to the Vice President. RECORDED-37

SECRET 180-1/61- 154

Example of the Control of the Contro

A From

56 FEB 26 1953

 $M_{M, \wedge}$

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
DAIE: February 11, 1953
Tolora Land
SUBJECT: AT AT
Reference 2-5-53 and 2-9-53 memos regarding above
WITTE SONIE LISTEDING DEVICE
measure switches in the main building which completes
be done is as follows: Work done and still to
Number of installations requested Number of installations requested 121*
and huilding
Number of installations still to be put in and
44
Lt. Col. George McNally, Signal Corps officer, will
contact SA J. M. Matter when the now temporary telephone installations which time work will be completed. Signal Corps officer, will in Signal Corps officer, will are made permanent, at
* *Sinoo a compile ded.
*Since a survey of the main building on 2-8-53, different rooms thus raising the different rooms thus raising the different rooms.
different rooms, thus raising the total installations requested from 116 to 121.
<u>AC TON</u>
None. and building completed
Installation work halted pending advice from building ompleted. JMM: wrh
80-760 Xd
00-700
RECORDED-37.
SECRET, INDEXED 37
MOEXEL
4/34/7
Classified by 21 FEB 18 1953 Exempt from GDS, Category 2
5 FEB 26 1953 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

b6 b7C b7E

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

	• •		\bigcap					
W	то :	Mr. Harb	of the			DATE: Fe	ebruary 5,	1953
,~	FROM:	I. W. Co	nrad	ECRET	J_U_	N_E	ol :	ole on
	SUBJECT:	XINSTALLA ON PHONE		INTERMEASURI AND	ES	121	A. S.	alman last
91	ultra. San	uc Liste	ning Devi	ce			Oat	urbo
	· ·	On 2-4-5 and tech	3 Special	Agents J M.		and R. I		
	installed in		ermeàsu le : f	switches in Wa			ments : 11:30 à ; 1	na had.
,		request	of Lt. Col.	McNalley of this t	of [Signal '	The state of
	requested		ounterme <u>asi</u>	ires in addi	ition to	those he		lon
	will have	e to be in	stalled in			buildi	ng, but st	tated
				<u>the counter</u> n	neasure	installat		
	2-6-53,		morning o	f Sunday, 2-		3 0 0 m 2 m g = 0	J 2 . 42 . 49 g	
	remaining	•	owing indi	cates the wo	•		and that	
				New Installatio	ons lati	Instal- ons Still		l in
		<u>in 19</u>		Regested	<u>Good</u>	(
			30 22	44 8		17 6	. 28 . 0	
			12 0	27 	_	3 0	0	ifunia ⊸
			64	85		26	28	į
		To be <u>Insta</u>		Total When Completed			ī	
	<u>.</u>	1	5 8	6İ 14			/	
		æ	6 t 545	30		¥	-for	
		5	6	111	_		7	
	advises d			lll be made work on tel		is compl	_until McM leted.	Valley
	ACTION		SECRI	TI RECORD	ED-45	80-16	0-156	#
		None, fo	r informat	ion only	ED 45	, a		,
	JMM:vrh		Classifie Exempt	hy 2 mily from GDS Call gory	4	n d	Aules	
5	64-EBO2,	F1953		Declassification - In	,	family	The Park	gmm
	الآمير للسر	2P.O.D	-			:	WY.	71

FEB 25 1953

b7E

February 6, 1953

VIA LIAISON

Honorable Robert Cutler Administrative Assistant to the President Executive Office Building Washington, D. C.

Dear Generalicutier:

I believe you are aware of the fact that a telephone line can be energized in such a manner as to enable a telephone instrument to be utilized as a OUITYA SONIC listening device. It is not necessary that access be obtained to the room in which the telephone is installed. This method utilizes the microphone in the telephone whether a conversation is taking place on the telephone or whether a telephone is in its cradle.

The FBI Laboratory developed a countermeasure to this type of illegal coverage and a number of them were installed in and in [This countermeasure protects only against the telephone instrument being used as a microphone within the room. It does not protect actual telephone conversations. I thought you would be interested in knowing ധാ that arrangements have been made with the Bureau for a total of 61 of these countermeasure devices in the ന and 6 in 30 in There will pe a installations in the since its inception, nec., should there be any questions The matter has, since its inception, been in a top searet. FUED BIRECTOR E JUSTINGE

DOT WENTAL

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SERRET

you may have in this connection. I will be pleased to have you completely briefed.

With assurances of my highest regards, Sincerely yours,

Mars.

	STANDARD FORM, NO. 64	
٠, `	7000 71 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•
	Office Mem	GOVERNMENT has
		50
		b7
1	TO: $MR. D. M. LADD$	February 9, 1959 b7
0	FROM: A. H. Belmonto SECRET	Tolson 6
Bro		uss
	SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE TINSTALLATIONS D. JUNE	GlayIn
	IN T	
		D
	Witrasonic Listening Device	₩. <u> </u>
	The attached memorandum from Mr Conrad to	
		tative to the Nesse
	telephone company in Washington that the Bureau had	placed ()
	certain countermeasures on the telephones in the It was suggested that Liaison determine from the	The state of the s
	from the places the telephone orders with	th the telephone
	company and that the matter of security concerning s	such installations
	company and that the matter of security concerning so be discussed with appropriate of ficials.	The Director
	commented, "Yes and promptly. H"	
		 ,
	Mr. Roach discussed this matter with	China Compat
	Special Counsel to the President; Service White House Detail; and Lieutenant Colonel A	Chief, Secret
	These three persons are the only persons at	who have.
	official knowledge of the countermeasures and their	installations
1	telephones.	
	informed Mr. Roach that he ha	d determined
	it had not been the custom at to wri	te up telephone
	or certain telephone work to be done would notify th	e Chief Telephone
	Operator nerhally (mbo about Telephone Operator un	til recently has
	been After	had conferred
	with and Colonel McNally it was the opinion	on of these three
	officials that if, in fact, any information had been	
	to a representative of the telephone	
	but this fact could not be cussion with her as she is presently "on extended le	
	present duties.	we growner
•••		age of the second
The state of the s	stated that he did not desire	
ENCL		ssing such matters
•	Vas in fact they had not been formally told of the ex	
,	matters but that he would take every possible precauto see that unauthorized disclosures of the existence	
		did not know of
	any other action that he could take at this time and	
	termination of services may solve the	matter.
	RECURDED - 70 80-180-	
	ACTION: None. This memorandum is submitted FEB 20	up53nformation.
	SECRETE PROEXED - 70	MY TAX
•	134/2	0//) // 174
	Attachment Classified by 2 Classified by 2	YK T
į	Exempt from GDS, Categorinite	()
6	Dale of Declassification	

Office Memorandum • united states government

	*					•					
	то	:	Mr. H	arbo	>			DATE:	Februar	y %, 195 3	}
	FROM	:	I. W.	Connad	SECR	E U N	E L	~ Ĭ		M Rosen y	F
	suajec	T:	COUNT	ERMEASUÉ	E INSTAL	LLATIONS	TN		P		
	SYNC	PSIS						,		Olavin_ Harto_[6]	形
	1+076	nhone				measure si ne compan			ai nman		1
	and	ing ta	llers	nown oo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ta	g jorem Lations	-4	sonnel (Date	9
ť	alle	ged t	o nave	indicat	ed to te	elephone work on	companu	rengir		installer	. \$\\
	spec	ral i	nstrum	ents are	used.	Employee ative of	0,f		alleged	d to have	
	coor	perati	on in			rmqasure	equippe	d instr	uments wi		•
73 }	alte	ered c	ounter	m <u>easure</u>		Recommend	ept then	n as sp	ecial		
	hand	lles		tel	ephone o	orders and th approp	d discu		<u>ritu</u> nati		
Ц.	<u>DETA</u>					thy. H	`_ L				
	_ 3					atter leas					
			y's te ion <u>s</u> i		companu	contact :	regardi	ng coun	termeasu	r e -	
	unhác	,	vices			of the			mnany di	strict sonnel	
	had	talke	d to h			nd repair Men done	men <u>abo</u>		fact tha		ı
	by I	$^7BI^{^{lpha}}Ag$	ents.				el dia i		w exactl	y what ha	d
	One	parti	cular	repairma	n of		crew. w		eru canq		ıts
	and	calle	d		attentic	on to the mouthpic	fact to	nat the 1d be s	way the	switch	
	inst	trumen	t was	hung up.		himself treman of	has beet	n aware	of this	special	
				months	ago.		mus				
				on 2-3-5	3, who i	ited that is the co	mmercia.	l'telep	hone com		
				in charg <u>ll</u> ations		itina un 1			r [someone	at the	
	co ;	- Mr.	Keay,		CKU	Li.	- Barri	Metal S	15	\triangleright	
-	JMM:	:vrh	. .	Led by	RECORT	Cotesory	80-	160	- John	M. V	
	80-7	760 M	lem ()		ot from GDS,	tion Indesent	a 13 LEB	20 195 3		1) 200 ()	>
	Ì	1,	1	٠	Esta C	, , , and W			স্ক	— I ".	

Memorandum to Mr. Harbo February 5, 1953 had called him some instruments with "special springs" were missing at and wanted to know knew anything about it. stated that he knew nothing of these instruments. He further indicated that he did not who had called know the identity of the person at of the telephone company district covering thas advised the Laboratory telephone company contact that his workmen <u>while doing a special job before and after the recent inauguration at</u> were told by personnel that special instruments were used in ______ for security purposes.

Several of his repairmen have noted that some of the instruments at for security purposes. are equipped with an extra pair of contacts. (This extra pair of contacts is the one that shorts out the transmitter in heta telephone in the countermeasure switch.) The identity of [personnel who had made the statements could not be learned. told the Laboratory telephone company contact that their installers and repairmen had not disconnected this extra set of contacts but had merely accented it as a new style of switch which was being used in Lt. Col. McNalley of the Signal Corps Office of has been in charge of the countermeasure installations there since they were originally put in in 1951. He is well aware of the fact that the countermeasures are classified. McNalley has indicated to SA Matter that he has nothing to do with writing up the telephone When Agent Matter discovered that some of instruments had been shiftêd around during a survey on 2-2-53 the fact was called to the attention of Col. McNalley who asked whether he should do anything about it. Agent Matter told him that Bureau personnel would handle the location of these instruments and his reply was to the effect that that was satisfactory to him. RECOMMENDATION It is recommended that Liaison section determine who is <u>responsible for initiating the orders for telephone work at </u> ind thereafter take up with the appropriate official the matter of the countermeasure being classified information and the urgent necessity to restrict discussion and knowledge of such equipment as much as possible.

Classified by 24 (Exempt from GDS.

Date of Declassification Indefinite

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

() L
TO : Mr. Harbo WB DATE: February 12. 1953
FROM: I. W. Conrad Di SEGRETI June
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES AND SECULOTING CURRON TOO
Clage Olavia
On 2-12-53 SA J. M. Matter and Radio Engineers
and installed 3 countermeasure switches on the telephone instruments in the content of the content of t
nidaen microphones was made in the most likely locations in
telephone lines was made. These were found to be free from tampering.
#07onhouse #1
his lines also appear in a wire closet on the seventh floor
times: however, members of the chart of the kept locked at all
made more secure if locks were placed that this set up could be
,
<u>ACTION</u>
It is suggested that the Director may wish to advise of the results of this check. It is further suggested be advised of the condition of the that
boxes so that he may decide whather the of the house distribution
installed thereon.
JAM: Orh 3
80-760
Have Disan advise humo
2/19/53 SAW MR. AND REWS AND ADVISED - 71 \ MAR. 3 1953.
2/19/53 RECORDED - 7 \ 80 - 160 - 10/
SAW MR. AND REWS AND ADVISED HIM OF ABOVE ILE IS ADOST INDEXED TO
HIM OF ABOVE HE IS POST INDEXED. 71 APPRECIATIVE HETAID THE BOXES
WOULD HAVE LOCKS IMMEDIATELY SECRET
5 6 MAR 4 1953 101 Exempt from GDS Category 2 Surf
WAN & 1903 Date of Declassification Indefinite.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 09-24-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

80-760-160,161,162 CHANGED TO 105-19581-77X,77X1,77X2

MY APR 16 1953

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

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Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIRECTOR, FE

DATE: February 20, 1953

b7D

C; CHICAGO

RADIO SECTION

RFMT UNIT SURVEILLANCES

"JUNE" STRICTLY CONFIDENTIA

In connection with the above captioned unit, a unit

of which is presently in the possession of the Chicago Office awaiting either return to the Bureau or utilization on a particular job, it is requested that the sound personnel of this office be furnished with information in connection with its utilization.

The Chicago Office has been requested on three separate occasions by the Bureau to conduct surveys with reference to the utilization of the RFMT unit. In this regard it has been necessary to discuss these matters while sound personnel were completely ignorant of operating procedures and other information necessary to prepare such a survey.

It is requested that this office be supplied with information as follows:

- A complete set of instructions as to the manner in which this unit operates and the manner wherein it is feasible to utilize the same in connection with telephone line installations.
- A list of the various types of telephone instruments upon which this unit will function satisfactorily together with a list of such instruments and wiring systems wherein it is impossible for this unit to function.
- A completely detailed setup of the manner in which an installation of this unit is to be made, the manner in which the RF chokes are to be utilized, together with some indication of the various maximum distances at which it might be hoped that the unit will function. In this regard it is suggested that there be set forth

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DIRECTOR, PBI

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such various hazards as might be encountered through improper utilization of the RFMT unit or utilization on a foreign type instrument.

4. Information as to pertinent wiring details, cabling, size of copper wire, and various other descriptive cabling information necessary to ascertain possible application of the RFMT unit together with diagrams which indicate the more appropriate and satisfactory methods of installation under the various cabling systems, including the clear cabling and those of multiple appearances.

With the above information in mind, it is felt that this office can more adequately make surveys and appreciate the difficulties encountered in connection with any future installations of the RFMT units and can so advise the Bureau of any problems which might exist therein. Such information within the hands of this office will result in more efficient surveys and the gathering of appropriate information in order that ensuing installations by laboratory personnel will not necessitate their absence from headquarters over any extended period of time.

SECRET

Classified by 2

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

FROM: R. T. Harbo P.J. Spirit June

SUBJECT:

White a onic Listening Device

Pursuant to your instructions, the countermeasure units have been removed from the telephone instruments in the occupied by the

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RECORDED 58

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. 56 MAR 13 1953

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

The Director

March 2, 1953

D. M. Ladd

ALERTHONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION OF AMERICA, et al; MISCELLANECUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (ESPIONAGE)

Referral/Consult

Ultrasonic Listening Device

In the attached memorandum from Branigan to Belmont dated February 26, 1953, which discussed a conference in the Criminal Division, February 25, 1953, in the above captioned natter between representatives of Justice, Defense, Treasury you asked: and [

The Presidential Directive of August 29, 1950, placing a top secret classification on the radio frequency microphonetelephone devices was drawn up at the suggestion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General One copy of the Directive was made and to maintained in the National Security Council. The Directive states in substance that the Departments of Treasury, Defense,
Shall be the exclusive Justice agencies of the Government responsible for the classification and control of such devices and appropriate countermeasures.

The Department of Justice was designated the sole agency contracting for the acquisition for such devices for use within nationatel and territorial United States.

The Directive stated that the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretory of Defense, the Attorney General should be responsible personally and individually for continuing and close supervision of all activity relating to the control and use of such devices.

RECOMMENDATION:

Vone.	'In 18	£ 3	fgr	your	information.
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	Belmont
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•	Glavia Pile he
	Harbo O. C.
	Rosen Y
	Tracy
	Laughlin
	Make

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SUKITIH) AMIGIBAL WE

SAC, Chicago

Tele. 1

March 2, 1953

REPUT UNIT SURVEILLANCES SECRET STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Reurlet 2/20/53, captioned as above. The Bureau feels that insofar as the conduct of preliminary surveys is concerned, SAP. P. Schneider of your office has had sufficient practical experience to properly evaluate the technical factors involved. For example, the general procedure to be followed in making a preliminary survey is identical to that which was employed in the installation of this technique in the residence of _______ Chicago. However, additional technical information pertaining to this technique is as follows:

It is feasible to use this unit on Western Electric 202, 302 or 304 modified to 302 instruments provided it is possible to insert an RF choke on each side of the line between the central office and the unit not more than 1000 wire feet from the instrument. There must be no long multiple lengths in the cable beyond the working appearance of the subject's instrument. For details of the manner which the RF chokes are to be used you are referred to the drawings submitted your office at the time the unit was installed in the residence of Ben Harmonic radiation from the line is the only hazard experienced with this unit. For the most part this harmonic radiation has been eliminated and if RF power is kept to the minimum, required for satisfactory operation this radiation will notede Metected. If the RFAT unit is grounded it is possible that telephone line trouble will result. The size of copper wire and type of cabling has not appeared critical.

It is believed that with the above information and the practical experience gained in the installation the sound-trained personnel of your office should have no difficulty in conducting adequate preliminary surveys in the future.

CKC: urh:np | SECRET | UK | Se by .23 | Se by .23 | Comm - fBI | MAR 3 1953 | MAILED 30

Office Monogon and deeper

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	Office Internovaliant • United ST FOVERNMENT
	· Albar
pso	DATE: February 18, 1953
y.v	FROM: V. P. Keay Of SECRET
	SUBJECT: XCOUNTERMEASURE DEVICE JUNE
	On February 17, 1953, of the Liaison
	Section called on Postmaster General Arthur Ex Summer field. The countermeasure device was explained to the Postmaster Teles Room.
	General and he was surprised to learn that a telephone instrument
ı	sitting in a room could be used as part of a listening device. The for overhearing conversation going on in that room. Mr. Summerfield
	stated that he most assuredly wanted the Rureau to install the
	countermeasure device on the phones in his office and also the phones
	\at his residence. Mr. Summerfield also asked that if possible, he would like to have the Bureau make a technical check of his tele-
:	phone lines at the office to determine if either of his two lines
,	were tapped.
	Arrangements were made for the Bureau's Laboratory.
	technicians to be at Mr. Summerfield's office at 11 a.m., Thursday, February 19, 1953, for this purpose.
	Tebricary 19, 1935, joi this purpose.
•	While was in Mr. Summerfield's office he
	called the desk <u>clerk at the</u> Wardman Park Hotel, where he resides, and asked that be given a key to his <u>apartment</u> , which
	is 600 I. Upon leaving Mr. Summerfield's office and
-	Mr. Matter of the Laboratory proceeded to Mr. Summerfield's apartment
	at the Wardman Park Hotel, where Mr. Matter made the preliminary survey of the Postmaster General's six telephones for the purpose
•	of later installing the countermeasure device.
	This matter will be handled promptly and you will be -
	advised when the project is completed.
	· ACTION:
	For your information.
	WHH : 100
	SECRET
	Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2
	Chaselfied by 24 Category 2
	Exempt from GDS Category 2 1.
	Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite DEXED 21
	Then.
	56 MAR 12 1953-6/5' 3
	Just M:

per Office Memorandum . UNITED ST

FOVERNMENT

TO F	: Mr. Harbo	DATE:	Februa	ry 26, 1	1953
FROM	: Ur. Jonraa District			1/ 3	
SUBJECT	SECURITY CHECK ON OFFICE.	<u>J</u> <u>U</u> <u>N</u>	<u>E</u>	Delas.	The state of the s
our	Fra Source Lictaning Device			Harbo Roser Tracy Mobr	
	Re 2/18/53, memorandum from Mr. Belmont concerning above subject. On Fe. 1953. SA J. M. Matter and Electrical Eng. installed countermeasures on ojjice (Room 3000)	oruary ineer	<u>18</u> and	· 77	
•	A security check of lines, including White House Extension 74 ST-3-4574, reflected no evidence of tamped House line has no multiple lin	ວກາກຕ	ומה המונו	line	
d r	lines have one or two multiple appearances. lines have one or two multiple appearance floors of the however, are kept secure by locking the doors of	The ot es on t these	her set	or 5th	
r	closets in which these multiples are local RECOMMENDATION:	ited.			
ī	That be advised of the countermeasures and the results of	of the s	e insta ecurity	llation check.	
t .	JMM:np, 80-760		,		
st.	1 - Mr. Bartlett ck-hiasion	uud	le		المراجعة الم
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3/3 H	indled of the ONE ON THE ORDER				
f 1	SECRET WHEN THE SECRET	80-	760_	167	; ;
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. 8	6 MAR 1 2 1953 Date of Bil axistication Indefinite		Mio	•	

	Office	$M\epsilon$	morand	um •	UNITED	STATES G	OVERNMEN	T
	то :	Mr.	Harbo Wo	District Control	YOU IVEY	DATE:	February 10	1,053
رم	FROM:	I.	WHOOmrad —	SEX	RELL	<i>J_U_N_E</i>	Marie de	lolera de la companya
<i>,</i> *	SUBJECT:	COU	NTERMEASURE RETARY SINC	SECURIT	Y CHECK FOR	?		independent 1
	Outtre.	DEU.	2-4=53 memo	S Dev	la Be I mont	to Ur. Ladd	requesting	
	security	chec	k for Secre	tary Weel	rs.	o m Bowa	Sam	
	, 	On	2-5,6,9-53 perfor		Matter and following:	l Electrica	1 Engineer	
		1.	Installed of	counterme	easure swit	ches in th	e office phor	
		2.	Conducted offices of	a survey Secreta:	for conced ry Weeks.	iled microp Valter Will	hones in th <i>è</i> iams. Robert	B
			Murray (Un	der-Secre Assistan	etary), [t Secretari	es),		
	. 		(Assistant	to the i	Secretary),	and	, gevice was j	feneral cound.
	د	з.					hone instrume	
	18 M	•			che above c cering-was-		n their offic	;es.
	्र हिंद		Note:	At SA Mar	tter's requ	est the te	lephone compo h the White L	iny Touse -
			line (N.	A 8-1414	extension.	77) and th	e unlisted oi These multi	itside
	,		appeara	nces, whi	ich were lo	cated at t	he Perpetual est, are regi	-
			, install	ed by the	e telephone	e company t	o permit more n one locatio	?
							onvenient loc now appear or	
	-		the Com White H		ilding, the	telephone	exchanges ar	id the
	ACTION	. 1	, =3 M 3v		SECRI			<i>!</i>
		the	result of th	his secur	ity check.	Should t	to advise Sec he Director 1	not
	desire to Liaison s			ry Weeks		4/5/11-	the results	by the
`	JMM: urh	<i>ر</i>		MA	REGORDED. Exemples	GDS Salegory I lassification - Inde	50-100 finite	
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	Office	Memor	andun	2 • UN	NITED 8	, r t r r T T O	GOVER	RNMEN	ŊŢ
معمر	то :	MR. A. H.	10	B		DATE:	March 3	5, 1955	
	FROM, :	V. P. Kea	16h -	TEE C	RAT				Tolora
	SUBJECT:	COUNTERME	ASURE DEV.	ICES		JUNE		,	Nichols
	·	WITLL SON	ic Lister	ning D	erice				61.A
	talked to	On March & Secretary	4, 1953, [noo Gino	سور و	the Lia	son Sec	tion	Rosen
	instructi	ions. Secre	taru Weeks	s was adi	nised th	at as a	na 0117+	af tha	Mohr
	office.	onecking hi	und to be	one line; e clear.	$\frac{and th}{1}$	e securi	ty of h	is.	Nesse
	telephone	that <u>counter</u>	rmeasure o	levices 1	nad been	install	ed on t	hen a	ann of
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	Imagayna	,	reg	uested	he Bure	au to in	stall o	ounter	•••
[levices in h	iis nome,	which is Tadvised	that w	ithin th	at the	£ 0.111	
-	11 077000110	oill have a this, he w	ikli conto	hite Hou	ise phone	e instal	led and	that	A.W.
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	cc - Mr.	Harbo		•					
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

THE DIRECTOR

March 3, 1953

D. M. LADD



ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION
OF AMERICA, ET AL.;
MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONGERNING
(ESPIONAGE)

Reference is made to the memorandum from Ur. Ladd to the Director dated Larch 2, 1953. You asked, "Were we at any time designated to represent the Attorney General?"

The then Attorney General and the Director had two discussions in September, 1950, regarding the ultrasonic listening device mentioned in the President's Directive. The Attorney General stated that he desired to designate the Director to handle the phases of the matter that may arise affecting the Department of Justice in connection with the use of such device, and to take up with him for approval and clearance the authorization of such installations when it is necessary to utilize them.

For your information, there are attached the memorandum from Mr. Ladd to the Director dated September 8, 1950, (80-760-20) and the memorandum from the Director for Mr. Tolson and Mr. Ladd dated September 14, 1950, in this matter (80-760-8).

RECOMMENDATION:

None. This is for your information.

Attachments (2) 65-60731 cc: 80-780 LW: hmm; hke

80-760-3 NOT RECORDED 146 MAR 9 1953

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Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinity

ATTIALS ON UNLUIRAL

Telson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmoot
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
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Trick
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Tele, Rm
Holloman
Gandy

6 MAR 12 1953

CENTRIC FILED IN 65-601.8/-

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
To the second se
DATE: March 9, 1953
FROM: I. W. Conrad
SUBJECT: XINSTALLATION OF COUNTERMEASURES ON PHONES AT AND
Olayin
Oultro soll 15 February Device
On 3-6-53 Laboratory personnel installed 30 counter- measures on phone instruments in
building and Personnel and offices are still
will be made there until Col. McNally Signal Corps of ficer
duotses that offices have been permanently assigned.
ACTION
None. Installation work halted pending advice from
JMM: vrh Jo
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cc - Mr. Roach, Room 7649
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БТАЦОДЯЮ FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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TO '	: R. T. Harbo	
	The Markon The	DATE: March 17, 1953
	OF COLUMN	
FROM	I. W. Conract June	Tolson
	JUNE	lichols_
	() / / .	Belmont
	\	Clegg Glavio
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	Office Masses I		,		D/E
	Office Memorandum.	UNITED ST	TATES GO	VERNME	NT
	TO . Mr. Harbo				
g Ç	FROM: I. W. Conrad	~~~~	DATE: MO	irch 12, 19	953
		JUNE	* *		O Tolorn
	SUBJECT: INSTALLATION OF COUNTERM	EASURES ON P	HONES	<u> </u>	
	Outres Sani Listening	Device		200	Clavin
	On 3-11-53 Laboratory pelexisting countermeasures on 17 in	7	lled and	rechecked	Rosen
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	and any other appropriate official measure installation work at	8 O, T the comi	oletion of	the outr	er-
•	JMM: urh			p	
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	cc = Mr. Roach, Room 7649	φ Λ γ pecorde	D - 5880-7	60-172),
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	very appreciative for the services to advise the President that the	k.	stațe	and itha	
	to advise the President that the p	roject had b	the Bured een comple	u and inte	ended
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			MITTER A	l U	N. M.

SAC, Chicago

March 17, 1953

Director, FBI

SECRET

JUNE STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

REMT UNIT O

Ultrasonic Listen ing Device

ReBuairtel to New York with copy to Chicago captioned was., Fugitive Internal Security - C, and rebulet dated 3-2-53 captioned as above. It is desired that RFMT unit number 3, presently in the possession of your office, be brought to the Bureau by the next SA in your office scheduled for In-Service. The Agent acting as courier should deliver the equipment personally of the Laboratory if he arrives at the Bureau during the evening hours. You should admonish the Agent bringing in the equipment to keep this unit in his custody at all times as the unit is still classified "Top Secret" and is to be handled as such.

CKC : urh

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

PERS. FILES

SAC, Kansas City

March 11, 1953

Director, PBI

Patent Application Serial Number 306,313

Ultra sonic Listening The Department of Justice has filed a patent application in the name of James J. Hill and Ben L. Sutton as inventors in connection with the development of certain technical equipment.

The United States Patent Office now has issued a secrecy order covering the above patent application and has forwarded a secrecy order receipt which should be signed by Special Agent Hill. The secrecy order itself may be retained by Agent Hill, but Form PO-218, after signature by Hill, should be returned to the Bureau, attention Laboratory, in order that it may be furnished to the

Transmittal of this material should be by registered mail.

Enclosure - REGISTERED MAIL

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Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Categor Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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MARY BIRES

STANDARD'E JRM NO. C

ice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT : Mr. Conrad DATE: March 4, 1953 FBI Laboratory FROM: b6 Per the FBI Chief, Patent Section SUBJECT: Applications of Hill and Sutton and Matter OULTRISONIC KISTENING Some days ago you requested the serial numbers and filing dates of the two applications recently prepared for the FBI. These cases are as follows: Referral/Consult

EX. - 107

Attachments .

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Standard form no. 64

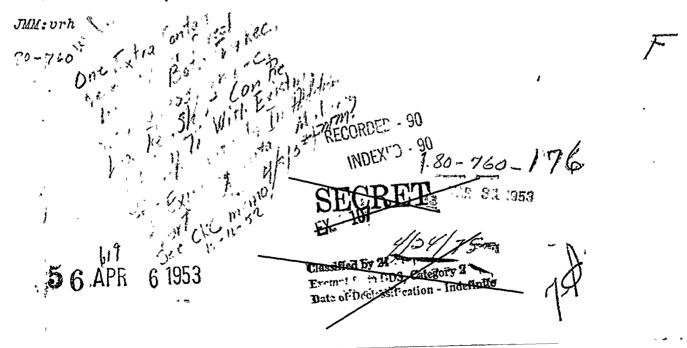
by the receiver-microphone.

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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	то :		D					
	TO · :	Mr. Harbo	AS .	Maria	-	DATE:	March 27,	1953
	FROM :.	T 77 Canada	-2k11.	DLDX	CH'II			Tolson
	FROM :	1. W. Conre	10			JUNE		1460
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	and L2 on	the central	office s	side of t	the inst	rument, n	o audio is	passed

Different combinations of shorting the black, red and white leads of the hand piece were tried to determine whether it was possible to short out both the transmitter and receiver with a single additional pair of contacts added to the cradle switch. These results were negative.

Experiments on the 500 series telephone set with various "RF short circuits" were made to determine whether or not the exact path of the RF could be ascertained. It is uncertain just which path the RF follows in the 500 series but it is definite that with the instrument wired in the standard manner the transmitter-microphone cannot be made alive. It has been decided, however, that a direct mechanical short on the transmitter is the most positive method of defeating the RFMT unit since this makes certain that the transmitter cannot activated if other wiring changes are made in the instrument to pass the RF to the transmitter-microphone.



DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

Assistant Attorney General Farren E. Burger Civil Division

March 11, 1953

EX: - 107

Attention: Ur. T. Hayward Brown

PATENT APPLICATIONS, SERIAL NUMBER 306, 313 AND SERIAL NUMBER 335,617

b6 b7C

Reference is made to memorandum dated March 4, 1953, relative to the above-entitled matter, forwarding for acknowledgment and signature secrecy order receipts issued by the Patent Office with regard to the above patent applications.

There are attached hereto secrecy order receipt signed by John W. Matter relating to serial number 335,817, and secrecy order receipt signed by Ben L. Sutton relating to serial number 308,313. The receipt to be signed by James J. Hill has been forwarded to the Kansas City office of this Bureau for signature and return.

COMM - FBI MAR 1 2 1953

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Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 3 % Dule of Declassification - Indeans

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	TO;	: Mr.	Harbo				DATE: Marc	h 23./14	3/3.
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11			Mr. Ciegg
gb		Tides and any 1979	Mr. Glavin
7	TO ;	Director, FBI DATE: Merc	h 25., m.9.53
		Dame A. C.	Mr. Rosen
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$ \mathcal{Y}$	FROM:	SAC, Chicago JUNE	Mr. Genrty
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	subject:	RFMT UNIT O	icie. Ellom
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		Mre in source alliening Derice	Mr. Sizoo
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	r ¹		William C. South W. W. S. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St. St.
	7	SA NORMAN J. CHRISTIANSEN reporting for In-Service March 30).
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Office Memorandum . United States Government

	TO :	MR. A. H. BI	LIMONT		DATE: M	arch 13, 1	953
	FROM:	V. P. Keay	10FASE	RET.		Q.	Tolors .
115	SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASU	RE DEVICE	(' '	JUNE	The same	Bo mark to the
•	, <u>u</u>	LLKH SONIC	ListeNi	NG Devic	e —	V	Clogg Olavin
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[at any tim	e. The arra	ngements fo	or this shou ion. He als	ld be made	through	a h
	ąs	18 Joini	ng him on l	iis trip to	Puerto Rico	during ti	rat
	instruct	the apartme	<u>nt will be</u> the Resider	unoccupied it Manager,	and that he	nould_	
	and any ov	ner special	Agent with	him.	oo csamoo		
	RECOMMENDA	TION:			X		
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- 11	woo i giinte ii t	on the insta	illation oj	countermea	sure device	8.	
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
ROM: V. P. KEAY PORT STORES DATE: March 20, 1953
UBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE CLEAR SCALC LISTERIAL DEVICE On the morning of March 20, 1953,
of the Lia, is an Section conferred with the Honorable The workings of the countermeasure device was explained to and, as a result, he requested the telephones in his office be rechecked and that the telephones in his residence be made secure. in the Washington, D. C. He requested that the phones at his
residence be worked on at 10:00 a.m. on Monday, March 23, 1953. The Electrical Section of the Laboratory has been advised of these arrangements. ACTION: For your information. CC - Mr. Harbo, Room 7625
O OHB: nke
Classified by 24 Exempt fr principles of Declassification - Indefinite
56 APR 9 1373 RECORDED-16 180-760-180

b6 b7C b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ß	FROM: I. W. Conrad SECRETI JUNE JUNE
	SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES ON OFFICE AND RESIDENCE PHONES OF
	Oultra soulc bistaling Device Rosen
	Re 3-13-53 memo from V. P. Keay to A. H. Belmont concerning above.
	On 3-19-53 SA J. M. Matter and Electrical Engineer rechecked countermeasures in 6 old instruments and installed countermeasures in 2 new instruments in the office of Room 6151, Also
	apartment.
1	RECOUMENDATION
;	That Liaison Section advise of the completion of the countermeasure installations in his office and apartment.
, ;	Room 7647
,	80-760 EM'
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
,	3/25/53 advised.
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1 % (A) 1	Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Puto of Declassification - Indefinite
٧.	wew hereb

	, A	ssistant Attorney General Warren E. Burger ivil Division March 31, 1953 Attention:	
1	\ \ \	irector, FBI SECRET	
ge Leks		PATENT APPLICATION, SERIAL 306, 313	
Wh	relative to	deference is made to my memorandum dated March 11, 1953, the above-entitled matter advising that a secrecy order is signed by James J. Hill had been forwarded to the office of this Bureau for signature and return.	
	oniginal re requested b	This receipt now has been executed by Ur. Hill and the reint is attached hereto. This completes the action memorandum of March 4, 1953.	
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Cleck Clavin Nichols Kosen Tracy Harbo	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Exempt from GDS, Category 2	
belmont	APR 1	MAILED 9 APR 1 1953 Date of Declassification - Indefinite Date of Declassification - Indefinite	

Porm P0-218 (1-5-53)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE WASHINGTON

FEB 24 1953

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED PHEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-24-2011 BY 60324 uc bew/sab/1sc

TO THE APPLICANT BELOW NAMED OR HIS HEIRS, AND ANY AND ALL ASSIGNEES AND ATTORNEYS OR AGENTS.

Enclosed is your copy of a Secrecy Order under Title 35, United States Code (1952), Sections 181-188. In order that the record of service of this Order may be completed as soon as possible you are respectfully requested to fill out and personally sign the receipt below and promptly return it to the Commissioner of Patents.

Please advise of any change of address.

V. A. Pisapia Service Branch, Division 70

ATTENTION DIVISION 70

306,313 Serial No.

Filed July 1, 1952

For Signaling System and Method

Applicant

James J. Hill and Ben L. Sutton

Assignee U. S.Government

SECRECY ORDER RECEIPT

The Secrecy Order under Title 35 United States Code (1952) Sections 181-188 dated FFB 24 1953 WAXXXXXXXXXX in the above-entitled application is hereby acknowledged.

> Signature ____ James J. Hill

State

Return only this form to: Commissioner of Patents

Washington 25, D.C.

Comm-DC 34381

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

7-26a

Invoice of Contents from FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C.

	WASHINGTON, D. C.					
Date	Case References					
Cons	20101 559: 80 -760	<u> </u>				
	SAC, PTTTSRIRGH	¥"				
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b7C b7E

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
TO : MR. A. H. BELMONE DATE: April 3, 1953
FROM: V. P. Keay SECRET
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE Litrasonic Listening Device JUNE SINTERMEASURE DEVICE JUNE Laughlin Winterrowd
On April 2, 1953, of the Liaison Section
talked to of the countermeasure aevice were explained to and he was very impressed with the possibilities it rendered for the security of his office. tated that the same telephone
instruments remain in his office as were used by the
asked, however, if it would be possible
for the Bureau to make a recheck of these phones and he suggested that it might be done Monday morning, April 6, 1953, while he is out of town.
stated that he is in the process of purchasing a house a set does and is settled, he will so advise the Bureau so that we can install countermasure devices at his new residence. In the meantime stated it would not be
necessary to put coverage on the telephones at his apartment in the
RECOMMENDATION:
It is recommended that this memorandum be routed to the Laboratory so that can be appropriately handled on April 6, 1953.
DOWN - 210
OOHB:1W
SECRET
APR 15 1953 Classified by 24 Section PED 393 180-760-183
Date of Declassification - Indefinite (3)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 09-24-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

90-760-184 CHANGED TO 6297308-9X

AUG 1 8 1953

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : MR. D. M. LAI	DD .	,	DATE: March 17	, 1953
FROM : A. H. BELMONI SUBJECT:	SEC DIRECTOR	RET	JUNE V	Dolson Citegy Clayin
FOR MUTUAL SE	CCURITY DE DEVICE	Dev.co	V. Court	Name of the state
Director, Mutual	Inspector Security, advised	d on March 1	Assistant	balaont
countermeasure de	vice on home tele	request the phone ephone.	Bureau to in	stall / frin
that about this matter	had spoken is and had been re	with someone ferred to th	in the White	House greton
RECOMMENDATION: It is r	ecommended that	countermeasu	re device be	gmm installed
in accordance wit	h	request.	VP+	
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advise il les K	Trasia likely	,	- Commercial Control of Control o	Familia
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1 - Mr. Harbo	DI 4/3 4/3	75		ā C :_
CWB:fjb/, 5 6 APR 30 1953	Executi from GDS, Caterion Date of Declassification	Indefinite	51	
5 6 APR 30 1953				

fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT The Director DATE: March 31, 1953 Mr. D. M. Ladd JUNE COUNTERMEASURE EQUIPMENT RELATIVE TO RESONANT-CAVITY 2- 30 TYPE LISTENING DEVICE SYNOPSIS: The countermeasure equipment to the resonant cavity type listening device demonstrated by Bell Laboratories on March 10, 1953, utilized a weak type commercially available transmitter (activating equipment) although Bell Laboratories had stated they were producing a specially built higher powered transmitter as recommended by the FBI-Naval Research Laboratories report. Bell Laboratories equipment is unsuitable. Subsequent to Manch 1953, it has been determined that Referral/Consult Tire de Aetobuseut O ACTION: None. The foregoing is for your information. Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite ESS:hke:dlg, cc. - Mr. Parsons, Room 7121

b7E Per the FBI Memorandum for the Director from Mr. Ladd, 3/31/53 3 DETAILS: Reference is made to the Special Committee established at the direction of the President to consider the security aspects of the resonant cavity type listening device found in the This committee is composed of representatives from the IIC, the ICIS On March 10, 1953, Bell Laboratories demonstrated countermeasure equipment which was built by them at Los Alamos. Although Bell Laboratories had stated they were constructing, as recommended by the FBI-Naval Research Laboratories report, a more powerful composite transmitter for activating resonant cavity listening devices, it was noted that their equipment utilized a commercially available transmitter of even less power than that utilized in the prototype of the countermeasure equipment which was forwarded to _____ The equipment demonstrated by Bell Laboratories was definitely unsuitable. Referral/Consult As previously noted, the facility available to Exempt from GDS-C Date of Declassification - Indefinition

Memorandum for the Director from Mr. Ladd, 3/31/58 FCRET Referral/Cor	nsul

The Special Committee is preparing a letter to the National Security Council advising of the status of this matter and the letter will be submitted for IIC approval at an early date.

While it would have been much more desirable to have had this Equipment at an earlier date, the necessary research involved, the highly classified nature of the project, and the failure on the part of Bell Laboratories have made earlier delivery impossible.

maka

SECRET.

Classified by 24

Exemple 19 S Category 2

Of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO	:Mr.	Harbo R	0		DATE: AP	ril 8, 195	3
FRO	м : <i>М</i> г.	Conrad	DEC.	RET			for all
SUBJ	XTOCS	-2-RFMT UN.	STENING DEVIC IT CONSTRUCTE ONIC ENGINEER . C.	EDBY	JU N	DENPIAL	Michael Class Color Class Colo
《北京》中人也就写了有意一个"大学"的是一条的 电对比波 电影	<u>Devi</u> ther	h you on 4 C. K. Corb ice) unit	/6/53, Electi ett examined and determine	Hennrich's terical Engineer the ITD-2X(Incention of the transfer of transfer of the transfer of transfer of the transfer of transf	telligence an RFMT de	Telephone vice and	Tolo. Ru.
allengensper (2) proposition of the second section of the second section of	It i SA I bùsi The unde Bure and	of 4/6/53, and is the type Ben L. Sutiness esta unit is a esirable cau's RFMT the opera	the Criminal d was examine e previously ton of the Lo blishment, [n RF micropho haracteristic unit. Photo ting instruct	init was receiplinit was receiplinited in the Laboratory on International Community of the	the Department or or or or or or or or or or or or or	4/6, 7/53. cossession ington, D. ch several erior to t rouit diag and are b	by C. he ram eing
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大学 一年 のままない			rich, Room 17	742		ė	W
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office	Memorandum.	UNITED	S
IJJ			_

UNITED 8		OVER	NMJ	EV.I.
TO . MR. A. H. BELMOND	DATE:	April		
FROM: V. P. Kery SECRET	<u>JUNE</u>			Tols Ladd Nich Belm
SUBJECT: /COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE			/	Cles Glav Harbo Rose Trac
On April 17, 1953, of the conferred with		son Sec	_	Hollo
workings of the countermeasure active were expl he expressed great interest in it. He requeste in his office be rechecked even though they are	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	to him	and	ones
that were used by countermeasure device be attached to the teleph which is located in the Washington, D. C.		t1 1	t th - prt	_ / 1/1/1/
Arrangements were made with Bureau's technical men check the telephone equip	to_ho	ve the	۵.	
April 22, 1953, at 2 p.m. would be an appropriate Bureau's representatives to check the telephone	ised th	at Wedn	iesd.	ay,
residence. It may be noted that the date of the interview from their restaence in Be to their new apartment.		ال سمالمما	. 7	
ACTION:				
For your information. Watte				
		A	Å	
OHB: Iw Property 53		L	Ļ	
$1 \frac{a}{R} Mr$. Harbo	,	~ ~!	e es. e	
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Classified by 24 Bxem 1 cm GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite		SN	16	•

Office Memorandum • united states government

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT. DATE: April 14, 1953
Toison
FROM: V. P. KEAL Nichols Belinon
SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR CHECK OF TELEPHONE
OF Tracy Genty
Attached hereto is a letter dated April 13, 1953, Finterowd Tele. Room Preceived from Director of the Security Hollowan-Strong
Division of the Office of requesting that a countermeasure device be installed on the office
\telephone of Room 3E-925, Pentagon,
Extension 56273. A request for this installation is being
has occasion to discuss on this telephone.
Tt will be recalled that countermeasure devices
have been installed by our Taboratory both in the office and and
home teremones of t
RECOMMENDATION:
In view of the specific request, it is recommended
that the Laboratory install a countermeasure device on the office telephone of
Attachment
SDE: hke it 740
NI.
cc - Mr. Harbo, Room 7625
not " " RECORDED + 49
SECRET MDEXED - 4 180.760.189
APR 23 1953
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December 11 of Declaration - Indefinite
79 MAY 4-1953
TO NATIONAL SERVICES AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

Office Memorandum • United States Government

HARBODATE: April 16, 1953 Withason Chistenin SUBJECT: YNVENTIONS SECRECY ACT OF 1951 The Bureau has two patent applications filed under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951. Considerable difficulty was encountered in successfully applying the Secrecy Act because the law specifically restricts certain sections of the Act to the Department of Defense and the Atomic Energy Commission and "other agencies designated by the President." The Patent Office took the position because the President had not specifically designated any other agencies under the Act that they could recognize only the Department of Defense and the AEC. **∦**/By memorandum of February 12, 1953, the Bureau requested the Department to obtain Presidential designation of the FBI under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951. I followed on this matter with the Criminal Division and Chairman of LUIS prior to his leaving the Department. It was presented to ICIS and referred to a subcommittee to determine what other agencies might need such Today, of the Department telephonically designation. advised me that the subcommittee had completed its study and was making a report to ICIS tomorrow. He inquired if the Bureau had any views with reference to other agencies that should be so designated and I told him we had no views in this respect. He further inquired as to whether we felt that the Presidential designation should be for the FBI or for the Department of Justice. that I had no views with reference to any I told other division of the Department of Justice, but that we had in our memorandum specifically requested that the FBI be so designated. <u>He tol</u>d me that he had discussed this matter with Chief of the Patent Section of the Civil Division, who had expressed the opinion that the designation should be specifically for the FBT in order that any patent's relating to our secrecy applications could be referred directly to the FBI rather than through a number of individuals within the Department. I told we would be perfectly happy with that arrangement. advised that in addition to their study of wartime patent acts they had made inquiry of the Departments of Interior, Commerce and Justice, and they had found no other agency which in their opinion had a need for such designation comparable of the He said their recommendation, therefore, will be The transfer tial designation be obtained at this time only for and specifically for the FBI as an agency designated by the President under purview of the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951:
Classification 24

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SECRET

Memo to Mr. Harbo

Re: Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951

I pointed out to that our request had been dated February 12, 1953, and we, therefore, desired every possible means of expediting this matter. He assured me that he would insist tomorrow on immediate handling and point out that the FBI had an immediate need as indicated by the specific request that the Bureau had made.

action' fabriday will follow.

Sonegan advice 1C18

Epproved. 4/17

SEGRET

Exempt from 60s, category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Mem....dum · UNITED | GOVERNMENT

TO i Mr. Harbo

DATE: April 22, 1953.

Tracy__ Laughli

Vierence.

Hollows:

FROM I I. W. Conrade

JUNE

SUBJECT ACOUNTERMEASURE DEVICES

OUTTA SONIC LISTENING DEVICE

on 4-13-53 the telephone company contact of the Laboratory telephonically advised SA Matter of the following:

An engineer of the telephone company was to meet with Colonel McCoy of the Air Force (head of the Physical Security Equipment Agency's laboratory) in the near future in Room 809 of the Old Post Office Building. McCoy indicated that he desired to discuss matters of telephone security with the engineer. Two of the subjects under discussion would be the use of a plug and jack arrangement on each instrument to permit the instrument to be disconnected at the conclusion of each call. A second matter of discussion would be the "shorting out of the line" at the conclusion of each call.

The telephone company contact indicated that the second category would undoubtedly involve a discussion of the technique which the Bureau now uses in the form of a countermeasure switch to prevent the telephone instruments of Cabinet members and other high Government officials from being used to pick up room conversations when the instrument is not in use. It was the contact's feeling that if the Air Force decided on a nation-wide program of installing countermeasure devices, the value of these devices to the Bureau would be considerably lessened and there is every reason to believe that considerable publicity would result.

On 4-15-53 the telephone company contact advised that Colonel McCoy had discussed the above matters with a company engineer and had devoted a considerable portion of his conversation to the subject of wire tapping. He also indicated a knowledge of a mercury switch countermeasure device (possibly the one manufactured by Research Products Company of Danbury, Connecticut). In the end, however, McCoy stated that any alteration to a phone could undoubtedly be overcome by further alteration and, therefore, the safest thing was to use a utility plug and jack arrangement. With this equipment the phone could be disconnected at the end of each call and there would be no possibility of the phone instrument being used as a microphone.

RECOMMENDATION: This is supplied for information and reflects that McCoy favors a utility plug and jack arrangement to prevent pick up of room conversations rather than a classified by 24

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011



May 1, 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. HARBO

While at the Attorney General's luncheon today, stated he was moving into his new home next week and that he had learned that a number of persons, having seen the new address in the papers, had called at the new residence and had gone through the same, it being open because of workmen being engaged in certain repair work. buggested that it might be desirable for us to check the residence to be certain that no technical device has been installed in it during its vacancy. He also asked that we arrange to have a White House phone set up in the residence and that we have the necessary technical protective device placed on the phones which will be in his house. This information has already been conveyed to Mr. Harbo and I would like to have it handled expeditiously and a memorandum prepared to as soon as we have taken care of these matters. Very truly yours, 80-760-1 RECORDED - 67 MAYI 4 11953 130 John Edgar Hoover Director INDEXED - 67

O Itra son & Listening Device

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Ladd
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Mollons,

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Exempt from GDS, Category & Date of Declassification - Indefination

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April 22, 1953

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. HARBO

WItrasoNIC LISTENING Device

On occasions the Laboratory representatives are assigned to make security checks of premises outside the Bureau, during which time they come in contact with various officials of the Government. Recently, on one such assignment, a Laboratory representative, by engaging in too much discussion, left the impression that he had located a security violation, which caused inquiry of and embarrassment to the Bureau.

I must insist that you properly instruct and indoctrinate the employees under your supervision to the effect that they must be very discreet and not engage in unnecessary talk or discussion concerning their work or the results thereof.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover, Director

DML: CSH

Note: This grew out of a check for microphones in the office of Admiral Lewis Strauss, on 4/21/53.

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THE DIRECTOR

April 22, 1953

D. M. Ladd

Security check of office of Admiral Lewis Strauss

On 4/21 I received a phone call from Admiral Strauss, from New York.

He advised that his assistant had just called him from Washington and advised that the security check of the Admiral's office in the Executive Office Building in Washington had just been completed by Agent Matter of the Bureau's Laboratory; that the assistant had asked Matter if he ever found anything in these checks and Agent Matter had allegedly stated "This morning was very worthwhile." The Admiral was a little concerned and wanted to know whether we had dound anything in his office.

I checked with Mr. Parsons in the Laboratory and had the attached memorandum obtained from Agent Matter as to the discussion entered into. It is noted that Agent Matter stated Admiral Strauss' secretary, asked numerous questions; that on leaving he asked Matter if he had ever found anything on these checks, and Matter states he replied that he was not at liberty to say, but he did feel that these checks "are not unprofitable."

Upon securing this information I telephonically contacted Admiral Strauss and advised him that apparently his secretary, who had been asking numerous questions, had misunderstood Agent Matter; that when his secretary had asked whether we ever found anything Agent Matter had informed him that he was not at liberty to discuss this matter, but he did feel the work was very profitable as a protection. I told Admiral Strauss that we had not found anything of a security nature in connection with fi the check of his offices.

Admiral Strauss expressed appreciation and stated that after several months he would like an opportunity to call the Bureau and request a recheck. I told him I was sure the Director would be glad to consider this if he would call at such time as he desired the recheck.

There is attached a memorandum directed to	Mr. Harbo, mere
instructing him to caution his employees about too talking.	muchorac
talking. 86-760-V	thoules

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

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Standard form No. 64

Office Memorandum • united states government

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	TO : R. T. Harb	rky,	рате: Мау	1, 1953	Tolson
,	FROM : I. W. Conre	CSECRETT			Clerin
_p l	SUBJECT:	Date (Jim)	Tune	e de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de	Rosen Fracy
		SURES IN TELEPHONE S IN OFFICE AND RESIDENCE			Colsont Lawrollo
		On 4-10-53 and 4-25-53 count	termeasures	were	Wohr
'n	installed and resider	in the <u>telenhone instruments</u> ice of	s in the of	fice	Mean /
, 52 . 02 .	ACTION:	Office, Run 275 A. EOB discon	neiled 2-20	Rate	2183
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ina:	Confirming previous oral admin to fin	of the countermeasure insta RECORDED - 58		260-19	5
72.01	oral advisor to fin	INDEXED - 58	102 23 MAYI	<u> 5.1953</u>	5
γ υ	80-760	ADDENDUM: (R.T. Harbo: kn The request for installe	nb 5-4-53)		
50111	JMM: kmb	through and advised that the instal.	lations wer		
tra	S C MACHINE	Bates. Ar further action	pecial Agen approx meus		
0/7/	ROLL MADEN DIS	Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category 2 Exempt from GDS Category 2 Exempt from GDS Category 2	•	rein	
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Offic	e Memora	indum • un	ITED STATES GO	OVERNMEN	T .
: TO رمی _ه	MR. D. M. 1	() ~		pril 20, 195	
FROM 2	A. H. Belmo	SECRI	JUNE		Tolson Ladd Nichols Belmont
SUBJECT:				· RU	Glavin Harbo Rosen
. Witra		ening Device			Gearry
1953, wh	office in th	our memorandum to oved the Bureau's e Executive Offic ty check at 10 a.m	making a securit	y check of y	Sizon
1953, an the coun the Bure	d statea that termeasure des au:	had inqui	ired of the White phone and had bee		; ;o
ACTION: at the t advised	The countern ime a security to the contrar	neasure device wil check is being m 'y.	I be placed on ade of his office	phon unless	2 × 0 m / 0
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one.	W 4/21/53 D	RECORDED-77	180-760-196	, 1	INRECORDED COPY
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Mr. Harbo

April 21, 1953

I. W. Conrad

OCURITY SURVEY AND XCOUNTERMEASURE DEVICE INSTALLATION Iltrasonic Listening Device Reference is made to memorandum from Mr. Belmont to the Director dated 3-27-53 and memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd dated 4-20-53 in which requests for a security survey and installation of a countermeasure device in the office of were made. On 4-21-53 SA J. M. Matter and Electrical Engineer conducted a security survey for concealed listening devices in the office Room 226, No evidence of hidden microphones was found. considerable old wire was removed from a wire duct to prevent its use as a microphone cable. At the same time, the countermeasure device was installed in the single telephone instrument in office. Sac Mattery was introduced by secretary, to showed the Bureau personnel the office and made arrangements for a tall stepladder to facilitate the microphone survey. Approximately 2 hours after the survey was underway asked Matter why the instruments in his office were not being protected along with those in office inasmuch as lines appeared in the outer office. Matter explained that the protective device did not insure against tapping of telephone conversations over the wire, but prevented against the use of the microphone in the telephone heing used to pick up room conversations when the phone was not in normal use. appeared satisfied and withdrew his request for installation of countermeasure devices in his office. on leaving asked Matter, "Have you ever found anything on these checks?" Matter replied, "I am not at liberty to say but I do feel that these checks are not unprofitable." Matter's meaning was that security surveys are worthwhile as a matter of precaution. did not specifically ask Matter if anything had been found.

Matter did not volunteer that proper been found. the telephone lines as such was made except the lines office were checked out to determine that none of them verng used for microphone cable.

It is suggested That Aircrean Section advise soults of this moves and countermeasure inst RECOUMENDATION: of the results of eountermeasure installation

Indefinite 80-760 6 MAY 20 Acolar Det. 35 Michaelica 62-97308 00 - 80-760~

NOT RECORDED . 146 MAY 7 1052

5 1953

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 03-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sah/1sg '

SAC. Migni

May 29, 1953

Director, FBI

(80-760)

RADIO TRANSMISSION OVER WIRES Pultra Sonic Listening Device

On page 24 of the report of SA Charles J. Mathews dated 2-6-53 entitled Bookmaking and Race Wire Service Activities information was reported by informant T7 which indicated that Continental Press had constructed a \$12,000 "gimmick" for bootlogging race results for the idissemination outside the tracks to the bookmakers. The gimmick permits a broadcast into the electrical conduit facilities of the local electric company and transmissions carry 8 miles.

It is desired that you recontact this informant for details concerning this gimmick and furnish the results to the Laboratory, altention Radio and Electrical Section. It is desired this be given prompt attention.

cq - 62-98784

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- Ur. Haynes, Room 5718

80-760-

1953 S NIL &

LABORATORY DIVISION

MAILED 28

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-24-2011

5A0, New York (100-254574)

May 18, 1953

Director, FBI 80-760SECRET

b7E

VIT 14 S OF T Z ABRAHAM LINCOLN BRIGADE COMMUNIST PUGITIVES INTERNAL SECUPITY & C (REMT UNIT)

Rourlet dated April 22, 1953.

is not feasible on the telephone, Murtay mill -505/, authority to install this equipment is, therefore, douled.

RWC: mmr

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Exempt from GDS, Calegory Dete of Declaration Indefinite

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorundum • United States Government

TO Director, FBI	DATE: 11/22/53
FROM NSAC, New York (100-2545-SM) CRET	JUNE
SUBJECT:	(RFM Umt)
CP, USA - COLFUES	
18-0 oult-ra some Listening	
Rebusirtel April 10th granting authority for	r survey for Add Unit
	w in Passi The share
box on the second floor of the building and the pai	r bridges in a cross box 🔻 🤾
in the basement of the building at approximately 800 feet distant from subject location	This latter address is
on the second floor of represen	ts a security hazard in that
at would be necessary to place subject instrument o	n a spare pair which reappears of placing the RELT equipment in
the circuit, connect the multiple appearance of Pai	r 135.
The box on the second floor of	is located in one of
the business of ices, in a wall panel beside the de stepographer. If it should be necessary to insert	
at this location, the impracticability of concealme	nt would render the operation p
doubly hazardous. This building is owned by tenanted entirely by front organizations.	and is S
It has been determined that Murray Hill 3-5	OF 7 to condimed with a HOU
instrument, a combination set of the #300" series,	with the bell in the base.
There is no switchboard and no key on the instrumen	/ 5
Pending Bureau study of the feasibility of installation, no astempt has been made to secure a	
, but it is noted that that building has	a sign on the outside.
indicating that offices are for rent. The survey is other possible plant location. This plant, if inst	igregies mas onere fis in
replace the one previously mentioned in my letter of	1 April 7, 1953.
The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee ha	s one telephone, Murray
Hill h-G381, equipped with a similar "C" set and on a "C" set. No key arrangement is present. It is i	e extension, also with hat all mindicated, therefore, that
with both instruments on the same trunk at all time	
REALT equipment would not be practical.	
The Bureau's decision is awaited.	
Assistant Director E. J. CONNELLEY	
SECRET	NO STORAGE
40N PBA 80-764/34/74	TO A CO
Classified by A	W. W.
Exempt from CDS/ Category Indefinite	The Man of the second
The state of the s	and the second s

Mr. Harbo May 14, 1953 I. W. Conrad CP USA UNDERGROUND OPERATION IS-COUITYASONIC LISTENING (U)The following technical information is set forth for record purposes relative to the installation of a radio frequency microphone-telephone surveillance in the above-captioned matter. it being noted that the New York office is handling the formal investigative aspects of reporting the matter. (5) $(\mathtt{U})^{\perp}$ Pursuant to Bureau instructions SA C. K. Corbett of the Laboratory proceeded to New York City and with the assistance of SA's Gerard A Pote and Daniel R. Patton of the New York City office installed on 5-6-53 a radio frequency microphone-telephone unit on telephone Wadsworth 6-4824 listed to New York City The plant was set up in the meter room at the above-captioned address. (U)It was possible to get access to the duct wiring in the meter room and therefore the run of wire from the plant to subject telephone was entirely duot wire, the total length being estimated at (U)approximately 50 feet. In view of these favorable circumstances, the installation was very sensitive and worked very well on test. ACTION (U) None. For record purposes only. CKC:urh (\mathbf{U}) cc - Mr. Corman, Room 1511 NOT RECORDED MAY 20 1953 oc - Mr. Jonohoe. Room 1243 co - 100-369668 80-76C ä 100-3-94 Classified by 24 Date of Declassification Indefinite 5 6 MA, 28 1953 100000

Mr. Harbo

May 12, 1953

I. W. Conrad

June

Ultrasonic Listening Device

In my memo dated 4-30-53 captioned as above I reviewed a survey prepared by the New York office and reported under date of 4-22-53. This survey was discussed with the Agents of the New York field division on 5-6-53 at which time it was ascertained that the term "bridge" is a New York telephone company designation for multiple appearance. This expression is pecular to the New York telephone company; however, other telephone organisations refer to reappearances of terminals as multiple appearances.

In view of this information it will not be possible to make the RFMT unit work on the telephone, Murray Hill 3-5057.

RECOUMENDATION

It is recommended this information be furnished to Division 5 in order that the records of that division may reflect the completion of the survey and the RFMT unit will not work on the telephone Hurray Hill 3-5057.

CKC: vrh

Mr. Corman, Room 1511

80-7604

MAY 22 1953

)

Exempt from GDS

Date of Declassification

5 C MAY 29 1953

tice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Harbo K DATE: April 30, 1953 FROM : Mr. Conrad SUBJECT: IS-C OUItra SONIC LISTENING Device The following technical information is submitted for the min assistance in evaluating the survey in the above-captioned case by New York reported under date of April 22, 1953. From the report of a survey it appears that the RFMT Unit will work on the Valb telephone, Murray Hill 3-5057; however, the RFMT Unit will be working at its maximum range. If the cable pair 135 has a leg of considerable length beyond the working appearance of the telephone the effectiveness of the RFMT Unit will be reduced considerably: The New York Office indicates that the nair cross box in the basement of the building at their term "bridged" indicates a cross connection between an under ground and the cable pair 135 the RF Choke could be inserted at that point While it appears from the information furnished that the REMT Unit can be used successfully on Murray Hill 3-5057 it is believed desirable to have a temporary installation made before committing the Bureau to a plant location. ACTION: For information of Division 5. CEC:NP Corman, Rm: 151 155 MAY 27 1953

> GDS Categor Date of D c' stillesten . Indo

DATE 03-24-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg fice Memo umUNITED S GOVERNMENT UR. HARBO DATE: May 29, 1953 FROM I., W. CONR. SUBJECT: PATENT MATTERS You will recall that the Bureau has filed certain patent applications under the Inventions Secrecy Act. the objectives was to locate and place under secrecy other patent applications which might be in existence relating to similar subject matter, namely, the radio frequency microphonetelephone and countermeasures. OULTRA LICE LITENING DEVICE As a result of the Burequ's pending applications, I have Chief of the Department's Patent been advised by Section that there are four patent applications filed by Danbury, Connecticut, in the Patent Office which the Patent Office has suggested be reviewed. Accordingly, I personally reviewed the following patent applications at the Patent Office: \ Serial 317928, filed 10/31/52 -This application covers a capacity type burglar alarm system in which the protective antenna element is energized by a radio oscillator in such a manner that a person approaching the antenna structure makes an alarm sound. Serial 225993, filed 5/12/51 -This-application-covers-a-capacity type burglar_alarm_in which the protective element consists of a balanced capacity bridge circuit. Serial 239923, filed 8/2/51 -This application covers exactly the same system as described in serial 225993 abové, but contains in addition thereto a microphone located in the area to be protected whereby any sounds occurring in the protected area may be monitored at the watchman's location. Serial 192241, filed 10/26/50 -This application covers a tamperproof type dictaphone or telephone cable consisting of two layers of insulated foil surrounding the normal communications wires. Taps still can be made at the unprotected terminals unless other protective measures are taken at these points. Based upon my review of these patent applications, I consider that none of them are sufficiently related to the Bureau's applications to warrant invoking secrecy provisions. In addition, there appears to be no other reason from a security standpoint why the Bureau should seek to have these items OND Dear that of secrecy. 5 ACTION: Willess otherwise ipota INDEXED - 7X of the Patent Office.

OK OHD

IWC/mek

00-710

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 13 Page 32 ~ Referral/Direct

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Page 200 ~ Referral/Direct

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Page 202 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 227 ~ Referral/Direct

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Section 3

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
	Office Memora dum . UNITED STA		•
	ONITED STA	Te3 GOVERNI	MENT
	TO : MP A H PRINCIPAL		*
	MR. A. H. BELMONT	DATE: June 11,	1953
ممع	DECET		1/1)
	FROM: V. P. Keay	<u>JUNE</u>	Nichols
	- The second of the second of		Belmont d
	SUBJECT: /RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE -		Company
	// / LEDEFIUNE MOUNTERMEASURES	0/6 34	Tracy Gearty
	Ultrasonic Listening Device	The City	Mohr Viaterrow
	Reference is made to Mr. Conrad's me Mr. Harbo dated May 19, 1953 in which it was	morandum to	Tele. Roo Holloman Sizoo
	1207 50 GG 6G 190 1 9 1 1955 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<u> </u>	Gand
	in han a felia and installation	n of countermea	sur ex
	in her office and in her Washington residence. approved this recommendation.	The Director	Kladay
			1000
	on June 10, 1953, after she was personally contacted by of	return to Wash	ington,
	1200 GGC COULD SHE WAS EXTREMELLY Grateful for	r the Director l	o affair
	1 00 0000000 Country medicalities the her office and re	ogidanaa and aa	20 abov 2 2 2 2 2 4
	desires to take advantage of the offer. She so would appreciate it if the countermeasures could be a fine the office and the countermeasures could be a fine and the office	tated that abo	~ 7 ~ ~
	the one of the and residence of her		
	who handles all of her worn in ner	upsence.	
	stated that appointments	to handle the si	urven
	and installation of these countermeasures could time at the convenience of the Bureau.	d be arranged as	ny
	-	- ~	- 10 -1
	RECOMMENDATION:		(l) x
*	It is recommended that the countermed	sures he insta	77.00
1	in the office and residence of		
	a's well as the office and residence of	6-17-53	•
-	as /	Set up	for
	S. Aller	10 a.m. 6 19 For Ele Se	
	2 July	. to go to N.E.	
	If this is approved, appointments to	handa a	2116-
	installations will be set up by Liaison.	naiate tuese	
•	RECORDED OF		
4/3	RECORDED-80 INDEXED-80		*
/	DECITE ADS	80-160- P	,
	NWP:1w	- JUN 10	LO 1
	Classified by 24	ख	
	I - Mr. Harbo Exempt from GDS Category 2	Metro seperati	>
	AZILL.		Saura G
		Ta da da da da da da da da da da da da da	ton
-	71	ついし かい	

Office Memorandum · UNITED ST OVER	NMENT
TO : MR. HARBO RIA SECRET DATE: June 5,	1953 /
FROM : D. J. PARSONS	M
SUBJECT: WHITE HOUSE SECURTORY	Tolora
opol June	Shoot Shoot
SYNOPSIS Ultra SONIC LISTENING Device	A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TO STATE OF THE PER
Who is assistant to the Chief of the White	KAR
survey of	Folo. Some
He advised that the president's conference with the	المرابق
approximately June 29, 1953, and desires to borrow one count measure receiver for use in during the international assignmentately preceding and	
during the international conference. He requests no personned but is agreeable to an FBI technical representative if the Bidesires.	i,
	ii caa
RECOMMENDATIONS	
. 1. That we loan one countermeasure receiver to the	
detail for their use during conference.	
Laboratory available for technically qualified Agent from	. h _
Laboratory available for so requests. technical work only if	he -
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	Di
	•
1.10	
STOP FOR	
O DIONE	
Down App On	
Classified by 24	
muring (Donate Classification - Indefinite 80- 60-	7
DETAILS RECORDED 44 3	
INDEXED - 44	,
On May 9 and 10, 1953, FBI Laboratory Agents made a s	earch
53 JUL 7 1953i	
DJP/mek · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	



Memo to Mr. Harbo

Re: White House Security

1
with Bureau equipment. During this
10f the White House Secret Someton at an
was present and in charge of the mork for the white was I
WIII UU UU UU OTTICE TOOGU ANA AANSAAA III II
President will hold his conference beginning June 29, 253, and that he will go to approximately June 25 to take
approximately June 25 to take
eare of security precautions. He does not intend to make an active search utilizing activating transmittens
THORON THOR THORON THOR THORON THORON THORON THORON THORON THORON THORON THORON THORON
advised that he realized that much of the work hat the Bureau probably had on hand in this connection depended on his equipment, but there is no other suitable equipment available to this time and he wishes to request the loan of one receiver with he necessary antennas.

requesting an FBI representative because he felt his people could properly use the receiver, he would be happy to have an Agent of the Bureau go with him if we so desired.

During the period of this loan, if approved, for a period of approximately a week to ten days, we would not be able to make any similar security checks, but because of the importance of this use, it would appear to have a higher priority than any other request we might receive during that period.

Classified by 21

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Independent

b6 Per the FBI . b7C

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

Office Memorandum • United States Government

•	, <i>33</i>	, JANEAU DELIVER	1714 T
	то :	MR. HARBO KHE O THE DATE: June 9, 19	<i>53</i>
*	from :	D. J. PARSONS SECRET	///
	SUBJECT:	WHITE HOUSENSEQUE TOWN JUNE	N Tolson 1
تمرو :	*	Ultrasonic Listening Device	Clegg Olavia Elchole
ì.		My memorandum of June 5, 1953, advised of the requests	
	0;f	of the White House Secret Service staff to harrange	tolous
	Deginni.	ng June 29, 1953. The Director approved this request	Tele. hous
		o noted on the memorandum "Have we only one? What is one and can it be readily procured?"	Carred
ı		\mathcal{U}^{\cdot}	Hilton
i	lin secu	We have only one countermeasure receiver suitable for unrity checks to detect and search for the cavity microphology and distinged receiver which	
	ratory	research work is impractical for actions useful for Labo.	-
1		h Laboratory at the same time one additional unit was	val
· [.,	UNE UNIT SIMILAR to our Tabanatana	
	practice	al diala neservit Laboratory, but no other units suitable for	r /Consult
		A special committee representing the TTC TOTAL.	
		INIS COMMITTEE mas also to coordinate the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
.	measure arrangem	equipment requirements for these agencies and through	
11			
[]			
		Although the Bureau did not request any units in this gr	oup
		and consulting with the technical people concerned with	
	7 - 0	This program for the construction of countermeasure equipment being followed by the FBI Laboratory.	the uip-
	ACTION:	Name of the Abl Edboratory.	a
	,	OTOR Hollan War 80-760-	3
,	DJP/mek	Glassing by 24 1953	
	· - ^	Exempt from Open and Indefinite	
5	9 1013	D 1953/3 EX-104	
	•	1.4	

Office Memorandum • United States Government DATE: June 10, 1953 D. J. PARSONS Q FROM : WHITE HOUSEN SECURTTY SUBJECT: JUNE Ultra SONIC LISTENING Device My memorandum of June 9, 1953, advised that we have only one countermeasure receiver suitable for use checks to detect and search for Further, the special committee representing TIC, ICIS was coordinating the procurement of approximately 70 units similar to those built by the Bureau and Naval Research Laboratory personnel, and that these units will cost the interested agence 71y \$700 each. My memorandum also advised that we expect to receive two units as a result of the technical assistance which the Bureau has rendered in the initiation of this program and consultation with the technical people concerned with the project. We feel that these units together with the one we have will be sufficient for the Bureau's needs and do not necommend that we make an official request for any of the units at the price of \$700 each. ACTION: None. For information. DJP/mek from GB

19

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 19, 1953

R. A. Harbo PA FROM :

JUNE

SUBJECT: Y RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE

Ultra sorie Listening Device

Pursuant to prior arrangements Special Agent J. M. Matter of the Laboratory today installed countermeasure units in the office phones of

ACTION

The countermeasure units will be installed in the telephones in the residences of these two officials on Tuesday, June 23..

1 - Mr. Belmont

RTH: VH

B3 JUN 23 1953

Date of Declassification - Index

59 JUL 2 1953

7813

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

5 6 JUL 7 . 1953

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT b7E Mr. Tolson June 22. R. T. Haroopy FROM: SUBJECT: TRADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURES 80-7/0 tra so Nic ListeNING DEVICE Pursuant to prior arrangements Special Agent J. M. Matter of the Laboratory installed countermeasure units in the residence telephones The installation was Saturday afternoon, June 20. 1 - Mr. Belmont RTH: VH 80-160- 206 JUN 25 1953 .

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 09-22-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

80_760_207 CHANGED TO 105_19581_111X

AUG 1 8 1953

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

b6 b7C . b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

DATE: June 23, 1953 R. T. Harbo FROM: Clers SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE Nichol OUNTERMEASURES Alden Pursuant to prior arrangements Special Agent J. M. Matter of the Laboratory this morning installed countermeasure the f<u>ive resid</u>ence telephones Apartment A'CTION Countermeasure units will be idence telenhone as ne notifies us that certain changes in his residence telephone equipment have been completed.

5 6 JUL 7 1953

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category

Date of Declassification Ride fulfie

1 - Mr. Belmont BECE ..

1. 80-760- 27 090 JUN 89 1958 EVEN

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

			`				
	TO .:	Mr. C. A.	Tolson	RET	DATE:	June 29,	1953
	FROM:	R. T. Hari	bo		JUNE	80-764-02	Tolora V
	SUBJECT:	XRADIO FRE	QUENCY MICRO	PHONE-TELEPH	ONE	,	Nichols Belmont Clegg
ممعو				N& Devise	م المنظم الم	to Jam m	Glavin Barbo Rosen
	the Labor	Pursuant :	to prior arro	ungements SA ed countermed	J. M. Ma	tton of	Tracy
	telephone	instruments	^ * CO * 1110 10221	ea counterme	usure uni	<u> </u>	Nease
			Washingto	on, D. C.			
	ACTION					Sa	itto
Ĺ		The Tar	s completes	countermeasi	ure insta	llations fo whom reque	. jr
[]	have been	received to	date.			· whom reque	0 00
-	JMM: urh	,	RHA	1/7	,	<u>.</u>	
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Jan M

Office Memorandum • United States Government

FROM: D. J. PARSONS SECRET.
FROM .: D. J. PARSONS SECRET.
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE JUNE
SYNOPSIS: Referral/Consult
In July. 1950. an ultrasonic listening device built by one an electronics manufacturer, was shown to the then Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson who brought it to the attention of President Truman, and on August 23, 1950, a Presidential Directive was issued classifying the ultrasonic listening device as "top secret." This order also restricted the procurement of such devices, the Department of Justice being the sole agency contracting for acquisition with the sole agency contracting for acquisition.
States.
The Bureau had the information
that similar equipment had subsequently been developed by
the Bureau made patent application which was placed under the Inventions Secrecy Act and classified as "top secret." Knowledge of
such equipment in the possession of the Physical Security Equipment
Agenty resulted in a number of security breaches on the part of PSEA
personnel. The Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security now
proposes to seek modification of the 1950 Executive Order to de
classify the ultrasonic listening device to "secret," primarily to permit more personnel in the Patent Office to have knowledge of
isuch devices and facilitate Patent Office processing. Pat Coyne,
of the National Security Council, has advised ICIS that because this
concerns a device developed by the FBI and the secret patent applica-
tion was filed by the FBI, the Bureau's views should be sought before final ICIS action is taken, and he proposes that I attend the next
ICIS meeting to present the Bureau's views.
RECOMMENDATION:
That I attend the ICIS meeting, if invited, and oppose a change in the security classification of the ultrasonic listening device.
VERE MARKET MARK

Classified by 21

Exempt from CDS Category 2

Pate of Declassification Indefinite

DJP/mek JUL 16 1953

80-760-212

JUL ,9 1953

Memo to Mr. Harbo



Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device

DETAILS:

An ultrasonic listening device was shown to Secretary of
Defense Louis Johnson in 1950 by oneis
an electronics manufacturer in Connecticut doing business under the name of Research Products, Inc. The ultrasonic listening device
is a piece of equipment which can be attached to a telephone line
at a remote point and without entering the premises of the subject,
utilizes the telephone instrument in the subject's premises as a
microphone to hear conversations within the area where the telephone
is located. Johnson was so impressed by the demonstration that he
called it to the attention of President Truman who issued a Presi-
dential Directive dated August 23, 1950, classifying the equipment
as "top secret" and restricted the acquisition of such equipment to the Department of Tuetica for the Department of Tuetica fo
The Department of Tuotion for war in it. The Referral/Consult
also demonstrated his equipment to the Bureau and
we recognized that its operation was similar to equipment that the
Bureau had previously devised and was still working on for further
improvements. Because we then had knowledge that the principle
involved was known outside of the Bureau, immediate action was
instituted to seek a patent on the Bureau equipment and to place
the patent application under the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951,
with the classification of "top secret." Raymond P. Whearty, then
in the Criminal Division of the Department, advised
President and also of the prior development of such equipment by the
Bureau, and abandoned his steps to seek a patent for himself.
At the timedeveloped this equipment and demonstrated
it to Government representatives. he employed as his Washington
representative one , who later severed his connections
with and formed the Tocsin Company which was associated with
Alertronics, Inc., in New York, both of which companies have been
the subject of Bureau investigations.
respected the security classification and cooperated
with Government agencies, but did not. was friendly with Colonel H. M. McCoy and Lewis A. Gust of the PSEA. Obviously,
with Colonel H. M. McCoy and Lewis A. Gust of the PSEA. Obviously,
<u>with the knowledge</u> obtained through his previous association with
with the aid of electronics men whom he hired, built
an electronics device and indulged in numerous security violations
by his demonstrations of this equipment.
The furgation aboratory also devised a countermeasure to
(N) 10/1 11/1 1

- 2 -

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 ...
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memo to Mr. Harbo



Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device

to install on telephones which would prevent the operation of the ultrasonic listening device and also other methods of converting the telephone into a microphone when it was not in use as a telephone. The Bureau has also filed a patent application on this telephone countermeasure.

In discussions with Coyne and Whearty of the Criminal Division prior to the filing of the patent application, it was decided that the classification of "secret" would be applied since this countermeasure is effective against other means of transforming the telephone instrument into a microphone and, therefore, does not reveal the "top secret" ultrasonic listening device. Our patent application has, therefore, been placed under the Inventions Secrecy Act under the classification "secret."

There has been no disadvantage to the Bureau in having the ultrasonic device classified as "top secret." On the other hand, I feel that there would be a disadvantage to its downgrading. I feel that the security violations committed by PSEA would have been multiplied several times had the classification been other than "top secret." In connection with the Russian cavity microphone, PSEA sought to have it downgraded from "top secret" to "secret" in order that they could peddle it to their private contractors under the guise of having their own research done even though the Bureau and Naval Research Laboratories were working on the project. I therefore feel that the classification of "top secret" is proper for the ultrasonic device; that since the countermeasure does not disclose the ultrasonic device, the classification "secret" is proper, and that we should so advise ICIS and I have so recommended.

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinite

Office Memrandum

GOVERNMENT

Director, FBI (80-760) SAC, Miami (66-189-C)

DATE: July 1, 1953

SUBJECT: RADIO TRANSMISSION OVER WIRES Chitra SONIC LISTEMING Device

Rebulet May 29th last.

The informant has been contacted for additional facts concerning the gimmick constructed by Continental Press for bootlegging race results for the dissemination outside the tracks to bookmakers. The informant has been unable to furnish any further specific details concerning the alleged gimmick but has stated he will make discreet inquiry through his sources to learn what he can about it. In the event pertinent data is forthcoming the Laboratory will be accordingly advised.

VKA: amc

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F 8 1 Classified by 24

Trompt from GDS, Category 2 le of Declassification - Indefinite

3 13 PH "53

RECEIVED-HARBO

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 09-22-2010 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

80-760-214 CHANGED TO 80-648-37-14

AUG 1 8 1953

3 ₆	FIX-36
	Mr. Tolson
•	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
	ERT MTAMT (66-1544) JULY 14. 1950 Mr. Rosen
	FBI MIAMI (66-1544) JULY 14; 1958 Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy Mr. Genry
	Transmit the following Teletype message to: Mr. Mohr. Mr. Winterrowd.
/	ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY (AIR TEL) Mr. Holloman Mr. Sizoo
1	OUItinsinic Listening Devices Miss Gandy.
M.	ROBERT EXTHORPE, OPERATOR OF RADIO AND TELEVISION SERVICE,
72 °	5243 S. W. 8th STREET, MIAMI, FLORIDA, WHO SINCE 1937,
10 mg	HAS ENGAGED IN EXPERIMENTATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF DEVICES
HOHE	FOR LOCATING SUB-SURFACE METALLIC ORES, RECENTLY CALLED
	THIS OFFICE AND STATED THAT WHILE EXPERIMENTING WITH ONE
1	SUCH DEVICE HE ACCIDENTLY DETERMINED THAT HE COULD INTER-
,	CEPT TELEPHONE CONVERSATIONS WITHOUT ANY TRESPASS WHAT-
*	EVER TO THE EXTENT THAT HIS DEVICE MONITORED TELEPHONE
* *	CONVERSATIONS IN THE NEXT DOOR BUILDING. THIS OUTFIT
The state of the s	WAS USED BY THORPE CURRENTLY IN CANADA IN CONNECTION WITH EXPERIMENTATION FOR ORES. AS SA (RADIO ENGINEER) BEN L.
ي وميد ا	SUTTON, IS CURRENTLY IN MIAMI IN CONNECTION WITH ANOTHER
	MATTER, BUREAU PERMISSION IS REQUESTED FOR SUTTON TO
	CONFER WITH THORPE CONCERNING HIS DEVICE.
	POWERS
	CM: ca RECORDED . 87 , 80-760 Mr. Harled
لمِـه	SECRET ADEXED - 87. JULI 15.1858
-15	U'. U BH APR 2 FX - 112
	Classified by 24 1975

Sent

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

Per.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. HARBO RHO

SEXRET

DATE: July 27, 1953

dlavir.

FROM : D. J. PARSONS

SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

JUNE

My memorandum of July 2, 1953, advised that the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security (ICIS) had drawn up a proposed Executive Order to supercede the Executive Order issued by President Truman in August, 1950, classifying the ultrasonic listening device as "top secret." Pay Coyne of the National Security Council had suggested to ICIS that before final action, the views of the FBI should be sought in view of the fact that the FBI had a top secret patent application on this type equipment pending under the Inventions Secrecy Act.

The Director approved my attending the ICIS meeting and presenting the Bureau's views opposing a down grading of the classification from "top secret" to "secret."

on July 16, 1953, I met with the ICIS representatives and was advised that one of the contributing reasons that ICIS desired the down grading was in order to facilitate the administrative procedures in the Patent Office. I pointed out that we did not feel that a security classification should be set or adjusted because of the administrative problems in handling it, but rather on the nature of the device or information concerning. I pointed out that we still felt that the nature of the device was entitled to the top secret classification and to be handled on a strictly need-to-know basis. After several questions the representatives present agreed with the Bureau's position and agreed that the proposed revision should be dropped. Two of those present desired to confirm their vote after consultation with their respective agencies (Defense since they had previously had taken a position in favor of down grading.

On July 24, 1953, Mr. William Foley of the Department of Justice acting for Chairman Tom Donegan, advised me all representatives had finally agreed to drop the proposed Executive Order and to allow the top secret classification to remain.

There is attached a copy of a letter prepared for the signature of Donegan advising the Patent Office of the classification and requesting that they initiate the necessary administrative procedures to insure the proper secure handling and protection of the ultrasonic and similar devices and the countermeasure which will remain in the secret classification.

Attachment

DJP/mek

SECRETY 25 1975 80 760 - 2) 6

Exempt from GD Selection 13 JUL 3.

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Honorable Robert C. Watson Commissioner of Patents Department of Commerce Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Watson:

For your information with reference to the Top Secret security classification at present applied to the general class of listening devices disclosed in Application for Letters Patent filed by the Department of Justice under date of July 1, 1952, serial no. 306,313, I am enclosing a directive concerning the acquisition and use of ultrasonic listening devices in the clandestine collection of information, issued by the President August 23, 1950. By order of the President this directive is classified Top Secret-Security Information and may be made available only on a strict need-to-know basis, and copies may not be reproduced without specific permission. Representatives of the Departments named in the directive have recently again conferred on this subject matter and have agreed that in the interest of security the classification of this application and closely related material should remain Top Secret as at present.

It was further felt by the representatives of the interested Departments that the classification applying to protective devices and related material (devices directed toward prevention of the use of the above mentioned listening device) should be no higher than Secret if the protective devices or written material pertaining thereto do not disclose the nature of the listening device itself. However, wherever the protective device or material relating thereto is of such a nature as to disclose substantially the nature of the listening device subject matter, the classification Top Secret should apply.

Accordingly, if not already in effect, the necessary administrative procedures to insure secure handling of these and other similarly classified items should be initiated by your office. As one phase of such procedures, it is suggested that applications

cc: Mr. Coyne (copy No. 2)
Mr. Don Parson - FBI (copy No. 3)

Mr. Tom Donegan (Copy No. 4) (copy No. 1 - original)

SECURITY INFORMATION

Dourseaded 08/31/2010

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covering the development of equipment for listening-in to conversations or sounds within an area under observation should be routed to personnel, who are appropriately cleared for access to Top Secret security information, for review to determine whether such applications contain classified security information. Similar routing and review is suggested of all applications covering the development of devices designed to protect an area against such listening coverage.

Sincerely,

Thomas J. Donegan Special Assistant to the Attorney General

Enclosure No. 147993

JULY 17, 1953

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AIRTEL

REURAIRTEL JULY FOURTEEN ROBERT E. THORPE, OPERATOR OF RADIO AND TELEVISION SERVICE. IT IS DESIRED YOU INSTRUCT SA BL SUTTON ON SPECIAL ASSIGNMENT YOUR OFFICE TO DISCREETLY CONTACT THORPE, IF THORPE IS NOT IDENTICAL WITH URTEL MARCH THIRTY FIFTY-ONE CAPTIONED ROBERT EDMOND THORPE, H. G. ROGERS, ITSP, OBTAINING AVAILABLE TECHNICAL DETAILS OF HIS DEVICE WHICH HE CLAIMS MONITORS TELEPHONE REPLY SHOULD BE DIRECTED ATTENTION LABORATORY. CONVERSATIONS.

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80-760

MAILED 4 Belmon Glavi Rosea Gearty Winterrowd Exempt from GDS. Category a Date of Declassification - Indefinit 13

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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یو	TO TO	Mr.	Harbo P	

DATE: August 14, 1953 Nichols. Belmont

Clegg. Glavin Harbo

Rosen Tracy. Geatty

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FROM :

SUBJECT: RF COUNTERMEASURES

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Memorandum for Mr. Harbo

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RECOMMENDATION

For information only.

Completes program

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: .FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

CARRIER CURRENT INSTALLATIONS USED BY BOOKS TORTH

The following technical information and modus operandi were furnished by the Federal Communications Commission to show the techniques employed by bookies in their use of carrier current transmitters and receivers. Main purpose of this type of installation, of course, is to have a telephone working at a point remote from the place or places where the books are actually being made.

The system utilizes low power transmitter and associated receiver at the telephone and a second receiver and transmitter at the operator's hideaway or bookmaking room. A timeclock is set to turn on the filaments at 10:00 am and turn off the filaments at 7:00 pm which time covers the period of racing activity throughout the country. When a call is received the ringing voltage turns on the transmitter and goes off again when the caller hangs up, thus the filaments are on 10:00 am to 7 pm and the carrier is on only during calls.

One of the units examined by engineers of the FCC operated on a carrier of 488.8 kc and the receiver in the telephone end operated at 390 kc. Both were capacity coupled to the AC line. The second unit at the operator's hideaway location transmitted on 390 kc. and received at 488.8 kc. When the incoming call is completed it is acknowledged by the second transmitter. This is received by the receiver at the position number one (telephone location), demodulated and put on the telephone line. The transmitter consists of a 6SG7 oscillator driving a 6K6 final amplifier which is modulated by a 6L6 type of tube. The receiver is a tuned RF type consisting of a 6SH7, a 6H6, a 6SN7, a 6SH7 and a 5U4 rectifier. The transmitter operated on a frequency of 488.8 kc and the crystal controlled receiver is tuned for reception at 390 kc. Upon receipt of the telephone call the action excites the modulated stage of the transmitter and the output of the transmitter is capacity coupled to the AC line. Another unit transmitting on 390 kc and receiving on 488.8 kc is also capacity coupled to the AC line somewhere in the immediate vicinity of the building. Upon completion of the incoming call it is acknowledged by the second transmitter. This equipment enables the operator receiving bets to avoid arrest since he is not physically at the telephone position whose number is being called for the purpose of placing bets. The field strength of the transmitter was 22,000 microvolts per meter directly beneath the AC line at a distance of approximately 25 feet. At: 200 feet from any AC line field strength was 800 microvolts per meter and was 300 microvolts per meter at 400 feet. In making the field strength measurements the plane of the loop was 90° from the position of the transmitter indicating that bearings on the carrier current to be in the

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ENCLOSULA

80-760-218

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Mr. Harbo Rd DATE: August 20, 1953	
FROM: I. W. Conract DECRET	,
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC, DEVICES LISTENING	
SYNOPSIS Barbo Rosea	
Federal Communications Commission advised Los Angeles division that employed 100-200 kc carrier to propagate race results over telephone wires. It is known that carrier is used for telephone communications on a specially equipped line. Bureau experience indicates restricted range for carrier on normal telephone lines. It appears desirable to have additional information concerning reported technique. RECOMMENDATION	
It is recommended that the Liaison section contact the FCC to obtain all available information concerning the technique used by to propagate race results over regular telephone wires. The details should be transmitted to the Laboratory where the investicative potentialities may be explored. If possible treat as confidential informant.	
<u>DETAILS</u>	
On pages 186, 187. General Investigative Intelligence Report Los Angeles, 1-1-53 to it is stated that for FCC on 1-28-53 advised that had been involved with San Bernardino, California, in violation of FCC regulations involving the stealing of information from Western Union lines.	
described former operation in which tapped into Western Union channels carrying race results of the Continental Race Wire Service. then transmitted the information over a very low frequency transmitter (100-200 kc) coupled into the telephone company cables through a condenser. With this system would transmit the information over the company network and anyone could pick the data off simply by picking up the telephone, clearing the dial tone and listening. He described it as carrier current which spread the transmission over the entire telephone company system. I tated that no FCC license is required because there is no actual broaders through the air and a monitor sitting under a telephone like the condition of the condition o	
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It appears from the above that additional equipment would be required to detect the presense of the carrier put on the telephone company network as the frequency used is above the audible range. It is known that the telephone company employs carrier on specially equipped lines for toll circuits. This enables them to put several telephone conversations on the same physical circuit and with an elaborate filter network separate the telephone conversations at the receiving end. The frequencies employed by various popular types of carrier telephone systems are from 7150 cycles per second to 2 mc. Not only must the lines employed in this type of transmission be separately balanced but elaborate originating and terminating equipment must be employed to successfully use a carrier circuit.

It has been observed in the Laboratory that a normal telephone line attenuates frequencies above 7500 cycles per second so much that they are not usable without special equipment. Too, when radio frequencies are put on a normal telephone line its effect is restricted to a few hundred feet.

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Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification—Indefinite

Office Memorandum • united states government

Mr. Harbo P

DATE: September 8,

1953

FROM

I. F. Conrad

JUNE

Gearty Vinterrowd ... Holloman.

Miss Gandy -

SUBJECT:

تعمره

ULTRASONIC Listening

SYNOPSIS

Field Engineerin rand Monitoring Bureau, Federal Communications Commission, 2 12 furnished details of carrier current used by bookies for propagation (of race results. No new techniques revealed. He feels that Bell

System is the best source of information for details concerning transmission limitations. Engineers of this system have been contacted previously and they concur in Bureau opinion. Technical details of technique attached.

ACTION

Efforts will be made to keep abreast with the carrier current technique and should new developments come to the attention of the Radio and Electrical Section technicians the Bureau will be advised.

DETAILS

Remymemo 8-20-53. On 9-4-53 SAs O. H. Bartlett of Liaison and C. K. Cor<u>bet</u>t of the Laboratory interviewed Field Engineering and Monitoring Bureau, FCC, 22nd sorreet and Virginia Avenue, N.W., concerning data the Commission had accumulated on carrier current used by bookies for the dissemination of race results and more specifically the activities of one whom it was reported transmitted the information over a very low frequency with the transmitter coupled to the telephone company lines through a condenser. "It was reported that the data could be picked up off the line by simply picking up the telephone, clearing the dial tone and listening.

I ENCL!"

JACEOrding to San Bernardina, California, tappea" the Continental Race Wire Services using the signal to electronically key a 96 kc transmitter which transmitter was coupled to one side of the telephone line and ground through .1 MFD condensers. At a point approximately 11 miles from the transmitter several telephone lines, one of which was spare (formerly had telephone service) entered an establishment.

Attachment Classified by 24 Cherory 2 Chemical Constitution - Inde cc - 0. Hite Bartlett, Room 7640

80-760-217



Memorandum to Mr. Harbo

antenna of a tuned radio frequency receiver was "laid" along side the spare telephone line which inductively picked up the signal broadcast by the electronically keyed transmitter. He did not know the pattern nor area of propagation of the signal in this case. He concurred in the opinion previously stated by Laboratory technicians that a demodulating device would have to be employed to detect the intelligence carried by the carrier signal on a telephone line and that it could not be done by simply dialing a number to clear the line and listening. He felt that the Bell System engineers were the best authorities to determine the propagation pattern and limits of carrier placed on telephone line. For purposes of record this has been done previously and the Bell System engineers concurr in the opinion of the Laboratory technicians that such a method would not appear satisfactory except at rather limited distances.

The FCC has had a number of cases involving the use of carrier current by bookies. In each case the transmitter and receiver have been working at close range. The modus operandi and technical data concerning this type of installation are attached hereto.

The interview did not reveal techniques with respect to carrier current stations that are not already known to the Laboratory. The technicians that are in the Laboratory will be alert to any new developments concerning the technique and should any new ideas come to their attention the Bureau will be advised.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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Office Memorandum • United States Government	MENT
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SUBJECT:	Vinterrowd
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Mr. Harbo

September 11. 1953

I. W. Conrad

JUNE

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TELEPHONE Ultrasonic Listening Device

Executives Conference 11-4-52 authorized 10 man days to conduct necessary tests to determine whether the RFUT unit could be modified to provide successful operation on certain types of telephone instruments on which the device will presently not operate. The most important such instrument is the so-called model 500 which is the new type instrument currently being placed in public service by the telephone company.

These experiments now have been completed and it has been concluded that the RFMT cannot be made to work on the model 500 instrument without modification of the instrument itself. Of course, the necessity for modification of the telephone instrument defeats the primary value of the RFMT device, namely its ability to provide microphone coverage without access to the premises. Based on the study made, there appears to be no immediate prospect for such coverage where model 500 instruments and others of similar circuitry are involved.

ACTION

This-memorandum-completes action on the approved research project and is submitted for record purposes only.

IWC:urh

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CORDED 146 SEP 25 1953

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT b7c b7c
TO: Mr. Harbo CACRET DATE: July 30, 1953
FROM: I. W. Conrad
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES FOR SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES FOR Other States
DEPARTMENT OF STATE
O litra sonie Listeniny Device
Reference memorandum Mr. Belmont to Mr. Ladd dated 7-16-53 re above subject.
On 7-29,30-53 countermeasures were installed in:
1. Five residence instruments of
2. Three residence and two office instruments of
3. Two residence and four office instruments of
ACTION
Suggested that Liaison advise appropriate State Department officials of completion of countermeasure installations for
JMM surh
cc - N. W. Philcox, Room 7645
80-760
SECRETAR 25 IN
Classified by 24 1 2 5 Exempt from SBS Category 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite
↑ ↑ P 22 1953
56:0CT 9 1953 EX-121
TIAN SO

Office Memorandum • United States Government

FROM : I. W. Conrad

DATE: September 16, 1953

Nichols

Belmont

Glavio Harbo Roseo Tracy

Gearty

subject: COUNTERNEASURES

WItrasovic ListeVING Device

On 9-14-53 SA C. K. Corbett of the Laboratory examined a countermeasure unit developed by the British to prevent the telephone being used as a microphone. This equipment was more effective against the microphone-telephone combination than against the RFMT unit. However, it was not 100 per cent effective against either of the techniques as conversations and music could be detected over the electromechanical disturbance of this device. It was concluded that this equipment is not a secure countermeasure device and proved to be more effective as a nuisance media than a protective device.

The countermeasure device is built in a metal cabinet measuring approximately 8" x 11\frac{1}{4}" x 1 7/16" and weighs 6 pounds. It puts a disturbance on a telephone line by an electromechanical system consisting of 2 coils, a 6-volt vibrator, a power transformer and an RF choke network. A standard 6-volt vibrator is used as an interrupter or chopper which when the current is turned on will change the magnetic field and coils wound on the underside of the nonferrous shelf on which the telephone must be placed to induce the electrical disturbances. The disturbances are both electrical and mechanical as the vibrations caused by the vibrator are picked up by the transmitter and the electrical disturbances are induced into the telephone network. Telephone transmission is impaired if this unit is on while the "protected" telephone is in use. The effectiveness of this unit is determined by the position and proximity of the protected telephone to the telephone shelf.

A drawing and circuit diagram are attached.

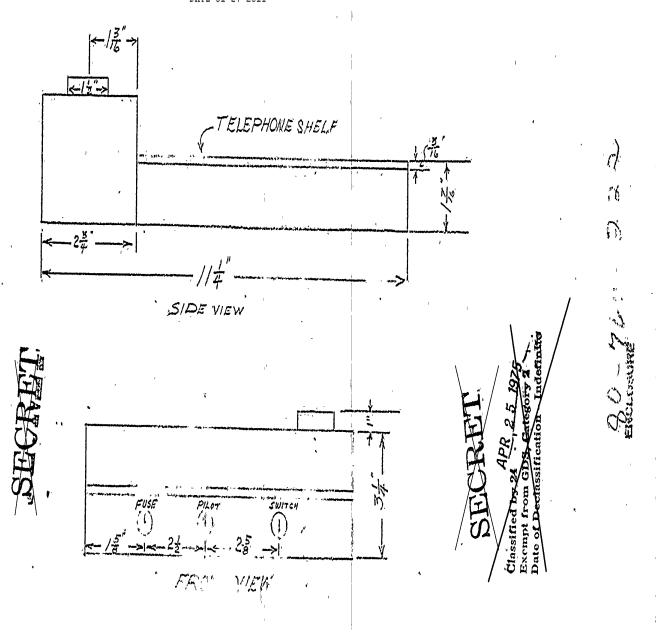
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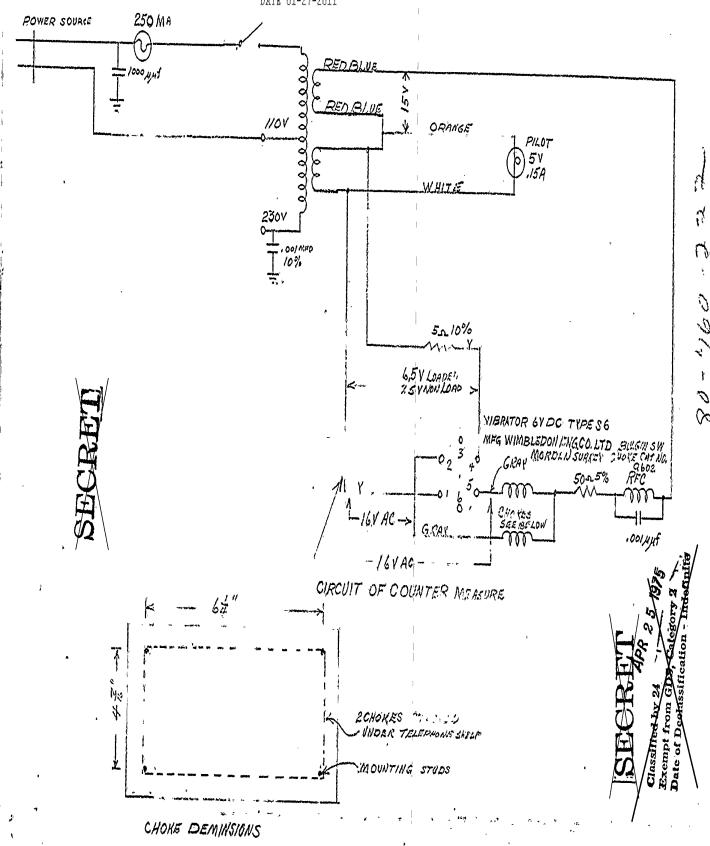
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-27-2011



BRITISH COUNTER MEASURE

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011



Office Memorandum • United States Government

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Office Memorandum • United States Government	-
TO : MR. D. M. LADD O DATE:	lsocidd chol
FROM: MR. A. H. BELMONT STORES July PUBLISHED TO	tbo. sen
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE ON HOME TELEPHONE OF	le. I
Withou Sonic Listening Device You will recall that some time ago, at the request of the Rureau placed a country	s G
the telephones in his home at assistant, advised on Sentember 8, 1953, that	J
Maryland (one block south of East-West Highway). The telephone company is making the telephone change-over at 10:00 A.M., on Thursday, September 10, 1953.	
the countermeasure device out of the telephones at the old address also advised that the new telephone numbers for the new tel	
Bureau representatives to have access to the old address as well as the new address at any time desired. He stated the Governor did want the devices places on the telephones at the new address.	
Extension 2184. can be reached on Government Code 140,	
This memorandum should be furnished to the Tahoratony	×
199153 4)9153 Habber of mecessary action. Haber of mecessary action.	
Lab. advised and will handle. VPKeay	
1 - Mr. Har SECRET	
CWB: fjb // Exempt from GDS Category CORDED - 30 80-760-22	
6 SEP 28 1953 EX-126 EX-126	

Office Me	morandum •	UNITED STA	ATES GOVER	NMENT
	A. H. BELMONT		DATE:	Tolsop Ladd Nichols
FROM: V. P	. Apart SEC	RET	September	13, 1953 clear Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty
DEPA	TERMEASURE DEVICE RTMENT OF HEALTH, E AND WELFARE	EDUCATION,	<u>JUNE</u>	Wohr
Witra SON	IC LISTENING D	erice		75/14
welfare, advise new telephones office and that	Department ad Mr. Bartlett of have been installe	of Health, Edu the Liaison Se d in	ection that tu	24124
installations, instruments at	advised that he can make arrange a time convenient	t if the Burea ements to have to the Bureau.		these ie
RECOMMENDATION:				*
1 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	recommended that the countermeasure of g. secure the teleph	1011100 55 72	telephones be with the Bur	eau's
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OHB : 1w	•.	« የ		,
And Harbo		+		in
·	15 15 No. 186 16.	CORDED-29 8	0-760-22	516 h 1 m.
- 1 s	SECRET 25 19,		SEP 24 558 4	BILL
7: -	Exempt from CDS Category Bate of Declarification - Ind	effulico	SEVE	
56:0CT 2 1953	, -	1. 1.1.		

Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Tolson DATE: 9-21-53 SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION AND WELFARE Ultra SONIC Listening Device Pursuant to the Director's approval of Mr. Keay's memorandum 9-15-53, Special Agent John Matter of the Laboratory this afternoon installed countermeasure units on two additional telephones in the office suite of ACTION This completes action on the request 1 - Mr. Belmont 660CT

of Declassification - Indefini

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

	то		Mr. Tolson JUN DICHT Tolson Ladd Nichols - Beldenit Chen Ch
)	From	:	R. T. Harbo Py Richard Roses Tracy Laughlin
	subject	r: 	COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATION ON TELEPHONES THE DESTREMENT OF Gandy
			FOREIGN OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION We removed the countermeasure units from the tele- phone instruments in the residence of because he was moving to a new residence. This morning SA John M. Matter of the Laboratory installed countermeasure units on the four telephone instruments in the new residence of Chevy Chase, Maryland. ACTION
% -1	165.		This completes action on the request of 1 - Ur. Belmont RTH: VH SECORDED-29 80-760-227 Scurf Tassified by 24 St. Categor 82 St. P. 24 1953 Tyennel from the request of St. P. 24 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson / Ladd ____ Nichols DATE: Sept. 29, 1953 Belmont $\underline{J} \underline{U} \underline{N} \underline{E}$ FROM T. Harbo Time of Call: 5:30 P. Roseo Tracy Date of Call: 9-28-53 Gearty SUBJECT: OUNTERMEASURE UNITS ON TELEPHONES Winterrowd **b**6 IN EXECUTIVE OFFICE Holloman b7C b7E i Mi

SAC D. K. Brown telephoned from Albany with reference to the countermeasure units installed in the Executive Office of earlier this year.

operative; they did not want to call in the telephone company because of the secret character of the countermeasure unit.

be out of his office from Wednesday noon through the weekend and the instrument will be available for work at that time.

Agent Ed Leahy of the Albany Office accompanied SA John Matter of the Laboratory when he installed these units last January but Leahy has advised SAC Brown that he does not feel competent to handle the technical problems involved.

RECOMMENDATION

That SA John M. Matter of the Laboratory proceed to Albany to correct the present trouble involving one telephone instrument on which a countermeasure unit has been installed; at the same time additional instructions will be given to Agent Leahy of the Albany Office with a view to qualifying him to handle any similar problems which may arise in Albany in the future.

1 80-760-2200 to 13 00T 5 11953

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Exempt from 6Ds Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

6:0CT 16 1953

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Tolson /

DATE: October 1,

T. Harbon FROM

 $\underline{J} \underline{U} \underline{N} \underline{E}$

COUNTERMEASURE UNITS ON TELEPHONE

On September 30 SA John M. Matter of the Lahoratory checked the office telephone instruments of Albany and found them in proper operating condition. certained that the apparent reason for the failure of one of the instruments earlier this week was an interruption in the telephone company service for some unknown reason.

SA Matter instructed Agents Vincent M. Sheehan and Edward J. Leahy of the Albany Office in all essential phases Nof this installation so that they will be able to handle any future problems which may arise.

ACTION

This is for information.

RTH: VH

13 OCT 5 11953

6 195 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

allthasonin Listuing Devices

b6 b7C b7E Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. D. M. LADD TO DATE: October 16, 195 FROM A. H. Belmont SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE JUNE WHY SONIC LISTENING DEVICE On October 14, 1953, in conversation with Liaison Agent Bates asked if it would be possible for the Bureau to install a countermeasure device in the advised that he did not believe it desirable to have the device placed on his phone at the made it a practice of not discussing any sensitive matters over this phone. He also stated he did not feel it necessary that the other Commissioners at the have this protection inasmuch as all matters of a highly sensitive nature and all calls from high Government officials in the White House ACTION: It is recommended that the Laboratory install the countermeasure device on phone at his office. Inthe event you approve, Liaison will make the necessary contacts to assist the Laboratory. 1 - Mr. Harbo - Mr. Matter Exempt from GDS, Category 2 hte of Declassification - indefinite - 高 6 NOV 写 1953

Office Memorandum · United States Government

TO : Mr. Tolson	DATE: Oct,	26, 1953 Tolson Ladd Nichols-Belmont.
FROM: R. T. Harbop JUNE	Y	Glavin_ Harbo Rosea Tracy Gearty Hobr
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE	June	Finterrow Jele. Ro. Hollowand State
Pursuant to the Direct Mr. Belmont's memorandum dated of Special Agent John M. Matter of stalled countermeasure devices of the office of was present and was notified than was completed.	ctober 16, 1953, the Laboratory in- n_two telephones in His secretary t the installation	7 VV
RECOMMENDATION:	this morning.	
Since the request for received through Liaison, it is the countermeasure devices has be	recommended that	n.
the countermeasure devices has be 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. C. W. Bates	· - · · · ·	
1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. C. W. Bates 8-760 RTH: kmb/2		
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SECRETAR 25 1975		23)
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DATE 01-27-2011	• *
STANDARD FORM NO. 64	. b7E
Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN	IMEŅT
N	Tolson
TO: Mr. Harbo Ref. DATE: Oct. 22,	1953 Nichols
FROM : I. W. Conrad HOLD TUNE	Glavin Distato
DECT:	// CROSED Tracy Gearty
SUBJECT: COUNTERNEASURE INSTALLATIONS .	Mohr ———— Winterrowd —— Tele, Room —
WITHASONIC LISTENING DEVICE	Holloman —— Sizoo ———————————————————————————————————
In accordance with a request of the Director by Canine of the National Security Agency, there is attached	General Wind
I would will be builty forth a list of countermeasure installa	43000
officials to prevent their telephone instruments from hein	ent
to pick up room conversation when the phones are not in no use.	rma1
The list is set out by groups and a set	An 1/2
The list is set out by agency and reflects the nation the individual or room at the time the installation was made the number of installation.	الأستسمال
the number of instruments in which countermeasure switches installed.	were
It should be noted that the installations for Bu	/n
of New York and former	Chrom
on separate pages should it be desired to detach them from	isted the
4 T 12 C •	
RECOMMENDATION: List prepared for Bureau approval and dissemination.	-
R. R. B.	<i>3</i> ·
980-760 A	×7. 🔊 ,
Attachment RECORDED-67, 80-760-2	
Attachment RECURDED-67, 00 Nov. 6_1953	
JMM: kmb	
ADDEWBUM 10-23-53 DML:vde SEVI	on RD
,	
I would suggest that the list showing installati on government officialis be furnished to General Canine, bu	ons <u>t</u>
that the list showing the installation on former per be furnished to General canti] ne.
CANINE, 10.27.53.	
JOE. Classified by 21 1975	
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17 1953)	F CR tem

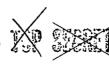
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FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-27-2011

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By 40324 We BAWISHBILSC,

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Office Memorandum • United States Government

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то :	: Mr. Tolson . D	ATE: 11-4-53 Parties Toison Ladd Nichols The Street Control of the			
FROM :	R. T. Harbo PJ SECRET	Harbo Harbo			
subject:	: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES	Nohr Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Sizoo Miss Gandy Wiss	ELE LISTENING DEVICE	of the Laboratory made a recheck countermeasure devices previously install telephones at the residences of	oval Spe- of the ed in the the residence he ion and pered had been
Ü	RECOMMENDATION	į			
White Contraction of the Contrac	That Liaison advise Security Division, that the request in his a November 2, 1953, has been handled as outl	etter-of lined			
is shift	1 - Mr. Belmont				
The same of the sa	80-760	•, •			
	RTH: VH	e the summer			
L	ADVISED MATTER HANDLED 11.4.55.	A C Let			
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56 NOV 16-1953

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FBI LABORATORY Mr. Nich Director Harbo 7625 **≽**Mr. Tolson M5.74Agg Bowles 7601 M5766 vin M6H6rbo Mr Rosen M1.742acy Mr. Ladd Conrad 7140 Mr. Nichols Downing 7621 Mr. Belmont Parsons 7121 Mr. Clegg M5286arty Lab Routing 7621 M5517hr Secretary 7625 M57Winterrowdedding Rm. 5531 Mr. Glavin Mr. Rosen Mr. Tracy I BM4130lloman Mr. Mohr M574Qandy_ Mr. Hollomen 5653 Miss Gandy 5633 RHI agree 11/2 JPM R. T. Harbo

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Office Memorandum • united states government

	JJ	
) ;	o :	MR. BELLIONT SECRET October 16, 1953 Tolson Ladd
ga O F	ROM:	D. M. Ladd Olevin
on on si	UBJECT:	TRADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE ROSEN
, ,	0	Withou SONIC LISTENING DEVICE Barbo
•		at the National Security Agency, called at my office today and left the attached memorandum concerning the use of the above equipment.
·,		He advised he had talked with Mr. Pat Coyne,
4		who informed him of the President's secrecy order
i i		concerning this device. He stated that General Canine was most anxious to secure information concerning the
		development of any countermeasure, in order that he
		might make use of it in connection with any of the installations of the National Security Agency in this
•	•	country as well as abroad. He wanted to know if one
*		of the electronics engineers from the National Security
ı		Agency could talk with anybody from the Bureau's Laboratory concerning this countermeasure.
	ı.	
1		I told I would have to check to determine whether the President's secrecy order pertained
•	ī	to the countermeasure as well as to the device itself.
•		It is, accordingly, desired that you check into this matter and that an appropriate recommendation be
*		submitted for the Director's consideration.
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

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	of	dec	ode	d di	plom	atic	trafj	fic of	intere	varo st to	ugn n the	im al Bursa	1 the	resul	lts.
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	_		It	is	reco	mmend	ed th	at rion	may d				,		*
	at	the	ti	me o	fihi	s con	feren	ce wit	h you,	esire that	to ac	lvise Jahor	Gener atonu	al Ca	nine,
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Office Memorandum

Office Tylenion		UNITED S	STATES (OVERNME	NT
TO. : MR. D. M. LA	DD D	<u> </u>	DATE:	October 21,	1953
FROM : MR. A. H. BE	имона Ѕ	ECRET		JUNE	Tolson Ladd_ Nichol Belmon
SUBJECT: YAADIO FREQUE	ENCY MICROPHOL	Tening	D EV _{Refer}	WA ral/Consult	Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty Nohr Winter
one of the electr	f the Bureau	rity Agency ers from NSA Taboratory	inquired could to	whether ilk with	Tele. I Hollom Sizoo Miss G
<u>counterme</u> asure eq	uipment for d at General Co	the radio fr	equencu n	nicrophone.	
This ma	tter was disc	cussed with	Pat Coyne	by Special	
countermeasures f	anders and Co or this micro	yne agreed Dhone would	that whil	e the	
highly classified is not controlled a representative	DU The Secre	cu order	He sam no	madean whi	t
a representative equipment with the objections.	e Bureau Labo	ratory if t	he Bureau	termeasure has no	M.
RECOMMENDATION:		·			(5)
It is representative from NS. secret material.	ecommended th tives will di A who has bee	scuss this	matter wi	dvised that th a repre- red for top	
		•			
		RECUK! INDEXE	DED-1]		
. 1	1			80-760-	23
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Date of Declar	estrication - Indefinite	· V	المن وكا		
*		10/3	May III		
1 - Mr. D. J. Pars	ons	. N	May any	W	
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NOV 30 1953	NSA				

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM-FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

tice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

T. Harbo DATE: November 3, 1958

FROM:

SUBJECT: TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE

OUITYA SONIC, LISTENING DEVICE Pursuant to the conversation which the Director had with General Partridge, Colonel Feindel of Arlington Hall called at the Bureau and was brought to my office by Liaison Agent John Sullivan.

The Bureau's telephone countermeasure was shown and explan to Colonel Feindel. He was advised of the secret classification and the fact that the Bureau had a patent application pending under the Invention Secrecy Act. Colonel Feindel did not request to see the radio frequency device itself and it was not shown to him.

ACTION:

For information only.

Glaviz Nichol

Rosen

DJP:MD

In from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STĂNOARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	" JJ				
	TO : R. T. Harbo	·			
	1	JUNE CENT	DATE:	November 3,	1953
معمشرع	FROM: D. J. Parsons	ion/A	TEIT	1	1
	SUBJECT TELEPHONE COUNTERM	EASURE /		· Vigh	ass
	Pursuant to the con	nversation whi	ch the Direct	or had with	lavi
	General Canine, former Spen	cial Agent	no	in in charace	
	Laboratory with an electron that agency.	ic technician	,	from	Samout_
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				tele. Ross
	The Bureau's telephote inst	crument as a mi	icrophone to	anerhaan	TK
1	conversations in a room who with these gentlemen and the	re the telepho	nne is lacate	d man diana	e H
	1 10/23/00, to ask a further	question. The	ese aentlemen	mere aduina	e of
	the secret classification of under the Invention Secrecy	ina that the Ri	ureau had a p	atent pending	Comment
·	No problem arose in	connection w	ith the discu	M.	14:1/20
	request was made to see the	radio frequen	cy d evice it	self.	Photos
	ACTION:			1 1/19	e - 1
	None. For informat	ion only. Q	λ_{ℓ}	UVI	β ,
	P	17-		UNI	h
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	D. T.D. and				
	DJP:md		•	,	
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT		Tolson
The state of the s	DATE:	Nichola-
in the second se	October 30,	7953 Balling
FROM : V. P. KOOT CO.		D)) Glavin
SIGNAT		Roseg
	<u>i</u> ,	Gearty
SUBJECT: ACOUNTERMEASURE DEVICES	·	Mohr
OCCUPATION OF DEVICES	JUNE OF NO	Vinterrowd
•	1000	Holloman
AS NOW James	Journ	Nils Gardy -
As you know, countermeasure der	vices have been place	ed on White
members. This installation was done by a included countermeasure devices on the	the FBI Laboratory as	nd The
included countermeasure devices on the	ce phones and home	3 72070
han most au	The is as	onones
has resigned and, the new		
14/64 LT IS DELLEDON + Washert	OW contact the new	sworn
and explain to him the working of the counting that the device is now on his office	Intermeasure dons	
him that the device is now on his office desires the Bureau to install this device	nhones andreas to be a	na aavise
desires the Bureau to install this device would also be timely for Liaison to conta	Andrea and the contract of the	J ne
would also be timely for Liaison to conta	tot form of the sequence pr	$\underline{cones.}$ It
on his residence phones.	usure devices which	are now
	7 Ta & 19	
RECOMMENDATIONS:		. 36
	1	1 3 2
1. It is recommended that Liai		<u> </u>
and explain to him the	son contact the new-	
and explain to him the same and inquire of him if he desires the Rure	workings of the coun	vermeasure
and inquire of him if he desines the Desires	are now on his offic	e phonés
and inquire of him if he desires the Bured on his residence phones.	au to install these s	devices
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and make annungancentialison contact former		———/~)
and make arrangements to have the		
and make arrangements to have the counterm from the telephones at his residence.	ieasure devices remov	ed //
into restuence.	gen g	Sist W 123
11-9-53 notarnially	3,7	
11-16-53 ""	war of	
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- Checklied DV:24	\mathbf{V}°	مر رس المرام
I Mr. Harbo Exempt Heir Great Category 2	r , li DA	THPs.
9 NOV. 30 1953 the of Declassification - Indesinted	· WOO	/1
9 NOV 30 1953 the of Declassification - Indesinite		i ^j

Office Memorandum • united states government

\mathcal{A} .		7 Tolson
MR. A. H. BELMONT	DATE: November 10, 1953	Nichols Belmont
FROM . V. P. VERST SECRET	,	Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES	JUNE	Mohr — Vinterrowd — Tele. Room — Holloman — Sizoo — —
		Miss Gandy -
Reference is made to my memorandum to 1953, in which it was recommended that a repression Section contact the new him the workings of the countermeasure devices	entative of the and eliplain to which are now on h	Heary
office phones and to inquire/him if he desires install these devices on his residence phones.	to have the Bureau	To A
On November 9, 1953, Mr. Bartlett of	and explaine	
to him the wornings of the countermeasure device previously installed on the telephones in his countermeasure.		
advised that none of the telephones have been me however, he thought it might be a go	oved since he beca od move to have th	ne:se
phones checked again to make sure that the countare intact. further advised he had		
from his home; therefore, he would like to have these devices on the White House telephone and	the Bureau instal	
instruments which are at his residence. He fur	ther stated that	
is out of town and that as soon a a week, he will get in touch with Mr. Bartlett		
set up for the Bureau to install the countermed residence phones.		
stated that 10 a.m., Thu	ិក្ខុ ។ Tradau November 12	?.
1953, would be an ideal time to have his office view of the fact that he will be out of town the	phones checked in	
RECOMMENDATION:		Ai
It\ is recommended that a representati	ue of the Electrife	a1 /
Section of the Laboratory recheck the countermed telephone instruments in the office of the	<u>asure devices of t</u>	the It
is suggested that this be done at 10 a.m. on The 1953. Harled on 11-12 by RFPform. In		.≈,
Junchanged of in good condition. R	comment fissor	
OHB: 1w SECRETAPK-12 PH	11/13/53 n = 1 H	JUSTICE
1 - Mr. Harbo Classified by Control 23	-247 (m) 1 . d)	baye.
5 9 NOV 30 195 Pare of Declassification - Indefinite	is The The	अभि ।रेड

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

b6 b7C b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

ro .	Mr. Tolson	DATE:	Nov.	23, 1953	Tolson Ladd its Nikhdis Belmont
.FROM :	R. T. Harbo RY SECRET			R	Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Laughlin
subject:	COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE		130	TOP	Mohr Winterrowd Tele. Rm. Holloman Gandy
•	Pursuant to the Director's ap Agent John M. Matter of the Laboratory installed a countermose with desired				My 8
	office of in his new offic of the Matatico Building.	e tele	rphone	in the	
, ji	RECOMMENDATION: That Liaison advise	——] <i>.</i>		1	
p		'V /		`	
* .	1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Keay RECORDED-			ţ	•
,	RTH: kmb SECRETURE 11-23-53	90-	25 tue	- 2	12
59 DE	Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite		56	amp	1
*	<u> </u>		4		1

5 9 NFC 14 1953

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

	Office tylenioran	<i>luum</i> • unit	ED STATES GO	OVERNMENT
,	TO : Mr. A. H. Belm	ont Abs	DAȚE: No	vember 4, 1953Nichols Belmont
-	FROM: V. P. KEGY	SECRE	JUNE .	Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty
	COUNTER MEASURI	T DEVICE		Mohr Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Sizoo Miss Gaady —
	advised	1// W/17/2moo	N	M. C.
	his former office, Room covice in his new office,		r measure device	e installed in
	ACTION:			4
` 4	It is recommend Laboratory so that the ch	ed that this memo ange may be made.	orandum be furni	shed to the
0.	CWB:bj1		,	
0,	1 - Mr. Harbo 1 - Mr. John Matter		a A	
15 tomag	1 M. Colli Mactel	4	Fi	مهراله فاسرا
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	Louis 2 5			
0	Harry RTH	,	•	a.
•		AND SAME		
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	Date of Declassification - market	201	•	ン `',

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

November 4,1953 4/19 Mr. A. H. Belmont x V. F. Keay COUNTER MEASURE DEVICE advised on Movember 2, that he would appreciate if the Burecu would disconnect the vice installed in his former office, Room b7E tall the device in his new office, Room ACTION: It is recommended that this memorandum be furnished to the Laboratory so that the change may be made. CVB:bj1 1 - Mr. Harbo 90-760 Not approved by Derector yel -11-4-53 gram tec celled 11/10 f will arrange dates. 9-10 AM @ Com. + 80-760-243 Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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Olliberature Lister y of Devices

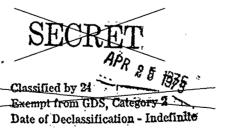
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	fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERN	ACTIATOR /
<i>JJ</i>	OMITTED BITTED GOVERN	MEN'
	, /	1/Miles
ΤĢ	: Mr. Tolson DATE: Nov. 233	Ladd
	7, 2, 200, 200	1900 Nichols Belmont
	JUNE JUNE	Clear Clear
FROM	R. T. Harbo	Harbo
	OLD TOTAL	Kosen
		Gearty
son	T: ACOUNTERMEASURE DEVICES IN	Viaterrowd -
*		Holloman —
		Sizoo Miss Gandy
		Marin
	You will recall recent newspaper publicity	المراجع عما
	concerning the fifty millionth tolonham inchargement	China Conda
	naving been presented to mbis	\Pa 1
•	instrument is of the new harman har uson	Volley
	Series." Two such instruments have been installed in	18 J
3,	A COTT COL	
,	ACTION:	/
"		
•	Pursuant to arrangements made by Special	
	Ayene Roach of the Liaison Unit with dollars accord	
	IMUNUALY GO ONE WRITE HOUSE. Special Agent Take it is the	er
	is, the laboratory mitty install countermeasure units on	
- !	at 6:00 P.M. today.	
Ĩ ,	. /	
		1
	x	
	7 - 36- na 7	
1	-1-Mr. Belmont	
•	1 - Mr. Keay	
	MECORDED AND	7
	CECPLE	1979.
.*	RTH: kmb ? SECRETAS. 1. 80 - 160 - 24-4	{ •
•	RTH: kmb INDEXED 49.	" JUSHLE
	and the same of th	" Attain.
	Classified by 24	; •
,	ADDENDUM: Exempt from GDS, Category 2	· 4, ,
	7:00 P. M., November 23, 1953	11 PH '53
	Countermeasure installation installs in	11 PM 252,
	The state of the s	
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	switchboard with other offices in the and throughout the Government. It was de-	
	VETHINGU THUT THE SECOND 500 SONIOS SONIOS	
201 23	~~~ ~~~~~ VVV~~ VII VO I C C IIIIIIIIIII II II II II II II AA AA AA	
	Ulling and that of his secretary Tracerity	
	TO TO WIND TO WOOD GOULDINED INSTITUTE AND ANTHAMARIA AREA AREA IN THE AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA AREA AR	
.4	THE NAME OF CONTRACT OF STANDARD AND STANDARD STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AND STANDARD AN	
·/s	measure installation was not made on November 23, 1953.	er-
2/	1953.	

A new countermeasure circuit will have to be a second instrument. This is a first per done when Colonel George McNally advises Agent

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson



Matter that the President has completed his trip to Bermuda. At the time the countermeasure is placed on the second instrument arrangements will also be made to install a countermeasure unit on a third 500 series instrument which is a duplicate of the gold decorated one presented by the Telephone Company used for Extension This duplicate instrument is being held as a spare. It was not available to be worked on in the evening of November 23 inasmuch as the Secret Service representative who has custody of the instrument could not be located. JMM:VH



b6 b7C b7E fice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. A. H. Belmont December 9, 1953 FROM -Tracy Gearty Mohr SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES Tele. Room -JUNE Holloman Sizon Miss Gandy. Reference is made to my memorandum to you dated October 30, 1953. in the above-captioned matter. As a result of this memorandum Bartlett of the Timison Section contacted the new and explained to him the workings of the countermeasure devices which were attached to the telephone instruments in his office and at the same time offered to have these countermeasure devices installed on his home telephones. proval for Liaison to Referenced memorandu contact the former and make arrangements to have the countermeasure acutes removed from the telephones at his residence. Einal arrangements for the removal of these devices were made on December 8, 1953, by Mr. Bartlett of the Liaison Section Miring an interview at his office in the Ring Building. advised that returned to Washington on December 7, 1953, from Chicago and that 11 a.m. on Wednesday morning, December 9, 1953, would be an appropriate time for the Bureau representative to remove the devices from his residence phones. This has been furnished orally to Supervisor John Matter of the Laboratory who made the original installation. ACTION: For your information. DEC 15 Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

59 DEC 21 19531

Office Men	morandum • uni	TED STAIRS GO	NTED XIX EXTER
<i>JJ</i>	. Dr	TED GIMIES GO	VEKIMENT.
TO: MR. A	. H. BELMONT	DATE:	Tolsoo
FROM: V. P.	Keay MA SECR	Decembe	r 11, 1058 o Clean
SUBJECT: XCOUNT	ERMEASURE DEVICES	JUNĖ	Moly William William William
as the has been briefed the fact that the These have been order by the FBI have been removed to devices placed of venient to have Liaison Section.	Hon the workings of the is installations were all thecked at his request Laboratory. In additing from the residence photometrical from the residence photometrical this done, he would not Mr. Bartlett has twice entent for this install	Through Liaison Through Liaison Countermeasure Tready made in his and found to be it ton, the counterme tones of the forme the Liaison Section red to have the counterme to however, when it ify the Bureau th	devices, plus of the levices, plus of fice. In good working of talked ountermeasure was con- trough the
RECOMMENDATION: It is matter and that Laboratory until	recommended that no furthe matter be placed in	<u>a closed</u> status	in the
have this instal	OGCIL BLIRE U.S. I	makes a	request to
	·		Lie de
OHB: 1w	Damen.		
1 - Mr. Harbo	A- RECORDE)-97 ₁	0 = 246 1950
	SECRET INDEXED-9	DEG 23	, 1953
	Classified by 24 2. 5r December from 6DS, Category 2	ites	
59 DEC 30 1953	Dale of Declassification - Indefin	•••	7

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg

Office Memorandum of UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: December 21, 1953 V. P. Keay FROM : SUBJECT: Holloman b6 b7C Attached dated December 15, 1953, received from The information co ation emanated from CTTON: The above is being directed to the attention of the Bureau's Laboratory for any action deemed advisable. Attachments Mr. Parsons Exempl from GDS, Category 2 Dale of Declassification - Indefinition

b	6	
b	7	

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson DATE: Dec. 30. 18 JUNE R. T. Harbo Glav Harbo Tracy SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS OFFICE OF Based on the request of relayed through Liaison Agent O. H. Bartlett, Special Agent Robert Pfafman of the Laboratory on December 28 rechecked the countermeasure installations in [office. He found that they were in satisfactory condition except that a telephone instrument had been substituted for the one initially installed in the dining room. Since we had no notice of the substitution in the telephone equipment, this instrument has been unprotected since the change was made. A countermeasure device was installed on this telephone at the first opportunity that the space could be made available to us. This was handled by Special Agent Charles Corbett of the Laboratory on December 30. RECOMMENDATION: That the Liaison Section furnish appropriate notification to concerning the above. 1 - Mr. Keay RECORDED-84 Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

59 JAN 14 1954

Office Memorandum • United States Government

	TO : Ur. Harbo P. DATE: January 7, 1954	
	FROM : I. W. Conrad SECRET	
	SUBJECT: Clavia_	
n 13	Li, Frinning Divices	
JAB	Reference is made to the memo from Mr. Keay to Mr. Belmont dated 12-21-53 pertaining to the above subject and	
	indicating that the Laboratory may be interested in conducting further inquiry relative to an alleged portable body type sound	,
	recorder.	,
	A check of Bureau indices and a review of the files indicate the possibility of 2 different individuals being A	
	of New York City is a member of the Communist Party	
	both New York and Philadelphia is a former government employee with	
	Lend Lease Administration and the Office of Emergency Management. This latter individual heads up quite a few companies in the Philadelphia	ł
	and Delaware areas but has testified before the Senate on several occasions as an authority on labor union matters.	
	ACTION	•
	The reference memo gives no indication as to which individual.	
	is involved and before any contacting is done by the Taboratory it is	
	suggested that Liaison attempt to identify the in question. The search slips are being attached hereto for reference.	<i>i</i>
13	Attachment	
	RFP: orh	
	M 3 1/12/53	
	This descussed with	
	Ottom more adent. Lote	
b	Televen will follow.	
	JAN 7 302 7 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	
	ED SECRET 180-760-249	
	REC 255 JAN 18 17954	
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	thate of Declassification	
	TO JAN 85 ESA LIANGO	
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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

b6 b7C b7E

ce Memorandum • united states government

Tolson

DATE: 1-8-54

Tracy_ Laughlie Mohe_

psa

R. T. Harbo Ry FROM :

SUBJECT:

アア

COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES OFFICE OF

When Special Agent John Matter of the Laboratory installed the countermeasure unit on a new instrument in the November 23, it was ascertained there were two additional instruments in need of similar installations which were not available to us at that time. Colonel George McNally of the White House has now advised that they will be available at 6:00 P. M. today.

ACTION

Special Agent John Matter and Engineer of the Laboratory will make these countermeasure installations at the White House at 6:00 P. M. today.

1 - Mr. Beln

1 - Mr. Keaj

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 of Declassification indefinite ontinued next page);

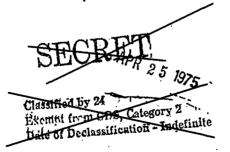
DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-27-2011

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson



ADDENDUM January 11, 1954

On 1-8-54 the above personnel installed
countermensure on the 500 A, a manual set. on
lesk. This completes the counter-
measures in the instruments in
office. However, the spare 500 D which is hold
as a replacement for the 500 D on
desk, was not available. Colonel McNally advised
he will obtain this instrument from
of the Secret Service Unit and make it available
for countermeasure installation at the earliest
possible date. JJM:VH



Office Memorandum • united states government

TO :	MR. D. M. LAD	מ		DATE:	Ladd
*	hl				Belmont M
• •		Abo wind	is tom	January 8,	1954 Glavin
FROM :	A. H. Belmont	MON DEW	ITELL!	•	Alosea_
**	(4	/KV /		*	Tracy Geany
orminan.	VY MATERIALICIÉM MAR	/			Mohr Viaterrow
subject:	TELEPHONE TAP OFFICE OF	ON INSTRIMENT	<u>י דא ייאה</u>		Tele. Roo Holloman
¥ .	OFFICE OF				Sizeo /
_					Keo
*				he O	ffice
of Securi	ty, called Mr.	Roach at 5:15	this after	$\frac{1}{2000}$ (1-8-5)	4)
and advis	sed that one of	the Departmen	t of State	technicians	in
nis routi	ine inspection (of the $top-lev$	el telephon	es in the	
of State	had determined	<u>that</u> one of t	he instrume	nts in	
		office wa	s "very hot	." He state	ed that
ajver exc	imination the te	conscian foun	d that ther	e had been o	ın
installat	tion at the base	board and tha	t as a resu	It of this	
oradle	tion the receive	er was "not" w	nile both o	n and off th	re
	Upon receiving and his techni	ician whether	he had oner	ch inquired	of
to determ	ine what rearro	ingement had h	een made i	fanu in +1	ns trument
itself.	(This inquiry u	vas made in vi	en of the c	ountermeasui	16 36 U 10 8
that the	Bureau has on t	wo telephones	in	ffice.)	The
Departmen	it of State tech	nician had no	t opened th	e instrument	t and
stated th	at it was not n	ecessary as t	he instrume	nt was "hot"	'' onlu
while on	the line. The	<u>technician</u> di	sconnected	the phone ar	id it
is now in		- $0ff$	ice at the	Department of	of State.
	aesirea v	o know if the	Bureau wan	ted to exami	ne it.
ACTION:					17 777 777 7777
No. of					
	In view of the	Bureau's ver	y vital int	erest in thi	s 2.
matter, b	oth from a secu	rity investig	ative viewp	oint and fro	om the
point of	protecting our	countermeasur	es. Mr. Lau	ghlin of the	•
Washingto	n Field <u>Office</u>	was contacted	and instru	cted to have	an .
Agent pro		$$ $\circ ff$	ice to exam	ine the inst	rument
in the co	mpany of a Labo	ratory technic	cian. This	will be don	e this
eventing a	nd you will be	informed of p	ertinent de		2051
	•	050		80-760	1000
۱ (عیریب		KEC	ORDED - 32 1.	101 07 107	1 / J.
1/2/11		F	X-126	JAN 21	11-4-
RRR:1w\		Addendum:	W-120	TIAISON)
		·			
	arbo			cal.	
-Mr.R	osen			advised that	
	SECKEL	the tapped	eoiousiy mi telephone h	sinformed an	na nd in
	WI CIT	I the tapped	me and not	ad been four in his office	iw iii 20 as
		previously	reported.	212 1200, UJJ 20	,
		APR		<u></u>	/
ar	Classified by 24	6 Catagory 2 5 197	7	(D)	•
20 mg	Exempt from GD 1 — 14-Sple of Declasti	Sightion Indefinite		3° 1	
mo eer '	1 - July Date of Declassi	I CAMOM			29 T.

Office Marson days

Office Internoranaus	• UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
TO Mr. Harbo RA	DATE: January 9, 105 Aichols Belword Cless
FROM : Mr. Conrad Jave	SECRET OF Tracy—Gearty—Gearty—Gearty—
Allegea Telephone -	Mohr—Wiaterro Tele. R. Holloma Sizoo Jija Ga
ALLEGATION:	Zost
On the afternoo of Liaison renorted an all	in the office # #
robm conversation could b	wherein all e picked up through the telephone had been disconnected and was in Room 4168, Department of
BACKGROUND:	
of the FBI Laboratory to	igned to the matter to investigate any accompanied by Mr. Robert F. Pfafman check on the technical aspects. Two and ent with upon the arrival
state	ed he had checked the instrument, one at the new residence of
1/0/04; auring a routine m	I N.W., Washington, D. C., at 1:30 P.M., nonthly security check. Finding the king up sound within the room, he
EXAMINATION:	u.
measure. Two normally iso	y Pfafman indicated the telephone was e 304 instrument without a counter-lated sets of connections on the instru-
carelessness of the teleph screw and allowing one wi connection with a wire cli	one installer in tightening a terminal re clip to swing around and make metallic p of the adjacent set of ground \$10-760-9.
Classified by 24	DECORDED as JAN 21, 1954
BIR 18/ Date of Declassification - Indef	

The Bully see

receiver, but not through the transmitter, even though the handpiece was resting in the cradle in a "hung up" position.

ACTION:

Liaison should advise State Department that Bureau is to be kept advised of all moves involving countermeasures. office and former residence were fully protected, but this was first notice of a change in residence. Countermeasure must be removed from old address and should be installed in new address.

ADDENDUM: (1w) 1-19-54 Mr. Roach has made arrangements through the office of Mr. Dennis A. Flinn, Director of Security, Department of State, for technicians from the Bureau's Laboratory to make the necessary installations on the telephones in new home and to take out the countermeasures on the telephones in his old home on January 19, 1954. The Laboratory has been advised of these arrangements. RRR

Pour 1/19/5-4



b6 b7C b7E

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

	0	fice Memorandum • united states government
a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a		: Mr. Tolson JUNE DATE: 2-2-54 Nichols Nichols Plant Glying Harb Rosen Tracy Lupphin Mohr Finterroud Tele, Ra Gard JI JECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES
ICE		Re memos from Mr. Keay to Mr. Belmont dated 10-30-53 and 12-11-53 concerning countermeasure switches for
NING DEV	,	On 2-1-54 requested that installations be made in his residence at N. W., Washington, D. C. Special Agent J. M. Matter and Engineer installed countermeasure switches in three telephone instruments at the residence on 2-2-54.
Listen		RECOMMENDATION That Special Agent 0. H. Bartlett of Liaison Section.
0140	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	advise of the completion of this work at his residence. RECORDED-29 180-760-253 1 - Mr. Bartlett, Room 764 (X-124 M) FEE 4 1954
1 fra sc		OT: VH 2/3-000 Conf. Suy. 80-760 Do lawsied OHB.
No.	160	Exempt from 608, Category 2 Exempt from 608, Category 2 Description - Indefinite

ntenti a	Offic	e Memorandum united states government	**3
	TO :	Mr. Tamm JUNE DATE: 2-16-54	
لعمد	FROM :	I. W. Conrad V SECRET Rosen In the Conrad V SECRET Rosen Incomplete the Conrad V SECRET Rosen In the Conrad V SECRET Rosen	
ř	subject:	COUNTERMEASURES FOR THE WHITE HOUSE Wintercond Tele, Rm. Hollowse Gardy With a so NIC Listering, Device	
		On February 16, 1954, Special Agent J. H. Matter installed a countermoscurio duplicate phone now in use on desk at the White	
		RECOUMENDATION For information	
		For information. This completes all countermeasure installations at the White House.	
		1 - Mr. Roach, Room 7649 RECORDED-29 EX-124 V	1
		DIOREII DO 160-	
63	MAR 1	Exempt from GDS category 3 Date of Declassification Indefinite	
•	**************************************	SAM SAM	- 1

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 01-27-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

invoice of Contents from RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C.

date of shipment and initial this invoice; then return it to person whose name is checked in column at right. After this checked name has been initialled, invoice should be placed in administrative file:

7-26a

e of the	Office	Memorandum	• UNITED STATE	S*GOVER NMEN		leon si — compresso construción su cursumas
pa	то :	Mr. Tamm		E: 2-16-54	Toton Toton Accion b6 b7C b7E •	
	FROM : SUBJECT:	I. W. Conrad	SECRET	- Altout	Glavia	
lice		DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION AND WELFAR	7	Jamelle	Holloman Gandy —	
ng. Devic	telep		1954, Second 1954, Second 1954, Second 1956 Agent J. M. Matter of the second 1956 Agent			
c Listenin	16, 1 measu will	Apartment on r 954, Special Agent Ma re on the instrument be installed on the n ies the Bureau that	tter disconnected the designated. The coun	February, (,
SONI	RECOM	<u>MENDATION</u> For information.	1	180-761	سرح و	
0 WITE	`80-760 1 - Mi	of Bartlett, Roomself	EX.124	, FEB123 1954	XJO	
•	JMM: VE 3 MAR 1	Date of Decla	CDS Category I	gmm	4 mm	,

F.B.I. RADIOGR

4-42a

Mohr



FROM NEW YORK **VIRECTOR**

1-26-54

NR 261220

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY-RADIO AND ELECTRICAL SECTION. REQUEST TWO ADDITIONAL REMT UNITS BE ASSIGNED TO THIS OFFICE IMMEDIATELY. THE TWO UNITS PRESENTLY ASSIGNED ARE IN SERVICE AND THERE ARE TWO REMT INSTALLATIONS PENDING.

RECEIVED:

1-26-54

9:52 AM

٧H

CORRECTED

1-26-54

3:42 PM

VH:

Handled by phone call to new york 126/5-4. I We courant ferrountly teromported the one available mil to ny 1/26/5-4. O there now middle construction no ans veg. 10h 1/27/54 JJHIII of my advised one RECORDED - 3

以-736

Classified by 24 187

Mr. Harbo

M- m Com

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

F.B.I. RADIOGRAM

4-42a

SECRET

DE COPY

FROM NEW YORK

1-26-54

NR 261220

9:43 AM

DIRECTOR

RECEIVED:

URGENT

ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY-RADIO AND ELECTRICAL SECTION. REQUEST TWO ADDITIONAL REMT UNITS BE ASSIGNED TO THIS OFFICE IMMEDIATELY. THE TWO UNITS PRESENTLY ASSIGNED ARE IN SERVICE AND THERE ARE TWO REMT INSTALLATIONS PENDING.

-26-54 9:52 AM

WH

CORRECTED 1-26-

3:42 PM

VH

Tel. aus to g. Hill of N.y.

Tel. aus to g. Hill of N.y.

One unt to Coursell on later

Wy 26/52/200 June

Marie To Town

SECRET APR 25 1975

Exempt from CDS, Calegory 2

Date of Declassification - Indentate

00)80-187-17

1 What Dring my Haubo

If the intelligence contained in the above message is to be disseminated outside the Bureau, it is suggested that it be suitably paraphrased in order to protect the Bureau's cryptographic systems.

Mr. Mobr
Mr. Trotter
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

millede

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mn. Quinn Tamm

DATE: February 12, 195

FROM :

T. W. Conrad

SEGRET

SUBJECT:

COUNTERMEASURES ON OFFICE TELEPHONE OF

Ultrasonic Listening Device

JUNE -

On 2-11-54 SA J. M. Matter, in the course of other business, obtained the following information from Captain Richardson of the White House Detachment of the United States Army Signal Corps.

On 2-8-54 the White House Secret Service Unit reported a "leak" of information in the Senate Building office of Vice-President Nixon. It was suspected that this "leak" occurred by intercepting a conversation between Vice-President Nixon and another individual held in the former's office. The White House Signal Corp Detachment was requested by the Secret Service to make a security survey of the Vice-President's office.

This survey, not completed as of 2-11-54, has included a check of the telephone instruments and the placing of a double-pole, single-throw knife-blade switch on the desk of the Vice-President so that he can disconnect his phone from the line while it is not in use.

on February 10, 1953, by SA R. F. Pfafman.)

Richardson did not indicate that he had noted the existence of these countermeasures and was not questioned by Matter for security reasons.

Richardson inquired as to whether Bureau personnel would be available to assist the White House Signal Corps Detachment in such surveys. Matter advised him that any such request would have to be made through the proper channels, inasmuch as he (Matter) was not in a position to pass on such information.

RECOMMENDATION:

RECORDED-29 FX-126 180-760-257 FEB 3.1954

For information as to the countermeasures.

That Bureau personn not supervise or assist in Security Surveys in which personn white House Signal Corps Detachment participate.

80-760

JMM:ctw

5 9 MAR 11 1954

Date of APR 25 1975

THE SECOND

Assistant Attorney General Warren E. Burger Civil Division

February 25, 1954

Attention: Mr. T. Hayward Brown

Chief, Patent Section Section

Director, FBI

BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

VATENT APPLICATION SERIAL #306,313

Mr. T. Hayward Brown has suggested the desirability of a conference with Eugene J. Cronin and his counsel, John B. Brady, in connection with a Patent Application filed by Cronin covering substantially the same subject matter as that covered by an application filed by the Department at the request of this Bureau, namely Application Serial No. 306,313.

In accordance with Mr. Brown's request, there is attached hereto for use by Mr. Brown at such a conference, a brief summary of information pertaining to the development of similar technical equipment by Cronin. It is noted that Cronin is a former employee of this Bureau, having entered on duty October 30, 1941, and having ceased active duty as of the close of business April 25, 1947.

RECORDED-1. MAR 到1954 INDEXED-T 130

NOTE: It is noted that Eugene. J. Cronin, former Special, Agent, has filed a Patent Application claiming independent invention of the activation of a telephone through the use of radio maves. We feel reasonably certain from the fact that Cronin formerly was assigned to the Laboratory, that Chonin's conception of this device is based on his OBIN employment. Mr. Brown of the Department has suggested that he confer with Cronin Livesee whether Cronin may not wish to withdraw his own application in the light of the Bureau's work.

WECEINED-LYHN

By LOBY W. BAW/SAB/KSC

RECEIVEN-MA! ROOM

SONIC LISTENING DEVICE

Richal

Zelmo

Clear Clavin



CONCEPTION OF INVENTION:

By memorandum to Mr. R. F. Pfafman dated September 6, 1945, Mr. J. J. Hill formally suggested the feasibility of using a radio frequency imposed on a telephone line to energize the telephone microphone, even when the telephone is otherwise inactive. Such excitation and the recovery of sound was to be accomplished from some point remote from the telephone in question, wherever access could be obtained to the telephone line leading to the telephone. Mr. Hill and Mr. N. A. Watson recall discussing this possibility some time in 1944. All of the persons mentioned above were employees of this Bureau at the times indicated and are still employed by the Bureau.

REDUCTION TO PRACTICE:

A memorandum under date of April 24, 1947, reported successful achievement of such activation of a telephone instrument by a radio frequency of 90 kilocycles, applied to the telephone line at a distance from the telephone instrument, thus reporting the progress of continued research on the problem and the successful reduction to practice.

DEVELOPMENT OF DEVICE BY CRONINA

The Bureau first learned of Cronin's development of similar equipment by a letter from the San Francisco FBI Office under date of March 13, 1952, which advised that Cronin had demonstrated the successful activation of a telephone instrument by radio. Cronin was subsequently advised by the Agent in Charge of our San Francisco Office to the following effect:

- 1. That equipment performing the same function previously had been developed and reduced to practice both by the FBI Laboratory and by a private inventor in the East. 1980811384 DAMES AND ADMINISTRATION LB |
- 2. That this general subject matter had been classified Top [Bacrela 30 bh ...]
- 3. That although the Bureau in the past had not sought patent appropriately because of obvious security aspects, the Bureau in this instance was filing application for Letters Patent because of the issue raised by the private development of similar equipment.



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Rocke
Tele, Rm.

INC: kmb



- 4. That in accordance with advice received from the Department of Justice, Ur. Cronin was being officially notified that disclosure of the invention in any manner, by any means, affects the armament and defense of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy is subject to prosecution.
- 5. That, in view of the prior development and reduction to practice of such equipment by others than Cronin, there appeared to be no basts for further negotiation with Cronin for the purchase and use of his development by the Government.
 - 6. That Cronin should immediately advise of any persons who may have gained knowledge of the device in question as a result of Cronin's work in order that steps might be taken to protect the security of the equipment.

It is further noted that Cronin was an employee of the FBI from October 20, 1941, to April 25, 1947. During a substantial part of this time he was assigned to the FBI Laboratory in the specific section where this and related problems were being handled. Accordingly, Cronin had ample opportunity to know of the Bureau's work on this problem. It is noted that the device was reduced to practice prior to Cronin's resignation from the Bureau's service.



	Office Memorandum • United States Government
(₀)	TO: Mr. Quinn Tamm DATE: March 2, 1954
,	FROM : I. W. Conrad JUNE SECOLUTI
	SUBJECT: COUNTERNEASURE TRESPATT ANTONO TO THE CHARACTER
	INTERNAL REVENUE
	On 2-12-53 countermeasure switches were installed on
	three instruments in office. On 7-17-53 these countermeasures were disconnected at the request of
ľ	inasmuch as he was having work done on his telephone instruments. He stated that he would recontact the Bureau when he desired to have the countermeasures installed.
	was later recontacted by SA Woods of the Liaison Maller
5	Section regarding the installation and again advised that he would contact the Bureau when he desired the reinstallation.
10 / V II	Inasmuch as has not recontacted the Bureau, no effort will be made to reinstall these countermeasures unless he so requests.
2 11	RECOMMENDATION:
) }	That the countermeasures not be reinstalled in the
S U	telephone instruments of office in the Internal Revenue Building until such time as he contacts the Bureau.
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Co To	\mathcal{V}
20%	760
142	
13	1 - W. F. Woods, 7645 Right Don't botther
	JUM: KMB
	V.
	SECRET
	SO-760 - 60 80-760 -
K	9 MAR 29 1954 Chasified by 21 Page 1954, Exempt from 605, Category 1
.	Exempt from GDS, Category I

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Jim 2, 2011 to 1 to 1 to 1	,
	Ω
TO : Mr. Tamm	DATE: March 10, 1954, 17
TO : Mr. Tamm	
4.5	Tolora V
FROM : I. W. Conrad	JUNE CITATION LANG
	Nichole
SUBJECT: RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TA	FI.EPHONE HATT
Bufile 80-760	Clegg
	Olavin
O Witra sonic Lister	VINCE DEVICE
CONTE DONIC HISTER	VING DEVICE
You will recall that the Bure	eau has filed two Patent
Applications on development work rela	
matter, one classified Top Secret con	
itself and the other classified Secre	
equipment. You will further recall to	that Eugene J. Cronin, a former
FBI Agent, has filed a Patent Applica	ation covering the development
of a similar microphone device, and	
Connecticut, has filed a Patent Apply	
device. Both of these privately file	ea applications have been placea
under secrecy handling by the Patent	Office at the request of the
Department of Justice as a security i	neasure. However, at the time
of the initial request for secrecy he	
our request be relayed through the De	
(Chapter 17, Title 35) providing for	such handling recognized requests
only from the Atomic Energy Commission	on and the Defense agencies. Sub-
sequently, at the Bureau's request,	
issued naming the Justice Department	as a Dejense agency for the purpose
of this Statute.	
,	
Mr. T. Hauward Brown, Chief	of the Justice Department Patent
Section, has indicated orally that he	faals it would be desirable at
this time for the Department to your	y the menual for control bandidae to
this time for the Department to rener	o the request for secrecy handling //
directly to the Patent Office in the	
not only to insure continued secrecy	handling but also to make the
Patent Office records properly reflect	
Government agency. Accordingly, Mr.	Prome has requested that the Pursau
diversity by Marian Action and the second of	Brown has requested that the bureau
furnish him with a memorandum indica	
maintained secret, which memorandum i	
Department preparation of appropriate	e letters to the Patent Office.
T have officially menioused as	t the Patent Office each of the
above two pending applications in qua	estion, name <u>ly Serial</u> No. 334,440
filed by Cronin and Serial No. 224,30	
opinion the issuance and subsequently	oublication of either would
seriously jeopardize security of Bur	eau technical operations. Accord-
ingly, I have prepared a memorandum	
	20/6
requested by Mr. Brown.	125 80-760-260
OTTOD TOTAL DECORAGE	D 27
ACTION: SECRET RECORDS	D-37 MAR 15 1954
NATURAL,	a a
Proposed memorandum for the	Department is attached for \
approval.	
	MI a alles
Classified by 24	at Isail (1) Barr
Exempt from the Category 2	
Attachment Dale of Declarsification Indefinite	SEP / Y YE
IWC: kmb	and the same of th
17.	

b6 b7C Assistant Attorney General Warren E. Burger Civil Division

March 15, 1954

Director, FBI

Attention: Mr. T. Hayward Brown Chief, Patent Section

PATENT APPLICATIONS

SERIAL NO. 306,313 AND SERIAL NO. 335,617

Reference is made to my memorandum of March 11, 1954, relative to the above-entitled matter advising that related Patent Applications, Serial No. 224,307 and Serial No. 334,440 had been officially reviewed by a representative of this Bureau, and that it is the recommendation of this Bureau that both of the privately filed applications mentioned should continue to be maintained in a classified status in the interest of national

In accordance with the further request of Mr. Brown of your office, it is noted that Application Serial No. 224,307 contains information closely related to Justice Application Serial No. 335,617, which latter Application has been classified Secret and, accordingly, it appears desirable that Serial No. 224,307 likewise be classified Secret. Similarly, privately filed Application Serial No. 394,440 has been found to contain information-closely related to Justice Application Serial No. 305,313 and, in view of the Top Secret classification placed on the latter, it appears desirable that Application Serial No. 334,440 likewise be classified Top Secret.

IWC:KMB

1954 MAR 16 1954

NOTE:

Subsequent to preparation of the Bureau s memorandum of 3-11-54 referred to above, Mr. Brown telephonically requested that the Burgay indicate the specific classifications which it felt should be placed on the two privately filed applications involved, namely Serval No. 224,307 and Serval No. 334,440.

Date of Declassification COMM FBI

Tolson

b6 b7C

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Assistant Attorney General Warren E. Burger Civil Division

Warch 11, 1954

Director,

Attention: Mr. T. Hayward Brown Chief, Patent Section

PATENT APPLICATIONS SERIAL NO. 306,313 AND SERIAL NO. 335,617

In connection with the above-indicated Patent Applications, which have been filed by the Department of Justice on behalf of the Federal Bureau of Investigation under the Inventions Secrecy Act, it is noted that the Eatent Office has called attention to the following related applications filed by private inventors covering related subject matter:

> Application Serial No. 224,307 filed bu <u>James Harrison Bowen as attorney for </u>

Application Serial No. 334,440 filed by John B. Brady as attorney for Eugene J. Cronin.

Because the subject matter covered by these privately filed applications is closely related to that covered by the above-indicated Jovernment applications, the privately filed applications are currently receiving secrecy handling by the . Patent Office under a request from the Defense Department at the suggestion of the Department of Justice. Inasmuch as Executive Order No. 10457 now gives to the Department of Justice the of filing such a request for secrecy handling with the Patent of the records of the Patent Office will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be as the secret will need to be a secret will nee Justice as the interested agency.

7 For your information in connection dighthe possible preparation of such a request to the Patent Office, it is noted that a representative of this Bureau has officially reviewed each of the above private Patent Applications, and it is the recommendation of this Bureau that both applications, Serial No. 324,307 and Serial No. 334,440, continue to be maintained in a classified status in the interest of national security.

A S DEPT OF JUSINGE Exempt from GDS

Belmont Harbo. Tracy

Gearty. Mohr -Winterrowd ... Holloman,

	Office Memorandy	um • united sta	LES GOVERNA	IENT,
,	ro : Ur. Tolson	·	DATE: March 23,	Tolson Ladd Belmont
Jacob	FROM: Quinn Tamm	\ .	b6 b7C	PH Glavin Harbo
	ubject:	SECRET	b7E	Moht Winterrowd — Acle. Room — Holloman — Sizoo — Miss Gandy —
, , ૧૯	phoned him to advise the day had a security check and trusted friend who and who is presently as New York.	k of his telephones mondad telephone experience signed to a district of	had hin the past ade by an old nce with ONI attorney in	Vammed
, 10 Listening Device	installed on had some quest the fact that these countries the fact that these countries the fact that these countries instruments. should advise that ment on the	tion that he raised wintermeasures had a some to Hart that this wantermeasures were on dart of T pointed out to Hart tinformation concernitelephones is restrict	the Bureau re discovered th Hart as to newhat different s because of ifferent type that he ng this equip-	Õi
WItrason	It is recomment the Albany Office to have office check the phones the devices discovered is our countermeasures and been tampered with and a	n the security check of	ned to that be sure that	
्र पूर्	TIME BY JEGG.	APR 2-5 1018 of from GDS Category 2 Declassification Indefinite	1.80-760 - 8 MAR 25 1954	262
511	AR 30 19547 - Date of			

STANDARD FORM NO.	ea ·
Office	Memorandum united stales government
TO :	Mr. Quinn Tamm DATE: March 17, 1954 Vicinity
FROM :	I. W. Conrad
subject:	SECURITY CHECK SENATOR STYLES BRIDGES Winterrowd — Tele. Room — Hollowan — Sizoo — Miss Gandy —
made of a Building and Elect was desir	,
Room P49, 145A, 145 rooms in	Accordingly, a complete microphone and telephone check was the Senator's offices, Room 145D, Senate Office Building, and Capitol Building. A telephone check only was made of Rooms 5B and 145C, Senate Office Building and of the two additional the Capitol Building, Suite P49. The telephone check involved ination of eight telephone lines utilizing twenty-two instruments.
check of were pres	I for a ladder with the statement, "The FBI is making a security Senator Bridges's Office at the Senator's request." Two menusent in this room at the time of this announcement. As a result of the checks, everything was found to be satisfied.
factory o	and no indications of outside tampering were found. It was noted, however, in the Senator's private office of the
suspended connected having ac	ffice Building, Room 145D, that an Ekotape microphone was at the front of the Senator's desk behind the desk apron and to an Ekotape magnetic tape sound recorder in the washroom excess to the Senator's office. This recorder was powered by a to AC rotary converter.
Senator's	A large hollow area, two-feet wide, extending from the basement tic, was discovered along the end wall of Room 145D between the private office and a public washroom opening off the corridor. I panel to this area measuring two-feet square opened into the
suite app	It was also noted that the telephone lines in the Capitol suite and the private line from the Senate Office Building pearing in the Appropriations Committee Hearing Room were all le to radio and pressure wen utilizing the front of the Hearing Room.
ACTION: should be	1. The Bureau Budget Representatives and Liaison Representatives advised of the presence of a microphone and recorder in
future co	Styles Bridges Senate Office room for their protection in making ontacts in Room 145D, senate Office Building. - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 24 - Constituted by 25 - Constituted by 26 - Constituted by 26 - Constituted by 27 - Constituted by 27 - Constituted by 28 -

Ultra samio Listening Device

SECRET

2. Hisisan should apprise Senator Bridges that the security checks have been completed for his Senate Office Building and Capitol Building suites and that everything was found in satisfactory order. They may wish to advise of the vulnerable hollow area between the Senator's room, 145D, Senate Office Building, and the public washroom as well as the vulnerability of the telephone lines appearing in the Appropriations Committee Hearing Room.

to secure clearance for the security check of the Senator's apartment word from the Senator's office.

archelist - com

hands should hands

SECRET

APR 2 5 1975

Classified by 24
Exempt from OBS extegory 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

Office Memorandum • 1	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
pro . MR. A. H. BELMONT ON S	DATE: May 6, 1954 Boardman
FROM MR. V. P. KEAY	Belmont Glavin Harbo Rosen
SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR BUREAU TO	ECRET Winterrowd Tele. Room
SECURE TELEPHONES OF	Matis Gandy Niss Gandy
With SONIC Listen,	ry Derice , 201 drum
The attached letter from Mr. Could r	Director, Security Division, Department ecure the telephones of newly-appointed
has just replace	
Since it has previously been appro-	ved that we will furnish this service
to the top executives in the Defense Depthat a Laboratory representative be applicated installations.	partment, it is being suggested proved to take care of the necessary
RECOMMENDATION:	
That, through Liaison, a Laborator	presentative arrange to check the
Ner Ker	· ENC
SDE:mpm/	5-8
1 - Mr. Tamm, Rm. 7625	No. 12
1 - Mr. Conrad, Rm. 7140	100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
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Exempt from 608, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite	The control of the co
	801 - X3

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT . MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: May 14, 1954-113 FROM : MR. V. P. KEAY SUBJECT: SECURITY CHECK OF OFFICIAL Holloman DEFENSE DEPARTMENT TELEPHONES Miss Gandy The attached letter has been received through Liaison requesting another regular, periodic check of the telephones in the Offices of the · Secretary and Deputy Secretary of Defense. It will be recalled that these checks are made approximately every six months and that this procedure has had standing approval for some time. RECOMMENDATIONS: 1. That arrangements be made through Liaison to have a representative of the Laboratory recheck the telephones of the Secretary and Deputy Secretary of Defense. MR. GOULDSCONTACTED 5.18.54 AND WILL MAKE NECESSARY ARRANGEMENTS FOR REQUESTED CHECK. S.A. MATTER PREPARED TO MAKE CHECK, WHEN SO ADVISED. BNCL 2. That, based upon prior approval of this procedure, these checks bec made as subsequent requests are received, unless a situation arises in the meantime which would make this inadvisable. SDE:mpm Attachment 1 - Mr. Tamm, Rm. 7625 1 - Mr. I. W. Conrad, Rm

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×	Office	Memorandum	• UNITED S	TATES GOV	ERNMEN'	Т
ŝ	TO .	MR. A. H. BELMONTY (3)	18/2	DATE: May	28, 1954	Tolsoot Ladd Nichols Belmont
	FROM :	V. P. Keay	ECRET	<u>JUNE</u>	Minist Constitution of the	Glavin Have Average Rose
	subject:	INSTALLATION OF COUN	TERMEASURE DEVI	<u>CCE</u>	V V	Trotter
	. T			r	N CO	Hiss Gandy
	devices o	You widl recall that and office	verephones of	placed cour	itermeasure	MU
DOVIERS	Washingto	on D. C. His resident of State, informed 1	Tr. Roach on Ma	tor of Secur	that the	RLM
100	first-flo Bureau pl	or study at his home of	and was r	1 telephone equesting th	in his at the	
burn		te arrangements to have	א לאלי מת לונונו	e would make	•	
154	ACTION:	•			w. z. sini wang	
7	and the L	1: It is recommended aboratory be authorize	a to-make the	y with this installation	request	
\$. \$.		INDEX RECORDE	ED · 36 D · 36 80 -	2601 36	osh	
1 +00	arnan aama	2. If you approve L	iaison või ill Mas	. 195A	7	4
$\mathcal{E}_{\mathbf{o}}$	jor woods	os will the security	Office of the 1 at a given=date	Department o	f State`	
	6/9/54	To be handled 103 am	L-10-511 L	arje. o	,	
، يە	1/1/	Ele & CM Tratellal in the		(A)	, • `~	
ນ	1 - Mr. Pa		6/10/54 BEIG	V. CIAID.		
	30 720	SECRETA	R 2.5 1975	"My 5	BORTLET	<i>7</i> ,
	ES IM 2	Classified by Zi Exempt from GDS C Date of Declassification		N. J.	~ ~	
	,				N'	7

Memorandum. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Parysy

DATE: August 6, 1954 Boardman.

Belmont Glavin. Harbo_

Rosen.

Mohr

Winterrowd

Holloman

W. Conra

SUBJECT:

RFMT TELEPHONE CALL FROM SA J. J. HILL, NEW YORK CITY, 3:15 P.M., AND CALL TO HILL, 5:50 P.M., 8-5-54

(Bufile 80-760)

At 3:15 P.M. on 8-5-54 SA J. J. Hill, Technical Supervisor, New York Field Office, called and talked with SAR. F. Pfafman advising that his sound men were having difficulty in making an RFMT installation on a 354 type Western Electric telephone and requested advice on how to activate the telephone when it is on the hook. At 5:50 P.M. SA C. K. Corbett, after conducting experiments in the Laboratory, telephonically advised Hill that limited success could be expected by shorting the Red-Green to the Red Slate wire on the switch hook, putting the Red of ringer to L_1 , Slate and Slate-Red of ringer to binding post E.

Hill expressed his appreciation for the Laboratory's effort in this matter and advised that they were unable to gain access to the subject's premises to make the necessary changes.

For purposes of record a 354 type Western Electric telephone instrument is one of the types on which sound men are advised that the RFMT unit will not function effectively.

ACTION:

None, for record purposes only.

Classified by 24 13 AUG 11 1854 entegory 2

111.54 c 1419

gamete_1300° Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation WFT: IKH: tm William F. Tompkins, Assistant Attorney General 146-7-51-2277 Internal Security Division سم شھ TOP SECRET ALERTRONIC PROTECTIVE CORPORATION OF AMERICA; et al. MISCELLANEOUS - INFORMATION CONCERNING (Your reference: 65-60731) Pultra Sonic Listening Device Reference is made to your memorandum to the Criminal Division dated June 24, 1954, in the captioned matter, wherein you suggested that it might be desirable to dismantle the device. After careful consideration, I am reluctant to have the device in question dismantled at this time for the following reasons: As you are aware, this device is evidence Which would, of course, be used in any prosecution of for violation of the espionage statutes. In addition, the chief reason no prosecution has been instituted to date in this case is the fact that this top secret device cannot be declassified for use in a public trial. However, since it is possible that this device may be declassified in the future during the several years remaining before the statute of limitations operates to bar prosecution, it is the opinion of this Division that unless you have some use for this device in your laboratory it remain in the custody and safekeeping of the Department of Justice. NOT RECORDED 176 AUG 11 1954

FOR INSTRUCTIONS AS TO DISSEMINATION 731 - (2-16-53)

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WASHEL FILED IN 165 - 60731

b7C b7E

- Mr. Flinn

May 20, 1954

Installation of Counter-Measure Dewice

On May 19, 1954,	reported that the
telephone in the first-floor study in t	he home of
N. W., did no	<u>t have a counter-</u>
measure device installed in it.	informed me that
the last inspection of	home was on March 18,
1954, and that the above telephone was	installed after his
last technical inspection,	•

The FBI asked to be notified in all cases when a counter-measure device is necessary.

Although all concerned have been instructed to notify this office when any change has been made in the telephones or telephone service at the Secretary's home, this office was not notified. This office will do what it can to remedy this situation.

SCA:SY/P:WLUanna:blc

13 JUN 15 1954

cc - Mr. Roach

b6 b7C b7D

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

		ILD CHILLO, GC	, DICIVIARDIA I
1	FROM .: W. A. Branigan SECRE	DATE:	July 8, 1954Boardman Belmont Glavin Harbo
v .	SUBJECT: XRADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TELE	PHONE (Tamm
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	You will recall that under date Office of furnished a memorandum tabulating info tions by representatives of	Security, Depar	tment of State,
10 Oli	One of the items so listed on p	er 6, 1950, by a	n Attache of
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Washington, D. C. of Security, Department of State, that	; TO OFFICIALS O	T The Office
11400 2.1116	We have been unable to identify been received previously by the Bureau to a radio frequency microphone teleph which was the subject of the Top Secretary August 23, 1950, and to the item which provisions of the Inventions Secrecy A	, and it apparen one device simil et Presidential D has been patent	tly refers (ar to that Directive of
o. (It is respectfully recommended from the Department of State the identified who made the representations about the have furnished any further specific, regarding	ity of e and also ascer	rtain whether
. [1 // Marian all all the first and a	ORDED - 55 - 80	1 1954
	EW: rmc/Me from the enfarmation	not landie	ASSOCIATION OF THE PARTY OF THE
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Office Memor • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : دیر	MR. A. H	BELMONT	RF.	DATE: Augu	st 29, 1	Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmon
FROM :	R. R. RÔ	Agrill)	SECRET	I. 18	Theh	Harbo . Mohr Parson Rosen
subject:	COUNTER	MEASURE DI	EVICES	JUNE (BO REAL PROPERTY.	Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd
Jak Tr.	1.12	1.i. teni	NG DEVICE	- Jack	DC 56	Tele. Room
Washington	iison and n his pre n, D. C.,	advised t sent resid to Apartm	that the <u>Secre</u> tion	telephonicalli	on Au North	gust 24,
west, Wash utility co would be address on would be a	nington, ompany re lisconnec n Tuesday nt the ner	D. C. presentati ting their and that paddress	further ves, including respective set the telephone	ervices at company's rep	it the die compa	ifferent ny, tives
VII 3 CG 1 1 CII	$\int further$	advised t	ne <u>Mnite House</u>	and the othe would be	r priva at	te line.
would be a would be a would be a on August that if the Bureau rep	tt tt t the new 26, if the e time wo	v address its latter is not con	address at time was conv	ed that Bureau 10 a.m., on A venient.	repres ugust 2 at-10-a	entatives 3 and •m•, stated
ACTION: Division f	That this or approp	s memorand Priate act	um be forwarde ion.	d to the Labo	ratory	2
DJS:saw 1 - Ur. Pa	rsons		RECORL	DED-57/80-76	() -T)	Ft (
80-760	_	SPAR	F.T. EX-125	13 AUG 30	1954	7/:
CM's Percy CM's Instan		at	ADD ATT JOSE	8-23-5	4 92000	
59 SEP	1954	Exempl	y 21 APR 25 1975 m CDS, Category 2 classification - indefinite	, co	BU	. 55

SAC, Albany September 29, 1954 Director, FBI (80-9 JUNE Your attention is directed to the recent statement issued by [that he would not be a candidate for re-election in November 1954. At the present time, there are three cou<u>ntermeasure s</u>witches installed in three telephone instruments used by One switch is installed in a 410-AC-3 instrument and one in a 2020 instrument in Capitol Building office, while a third switch is installed in a 466 AC-3 of the Executive Mansion. SA's V. M. Sheehan and E. J. Leany are familiar with these installations. It is requested that arrangements be made so that these countermeasures may be disconnected shortly before leaves office. The Bureau does not wish that should be without the protection afforded by the countermeasures for any extended period of time; so, it is suggested that the disconnecting **.11.** : take place a day or two prior to the time he leaves office. It is CU. *impe<u>rative th</u>at the disconnecting take place prior to the time the* next takes office. Disconnecting the 410Ac+3 and the 466 AC-3: The Countermeasure consists of two extra contacts (for shorting when the receiver is hung up) and lead wires which have been added to the standard switch. the short countermeasure lead wire from "BK" on the dial Tand place it on "R" (farthest terminal to the right) on The dial. Remove the long countermeasure lead wire from "R" on the induction coil, tape up the spade lug wath the enclosed brown cloth tape, and tuck the taped end out of sight aroundstips, induction coil. Disconnecting the 2020 (bual-or round-shapediinstrument) The countermeasure consists on a point of extra contacts (if on the right stee of the base of the instrument) and two jumper wires, one to undersold line of the line on the counter of the jumper wires between "BK" and "R" and Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmont 81 7 69 77 * I - FECTOR 22 to 36 Roser JMM: ctw Date of Deck



the two terminals on the countermeasure contacts. Remove the "Red" wire (from the handpiece) from the countermeasure terminal and place it on "R" on the dial. Remove the "Black" wire (from the handpiece) from the countermeasure terminal and place it on "BK" on the dial. Take out the two screws holding the countermeasure switch assembly; remove the entire assembly and return it to the Bureau. This leaves no contacts on the right side of the base of the instrument.

At the time these countermeasures were rechecked by SA J. M. Matter on 9-30-53, a spare 410 AC-3 instrument was left in your office for replacement purposes should the need arise. He also left some standard switches, countermeasure switches and special tools. It is requested that the 410 AC-3, all switches (including the one removed from the 2020) and the tools be returned to the FBI Laboratory when the disconnecting of the countermeasures has been completed.

On completion of disconnection of the countermeasures from the instruments, each instrument must be tested by means of making an outgoing call and an incoming call to determine that transmission is proper and that the ringer is operative.

It is suggested that in approaching with regard to arranging for the disconnection, it be pointed out that the original installation was made as a personal favor to and that it is therefore considered desirable to remove the device upon completion of tenure of office.

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APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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etandari? Form no. 64

Office Men	norandum • United States Government	
TO . MR. PAI		/
FROM : I. W. C	CONRAD JUNE Spinont Spinont Harbo Mohr Parsons Rosen	
* TELEPHO	IECTING COUNTERMEASURE SWITCHES IN ONE INSTRUMENTS USED BY Holloman Gandy	_
Wiltra some	LICIENINA DEVICE LAWOOD 9 mm	
rovember, 1954. Countermeasure s	recently announced that he would not or re-election to the on January 2, 1953, Bureau personnel installed	
use) in three in	room conversation when the instrument is not in normal struments used by Governor; one in his library at the nand two in his office at the State Capitol building	
from instruments	ect the confidential nature of these countermeasure been the policy of the Bureau to disconnect the of and other	ı
when they leave company employees of the exact nati	the government service. This prevents telephone s and other unauthorized persons from gaining knowledge ure of these installations. It is suggested that you se the three countermeasure switches removed from instruments shortly before he leaves office.	
SA's V. assisted in the care qualified to	M. Sheehan and E. J. Leahy of the Albany Office riginal installation of these countermeasures and disconnect them.	
RECOMMENDATION:	That the Albany Office be instructed to arrange for the disconnecting of the three countermeasure switches in the telephone instruments used by shortly before the latter leaves office as	
JMM/mek 80-760	PV 1 80-760-272	
et allange	SECRETA EX 117 APR 2 5 1975 Classified by 24 Exempt from 6DS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinite	

Office Memorandum . UNITED S.

GOVERNMENT

TO

: Director, FBI

DATE: September 16, 1954

FROM SAC

OSAC, Los Angeles

O Lister

SUBJECT:

JSE OF ULTRASONIC DEVICES IN

CRIME DETECTION RESEARCH MATTERS

On September 14, 1954, a meeting of the Industrial Security Section of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce was held at 1151 South Broadway, Los Angeles.

As part of the discussion a talk was given on the use of ultrasonic devices in connection with crime prevention and detection. Admiral HIGBEE, Retired U. S. Coast Guard, and currently employed as eport warden in the Long Beach port area, Long Beach, California, stated that the device consists of a transmitting unit and a receiving unit about the size of a small dish pan which are portable and operated from a normal electrical outlet.

The transmitting unit sends out in a pre-determined area an ultrasonic wave which can reportedly cover up to 10,000 square feet. This wave is received on the receiver. If any occurrence takes place to disturb this sound wave, which of course cannot be detected by the human ear, the pattern is disturbed and an alarm set off. Admiral HIGBEE stated that it was contemplated this device would be used on an experimental basis in the Harbor area to protect shipments on the dock and should anyone attempt to disturb the shipments, the movement of the individual or the position of the shipment would disturb the sound wave and set off an alarm.

Colonel HIGBEE estimated the cost of the original equipment at about \$700.00 with additional receivers costing about \$35.00 each.

Since this device would be of interest to the Bureau in its work in connection with both Theft of Property cases and Theft from Interstate Shipment cases as well as of interest in general crime prevention and protection, the above is being or property categories. The lattention of the Bureau for its information.

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Referral/Consult

RECORDED-57 INDEXED-57

October 13, 1954

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL BY COURIER SERVICE

	202	PG. WY	_
Dear	LBI Zecoully	IA os OI	EIAED
I want to thank you for 1 October 9, 1954, advising of the	பல் your letter of		

Your offer to make information on this. development available to this Bureau is very much appreciated, and I would like to request that your Research and Development representatives contact the office of Assistant Director D. J. Parsons when convenient.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover Le 14812 rector

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LABORATORY DIVISION FBI

COMM - FBI

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Jun Tolson

Oct 15

ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO Mr. Parsons

DATE: Nov. 8, 1954

Boardman. Nichols . Relmont Harbo .

Mohr Parsons Rosen

Tamm'

Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman .

Gandy ..

FROM?

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE (Bufile 80-760)

The Department of Defense has informally presented the problem of countermeasure coverage for all telephone extensions working off the Pentagon switchboard and selected telephones of. certain contractors handling defense contracts. In view of the number of telephones involved, the problem was discussed with the confidential informant in the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company.

The possibility of using loading coils, push-to-talk handsets and other standard circuits was discussed. The informant took the position that anything which would appear foreign to a normal subscriber's circuit would be looked upon unfavorably by his company. Loading coils are foreign to normal subscriber loops and push-to-talk handsets are considered an inconvenience to the subscriber. a large-scale change is tofinstituted, he felt it imperative to call in officials of the company for the purpose of discussing the matter in detail. If a change in instruments is contemplated for mass distribution, a Bell System Practices Handbook addition would have to be made available for the information of installer-repairmen so they can properly install and maintain the equipment.

In addition to the installation of push-to-talk handsets, loading coils, the installation of a Western Electric 128A filter, a narrow pass filter, was discussed. This filter has the following attenuation characteristics: 4 db at 3600 cps (cycles per second), 10 db at 3750 cps, 50 db at 4300 cps, 24 db at 5200 cps, 33 db at 900 cps. It is estimated it would cost \$75 per line for the installation of the 128A filter. This filter is a rather elaborate one designed for central office rack mount installation.

It was the informant's opinion that the best solution to the problem as a whole is the manner in which it is being handled at present. It was pointed out that the Bureau is not geared to handle. a large number of, countermeasure installations. This being the case the informant felt that if a large number of lines had to be covered it would be necessary for a Bell System Practice to be established and approved so installers could handle the changes. This, of course, would not be an acceptable plan because of the Secret classification the countermeasure now carries

The informant will not take further action in this pending requests from the BUSCORDED - 9 Classified by 24

ACTION: None, for record purposes of the category CKC. KIR. B. 9 NOV 15 1954

Date of Declassification - Anderson 15

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO

Mr. Parsons

DATE: Nov. 8, 1954

Tolson ______
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____

FROM

I. W. Conract

<u>JUNE</u>

SUBJECT:

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

(Bufile 80-760)

SYNOPSIS:

Tests conducted with RFMT to determine effectiveness through certain types of telephone company central office equipment. Tests indicate RFMT unit will excite telephone instrument if it is close to instrument, even though Step by Step or switchboard equipment are used to handle calls. Calls placed through manual switchboard would be disconnected when called party hangs up thus interrupting RFMT coverage. Coverage diminishes to a point of unintelligibility as distance between RF unit and telephone instrument is increased.

RECOMMENDATION:

None, for informative purposes only.

DETAILS:

A number of tests were conducted with the RFMT (Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone) unit to determine its effectiveness through certain types of telephone company central office equipment. It was concluded that loading coils, which are standard telephone equipment for long line installations, will "choke off" radio frequencies completely and that if the RFMT unit is close to the central office equipment and the subscriber's instrument close to the central office equipment, the subscriber's instrument can be excited through switch-board. As the length of wire or cable is increased, something in the order of 300 to 400 feet, the effectiveness of the coverage is reduced appreciably and beyond this distance the RFMT unit is of no value for microphone coverage through central office equipment.

For the purposes of record, the following tests were

conducted:

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Exempt from GDS, Category 7

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

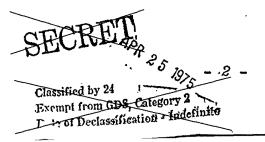
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Line Loading - This consists of placing standard loading coils, which are used to improve voice transmission on long lines, at a point where frequencies above the voice frequencies are to be blocked. This technique will effectively "choke off" all ultrasonic frequencies and may be used not only as a countermeasure device but as a choke in making installations for this type of microphone coverage. The choice of the choke must be most selective in order that a choke can be installed which will not impair telephone transmission appreciably.

Long Line Repeat Coil - On all long lines the telephone company installs long line equipment to improve transmission. This type of equipment is usually restricted to off premises extensions (remotely located extensions) and extended dialing areas (where subscriber resides at points in excess of normal distances from the central office). This coil and repeater network is designed to have a frequency band pass of 250 to 3000 cycles per second, with the response dropping off sharply below 250 cycles per second and rather slowly above 3000 cycles per second. The effective cut off on the upper end is considered to be 4000 cycles per second by the long line transmission experts of the Bell System: By putting the telephone instrument and the RFMT unit within a hundred feet of either side of the coil (200 wire feet) it was possible to excite the telephone instrument. The effectiveness of excitation diminished rapidly as the distances between the instrument and the RFMT unit were increased.

Step by Step Equipment and Associated Switchboard - Step by Step equipment is a dial switching unit used in small central offices and almost exclusively in Government intra-agency systems. Associated with this type of equipment is a manually operated switchboard to handle incoming calls and to assist in switching calls where difficulty is experienced in completing calls through the dial mechanism. The RFMT unit was placed on an incoming trunk and calls placed to both manual and combination (manual and dial extension) telephones. It was determined that if the RFMT unit is close to the switchboard and the telephone instrument is likewise close to the switchboard, the instrument can be excited properly through the switchboard. However, when cable of approximately 600 feet was added to the circuit it was not possible to excite the instrument. It should be pointed out that when the called person is on an extension from the switchboard and that person hangs up the telephone, the switchboard operator will receive a "flash and recall" signal and after verifying the hang up





will disconnect the circuit within seconds after the called person has placed the handpiece on the telephone hook. This, of course, will disconnect the instrument from the line and, therefore, interrupt RFMT coverage.

It is apparent from the above that the cable length is a determining factor in coverage with ultrasonic equipment. The Laboratory has recognized this problem and has limited the distance between the plant and the subject's residence to 1000 wire feet.

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Classified by 24 APR 25 1975
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDAND FORL NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government
TO: MR. L. V. BOARDMAN DATE: September 7, 1954Board No. 1964Board Planto
FROM: MR. A. H. BELMONE SEXRET
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE
The state of the s
SYNOPSIS: Referral/Consult BY Defenser. Hachtical
Attached hereto is a proposed draft of a letter to General Robert Cutler,
Special Assistant to the President, recommending that the Executive Order of
August 23, 1950, relating to the Ultrasonic Listening Device be downgraded from Top Secret to Secret. You will recall that the original Executive Order was brought
about for security reasons as a result of research by the Bureau which demonstrated?
that a telephone instrument might be used as a microphone if radio frequency.
signals were sent into the telephone line. The Defense Department proposal differs
from the present Executive Order as follows: (1) It proposes to reduce the segurity
classification from Top Secret to Secret; (2) It proposes to relax the use of this
device for the purpose of cooperation for research and development purposes on a
''need to know'' basis with U. S. commercial firms, United Kingdom and Canada;
(3) It proposes to allow the Secretary of Defense, Secretary of Treasury, Attorney General, andto delegate their responsibilities (this proposes to.)
grant the Secretary of Defense authority to delegate to the Secretaries of Army,
Navy and Air Force the responsibility of use of this device); (4) It proposessto
allow the Secretary of Defence to procure and desired
The proposed & The proposed &
Laboratory and Domestic Intelligence Divisions
for the Date of the County available recommended for recovery of Convertable
within subjects' premises without prior access to such premises. The expanded use contemplated by the military with commercial firms, the British and Canadian
Governments would only reduce the effectiveness by a potential security compromise.
Also, it is pointed out that the State Department has sufficient protection against this
device in its overseas installations; therefore, it appears logical for the military to
do likewise without downgrading the security classification. You will recall that
the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security considered changes in the
original Executive Order in June, 1953, both as to content and classification. As a
result of the presentations of Mr. D. J. Parsons of the Bureau Laboratory, the ICIS
Thought the state of the state
SEARELL 1976 OF 1976 OF 36 THE SECOND
WMWK:mpm/n RECORDEDAPR 25 1975
ATTRICATION IN A COLOR TEMPERATURAL BY VA "REPORTED VA DIDA KIND DE L'I. A A N'
1 - Mr. Branigan Prempt Cangory 2 Indefinite
1 Mr. Whitson 1 Mr. I. W. Conrad, Rm. 7140 1 Mr. I. W. Conrad, Rm. 7140
DEC 4~ 1958

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RECOMMENDATION:

Since the proposed downgrading of the Ultrasonic Listening Device could only compromise its security and, furthermore, since the technique was developed in the Bureau Laboratory for our own use, it is felt that Bureau requirements should receive maximum consideration; therefore, it is recommended that Liaison advise of the Office of Special Operations, Department of Defense, that it does not appear to be of any advantage to the U. S. Government to downgrade the security classification of the Ultrasonic Listening Device at this time.

DETAILS:

Attached hereto is a copy of a proposed draft letter from the Secretary of Defense to General Robert Cutler, Special Assistant to the President, proposing that the Executive Order of August 23, 1950, relating to the Ultrasonic Listening Device be downgraded from Top Secret to Secret. The attachment also includes a study of the past history and a current appraisal relative to the proposed downgrading. The attached papers were made available to Liaison by of the Office of Special Operations, Department of Defense.

You will recall that the original Executive Order of August 23, 1950, was brought about by reason of experimentation in the ultrasonic field by one of Research Products Incorporated, Danbury, Connecticut, and other research conducted by the Bureau Laboratory which demonstrated that a telephone instrument might be used as a microphone if radio signals were sent into the telephone line.

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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This Executive Order limits the use of such devices exclusively to matters of vital importance to the national security of the United States. It provides that the heads of the Departments of Defense, Justice and Treasury, are responsible for its control and also for the development of appropriate countermeasures. Justice was designated as the sole agency permitted to contract for the acquisition of this device for use within the United States.
The Executive Order is classified Top Secret and provides that the existence and nature of such device must be limited to appropriate employees of the government on a "need to know" basis. Referral/Consult
It is the intention of the proposed Executive Order to downgrade the security of the device from Top Secret to Secret and to permit cooperation on a "need to know" basis for research and development numbers with U.S. commercial firms, It also proposes to relate present restrictions by allowing the Secretaries of Defense, Treasury, the Attorney General, Attorney General, to delegate their responsibilities, for which responsibilities the present Executive Order holds them personally and individually responsible. In addition, the Secretary of Defense would be permitted to contract for and procure such devices
The paper alleges that there is reasonably conclusive evidence that foreign nations are aware of and use the principle of ultrasonic devices and therefore national policy seems unrealistic insofar as it inhibits use of the device by the military services for the acquisition of intelligence.
You will recall that in June, 1953, the Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security (ICIS) considered changes in the original Executive Order both as to content and classification, in order to facilitate "both workable and secure operations." At that time,
Classified by 21 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite



OBSERVATIONS:

further downgrading.

The following observations are made as a result of the Laboratory and Domestic Intelligence Divisions' review of the Defense proposal:

(1) This technique is the only process presently available to the

Bureau or any other agency for recovery of conversations within subjects' premises without prior access to such premises or to the immediate vicinity. The development has been used and is in current use on highly important internal security cases where no other coverage is possible.
(2) Downgrading to Secret with the consequent expanded use contemplated by the military would only reduce the practical effectiveness of this technique by a possible widespread security compromise. It is noted that Defense
desires cooperation with U. S. commercial firms, as an alleged beneficial aid to the further development and use of thi device.
(3) Since the technique was developed in the FBI Laboratory primarily for own use, it is felt that Bureau requirements should receive maximum consideration.
(4) With reference to the military position that it must be assumed that security of the device already has been compromised, it is pointed out that the United States knows that however, the U. S. has not declassified these matters because of such information.
(5) As has been noted above, the Ultrasonic Listening Device is classified Top Secret. The Defense Department desires to downgrade this device

(6) With reference to the indication in the attached Defense Department papers that the State Department has protection for its overseas installations without downgrading the classification of the Ultrasonic Listening Device, it therefore appears logical that the Defense Department should be able to do the same and without

in order to make the countermeasure device more available for use. The counter-

measure device is only classified Secret; therefore, the Defense Department

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In view of the above, it is suggested that we advise of the Office of Special Operations, Defense Department, that the Bureau is opposed to the downgrading of the security classification of the Ultrasonic Listening Device, because of the above observations.

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Glassified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

RESEARCH PRODUCTS, INCORPORATED

3 KEELER STREET . P. O. BOX 249

DA'NBURY, CONNECTICUT

Telephone 8-2305

Please Reply to: 3121 SOUTH ST., N. W. WASHINGTON 7, D. C. Phone: District 7-6488

December 6, 1954

Listenery

Department of Justice Federal Bureau of Investigation Laboratory 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington 25, D. C.

Attention: Mr. I. W. Conrad

Dear Sir:

In accordance with your telephonic request of December 3, 1954, I am enclosing data on the Research Products Model PS-10 Variable Power Supply. The price of this unit is \$85.00.

If you should desire any further information, please do not hesitate to call upon me personally.

Very truly yours, RESEARCH , PRODUCTS, INC. b6 b7c DJH:mlh Encls: 2 General Sales Manager ESEARCH · DESIGN · MANUFACTURE

Kenneth H. Schmidt, President

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-29-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

Ralph A. Griffing, Treasurer

RESEARCH PRODUCTS, INCORPORATED

3 KEELER STREET • P. O. BOX 249 DANBURY: CONNECTICUT

Telephone 8-2305

MODEL #PS-10 VARIABLE POWER SUPPLY

The #PS-10 was designed for use with our #PFR-5 Receiver when the operator has access to an AC or DC power source. The unit, $3" \times 8" \times 6"$ in size, has a variable input to accommodate all domestic and foreign voltages. A meter is provided to theck local line voltage to insure proper operation. regulated output is ly v. at } amp. and μ5 v. at 15 ma.

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Date of Dochassification - Indefinite

RESEARCH . DESIGN . MANUFACTURE

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

5 9 DEC 16/1954

Office Memorandum . United States Government

FROM: SAC. Albany (66-2200 PRO)

DATE:12/3/54

.

SAC, Albany (66-2209 P&C)

OUNTERMEASURES FOR

JUE STORY STORY

SUBJECT:

Reference is made to Bulet dated 9/29/54 captioned as above.

SAS EDWARD J. LEAHY and JOSEPH A. MC GRAW today removed the installations at both locations and put the instruments back in their original state as outlined and instructed in reflet.

There is enclosed herewith one Spare and 410 AC-3 Telephone Unit, standard telephone switches, altered switches, special tools and altered switch removed from telephone unit 202C.

Encls.

REG. MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

EAS: hmm

Sea white

Menalo Roman

APR 25 1975

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STANDARD FORM NO. 54

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

1	to :	Mr. Par	sons	early.	ስ ም ርጓይኤሜ	DATE:	Dec. 14,	1954	Tolson Boardman
	FROM :	I. W. 0	onrad 1	NO TOTAL	(FI)	JUNE	· •	de,	Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr
;	subject:	MITRASO	NIC LIST	NING DEVIC	_	40,00		M	Parsons Rosen Tamm' Sizoo Winterrowd
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Office	Memorandum	•	UNITED	STATES	GOVERNMENT
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то 🧜 :	Mr. Par	sons	1		DATE:	Dec.	10.	1954	Tolson Boardman
from ^t :	I. W. C	onvo	ECRET	<u> June</u>			,		Nichols Belmont Harbo Moht Parsons Rosen
SUBJECT:	DEVELOR	NIC LISTE ED-BY-CIA 80-760)	ENING DEVIC	ES	Referral/C	onsult			Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman
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ACTION:

None. For informative purposes only.

ADDENDUM:	By letter of October 9, 1954
	Bureau letter
3 F	of October 13, 1954, acknowledged and accepted his invitation to view and discuss this equipment. The
)	foregoing is as a result of conferences which I had with Drs. Gibbons and Colonel Drum.
	DJP 12/16/54



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AFR 8.5 1975

Exempt from GDS, Category
to of Declassification - Indefines

2 - Orig. & ...apl.

1 - Mr. Lamphere

1 - Mr. Boardman 1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Mr. Ellis

1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Henrich

1 - Section Tickler

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

January 19, 1955

Director, FBI

ULTRA-SONIC LISTENING DEVICE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RECOMMENDATION

Referral/Consult

The Office of Special Operations, Department of Defense, by letter. dated January 12, 1955, forwarded a draft of a proposed memorandum for the signature of the Secretary of Defense and addressed to the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower and Personnel and the Director, National Security Agency, which proposes considerably expanded use of counterdevices to be used as protection against. the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device. The Ultra-Sonic Listening Device makes remote surveillances possible by sending electrical impulses of Ultra-Sonic frequencies through telephone circuits by tapping, using the telephone microphone as a pick-up. This technique is successful whether or not the telephone is in operation or in a hung-up position.

By Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device and all of its developments, together with any discussions regarding the device were classified Top Secret. The Device was limited. to matters of "vital importance to toational security." The Secretaries of Treasury and Defense, the Attorney General, were designated exclusive Agents for its classification..... and control. The Department of Justice was designated the sole Agent for contracting for the acquisition of such devices for use inside the Continental.... United States. Use of the Device was prohibited except with the approvaker....

the heads of the above Departments and Agencies, who were charged personally... and individually with the responsibility for constant supervision of the control and use of the Device. All discussions concerning the Device were to be confined to a "need-to-know" basis RECORDED - 48 80-160-8

The memorandum forwarded to the Buneau for Coll Ment by the Office. Tolson Nichols of Special Operations, Department of Defense, recommends expanded use of beimont counterdevices to the Ultra-Sonio Listening Device so that they may be applied Mohr parsons to critical telephones throughout the Derepse establishment as well as to

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MAILED 2 JAN 1 9 1955 COMM , FBI

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encoding equipment, which is susceptible to the Device. The effect of the memorandum is to retain the Top Secret classification of both the Device and the Presidential Directive relating to it but to permit the expanded use of counterdevices which will retain the present Secret classification and will not reveal the nature of the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device itself.

Since the Secretary of Defense was one of the individuals designated as an exclusive Agent for the classification and control of the Device, it is felt that he is acting within his prerogative in requesting expanded use of counterdevices in order to assure proper security of the Defense Establishment. The Secretary of Defense is, accordingly, being advised that the Bureau has no objection to the proposed memorandum, a draft of which was forwarded for our comment.

In view of your responsibility under the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, I wanted to call this matter to your attention for your information.

TOP SECRET

STÄNDARD FORM NO. 64

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то	:	Mr. L	V. Bo	ardman	A	Married 1		DATE: J	anuary	17, 19		lson ardman hois
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1 - Section Tickler

Presidential Directive of August, 1950, the Secretary of Defense, along with the Secretary of Treasury, the Attorney General, and Director of Central Intelligence Agency, was designated one of the exclusive Agents for the classification and control of the Ultra-Sonic Listenia Central Accordingly, the Secretary of Defense has a right to recommend expanded use of ultra-sonic counterdevices. The draft memorandum provides for the development of counterdevices which will not disclose the nature or operation of the device itself.

The draft has been reviewed by the Domestic Intelligence and Laboratory Divisions and the present draft is not objectionable from the Bureau's standpoint. It is being recommended that the attached letter to General Erskine, Director of the Office of Special Operations, Department of Defense be approved. Attached also for approval is a letter to the Attorney General advising him of the Department of Defense proposal.

RECOMMENDATION:

That we advise General Erskine that the Buyeau does not object to the draft of the attached memorandum as it now stands. A letter to Secretary of Defense Wilson for the attention of General Erskine is attached hereto for approval. Attached also is a memorandum to the Attorney General.

PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE:

By an uncirculated Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device and all of its developments; together with any discussions regarding the Device were classified Top Secret. The Device was limited to matters of "vital importance to national security." The Secretaries of Traccurred Defense, the Attorney General, were designated exclusive Agents for its classification and control. The Department of Justice is the sole Agent for contracting for the acquisition of such devices for use incide the General Secretaries of the above Department of the Agent for the above Theorem and Agent for the above Theorem and Agent for the above Theorem and Agent for the above Theorem and Agent for the Agent for the above

Departments and Agencies. The heads of these Departments and Agencies were charged personally and individually with the responsibility for constant supervision of the control and use of the Device. All discussions concerning the Device were confined to a "need-to-know" basis.

BACKGROUND: DLIVE

The proposal to make details of the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device known on a strict "need-to-know," Top Secret basis within the Department of Defense originated with Lieutenant General Canine, the Director of the National Security Agency. National Security Council Directive No. 168 on "Communication Security" requires the Director, NSA to perform technical analysis of

Example from GDS, Category 15 1975

Example from GDS, Category 15 1975

Poclassification - Indefinite 2-

Federal Telecommunications for the purpose of determining the degree of communication security being provided by the Crypographic principles, materials and procedures utilized by (U.S.) Departments and Agencies" and "to review and co-ordinate the integrated Cryptosecurity Research and Development Program necessary to support in the purpose of determining the degree of communications security being provided by the Cryptographic principles, materials and procedures utilized by (U.S.) Departments and Agencies" and "to review and co-ordinate the integrated Cryptosecurity Research and Development Program necessary to support in the purpose of determining the degree of communication security being provided by the Cryptographic principles, materials and procedures utilized by (U.S.) Departments and Agencies" and "to review and co-ordinate the integrated Cryptosecurity Research and Development Program necessary to support in the purpose of determining the degree of communication security being provided by the Cryptographic principles, materials and procedures utilized by (U.S.) Departments and Agencies" and "to review and co-ordinate the integrated Cryptosecurity Research and Development Program necessary to support in the purpose of determining the degree of communication security and the purpose of the cryptographic principles.

In order to discharge these responsibilities the Director, NSA, proposed to the Secretary of Defense that information regarding the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device be made available to his Research and Development Personnel on a "need-to-know" basis so that research and study of countermeasure devices could be undertaken and ultimately used under the Secret classification. This would entail disclosure of details concerning the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device. Such action will permit practical utilization of counterdevices in critical Department of Defense installations both in the United States and abroad, and covering both telephones and telecommunications facilities. Countermeasure devices classified Secret will not reveal the nature or principle of the Ultra-Sonic Device itself, which will retain its Top Secret Classification.

LABORATORY DIVISION COMMENTS:

During informal discussions of the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device, the Department of Defense originally proposed to have the Device and the Executive Order relating to it downgraded from Top Secret to Secret in order that the Department of Defense might (1) more readily use the Ultra-Sonic Device abroad for collection of intelligence, and (2) apply countermeasure devices both in the United States and abroad to protect military installations against such Ultra-Sonic Devices. This was vigorously and successfully opposed because of FBI development of equipment in this field. The present draft retains the Top Secret classifications on both the Ultra-Sonic Device and the Presidential Directive. Therefore, use of Ultra-Sonic equipment abroad will be handled under the "Top Secret" security classification. The problem of protecting military installations both at home and abroad is being approached through the use of countermeasure devices carrying the Secret classification and of such a type as not to reveal the nature or principle of the Ultra-Sonic Device itself. It is noted in this connection that the FBI countermeasure now installed on top level Government telephones is within this category and carries the Secret classification.

In general, from the standpoint of protecting Bureau, use of the Ultra-Sonic equipment, the Laboratory Division is reluctant to see more extensive application made of either the Ultra-Sonic Device itself or countermeasure equipment, even though the Department of Defense has agreed to retain the Top

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Date of Declassification - Indefiation

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Secret classification of the Device. However, since by the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, relating to this equipment, the Department of Defense has the authority to use the Device, and since the Department of Defense does have general responsibility for protecting its own installations, the Laboratory's position during the course of informal coordination was to insist that maximum possible security be observed.

Paragraph 10 of the attached Department of Defense draft memorandum provides for a study within the Department of Defense to determine the magnitude of the security threat which the Ultra-Sonic Device possesses to defense installations and to initiate adequate countermeasures at a classification level of Secret. Bureau interests are reflected in provisions whereby the concurrance of the FBI will be required in advance in order to obtain assistance from commercial telephone companies when such is considered necessary by the Department of Defense. Also Bureau interests are reflected whereby it is required that the FBI will be informed of the specific countermeasure selected prior to any extensive use being made of it.

Paragraph 9 of the proposed Defense memorandum provides that the Director, National Security Agency, shall be granted authority to develop adequate countermeasure devices to be built into encoding equipment which may be used on telephone lines. In order to develop such countermeasure devices, the Director, NSA, is granted authority to make available to research engineers under his direction full information and technical data relating to the Device itself. This provision appears to be reasonable in view of the responsibility for United States communication security imposed upon the Director, NSA, by the National Security Council.

Paragraph 8 of the attached draft memorandum provides that the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force are authorized to disclose the contents of the Department of Defense proposal regarding the Ultra-Sonic Device and its countermeasure devices, if necessary, to their respective Directors of Intelligence and also to officers comparable to Directors of Intelligence who are charged with Departmental security, counterintelligence, and special investigative functions. It also authorizes the Secretaries to request procurement of Ultra-Sonic equipment for use outside the United States. This, of course, will result in considerably more dissemination of information than has been made in the past under the present Presidential

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Directive. However, the material relating to the Ultra-Sonic Device itself will continue to be handled under the restrictions of the existing Directive under the Top Secret classification requiring dissemination on a strict "need-to-know" basis.

Paragraph 5 of the draft memorandum provides for cooperation with commercial telephone companies in the application of countermeasure devices. Although such cooperation will relax the presently tightly held security, the cooperation of the telephone companies is considered essential by the Department of Defense under any program involving a large number of telephones. The restriction remains, however, that FBI concurrance is required prior to any request for assistance from any commercial telephone company.

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APR 25 1975

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Lamphere

1 - yellow

(r. Branigan 1 - Mr. Ellis

- Mr. Bouraman - Mr: Belmont

1 - Sect. tickler

- Mr. Hennrich

40-760-286

January 18, 1955

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL VIA LIAISON

Honorable Charles E. Wilson The Secretary of Defense The Pentagon Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Secretary:

In reply to General Graves B. Erskine's letter of January 12, 1955, concerning the draft memorandum relating to the Ultra-Sonio Listening Device which you forwarded for Federal Bureau of Investigation review, your memorandumshas been carefully analyzed and there is no FBI objection to it; in its present form.

Your interest in bringing this matter to the attention of the Bureou is indeed appreciated.

Sincerely yours, TO GEN. ERSKINE THRU ME. WILSON'S OFFICE, OSD र गाइसाटर RECEIVED olson B. I. B oardman ichols :lmont u S. DEPT, OF Downgraded (28/31/2010 68324 UEBANISABILSC

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office	Memorandum • united states government		
FROM:	Mr. Parsons DATE: Jan. 18, 1955 Boardman Nichols Mohr Mohr Parsons Parsons Rosen	SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASURES IN PERIDENCE OF Sizon Sizon Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
	On 1-17-55 Frederick H. Schmidt (former Special Agent), Security Officer of the Department of Health, Education and Welfare. telephonically advised SA J. M. Matter that did not feel it was necessary to protect the instruments in the pantry and maid s bedroom of her residence at Apartment with special devices to prevent the pick up of room conversation.		
ight ge ge je je , je	For information. Instruments in master bedroom and in her library are protected with countermeasures.		
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то :	Mr. A. H. Belmo	ont	DATE:	February 11, 195	Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmont
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subject:	STATE DEPÄRTI FBI FOR INSTAL DEVICES: ON TEI	FPHONES	Γ	Comon D	Sizoo Winterrowd Tele: Room Holloman Gandy
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Office Memorandum. UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO	:	MR.	A.	H_{\bullet}	BELMON	
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DATE: February 21, 1955 Boardman. Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr Parsons & Rosen Tamm Tele: Room Holloman

Gandy

SUBJECT: ULTRA-SONIC LISTENING DEVICE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE REGULATION

> There is attached hereto a memorandum addressed to the Secretaries of the Army, Navy and Air Force, The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower and Personnel and the Director, National Security Agency, from Secretary of Defense Wilson regarding the Ultra-sonic Listening Device. This memorandum was received through Liaison on February 18, 1955.

The Ultra-sonic Listening Device is capable of sending electrical impulses of ultra-sonic speed through a telephone circuit, activating the telephone microphone as a pick-up making possible the coverage of a telephone regardless of whether it is in operation or in a hung-up position.

By memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman dated January 17, 1955, under the caption "Ultra-sonic Listening Device, Department of Refense," it was pointed out that the Bureau had no objection to the proposed draft of the attached memorandum. As a Result of informal conferences with representatives of the Office of Special Operations, Department of Defense, FBI objections *ĕriginally* contained in the memorandum were eliminated.

The effect of the Defense memorandum is to permit expanded use of counter-devices to the Ultra-sonic Listening Device so that the counter-devices may be applied to critical telephones throughout the Defense establishment as well as to encoding equipment, which is susceptible to the Device. It will retain the "Top Secret" classification of both the Device and the Presidential Directive relating to it but will permit the expanded use of counter-devices which will retain the present "Secret" classification and will not) reveal the nature of the Ultra-sonice Listening Device itself, C

This memorandum is within the prerogative of the Secretary of Defense since he was one of the individuals designated in the Presidential Directive as one of the exclusive agents for

the classific	ation and,	control of	the Device.	,
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1 - Mr. Lamphere

1 - Mr. Conrad 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Ellis

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

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то ;	Mr. L. V. Boardm	a) \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	DATE: March 1, 1955	Boardman Nations Belmont
FROM :	Mr. A. H. Belmont	SEXRET	Į P	Harbo Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
subject:	ULTRA-SONIC LIST NATIONAL SECURI	PENING DEVICE TY AGENCY INTER	EST G	Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
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Secre under was t NSA	ly held on a "need-to-letary of Defensels authorized the necessary reto arrange for a confer	know" basis. nority, the Director, esearch and developn cence with our Labor	istening Device has been valued that in view of the NSA, is now prepared to nent. The purpose of his valory for the individuals and development on the	isit
for s	personnel. I asked his uch a conference and t	m, however, to conf to provide us with the	ould be pleased to confer wirm to us in writing his recently names of the NSA people mation of their required	quest 💎 💉
SDE: (6) 1 - E 1 - D 1 - 1	OMMENDATION: For information. jlf Avantage of the second	SECRET Classified by 2 Exempt from GDS, Categor Bute of Declassification	2	2,90

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-29-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

b7E

March 1, 1955

iorandum for Mr. Tolson

MR. BOARDMAN

MR. BELMONT

MR. NICHOLS

Dervice

Today in conference with the Attorney General, I advised him of the recent comment by the National Security Agency that eighty per cent of the cryptoanalytic contributions had been received from the FBI and that, in turn, it had saved an estimated two million dollars.

I also told the Attorney General of the conflictechniques which we have installed in the lectern in the

The Attorney General stated that he desired to make an appointment for the Attorney General and myself to see the President and to confidentially advise him of these developments as he believed it would be of interest to the President.

I have asked Mr. Tolson to have a memorandum prepared for me with appropriate photographs of the above developments and with any other especially interesting but highly confidential accomplishments which I may mention to the Fresident when the appointment is made.

Yery truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Tolson . Boaroman . Harbo JEH:mpd (7) Patsons Rosen .. Tamm Sizoo _ Winterroad Tele. Room Holloman .

Gandy _ 5 9 MAR 14 1959

Example from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-20-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

2 - Orig. & dupl.

1 'ellow 1 - Corbett

1 - Boardman 1 - Sect. Tickler

1 - Belmont 1 - Ellis

1 - D. J. Parsons

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

March 8, 1955

Director, FBI

ULTRA-SONIC LISTENING DEVICE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY INTEREST

Please refer to my memorandum of January 18, 1955, under the caption "Ultra-Sonic Listening Device-Department of Defense Recommendation," regarding the details of the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, The memorandum relates to the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device and reflects a proposed expanded use of countermeasures to the Device, as contained in a draft memorandum from the Secretary of Defense to the Secretary of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Assistant Secretary of Defense for Manpower and Personnel and the Director, National Security Agency.

The Presidential Directive of 1950 designates the Secretaries of Treasury and Defense, the Attorney General and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency as exclusive agents of the government for the classification and control of all information regarding the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device and its developments. On February 17, 1955, the proposed memorandum of the Secretary of Defense, which recommended expanded use of counterdevices to the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device, was issued so that they might be applied to critical telephones throughout the Defense establishment, as well as to encoding equipment which is susceptible to the Device.

	and any far burners of the property of the polyton
	By letter dated March 7, 1955, under the authority of the memorandum of the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the National Security Agency requested conferences regarding the Device between National Security Agency
	Research and Development personnel and the F.B.I. Laboratory so that research
55	could be undertaken to develop counterdevices for encoding equipment. This
$\widehat{\omega}$	lighter formally established the necessary "need-to-know" of the National and
	Security Agency personnel and these conferences will, therefore, be held in
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Nichols Belmon	Would be apprised of this action to be taken under the authority of the Presidential.
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Mohr Parsons	SECTION HOW YOU WAS A STATE OF THE SECTION OF THE S
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Tamm _ Sizoo _	(5)
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ETANDARD FORM NO. 64 DATE 03-29-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg
Office Memorandum • United States Government
TO . Mr. L. V. Boardman SEORET
FROM.: A. H. Belmont 72
SUBJECT: ULTRA-SONIC LISTENING DEVICES NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY INTEREST Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Hollograph Grand
On February 17, 1955, the Secretary of Defense, as one of the exclusive agents for the classification and control of information regarding the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device, granted authority to the Director, National Security Agency (NSA), for the expanded use of counter devices as applied to encoding equipment. The Ultra-Sonic Listening Device is capable of sending electrical impulses of ultra-sonic speed through a telephone circuit, activating the telephone microfilm as a pick-up, making it possible to cover a telephone regardless of whether it is in operation or in a hung-up position. It is also possible that it may be used against encoding equipment.
On March 1, 1955, of the National Security Agency Security Division, conferred with me to arrange for a conference between NSA Research and Development and the Bureau's Laboratory regarding the Ultra-Sonic Listening Device. He was requested to confirm his request in writing so that we would have NSA confirmation of the necessary "need-to-know" of their Research and Development personnel.
The attached letter from General Canine, Director of NSA, furnishes this confirmation. This gives us the necessary authority to talk with the NSA people about the Device.
RECOMMENDATION:
1. That the Laboratory Division arrange for the necessary conferences through Liaison. NSA has informally indicated that some time during the week of March 14-18 would be most suitable. SECRET M-0300038 ** MAK 15 1955
2. That the attached memorandum to the Attorney General, advising him of the proposed conferences, be approved. SDE:jlf Classified by 24 Exempt from GPS, Category Onte of Declassification Internate 1 - Boardman 1 - Belmont 1 - Section Tickler 1 - D. J. Parsons, 1 - C. K. Corbett, 1 - S. D. Ellis

1 - C.K. Corbett, 7318

- D.J. Parsons, 7621

ETANDARD FORM NO. 64

28,4

	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	
•	Tolson DATE: March 15, 1955 Boardness Nichols	
	FROM : I. W. Co'nrad SECRET JUNE Bellion & Bel	\leq
7	SUBJECT: RFMT COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES ON OFFICE PHONES OF ON OFFICE PHONES OF ON OFFICE PHONES OF	
	During the course of a security survey of the office telephone lines of determined that all instruments previously located in that office which were equipped with countermeasure switches had been replaced with new instruments. No countermeasure devices are incorporated in the new instruments. In keeping with the program of protecting the telephones of and other against the possible use of such telephones for picking up room conversations, countermeasure switches should be in-	ì
	RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that the Liaison Section contact	•
	has rendered other and and, if he so desires, arrange for the installation of countermeasure switches in the instruments in his office. It is to be noted that took over the telephone instruments used by former	
	1 - Mr. Daunt, 7649	
	1WC: JMM/kmb/	l
	SECREGORDED-99 80-760- 29 4 RECORDED APR 25 1975 24 MAR 28 1955 1	.vrvt
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

то		:	W. A.	Branigan folios
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DATE: April 8, 1955

Belmont Harbo

Mohr ___ Parsons Rosen _ Tamm

Sizoo ____ Winterrowd

Tele. Room

FROM :

R. J. Lamphere

RET Belm

SUBJECT:

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE (Radio frequency microphone)

We maintain an extensive file under the above caption which relates to work being done on this device. The file contains information relative to the high security classification given to this device under the Presidential Directive of 8/23/50 and the file also contains info concerning countermeasures being taken to protect against microphones of this category. This entire file, because of its nature, has been maintained in my office.

ACTION: 1) It is recommended that this memorandum be considered the authority for the maintenance of this file in the confidential file room maintained by the Domestic Intelligence Division.

2) Recommendation is made for the routing of this memorandum to the Records Section for its information prior
RJL:em 80-760 (3) RECORDED - 17 80 -

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ANT UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 66-17454

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Office Typological control of the co
Tolson Boardmid
TO . MR. PARSONS DATE: April 12, 1955 Notions
FROM I. W. CONRAD SECRET JUNE Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY INTEREST Referral/Direct Referral/Direct Referral/Direct
Reference is made to Mr. Belmont's memorandum'to Mr. Boardman dated 3/7/55. captioned as above, reporting that authority had been granted to
The ultrasonic listening device is capable of sending electrical impulses of ultrasonic nature through a telephone circuit, activating the telephone microphone as a pick-up, making it-possible to cover a room conversation even with the telephone in a hung-up position. It is also possible that it may be used against encoding equipment.
In accordance with the authority granted in the referenced memorandum, a conference was held in the FBI Laboratory with Messrs. with Messrs. I. W. Conrad and C. K. Corbett of the Laboratory on 4/5/55, at which time the theoretical operation of the ultrasonic device and countermeasures were discussed.
He was advised that his inquiry would be considered and that he would be advised later as to what steps
be considered and that he would be advised later as to what steps should be taken. Referral/Consult
By an uncirculated Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, the ultrasonic listening device and all of its developments, together with any discussions regarding the device, were classified Top Secret. Among other provisions, the device was limited to matters of "vital importance to national security." The Secretaries of Treasury and Defended to eather and were designated as exclusive agents for were designated the sole agent for contracting for the acquisition of such devices for use inside the continental United States. CKC/IWC/mek SEORED 74.22 1955
59 APR 27 1959 Freclassification Indefinite



Referral/Consult

Since the Department of Justice has been designated as the sole procurement agency for the device with regard to its use within the continental United States, it appears preferable to meet NSA's request for such equipment by loaning one of our present units, rather than attempt to have such equipment built outside. A unit is available for such loan without handicapping our present operations. Executive Order permits this loan.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

It is recommended:

(1) The Bureau loan NSA one ultrasonic listening device for assistance in their development of a countermeasure for encoding equipment employed on wired circuits and the protection of speech scrambling equipment being developed.

P

akit.

(2) That the Bureau Liaison Section advise NSA to submit a request in writing for the loan of the ultrasonic equipment.

MR. MATHEMS SO ADVISED 4.18.55, (OUT OF TOWN UNTIL 4.18.55)

SEORET.

APR 25 1975

Exempt from GDS, Category

Exempt from GDS, Category

Exempt of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-29-2011

Received of T.W. Council
one ultra sonice bistering Levies
with power supply.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

1	TO . Mr. Parsons DATE: May 6, 1955 Boardman	
•	FROM: I. W. Conrad SECRET	
	SUBJECT: REMT. COUNTERMEASURES (Bufile 80-760) Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman	
	On 5-3-55 telephone company contact advised SA J. M. Matter	
ゆると	The attachment was recognized to be affectively switch developed by Research Products Company, Danbury, Connecticut, for as a countermeasure on telephone instruments	
101	strument when it is not in use. The contact advised that all employees of the telephone exchange in the	o <i>f</i> °
X.	repairmen who discovered it had figured out that it inasmuch as the	
パントでのアング	to cause a short circuit on the mouthpiece and earpiece microphones of the telephone when the phone was not in use. The discovery was made as a result of a complaint of "cross talk" on extension Cross talk on the particular instrument was eliminated when the mercury switch was removed.	
Ş	The contact was at first inclined to order the exchange fore-	
014	he might discover and be the contact was going to lodge a sound	
150	telephone instruments. The contact reconsidered this	
tra	feels that perhaps the best policy would be to contact a ranking (
2	instruments which are equipped with those forestor at the little of	
	then try to work something out with him which would be acceptable to the telephone company as a piece of standard company equipment. The	
	VOIVOUD WILL 100 Suggest bile USE Of the Bureau days and another 1	
	will try to work something out and actor	
	welch an approach which will confer with the Bureau in an effort to de-	
	TO THE STATE OF THE WILL WILL US FOR THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TO THE TOTAL TOTA	
	as to the use of standard equipment. ACTION: (1) This matters are time satisfy the telephone company ACTION: (1) This matters.	
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	number of instruments equipped with mercury countermeasure switches.	
	Classified by 21 APR 9 5, 1975 29 MAY 12 1955	
	JIMM: KUB 6 9 MAY ZEETHOOM GALLANDER LANGE MAY 12 1955	
	1 = 1 / EDAY LINE AMEN	Ą

SECRET

(2) Close contact will be maintained with the telephone company to determine what ultimate action they intend to take regarding the handling of this security problem at

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APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

TOP SECRET

RECORDED-74

80-760-297

uay 2, 1955

By Courier Service

Major General John B. Ackerman, V. S. Air Force Acting Director National Security Agency Washington 25, D. C.

Deur General Ackerman:

Reference is made to your letter of April 28, 1955, requesting that this Bureau make available to the National Security Agency, on a loan basis, one model of the "ultrasonic listening device."

In accordance with your request, I shall be happy to make this equipment available to you. Mutually satisfactory arrangements for delivery of the equipment will be worked out separately.

I am glad to be of assistance to you in this matter, and I would appreciate being kept advised of developments in your work with this equipment.

Sincerely yours, J. Edgar Hoover Memo Conrad to Parsons 4/8/55 rec loan of this and approved by Director. Tolson Downgraded 08/31/2012 80-760 Boardman Nichols By leossy UC Belmont Harbo Mohr . Parsons KOON Rosen

IWC/melogot 16 mains

Tamm _____ Sizoo ____ Winterrowd . Tele. Room

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BY COURIER SYC.

1. 5 MAY 3

Office Memorandum . United States Government

33		
FROM : I. W. Conrad SECRET	DATE: May 17, 1	955 Beardman Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr
30		Parsons Rosen Tamm
SUBJECT: SECURITY SURVEY		Sizoo Winterrowd Tole. Room Holloman
O'WITHASONIC LISTENING DEVICE		Gandy
on 5-16-55 in the Attor		fice be
quest was approved by the Director on 5-16-55	the Bureau. Th	is re-
Accordingly, on 5-17-55 SA C. K. Corb	ett and Engineer	
J. S. Sommerville of the Laboratory checked to associated equipment. No evidence of clandes	he telephones and	d a 7 7
idetected during the survey. It was determine	d that on 5-13-5	was 5_qt
9:30 P.M. a cable failure interrupted service telephone in the	and that within	
hours temporary service for this telephone ha installation was restored to normal on 5-16-5	d been installed.	. The
During the survey a loose connection	on the private 1:	i ne
residence telephone in the library was detect was tightened. This loose connection may hav	ed. This connect	tion
on the private telephone when used in the lib	rary.	10 ,56
RECOMMENDATION:	Double 18-5	5
It is recommended that	be advised that t	· 1
survey has been completed and that no evidence detected. She should be informed that cable	e of tapping was	
for the interruption of service	ce and that servi	ice
has been restored to normal.	~	200
	80-7	60-277
CKC: KMB /10	GLAN S. WAY 19	1955
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DO-6	SECRET	Mr. Taxas
	OFFICE OF DIRECTOR	Mr. Tolson Mr. Boardman
FED	PERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	Hr. Hichols
שזואט	D STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	Hr. Belmont
	. OF SUSTICE	Mr. Harbo
May 16	lore	ar. Abbt
10:50	, 1955	Mr. Parsons
	^ /	Mr. Rosen
	/	Mr. Tamm Mr. Jones_:
that Att	called and advised	Mr. Sizoo
would li	orney General Brownell	Mr. Winterrowd
phone a	- Hava	Tele. Room
	necked by the fo	Mr. Holloman
	hecked by the Bureau.	Miss Holmes Miss Gandy
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

)	TO . Mr. Parsons		DATE: May 18, 1955 Boardmin	1
	FROM : I. W. Conraction	SECRET JUNE	Harbo Nohr Parsons Rosen Tamm	
	SUBJECT: DEFENSE DEPARTA FOR TELEPHONE (Bufile 80-760)	COUNTERMEASURES	Sizzoo Winterrowd Tele, Room	
~	Memorandum date	ed 4-27-55 from Mr. Roac	h to Mr. Belmont set	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
<i>•</i>	telephone countermeasus	se Department for instal. res in telephones in off	and This request was	100
Device	J. T. Sommerville, thro Security Di	or. On 5-10-55 SA J. M. ough arrangements made by ivision of the Departmentations at the Pentagon in	Matter and Technician y t of Defense, made	1818
12.	Name Name	Number of Instruments	$\underline{\mathit{Title}}$	7 7
Listeni) 1		randemar. Ti
50416		1		ion Transition
1trans		1		CARREE .
30	Laboratory has since de and advised	Bureau countermeasure conversed a countermeasure Installation of this costs a date convenient to RECORDED - 1	ountermeasure will be	Luxus ator
	None, for infor	mation on Pys.1		Υ,
Jm2	Jum: KMB// 59 JUN 2	1955 Classified by 24 APR 25-1		
/	a. W.	Preclassification - Inde	finite	5

b6 b7C fice Memorandum b7E UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. A. H. Belmon 'DATE: April 27, 1955 Nichols Mr. R. R. Roach FROM ' Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo SUBJECT: DEFENSE REQUEST FOR TELEPHONE Winterrowd COUNTERMEASURES Attached is a letter from Division of the requesting that the Bureau's he installed in telephones in the offices of telephone countermeasu office of At the time this letter was forwarded, advised that h had stated that these two offices nandled the most critical telephone calls besides those of the Secretary and se, and felt that their telephones should be protected by the Bureau's countermeasure. Our countermeasure switches prevent the pickup of room conversations through telephones; even though 621 they may be in a hung-up position. FILED IN RECOMMENDATION: That installation of these countermeasures be approved and that this memorandum be referred to the Laboratory for appropriate action. UNRECORDED Attachment 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. J. M. Matter 1 - Mr. I. W. Conrad 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Ellis

Ur. Parsons

June 8, 1955

telephonically advised .

R. L. Millen

On June 7, 1955,

calling and the called persons.

JUNE

MICROPHONE TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE
DEMONSTRATION BY

AND DEVENCO, INC.
(Bufile 80-772)

SA J. M. Matter that he had a unit he wanted to demonstrate in the Laboratory. Accordingly, at 9:25 A.M. on June 7, 1955, Devence, Inc., 150 Broadway, New York City, appeared in the Laboratory for a demon-stration to SA'S R. F. Pfafman, J. M. Matter and C. K. Corbett of a new microphone designed to be substituted for the microphone in a standard Western Electric telephone instrument, thus converting the instrument to a radio transmitter, which transmitter is used for both telephone and microphone coverage. Stern indicated that the intelligence picked up by the microphone could be heard over a radio receiver at distances approximately 125 feet from the telephone. To activate the radio transmitter it is necessary to install a jumper wire and resistor to by-pass the telephone switch hook which is normally open when the telephone is hung up. This jumper wire and resistor supplies the current necessary for the operation of the radio transmitter by using the telephone company battery which is present on the telephone line even, when the telephone handset is hung up. When the instrument

The demonstrated equipment did not function sufficiently well to merit further consideration. No commitment's were made to Stern or Schwartz.

is used for telephone conversations it is possible to hear both the

It should be pointed out that the Bureau Laboratory developed a Single-Pair Microphone-Telephone unit which will give better microphone and telephone coverage than the demonstrated unit without the necessity of substituting the transmitter. It is, however, necessary for the switch hook to be by-passed with a jumper wire and a resistor. The Bureau unit does not jeopardize the microphone coverage by broadcasting the intelligence on a frequency which can be monitored with a radio receiver.

The detection of the technique demonstrated by has been discussed with the sound-trained personnel in the past and, therefore, no change in Bureau policy concerning security surveys is deemed necessary.

SECRET 1978 25 1978 180 - 760 - 180

ACTION: None, for informations from Cos. Com

CC 80-760 (RFMT)

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fice Memorandum	• UNITED S	STATES	GOVER	NMENT	,
: MR. TOLSON		DATI	s: May 18,	1955	Tolson Boardma
. D. J. PARSONS SEC	REI J	<u>IN E</u>	All som		Higho Mohr Parsons Rosen
TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE (Bufile 80-760)	E EQUIPMENT			May	Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman
: Re my memorandum t that Laboratory's telephon	ie company con	tact h	ad advise	d Bureau	Promoto
telephone repairman removi	ing a nonstand	lard sp	<u>ecial dev</u>	ice from	CARRE
ment as countermeasure to room conversation when not make any finstallations of is using product	our device fo	hone b	eing used	to pick d. "Don"	up
•					
As matter of information instruments of individuals positions are presently equices as result of appropriately and the proof of the pro	s in following quipped with l	y top 1 Bureau	evel Stat type coun	e Depart termeasu	ment re
instruments of individuals positions are presently eq	s in following quipped with l oved installar acumbent - c	y top 1 Bureau	evel Stat type coun ade by Bu Date	e Depart termeasu	ment re
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instruments of individuals positions are presently equices as result of approin past: Present In	s in following quipped with l oved installar acumbent - c	y top 1 Bureau tions m Vumber office ohones 3	evel Stat type coun ade by Bu Date in- stalled 4/26/52 4/26/52	e Depart termeasu reau per Number resi- dence phones 6 5	ment re sonnel Date in= stalled 3/9/53

Bureau countermeasure installations will be made in telephones of officials in State Department. IWC/mek 1 40 ..

	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
	DATE: May 26, 1955 Boardman Nichols Belmont
r [}]	ROM : R. L. MILLEN SECRET
	JBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Aka. ORADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE— TELEPHONE UNIT
	(Bufile 80-760) On 5/25/55 Laboratory's telephone company contact, reported following in strict confidence to Laboratory representative, SA J. M. Matter, regarding contact's narticination at conference on 5/20/55 at New York, New York, with of Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company and of
•	Purpose was to discuss methods of affording utmost in security
	Matter advised contact forthwith that radio frequency means of overhearing room conversations (ultrasonic listening device) was classified as Top Secret by Presidential Directive; that means to counter use of radio frequency was classified as Secret; and that secrecy section of Patent Act had been invoked to cover any patent applications that might be made for these devices. Contact advised entire conference was "handled in a top secret manner," although classification was not specifically mentioned in conference.
	Matter asked what person should be contacted in the Bell System in order to advise that person and others named by him as it having knowledge of the radio frequency and countermeasure techniques
	1- Mr. Belmont RECORDES TO THE 760- 30 CHEP 30VF
•	JMM/IWC/mek (5) From GDS Category 2 John 28 1955 Pole of Declassification - Indefinite

Memo to Mr. Parsons 5/26/55

Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device, aka.

Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone Unit

relative to the classification of these techniques. Contact stated he would advise Bureau immediately after he had contacted to determine identity of proper person to approach.

RECOUMENDATION:

That Bureau advise Bell Telephone System official (identity to be supplied by Laboratory contact) and any other persons named by him as having knowledge of the ultrasonic listening and countermeasure techniques as to the classification of these techniques.

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Later of Dute of Declassification - Indefinite Office Memorandum • United States Government

				*				-7.		D Tobson	
	TO : .	Mr.	Parson	s d		/		•	, 19 5	Boardmen Nichols Belmon	=
	FROM.	R. L	Minin.	en S	ECRE	T.JUNE	Just M	الصوال	my for	Harbo Mohr Parsons	<u></u>
	SUBJECT:	י) (מיזי זוז	S ASONTO	ר ד כו משטור ד	ia neutae	< a lea	Type	Nat 120	gmin D	Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd	
	0	RADI		UENCY MIC	NG DEVICE CROPHONE-	o and o	Jue ()	برور مستان المسائل المسائل	ا پلم	Tele. Room Holloman Gandy	_
	*	(Buf	ile 80	-760)			•		0235	Chilt	
	listeni	ng d	evice i	had been	randum to <u>dev</u> elope		l Telepho	ne Lak	orator	ies	د
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	withire has had	spon thr	sibili [.] ee con	ty for ou ferences	er-all s during M	ecurity of ay, 1955,	it, with		to gut	line	
	White: H	ouse	telepi	hone syst	done in tem. At	second co	onference	·] men ti	oned to	
	room wh	ere	teleph	one is lo	l it was cated by	putting	radio-fr	equend	y- (-u.lt)	rasonic	-
	signal) against			one line;	and tha	t Secret	Servicè	wanted	l to pr	oteçt,	
	undanst	At c	onfere:	nce on 5	-26-55, quency te	p	rivately		h.		
	sation, Secret.	men	tioned	_by	at earl of class	ier confe	erence, u	as cla	ssifie	d Top	-
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	the rad	io f xtra	requent wires	cy techni to pick	ique but up room	hạd been conversa	talking tiop thro	about ugh a	the me	thod of	
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	to look	for	in che	eckingeste	i gave Lephones f microp	to see t	copy ou that they	are s	secure:	One '	<i>[]</i>
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	oj operi	5	o, a.	,ĸeçor				305	0 ,010.		
	1 - Mr.) Bel	mont	が一種	Classifi	ed barea 2 b	tegory 2	_			
9	Amin JMM: KMB		1055	INDEXED	- 15 Tal	decias Unicari	en tangerman	_	* *		
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to make n has to co Colonel M conferenc cations,	atter his copy otes because or ntinue working chally, who was e as being respalso had a copy	utline <u>deal</u> with s definitel consible fo	ls with Whit ly establish or security	e House and advised the ed at the of White He	d nt Lreutenant 5-26-55
House to	That Lieutend develop further frequency tech	r informati	on regardin	g \bigcirc \bigcirc	disclosure
of Secret	That after co Service, be ac dio frequency a	lvised of	impr		Chief ing of Top admonished.
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	noach 6/3	SECRI	5_1975		
·	P.ee Date (DS, Call	Indefinite		

Mr. Parsons

July 7, 1955

R. L. Hillens SECRET

b6 b7C

MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE UTILIZING MINIATURE TRANSMITTER CONCEALED IN F-1 MICROPHONE (Bufile 80-772)

Re my 6-8-55 memorandum to you concerning above unit which did not operate satisfactorily during a demonstration on 6-7-55.

,	on 6-21-55 and	of Devenco,	
J 4.	Incorporated, 150 Broadway, New York City, New York, made a	second	
· •	demonstration of their microphone-telephone unit to SA's R.	V. Swartz	
	and J. H. Hatter in the Laboratory. It would still not perf		\bigcirc
	on an instrument equipped with a cloth-covered handpiece cor		ત્ર
7	widely used. On an instrument equipped with a neoprene-cove		
be	cord, the unit gave good results up to 120 feet away from th		•
4.		swer questions	i.
خ م	as to the unit's operation on telephones connected to a swit	tchboard or on	
	telephones equipped with retractile (coiled) handpiece cords		1
-	and his a sea of military many and a sea of a sea of many and a sea of many		
٧	On 6-24-55 and 6-27-55 reported telephonical	112 to	4
. ~	SA Katter that he had successfully operated the unit on an i		1
	connected to a hotel switchboard. He further reported that	the range	49
٠,			2
	equipped with a retractile cord has still not advise	ed as to making	
-	of 120 feet is reduced to about 90 or 100 feet when the inst equipped with a retractile cord has still not advise his unit work on an instrument equipped with a cloth-covered	l handniece	되
V	cord.	, italian i	분
er.		;	<u>,</u>
٠,	If a radio receiver in the same room as this mic-t	tel installation	រី
**	is tuned in to the transmitting frequency of the unit (about	t 2 meaggueles	9
	on the Police Band), a loud squeal (feedback) will be heard	in the radio	ᅺ
2	receiver, revealing the presence of a microphone in the room	n. This is a	퐀
V	on the Police Band), a loud squeal (feedback) will be heard receiver, revealing the presence of a microphone in the room serious defect from a security standpoint since many standar	d table model	
	radios are equipped to receive police broadcasts at the 2 me	gacucle	0
	frequency. Present Bureau security equipment and techniques	mill readily	
	detect unit. Technical details of the unit are atta	iched.	
	advised that the sale price of the unit, whi	ich includes	
(E)	four special F-1 transmitters and a special wide-band receiv	ver, is \$1500.	
	RECOMMENDATION: That no consideration be given to purchase	of this unit	
	because the Laboratory already has equipmen	it which will	
	outperform / unit and offers greater	security, and	
	Language Land White to a gramp of front	1	
٠	ACR OF MINISTER	. 13	
	Attachment Not RECORDE	ED.	
	50 W 140 W 13 1956	,	
7.	-cc 80=760 (RFMT) Det of Declassification - Indefinite		
	Decor Declaration Decor Declaration		

SEGRET

TECHNICAL DETAILS

The following technical information was obtained from during his demonstration of the unit to SA's R. W. Swartz and J. M. Matter on 6-21-55. The unit utilizes a miniature transmitter concealed in and disguised as an F-1 carbon microphone, a jumper resistor to provide current for the transmitter when the instrument is hung up, and a special broad-band receiver to receive the transmissions. Transmitter has a range up to 120 feet from the instrument in which it has been substituted for the standard F-1 carbon microphone. (Between rooms on the 7300 corridor.)

From the radio standpoint, the microphone has two transistors and a voltage sensitive thermister built into the F-1 carbon microphone case to provide a 2.1 mc frequency modulated signal. Power is obtained from the normal telephone do voltages. Very wide-band modulation is used, 50 KC, in order to prevent distortion of the loud voice of any person talking on the altered instrument and still reproduce the low voice modulation of persons in the room when the instrument is hung up. This requires a special 2.1 mc tunable receiver with a 12 mc local oscillator and a 10 mc intermediate frequency. When the phone is hung up, the transistors draw 2 m.a. at 10 volts giving a total input of 20 milliwatts. The jumper resistor is installed between terminals "BK" on the dial and the 12 coil in the instrument.

Jon the

The radio frequency output does not appreciably change the receiver first limiter grid current when the handset is picked up. The induction coil in the instrument prevents passage of most of the rf out onto the line unless an rf bypass capacitor is installed across the coil. It was not determined whether the transistor would oscillate under these conditions. Only the cord from the handpiece to the instrument is normally used as an antenna to radiate the 2:1 mc signal.

Failure of the unit when used on an instrument having a cloth-covered cord was attributed to different line; reactance, as seen by the oscillator, preventing oscillation.

The jumper resistor serves as a pad to prevent damage to the transistors when ringing current is applied to the instrument in which the special F-1 transmitter is installed.

The DC resistance of the special F-1 transmitter is 1400 ohms as compared to 40 ohms for a standard F-1.

APR 2 5 1975

Classified by 24
Exempt from CDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinito

BAU, NEW YORK (65-15980) . Attention: SA J. J. S Lirector, 'FBI (65-60731) (ADFL. MAGE)

June 3, 1955

ALEBIN MIC MAPORATION, aka, et al MILCEL ANDOUS - INFORMATION CHICENNING

Resulet May 26, 1955, instructing that a private detective in New York City, be interviewed in connection with the above-entitled matter.

Confirming telephonic conversations of Hr. I. X. Conrad with. y-urself and supervisor J. J. Hill of your office, it is desired that agent Hill sit in on the interview with spindel in view of the technical nature of certain of the material to be covered. cally, it is noted that ______ has in effect alle Apect fier] has in offect alleged that testimony before the House Judiciary published accounts of Subcommittee reflects to be in possession of knowled concerning the radio frequency microphone-telephone device. to be in possession of knowledge news clippings furnished by Sumney and forwarded as enclosures with Bulet of 5/26/55 do not support such allegation; however, it is noted that in other press coverage of I testimony, Spindel was reported as stating that a method of listening makes use of "sonio apeatrum" to flood a room with inducible sound waves that pick up conversation; that he understood some Government agencies were experimenting with this method; and that it may be classified as so Secret." Because this reported statement is self-centradictory, it is not known to which specific technique Spindel may have been referring. The contradiction, of course, lies in the fact that "sonic spectrum" means sound waves which can be heard, whereas the remainder of the reported statement says that these sound waves are Other news reports on the same testimony quote Spindell as stating that the room may be flooded with the "sonic spectrum" and conversations obtained without the need of concealing a microphynic or, in fact, even entering the room or building.

For your information, the April 22, 1955, issue of U. S. Newd & World Report sets forth a purported evaluation of Spindel's testimony by expert sources available to "V. S. News v& World Report With reference to the "sonic spectrum" portion of the testimony

mentioned above; the "V. S. News & Forld Report" has this to say: "The experts felt that one eavesdropping mothod described by Tolson. had no basis in present knowledge of electronics and Boardman . This was the 'sonto spectrum,' which the detective Nichols

80-760 Parsons

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SAC, New York

Re: Alertronic Corporation, aka, et al

Missellaneous - Information Concerning (Espionage)

described as being used to 'flood a room with a signal and obtain conversations without the need of concealing a mike or in fact ever entering or going near the room or building.'

"Hone of the engineers or scientists could fathom what he was referring to, and Ur. Spindel declined to discuss it further, saying: 'I' believe Government agencies are now experimenting with this and it may be of a classified nature, so I will refrain from further comment about this in open session of the Committee."

For your information, on the basis of the above reports, it is considered most likely that Spindel may have been referring to the possibility of directing waves of various kinds, such as ultrasonic waves, radio waves or light waves, into a room and recovering conversations from the corresponding reflected waves. This has been accomplished experimentally in the FBI laboratory and it is known that other investigative agencies are conducting experimental work along this same line.

From the above facts it will be seen that Spindel-has-notmade any comments in the reported testimony which can be specifically connected with the technique known to the Bureau as the radio. frequency microphone-telephone device. Accordingly, in order to avoid disclosing information regarding this device to Spindel, the technical phases of the interview with Spindel should be conducted in such a manner as to elicit from him just what he was talking about in his reference to "sonic spectrum" device.

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Office Memorandum • united states government

	JJ		$\Omega_{\mathbf{r}}$						Tolson	
`	TO :	Mr. Pa	rsons (Y97)	7		DATE	: July 8,	1955	Boardman _	三,
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	γ.		and and	DOOK		<u>NE</u>			Mohr	
	FROM:	R_{\bullet} L_{\bullet}	Millen V'-						Parsons Rosen	
		V	P	*					Tamm' Sizoo	
	SUBJECT:	RADIO	FREQUENCY	MICROPHO	ONE-				Winterrowd Tele. Room	-
		TELEPH	ONE UNIT	Mary States - And American property and the State of the	Acros in graph		0.	1	Holloman -	
	,	(Bufil	e 80-760)				12	office	Gandy	
		On Tour	- 70	70 7055	ar a m	Combott	of the Ta	honath	1	
	and SA	นาม ก	e 12 ana . JeTean of	the San	, DA C. A Francisco	. Corbett Office <u>ma</u>	de a surv	ouraco eu of	ry the	
Ç,			<u>llsboroug</u>				<u> </u>	0 9 0.1		
ैं। े	Califo	rnia, be	ginning J	une 19,	1955. Th	e installa disconnect	tion of t	he RFM	T unit	ì
ž. ,	was co	mpleted	on June 1	7, 1955.	It was	aisconnect at the sur	ed at 812	had h	oon	•
1	June 2	1900 LYOO	ajver iv Inqutine	e was con	CTUGEU VII	employed[ver II ance	nuu b	<u>'ee'ii</u>	1
1	neutra	The Th	ere mas n	o indica	tion that	the RFMT	technique	has b	een	ï
3	compro	mised.	The cover	age by t	his insta	llation wo	is satisfa	ctory	until	55
`	approx	:imatelu	10:45 P.M	. June 1	9. at whi	ch time mo	nitoring.	person	inel	16°
Y .	observ	ed sound	ls which i	ndicated	that the	42A conne	ecting blo	ck (te	:Lephon	e 🏋
,	_	ting blo	ck mounte	d on a w	all near	the instru	iment) was	peing starte	jeex-	**
3	amined	na tha t	ly therea	jter an instrume	inaiviaua n+ This	was follo				ξ_{r}^{1}
	nana i	ng one o Indicativ	erepuone on that a	securitu	check wa	s in progr	ess. It	was co	īri-	30
•	sidere	d desire	ible to di	sconnect	the RFMI	' surveillo	ince at th	at~tin	ne.	•
1	The RF	MT unit	was recon	nected t	o the lin	e at 6:00	A.M. June	20, 1	<i>1955</i> ∓	Z
205	No act	ivitu wo	is detecte	d at tha	t time.	At approxi	imately 8:	00 A A	4.	잂
	the te	lephone	was used	to make	several o	utgoing co	ills. No	activi		FILED
1.1.4	was de	tected l	mmealatel	y prior	to or bed	ween outgo	t prior to	10:4	P.M.	
<u>/</u>	June 1	19. 1955.	This in	dicates	conclusiv	ely that	the microp	hone-		COPY
Ì	teleph	ione cove	rage had	been neu	tralized.		•		. \	
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	noueve noulld	annear	from this	informat	ion that	the micro	ohone-tele	phone		• •
1	covera	ige was i	neutralize	d during	a routin	e securit	y check			10
1		-	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	X1.111	DECUDIN	<u> ED-35</u> 80	- 760 m			
1		There	was	dication		detec	ted the pi	esence	8 + +ho	**
1	of our	r radio j	requency	on the t	elepnone Siodo mend	lines. Si	lier and 1	mas ab.	le to	Ī
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Mr. Parsons

DATE: July 13, 1955

FROM

LIST 1114 DE 1115

0111400001111

R. L. Millen,

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SUBJECT: XRFMT UNIT

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By airtel 6-21-55 San Francisco Field Division advised that the RFMT unit delivered by SAC. K. Corbett would remain in that office for future west coast installations and that SA Morris M. DeJean is qualified to install this equipment.

Corbett advises that DeJean was with him during the survey and installation of this equipment on the California (residence used

of installations with DeJean, outlining all conditions under which this equipment has operated successfully as well as known problems encountered with the unit.

DeJean appears to have a keen interest in this equipment and from the appearance of the new San Francisco major technical surveillance plant he seems to be sound in his judgment with respect to telephone and microphone surveillance techniques.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that Special Agent Morris M. DeJean be considered qualified for RFMT surveillance installations and that in the event this type of installation is approved for a west coast office he be dispatched to install the equipment, unless some circumstances are present requiring the specific assistance of an FBI Laboratory engineer.

1 - Personnel File of SA Morris M. DeJean

OK Par

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Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Deg's silication - Indefinite

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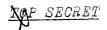
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STA __ GOVERNMENT

то	ż	Ur. Parson	s&		DATE: Augi	ıst 9,	1955	Folson Boardman Nichols Belmont
FRO	M., r	R. L. Mill	* SECRI	ET JUNE				Harbo Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm'
SUB)	ECT:	REMT COUNT	PERMEASURES ON	OFFICE PHON	ES OF	,		Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
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<i>p</i> - <i>w</i>	revent hen th	en dre not	in normal use	. Such an i	ns tallation	was m	ade fo	<i>r</i> 1
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<u> </u>	ECOMME	NDATION:	W.	e .		Ster	•	
2 3 4 6 8	3-15-55 the off origina oithout	of in line we suggesting ice telephologopal counterm to prior not	easures were ification to	unless the tores commendation of control of	ey initiate ts on a memo ountermeasur a change of o permit ren ORDED 176	such d randum e devi fter t telepi	requence of the control of the	st. ·

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-29-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg





In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

SECRET

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

Downgrade to SE GRAT for 60324 uc solo/fal 9/8/20,0

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Received on 6 JUL 1955 from Mr. I. W. Conrad of the FBI Laboratory, one copy (Copy #2) of circuit diagram for the ultrasonic listening device.

Mitford M. Mathews, Jr. National Security Agency

RECORDED - 65

80-760-311

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ET SEP 7 1955

Classified by 24 APR 2 5 1975

Exemy from CDS, Category n - Indefinite

Date of Decases

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Itrosomic Listening Devices

STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Tolson: Boardman J DATE: Sept. 1, 1955 Mr. Parsons Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr. Parsons FROM Rosen Tamm' Sizoo. Winterrowd REQUEST FOR INSTALLATION OF BUREAU SUBJECT: Tele. Room COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE BY Gandy . (Bufile 80-76**6**) Reference is made to memorandum of 8-15-55 from Wr. Roach to Mr. Be Imont in which it is stated that Security, Department of Defense, requested ermeasure installations be made in the residence of Referenced memorandum recommends that these countermeasure devices be installed as requested. Six countermeasure devices were installed in the residence phones of Device Northwest, Washington, All countermeasure devices were removed D. C., on 8-31-55. residence telephones of former on 8-17-55, as suggested in referenced memorandum. WHasonic Listening RECOMMENDATION: That the attached letter to Security Division, Department of Defense, be delivered to him via liaison. Mr. Roach mm (5) Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 59 SEP 15

Date of reclassification - Indefinite

	Office	Memorandum • United States Government	
,	TO : FROM : SUBJECT:	Mr. Parsons EXECUTE SIFIED DATE: 8-31-55 EXECUTE HERE SHOWN I. W. Conrad CLASSIFIED DY SOLL DECLASSIFY ON: 25/b6 UTSCELLANDOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING; HIJCJ GLE Referral/Consult Referral/Consult	0
		On August 26, 1955, in response to an inquiry by and I talked with	
(u) • x	exaggera	You will recall that during such testimony made ited claims in connection with the performance of certain tele-	11/8/65 55
× 7	of a mic	prophone technique which involved "flooding a room with sonic rophone technique which involved "flooding a room with sonic with sonic was interviewed by (U)	1
0641205	Agents o	of the New York Office in connection with his wire tapping ies and certain of his comments relative to technical equipment.	} \ ,
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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September 6, 1955 RECORDED-45 VIA LIAISON Security Division EX-124 Office of the Secretary of Defense The Pentagon Washington 25, D. C. Dear I am happy to advise you that six new countermeasure devices were installed in the residence telephones of Northwest, Washington, D. C., by technicians of this Bureau on August 31, 1955. Previously all countermeasure devices were removed from the residence telephones of former on August 17, 1955. I would appreciate your keeping this Bureau advised as to any contemplated changes in the telephone service of in order that we may take the necessary precautions to protect the countermeasure devices presently installed in his residence telephone instruments. Sincerely yours, John Edgar Hoover Dimeleg 10RY DIVISIONE of cover memo 1 - Mr. Roach. Liaison Section (attached to copy Millen to Mr. Parsons, Mr. 80-768 vev memo Nichols EIVED-PARSONS Belmont Harbo Mohr lassified by 2 Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman .

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-30-2011

SAG, New York

SECRET

Sept. 8, 1955

Director, FBI

1 - 43 RENT & 160-316

<u>JUNE</u>

7. FRANK BECKETT

INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reurlet captioned as above 8/26/55 advising that Frank Beckett, an insurance man, had informed SA Russell L. Aufrance, New York Office, that an engineer of the telephone company told him the FBI has a "gadget" or "device" that they fasten onto the wires of a telephone and it causes the telephone to operate as a microphone. Beckett inquired of Aufrance to determine whether or not the FBI actually had such a device and also how it works.

It appears desirable that Aufrance discreetly ascertain the identity of the telephone engineer. It should then be determined whether or not this engineer has knowledge of this and other Bureau investigative techniques involving the use of telephone equipment, and if he gained this knowledge through contacts with the Bureau. It is believed that this should be done in order that the Bureau's interest in matters of this type is not now nor in the future will be compromised.

for your information, Bureau files reflect that a Frank Sigmund Beckett, present age 48, made application for the position of Special Agent and was interviewed in the New York Division on April 1, 1943. He was not favorably recommended. At the time of the interview Beckett was employed by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York City It is possible that this Becketters identical with the Beckett mentioned in referenced letter.

It is desired that this matter be given breferred attention and your reply should be addressed to the attention of the FBI Laboratory.

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Holloman	SEP 22 1955		A No. ye

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO:

FROM SUBJECT: ()

Director, FBI
(Att: FBI Laboratory - Sound & Electrical Section)
SAC, New York DDD (1)

RFMT - FRANK BECKETT INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 8/24/55, SA RUSSELL L. AUFRANCE, NYO, advised that he has a personal friend, FRANK/BECKETT, insurance man, New York Life Insurance Company, offices in Empire State Building, NYC, who related information to him that he felt may be of interest to the Bureau. He stated that Mr. BECKETT had told him that a friend of BECKETT'S, who is an engineer with the New York Telephone Company, had told him that the FBI has a "gadget" or "device" that they fasten on the wires of a telephone and it causes the telephone to operate as a microphone. He stated that the microphone will effectively pick up conversations in the vicinity of a telephone even though the telephone is not otherwise in use. He further advised that this technique does not in any way effect the normal operation of the telephone.

SA AUFRANCE advised that BECKETT inquired of him to determine if the FBI actually had such a device and if so how did it work. SA AUFRANCE stated that he gave Mr. BECKETT no information. SA AUFRANCE advised that in Mr. BECKETT'S discussion of the matter he gathered that Mr. BECKETT had no further information regarding the technique.

It should be pointed out that during the recent wire tapping probe in the New York area, various newspapersarticles have appeared wherein wire tapping and microphone techniques have been described. Some of these articles have been written in a way that would cause the reader to think that the technique described above could be accomplished. None of these articles however, have described exactly how it could be accomplished.

SA AUFRANCE advised that a check of the indices of the NYO with respect to the name of FRANK BECKETT revealed no information that appeared to be pertinent to this matter.

In view of the foregoing facts, no further action will be taken by this office with regard to this matter unless the Bureau so instructs.

RM

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Classified by 21 Apr. 25 1975

Exempt from GDS, category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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80-760-317,318 CHANGED TO 80-768-300,285X

OCT 4 1955

Office Memorandum • United States Government

то ;	Mr. Parson	s D		DAT	E: Aug.	11, 1958	Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmont
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

Jjitt	
TO :	Mr. Parsons DATE: 8-19-55 Boardman — Richols — Belmont — Harbo — Webs
FROM :	R. L. Millen Parsons Rosen Tamm'
subject:	REMOVAL OF COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES FROM RESIDENCE OF Sizoo Winterowd Tele. Room - Holloman Gandy
₹	Rober
Standard Collins	Memorandum of 8-15-55 from Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont reflects request by Security for Office of Secretary of Defense, for removal of countermeasure devices from residence telephones of
. 1	Special Agent J. M. Matter and Technician John F. Sommerville removed countermeasure devices from all tele- phone instruments at residence, Kenwood, Maryland, on 8-17-55.
Ltrasoure Devices	RECOMMENDATION: That Liaison Section advise of removal
ULTR	of countermeasure devices from residence telephones of
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Ace Memorandum • United States Government

10/4/55 DATE:

DIRECTOR, FBI ATTN: FBI Laboratory

SAC, NEW YORK (66-1119 SECRE

JUNE

SUBJECT:

RFMT

FRANK BECKETT

INFORMATION CONCERNING

Reurlet, captioned as above, 9/8/55 instructing that Mr. FRANK BECKETT and an unidentified Telephone Company engineer be contacted re their knowledge of Bureau investigative techniques.

Mr. FRANK SECKETT, Knickerbocker Branch of the New York Life Insurance Company, Empire State Building, was contacted by SA GERARD A. POTE on 10/3/55. Mr. BECKETT advised that over 20 years ago he had been employed by the New York Telephone Company, first in their Accounting Department and then as a salesman selling their services. As a result, he still has an interest in their activity.

He stated he closely followed the newspaper publicity on the wiretap scandal involving New York Telephone Company personnel and also has read with interest the various articles written by electronic experts on the ways and means of tapping phones or using microphones. During the course of the conversation with Mr. BECKETT, he demonstrated he was well read on the various articles that appeared in the local press or some magazines, but did not exhibit any technical knowledge.

In reference to his statements to former SA RUSSELL L. AUFRANCE, Mr. BECKETT stated that he misrepresented his facts by stating they came from a telephone engineer when, in reality, they were his gleanings from the various articles he read in the "Saturday Evening Post," "Colliers Magazine" or "Readers Digest." Mr. BECKETT advised that Mr. AUFRANCE, who was a personal friend of his knew that he, BECKETT, had

RM

RECORDED-48 INDEXED-48

GAP: MEG

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

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Ultrasomica Listening Devices



Letter to Director NY 66-1119

a next door neighbor who was a telephone engineer and Mr. BECKETT used this neighbor as a source to make his story more factual. Mr. BECKETT indicated that his conversations with Mr. AUFRANCE were in the nature of fishing expeditions as he was generally curious as to Bureau activity in the electronics field. Mr. BECKETT volunteered the information that he had attempted to discuss the various articles which he had read with his neighbor, a Telephone Company engineer, but this individual had indicated to him that he was not up in this field of electronics and could not explain the import of the articles which Mr. BECKETT was referring to.

Due to the nature of this inquiry and the discreet manner in which conversations were handled, no attempt was made by SA GERARD A. POTE to ascertain the identity of the Telephone Company engineer. It is believed that from the facts set forth there is no reason for this office to consider an interview of this individual.

Classified by 21

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

D.C.



80-769

October 4, 1955

80-760-32

VIA- LIAISON

RECORDED - 39

Security Division Office of the Secretary of Defense

The Pentagon Washington 25. D.

Dear

As requested in your letter of September 26, 1955, a check of the countermeasures in the telephone instruments in the apartment of

by personnel of this Bureau on September 30, 1955. Telephone work which had been done resulted in the installation of a new instrument. The appropriate countermeasure device was installed in this new instrument.

I would appreciate your continuing to keep this Bureau advised of any work which may be done in the future on the telephone instruments in Mr. Wilson's apartment.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hogyen Director

1 - Liaison

NOTE: SA J. M. Matter and SA George W. Mago checked

[Cabalve 2i his thundents prospection.]

EIVED-DIRECTORECEIVED-PARSONS

Nichols Belmont Harbo Mohr

Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo

Vinterrowd

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TC		Mr. Parsons	R SEC	RET	DATE: October 11	Tolson Boardman 1, 195 Nichols Belmont Harbo
FF Can	OM ;	R. L. Millen	m /	JUNE	b6 b7C	Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo
\$ T	BJECT:	RFMT INQUIRY BY AS (Bufile 80-70		CONNISSION.	Referral/Consult	Winterrowd Tele, Room Holloman Gandy
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where a telephone is located, the dial is moved several digits clockwise (at least 2 digits) and a plug inserted in the dial finger wheel to hold it in the dialed position.

The above inquiry was handled by Messrs. Corbett and Swartz of this Section.

ACTION:

None, for informative purposes.

ADDENDUM: CKC:KMB 10-14-55

The Laboratory has observed that the "plug system" as a countermeasure is effective against RFMT and SPMT surveillances but is not effective against the 4-wire microphone telephone surveillance technique. This countermeasure, of course, is not effective when altered switchhooks are installed in connection with microphone surveillances.

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APR-65 1975

Classified by 21

Part from GDS, Category 2

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TENED Y

fice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT old Tolson 10, 195 Nichols Parsons Mohr JUNE R. L. Millen Parsons FROM Rosen Tamm TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE EQUIPMENT SUBTECT: Tele. Room (Bufile 80-760) Holloman . Gandy SYNOPSIS: In memorandum of 5-11-55 to Mr. Tolson from Mr. Parsons concerning above subject, it was reported that the Laboratory's tele-] furnished information rephone company contact, flecting company repairman had removed a nonstandard countermeasure Pagarch Products Company) device (developed by from the office telephone instrument of because it was causing trouble. Bureau countermeasure device and is opposed to use of any other. Director noted, "Don't make any installations of our device for State products. 10 Department since it is using SO reported following which he requested not On 10-3-55 be made available to State Department under any circumstances. In conference with regarding telephone security matters. State Denartment officers requested, among ofther things, that countermeasure device from six more office telephones of lesser Department officials and substitute company-approved counter-品品 measure device similar to or identical with the one developed and installed by the Bureau. Officers stated they felt it would be an imposition on Bureau's time and manpower to request Bureau to instal'i countermeasures in telephones of lesser officials. told State Department officers he would take the matter under consideration and let them know whether the company could comply with such a request. He has requested that the Bureau indicate whether or not it desires to retain sole jurisdiction for the installation of Bureau-type countermeasures. He pointed out that he is not looking for additional work and has made no decision as to whether these additional countermeasures for State Department would be justified. For your information, Bureau has installed for the State Department 25 of its countermeasure devices in the office and residence tionalBureau has never received requests: J. 10 11 Double Mr. Belmont Classified by 21 Evenin Crom tos Calegory 1 JMM: INC/kmb /L Teste of Declassification - Indelig



installations. Bureau has always followed policy of limiting number of countermeasure installations. ______likewise has stressed need of holding installations to a minimum.

RECOMMENDATION:

That ______ be informed that the Bureau desires to retain sole jurisdiction as to the installation of Bureau-type countermeasure devices. While the Bureau cannot presume to tell him what his reply to the State Department should be, as a matter of assistance it could be pointed out to him that the Bureau has filed a classified patent application, under the Inventions Secrecy Act, covering the Bureau countermeasure, and as a result the telephone company is unable to install the Bureau countermeasures.

advised exact

conferts at he commendation

on 10/13/55 by SA J.M. Matter.

10/17/5.

gmzn

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Classified by 24 APR 2 5 1975
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

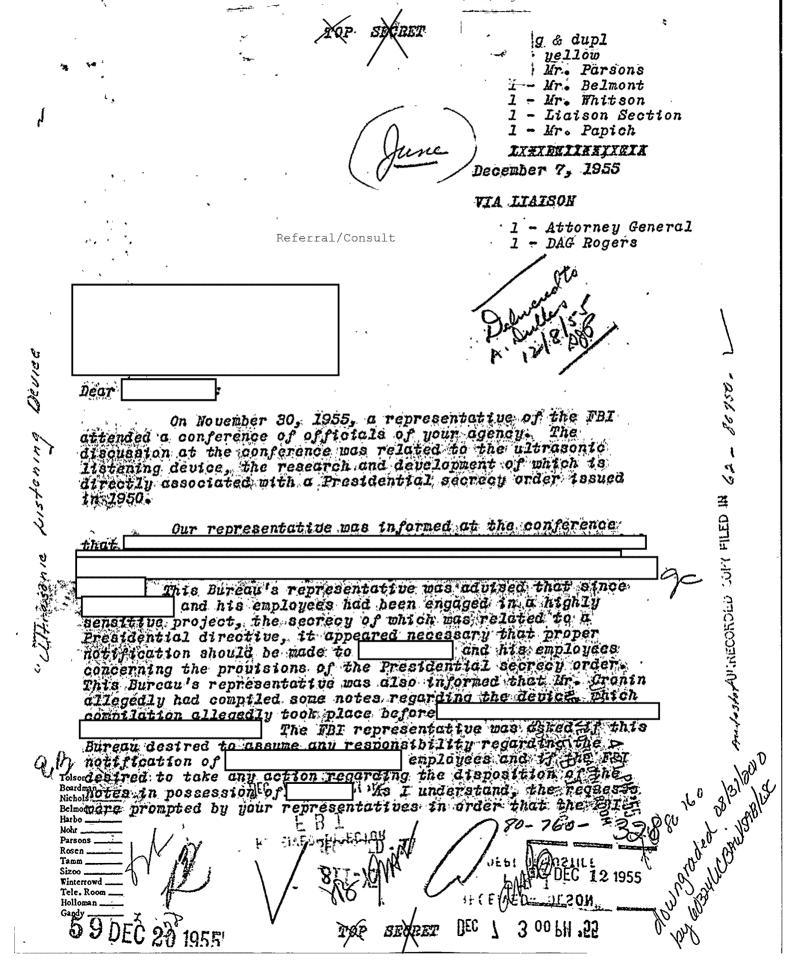
Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

4	то	:	Mr. Parsons SECRET DATE: Oct. 20, 1950	Tolson Bossequal Nichors Betmont
	FROM	* *	R. L. Millen JUNE	Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
	SUBJE	έŢ:	COUNTERVEASURE DEVICES INSTALLED FOR	Sizoo Winterrowd
		*		Holloman Gandy
		ıţ	The state of the s	Word,
			Countermeasure devices were installed by Bureau personnel in the office telephone instruments	Durant
		į	of	0.0.
			on 2-12-53 as a result of arrangements made by the Director. recently announced his resignation	
			to take effect the latter part of October. There is no indication that his successor will retain the same tele-	•
t)			phone system now existing in the office.	
2019			RECOMMENDATION:	ge
O			That Liaison Section make arrangements with	
			removal of countermeasure devices from his office	
3	\	1	telephone instruments prior to actual departure from office.	4
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Office Memorandum • United States Government

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1	TO :	Mr. Pars	on s	SECI	ET	DATE: 11-22	Tolson —— Boardman — Nichols — Philipon — Tolson ——
	FROM:	R. L. Mi	11en PLM	<u>ال</u>	<u>INE</u>		Mohr
	SUBJECT:	TELEPHON	E COUNTER	MEASURES	FOR :		Sizoo Winterrowd _ Tele. Room Holloman
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	l la	Director Special A on 11-16-5	of Securi gent Geor 5 and 11-	ty, Depar ge W. May 18-55 cor	10, Jr., a	Health, Educand Technician recheck of the sof	
	of Health	r. Educati	on, and We	lfare.	Þ	respectivel	y, <u>Department</u>
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	80-760 }GWM:ctw (5) 27W	ı		lassified by 24	MOEXE	10 1 3	1955
,		<i>J</i> *	I	Exempt from GI	ication - Indefin	`*	
	57 DEC	8 1955	,		APR 25 19	75	KAM!



Referral/Consult

Letter to
<i>←</i>
ş
could have the opportunity of executing any action which we felt would fall within the responsibilities of the FBI.
the state of the s
With regard to research pertaining to the ultrasonic listening device, this Bureau directed a letter
dated March 28, 1952, in which
communication information was set forth reflecting that Cronin
It was
*** 7 ** ***
pointed out in the communication that had formally executed an acknowledgment of the President's secrecu order
prepared by the Attorney General
suggested in my communication that nou might desire that the
some notification be made to
A D. S. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D.
For your information, an official of this Bureau.
conferred with on June 6, 1952. On that occasion, Gronin was informed that it had become necessary for socurity
reasons in 1950 for the Government to classify the ultrasonic
Itstening device and closely related subject matter as Top
Recret and to restrict the purchase and use of suun equipment
within the Covernment. was advised that the formal
notification of him by the TRI representative constituted
- merining notification of the Tod Secret Classification always
of the subjectsmatter and that the disclosure of the invention
in any manner by any means, such as by word of mouth, by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affected
The minemant and defence of the United States Und Table Williams
ne the injunction to secrecy was sunjuly by proceedings of the
Anadeion of the intermem with OR Juke Value Va
- Admiral that Inda Some anomics are
concerning the research and development conducted. On June 10.
1952, a representative of this Bureau contacted at which
time they were formally notified of the Top Secret classification
status of the subject matter and the fact that any disclosure of
the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of

yor segret



Referral/Consult

Letter	ţt0				•			
affecte	ed the ion of	defense the in	on or by e and arm junction	ament of	the U	nited i	States o	device, ind the

With regard to the question of notification of
and his employees in view of the work performed
I do not feel that the FBI has any
responsibility at this time to transmit any notification to
or his employees concerning the Presidential secrecy
order. It would appear that the resolution of any questions
emanating from
I also feel that as a result of the
notification of by this Bureau on June 6, 1952, it is
not necessary for the FBI to take any action at this time
regarding the disposition of notes allegedly in the possession
of

A copy of this communication has been furnished to the Attorney General.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

Cover memo Roach to Belmont 12-5-55 SJP:fjb ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

STANDÁRD FORIGNO, 64 Tice Memorandum . United states government A. H. BELMONT OA DATE: December 5, 1955 JUNE Reimont Harbo Mohr . SUBJECT: UITRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE Parsons b7C SYNOPSIS Referral/Consult Sizoa Vinterrowd Tele. Room Ultrasonic listening device basically consists of imposing an ultrasonic or radio frequency on a telephone line causing the telephone to become a microphone. A Presidential Directive was tissued on 8-23-50 classifying device as Top Secret and setting forth restrictions regarding use and procurement of device. This done to protect. U.S. Government interests. Two individuals outside of Government Research who have developed listening device are L former Bureau Products, Inc., Danbury, Connecticut, and Agent operating firm in Redwood City, California. formally executed an acknowledgment of President's secreou order 11-30-55 Ligison Agent was informed that ACTION: Our records reflect that as far as the Bureau's relationship with Cronin is concerned the Bureau has adequately notified Cronin

Referral/Consult

Memo to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach

SEXRET

	,
	regarding the highly restrictive aspects of the ultrasonic listening
1	device. The Bureau had no part to play
1	Therefore, it does not appear that the bureau
	has any responsibility to transmit any further notification to
0	concerning the secrecy of the matter. Such notification appears to be
	solely
ı	
Į	With regard to the notes whichallegedly has in his
	possession, it does not appear that the Bureau has a responsibility
	relating to the disposition of the notes. The Bureau fully briefed
ſ	remaining to the disposition of the noves. The bureau fully briefed
Ļ	regarding the security aspects which apply to his knowledge
	of the ultrasonic listening device. He, therefore, has been fully
	informed by us with regard to the use of any knowledge which he
1	possesses.
	Since this is a highly delicate matter, it is believed the
	Bureau's position should be well documented in letters to the Attorney
	General These letters are enclosed here-
1	with. In our communications we are advising that the Bureau is not
	assuming any responsibility of notifying Cronin regarding the
	Presidential secrecy order as a result
	We are advising the Attorney General and CIA that
1	was briefed by a Bureau official on June 6, 1952, regarding the seourtty interests of the U.S. Government and the Top Secret classifica-
١	security interests of the U.S. Government and the Top Secret classifica-
	tion of the device and that similar notification was given to two of
ı	on June 10, 1952, by a Bureau repre-
	sentative.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	Classified by M
	Exempt from GDS, Category 2 APR 2 5 1975
	Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memo to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach



DETAILS:

listening device which basically consists of imposing an ultrasonic
or radio frequency on a telephone line causing the telephone to
become a microphone. A Presidential Directive was issued on August 23,
1950, classifying such devices as Top Secret and directing that the
procurement of the device for U.S. Government foreign and domestic
use could be permitted only upon the respective approvals of the
Attorney General The Presidential Directive
limited the use of such devices exclusively to matters of vital
importance to the national security of the U.S. It provided that the
Departments of Treasury, Defense and Justice should be
responsible for the classification and control of such devices and
the development of appropriate countermeasures applicable to the
unauthorized use of such devices. The Department of Justice was
designated the sole agency contracting for the acquisition of each
devices for use within the continental and territorial U.S.
was designated as the sole agency contracting for the acquisition
of such devices for use outside the continental and territorial U.S.
(80-760-76 and 77) Two individuals outside of the Government Who
have come to our attention as baving developed ultrasonic listening
devices are of Research Products. Inc. Danbury.
Connecticut, and
A STATE OF THE STA
formally executed an acknowledgment of the Provident to sporecy order
formally executed an acknowledgment of the Provident's secrecy order prepared by the Attorney General in 1951.
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government.
The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government. On November 30, 1955. Liaison Agent Papich was invited to
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government.
prepared by the Attorney General
The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government. On November 30, 1955. Liaison Agent Papich was invited to
prepared by the Attorney General
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government. On November 30, 1955. Liaison Agent Papich was invited to a meeting in the office of Also present at the meeting were advised that the Liaison Agent was invited so the Bureau would be cognizant of all developments of interest to the Bureau and he indicated that on the basis of the information which was to be disclosed, the Bureau might
prepared by the Attorney General in 1951. The purpose of this acknowledgment was to protect the security interests of the U.S. Government. On November 30, 1955. Liaison Agent Papich was invited to a meeting in the office of Also present at the meeting were advised that the Liaison Agent was invited so the Bureau would be cognizant of all developments of interest to the Bureau and he indicated that on the basis of the information which was to be disclosed, the Bureau might
prepared by the Attorney General
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Classified by 21

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinate

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Referral/Consult

Memot to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach

SECRET

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Classified by 21

Exempt from 6DS, Category 2

Details classification Indefinite

Memo to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach

City, California.



On May 9, 1952, the Executives' Conference considered means of protecting the security of the ultrasonic listening device. The Conference unanimously recommended that the SAC, San Francisco, personally advise Cronin concerning the prior development and restrictions on the device. By letter dated May 20, 1952, the SAC, San Francisco, was instructed to brief Cronin. By letter dated June 12, 1952, the SAC advised that Cronin had been interviewed on June 6, 1952, and the Bureau's instructions had been carried out. At the time of the June 6, 1952, interview Cronin was informed that the equipment which had been developed by Cronin previously had been developed and reduced to actual practice by the FBI Laboratory; that as a result of such prior development, it became necessary for security reasons-during the Summer of 1950 for the Government to classify this equipment and closely related subject matter as Top Secret and to restrict the purchase and the use of such equipment within the Government; and that the formal notification of Cronin by the SAC, San Francisco, constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the ultrasonic listening device and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of mouth, by publication, or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defense of the U.S. and that violation of the injunction to secrecy was subject to prosecution. At the time of the interview of June 6, 1952, Cronin advised that the only employees having any knowledge of the device upon which he had been working were all residents of Redwood On June 10, 1952,

the injunction to secrecy was subject to prosecution. (80-760-105) m GDS Category A esification - Indefinité

were interviewed by Bureau representatives at which time they were notified of the Top Secret classification status of the ultrasonic listening device and the fact that any disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of mouth, by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device affected the defense and armament of the U.S. All three of these individuals were informed that violation of

Memo to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE RE:

Enclosures

SJP:fjb (6)

1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Whitson
1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Papich

APR 25 1975 Classified by 24 Exemni from GDS, Category 3

Office Morrow and dum

Office Wiemoranaum • united states government
TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT STEERE January 3, 1956
FROM: MR. R. R. ROACH JUNE Tolson Boardman Nichols ABelmont
SUBJECT: Harbo Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
Sizoo
The Bureau has previously installed a counter- measure device on the telephone in office
On December 29, 1955, advised Liaison Agent Bates that
has had another new telephone installed in his office and he would appreciate it very much if the Bureau would install a countermeasure device on this telephone.
RECOMMENDATION:
It is recommended that the <u>Laboratory Division</u> install this countermeasure device on telephone. <u>If you</u> approve, <u>Liaison can arrange an appropriate</u> time with for the installation.
and the second s
WOWB: Sid
1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Liaison Section
1 - Mr. Bates INDEXED - 44 80 - 760 - 330
CM JEINES INSTALLED SECRET ET JAN 10 1956
m extension phone
Exempt from Covered Respected by 24 APR 25 1975 Exempt from CDS Category 8 Date of Declassification - Indefinite
PO ANN 19 10ER
59 JAN 12 1956
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

- Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 45 Page 11 ~ Referral/Direct Page 14 ~ Referral/Direct Page 15 ~ Referral/Direct Page 16 ~ Referral/Direct Page 17 ~ Referral/Direct Page 18 ~ Referral/Direct Page 62 ~ Referral/Direct Page 66 ~ Referral/Direct Page 67 ~ Referral/Direct Page 68 ~ Referral/Direct Page 69 ~ Referral/Direct Page 84 ~ Referral/Consult Page 88 ~ b6, b7C Page 89 ~ 56, 57C Page 112 ~ Referral/Direct Page 115 ~ Referral/Direct Page 118 ~ Referral/Direct Page 130 ~ Referral/Consult Page 141 ~ Referral/Direct Page 142 ~ Referral/Direct Page 143 ~ Referral/Direct Page 144 ~ Referral/Direct Page 145 ~ Referral/Direct Page 153 ~ Referral/Direct Page 154 ~ Referral/Direct Page 163 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 172 ~ Referral/Direct Page 173 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 164 ~ Referral/Direct Page 165 ~ Referral/Direct Page 166 ~ Referral/Direct Page 167 ~ Referral/Direct Page 168 ~ Referral/Direct

- Page 174 ~ Referral/Direct Page 179 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 180 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 181 ~ Referral/Direct Page 186 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 194 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 197 ~ Duplicate
- Page 211 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 212 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 217 ~ Referral/Direct
- Page 226 ~ Referral/Direct

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Section 4

DEC

MAILED 20

Winterrowd Tele. Room

Holloman

Henorandum for the Attorney General

Referral/Consult

<u> </u>	
The Roman manner and the	
pas informed	
<u></u>	
For your information, an official of this Bureau	
conferred with on June 6, 1952, regarding the research and	
development which had been conducted	
On the occasion of that interview,	
man a large to demand the substitution of their superview,	
was clearly informed that it had become necessary for security reasons in 1950 for the Covernment to clearly the	
equipment and closely related subject matter as were seen as	
equipment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification for the Top	•
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the FBI official constituted official notification of the Top Scoret.	•
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that standards	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the FBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means.	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the double matter.	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defense of the United States and that	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defence of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy was subject to manufacture.	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defence of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy was subject to manufacture.	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the FBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defence of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy was subject to prosecution. On the occasion of the same interview, indicated that two of had some knowledge converging the same that	
ogulpment and closely related subject matter as Top Scoret and to restrict the purchase and use of such equipment within the Government. was informed that such notification by the TBI official constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter and that disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of nouth by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affects the armament and defence of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secret was subject to manufacture.	

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Referral/Consult

Memorandum for the Attorney General

the Top Secret classification status of the subject matter. They were informed that any disclosure of the invention in any manner by any means, such as by word of mouth, by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device, affected the defense and armoment of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy was subject to prosecution.

I believe that as a re- June 6 and June 10, 1952, this B	sult of our notifications on
	ly sensitive nature of the subject
	s to the United States Covernment.
With report to notification of	in light
	T foot that
the resolution of any questions	emanatino from
contractural relationship	I also feel
that any question regarding the	
possession of does not re	
the fluences of the most of	water any accion on the part of
the Bureau in view of the notific	cation extented by this pureau
on June 6, 1952.	
A commence of the second discountry of a	
A copy of my letter to	
regarding this notter is enclosed	d herewith.
· // · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Endloaure	•
	s
1 - Ur. William P. Rogers	•
Deputy Attorney General	
/ (Englosuro)	
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K ()	,
SJP:fjb	Cover memo Roach to Belmont
(8)P3) Jb	12-5-55 SJP:fjb same re
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O WITHASONIE LISTENING DEVICES

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TANDARD FORM NO. 64	5			b7C b7E
<i>JJ</i>		• UNITED STA	TES GOVERNME	NT .
ro : Mr. A.	H. Belmont	SECRET'	DATE: January 31,	1956
ROM: Mr. R.	R. Roach	JUNE	,	Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmont
SUBJECT:		10		Harbo Nohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Sizoo
			Milien	Tinterrowd Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
1956 to advis	e that the Secretar	v was moving from	ed Liaison January 3 apartmen to apa on February 7, 1956	artment
, at his residenc	ce. Arrangements essary changes with	are installed on the have been made with respect to the new	h the Laboratory to	4 m m
ACTION: For you	ur information.		A	,
Jin:ing/	and the second	my gr	-	
1 - Mr. Belmo 1 - Mr. Parso 1 - Mr. Matte 1 - Liaison Se 1 - Mr. Daunt	ons r ction	RECORDED TO	80-760-	332
` /ท กะพ	phe disconnected opto reconnected opto 900 and 2/9/52	2/5/56 GM's stemon clel apt incetable new apt 1	red from 470H	b6 b7c b7E
80-760 59 FEB-1	6-1956 Data of Decl	I CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	הב	

- Consideration	STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P		b6 b7C b7E
THE ROOM IN	Office Memorandum . UNITED STATE	res governmen	IT .
1	TO : UR. A. H. BELMONT	DATE: February 28,	, 1956
***************************************	FROM: MR. R. R. ROACH SECRET	Hatter W	Tolson Beardment Nictob
	SUBJECT. COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES FOR THE STATE DE	PARTMENT D	Harbo Mohr Parsons
	on 2-24-56 of the State advised Mr. Bartlett of the Liaison Section that Department desires the Bureau to install counter on the office telephone instruments of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the following the country of the state of th	t the State rmeasure devices	Tamm Sizeo Winterrowd Tele Room Hollowin
6			
\s\ \s\ \s\	By memorandum dated 5-11-55 from Mr. Poreported that the telephone company had discovery	red a nanotandand	dania a
111	the result of a complaint to the telephone peop	l same. This disc le that the teleph	covery was
00	Laboratory as a special switch developed by	<u>tified bu the</u> Bure	anch
534	Products Company, Danbury, Connecticut. On this commented "Don't make any installations of our ment since it is using products. H."	s memorandum the D devices for State	irector Depart-
1113	On 2-28-56 Mr. Bartlett conferred with During the conversation, Mr. Bartlett mentioned	o di la constanti di constanti	f State.
1.6 7.1	At this point.	countermeasure de	vices.
3	install a number of countermeasure devices: that	believed necessary t State Department	to did not
0/2	want to impose on the Bureau for manpower and edadditional devices; therefore, State purchased a developed by Research Products Company and insta	mercuru tune smite	hes w
\$ \$5.	previously had placed countermed sure devices on	lled them. (Bure	du ?
14/2	cont mercury switches did not prove satisfactory in to on the telephone line. He further stated that a	inued by saying to that they caused a	noise
0	an imposition on the Bureau; however, State feel	ine current reques is that such insta - 760 - 333	t may be llation
(9)	(6) 19: fjb 9/12/5 C. RECORDED - 24	11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	
	1 - Mr. Parsons Attar MOEXED Blavel MAR 1 - Mr. Belmont Or March	13,1956	
1	1 - Mr. Matter Example 17 Liquison Secution	PR 25 1975	
· 6	Je Ligison Section Ligison Section Ligison Section Ligid Son Sectio	TIATO	/\



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Memo to Mr. Belmont from Mr. Roach

SEGRET

b6 b7C

RECOMMENDATION:

In view of the fact that State has removed all of devices from State Department telephones and has requested the Bureau for assistance, it is recommended that the Bureau Laboratory proceed with the countermeasure installations requested by State.

Jas Of

Deuppose we wise home to do this but of take our time about the it of the state our time about t

SEGRET!

Exempt from GDS, salegory

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Please call me Please see me 714 Mr. Parsons 714 Mr. Perritte

7140 Miss Barron Mrs. Wilson 7140 730

er Call lease See Me lease Handle ote and Return ote and Route

seed no need

Mr. Stevens Mr. Sutton

Mr. Sommerville

Mr. Pfafman

Mr. Slager

Mr. Swartz Mr. Trainor

Mr. Walter

SUPERVISORS Mr. Aull Mr. Baken

Mr. Bird 731. . Mr. Broden Mr. Callahan

> Mr. Chase __Mr. Cotter · ___Mr. Crowley

Mr. de Bettenc Mr. Donahoe Mr. Dunn

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Mr. Ezell Mr. Ferguson Mr. Garrett

Mr. Gregg Mr. Hitt

Mr. Jaquiss Mr. Jensen Mr. A. R. Jone

Mr. F. L. Jone Mr. Kissiah Mr. Kitchel

Mr. Kuno

Mr. Kurtz Mr. Lake

Electronics Section Mr. Lee ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefini

DATE 03-22-2011 b7C b7E Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Tolson Mr. Parsons Boardman DATE: 4-6-56 Nichols Belmont Harbo . Nohr _ R. L. Willen Parsons Rosen SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES ON OFFICE TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS Winterrowd Tele. Room OF POSTMASTER GENERAL ARTHUR E. SUMMERFIELD OUNTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Mr. Nichols advised Mr. Tolson by memorandum on 4-6-56 that Postmaster General Summerfield, had requested that the Postmaster General's office phones be rechecked inasmuch as extensive changes had been made in the telephone equipment On this same date, Supervisor J. M. Matter and Electronic Specialist W. G. Stevens checked the three telephone instruments in Mr. Summerfield's office. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that Liaison Section advise that this check has been completed. advised 4/10/56 80-760 JMM:ctw RECORDED - 17 80-760 - 336 (4) JMM 20 APR 13 1956 EX' - 134 APR 25-192 lossified by 24 amnt from GDS, Category Scalion - Indefinite

5 7 APR 17 4956

	Y	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO : Mr. A. H. Belmont SF PFT DATE: March 19, 1956 FROM : Mr. R. R. Roach SUBJECT: REQUEST BY TO CONFER WITH OFFICIALS OF BUREAU LABORATORY CONCERNING-ULTRA- SONIC LISTENING DEVICES Referral/Consult ROSCORD ROSCOR
	Devices	On March 16, 1956.
	LISTENING	
	WITTSONIC	ACTION: If you approve, Liaison will arrange for someone from the Laboratory
Commenced at the first state of the state of	77	to contact during the week of March 26. This has been discussed with the Laboratory, and they are aware of the possibilities in the above experiment. RECORDED 76 80-760 337 April 10 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Mr. Millen 1 - Mr. Downing 1 - Liaison Section 1 Mr. Wells Of Declassification Indefinite 10 1 Per FBI 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Office	1V1emoranaum	• UNITED ST.	ATES GOVERNĶEN	IT
aro :	Mr. Parsons S	EXRET	DATE: 4-13-56	Tolson Boardman Nichols Belmont
FROM :	R. L. Miller	/	Referral/Consult	Parsons Rosen
subject:	BUREAU LABORATORY CONC DEVICES		NIC LISTENING	Sizoo Winterrowd Tele: Room Holloman Gandy
	O WITTOSONIC LIS	stewing D	evices. L	100 shows 1
Mr. A. H	In accordance with recommendation of March 19, Belmont, Special Agent	1956, from Ur. tś I. W. Newp <u>he</u>	R. R. Roach to	
		advised	that their problem	was in
		1440,004		•
	The above-mentioned	we	re advised of various	u s
that may	and development organize possibly have development their particular concerts.	ent information	or equipment in the	e
not one operated	It is noted that the conormally used by the Bu	above-mentioned reau nor one in	l frequency range is which equipment is	•
ACTION:			•	
	For informational pur	•	further action nec	essary.
		FX-122 RECO	POED. 76 80-760	
1 - I. W	son Section . Newpher, Room 6228 IB		20 APR 18 1956	1 .33
BLS:ctw (6)	S.	AFR	10/5	Poster
5	O ADD O . / Exempt	from GDS, Category Declassification - Indent	****	

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-22-2011 2093 FD-36 (6-21-55) Mr. Tolson Mr. Nichols_ Mr. Boardman Mr. Boardman Mr. Mason FBI Date: April 10, 195 Mr. Mohr_ Transmit the following message via Mr., Parsons Mr. Rosen. AIR MAIL - PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL Mr. Tamm. Mr. Nease_ (Priority or Method of Mailing) Mr. Winterrowd_ DETROIT Tele. Room. From SAC (66-2174)Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy. To: Director, FBI TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT - RFMT. The Detroit Office has recently conducted several surveys for RFMT installations, which, to date, have been unsuccessful. One contributing limitation is the unavailability of necessary technical data to properly evaluate a potential plant site. To assist in this portion of the problem, the Bureau is requested to consider making available to this office an RFMT unit with appropriate technical data so that the soundmen assigned to this office can familiarize themselves with the necessary installation and operation aspects of such an installation. BROWN ' (AIR MAIL - PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL) 3 - Director, FBI 1 - Detroit, (66-2174) RMR: DEW (4) Mr. Parsons Mr. Belmon RECORDED-87 20 APR 18 1956 Classified by W want from GDS of Declassification

Sent _

Per_

Approved: _

Special Agent in Charge

DATE 03-22-2011 b7E Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Parsons June 13, Nichols Harbo R. L. Miller MD Mohr . JUNE FROM Parsons SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES **Vinterrowd** Tele. Room FOR THE STATE DEPARTMENT Hollon OUTTOSONIC LISTENING DEVICES Reference is made to the 2-28-56 memorandum from Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont in which is set forth the request by State Department for installation of countermeasure devices on office telephone instruments of the following officials: Special Agent Supervisors of the Laboratory completed the installation of countermeasures in a total of ten office instruments of the above officials on 6-13-56. While at the State Department, the office instruments of the were rechecked to make certain their instruments were secure. RECOMMENDATION: For information only. 80-760 1 - Mr. Belmont JMM:KME 4mm (5) JUN 26 1956 Classified by 24 xempt from CDS 57 JUN 29 1983 to of Doorssification

APRIL 16, 1956



AIRTEL JUNE

SECRET SAC, DETROIT (66-2174)

RFMT .

Regratite! 4-10-56 requesting one RFMT unit in order that sound personnel of your office can familiarize themselves with this equipment. Special Agent John M. Feeney is being instructed to bring one unit and the operating instructions to Detroit April 20 next. This unit will be on loan from the Laboratory and is not to be added to your field office inventory. Because of the confidential nature of the equipment, it should be in custody of an Agent at all times when it is out of the office vault. This loan does not in any way relieve your office from obtaining permission for preliminary surveys or submitting survey details to the Sureau, attention Laboratory, before authorization for installation can be considered.

HOOVER

EX-108

ECCRDED-80-760 - 739

FRENEY presently in- SERVICE.

1 - Mr. Donohue, 1243 1 - Mr. Doyle, 1513

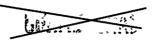
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ROM

Tolson
Boardman
Nichols
Belmont
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Mohr
Parsons
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Tamm
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The Files

STORE 1956
STATE DEPT OHB

SY/P - John V. Abidian

June 14, 1956

Telephone Countermeasures in Sensitive Offices in New State
Building

Special countermeasure devices were installed, this date, by F.B.I. Agents John Matter and George Mayo, with Mr. R. Langello and the writer in attendance, on all telephone instruments located in the following offices:

Room N.S. ---

The secretaries in the above-mentioned offices were requested to notify this Office before allowing telephone or other workmen to gain access to the protected instruments.

7 - HORAN

80-760

SCA:SY/P:JVAbidian:pag cc - Mr. Dennis A. Flinn

WOOKED CRET

80-766-34,

5 9 JUL 30 1956

Classified by A

Exempt from 11D5 Cate To 150

Carlo Carlo



Q.

SECRET August 1, 1956

Spencer-Kennedy Laboratories, Incorporated
1320 Soldiers Field Road
Cambridge, Massachusetts

Gentlemen: UlTrosonic Li. Ting Devices

It has come to our attention that your company manufactures electronic filters which are adaptable to rack mounting. This Bureau is interested in Models No. 300 and No. 302, which we understand have a characteristic slope of 18 db per octave and may be ganged together.

It would be appreciated if you would forward to this Bureau, attention Electronics Section, FBI Laboratory, any literature you have pertaining to the above electronic filters, as well as any others you may manufacture. Please include a price list and information relative to local distributors, if any.

Sincerely yours,

80-760342

16 AUG 2 1956

John Edgar Hoover

10 20 Director

NOTE: Bureau indices negative on Spencer-Kennedy Labs.

Tolson Boardman Nichols GWM:KMB/Harbo GWM:KMB/Parsons (4)

Gandy

rempt from GDS, Category 2

Classified by 24

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STANDARD FO		3		Q		b7E
Offi	ce Memoriun	wuM • UN	IITED STA	lles GU	/ERNMENT	ı
TO . :	Mr. Parsons	SECR		date: Ju	ne 1, 1956	Tolson Boardman Nichols Biliport
FROM	R. L. Millen RL	₽.	-		- 0	Nohr Parsons Rosen
SUBJECT	COUNTERMEAST	TRE DEVICES		7 5	MA	Sizoo Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloma
UITE	Sonic LisTeni It was ar	7	7 41 - 4 4h - 70	7	2 Pro	agh
	Mr. Fred Seaton Mr. Douglas McK	nnounced 5-29-56 as the new Secre Kay.	that the Pretary of Inte	rior to suc	l appointed ceed	1
	It is sug	gested that Mr.]	Daunt of Lia	uison Sectio	n mov wich	
	to contact Mr. Se	eaton to explain th	he counterm	easure dev	ices and	
•	RECOMMENDATI	ION:				-
	That Mr.	. Daunt contact to on of the counter	he new Secr measure der	etary of Ini vices and n	terior to 13ke arranger	nenfs
	if Mr. Seaton so o	desires.		-		
	80-760	4) V.	.4.4.	I	
	1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Daunt	b/12/56 Se Took office at called for app at his conver	afore huterior	KA. m	almost tod	t Hyf
	JMM:KMB	at his conver	4005H - 13000			•
	E CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	7/5/56 10	光	18 AUG 14		
	. Aug. 91 1956:	STO FOR	No.		Carlon.	
	J. AUG 21 1956	Classified by Classified from Nemrt from	RS CONTRACTOR		LILETT	
	•	•	APR 25	i 1975		-

STANDARD FORM NO. 64
Office Memorandum • United States Government
TO: MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: July 5, 1956
FROM: MR. R. R. ROACH Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES Nason Mohr Parson Rosen
Reference is made to Mr. Millen's memorandum to Mr. Parsons of June 1, 1956, recommending that Liaison contact Secretary Seaton to explain the function of the countermeasure devices arrangements If he so desired. The above matter was discussed with Secretary Seaton by Liaison Agent J. J. Daunt on July 5, 1956. Seaton
The Secretary was also advised that the investigations of his personal staff, which he had requested, would be conducted by the Bureau. He stated that he was very pleased would have greater confidence in his personal staff as the result of Bureau investigations. The Secretary pointed out that he was particularly anxious to have the Bureau investigations of his personal staff since he is still carrying out some of the duties previously handled by him at the White House and the Defense Department.
Seaton was highly complimentary of the Director and commented on his great admiration for the Bureau, its efficiency and reputation. The Secretary asked that his appreciation for the courtesies given to him be extended to the Director.
For the information of the Laboratory Division,
phone ADams 2-1454. ACTION:
Liaison will follow with the Secretary's Office for the necessary details SECRETARY SOLUTION STATES OF THE NECESSARY APR 20 10 14 1956 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. J.M. Matter 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Daunt 5 9 AUG 21 1956

	DATE 03-22-2011		, , , ,
	STANDARD FORM NO. 64		b7C b7E
•	Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES	GOVERNME	NT
*	TO : MR. A. H. BELLION TO DAT	B:October 12,	1956
,	FROM: MR. R. R. ROACE	/ * \	Tolson
مصفع		When	Boardman Belmont Mason Mohr
	SUBJECT: ACOUNTERMEASURE DEVICES D.C.	Rothen	Parson Parson Rosen Tamm
~	On the evening of October 11, 1956, office advised that he had moved from Apartment	o <i>f_the</i>	Nease Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman
160	ame address, N.W., to Apartme	nt at the	Gendy
Devie			1. Carlot
9-	On October; 12, 1956, Mr. Matter of the La of this Section visited	boratory and W	haley
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isten	telephone ADams 2-1454. His White House phone had and stated she expected it to be instal.	led in the near	lled r
70	future a <u>nd that the Secretaru's office would immedi</u> Liaison	ttell adnise	,
-	ACTION:		
L 50	Liaison will follow with the Secretary's determine when the White House phone is installed	orrice to	
/tra			
0,1	W W WILL	XED-68	مد
W	(6) (7) RECOR	DED-68	
	1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - MrysMatter To be a selected 111. [c. q. Am.	80-760-	345
	1 - MineMatter 1 - Liaison Section R. Metter, Lab. Dw. advised 1 - Mr. Whaley	l4 °′∩V 6 1956	
	948 ·	en en en en en en en en en en en en en e	
		5, april	
•	SECRE AFR & STORE OF THE SECRETARY	J.	
-	5.7 NOV 2.3 1956 Exempt from GBS Category Indefinite		=
	of 6 18(/1 / i) 197h	4	Ĕ

Tolson

Nichols

Mohr

Nease . Winterrowd Tele. Room

Holloman

Boafiman

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro	:	Mr.	Parsons	-Ĉ1
го	:	Mr.	Parsons	ťĝ-

February 1, 1957 DATE:

R. L. Millen FROM:

JUNE

SUBJECT:

COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATION

nOn 2-1-57 the five countermeasures installed in the telephones at the residence of were removed inasmuch as he is

leaving Government service.

ACTION:

None, for information only.

1 - Mr. Belmont, attention Mr. Bartlett

80-760

RECORDED-90 80-760-346

17 FEB 7 1957

APR 2 5 1975

FEB 20 195

-							
	Office Memorandum • united states government						
J.	ro :	Mr. Parsons DATE: February 28,	1957				
	FROM :	R. L. Millen DUNE	Tolson Vichols Boardman Belmont				
	subject:	ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE Referral/Consult	Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Mosen				
		On 2-20-57 advised	Tamm Nease Winterrowd Tele. Room				
	SA Super	evisor Roger W. Swartz that	Holloman				
•							
MZ	· <u>L</u> :	<i>n.</i>					
٠,							
			-				
			•				
	1	It, is believed desirable to have SA James M. Canty, formerly as	ugi amo d				
	to the La	aboratory, ascertain the status of this technique and inform of the Top Secret classification.	L.L.				
	RECOMM	MENDATION: That the attached letter be forwarded to Boston.	•				
4,	Enclosure 80º760	40-160	347				
8	RLM:CKO	C:RMB 25 M/5 20 MAR 6 1957	! Jth				
-6	10207	10 1957 Orthogolassified by 21 Onto 1957	SEE THE				

0-48 (12-19-55)

67 NOV 13 1956

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsc

hvoice of Contents from L BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Date <u>11/7/56</u>	Case References 80-760-40
Consigned to: SAC, Portl	and (66-926) Re: Mobile Radio Equipment
	Reurlet 10/30/56
717020 Pl 1 Ea. Crystal, type FMT. Via Registered Mail	Mr. Parsons, 7621 -5. Destroy defentivencetys 7621
	Room, place date of shipment and registry number;

voice; then return it to person whose name is checked in column at right. After this checked name has been initialed, invoice should be placed in administrative

SAC, Boston



March 1, 1957

Director, FBI (80-760)

PERSONAL ATTENTION JUNE

V	ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE	Referral/Consult
confider	The Bureau has been advised by another G	Government accord having
- LUCATE	to T	
		·
	According to the informant.	
		·
	You are instructed to have SA James M. C	anty contact
This con	for the purpose of ascertaining the exact natact must not divulge the true nature of the R	ature of the development.
alleged o	development may not be one having a bearing	on national security.
listening	If it develops that has in fact produced of the prior d	oduced an ultrasonic
the_Pres	device, he should be informed of the prior didential classification of Top secret on this d	levice and its applications
an	ISO AD RT 2 18	MAR 16- 1957
	Magya Armiya Vanna Armiya Armi	248 200
	M:CKC/kmb/ V USCS NOTEX See cover me	mo R. L. Millen to , 2-28-57, RLM:CKC/kmb.
	TAPR	2.5 1975
盟主科特	Cotogory a	1 18
<u> </u>	Our Seempt from on Indefinite	RAT 3 VI



SAC, Boston

Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device

Bufile 80-760

He should be admonished to refrain from further discussion of this matter and ordered to maintain the device secret under the penalties of the Espionage Act. It should be made clear that if he violates the injunction to secrecy he will be subject to prosecution. You should discreetly ascertain from these individuals the identity of any persons with whom they have discussed this development. The procedure outlined above should be followed in contacting additional individuals having knowledge of this matter.

The Bureau files contain no derogatory information identifiable with individuals listed above. You should check indices on all individuals interviewed and if derogatory information is developed, the Bureau should be advised prior to the interview.

Direct the results of your inquiry marked for the attention of the FBI Laboratory.



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DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

80-760-349 CHANGED TO 80-791-4X

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, DATE 03 22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

voice of Contents from FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C.

Da	te	4/12/57	Case References	80-760	
Con	nsigned	to:SAC, Newa	rk Retelephonio -req	uest of SAB. H.	licheal -
A		APR 1 2 1957 COMM-FBI 1 ea. Magneco: Via Registered	List of Contents rd Power Transformer 717616	Mr. Parsons, 7621 Mr. Conrad, 7621 Mr. Beach, 7133 Mr. Bowles, 7601 Mr. Downing, 6228 II Mr. Millen, 7140 Mr. Deiss, 6127 IB	

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Mail Room, place date of shipment and registry number; Shipping Room, show date of shipment, bill of lading number and initial threstin-voice; then return it to person whose name is checked in column at right. Whater this checked name has been initialed, invoice should be placed in administrative file.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FRI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE E 03-22-2011

February 26, 1957

SECURITY CHECK REQUESTED BY
SENATOR JOHN L. McCLELLAN

Reference is made to your memorandum of 2-18-57 to Mr. Tolson setting forth a request by Senator John L. McClellan for installation of countermeasure devices and the making of security checks in his Committee room, office and residence, and in the office and residence of Robert F. Kennedy, Chief Counsel of the Senate Select Committee on Improper Activities in the Labor or Management Field.

On February 16, 19 and 20, 1957, SA Supervisors R. F. Pfafman and J. M. Matter completed all work in connection with the Senator's request. No evidence of concealed microphones or of tampering with the telephone lines was discovered.

A total of six man days were required to perform the following work: (1) Microphone surveys of three rooms in the Senate Office Building - the Government Operations Committee room (Room 357), the Senator's office (Room 137A), and Kennedy's office (Room 103). (2) Telephone security checks of 17 lines involving 19 instruments in all of the above rooms and at the apartment of the Senator in the Fairfax Hotel, Washington, D. C., and the residence of Kennedy at McLean, Virginia (3)

The telephone security check necessitated the entering of six telephone exchanges. In the Senate Office Building the Exchange Foreman had to spend three hours with Pfafman and Matter so that they could enter restricted areas without question and get into locked cabinets and rooms to check terminal appearances

In addition, the Senator has requested a check of his office in the Capitol Building. This will be done. However, the actual check will not be made until later in that the office is not currently in use. A separate report will be prepared covering the results of his office check.

Tolson Nichols 62-97308 Boardman .

Belmon

Rosen

Mason 1 - Mr. Rosen, attention Mr. C. A. Evans

Parsas 80-760 (RFMT Units)

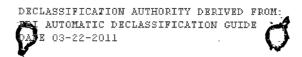
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Tann JMM:kmb/art

65 WAR 20 1957 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 MAP 215 1975

Iolloman

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SECRET

Memo R. L. Millen to Mr. Parsons Re: Security Check Requested by Senator John L. McClellan 62-97308

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That Senator McClellan be advised of the result of the security checks made at his request.

2. In view of the amount of effort involved in making the complete check it is recommended that the FBI Laboratory perform periodic spot checks of the areas and line's in which the Senator and Mr. Kennedy are interested.

Classified by 21 APR 2 5 1975
Exempt from GDS Category 2 APR 2 5 1975
Date of Declassification Indefinite

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

3

Office Memorandum •

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: March 18, 1957 (80-760 DIRECTOR, FBI Attn: SAC, BOSTON (80-595 JUNE SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE B Reference Bureau letter to Boston dated March 1, 1957. Massachusetts, Massachusetts, was advertising, interviewed by SAs THOMAS D. MANNING and JAMES M. CANTY on contacted March 11, 1957. He advised that him on February 8, 1957, for the purpose of marketing to law enforcement or government intelligence agencies a unitthat would permit the telephone to operate as a listening, stated that other than device when on the cradle. mentioned in referenced letter, he did not discuss the device or its application with any other individual MM is a mutual friend stated that and himself and he contacted only to determate present whereabouts. He did not discuss the nature the device with indicated concern regarding the marketing of such a device and contacted a long time personal associate, to determine if the intelligence agencies had or could use such a unit. comments to Based on had not further discussed it and does not intend to at present. was very cooperative throughout the interview. has not seen the device and knew nothing concerning its circuit.

volunteered that is concerned about his if the item was something position with the that could be marketed. and. Massachusetts remoloved by Boston; Massachusetts, (80-760)(R Bureau (80-596) Boston Exempt from G

BS 80-596



was interviewed by SAs MANNING and CANTY, in a Bureau car, on March 11, 1957. advised that about three years ago he noticed that he was able to hear a conversation in the vicinity of a hung up phone while he was picking up an extension phone connected to the same appearance. Based on this he developed a unit whereby he rearranged the contacts of a cradle switch so that the leaf that normally cuts off the receiver section was shorted and placed a small bypass condenser across the transmitter leaf of the cradle switch. This permitted an audio path through the earphone and transmitter when the phone was hung up. was unable to recall the size condenser he used. At another location he set up an amplifier in series with one side of the line connected to the subject's telephone appearance. The output of the amplifier was connected to one side of a standard telephone ear piece. The other side of the ear piece was connected to the other side of the above mentioned line. He used the device only on a 300 series telephone.
It was also necessary to use a cut off key which would interrupt the ground connection of the subject's phone to make this unit operate. This required an additional pair of leads to the subject's appearance. advised that he would operate this ground key manually on incoming and outgoing calls to place the phone in normal operation when it became necessary.
stated that the unit is presently dismantled at his residence and it is almost two years since he has worked with it. He stated that recently he heard that marketed electronic devices and he contacted him to determine if the unit he had had any possibilities for use by law enforcement or government intelligence agencies.
was unable to recall the type of amplifier during the initial interview and was contacted again on March 14, 1957, at which time he stated the amplifier was a probe type (no metallic contact) used in conjunction with a Bell System 70B set to locate the whereabouts of a certain pair. The 70B set puts out a high frequency source on a designated pair and the probe amplifier would detect it stated he does not use the 70B section where stage unit employing a CK533AX tube as an input followed by two stages of amplification using two CK534AX tubes.
stated that the only individual he discussed

BS 80-596

SECRET

·
years ago he discussed it with aa fellow
employee at and and
Massachusetts.
stated that at the time he discussed it with advised
him that such a unit was contrary to procedure
and he may place his job in jeopardy and he has not further
discussed it with said that he has been
associated with for many years and
demonstrated it to nim and to get their thoughts on the device. He advised that at the time of
since that time, although he has been in contact with both
on several occasions, nothing further was ever said about the unit.
about the unit.
It is noted that is a
featured
, a daily Boston. Massachusetts.
newspaper, and
is also associated with the
same newspaper.
It is recommended that in view of the positions
and since two years have lapsed since demonstration
that no contact be had with the
It is also recommended that no contact be had with
of the since approximately
two years have lapsed since conversation concerning
the unit.
In view of the fact that this unit does not appear
to be an ultrasonic listening device, the aspects of the
Presidential classification of Top Secret concerning a previously
developed unit was not discussed. was advised of the
Unauthorized Publication and Use of Communications Statute. He
stated that in view of this and the fact that his position with
stated that in view of this and the fact that his position with
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything further with the unit
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything further with the unit. was recontacted on March 14, 1957,
further with the unit. was recontacted on March 14, 1957, since at the time of the initial contact it was not known whether
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything further with the unit. was recontacted on March 14, 1957, since at the time of the initial contact it was not known whether unit was an ultrasonia listening device. He also was
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything further with the unit. was recontacted on March 14, 1957, since at the time of the initial contact it was not known whether unit was an ultrasonic listening device. He also was
was recontacted on March 14, 1957, since at the time of the initial contact it was not known whether unit was an ultrasonic listening device. He also was
the may be jeopardized, he would not do anything further with the unit. was recontacted on March 14, 1957, since at the time of the initial contact it was not known whether unit was an ultrasonic listening device. He also was

SECRET

BS 80-596

advised of the Federal Statute, mentioned above, and he stated
that his only interest in the unit was to recontact
in view of previous intelligence experience
to determine if the unit had any value to government intelligence
agencies.
The files of the Boston Office reflected no identifiable
information concerning or
On March 11, 1957, the records of the Massachusetts
Board of Probation, Suffolk County Court House, Boston,
Massachusetts, a central repository for all criminal and
traffic conviction records in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts,
reflected that was placed on probation, for one year
for an assault and battery offense on September 9, 1940, and
had one traffic violation, speeding, in 1937.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS Category

		Office	Memoria	ndum •	UNITED ST	LLIES GOVER	NMENT
		то :	MR. А. Н. В	ELMONT SI	GRET	DATE: April	10, 1957
100	4	FROM :	MR. R. R. R	OACH	<u>J U N E</u>	Do Canal	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont
	Š	subject:	VICE PRESID	ENT RICHARD		RLM	Mason Mohr Parson Rosen
		to the Vithat the Avenue to stated the address is stated the are on a week or returns of might with arrangement ACTION: notify the Color (7) 1 - Mr. 1	On April 10 ice President Vice Preside this new resident ine Vice Preside while he was nat at the pr vacation in the first par and when all sh to conside was advised ents when con	RECORDER TO THE CONTRACTOR OF	Whaley of leted his moved to the Vice Press should return the said that the hones are in the telephone doe happy the Vice Press smatter with bork can be decorated as matter with the Vice Press or the Vice Press	from his old tur. ur. ident and his in the latter p when the Vice stalled, the B s in his new r o make the nec ident. A property of the pro	Parson Rosen Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd CtionHolloman Iden Gandy Fortier wife art of this President ureau esidence. essary will will
	<u>.</u>	,				-	

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

80-760-352 CHANGED TO 62-29/85-3900 X

JUL 10 1958

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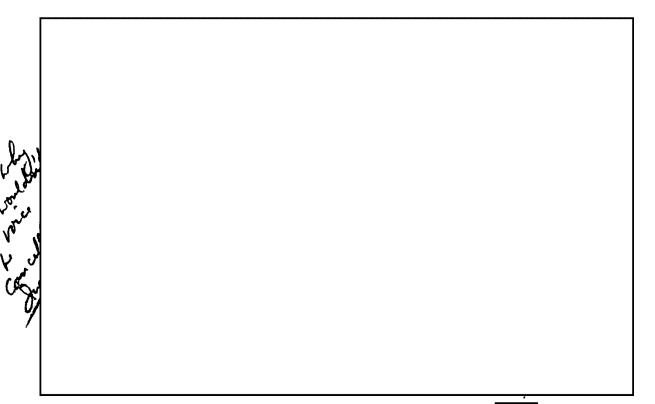
STANDARD FORM NO. 64
Office Mem united states government back
ro : Mr. Parsons SECRET DATE: April 25, 1957
FROM: R. L. Millens Months JUNE OULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Tolson Nichols Nichols Boardman Belmont Mason
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS FOR Rosen Rosen
Tele. Room I to Hollow of April 19 10 57
By letter of April 12, 1957, Security Services Division, Office of the Secretary of Defense, requested of the Director that countermeasure installations
be made in the office and residence of
On April 23, 1957, Special Agents G. W. Mayo and J. M. Matter installed one countermeasure switch in the office, at the Pentagon, and two countermeasure switches in the residence, Chevy Chase, Maryland.
ACTION:
SA Matter advised on April 23, 1957 of the completion of the installation of countermeasures for particular to are the complete to are the complet
1 - Mr. Belmont, attention Mr. D. J. Sullivan
MIMIN: KMB // REPORDED - 67 80 - 260 - 354
SECREDI EV.132
Classified by 24 APR 25 1975 Frempt from GDS, Category 2 Dute of Declassification - Indefinite
JUL 181957 Lee

		DATE 03-22-2011-	MOTER TO AMERICA	
4	,,,57ANG) FORM IIG, 64	•		•
	Office Memoran	ndum • UNITED ST	TATES GOVERNM	ENT
	TO . Director, FBI	SECRET	DATE: April 29,	b7C 1 957 b7D
1:37	FROM : SAC, San Franc			
	SUBJECT: SOVIET COUNTER INVESTIGATIVE	Intelligence rechniques	Jan Jan	and for
	The publication contained an article a	n, "Electronics" for Apputhored by RONALD L. IVI	ril 1, 1957	Alm
	On the basis of	the shove entials enne	Den	
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			- 10	25
				1 3 S
\	HAY 6 SETTING OF	L.S. 0.'9' U: 10. 10. 10.	7 1957.	
(.	1 - Buresu ((REGIS) (Inc 1 - San Francisco (100- FRE: AKP #12		\$ 1967	SAN
	(3)	desafted by a canada a compt from GDS, Canada	and the same	MIGINAL
* ₂₀	57 JUNTI 10 X	Date of Declassification, Indethate	THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	Me 3

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SF 100-28825



The above is submitted for the information of the Bureau and for possible assistance in solving the problem of eliminating musical tones from mixed recordings of voice and music.



לאנו ני אא Ark

Exempt from GDS, Category 9

Jate of Declassification - Indefinito

APR 2 5 1975 .

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b7C fice Mem.....lum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: April 24, 1957 MR. A. H. BELMONT Tol son MR. R. R. ROAC **Nichols** JUNE Belmont Mason SUBJECT: VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD NIXON . Parso Rosen Tamm Nesse Reference is made to my memorandum April 10, 1957, Winterrowd advising that to the Tele, Room Holloman . Vice President, had stated that the Vice President had recently moved and when all of his telephones were installed in his new residence, the Bureau might wish to consider securing the telephones. This matter was followed with on April 17 and i April 22, 1957, and he advised that he had not had a chance to discuss this matter with the Vice President. Today, advised Mr. Whaley of the Liaison Section that the Secret Service people who are responsible for the safety of the Vice President that all the Vice President's telephones had had advised been installed and that they were "secure." In view of this, stated that he did not know whether the Vice President still desired the Bureau to place our countermeasures in his telephones or not; however, he will bring this matter to the Vice President's attention at the first opportunity. ACTION: In the event the Vice President desires our countermeasures placed in his telephone, Liaison will notify the Laboratory when the work can be done. Mr. Nichols Mr. Parsons - Mr. Belmont - Liaison Section - Mr. Whaley Prosined to 24 nu (Jempi from GDES to of Declassification - Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-22-2011

DATE 03-22-2011 b7C b7E STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Parson May 9, 1957 DATE: R. L. Millen C.M. JUNE FROM: OUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATION subject: Rosen Tamm Nease UJT,, Winterrowd Tele. Room iolloman By letter dated April 22, 1957, Security Services Division, Office of the Secretary of A Defense, requested of the Director that a countermeasure installation he made in the office and home of This was approved and on May 2 and 8. 1957, Laboratory Supervisor G. W. Mavo installed countermeasure switches in the office of at the Pentagon, and his residence. Washington, D. C: ACTION: SA Mayo advised on May 8, 1957, of the completion of the installation of the countermeasures for 1 - Mr. Belmont (attention D. J. Sullivan) B MAY 13 1957 Classified by 24 Exempt from CDS, Catego Date of Declassification - Inde

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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	Offic	ce Nemo	randum	• UNIT	ED STATE	S GOVERN	MENT
	TO. :	Mr. Parsons	D SEX	1D.Pm	DAT	re: May 9, 19	157
I _{rž}	FROM :	R. L. Miller	pem Dia	TOPL	JUNE	LB	Tolson Nichols Boardman
	subject:	<u>ĆOINTERM</u>	EASURE INST.	ALLATION	FOR	Eng.	Mason Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
		2414	P11 211 5 1	Lista.	y Devi	, T ce	Winterrowd Tele. Room
			letter dated A	April 29, 19	57,		Holloman Gandy
		Defense, rec	quested that co instruments	untermeasu	re devi <u>ces</u> be		\neg
•		the telephone	mstruments a	. The residence of the second	suce or		_
-	.		May 9, 1957, ntermeasures home,		hone instrum		, D. Č.
	• •	ACTION:		•		,	,
		installation k	was noy SA Mayo on		ne completion 7.	of this	
					·	· ·	
		1 - Mr. Belr	nont -(attention	n D. J. Sull	ivan)		
,		GWM:KMB	13				-lu-
	•	5				0-760-	358
				RECORDED	- 83 💆 MA	Y 17 1957	
			SECR	EX 131	hill		•
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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

To : Mr. Parsons

DATE:

June 10, 1957

POOM

R. L. Millen

FCHEL

JUNE

SUBJECT:

COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM

At the request of State Department officials, the countermeasures installed in the residential phones of Bureau of

Security and Consular Affairs, were removed on 6-7-57.

ACTION:

None, for information.

1 - Mr. Belmont, attention Mr. Bartlett

GWM!KMB/J)

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Date of Declassification Indefinite

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Tolson Nichols
Boardman Belmont Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm

Nease..... Tele. Room Holloman

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12 of Declase Indefinite

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-22-2011 THE PORT NO. 64 b7C ffice Memorandum b7E UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. A. H. Belmont June 7, 1957 DATE: Tolson FROM: Mr. R. R. Roach JUNE Nichols Boardman Belmont A SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE Parsons Rosen Tamm On June 6, 1957, Nease Office **Vinterrowd** of Security, State, advised Mr. Bartlett of the Tele. Room Liaison Section that State desires the Bureau to Holloman. install countermeasures on two telephones in the residence of resides at Northwest, Washington, D. C. He has in his home two type 400 telephones. There is enclosed a copy of a State Department memorandum concerning this matter. RECOMMENDATION: It is recommended that we comply with the State Department request and that this memo-randum be routed to the FBI Laboratory for appropriate handling. OHB: bjt), 1 - Mr. Belmont - Mr. Parsons 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Bartlett a JUN 🛴 APR 25-1975 Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

	STANDARD FORM N		7				b7C b7E
	Office	Memoran	ndum • v	NITED STA	ATES GOV	ERNMEN	1T
	TO :	Mr. Parsons	SECRI	JUN JUN		ie 21, 1957	Tolson Nichols
	FROM :	<i>(J.</i> C.	SURE PROGRAM	-	,	Ola	Boardman Belmont Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm
16:11		Mr. Belmont that install counterm	easures on the resources of the resource	rtment desiresidential tel	ed the Burea lephones of On 6-2 residence,	0-57 (20 (Bar)	Trotter
いったり		Office was advis	ed of the comple	etion of this w	ork.	irity 0	
7		ACTION:					
WITEL 1		None, for	r information.	√ .	X		-
		1 - Mr. Belmon	t (attention Mr.	Bartlett)		•	
		MAN GWM:KMB// 5 //	•			,	lu
		•	SECRET	ORDED - 81	80 - 70 3 JUN 26	60-36 1957	31
6	55.UN - JUN 5	1957 1957	APR Classified by 24 Tompt from GDS, Car Date of Declassification	tegory 2	Charles of the Charle		
		. *	Dete of Declassification		•		

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Ç	TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT SECRET DATE May 17, 1957
	FROM: MR. R. R. ROACH JUNE Nichots Boardman Belmont
	SUBJECT: VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD NIXON Mohr Parson Rosen Tamm
Lus Tening Dounces	Reference my memoranda April 10 and 24, 1957, advising of the Vice President's move to his new residence and that our countermeasures had not been placed in his new Holloman Gandy to the Vice President, had been advised by Secret Service that it had "secured" all of the Vice President's telephones and in view of this did not know whether the Vice President believed it necessary to install our countermeasures. Today called Mr. Whaley of the Liaison Section and stated that because of the Vice President's heavy schedule until yesterday he had not had a chance to discuss this matter with him. However, the Vice President advised that since the Secret Service people were responsible for his safety and had "secured" his telephones, he did not need to take any further action.
7/6	ACTION: This is submitted for information.
WITCHSOM	WTW: jlk glil (6) 1 - Ur. Belmont
	1 - Mr. Nichols 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Whaley (2) - 760 - 362
	RECORDED . 1 3 JUL 9 1957
	6 JULY 2 1957 Exempt from CDS Constitution - Endefinite

	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNM	b6 b7C b7E
.6		ENT
Ž	SECRET.	Tolson
	SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM	Boardman Mohr Parsons Rosen
		Tamm Trotter Nease Tele. Room
3	Pursuant to a telephonic request from	Holloman Gandy
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Security Officer, Office of the Secretary of Defense. the countermeasures installed in the residential telephones of the were removed on 7-11-57. This removal was] Killing
₹	necessitated by the move of from his apartment in the to another apartment pending the completion of	En. 764
	his new home some time in mid-September. indicated that it would not be necessary to reinstall countermeasures in new apartment since he would be on vacation for the greater part of	
Ŷ.,	the summer and would occupy this new apartment very littleindicated, however, that at the time of occupancy of their new home, he would submit a request for a countermeasure installation at that location.	
7	ACTION:	
3	None. For information only.	
111671	Just	
02/4	h Mr. Belmont (Attention: Liaison Section)	eur
. /	McWM:ctw	
	(5) 27W RECOKDED - 39 10 760 - 363	
	IEX 105 JUL 19 1957	
	SECRET	
6	JUL 24 1957 APR 25 1975	
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DATE 03-22-201	.1	h.c
STANDARD FORSE NO. 64		b6 b7C b7E
Office Memorandum	• UNITED STATES GOVER	NMENT
ro : Mr. Boardman frag		
FROM: A. H. Belmon	SECRET JUNE	Tolson Nichols Douglandman
SUBJECT: <u>TELEPHONE COUNTERWEAS</u>	VIID ES	Wason _
,		Roself -
		Nease Winterrow
		Tele. Roc Holloman
on 7/23/57. She advised	office called	Gandy a
of moving out of his restaunce	is in the proces	ton.
D. C. The telephone instrument House lines will be removed on	s for the Treasury and White	71 /51
that the countermeasures instal	<u>led</u> by the FBI in the telepho	ne Ann
instruments in removed on Wednesday, 7/24/57.	residence should be	Non
ACTION:		•
The Radio Section of and advised that this will be h	the FBI Laboratory was contac	ted
The state of the s		
1-Mr. Boardman		
1-Mr. Belmont	•	
1-Mr. D. J. Parsons O. 1-Mr. Philcox		
1-Section		
18		
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S) CEXTE	y 24 on 608 Category 2	Sison

	Office Mass O	b6 b7C b7E
1	Office Mem um • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENTO: Mr. Parsons DATE: 7-29-57	NT
	FROM: R. L. Millen M. CITACID TARRES. 7-29-57	Tolson
	SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM	Boardman Belmont Mohr Parsons Rosen
. }	Pursuant to arrangements made through	Tamm Trotter Nease Tele. Room Holloman
Sivice	to the Special Agents George W. Mayo and Charles K. Corbett on 7-24-57 removed all countermeasures installed on the telephone instruments	Gandy
lies	at the residence of Washington, D. C. It is noted that due to changes in the telephone service at the	
. Listusia	residence, one instrument in which a countermeasure had been previously installed had been replaced. Since the Bureau had not been notified of this change in telephone service at the time, the countermeasure is stalled in this instrument was not recovered.	1-
MIC	ACTION:	
ultrinsonic	None. For information only.	
	1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Liaison Section)	
7	GWM:ctw 81 160-365 RECORDED-92 24 JUL 30 1957	
	CECRETE LIO	
6	AUG 5 1957 Classified by 24 Exempt from GDs, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indexinite	Sky

STANDARD PORM HO, (Q	
Office	Memorandum	• UNITED	STATES GOVERN	
то :	MR. PARSONS	TO TOTAL	ĎATB: 8-15-57	.b7C .b7E
/FROM :	R. L. MILLENZUMB DI	CUREL!	JUNE	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont Mohr
subject:	COUNTERMEASURE INSTA	LLATION IN	·····	Parsons Rosen Tamm
CULT	(Bufile 80-760) RHSONIC LISTEN		•	Trotter Nease Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
the Secre	Reference is made to Sectory of Defense, in whether the installed in who is all	hich he reques	sts that a counter e telephone instru	- //
offices a	Countermeasure instand residences of	llations have	heen made in the in	
ACTION:	,			
be made a	Unless advised to the sequested.	ne_contrary, an	installation wil	i
	Moldes .		Ven	en
T	Mr. W	RECOR	RDED - 91 8 0-460	6-367
1 - Mr. H	Selmont /	S. Elm	A 8/14/57 RI AUG 2	0
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Ţ	Office Λ	1emuro	maun •	UNITED STAT	TES GOVERN	MENT
TO	· :	Mr. Pars	son's		DATE: 8-20-57	
			. ArM	JUNE	•	Tolson
I.A) FR	ROM :	R. L. MI	lien (IM) SE	CRET		Month month
∤/ ^N su	вјест:	COUNTE	RMEASURE INS	TALLATION IN		Parsons Rosen
i						Tamm Trotter Nease
	O.	(Bufile 80				Tele. Room
	1	LITER	SONIC LIST	ENING DE	VICE	A L
q	**- C 337 N/	In accord	ance with my 8-	15-57 memorand	um to you,	hood
in	the telephor	layo anu J. ne instrum	ent in the second	alled a counterm I floor den of the	residence of	•
			N. W.	, Washington D		
O:	ffice of Secr	etary of De	talled at the requesterse, who was	telephonically a		ctor, me
da	ate of the co	mpletion of	the installation.	• ,		A CN
R	ECOMMEND	ATION:		,	DA S	MARY
	ine.	For infor	mation only.	1 1	-a/ 18	Non-A
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1	- Mr. Belm	ont	SECRET	INDEXED 91	E1 AUG 28 1957	t
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DJP/mek (4)



Memorandum Mr. Parsons to Mr. Tolson Re: Radio Frequency Microphone-Telephone Device (RFMT)

Referral/Consult

I have checked the Executive Order referred to above and I believe
they are free to discuss this with
RECOMMENDATION: I recommend that we neither agree to nor interpose an objection to the technical discussion of
Exemptions Cips Partegory 2 Dats of Decressification Indestrates APR 25 1975/7

STANDARD FORM NO. 64	_			,56 570
Office M	emorandum	• UNITED STA	O ATES GOVERN	b7C b7E MENT
то :	R. A. H. BELMONT	800 10 s)	DATE: October 3	, 1957
	R. R. R. ROACE	JUNE	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	Tolson ON TOLSON Boardman Belmon Mohr
SUBJECT:	OUNTERMEASURE DEVI	CES FOR CRI	TAMER	Parsons Rosen Trotter Nease
T	oday,] of	Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
move will to Secretary to the counter October 7, Secretary w	to ake place during t	the first part of Bureau represe on his apartmen onvenient for the installed at	ase, Maryland. f next week. I ntatives could t at 9:00 A.M., e Bureau. The	remove
advised tha	fter checking with t the countermeasu 1957, and installe	ire devices woul	d be removed on	1
ACTION:	•			
I	this is submitted f	cor your informa	tion.	
7 - 1/n 1/ho	mont sons ter Section	Jan W	he am	More
	CM'S INSTAlled	g = AM 10/1. by g.m	10/57 matter 80-1	160-370
	ined by 24 of Declassification - Indefinite APR 2 5 1975	RECORDED-45	White up.	7
	•	•		0

b6 b7C Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT b7E Mr. Parsons DATE: 10-10-57 JUNE FROM : R. L. Millen // n COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATION Parson! Tamm. Trotter Nease Tele. Room Holloman By letter dated October 8, 1957, Security Services Division, Department of Defense. requested countermeasures be installed in the residential telephone of indicated telephonically this date that it might be desirable to make this installation this afternoon or tomorrow morning. Unless advised to the contrary, Section will comply with request. ACTION: None. For information. **KECORDED - 34 EX-13T** INDEXED - 34 1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Liaison Section) B OCT 16 1957 **EX-131** 80-760 Classified by 24 71 APK 60 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite APR 25 1975

To: Mr. Parsons DATE: 10-21-57 JUNE R. L. Millen SECRET JUNE SUBJECT: COUINTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS (BUHILE 80-750) UL TRASON & LISTENING DEVICE Re my memorandum 10-10-57 advising that the Section would install countermeasure devices in the residence of in line with a 10-8-57 request from On 10-18-57 Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57, at WASH ING TEN, DC Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. ACTION: For information. For information. For information. Causing its M. Causing	STANDARD FORM NO. 64 Q	b6 b7C b7E
Total JUNE STORET SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS (Bulle 80-780) ULTRA SONIC LISTENING DEVICE Re my memorandum 10-10-57 advising that the Section Would install countermeasure devices in the residence of lin line with a 10-8-57 request from On 10-18-57 advised that requested the installation be made at 9:00 A. M., 10-19-57, at LO ASH ING TON. Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. In line with a 10-8-57 request from Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. ACTION: For information. For information. For information. Cash Ing to June 10-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS (Butile 80-760) ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE Re my memorandum 10-10-57 advising that the Section Would install countermeasure devices in the residence of in line with a 10-8-57 request from On 10-18-57 advised that the section On 10-18-57 advised that the section Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57, at to ASH 1NG to N. D.C. Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. ACTION: For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. SECRET 1875 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15 Caustica by 24 ARM 5 M15	TO : Mr. Parsons DATE: 10-21-57	
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS (EBUHIE 8U-76U) ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVILE Re my memorandum 10-10-57 advising that the Section Would install countermeasure devices in the residence of in line with a 10-8-57 request from On 10-18-57 Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57, at Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. ACTION: For information. For information. For information. The belmont ACTION: Gambar Persons From Perso	FROM: R. L. Millen	hols
On 10-18-57 advised that had requested the installation be made at 9:00 A. M., 10-19-57, at which has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: For information. 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had which has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had w	A Red	mont
On 10-18-57 advised that had requested the installation be made at 9:00 A. M., 10-19-57, at which has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: For information. 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had which has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had which had been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: 1 - Mr. Belmont The information is advised that had which had w	(Buttle 80-760)	en im tter
On 10-18-57 advised that requested the installation be made at 9:00 A. M., 10-19-57, at WASHINGTON: Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information. For information.	OULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE MAN	ldman
Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: For information. 1 - Mr. Belmont MR. Belmont Two countermeasures were installed 10-19-57 as requested. Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: Solve the completion of the installation. ACTION: AC	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	XX Our
has been advised of the completion of the installation. ACTION: For information. 1 - Mr. Belmont The stallation of the installation. So - 765 - 375 Out 24 1957 The stallation of the installation. ACTION: So - 765 - 375 The stallation of the installation. ACTION: So - 765 - 375 The stallation of the installation. ACTION: So - 765 - 375 The stallation of the installation. ACTION: So - 765 - 375 The stallation of the installation.		
For information. The first of the first of	 	
1 - Mr. Belmont SECRET STS Gassified by 24	ACTION:	
JM M:ctw SECRET 131 APR 25 1915	(Det)	
JM M:ctw SECRET 131 APR 25 1975	WEXED. 1	
JM M:ctw SECRET 131 APR 25 1975	80-760-372	
Classified by 24 APR 25 1975	m 1111 Z4 1351	
and the day 24	JM M:ctw SECRET 131	
V Indefinite	assured by 24	e and the second second
55 OCT 29 1057		

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. PARSONS

DATE:

Oct. 16, 1957

FROM :

R. L. MILLEN

SUBJECT:

COUNTERMEASURE INSTALLATIONS

WHITE HOUSE (Bufile 80-760) Holloman

The White House is installing eleven new-type telephone instruments The Laboratory. telephone company contact who furnished the information made available one of these instruments for test purposes.

A suitable countermeasure for this new type instrument was worked out in the Laboratory. The new instruments were made available prior to their installation in the White House on 10/15/57 and countermeasures were installed in five of these new instruments since they were replacing five old instruments protected by Bureau-installed countermeasure devices.

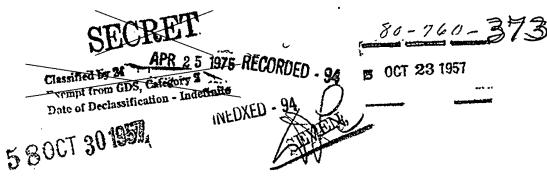
Countermeasures were not installed in any of the other six new instruments inasmuch as they were not being put in rooms designated previously by White House staff members as requiring protection.

ACTION:

For information.

1- Mr. Belmont

JMM/ctw/mek (6)



EX - 131

Mohr Parsons

Rosen Trotter Nease Tele. Room

Holloman .



fice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MR. PARSONS

DATE: October 23, 1957

R. L. MILLEN RUMB

SUBJECT:

RFMT

On 10/22/57 Supervisor C. K. CORBETT of the and SA WILFRED L. BERGERON of the Washington Field Office inter-RCA Communications,

Washington, D. C. 'Purpose of this interview was to determine the type of messenger call equipment used by the various communication

companies.

__stated that there were two basic types of circuits used by the operating companies in the United States. These circuits are classified as open and closed. The closed type of circuit uses the normally made contacts in a keying circuit, which circuit is energized by the handle which winds a spring mechanism with the clockwise motion of the handle. Upon release of the handle, the spring mechanism operates a "coded cog wheel," which in turn activates the contacts in the call box. operation pulses a relay in the control center, which relay in turn operates a pen register identical to those we formerly used in the 3A Dial Recorders. This code is then translated by the personnel in the control office who dispatch a messenger to pick up the subscriber's communications. To _____ $oldsymbol{ol{ol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$ only communication network employing the closed circuit type of call equipment.

The most prevalent type of call equipment is that used by Western Union and RCA. This circuit consists of a call box identical to that described above except the cogs on the "cog wheel" close a circuit (make contact) for each number on the wheel. The performance of this circuit is identical to that of the telephone dial. In the control headquarters a telephone type relay is across the line. 110-volt unfiltered dc is used for line voltage. This relay is sensitive to currents in the order of 12 ma; however, the current in most of the circuits is 90 ma. This type of circuit has a number of subscribers in parallel and in order to avoid scrambling of numbers because of simultaneous operation by a number of subscribers, the subscriber is requested to operate the key three times in rapid

80-760 CKC:rmp

APR 25 1975

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons Re: RFMT 80-760



succession for each messenger call. Like the closed circuit type, the telephone type relay pulses a pen register previously described.

Supervisor J. J. HILL of the New York Office is interested in this circuit as a possible means of penetrating the New York State and the National Headquarters of the Communist Party in New York City. In view of his interest, the above information was telephonically furnished him on 10/22/57. It was pointed out to HILL that these systems offer an opportunity to penetrate the above-mentioned establishments. However, on the closed circuit type, he would have to insert a RF choke on the key side of the microphone in addition to the central office side of the monitoring station. This problem would not be encountered on the open circuit key equipment. HILL was advised how he could determine whether or not Western Union is using open or closed circuits in New York City.

ACTION:

None. For informative purposes only.

SECRET

APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

- 2 -

	DATE 03-22-2011	-		THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
STANDARD FORM NO. 84	• •		©	b6 b7С b7Е
Office 1	Memorandum •	UNITED ST	TATES GOVERNA	IENT
то :	Mr. Parsons		date: 12-6-57	
FROM ;	R. L. Millen ON SI	JUNE CRET	,	Tolson Nichols Bourdman
subject:	TELEPHONE COUNTER AT STATE DEPARTMENT (Bufile 80-760)	MEASURES	BOHER	Mohr
these install	By memorandum 11-12- of Bureau-type countermed by officials. SA's G. W. Mations on 12-4-57 and 12-5 ose phones were not alread	sure devices i Layo, Jr., and 5-57 in the offic	n the office telephon	es Rose (5)
**				
)
				-
RECOMMEN	DATION:		80-760-3	375
	For information only.	\$ \$	B DEC 12 1957	
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4 2TW	Classified by 21 Exempt from GDS, Category 2	975 E		Λ
58DEC1619		N. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M. M.		1 amm



Bimited Official Use



SY/I -

November 12, 1957

SY/P

Telephone Countermeasures

Certain key offices in the Department require protection on telephone instruments. It will be appreciated if arrangements can be made with the FRI for special countermeasure installation in the following type instruments:

- Type 302
 Type 440 Туре циц Туре 460
- Туре 464
- Type 502 Type 564

Time and place can be coordinated with Mr. Holden of SY/P on (de 182 Extension 3913)

setting up for 12/4/57. Will advise 12/1/51 97474 Set up for 900 - 200 p 12/4 4 12/5 , 12/3/57 9707

JMH: crew

b6 b7C b7E

Mr. Parsons

11-22-57

JUNE

TELEPHONE SECURITY CHECK SÉCRETARY OF LABOR JAMES P. MITCHELL; COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM (Bufile 62-97308)

By memorandum dated 10-30-57, Mr. Roach advised Mr. Belmont that Secretary of Labor Mitchell had requested a security check be made on the telephone instruments and lines within his offices and residence and the residences of his Secretary and Assistant.

Pursuant to Mr. Hoover's approval, this check was instituted by SA's George W. Mayo, Jr., and Wilbur G. Stevens on 11-12-57. To date, the office telephones and all appearances up to the telephone company central office have been checked. Also, the residential telephones of have been checked completely through the central office concerned. No evidence of tampering or irregularity was located. Secretary Mitchell is moving from his present residence in the Broadmoor Apartments to a new home. Therefore, the remainder of the telephone security check will be held in abeyance pending the move. in conjunction with completion of this check. ACTION: None: For information only.

1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Liaison Section) 1 - 80 - 760

GWM:ctw

Tolson . Nichols Boardman Belmont

Mason . Mohr Parsons Rosea

Tamm Nesse Winterrowd Tele. Room ..

Holloman Gandy

Exempt from GDS. Calegory 190 Exempt from Operassification - Indeante

OPICINAL COFY FILED

MR. PARSONS

October 31, 1957

R. L. MILLEN

SECRET

JUNE

519 TELEPHONE SET; aka WESTERN ELECTRIC 51910 BEDROOM TELEPHONE SET

SYNOPSIS:

New 519 type telephone, now installed in the White House, incorporates (1) low-level transistorized tone ringing through the receiver, and (2) a night light for the dial. Two countermeasure (CM) techniques are possible for protection purposes. Radio-Frequency Telephone-Unit (RFMT) and Single-Pair Microphone-Telephone Unit (SPMT) will not activate normally wired and installed 519 set. Four-Wire Microphone-Telephone (MT) can be installed in 519, on private lines without substituting special station cord.

ACTION:

None. For information.

80-772

Tele. Room ____ Holloman ____ Gandy ____ INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

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/•)		1
/ (/ 🛥	20-760	OFIT: COINTEDUCACIOCO
	/	80-760	(RFMT COUNTERMEASURES)

Tolson Nichols SECRET

Nichols Boardon MM rmp

Belmon 7)

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Parson Date of A 1987

80 - 760 V NOT RECORDED 145 NOV 7 1957 ORIGINAL COFY FILED III AND III AND III

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons 519 Telephone Set; aka

Western Electric 51910 Bedroom

Telephone Set

80-772



DETAILS:

The Western Electric 51910 Bedroom Telephone Set is a unit designed specifically for locations where:

- Low-level tone ringing (not bell ringing) is preferred, and/or:
- 2. A night light for the dial is desired, either continuous or only when the phone is used.

Locally, twenty-five have been installed in the White House living quarters at the request of the President's wife. The 519 incorporates a special transistorized network which is bridged across the line when the set is not in use. The standard ringing current energizes this network and reproduces a low-level ringing signal through the receiver (earpiece-microphone). When the handpiece is lifted, the ringing network is disconnected from the line and the receiver is switched from the ringing circuit to the talk circuit.

The 519 uses a 5-section switch—two single-pole singlethrow and three single-pole double-throw sections. One single-throw switch section is in the L1 side of the line and may be eliminated for MT surveillance use, if necessary. One double-throw section switches L2 from the ringing to the talk circuit, and may be altered for CM purposes. All other switch sections are needed of other dial light or to switchh the receiver between the ringing and the talk circuits.

CM Techniques

Two CM's techniques provide protection:

Install a miniature . 1 mfd condenser across the line inside. the set. Unlessladvised to contrary, this method, which is relatively simple, will be used. A supply of condensers has already been obtained. The transmitter (22-ohm DC) normally has a 12-ohm resistor and an 18-ohm coil (in series) across it providing an RF short.

IPR 25 1975

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons 519 Telephone Set; aka Western Electric 51910 Bedroomet Telephone Set · 80-772

- Provide a direct mechanical short across the transmitter as follows:

 - Unsolder Green-White from L2 and resolder to R. Unsolder Yellow-White from C (or R) and resolder to L2. ·b.
 - Move Orange-Red jumper from AA to B.
 - Install new jumper between AA and L2: d.

The 26-guage wire used inside the set will not stand much unsoldering and resoldering. Each time a CM is incorporated. additional unsoldering and resoldering must be performed to restore the instrument to normal at a later date.

REMT

The normally wired 519 set cannot be activated successfully with the present RFMT unit. No audio signal of any kind was produced, wither with the set on a line or by connecting the RFMT unit directly to the set.

The SPMT unit cannot be used successfully with the 519 apparently due to the 30-ohm shunt across the transmitter. Voltages up to 135 produced no signal.

MT

Five of the six wires in the station cord are normally used for the 519 both for private-line and party-line service. All five are necessary for party-line service which would necessitate a 7-conductor cord to install an MT. However, on a private line, the necessary pair of wires can be made available by installing a jumper from Ll to X. This frees the "Yellow" wire of the station cord in the set and at the connecting block. It can then be used with the already spare "White" wire for the MT leads from the set to the connecting block

> Exempt from GDS, Category 2 5 1975 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons
Re: 519 Telephone Set; aka
Western Electric 51910 Bedroom
Telephone Set

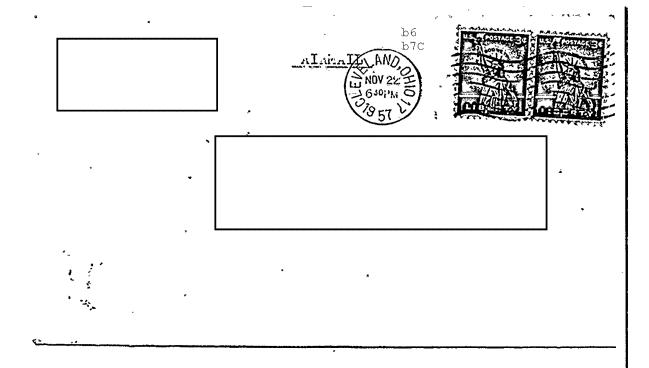
Substitution of major components such as coils and switches is extremely difficult since all parts are <u>riveted</u> to the base.

SECRET

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Exempt from GDS Category 2 ...
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

77.04	FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-22-2011	
	STANDÁRD FORM NO, 64	b6 b7C
£.	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNME	
	Office Ivientolanaum • United States Governme	INT
	TO : UR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: December 4,	7058
	DATE: December 4,	1957
	FROM: MR. R. R. ROACH	Tolson Nichols'
		Boardman Bilmon
	SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR INSTALLATION OF	Persons Rosen
	COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE ON RESIDENCE TELEPHONE OF	Tamm Trotter
		Tele. Room Holloman
	O'LLTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE	Gandy Z
	Attached hereto is a letter dated December 4, 1957, signed by	0130
SA.	Office of the Secretary of Defense. requests the	1
	installation of a countermeasure device on the telephone in the	e P
	·	¥
	Through Bureau Liaison advised that if at	
	all possible it would be appreciated if this installation coul be made on Monday, December 9, 1957. It has been determined f	d Trom
	7 0/	mat mat
	ACTION:	
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	If you approve, of the Office of the Secre	tary
OKE TOO	will be made on December 9, 1957.	allation
9		1 town
4	DJS: jlk glk	1
	(5)	(i
	1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Matter	
8	1 - Liaison Section 1 - Mr. Sullivan	
	7/2/1	- 376
4	RECORDED - 23	
4	Installation made in EX 138 3 DEC 19 195	57
	4 insts on 12/9/57.	
#	138 advised.	
	ENCLOSURE 3 Classified by 21	
	Memb Millin Classified by 24 Trempt from CDS, Category 2 To Paurna 12/19/57 Date of Declassification - Indefinite 5 5 DEC 23 1957: CTW	
	To Paurna 12/19/57 Date of Declassification - Indefinite	A .
	5 5 DEQ 23' 1957' CTW) moral
	APUI - V	~ 1 W 14

	STANDARD FORM NO. 64	O	8	• b6 b7c - b7E
•	Office N	Semi, andum.	UNITED STATES GO	OVERNMENT
	то	Mr. Parsons	DATE:	12-10-57
	FROM :	R. L. Millen		Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont
AV de	SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASURES OF	N RESIDENCE	Mohr — Parsons — Rosen — Tamm — Trotter — Negree
个		(D. 610 00 F(0))	V	Tele. Room Holloman Gdpdy
		(Bufile 80-760) ULTRASe	Ac a second	11CE Le Softan)
	setting forth r the Secretary Defense Depar	Re 12-4-57 memorandum request by of Defense, for installation of the official. This requirement official.	Security Officer for the on of countermeasures for the original of the countermeasures.	e Office of r above
	four instrume Washington, I		tter installed countermes	N. W.,
	•	was advised o	n completion of the work	•
	RECOMMEND	PATION:		
	,	For information only.		
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	1 - Mr. D. J.	Sullivan		a de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de
	JMM:ctw 5 2	ECRET	138 80-763	
	— Classified	by 34	138 80-767 SED-23	160-371
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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED ' DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

.1-28-58

airtel

OUITRE SOURCE LISTEN.

To: SAC, Detroit

Director, FBI (80-760) From:

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

It is desired that the next Agent reporting to In-Service Training from your division return RFMT unit Number 2 on loan to your office. The power supply may be sent immediately via railway express. The RFMT unit is classified Top Secret; therefore, it must be in the custody of an Agent at all times during transit. The unit should be delivered to the Electronics Section, FBI Laboratory, Room 7318, Department of Justice Building.

csa

NOTE: Equipment on loan from Laboratory. No inventory change required.

> This action taken in response to telephonic request for 2 additional units from SA Robert E. Solomon, New York Office on 1-24-58.

> > RECORDED - 48

Classified by 2

Exempt from GDS, Calegory 2 Dalo of Declassification - Indefinite

12 JAN 29 1958

MAILED 3 Nichols 1AN 2 8 1958 Boardman Belmont . Mason . Mohr ..

Parsons Rosen Tamm Nease Winterrowd .





b7C b7E

Mr. Parsons

12-26-57

JUNE

R. L. Millen

COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM (Bufile 62-97308)

OUITRE SOTIL Listening

Pursuant to arrangements as outlined in memorandum dated December 12, 1957, Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont, the countermeasures installed in the telephones at the residence of in the were removed on December 13, 1957, by SA's John M. Matter and George W. Mayo, Jr., On December 19, 1957, SA's Mayo and Wilbur G. Stevens reinstalled countermeasures in the telephone instruments new residence. N. W., Washington, Land & Market Contract

At the same time as countermeasures were installed in the new residence, a security check of telephone lines was made at the new residence and telephone central office serving that area. This completed the check of all telephone lines serving home and at his office. No evidence of tampering or irregularities was noted during the course of this check.

RECOMMENDATION:

Recommended that Liaison Section advise of the results of the security check.

· Classified by 24

Excupi from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declarification HIndefinite D

76 JAN 2 11958

1 -	Mr	•	Bel	m	on	į
	ΔÀ	-	^^			

Nichols Boardman - GW

Belmont . Mason Mohr

Parsons Rosen Tamm Nease

Winterrowd Tele. Room Holloman .

MAIL ROOM

ORIGINAL COPY FILED IN





RX 101

December 17, 1957

b6 b7C

Oly Cleveland, Obio

SECRET

Cleveland
Dear

Your letter dated November 22, 1957, relative to security classification of electronic equipment by the Federal Government has been referred to this Bureau by the Federal Communications Commission.

Executive Order 10501, dated November 5, 1953, sets forth regulations under which Government agencies are required to classify security information originating in or coming under the jurisdiction or control of a particular agency. Therefore, electronic devices which are developed or used by a Government agency and which meet requirements for classification outlined in the Executive Order are classified by the agency involved.

In the event you have in mind some specific electronic device and would like to know whether dissemination of information regarding the device is restricted by the Government, it is suggested that you contact the Government agency making use of or having control over the device.

COMM - FBI DEC 1.7 1957 MAILED 31 Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

NOTE: No record was found in Bureau files which could be identified with ______ Cleveland, Ohio

1 - Cleveland - with copy.

WWB:ctw,

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassion - Indefinite

Je~

Rosen _____

Tolson

Nichols ... Boardman

Belmont Mason

Mohr

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	DAT	8 03-22-2011			
	STANDARD FORM NO. 64	O	(ฮี	
4	Office Mem	orandum ·	UNITED STA	TES GOVERNMI	ENT
ν	TO : Mr. Parso	ons QLY	TEACH	DATE: 1-27-58 ,	Tolson
	FROM : R. L. Mil	len AM SIA	101		Nichols Bpardman Mohr
	subject: RFMT				Parsons Rosen Tamm
	stated his office	ally requested 2 now has 4 insta as enough units	2 additional RF Allations worki to meet preser	Solomon, New York FMT units. He ing and another nt demands but des	Holloman
(0)	the Bureau. He w	as teletype equi vill dispatch an	.pment which sh Agent to bring	sed when the uni- nould be brought to this equipment to become available	to to the
	Units w Detroit to meet t	ill be obtained his request.	from Washingto	on Field Office ar	nd ,
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	то	:	Ит. А. Н.	Belmont by		D	ATB: Januar	ry 23,	1958
	FROM	:	Mr. R. R. I	Roack	9	SECRI	過度	٨	Tolson Nichols Boardman Belmont
1	subject	r:	1.1-				****	ϕ	Mohr Parson Rosen Tamm
			TELEPHONE (COUNTERMEASU	TRE DEVIC	ES		•	Trotter Nease Tele. Room _
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FD-36 (Pev. 12-13-56)	!
	-
FBI	. }.
Date: 1/31/58	Ì
Transmit the following in	-
Via AIR TEL SECRETAIR MAIL, REGISTERED (Priority or Method of Mailing)	i ! :⊶!
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760) ATTENTION: FBI LAB.	
FROM: SAC, DETROIT: (66-2174 Sub A) TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT (1/2/50216 1/28/58.	C. C.
Being transmitted immediately by Railway Express is the supply for RFMT Unit #2. The RFMT Unit is being transmiby SA JOHN W. GUNN, JR. who will arrive in Washington to commence an In-Service Class on 2/3/58.	tted
Bureau (AM REGISTERED) 1 - Package Copy 1 - Detroit	
NHG/mac (6)	nun
(6) R7MT unit secured 2-3.58; Power Suffy ensoute sailway expressper Gunn, Ches	7
AFITE TIX 105	,
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Exempt from GDS Program 1975 Date of Declassification Indomness	Str.
55 FEB 7 1958 WM Sent M Per M	<u> </u>

		DAIR 03-22	2011			. b6 b7C	
	Office	Memorandi	um • t	NITED STA) TES GOVE	b7E	
K	, TO :	Mr. Parson	LITRE	5.216 NE 6.710	DATE: 1-30-	58	
	FROM :	R. L. Millen	W-CECI	O E TO	<u> </u>	Belmont	
	subject:	TELEPHONE COUNTER	PMEASURE D	PVICES MID	Ko A.J	Rosen Tamm Trotter Nease	
	concerni	Re 1-23-58 memoraling above subject.			Mr. Belm	Tele. Roo Holloman Gandy —	
	devices	Laboratory Supervat	la ottice.	Room 236			
	1-30-58	N. W., Washington, in three instrumer Route 240, Germa	its in his	new office.	Room A445	e installed	
		ombreaton of the l	ice secreta installatio	ary was advis	sed by SA	J. M. Matter	
	RECOMMEN	DATION: For information o	only.	,			
	JMM: n11 4 80-760	og/ 	,				
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				8	0-760	383	
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55	FEB 13 19	42 4)		,		Trank.	

FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE	~
Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNME	.b6 .b7c .b7E
To : Mr. Parsons & DATE: 2-14-58	
SUBJECT: COUNTERMEASURES FOR	Tolson
On 2-7-58, Security Officer of O	Coach Sandy
and advised of same on 2-8-58.	cument /
The old instrument was recovered and the CM removed or 2-11-58 by SA Matter through the cooperation of the Laboratory's Telephone Company contact.	1
RECOMMENDATION:	
For information only.	
JMM:nll0 (5) 1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: D. J. Sulliva	
SECRET APR 25 1975 Classified by 24 Exempt trem CDS, Categor 295 Date of Declassification - Indefinite 55 MAR 4 1958	The war

55 MAR 21 1958





Office Memorandum • United States Government

	то :	Mr. Parsons DATE: 3-17-58	
		SECRET	Tolson
	FROM :	R. L. Millen DOW	Nichols —— Boardman — Belmont ——
		Y	Mohr Parsons
	SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE FOR TELEPHONES BY DEVENCO, INCORPORATED	Rosen
		(Buile 80-760)	Trotter
		0 0 11 50 P	Tele. Room Holloman Gandy
	Incorporated.	On 3-11-58, Devenco, 150 Broadway, New York 38, New York, demonstrated to	
•		ection supervisors a new mechanical-type countermeasure	
		ephones. His company is considering the commercial	
	-	this unit. It may be used for two purposes: (1) to prevent	
		thpiece microphone to pick up room conversation when the	
		ot in use; (2) to 'kill' the mouthpiece microphone in noisy	
	go out on the l	the telephone is in use so that this background noise won't	
	go out on the I		
10	•	The unit consists of a spring clip and pin device screwed to t	he
¥		nouthpiece cover. The pin fits through a hole in the cover pla	
13		e itself and makes contact with the diaphram. This serves to	
1	-	e so that it will not reproduce any sound. To lift the pin from	
1		spring clip, which protrudes outside the mouthpiece cover, is inst the side of the cover. In other words, a user has to "pre	
1	talk."	mist the side of the cover. In other words, a user has to "pre	38 10
. ,		·	
10		advised that the production model would have an adjust	
1:/		rol the amount of pressure the pin puts on the diaphram. This	
4	measure devic	ce has no application to Bureau security work for following r	easons:
ii.		1. Alters external appearance of phone so that anyone can of	haanvia
* ;		phone has a nonstandard attachment.	userve /
\		2. Causes inconvenience of having to press spring clip to tal	lk.
1			7ith
		pin adjusting screw, this is what will happen in the hands	of
À,		the average phone user.	· Finance
di		PATTON: $90 - 760 - 38$	3
81	RECOMMEND	PATION: REC. 62	<u>س</u> ر ،
•		Eon information only	~ ~
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STANDARD FORM NO, 64			6	
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i Office Interna	rranaury •	UNITED S'	TATES GOVER	NMENT
TO: L_{\bullet} V_{\bullet}	Boardman /	STATE OF THE PARTY	DATE: 6/6/58	· .
	6-10-3	,	•	/ Tolson
FROM: A. H.	Belmont by STO	7	- Mr. Boardman	Boardman
	DE STEEL	KET 1	- Mr. Parsons	
O	!' /	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	- Mr. Branigan	grabns -
SUBJECT: ULTRAS	ONIC LISTENIN <mark>G</mark> D	EVICE - 1.	- Mr. Belmont - Mr. Parsons - Mr. Branigan	A from I
		1 .	- Mr. Whitson	Clayton
<u>SYNOPSIS</u> :	• R	eferral/Consul	t Male with	Holloman
(77			The state of the s	M Gandy
The ul	trasonic listeni	ng device (1	radio frequency	microphone)
was the subject made Secretary o	f Treasuru. Sėcr	etaru of De	l Directive, 0/2 fense. Attorneu	23/50, which
	responsible pers	onally and :	individuallu for	r continuina
close supervision	n of all activit	y relating t	to control and i	ise of such
devices. Inform devices limited	ition concerning	the exister	nce and nature of	of such
ro-know" basis.	Patent applicat	ion on ultre	rsonic listenino	denice
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Memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device 80-760

DETAILS:

Referral/Consult

The ultrasonic listening device (radio frequency
microphone) was the subject of a "Top Secret" Presidential Directive
dated 8/23/50. The Directive was signed by the President at the
suggestion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of
Defense. the Attorney General
in order to insure proper control and handling of such
devices, to control them for the exclusive use of the U. S. Governmen
and to avoid any unjust encroachment upon individual rights and
constitutional guarantees. (80-760-16)
Total guarantoso (Total por 100)
This Directive provided that the Departments of Treasury,
Defense and Justice should be the exclusive agencies of the
Government responsible for the classification and control of such
devices and for the development of appropriate countermeasures
applicable to the unauthorized use of such devices. The Directive
provided that the Department of Justice should be the sole agency
contracting for the acquisition of such devices for use within the
continental and territorial V. S.

The Directive instructed that such devices should not be used by any agency of Treasury, Defense or Justice in the absence of the approval in each instance by the respective department head and that such devices should not be used by any agency of in the absence of the approval in each instance.

The Secretary of Treasury. the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General were made responsible personally and individually for continuing their close supervision of all activity relating to the control and use of such devices. Information concerning the existence and nature of such devices was limited in the Directive to the appropriate employees of the Government on a "need-to-know" basis.

The FBI Laboratory had developed an ultrasonic listening device between 1945 and 1947. Accordingly, the Patent Office recorded a filing date of 7/1/52 for a patent application on the FBI Laboratory, developed device in the names of SAs James J. Hill and Ben L. Sutton. (80-760-124) This material was classified "Top Secret." The Proposition of the secret.

The Criminal Division of the Department advised, by undated memorandum received in the Bureau 3/10/53, that secrecy

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Memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman
Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device
80-760

orders had been issued by the Commissioner of Patents on 2/4/53 covering not only the Hill-Sutton device but a countermeasure device on which a patent application had been filed by SA John M. Matter, which was classified "Secret." (80-760-135 and 65-60731-331)

The Criminal Division of the Department advised, in the above-mentioned communication, that any further disclosure to unauthorized persons of information concerning either of the devices covered by the secrecy orders would be in contravention of the Invention Secrecy Act, with possible criminal penalties. (Title 35, USC, Section 181. Penalties for violation of the Invention Secrecy Act are \$10,000 fine or imprisonment for not more than two years or both.) The Invention Secrecy Act of 1951 was revised by the Act of 7/19/52.

Since 1950 the Bureau has used ultrasonic listening devices from time to time with the express approval of the Attorney General. The extent of use of ultrasonic listening devices by the other departments and agencies covered by the 1950 Directive is not known. The Bureau has installed countermeasure devices in the telephone instruments of high-ranking Government officials within the U. S. The Bureau has cooperated with the Department of Defense, the National Security Agency (NSA) on a Laboratory liaison basis. In August, 1954, the Secretary of Defense proposed that the President's Directive of 8/23/50 be downgraded from "Top Secret" to "Secret" and that use of the device be "relaxed" for the purpose of cooperation for research and development with U. S. commercial firms, the United Kingdom and Canada. Defense also proposed to allow the Secretary of Defense, Secretary of Treasury, the Attorney General to delegate their responsibilities within their respective departments and agencies. At this time, the Bureau informed the Department of Defense that it did not appear to be of any advantage to the U. S. Government to downgrade the security classification of the ultrasonic listening device. In January, 1955, the Department of Defense proposed merely the expanded use of countermeasure devices throughout the defense establishment (such countermeasures retaining a "Secret" classification) and to delegate development of countermeasure devices and procurement of ultrasonic devices for use outside the U. S. to the Director of NSA and the Secretaries of Army, Navy and Air Force, respectively. The Bureau advised the Attorney General by memorandum of 1/19/55 that the Bureau had no objection to this Department of Defense proposal. (80-760-284)

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Memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device 80-760

Referral/Consult

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Memorandum from Mr. Belmont to Mr. Boardman Re: Ultrasonic Listening Device 80-760

Referral/Consult

The FBI Laboratory is of the opinion that more adequate reasons than those set forth in the memorandum to the Attorney General must be forthcomina from before favorable consideration could be given to

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Mr. Parsons

6-2-58

R. L. Millen



TELEPHONE SECURITY CHECK ATTORNEY GENERAL

On May 23, 26 and June 2, 1958, a telephone security check was made on the telephone lines serving the office and residence of the Attorney General. This security check included an inspection of all appearances of the particular telephone lines both inside and outside the telephone company central offices. No evidence of tampering or other irregularity was apparent.

In addition, the telephones within the Attorney General's office were inspected. It was noted that two telephone instruments had been replaced

RECOMMENDATION:

There is attached, for the Director's use if he so desires, a memorandum to the Attorney General setting forth the results of the telephone security check.

	Enclosure		
	1)- 80-760 (COUNTE	RMEASURE INSTALLATIONS)	
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	Holloman MAIL ROOM	•	

DATE 03-22-2011 STANDARD FORM NO. 64 b6 Office Memorandum • United States Government b7D MR. BOARDMAN JOSE (11)58 5/26/58 DATE: Tolson . Boardman Belmont FROM: Parson Rosen SUBJECT: Tamm Trotter Clayton Tele. Room sent to PARSON Mr. Parsons cc: B JUN 12 1958 AHB:ush (4)

58 JUN 18 1958

b6 b7С b7D

Memorandum to Mr. Boardman
Re: Technical Aids to Investigation

ACTION:

SECRET

I told that the principle involved in this matter was not unknown to us; however, I did not discuss the matter any further with him. I told him we would have Assistant Director Parsons go over this carefully and thereafter we would be in touch with him.

I do not know whether this has any relation to the principle of our RFMT. I suggest that the Laboratory examine it carefully and advise whether there is anything new here applicable to our work. In addition it is suggested the Laboratory advise what comments can be made to

I thanked for bringing this to our attention and told him that we would be in touch with him in the near future.

W Mac

SECRET

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons
Re: TECHNICAL AIDS TO INVESTIGATION
RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONETELEPHONE DEVICE
(RFMT)

disclosed in ______ since the step-tuning procedure does not often permit selection of the exact optimum frequency. We also have found it helpful to tune the subject's telephone line to resonance by suitable components.

ACTION: For consideration by Domestic Intelligence Division in connection with any further contact

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d V.

Novalland Signature of 3/5 8

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Classified by 24 APR 2 5 1975
Exempt from GDS Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sq b7C Referral/Consult ce Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT : Mr. L. V. Boardman DATE: May 31, 1958 FROM: Mr. A. H. Belmont Nichols Boardman Belmont Mohr RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE Rosen Trotter Nease. May 27 1958. Tele. Room concerning Holloman Gandy At 6:10 p.m., May 29, 1958, Internal Security Division of the Department, phoned and told SA L. Whitson he had discussed matter with the Attorney General. felt that if The Attorney General indicated to Department would take any position the Bureau wanted. was requested to confirm this in writing and he said he would on Monday, June 2, 1958. RECOMMENDATION: None. For your information. It is suggested that this be brought to the attention of the FBI Laboratory. LW:bjt (7) 以 1 - Mr. Boardman 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Branigan 1 - Mr. Day 1 - Mr. Whitson TEN JUN 16 1958 Classified by 24 58 JUN 181 Exempt from 255 Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinite MemoHillen to Parsons 6/3/58 RLH: CTW

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg Office Memorandu UNITED STATES GOVER : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation TO DATE: May 28, Mr. Trotter. 5. Walter Yeagley, Acting Assistant Mr. Clayton Attorney General, Internal Security Division Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy Presidential Directive, August 23, 1950 Referral/Consult Caltura France 1. 1. I am forwarding herewith for your information a copy of When I deliver the original to the Attorney General I shall suggest that this matter is of primary interest to you. Enclosure EX-102 |ENCLOSURE POP SECRET CONTROL OFFICE INTERNAL SECURITY DIVISION EX-102 MO JUN 25 1958 58 JUN 30 1958

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-04-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/ fice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERN : Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation DATE: June, 2, Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tamm. Mr. Trotter... Mr. Clayton. J. Walter Yeagley, Acting Assistant Tele. Room_ Attorney General, Internal Security Division Mr. Holloman. Miss Gandy. Presidential Directive, August 23, 1950 Referral/Consult Oultradunic Listering D. Reference is made to my memorandum of May 27, 1958, transmitting to you a copy of the letter to the Attorney General from dated May 22, 1958, captioned as above. The matters discussed in letter and the Directive would seem to be primarily of interest to the Bureau. The only suggestion we would have to make at this time would be that if any changes are to be made in existing arrangements regarding this subject matter it might be advisable to first have submit a proposed Record of Action to be submitted to and approved by the National Security Council clearly setting forth what the arrangements shall be thereafter. It would be appreciated if you would transmit your views on the letter to the Attorney General with a copy to me. TO JUN 25 1958 SECRET CONTROL OFFICE TERNAL TECURITY DIVISION

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg ice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 6-3-58 Mr. Pal Tolson . Nichols R. L. Millen FROM Boardman Belmont. Mohr ADIO FREQUENCY SUBJECT: Referral/Consult Rosen Tamm Trotter Nease Reference is made to Mr. Belmont's memorandum to Tele. Room Holloman Gandy Mr. Boardman dated 5-27-58 concerning Mr. Whitson's reporting on a letter from The above memorandum requested that the Laboratory furnish its observations in this matter. The Laboratory has not received the original letter in question. However, from the information at hand, it is not clear is attempting to,accomplish by their proposed action. The Laboratory observes that the real purpose behind this proposed retraction of the Presidential Directive is possibly to lay the ground work for downgrading the classification of this device from TOP SECRET. It has been maintained by the Bureau that since this device is still actively producing investigative results, it should retain a TOP SECRET classification. The Laboratory is of the opinion that more adequate reasons than those set forth in the letter must be forthcoming from before favorable consideration could be given to the downgrading of this device. Since in the opinion of the Laboratory the objective has not been adequately defined, it is suggested that Mr. Whitson may be able to obtain some additional information bearing upon the actual purpose behind this proposal by further informal discussion with Mr. J. Walter Yeagley. RECOMMENDATION: That the Laboratory views outlined above be referred to the Domestic Intelligence Division in accordance with their request. 1 - Mr. BelmontS Ark 25 1948C-61 1 - Mr. Boardman RLM:ctw Classified by 24 40 JUN 25 1958 ZW Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinity

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	REC- 61 80 - 760 - 30 1 - Mr. Parsons Referral/Consult 1 - Mr. Branigan PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE 1 - Mr. Day 1 - Mr. Whitson
i de la composition della comp	AUGUST 23, 1950 I - Mr. Whitson
T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T	By memorandum of May 28, 1958; Mr. J. Walter Yeagley forwarded to this Bureau, for information, a conv. of a memorandum dated May 22, 1958.
	dated Hay 22, 1958, Attorney General no
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	By memorandum of June 2, 1052 15- V
	changes were to be made in existing arrangements, it might be
	to be submitted to and approved by the National Garage
Contract for the Contra	clearly setting forth what the arrangements would be in the event of a withdrawal of the Presidential Directive.
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Hollomo Gandy	SEE NOTE PAGE TWO) TOP SECRET (SEE NOTE PAGE TWO)

TOP SECRET

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Referral/Consult

he Attorney General

This Bureau is extremely interested in any proposals which might make in this regard since the patent applications on the ultrasonic listening device and a countermeasure device held under the provisions of the Invention Secrecy Act were filed initially by employees of the FBI Laboratory.

1 - Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

NOTE:

Cover memo Belmont to Boardman prepared by LW:smk, 6/6/58 re "Ultrasonic Listening Device" in connection with this outgoing. Classified "Top Secret" because it discussed the terms of Presidential Directive, 8/23/50 which is so classified.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

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DATE 03-22-2011 STANDARĎ FORM NO. 64 ffice Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT TO DATE: Mr. Parsons 7 - 30 - 58R. L. Millen FROM Noase Parsons TECHNICAL AIDS TO INVESTIGATION Rosen SUBJECT: "MOUSTACHE" LISTENING DEVI W.C. Sullivan ILLTRASONIC Tele. Room By memorandum dated 5-26-58, Assistant Director A. H. Belmont transmitted a Top Secret brochure describing and requested Laboratory's evaluation (of the device. Subsequently, a unit of the described equipment designated as The Laboratory-developed RFMT unit is more sensitive and less likely to be detected than A-detailed-technical-analysis-is-attached. **ACTION:** For informative purposes. Enclosure CKC:ctw Classified by 24 < U-760-391 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefiniti AUG 7 1958

was examined and tested under simulated field investigative conditions.	

APR 25 1975

Exempt from UDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

80-760-397 ENCLOSURE

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FOR APPROVAL

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	50,	of the device is limited to matters of vital importance to the national security. This is sound. You may
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	Tolson Boardman	of the Ultrasonic Listening Device by the U. S. agencies concerned before any consideration can be given to
	Belmont	withdrawal of the Presidential Directive.
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	W. C. Sullivan	NOOM SECRET SEE NOTE PAGE 2

W. C. Sullivan

FOP SERVET

Referral/Consult

The Attorney General

The patent applications on the Ultrasonic Listening Device and a counterpassure device held under the provisions of the Invention Secrecy Act were filed initially by employees of the FDI Laboratory. For this reason this Duracu is extremely interested in any proposals which ______ might have.

- 1 Er. Laurence E. Salsh Deputy Attorney General
- 1 Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

NOTE: Classified Top Secret because it discusses the terms of Presidential Directive which is so classified.

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sc Referral/Consult ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT DATE: Belmont ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES SUBJECT: (PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE, AUGUST 23, 1950) Trotter Tele. Room Holloman Ultrasonic listening device (radio frequency microphone) with constant is subject of "Top Secret" Presidential Directive dated 8-23-50, which made certain U.S. department and agency heads responsible for close supervision and control of use of such device by their subordinates. Those responsible are Secretary of Treasury, Secretary of Defense, Attorney General, [Memo from J. W. Yeagley, Internal Secu<u>rity Division 7-31-58</u> transmitted for FBI comment a letter to him from Presidential Directive fixes responsibility for control of use of the device by U.S. agencies in order to avoid unjust-violations of constitutional guarantees and to insure use of device limited to matters of importance to national security. This is sound, and there should be a definite substitute proposal from RECOMMENDATION: Thére is attached a memo for AG, copies for Deputy ÁG and Internal Security Division furnishing FBI views as in last paragraph above. Enclosuke LW: cvg A Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite (6) W 1 - Belmont * Parsons

1 - Branigan

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Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Parsons

8-11-58

FROM:

R. L. Millen

-JUNE

Trotter W.C. Sullivan

Tele. Room Holloman .

SUBJECT:

ELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURES

Reference is made to the memorandum of R. R. Roach to A. H. Belmont captioned as above and dated 8-8-58. The memorandum indicated that the State Department would like an answer on 8-11-58 whether the Bureau would agree

Countermeasures in this sense are techniques taken to prevent standard telephone instruments acting as microphones to pick up room conversations when the instruments are not in use for normal purpose. The techniques involve altering or capplatting internal components and charging wire terminations.

The countermeasure program is classified information and has been used only for the profection of highly placed United States Government officials, such as,

The implementing of the countermeasure program throughout the local metropolitan area has been possible through the cooperation of a highly placed contact in the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company. It has been the policy of the telephone company not to permit any agency other than the Bureau to alter equipment belonging to the telephone company. The entire protective value of the countermeasure program depends upon it being limited to a very restrictive and selective group. No agency or establishment has been given 100 per cent protection. 80-760-40 REC- 12

The Bureau's telephone company contact advises that approximately 600 Western Electric Type 500 telephone instruments will be involved in the proposed project. He was first approached by the State Department to install the countermeasures but he refused and stated that he could not even discuss the matter as it was his understanding the matter was classified.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

the Bureau will not agree

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Memorandum to Mr. Parsons from R. L. Millen



TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURES

2. It is recommended that Liaison request the State Department to advise in detail just what information was given



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Date of Declassification - Indefinition 2 5 1975

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FROM: Mr. R. R. Roach	KW T	W E Belmont Mohr
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JUNE

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

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Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Parsons

DATE: 9-23-58

FROM :

R. L. Millen DOM

SUBJECT:

You are aware of the continuing program wherein Laborator Engineers provide countermeasure equipment on telephone instruments of high Government officials to prevent the instruments from being activated by enemy agents so that they respond as microphones.

Through our working contacts in the White House Army Signal Agency (WHASA) who have in the past handled this phase of telephone security arrangements at the White House, it was learned that 10 instruments associated office were being changed. Old-style instruments are being replaced with new telephones. Recovery of the countermeasure equipment in the old telephones will be made by Laboratory Supervisors John M. Matter and Wilbur G. Stevens at 1:00 P. M. today. Arrangements to equip the new instruments with countermeasure protection will be made at that time.

ACTION:

Arrangements are proceeding this afternoon to provide recovery of countermeasures in the replaced White House telephones and provide protection on the new instruments.

1 - Mr. Belmont

RLM:ctw

Exempl from GDS, Category & Date of Declassification - Indesign 133

MO SEP 26 1958

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Holloman

Office Memorandum

ļ			wum •	UNITED	STATES (GOVERNI	IENT
	то :	Mr. A. H. Bel	mont	/	DATE:	October 3	, 1958
	FROM:	R. R. Roach		SECRET			Tolson
	subject:	COUNTERNEASUR	FS ON WASH	THE TON OFFICE	TELEPHO		Parson Rosen Tamm Trotter Clayton Tele. Room
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15V166	of.fi	nstalled at Wa nt of time in ce is located ington, D. C.	nasnington in Room 11	inasmuch as • It sh <u>ould</u> 00-A at	he is spe <u>he noted</u>	nding a co	päsiderable
() () ()	inst	ruments in thi	s room.	been made th	*		ington for the
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67%	<u>RECO</u>	MAENDATION:				•	D
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

то

Mr. Parsons

DATE:

10-9-58

FROM

SUBJECT:

R. L. Millen

SECRET

COUNTERMEASURE (CM) DEVICES FOR

TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

(Bufile 80-760)

Tolson
Belmont
Mohr
Nease
Parsons
Rosen
Trotter
W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
Gandy

As you know, through Presidential Directive in 1950, the Bureau was given the responsibility of installing countermeasure (CM) devices in the telephone instruments of the White House, Cabinet members and other high Government officials. The CM device, which is classified "Secret," prevents a telephone from being used to pick up room conversations when the hand piece is hung up.

The policies and techniques regarding CM installations are regularly under review as a result of frequent requests for CM's by high Government officials themselves and by security officers of their agencies. You will recall that Mr. Hoover and/or Mr. Tolson personally pass on all requests for new installations. It is also a matter of constant concern to the Electronics Section to closely follow contemplated or possible changes of CM-equipped telephones so that they may be restored to normal when removed from "sensitive" locations. To that end, weekly contact is maintained with key telephone company officials so that maximum security will be afforded any CM instruments removed by telephone company personnel.

As you are also aware, many new kinds of telephone instruments have been introduced into service since 1950. In order that the Bureau's responsibility in the CM field shall be efficiently discharged, regular telephone company contact has kept the Electronics Section abreast of development of new instruments. Before they become available to the public, the new sets are obtained and CM techniques for their circuits are developed.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information only, since no change in the procedure for handling the above-mentioned project is contemplated.

JMM:ctw 4

5 OCT 24 1958

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Classified by 24 APR 2 5 1975
Exempt from 6DS, Category 3
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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1958

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE:

October 22, 1958

FROM :

R. L. Miller

JUNE

600 SERIES TELEPHONE SETS

Belmont Mohr Nease Parsons Rosen Tanm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Holloman .

Examination of a 600A telephone set was conducted on 10/16-17/58 by SA's C. K. Corbett and J. M. Matter. The 600A and 601A sets are illuminated, button-key telephone sets designed to answer, originate, signal or hold calls. The 600A handles up to 17 lines and the 601A up to 29 lines. Additional lines can be supplied by adding extra key boxes. The push buttons can be converted to nonlocking operation for signalling or other purposes.

At present the sets are made in green and gray, with ivory and beige to follow. The 600 A costs approximately \$184. and the 601A, \$260.

The 600 set is essentially a 500 type set, with only the dial of the 600 being different. The network is identical. However, the switch contacts are wired differently in the 600 than in the 500 C/D with the result that the "Altered-Switch Mic-Tel" technique for the 500 C/D cannot be utilized for the 600 set. To effect Mic-Tel coverage, it is suggested that the "4-wire Mic-Tel" technique be applied as set out below:

All terminals referred to are on the network.

- 1. Remove slate wire from "Li," tape up and tuck out of sight.
- 2. Unsolder slate-red from "GN" and put on crimp-type cord tip. Attach slate-red to "L."
- 3. Locate two spare conductors in the station cord to serve as M-T leads. Attach one of these leads to "L1" and the other to "B." The "L1" lead is connected to the transmitter through a set of switch contacts that will open and disconnect the M-T battery when the hand piece is lifted off the hook.
- 4. Locate the other end of the M-T leads in the equipment how associated with the 600 set, and connect them through to the monitoring point. Since only one side of the M-T circuit across the transmitter is broken when the set is in use, the monitoring point should be relatively close to the set to minimize the possibility of noise being induced in the set or in the M-T line.

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Date of Declaratication

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons

SECRET

RE: WESTERN ELECTRIC

600 SERIES TELEPHONE SETS

The countermeasure technique for the 600A and 601A is the same as for 500 sets. Unsolder the slate-red lead from GN. Equip slate-red with a cord tip and attach to "B." This puts a direct mechanical short across the transmitter.

The RFMT unit cannot be made to work with the 600 series set. The set has 2 components, the 425B network and the 6A dial which prevent the application of the RFMT in other sets also.

ACTION:

None. For information and record purposes.

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

		DATE 03-22-2011		•
	STANDARD FORM NO. 64			Ъ6 Ъ70
	Office 7	Memorandum .		b7E
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	TO:	Mr. Parsons	DATE:	1-15-59
		<u> </u>	JUNE	Tolson
	FROM:	R. L. Miller		Boardman Belmont
مرجوع بي			SECRET	BAN Mohr
*	subject:	COUNTERMEASURES		Parsons Rosep
	•	TELEPHONE SECURITY (Bufile 80-760)		Trotter
	0		man dia mangkan kanan	W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room
	•	ULTRASONIE LISTA	NING DEVICE	Holloman
		On 1-9-59,	Security Office	r, Ponartmont
	of Interior, r	equested a recheck of tele		
	been covered	As you know, in the past by the countern	telephone	service has
	request was i	n accordance with the open	neasure program. The	ereiore, this
	• •	manus want mo ope.	audor of the current pr	ogram.
	• • • • •	Laboratory personnel re	checked the service on	1/12-13/59
	and found all	equipment to be normal wi	th no evidence of chang	e or tampering.
		Type advised	of the meanife of the mea	Jonatha
		was advised	of the results of the rec	eneck.
	ACTION:			
		None. For information.		
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SECRET



Ortho Filter Corporation 198 Albion Avenue Paterson 2, New Jersey

Dear

This Bureau is interested in determining the availability, size and cost of the smallest toroidal coil you produce, having an inductance of 10 millihenries and capable of handling current of 100 milliamperes direct current. The core may saturate when full-rated current is applied. There is no direct current flowing in the circuit when the rated inductance is required.

It will be appreciated if you will reply at an early date to this Bureau, attention Federal Eureau of Investigation Laboratory.

Sincerely yours,

WII SO PELL

John Edgar Hoover Director

JUNE

EX-102

Roll

80-760 CKC:ctw NOTE: is former employee of the Electronics Section. Inquiry made with view of reducing physical dimensions of coils used in RFMT installations.

Bureau indicies reflect no derogatory information

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ete of Declaration COMM - FBI

NAIL S Adhaman

TT JAN 21 1959

Nease Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter

Trotter _____ W.C. Sullivan ____ Tele. Room ____

MAIL ROOM

b6 b7C ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: March 4, 1959 Tolson Belmont MR. R. R. ROACH DeLoach McGuire . Mohr . Parsons ' COUNTERMEASURE DEVI Rosen EC. PUBLICITY Tamm Trotter (Bufile 80-768) W.C. Sullivan _ Tele. Room RASONIC WISTENING Holloman Enclosed memorandum Millen to Parsons dated March 2, 1959, sets out four questions regarding the publicity which appeared in the Sunday Star of March 1, 1959, reporting that a young security official of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) has patented a Levice to keep "bugs" off telephones. The Liaison Representative has explored with | Acting AEC Security Director, the four questions posed by the Laboratory. On March 4, 1959, advised his answers to the advised his answers to the questions as follows: This patent application by the AEC employee was known to AEC. This is an AEC held patent and processing of it began almost three years ago through the Patent Division of AEC. c. AEC did not consider this a classified patent. In its routine reviewing of all patents, "The New York Times" ran across this particular one and printed an article about it in its issue of February 28, 1959. The Washington Star then picked it up and called the AEC security employee who developed the device, Section! the reporter already had the information regarding identity and details regarding the device from the patent application and, accordingly, merely verified his own identity and the information which appeared in the application. AEC did not issue a press release. LENCLOSURÉ. In its processing of the patent application, the AEC Patent Division determined it contained no classified information and the decision was made by that division that secrecy restrictions n weigh not required. Coul at MAIN ACTION: For information 1955 Classified by A JMF: jlk (7) Prempt from GDS Category 2

JMF: jlk (7) Pais of Declassification - Indefinite 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Millen

1 - Liaison Section

1 - Mr. Fitzgerald

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Whitson

STANDARD FORM NO. 64	DATE 03-22-2011	
	Aemorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN	` \TT
	ONTIED STATES GOVERNMEN	NI
το :	Mr. Parsons DATE: 3-2-59	
FROM:	R. L. Millen SECRET	Tolson Belmont DeLoach McGuire Mohr
subject:	AEC PUBLICITY (Bufile 80-768)	Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Holloman
entitled AEC		Gandy
	The Laboratory makes the following observations:	
1.	The item is very probably a modification of a device demonstrated by Devenco, Incorporated, 150 Broadway, New York, to the Bureau and other Government agencies interested in countermeasures equipment.	
2.	Revelation of the particular device in itself is not of paramous importance since previous publicity has been given to this field by Spindel and others and it is possible by having the proper technical equipment to detect the microphone activation by several methods.	
	The article is misleading to the general public in that it infert the device will "alert - by means of a buzzer or flashing light	-
, * .	anyone whose telephone is being tapped." This device is conf to the microphone in the telephone and not with actual "tapping the telephone line.	
4.	The Laboratory knows of of the	
Di Sic	Technical Security of the Atomic Energy Commission (AEC). He is not considered to be particularly well qualified or comp in the technical field.	etent b6 b7c
. 5. 6.	rom his position is aware of the countermeasures	W
SEC	Note that light on is carried on with his superior Captain Security at AEC.	
ENCLOSURE:	assified by 24 Lempt from GDS, Category 2 APR 25 1975 C 05	1 3.V 59
Encil	Store Declassification - Indefinite 5 19 REC- 95 (0-760 1) pulled 1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Mr. Whitson)	Just to soft get
RLM:	- Wit Delinone (Mediatoria Mila Piczgelaiu)	0.1
6	TO MAR 10 1959	NAM

Memorandum to Mr. Parsons from R. L. Millen

COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE AEC PUBLICITY 80-768



- Of particular interest to Liaison Section would be the following 6. questions:
 - a. Was this patent application known to AEC?
 - b. Has the patent been reviewed by the Patent Board to determine if the patent properly rests with the Government employee or with the U. S. Government?
 - What is AEC's position in this matter of press release c. concerning countermeasure equipment by a Government employee ostensibly working in Government security matters?
 - Had any consideration been made to put patent under d. secrecy réstrictions?
- Of interest to Mr. Whitson would be the question of publicity of such a countermeasure device by a Government employee.
- 8. The telephone company may have a direct interest in this publicity in that they are concerned with "any foreign attachments" to their telephone instruments.
- Finally, it is the Laboratory's view that the publicity afforded this 9. item is in extremely poor taste and exhibits an extreme lack of judgment and foresight on the part of the AEC technical security chief.

RECOMMENDATION:

That above observations be forwarded for Domestic Intelligence Division's review and action.

Carson & Whiten believes auswer to question in #1. Should be abtained by Lians. -2-

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite



ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

AEC Man Patents Telephone 'De-bugger

that is.

The inventor is Earle D. ment is being used to snoop.
Hightower, 36, chief of the Mr. Hightower, who is study reau.

buzzer or flashing, light-anyone whose telephone is being tapped.

Mr. Hightower explained that a common means of eavesdrop-ping on a conversation is to energize the microphone in a telephone which is resting in its cradle, apparently inactive.

One method of keeping the microphone alive is to bypass the cutoff switch—in most cases, the buttons on the cradle -with a streak of silver paint or ink which will conduct electricity.

Phsically his bug-detector is a black box, about 2 inches thick, 4 inches wide, and 6 inches long, Mr. Hightower said. It can be attached and concealed under the telephone

cradle. The battery-powered detector keeps a continual check on i

A young security official of voltage across the microphone the Atomic Energy Commission and current passing through it. has patented a device to keep it keeps quiet during normal bugs, off, telephones—wiretaps, telephone conversations, but sounds the alarm if the instru-

AEC's technical security bu-ing for a masters degree in comreau.

His gimmick, granted a munications at American Unit patent last Thursday, is deversity, lives with his wife and signed to alert—by means of a one child at 10002 Cedar lane, Kensington, Md.

He said the device was de veloped "in conjunction with normal, security." He worked on it for about six-months, and applied for a patent about three years ago.

Does the AEC have any plans to use the bug detector?

"I can't comment on that?" he said. "It is a matter of policy."

Sunday Star - 3/1/59

80-760-411 ENCLOSURE

DATE 03-22-2011 **b**6 Office Mem UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Parsons DATE: March 6, 1959 Tolson Belmont FROM : DeLoach R. L. Mille McGuire Mohr . Parsons SUBJECT: Rosen. Tamm OUNTERMEASURE DEVICE Trotter W.C. Sullivan . AEC PUBLICITY Tele. Room (Bufile 80-760) Holloman LTRASONIC Gandy LISTENING EEVICE Re memorandum to Mr. Parsons from Mr. Millen dated 3-2-59 relating information concerning newspaper publication of a patent issued on a Telephone De-bugger." Devenco, Inc., New York City, New York, advised the Laboratory on 3-4-59 that he was aware that Atomic Energy Commission, was seeking a patent on a device quite similar to the one developed by Devenco in 1955. Devence developed no market to speak of for this unit and is not interested in questioning the patent rights of The Devenco unit had no mechanical connection to the telephone instrument. unit, however, requires that two wires be connected across the transmitter of the telephone instrument itself. The purpose of these two wires is to measure any current flow which will occur if the mouthpiece microphone is activated while the instrument is hung up. This would constitute a foreign attachment to the telephone instrument as far as the telephone company is concerned. RECOMMENDATION: None. For information only. 80-760-4 REC- 95. Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category ? TO MAR 10 1959 Date of Declassification - Indefinit APR 2 5 1975

7-66 (Rēv. 6-13-5 💍

SECRET

March 25, 1959

JUNE

Special Agent in Charge, New York

TELETYPE UNIT

Re:

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICHOPHONE -TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

There are being forwarded via registered mail to you and to the San Francisco Field Division two each of the potted and nonpotted Ortho Filter Corporation choke Number 6504 for use in connection with captioned units assigned your offices. These chokes were designed especially for this technique.

Tests in the FBI Laboratory under simulated field conditions indicate that this filter should improve microphone coverage in that it cuts out some of the high-frequency noise passed by Miller choke, Number 956, presently furnished with this unit. The Ortho filter resembles the standard telephone company loading-coil, is smaller and therefore more easily concealed, is more rugged than the Miller choke and has a 4- to 5-ohm resistance as compared with the 35- to 40-ohm resistance of the Miller choke.

It is desired that the observations of the sound-trained personnel of your office be furnished the Bureau, attention FBI Laboratory, after they have installed these chokes.

have installed these chokes.

80-760

2 - San Francisco

CKC:ctw

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Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO	:	

Mr. Parsons

DATE: 3-24-59

McGulre Mohr

Patsons Rosen

Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele Room

FROM :

R. L. Millen

SUBJECT:

 $^{f \cup}$ ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE

Holloman As you know, it is necessary to insert a radio-frequency choke in the telephone line of the instrument to be covered with this technique to prevent the radio-frequency energy from being dissipated along the line toward the telephone company central office. This choke directs the full energy from our radio-frequency unit toward the target instrument. At the time the RFMT unit was introduced to the field, we were able to purchase only one choke which would perform satisfactorily under all field conditions. This choke, a Miller Number 956, has a higher resistance (39 ohms) and is foreign in appearance to any equipment presently associated with telephone lines. This choke requires a space $1 \frac{1}{8}$ " by $\frac{5}{8}$ " for concealment.

Supervisors in the Electronics Section have closely followed new developments in the electronics industry for new and better chokes for this technique. We have, through our personal contacts, found a producer who will supply us with special chokes which electrically perform to our satisfaction. Physically, these chokes resemble telephone equipment and with a resistance of 4 to 5 ohms are considerably lower than the Miller choke. This new choke requires a space 5/8" by 7/8" for concealment. This choke is produced by Ortho Filter Corporation, Paterson 2, New Jersey, who assigned Number 6504 to this particular choke.

The Ortho Filter Corporation choke was subjected to extensive simulated field tests. These tests indicate that this filter should improve microphone coverage in that it cuts out some of the high-frequency noise passed by the Miller choke and the lower resistance of the coil has less effect on the battery current to the subscriber's instrument. Two each of the potted and nonpotted chokes are being sent to New York and San Francisco Field Divisions for their use with the RFMT units assigned their offices.

ACTION:

REC- 23 80-760-5

MZ APR 1 1959

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None. For informative purposes.

55 APR Mr. Belinon tousified by 24

Exempl from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinit

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Office Massey and June

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то :	DIRECTOR, FBI		DATE:	4/7/59
FROM :	SAC, ALBANY	SECRET		<u>ve</u>
SUBJECT:	COUNTERMEASURE DEV RESIDENCE OF	t J		
			NY	
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/įsg

Invoice of Contents from FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C.

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TE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg fice Memoran UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Parsons DATE: March 6, 1959 Tolson Belmont FROM DeLoach R. L. Millen McGuire Mohr . Parsons Rosen SUBJECT: Tamm MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE b7C Trotter V.C. Sullivan UTILIZING MINIATURE TRANSMITTER Referral/Consult iele. Room CONCEALED IN F-1 MICROPHONE; aka Holloman TR-1 TRANSMITTER; and F1 MICROPHONE ALTERED FOR RADIO TRANSMISSION Re my 6-8-55 and 7-7-55 memoranda to you reflecting the TR-1 was demonstrated in the Laboratory by and of Devenco, Inc., on 6-7-55 and 6-21-55. As you Will recall, the TR-1 is a miniature, transistorized radio transmitter concealed inside the case of an F-1, the microphone used in the mouthpiece of Western Electric telephones. The TR-1 is substituted for the F-1 and broadcasts room conversation and telephone conversation so they can be picked up on a companion receiver up to 120 feet away. The instrument in which it is installed must be altered if the TR-l is to broadcast room conversation when the telephone is hung up. The unit did not work satisfactorily on all types of telephones nor did it perform adequately in telephone booths. On 3/3-4/59 and advised the Laboratory of the following: After the 1955 demonstration. Devence showed the TR-1 to all other federal Government intelligence agencies. In order to protect its interests, Devenco started patent action in a prominent attorney who successfully represented 1957, retaining Zenith Co. against Radio Corporation of America in patent matters. \$5000 and the development work on the TR-1 has come to \$22,000, making a total of \$27,000 Devenco will have invested. Devenco's president (name unknown) has stated that if he that is illaced under the Secrecy Section by Government action, he will possibly seek \$100,000 damages. This will be based on actual costs and the APR 2 5 1975REC. 4 Ularsified by M JMM:nll Exempt from GBS Category 8

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Of Declaratication - Indefine

APR 201959

Memorandum Mr. Millen to Mr. Parsons
MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE
UTILIZING MINIATURE TRANSMITTER
CONCEALED IN F-1 MICROPHONE; aka
TR-1 TRANSMITTER; and
FI MICROPHONE ALTERED FOR RADIO TRANSMISSION

fact that Devenco will be prevented from selling its product or interest to the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. ATT has shown some interest in the TR-1 but not enough to pay Devenco \$25,000 for its rights.

ACTION:			*	
	Laboratory will follow	this matter of	closely with	and
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7-66 (Rev. 6-13-:

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80-760

7. //-

May 5, 1959

ELVICE:

Special Agent in Charge New York

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

ReBulet 3/25/59, captioned as above, advising that newly designed chokes were being transmitted to your office and requesting that the observations of your sound-trained personnel be furnished the Bureau. Advise whether or not security will permit the use of these chokes on existing RFMT installations and if so, the observations of the sound-trained Agents should be forwarded the Bureau, by letter, no later than June 1, 1959.

CKC:nH

NOTE: Chokes are Ortho Filter Corporation, choke number 6504, developed especially for the RFMT installations.

EX. REC.

80-760-417

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Classified by 24

Exempt from GBS, Cangory

Date of Puribality Trades

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Very truly yours,

0 MAY 1 1/959

John Edgar Hoover

Sullivan O MAY 1 1 1959

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

b7C Referral/Consult

	Office .	Memorandum • united states government
Į,	то :	MR. TOLSON DATE: 4-21-59
	FROM:	D. J. Parsons SECRET
	subject:	PATENT MATTER (80-760) Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room
201163	when the te inception th To date, de technical li other mean	Devence, Incorporated, has a device which can be placed one instrument for the purpose of broadcasting the conversation elephone is in use. The FBI has known of this device since its company. emonstrations of this device have generally been unsatisfactory due to mitations. The Bureau handles this particular penetration problem by as. Accordingly, our interest has been confined to that of keeping abreast all electronic developments in this field.
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(E	should invo	ke the secrecy provisions of the Patent Act in order to prevent knowledge se from becoming public. In connection therewith, he casually inquired er the Bureau might not be interested in doing so. No commitment
	Enclosure 1 - Mr. Be	
	RLM:ctw	not interested in interesting
	68 MAY 21	3959 5-12-59 Jones

b6 b7C Referral/Consult Memorandum to Mr. Tolson from D. J. Parsons TECHNICAL PENETRATION DEVICE PATENT MATTER (80-760)Both and are fully aware that the FBI's interest in this device has been confined to that of keeping abreast of the latest electronic developments. RECOMMENDATION: Accordingly, it is recommended that on the Laboratory's next contact with the technical representatives and they be advised the FBI is definitely not interested in applying the secrecy provisions of the Detent Act on behalf of the FBI's interests in this device. Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Calegory & Date of Declaraffication - Indefinite

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Charge or Approved Property Box 1980

NEW YORK 12 N.Y.

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Filed September 5, 1959

Dear

Attached hereto you will find a capy dethin go male number of allowance received from the Parent affice in the above-entitled application. Thus, the final fee willies willies at the parent attached are leveled as a solution of the parent willies and parent layers.

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If a Secrety Order is not impused, it will be mecessary to year the first fee in order to avoid abandonment of the investment of the first fee in its fragment for a maximum of these wonths through a request to the Grands significations.

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Sincerely rows

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b6 b7C ffice Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT UR. A. H. BELMONT DATE: May 8, 1959 Tolson elmont MR. R. R. ROACE Rosen SUBJECT: LEWIS L. STRAUSS Tamm SECRETARY OF COMMERCE Trotter W.C. Sullivan REQUEST FOR SECURITY CHECK AT RESIDENCE Tele. Room Hollome On May 8, 1959, Assistant Security Officer, Commerce Department, (former Bureau agent) telephonically advised Liaison Agent Fields he had just talked with apartment was at the Secretary Strauss had requested that call him at the apartment and on doing spoke mithl as the Secretary was on another line at the moment. stated <u>advised</u> the apartment has three phone lines: (1) a line to the switchboard; (2) a direct line to the White House; and (3) a private line HObart 2-3525. During the last few days strange buzzing and static-like noises have been heard on the switchboard line and the private line. Nothing unusual has been noted on the White House line. stated that this morning According to 1959) she picked up the switchboard line phone and was able to (May 8. talking on the private line, which is in another room, though the two lines should have no connection.

are somewhat upset and statedtold him the Secretary fears that someone from Drew Pearson or the committee which is considering his confirmation may be tampering with the phone lines or may have put a "bug" in the apartment. advised stated the Secretary would greatly appreciate the Bureau having someone make a complete security check at his residence as soon as possible, due to the above-mentioned circumstances. [was advised the Bureau would be consulted and he would be advised. It was ascertained that the Laboratory is in a position to conduct security check today if desired by the Director. Upon your determination that the Director approved, the check being made, Liaison that we would be able to handle this Agent Fields advised matter today. Arrangements have been made to have Laboratory men begin the security check this morning. will accompany them while at the apartment. In this connection, Assistant Director Parsons is aware of the fact that, based on past experience at [management there may not be friendly and that this snould be taken into account in handling this matter. Makec- 321 ca M. 55 PhF:jlk (6) 1 - Mr. Belmont Classified by 24 1 - Mr. Parsons Exempt from GDS, Category 2 1 - Mr. Millen - Liaison Section of Declaration Indefinite - Mr. Fields

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Memo Roach to Belmont RE: LEWIS L. STRAUSS SECRETARY OF COMMERCE REQUEST FOR SECURITY CHECK AT RESIDENCE

ACTION:

For information and record purposes.

Classified by 24 -

Exempt from GDS, Colegory 2 Date of Declassification - indefinite

DATE 03-22-2011 Office Memorandum b7C UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT : Mr. A. H. Belmont DATE: May 8, 1959 FROM : Mr. R. R. Roac Del.oach McGuire Mohr Parsons SUBJECT: LEWIS L. STRAUSS Rosen. Tamm SECRETARY OF COMMERCE Trotter W.C. Sullivan REQUEST FOR SECURITY CHECK AT RESIDENCE Tele. Room Reference is made to my earlier memorandum this date advising Secretary Strauss had requested a security check at his residence for possible "bugs" and other tampering with the telephones. Pursuant to Director's approval, a security check was con-ducted today by the Laboratory. SA Charles K. Corbett advised Liaison, Agent Fields that the men had completed a check of inside and outside telephone service and had also made a check of obvious places for possible microphones. No microphones were found. SA Corbett further advised the Laboratory was able to account . for the incident mentioned this morning by 」 wherein she picked up the smitchboard line phone at the apartment and was able to talking on another line in a different room. Corbett advised this condition was temporary in nature and normal as far as telephone equipment is concerned. He further advised a check of the outside line indicates no taps or any changes to indicate tampering. has been advised telephonically of the above results by Liaison Agent Fields. ACTION: For information and record purposes. - Mr. Belmont Parsons Corbett MAY 15 1959 -'Mr• Millan -Liaison - Mr. Fields PHF:mtbExempt from GDS, Calegory Date of Declassification - Inden

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760)

ATT: FBI LABORATORY - RADIO & ELECTRONICS SECTION

FROM :

SAC, NEW YORK (66-2423)

SECRET

THE STATE OF THE S

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)

ReBulet 3/25/59, and Bulet 5/5/59.

M

Security permits installation of the newly designed Ortho Filter Corporation chokes, Number 6504, on the three existing RFMT installations in NY, because the coils are installed on the plant premises. The unpotted chokes are presently being used on the operation and the potted chokes on the operation. It is expected the third operation, will shortly be temporarily discontinued for the summer.

Sound-trained Agents JOHN F. BILLS and FRED R. B. MACKENZIE conducted a series of tests using the newly designed chokes on the three New York RFMT installations. A slight but detectable improvement was noticed when the new chokes were installed, but no difference could be determined between the results obtained with the potted or unpotted chokes.

The following observations were made at the three plant locations:

- 1. The new chokes gave somewhat less rushing or background noise in the headphones.
- 2. The RFMT output could be reduced somewhat, approximately one sixth turn of the control, and still obtain good operation.
- 3. There seemed to be a small decrease in the high frequency beat notes heard in the headphones.

4. The volume control of the Magnecord amplifier could be reduced about one eigth of a turn for loudness equivalent to that obtained when using the older Miller chokes. Number 956.

3)- Bureau (80-760)
(1 - FBI LABORATORY RADIO & ELECTRO
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John Control

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

Referral/Consult

Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Parsons DATE: 6-5-59 JUNE FROM : R. L. Millen DeLoach McGuire Mohr Parsons TECHNICAL PENETRATION DEVI SUBJECT: Rosen PATENT MATTER Tamm Trotter (Bufile 80-760) W.C. Sullivan _ Tele. Room . My memorandum of April 20, 1959 dealt with the by The device described in tne patent is known as the TR-1 and consists of a transistorized transmitter built into the microphone case of a telephone transmitter. In accordance with the approved recommendation of that memorandum, Mr. Swartz of this Section orally advised Messrs. Bullock and Stafford that the Bureau is not interested in applying the secrecy provisions of the Patent Act. On May 29, 1959, visited this Section to inquire as to the Bureau interest, if any, in the above patent. Mr. Swartz advised them that the Bureau is not interested in applying the secrecy provisions of the Patent Act. Also, Mr. Kane referred to Army development work on a "CT-1" transmitter which was in fact the same basic idea as the Devenco TR-1 unit. The Army classified this work Confidential. It was pointed out to that the Army was in a position to invoke the secrecy provisions of the Patent Act if they so desired. ACTION: The above is submitted for information and record. RLM:RWS:ctw Exempt f-Date of Declassification . Indefinite 55 JUN 10 1959

STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum . United States Governmen

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/26/59

FBI LABORATORY

SAC, CHICAGO (66-4794)

Device for Measuring Vibration From Surfaces Without Contact

There is enclosed a copy of Patent Number 2, 733, 597 as furnished to this office by Dr. R. F. HUMPHREYS, Vice President of the Armour Research oundation of the Illinois Institute of Technology, hicago, Illinois.

The above patent covers a device whose purpose is the measurement of surface vibration without contact with that surface by transmitting a sound wave of fixed frequency in the 100 to 500 kc. range toward the surface. The reflected wave influenced by the Doppler effect is received and by means of a discriminator the frequency of the vibrating surface may be determined.

It is Dr. HUMPHREYS belief that this device might have possible use within the FBI as a means of monitoring voices where some part of the enclosing room wall might be set in motion by sound waves from within. This, of course, without any physical contact with that The original work on this device was done under surface. a research and development contract with the Air Force at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base; Dayton, Ohio. This was under contract AF33(038)-17195, and Armour Project Number A015. Armour reserved the industrial patent rights and received the patent described above.

.You will note that the patent states that the surface need not be a plane surface, but may be irregular as well, and that evaluation of the vibration may be in terms of amplitude, velocity, and frequency. The maximum distance allowable between the vibrating surface and the measuring device is not now known here.

- Chicago RFB:ls Classificat Exemptify Criq Categor

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Dr. HUMPHREYS believed that reports on the device would be available through the Air Force. It was his understanding that the two devices that were built and delivered to the Air Force were not extensively used, and are sitting on a shelf somewhere". It was not known whether the device was unsatisfactory or the needs of the Air Force changed, but the latter was suspected by Dr. HUMPHREYS.

It is respectfully suggested that inquiry be made through the Air Force to determine, (1) the experience and conclusions of the Air Force regarding the device, (2) the range and sensitivity of the device, and (3) if it might be useful in the unusual situations where other means of monitoring could not be used for any reason.

It has been determined that the original researcher is no longer at Armour, but the Chicago Office will make any further inquiry desired by the laboratory

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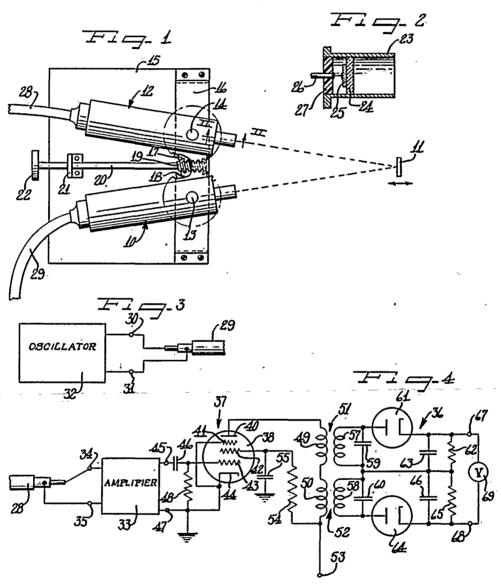
Feb. 7, 1956

H. C. HARDY

2,733,597

APPARATUS FOR MEASURING VIBRATIONS

Filed July 12, 1952



Howard C. Hardy

United States Patent Office

2,733,597 Patented Feb. 7, 1956

2,733,597

APPARATUS FOR MEASURING VIBRATIONS

Howard C. Hardy, Northlake, Ill., assignor to Armour Research Foundation of the Illinois Institute of Technology, Chicago, Ill., a corporation of Illinois

> Application July 12, 1952, Serial No. 298,649 2 Claims. (Cl. 73-69)

tions and more particularly to apparatus for measuring amplitude, velocity and frequency of vibration of a body without imposing any mechanical load thereon.

According to this invention, a sound wave of substantially fixed frequency is transmitted toward a moving or 20 vibrating surface which may be flat, concave, convex or irregular but sufficient to reflect the sound wave to some extent. The sound wave reflected from the surface is received and converted into electrical energy. Due to what is known as the "Doppler" effect, the frequency 25 of the reflected sound wave will deviate from the fixed frequency of the transmitted wave in direct proportion to the velocity of the movable or vibrating surface. The reflected sound wave, accordingly, is a wave frequency modulated in accordance with the velocity of the surface. 30 By this invention, a discriminator is responsive to the electrical energy converted from the reflected sound wave and produces an output voltage proportional to the change in frequency of the reflected sound wave relative to the fixed frequency of the transmitted sound wave 35 and hence proportional to the velocity of the moving or vibrating surface.

The output of the discriminator may be connected to an A.-C. volt meter which will have a reading proportional to the amplitude of vibration, and maximum 40 velocity of the vibrating surface. The output of the discriminator may also be connected to an oscilloscope or oscillograph to give a visual indication of the manner of vibration or movement of the surface and might also be connected to a frequency analyzer to determine the fre- 45 quency of vibration. Recording apparatus might also, of course, be responsive to the output of the discriminator.

It will be immediately apparent that this invention has the highly important advantage of giving an accurate measurement for indication of the vibration or movement 50 of a surface without imposing any mechanical load on the surface. In addition, this invention permits remote measurement of the vibration or movement. In this connection it may be noted that the transmitted sound wave may be directed to only a small portion of a movable or 55 vibrating surface so as to measure the vibration of that portion independent of other portions of the surface. Moreover, this invention gives extremely accurate measurements with a minimum of required components and a minimum of trouble that might be experienced from mal-functioning of components. Highly important also is the fact that the components can be assembled into a small, compact and portable unit.

Another object of this invention is to provide improved ment of a surface remotely and without mechanical load on the surface.

This invention contemplates other objects, features and advantages which will become more fully apparent from with the accompanying drawings which illustrate a preferred embodiment and in which:

Figure 1 is a plan view of a sound transmitting and receiving assembly disposed to measure vibration of a movable surface, according to the principles of this invention;

Figure 2 is a sectional view, on an enlarged scale, taken substantially along lines II-II of Figure 1 and illustrating one of the electro-acoustical transducer units used in the assembly of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a diagrammatical illustration of the ener-10 gization of the sound transmitting unit; and

Figure 4 is a schematic diagram of the receiving and discriminating unit.

As shown on the drawings:.

In Figure 1, reference numeral 10 designates an elec-This invention relates to apparatus for measuring vibra- 15 tro-acoustical transducer unit arranged to transmit sound toward a movable or vibrating member 11 while reference numeral 12 designates an electro-acoustical transducer unit arranged to receive sound waves reflected from the member 11. The transmitting transducer 10 and the receiving transducer 12 are fixed on shafts 13 and 14, respectively, which are journaled on a base 15 by a bracket 16 affixed to the base 15. Also affixed to shafts 13 and 14 are gears 17 and 18, respectively, which are disposed intermediate the bracket 16 and the base 15. A pinion 19 meshes with both gears 17 and 18 and is carried by a shaft 20 journaled for rotation in a bracket 21 secured to the base 15. The shaft 20 carries a knob 22 which may be manually rotated to simultaneously turn the transmitting transducer 10 and the receiving transducer 12 through, the gears 17 and 18, respectively, meshed with the pinion 19. It will be noted that the receiving transducer 12 and the transmitting transducer 10 are rotated in opposite directions and may be aimed at any target in line with the shaft 20 and at a distance from the transducers determined by the extent of rotation thereof.

The construction of both the transmitting transducer 10 and the receiving transducer 12 is similar, Figure 2 being a sectional view through the receiving transducer 12 and illustrating the construction thereof which includes a tubular housing 23, a piezo-electric crystal 24 disposed in the housing 23, a conductive plate 25 secured to the back of the crystal 24, and a connector pin 26 connected to the plate 25 and carried by an insulator 27. With this structure, a voltage will be induced between the housing 23 and the connector pin 26 proportional to the mechanical movement of the crystal 24 induced by sound waves reflected from the vibrating member 11. Conversely, in the transmitting transducer 10, the crystal thereof will be moved in proportion to the energizing voltage applied thereto.

The connector pin 26 and the housing of the receiving transducer 12 are connected to a shielded cable 28, a loading coil (not shown) preferably being connected in sèries between the connector pin 26 and the cable 28. Likewise, the crystal and housing of the transmitting transducer unit 10 are connected to a cable 29.

As shown in Figure 3, the terminal end of the cable 29 for the transmitting transducer 10 is connected to terminals 30 and 31 of a substantially fixed frequency oscillator 32. With the fixed frequency sound waves from the transmitting transducer 10 striking the movable or vibrating member 11, the reflected sound waves striking the receiving transducer 12 will have a frequency differapparatus for accurately measuring vibration and move- 65 ing from the fixed frequency of the transmitted sound waves in proportion to the velocity of movement of the member 11. The electrical energy output of the receiving transducer 12, therefore, will have a frequency differing from the fixed frequency in proportion to the vethe following detailed description taken in conjunction 70 locity, of the member 11, and may be considered a frequency modulated signal. This signal in the cable 28 is fed to an amplifier 33, Figure 4, the terminal end of the The output of the amplifier 33 is fed to a discriminator circuit generally designated by reference numeral 36 which will be described in detail hereinafter and which is sensitive to deviation of frequency of the incoming signal from a fixed frequency. To prevent variations in the amplitude of the signal from the receiving transducer 12, and other variations in amplitude which might arise from the amplifier 33, from affecting the operation of the discriminator 36, a limiter 37 is herein provided between the amplifier 33 and the discriminator 36 to limit the amplitude of the signal applied to the discriminator 36.

The limiter 37 may be constructed in any desired manner but herein includes a high-vacuum pentode tube 38 15 having a plate 40, a suppressor grid 41, a screen grid 42, a control grid 43, a cathode 44 and a heater (not shown) for heating the cathode 44 to a temperature in which it will emit electrons in a well-known manner. One output terminal 45 of the amplifier 33 is connected through 20 a capacitor 46 to the control grid 43 while another output terminal 47 of the amplifier 33 is connected to ground. The control grid 43 is connected through a grid-leak resistor 48 to ground and the cathode 44 and the suppressor grid 41 are likewise connected to ground. The 25 plate 40 is connected through series connected primaries 49 and 50 of output transformers 51 and 52, respectively, to a terminal 53 which may be connected to a source of high positive potential with respect to ground. The screen grid 42 is connected through a resistor 54 to the terminal 53 while a capacitor 55 between the screen grid 42 and ground is provided to minimize high frequency variations in voltage at the screen grid 42. The potentials of the limiter tube 38 are such that the A.-C. output current flowing in the transformer primaries 49 and 50 is limited to a predetermined value so that variations in the amplitude of the signal at terminals 45 and 47 will not affect changes in amplitude applied to the discriminator 36.

The discriminator 36 includes secondaries 57 and 58 of 40 the transformers 51 and 52, respectively, which are tuned by capacitors 59 and 60 to different frequencies, one a given amount above the fixed frequency of the oscillator 32 and the other preferably the same amount below the fixed frequency of the oscillator 32. The secondary 57 is connected to a circuit including a diode 61 and a resistor 62, a capacitor 63 being connected across the resistor 62 to minimize high frequency variations in voltage across the resistor 62. The secondary 58 is connected in a similar fashion to a circuit including a diode tube 50 64, a resistor 65 and a capacitor 66 across the resistor 65. The high frequency voltages of the secondaries 57 and 58 are thus rectified by the diodes 61 and 64 and are combined across the resistors 62 and 65, the output of the discriminator appearing between the terminals 67 55 and 68.

Within the limits of operation of the discriminator, the voltage between terminals 67 and 68 will be directly proportional to the difference in frequency between the fixed frequency sound waves transmitted toward the mem- 60 ber 11 and the frequency of the sound waves reflected from the member 11 and the polarity of the voltage will be determined by whether the frequency of the sound waves reflected from the member 11 is greater than or less than the frequency of the sound waves transmitted 65 toward the member 11. Since the frequency of the sound waves reflected from the member 11 differs from the fixed frequency of the sound waves transmitted toward the member 11 in proportion to the velocity of movement of the member 11, the voltage appearing between the out- 70 put terminals 67 and 68 of the discriminator 36 will indicate both the velocity and direction of movement of the member 11.

If the member 11 is oscillating toward and away from put, a discriminator connected to said limiter output for the transducers 10 and 12, an A.-C. voltage will be de- 75 responding to the varying frequency of the received en-

veloped between the terminals 67 and 68 which will have an amplitude directly proportional to the velocity amplitude of vibration of the member 11. Further, assuming the vibratory movement of the member 11 is sinusoidal, as will ordinarily be true, the A.-C. voltage appearing between the terminals 67 and 68 will be directly proportional to the maximum velocity of the member 11 in its vibratory movement. Hence the A.-C. voltmeter 69 connected between the terminals 67 and 68, in Figure 4 will indicate both the amplitude of vibration of the member 11 and the maximum velocity thereof. If desired, such an A.-C. voltmeter may be calibrated so as to read such quantities directly.

If desired, an oscilloscope or oscillograph may be connected to the terminals 67 and 68 to give a visual picture of the movement of the member 11. Also, a frequency analyzer might be connected between the terminals 67 and 68 to determine the frequence of vibration of the member 11.

It will be apparent that the means of this invention are highly advantageous since they permit the amplitude, velocity and frequency of vibration of a surface to be measured accurately without imposing any load on the surface. Further, the required components are at a minimum and may be assembled in compact, portable form. Also, the construction and operation is sufficiently simple and straightforward that the possibility of mal-functioning is minimized.

It will be understood that modifications and variations may be effected without departing from this invention. For example, the electro-acoustical transducer units 10 and 12 utilize crystals but it is apparent that other types of electro-acoustical transducers might be used. The crystals are preferable, however, in the frequency range which is most satisfactory to the optimum operation of the invention. A fixed frequency from 100 to 500 kilocycles has been found to be highly satisfactory and the crystal type of electro-acoustical transducer operates very effectively over such a frequency range.

Other modifications, such as the use of different types of discriminators or limiters may be made, of course, without departing from the spirit and scope of the novel concepts of the present invention.

I claim as my invention:

1. Apparatus for measuring vibrations of a surface, comprising: acoustical energy transmitting and receiving means for transmitting energy toward a vibrating surface and receiving energy reflected therefrom with the frequency of the reflected energy deviating in both directions from the frequency of the transmitted energy in response to vibratory movement of the surface toward and away from said transmitting and receiving means, discriminator means coupled to said receiving means for responding to the varying frequency of the reflected energy and producing an alternating current electrical signal of amplitude and frequency of vibration of the vibrating surface, and means for coupling said alternating current electrical signal to alternating current indicating means.

2. Apparatus for measuring vibrations of a surface, comprising: a support base, a pair of directional electroacoustical transducers mounted on said base, means for adjusting the positions of said transducers to aim the same at and transmit and receive acoustical energy toward and from a vibrating surface with the frequency of the received energy deviating in both directions from the frequency of the transmitted energy in response to vibratory movement of the surface toward and away from said transducers, a fixed frequency alternating current generator connected to one of said transducers, an amplifier having an output and having an input connected to the other of said transducers, a limiter having an output and having an input connected to said amplifier output, a discriminator connected to said limiter output for responding to the varying frequency of the received energy.



2.788.597

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ergy and producing an alternating current electrical sig-		2,268,587	Guanella Jan. 6, 1942
nal of amplitude and frequency corresponding to the am-		2,399,017	Goldman Apr. 23, 1946
plitude and frequency of vibration of the vibrating sur-		2,431,854	Wood Dec. 2, 1947
face, and means for coupling said alternating current elec-		2,557,979	Labin June 26, 1951
trical signal to alternating current indicating means.	5	2,596,529	Clarke May 13, 1952
References Cited in the file of this patent			

UNITED STATES PATENTS

2,193,361 Rice _____ Mar. 12, 1940 STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI.

DATE: June 10, 1959

Marie :

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (66-672)

2 SECRET

SUBJECT:

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT

(RFMT)

THE

ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

RADIO & ELECTRICAL SECTION

Reurlet to SAC, New York, March 25, 1959, with cc to San Francisco forwarding four Ortho filter chokes, No. 6504.

Two of the chokes have been installed in RFMT unit, while the remaining two are being used in the central office branch. The best available circuit for test purposes does not lend itself to distance tests on actual lines, but additional wire was inserted between "A" and "B" as indicated in the attached sketch. In the sketch, "Sub." indicates "Subject's Phone", "Ext." an extension phone on the same line in the direction of "C.O.", or Central Office.

With no extra wire between "A" and "B", reception was excellent. One position on each frequency band appeared to be best. Inserting approximately 100 feet of No. 19 twisted pair produced practically no difference in the loudness or quality of the audio signal.

A length of 300 feet of No. 22 "Jacket Inside Telephone Wire" (Catalogue No. 1432, Whitney-Blake) inserted between "A" and "B", coiled as originally purchased, caused a noticeable reduction imperformance, but with reasonably good room acoustics intelligible recordings could have been made. The conductors in this wire do not appear to be twisted.

Talking directly into the microphone of "Ext." with cradle switch held down could scarcely be heard, indicating that the two choke coils were effective in blocking the RF.

CCs:

2 - Bureau (ENGILI) (AM-REG.)

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RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)

JUNE



Two of the old chokes were inserted in a shielded box, with the shielding continuous from the audio output plug of RFMT to the Magnecorder amplifier. This was fairly effective in preventing RF from entering the amplifier, but there are certain adjustments at which the RF to amplifier is considerable, as indicated by the V.U. meter. However, it was possible to find good spots with no appreciable RF to the amplifier.



DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORIT FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-22-2011 40 Ft **BOOD** Sub. EXT C.O. 40 Ft V_{To} V RFMT MARRIERO C.O. TERMINAL SUB BLOCK LELL CELEBER APR 2 5 1975 Exempt from 615 Cultural Bull for Bull of Bretadiffication . 18 de la faction de la company de la co ENCLOSURE 11: 424

ASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUID

Mr. Parsons

प्रविद्य मिल्ला मिल्ल

130 JIN 18 1959

R: L. Millen

COUNTERMEASURES, aka, COUNTERMEASURE DEVICES. COUNTERMEASURE SWITCHES

In the interest of limiting the volume and subject matter of mail placed in the file. Ultrasonic Listening Devices (80-760), a new file has been opened, entitled Countermeasures (80-805). Previously, correspondence concerning countermeasure devices was filed in 80-760.

It is now intended that there be placed in the 80-760 file only that material concerning the application of radio or ultrasonic frequencies to both microphone-telephone surveillances (RFMT) and straight technical surveillances. The latter surveillances pick up only telephone conversation while the RFMT also picks up room conversation when the phone is not in use.

To be filed in 80-805 from now on is that material relating to. devices designed to prevent the phone from picking up room conversation. Several of these devices have been developed and are generally referred to as "Countermeasures" (CM's). The Bureau's CM is effective against not only the RFMT, but also against other techniques of altering a telephone to pick up room conversation. Therefore, there will be material in 80-805 concerning more than just the countermeasure against the RFMT.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information only.

80-805 **80-760 (ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES)**

1 - Mr. Litrento (Attention: Mrs. Blanche Anderson)

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olson JVIVI ctw	SECRET
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Parsons	Exempt from GDS, Category
rotter C. Sullivan	

SAC, Chicago (66-4794)

6-3-59

Director, FBI 80-760-

DEVICE FOR MEASURING VIBRATION OF SURFACES WITHOUT CONTACT

Reurlet 5-26-59 concerning the patent for a device to measure surface vibration through use of 100 kc to 500 kc frequencies.

In view of the satisfactory contact microphones now available for Bureau use and in view of the extremely high attenuation of supersonic frequencies when transmitted through the air, it is not felt that the patented device would have application to the work of the Bureau at this time. It would appear that the use of contact microphones would be simpler in the event that the vibrating surface was available. Any effort to apply the patented idea from a remote location would encounter the extremely high attenuation of supersonic signals in air paths.

Your interest in forwarding the referenced technical material is greatly appreciated. In view of the above, no further action is being taken by the Bureau at this time. *.

Trotter

Classified by 24 Tolson Exempt from GDS, Category Belmont DeLoach Date of Deck suffication -McGuire Mohr Parsons APR 25-1975 Rosen Tamm

COMM-FBI

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED b6 DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sq b7C b7D Office Memorandum) UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MR. D. J. PARSONS DATE: MR. A. H. BELMON'D McGuire Parsons Rosen MODULATION PROCESSES IN SYSTEMS OF TYPE PR-4 W.C. Sullivan _ Tele. Room . On the afternoon of May 28, 1959, Holloman delivered the attached material to my office. has previously consulted the Laboratory on aspects of this equipment and has received suggestions from the Laboratory. This is being sent to Mr. Parsons for Laboratory examination and any comment which the Laboratory may care to pass on to It is noted that this is Copy #5 of 15 copies, according to a notation on the cover sheet. Copy #3 was designated for so it is Cew

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Chejerus

APR 25 1975

55 JUIN 24 1959

FROM :

SUBJECT:

apparent that the

ENCLOSURE AHB:LL//

1--Mr. Belmont 1--Mr. Moore 1--Mr. Parsons

(4)

to

REC- 15 80-760.4

ATO JUN 23 1959

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE_03-22-2011

.7-66 (Rev. 6-13-57

REC- 15. 80-760 - 424

June 18, 1959

Special Agent in Charge June, San Francisco (66-672)

Dr.

Re:

RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

The comments in your letter dated June 10, 1959, captioned as above, are appreciated. The Electronics Section has observed that in aggravated instances practically all radio-frequency interference in the amplifier can be eliminated if all of the telephone and audio lines in the plant are shielded and the shields grounded at one point. Also, lines between the RF unit and the Magnecorder amplifier should have RF chokes as set out in your letter of reference.

The above is for the information of the Sound-trained Agents of your office.

once CKC:nll (5)

> JUN 18 1959 Exempt from GDS Category 2

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Belmont Mohr

Nease Parsons

Tamm Trotter

TELETYPE UNIT 🗀

MAILED 8

Action: The brochure is being

-01-10 along with technical

comments concerning the

1 - Mr. Belmont

b6 b7C

b7D

Selmont

DeLoach McGuire Mohr Parsons Rosen.

Tamm Trotter

Hollomo

W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room

caded 08/31/2010

re and diagrams of the have been reviewed. From the photographs and the brochure, the wilt exhibits a neat and well-planned layout and high-quality construction throughout. It is noted on page 3 of the brochure that

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category Bate of Declare Frenches - Ladeling

APR 25 1975

ENCLOSURE 71. 7602 426

APR : 5 #75

June 12, 1959

b7c

PATENT MATTERS

	On 6/19/59, while discussing new electronic security and investigative products with SA J. M. Matter, Devenco, Inc., (a New York City research and development concern) revealed	•
	the following.	')
		しゃのかし
	"Telephone Countermeasure Device and Method" (Serial #335, 617) on 1/14/53	N なりし
	Research Products, Inc., of Panbury, Connecticut, had made application on 5/3/51 for a patent covering a "Telephone Protective Switch (Serial #224, 307). Secrecy provisions concerning the Bureau's patent application were invoked on	PY FILED
	2/6/53. This was reportedly applied to application shortly thereafter.	5
	also indicated that Devence had very recently developed a highly successful 'power-line microphone' which picks up room conversation clearly and utilizes a principle of "FM carrier." The company is looking into the possibility of patent application on this device. For your information, the Bureau made application on 10/7/53 for a patent on a microphone on a 110-volt power line under the name of "Communications System" (Serial #384, 800) in the name of The secrecy provision was invoked 10/30/53.	ORIGINAL COPY
	RECOMMENDATION: SECRET	
Tolson	You may wish to have these matters discussed with Mr. T. Hayward Brown, Chief of the Justice Department Patent Section, to determine whether the present Bureau patent applications are broad enough to protect the Government's	
Mohr	Interests. Classified by 24 Interests. Classified by 24 Interests. So - 7 6 0 NOT RECORDED 1 80-805 (Countermeasures) NOT RECORDED	
W.C. Sulliv	1-80-780 (110-Volt AC Power Line Microphones	•

Office .	Memorandu		IITEĎ S.		ERNMENT
		- -	P? Pr		~~ v m v m and d] d
TO :	Mr. Tolson	\ /	• •	DATE: July	7, 1959
FROM :	Mr. Parsons	SECRI	TENE	(Tolso Belmo DeLoo McGuy Mohr
SUBJECT:	¥	/ \		b6	Parso Rosen Tamm
	PATENT MATT		LDEVICE.	b7C Referral/Co	Tele.
	(Bufile 80-760)		4113°		Hollon Gandy
	In my 4/20/59 m		to you, I re		
by desired (m		of Deve	nco, Inc. (a	n electronics	concern) or
	R-1) which, when plans to a point one hu				
15	vv vv promine vast ALM				
Bureau hac	no such interest	•	Both of the	m have been a	advised the
Bureau has	no such interest.			*	
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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

د	Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
4	TO : Mr. Parsons DATE: September 3, 1959
	FROM: R. L. Millen SECRET. DeLoach McGulre McGulre Mohr Parsons
,	SUBJECT: TECHNICAL PENETRATION DEVICE PATENT MATTER b7C Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Holloman
ž)	Devence, Inc., New York City, on 9/2/59, in a discussion with section personnel regarding electronic developments.
Devi	As you will recall, Devence has applied for a patent on the TR-1, a transistorized miniature transmitter designed for concealment in the mouthnises of the telephone.
2111	
15760	advised that
16 1	
MOS EN	
11172	Devence has been awarded a contract by the State Department to make up
0	30 infrared detection units according to specifications supplied by the State Department. Devence is disturbed over the poor specifications and limited applicability of these units and has suggested improvements to State Department. State Department has refused to authorize any changes and Devence is going ahead
	80-760 SECRET EX: 80-760 hugge
	JMM:pjc (8) Classified by 24 Ar 10 J75 Exempt from GDS, Category 1 BCC 61 OCT 5 59 1950 of Deck same on - Indefinite C 61 APR 2 5 1975

Millen to Mr. Parsons Re: TECHNICAL PENETRATION DEVICE 80~760 Referral/Consult with them. Devenco Engineer, states that he has no idea how State Department can get any extended and universal use out of these units because of the extreme limitations in their performance. Devenco has completed The Coast Guard, approximately six months ago, awarded a contract for miniature transceivers at \$300.00 apiece, Devenco bid at that time was \$800.00. The concern which won the bid originally has been unable to furnish transceivers at the \$300.00 price. Devence has been called in by Coast Guard and negotations are now under way with the idea of Devenco producing the desired transceivers at the \$800.00 price. advised that Devenco is operating in a consultant capacity to the National Security Agency (NSA). No changes are made until Devenco acutally supplies services or equipment as a result of a NSA request for assistance. He indicated that at the present time Devenco is working on a highly confidential proposal which if successful, will assist the nation materially in its intelligence operations. He did not indicate any specific details but it is felt that this project probably has to do with attempts to compromise code machines. RECOMMENDATION: For information. Classified by 24

Exempt for m Cits Category 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc báw/sab/lsý

Office Memorgadum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 10/23/59 Parsons DATE: Tolson Belmont R. L. Millen DUM FROM DeLoach McGuire Mohr . Parsons b7C Rosen TECHNICAL PENETRATION DEVICE, Referral/Consult Tamm. Trotter W.C. Sullivan _ Tele. Room . altrasonic Listeniner Devices Holloman _ Gandy _ Devenco, Inc., applied for a patent on a technical device which when placed within a telephone will broadcast the conversations over a very short distance by radio. The Bureau is not interested in the device because of limiting technical factors. indicated that if the Government applied the secrecy provisions to his product, thereby restricting its market, he would seek damages. Subsequently, through contacts it has been learned that the Defense Department acting on a request bu The Bureau is not involved in this action in any way. ACTION: For information and record purposes. RLM:nll:rys (4) 80-760 REC- 62 NOT RECORDED 14 OCT 27 1959 S., Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Intelligible

55 OCT 29 1959

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-22-2011 b6 b7C b7E 4 Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mr. Tamm 12/9/59 DATE: Tolson Belmont FROM DeLoach McGuire Mohr . JUNE Parsons SUBJECT: Rosen COUNTERMEASURES Tamm Trotter 80-760 W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room Holloman Pursuant to the request of Security Officer, Office of the Secretary of Defense, countermeasure installation in the residential telephones of Washington, D. C was removed 12/8/59. RECOMMENDATION: None. For information. 1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Liaison Section) ĞWM:nll REC 21 80-760 EX-203 Exempt from CDS, Category 2 12 DEC 15:1959 Date of Declassification . ! definite 55 DEC 31 1 23

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

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and a	Date	11/30/59	-	Case Referenc	es	80-7€0
	Consigned	l to:	AC, Phila	delphia	ReBul	et 11/17/59
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6	5 x 241/5-9 DVER	8/6	1-85-2	37/8/11		Mr. Downing, 6228 IB Mr. Millen, 7140 Mr. Deiss, 6127 IB
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80-760-431 CHANGED TO 66-8160-2397

JAN 1 9 1960 %. R.

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ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 Tolson Mohr . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Parsons Belmont emorandum Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen DATE: 2/12/60 Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room FROM SUBJECT: b7C TR-1_TRANSISTORIZED_TRANSMITTER Referral/Consult USED IN TELEPHONE INSTRUMENT The TR-1 is manufactured by Devenco, Inc., of New York City. When substituted for the regular mouthpiece microphone of a telephone, the TR-1 will broadcast conversations a short distance to radio receiver. The TR-1 does not pick up room conversations and broadcast them when the phone is hung up. When Devenco started to patent the TR-1. through the Defense Department, The following is for information and record. Devenco, Inc., supplied the following information to Electronics Section personnel on 2/2/60. On 1/21/60, turned down the personal request of two Chicago Police Department (PD) detectives for the purchase of a TR-1. One of the detectives claimed to be a former Agent of the Federal Bureau of Narcotics. They stated they wanted to use the TR-l in their investigation of alleged participation of members of the Chicago PD in a burglary ring exposed in that city. An hour after the initial request, turned down another request for the TR-1 made by a New York-official of the Bureau of Narcotics. He felt the request was being made on behalf of the Chicago detectives and advised the New York official that he could not be a party to making TR-l available to other than Federal agencies. When in Washington on 1/26/60, was able to confirm, through a Washington Bureau of Narcotics official, that the request made in New York had, in fact, been made on behalf of Chicago investigators. A day or so later, received a personal letter from a District Supervisor of the Chicago office of the Burgau of Narcotics, written on official Treasury Department stationery. told he wanted to purchase a TR-1 to turn over to investigators of the State Attorney General's Office in offered to pay \$750 for Chicago for use in the investigation of the Chicago PD. the unit by personal check. refused this request. It appears that Bureau of Narcotics officials are making a determined t toophtain this device for use by local officials in the Chicago PD investigation. REC. 11. For information and record. ACTION: None. 1 - Mr. Malon Classified by 24 Bufile 80-760 Exemption CDS, Calegory 2 JMM/RLM:rwp

	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum		Tolson
100	FROM: R. L. Millen PLM SECR	DATE: February 19,	1960 Rosen
	SUBJECT: MAGNETIC TAPE EXAMINAT	IONS	b7C
	The Anchorage Office has report that Alaska State Courts were installing court reporters. During installation of Magnetic Recording Division of Sment in training courses at Anchorage has determined that it is impossible to substitution cannot be detected. "This Alaska, and Minneapolis, Minnesota, in tape recorders in Alaska State Courts.	s Soundscriber tape record the equipment, Soundscriber Corporation, and Fairbanks to the effect substitute words on a tape same statement appeared	made a state- t that "the FBI so that the in Anchorage,
6.004	As a result of the Bureau's 1/26 Office replied on 2/3/60, that it had int New Haven. Both officials claimed tha made as a result of information receive D. C., factory representative.	Soundscriber Corport the above-quoted statement of the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber's Water to the soundscriber to	and ration at ent had been
	works closely with of the Administrative Office of the Unit and was told by that the FBI ha that it is impossible to substitute words should be noted that Warren Olney III, the Department of Justice, is the Direct U. S. Courts, an independent agency.	d run tests for s on a tape without it being former Assistant Attorney	and reported detected. It General in
	Mr. Wick of the Crime Records Division his attention that the Soundscriber peop connection with their efforts to sell the purpose in calling was to advise the Bu	ole had been using the namir equipment. He further reau of this situation and the any statement to the effects on 2/12/60, it is presented his present the Soundscriber Compared.	had come to e of the FBI in stated that his to assure the ect that the FBI Mr. DeLoach evious remarks any, in attempting
	FBI." SECRET	Q REC- 66 80 - 760 Eurick FEB	7 43 3 24 1960

Memorandum to Mr. Tamm
RE: MAGNETIC TAPE EXAMINATIONS
80-760

and stated they will cease making such statements concerning the FBI. It appears that contact should be made with for the purpose of eliminating any further comment such as appeared in the newspapers, because we made no such tests and the comments are false.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached letter to WFO be approved.

SECRET

Classified by 21

Exempt from GBS Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

APR 25 1975

March 10, 1960

arsons amm

- Belmont

Branigan Whitson

The Attorney General

Director, PBI

PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVE, AUGUST 23, 1950

Reference is made to the memorandum to you from this Bureau dated August 6, 1958, commenting on a that the proposal of Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, regarding the ultrasonic listening device be withdrawn.

On March 9, 1960, at a meeting of the National Security Council Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures, on which the Federal Bureau of Investigation is represented,

This is the effect obtained by the use of the ultrasonic listening device or radio frequency ϖ 致 microphone.

P. A. 1 0 1960 MAILED, 2

Mohr Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen

Tamm

Trotter W.C. Sullivan

BO-760

LW:sbs

Exemplifrom GDS, Category 3 Date of Declassification . Indefinit

> SECRET ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

10 MAR 11 1960

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

The Attorney General

The most practical countermeasure the removal of any telephone instruments from rooms in which conferences are held in our installations abroad.

You will be kept informed of any pertinent developments in this matter.

1 - Mr. Lawrence E. Walsh Deputy Attorney General

1 - Assistant Attorney General J. WalterYeagley

Dys & 6 Welsk returned his copy Heren distroyed,

Referral/Consult

Classified "hop Secret" because the Presidential Directive regarding ultrasonic listening devices is so classified and because See cover memo captioned "National Security Council Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures dated 3-9-60 pepared by LW:sbs.

Classified by

Declassification . Indefinite

The Broke Processor	DATE U3-22-	-2Ull BY 60324 uc	: baw/sab/lsg		
	H. Belmont A. Branigan CR	NR ET	1 - Parsons 1 - Tamm (At 1 - Belmont March 9 1 - Branigar 1 - Whitson		
NA7 OM- Form No. DJ-34 (Ed. 9-31-56)	TIONAL SECURITY CO		<i>‡</i> \	Referral/Consul b6 b7C	.t
Control No.	o bin	ARTMENT OF JUST	•	rs-271	
FROM (Division or Off TO Director DELIVERED B RECEIVED BY . E DATE	H. Kryvan	For Judg For	:20 P.M	100m 4111 Room 4	
FROM <u>Director</u> DATE <u>March 10</u> CLASSIFICATION	Attorney General	FILE NO. 80-AUGUST 23, 1	Y_ Carbon OF		COPIES
presidenti Secretary countermean a lettor to as a matter technical of Enc. Enc. 105-19581 LW:abs (7)	the interney Gores of Interagency is surveillance Six Chassified by 24 Exempt from GDS Cheek Data of Decrees ficular	tary of the various aspaic listening advising the rest in the last of the last	Treasury, ects regarding devices, the field of NOT RECORD 170 MAR 18 19	ng the use and nere is attache is development radio frequenc	SELCINAL OFF

Memorandum from Mr. Branigan to Mr. Belmont RE: NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES 105-19581

The FBI Laboratory is considering any possible problems which might affect the Bureau.

SE&RET

(See Addendum Attached Page.)

Classified by A Rempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite

APR 25 1975

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-22-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sq

ADDENDUM:

3/16/60; RLM:rwp

The Laboratory is closely following this matter through our representation on the National Security Council Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures Subcommittee, including observing local tests being conducted by those members having a possible overseas problem. Any significant test findings will be reported promptly. FBI Laboratory tests in the Department of Justice Building, a modern type structure where telephone lines are encased in metal conduit and cables thereby providing shielding against radio frequencies, have been negative with respect to this reported problem.

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Decinssification . Indefinite

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

Office Memorandum • United States Government

•	
TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760)	DATE: 3/16/60
SAC, WFO (80-204)	Tach
SECRET	Joe Mite Contrad
SUBJECT: MAGNETIC TAPE EXAMINATIONS	b6 b7c Porses
ReBulet 2/23/60.	De
ReBulet requested that	Sound W
Scriber Corporation, Factory Representati	ve, he interviewed
relative to a statement attributed to him	
Connecticut. The statement that was alle	orporation, New Haven,
attributed to was to the effect t	
determined that it is impossible to subst	
tape so that the substitution cannot be	letected."
0. 0/14/00	
On 3/14/60, advised that he is	lwas interviewed.
Scriber Engineering Corporation and Direct	
Tape Division of the Sound Scriber Corpor	ration. He advised
that he resides at Bet	hesda, Md., Telephone
OLiver 6-6172related that the	District Office of
the Sound Scriber Corporation is present	
Wisconsin Avenue, N.W. He stated that he	
to the Washington, D.C., office of Sound- operated from his own home. stat	sed that he had been
informed by	Sound
Scriber Corporation, New Haven, Connection	
ment referred to above, had been attribut	
stated that when	
New Haven, Connecticut, after receiving t	
	id told in no \ ware as to how the
statement that appeared in the Alaska paper	ers could be attributed
to him. stated that he received	
as to why he made the statement, e	
told him that he thought had made	this statement.
stated that he realized	that the Bureau
would be concerned about such a statement	
press and he wanted to make certain that	
the fact that this statement was not in a	aný way made by him,
nor did he at any time even consider maki	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
APPER MILLER REC. OI A	80-760 1/25
A CONTROL ORE TO APR 2 57.1975 ALCO 91 3/8	100 M 60-4-20
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b6 b7c

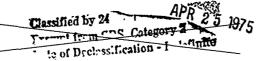
WFO 80-204

SECRET

well aware of the fact that the Bureau could not lend its name to any product for endorsement. ______also mentioned that he has had no dealings with the FBI in connection with the possible sale of sound scriber equipment or tape recordings. He said the only information he had in connection with the FBI was that some of the salesmen in the D.C. Office had made efforts to sell the FBI some of its equipment, but had been unsuccessful.

stated that as an official of the Sound Scriber Corporation, he regrets deeply the fact that such a statement was published and made by a representative of the Sound Scriber Corporation in a training course in Alaska. He stated that the Bureau could be sure that there would be no further comments made by a representative of the Sound Scriber Corporation concerning the FBI.





DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-23-2011

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	0	b6 Tolson b7C Mohr Parsons
Memorandum		Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone
y To : Mr. Tamm	DATE: March 1, 1960	McGuire Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan
FROM: I. W. Conrad SECP	HT	Tele: Room
SUBJECT: PATENT MATTERS; Patent Application No. 40783	1 filed by	20 Clamond
		- 0. C.
On February 26, 1960, in res	_	Office,
I reviewed a patent application which has be a microphone searching kit. Purpose of the		for whether
Secrecy Act as a security measure.		
The patent application states "high frequency transmitters or resona listening" and points out that such list controlled or powered. In this connection, refers to a type of radio-controlled micror placed in a Great Seal of the United States Moscow by the Russians in 1952. The pate further detail the nature or construction of	tors used for surreptitious ening devices may be remo the term "resonators" un phone similar to the cavity in the United States Embas ent application does not dis	s otely doubtedly microphone ssy in
Since a discussion of the find. U. S. Embassy had appeared in the newspap an unclassified U. S. patent previously had of operation of such resonator microphone not invoke the Inventions Secrecy Act to classified the application under secrecy would liable for possible damages as a result of the security factor involved does not warrant it is noted that Service who has since gone into business for several items manufactured by him, included.	been granted covering the s, it is considered that the assify the present applicated automatically make the loss of revenue by the ant such action. FEC 76 is a former employee of the present and the FBI has	principles FBI should ion of Schmidt. U. S. Government e inventor, and of the Secret as purchased
	EX-135 6 APR 7 f the Patent Office that FB ect to the patent application	
Dave 3/2/60 plassified by 24 Exemple from GDS, Category & N. 2,5 1975 Date of Declarification - indefinite	2	
IWC:mn 5204 (2) 7m 52APR 1 1 1960	٦.	7-900

DATE:

NITED STATES GOV Mr. Tamms **FROM** R. L. Miller SUBJECT: ELECTRONIC LISTENING DEVICES MOSLER RESEARCH PRODUCTS COMPANY,

6/8/60

On 6/8/60, representatives of the Electronics Section witnessed a display of technical devices located in the window of the Barricini Candy Store at 13th and F Streets, N. W., in Washington. The display is ostensibly plugging the movie, "Man on a String" which, as you know, is reportedly the story of Boris Morros, a former Bureau Informant. It appears that the Mosler Research Products Company, Inc., which acted as a technical adviser in making the movie, is using this method to get publicity for their products.

There are a number of items on display. A "security kit" which could be used in searching for hidden microphones, a metal detector, an intrusion alarm and two different radio frequency (RF) probes are shown as examples of security protection devices sold by Mosler.

In addition to these protection devices, several small microphones capable of concealment are on display as well as the Mosler version of the "machine-gun-mike" which has received publicity in the past as being able to pick up conversations from a considerable distance but which in reality is not of much practical value.

All of the above-mentioned items appear to be actual working models of equipment. In addition, there is a dummy item on display which is labelled a "parabolic radar microphone." A placard describes it as a miniature radar device which can direct radar beams at a window or other vibrating surface and recover conversations from the waves as they bounce back. This item is obviously a dummy, but the placard infers that it is a working model. As you know, this is not a new idea, and under the present state of the art, it is not capable of practical use.

It is noted that most of the items on display have received publicity before through Congressional Committee Hearings, publicity seeking reporters, "exposés," etc. It appears that Mosler is attempting to cash in on any publicity brought about by the exhibition of the movie, "Man on a String."

APR 25 JUN_20 1960 For informa ACTION: None. Classified by 24 Exemp (rom/GDS, Category, 2) Date of Declarification Indefinite

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GERNMENT Memorandum



b6 b7C

: Director, FBI (80-760)

DATE: 6/2/60

Attention: FBI Laboratory

Electronics Section

SAC, Indianapolis (66-223)

SUBJECT: SWITCH ASSEMBLIES FOR 500P

TELEPHONE SET ROSONIC

WISTENING

There are enclosed under separate cover two 500P switch assemblies of the type used in the 500p telephone set, These items were secured from Industrial Relations

Department, Western Electric Company, Indianapolis,

Indiana.

Received of/60

Bureau Icc-Package (RM) l - Indianapolis

BPF:fjm (4)

retained in Flec, Section 6/7/60

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinit

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-23-2011

Olltrasonic Listering De Vices

80-760

SECRET

May 18, 1960

Special Agent in Charge , Indianapolis

Re: SWITCH ASSEMBLIES FOR 500P TELEPHONE SET

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

It is requested that two switch assemblies of the type used in the 500P telephone set be obtained from Western Electric Company at Indianapolis. These units should be forwarded to the FBI Laboratory, attention Electronics Section. They are needed in connection with certain security studies being made by the Bureau.

JMM:pcc (5)

80-760 -NOT RECORDED . 20 MAY 191960

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APR 25 1975

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Mohr Parsons Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room

TELETYPE UNIT

TO THAT OF THE

b6 1 - Swartz 1 -Whitson 1 - Parsons 1 - Tamm 1 - Belmont 1 - Millen 1 - Branigan SAC. Baltimore December 12. 1960 Director, FBI (8 LTBASONIC LISTENING DEVICES On December 7, 1960, a representative of the Office of the Secretary of Defense informed a special committee of the National Security Council that during the middle of November 1960, one Physical Security Research Laboratory, 7107 Windsor Mill Road, Baltimore, Maryland, brought to the Department of Defense a listening device which when tapped into a telephone line permitted the user to hear sounds in the room in which the phone was located even though the handset was in the cradle. A card which left with a Defense representaindicated he had previously been located at Falls Church, Virginia, and had represented the Physical Security allegedly was employed at one time by the Federal Government, and later by the Mosler Company. There are no identifiable references in Bufiles to Physical Security Service or Physical Security Research Laboratory. Since there is a possibility that device employs, the Tadio frequency principle which could bring it within security restrictions, Baltimore and Washington Field should immediately identify and furnish Bureau background_datak REC- 35 80-760-438 MAILED 2 - Washington Field DEC 1 2 1960 172 DEC 1.4-1960 NOTE ON YELLOW: Information furnished to Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures by nec Tr LW:lcp yw (12) 29 1960

Mr. Parsons Mr. Branigan - Mr. Belmont Mr. Whitson - Mr. Tamm 1 - Mr. Millen - Mr. Matter 12-14-60 Airtel **b**6 b7C SAC, Baltimore From: Director, FBI (80-760) JULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES ReBulet 12-12-60. Physical Security Research Laboratory, 7107 Windsor Mill Road, Baltimore, Maryland, reportedly retired from United States Army in 1958 as Sergeant. He had been assigned to the Intelligence Board at Fort Holabird and engaged in the evaluation of physical security equipment. He is reported to be a "practical" engineer. It is reported that after retiring from the Army was employed by Diebold, Inc., at Canton, Ohio, but is now operating independently on a consultant basis. reportedly has no tie in with Diebold, Inc., or the United States Government. Baltimore should have two sound-trained Agents interview and examine the equipment mentioned in relet on the basis that he has demonstrated certain sound equipment to the Department of Defense and a question had risen as to whether the equipment had any Bureau application. No commitment should be made to by the interviewing Agents. This will confirm the instructions given to Supervisor Ludwig Oberndorf by Mr. W. A. Branigan on 12-14-60 that Washington Field should discontinue efforts to obtain background information on[2 - Washington Field Tabaga Tolson /7 19 DEC 15 1960 Mohr (12) T SEE NOTE, ON YELLOW PAGE TWO Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room

Ingram Gandy

b6 b7C

Airtel SAC, Baltimore RE: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES 80-760

SECRET

NOTE ON YELLOW:

·
During the middle of November, 1960, brought to the Department of Defense a listening device which allegedly permitted the user to hear sounds in a room in which the phone was located when the device was tapped into the telephone line, even though the handset was in the cradle. There are no identifiable references to in Bufiles and WFO and Baltimore were instructed to identify him and furnish background data.
Mr. John Matter of the FBI Laboratory obtained the background lata regarding cited above on 12-14-60 from Bureau of Ships, Department of the Navy, Washington, D. C.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
Memorandum Selmont Callaban DeLoach Deloach Molone Molone
TO: Mr. Tammi DATE: January 3, 1961 DATE: January 3, 1961 McGulfe Rosen Tamm Trotter W.C. Slullvan Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Tele. Rosen Teles. Rosen Te
FROM : R. L. Millen POLECRET JUNE millingram Gandy
SUBJECT COUNTERMEASURE PROGRAM, UILLA CONIC LISTENING
As you know, Laboratory engineers have for many years maintained an active program for providing protection in the form of alterations to telephone instruments of high government officials so that these instruments do not constitute a security hazard by picking up:room conversation when not in use as a telephone instrument.
Captain Baker of the White House Army Signal Detachment has indicated to
will advise when the instrument to be removed is to be restored to standard wiring. He will, at that time, also make available a reserve duplicate "anniversary model" instrument for restoration. It is anticipated that placing of the countermeasures in the new "500" instrument will be handled at the same time with coordination through A suitable time has not been determined as yet.
Unless advised to the contrary, the Laboratory will follow closely with the telephone company contact and will perform the necessary work on the instruments as we have in the past.
For the information of Liaison it is noted that this action was initiated by the White House Signal Detachment rather than through Secret Service representatives
ACTION: Laboratory will follow closely to completion.
1 - Mr. Belmont
1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Mr. Bartlett)
RLM:cay (8) SECRETAPR 25 1975) 25. JAN 9 1961
5 1 JAN 19 1961 Arms from CDS, Category
31 JAN 19 1961 And Declassification

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-23-2011

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

.b6 .b7c

TO

Director, FBI (80-760)

DATE:

1/3/61

FROM.

SAC, Baltimore (66-543

JUNE

SUBJECT:

ÚLTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

ReBulet 12/29/60.

On 12/31/60 SA J. CARLTON GARTNER contacted who advised that he would be agreeable to an appointment at 10:30 AM, 1/10/61, in Room 7140 of the Justice Building, Washington, D. C.

Bureau 1-Baltimore RJL: MMS (3)



EX 109

SECRET

Exemple of Declassification - Indefinite

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SAC, Baltimore (66-543) December 29, 1960 Director, FBI (80-760) ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Reurlet 12-20-60, reporting on special listening devices demonstrated to you by who reportedly has developed these units himself. Inasmuch as these devices may involve certain principles and techniques which are considered highly confidential, it is requested that you and accept his offer to demonstrate his equipment at the FBI Laboratory in Washington, D. C. If convenient for him, an appointment should be made for 10:30 a.m., January 10, 1961, at the Justice Building, Room 7140, Washington, D. C. If this time is not agreeable, an appointment should be made for any weekday within two weeks after 1-10-61. In any event advise the Bureau, attention Electronics Section, as to the exact appointment made 1 - Mr. Belmont (Attention: Mr. Whitson) formerly did technical security work as a Sergeant at the U.S. Army Intelligence Center, Fort Holabird, Maryland. He has reportedly developed a technique-and-equipment which use-ultrasonic-frequencies and may be applied to a telephone so that it may be used to pick up room conversation when the instrument is hung up and not in normal use. JMM:cay (8)

RECSIVED-TAMM

Parsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone

Trotter _____

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVENMENT

lemorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760) DATE:

12/20/60

SAC, BALTIMORE (66-543)

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

Re Bureau letter December 12, 1960, and Bureau airtel December 14, 1960.

Baltimore indices and Merchants Retail Credit Burea Baltimore, negative with respect to

Inquiry of BA CS #2, whose identity is known to Bureau (C & P Telephone Company), reflected that

> Pursuant to an appointment made by telephone, | Baltimore.

Maryland, was contacted on December 19, 1960, SA'S MYRON C. METCALF and J. CARLTON GARTNER.

stated that he had been in the United States Army for a period of time and that during this time he had been assigned to making security checks of various installations precedent to conferences and so forth. He stated his last assignment in the service was as a member of the Physical Security Board, Army Intelligence Center, Fort Holabird. Upon separation from the service he was employed as Chief of the Electronics Laboratory by the Diebold Company at Akron, Ohio. He is now engaged in the electronic and lock servicing and repair work from his residence. He is also endeavoring to build up a consultant practice in the field of electronic and lock security

EX. 105., REC. 58 80 - 760

advised that he had discovered a method whereby a microphone, including the carbon microphone in certain models of telephones, could be activated without the installation of any coupling wires and inasmuch as this appeared to him to be a principle which was heretofore unknown to government authorities, he was anxious that the government have knowledge thereof in order that appropriate

Bureau (Reg Baltimore

MCM.JCG:awe

APR 25 1975 6

counter measures could be undertaken. He explained that he had contacted many persons in the government, principally in the Department of Defense, concerning this matter and since his security clearance had expired with his release from service, he had not been able to determine from these authorities whether or not the government already has knowledge of the principles involved. took the Agents to a work room in a separate building behind his home where he demonstrated equipment which he had made as follows: This equipment as indicated above, when properly tuned, could activate an Fl microphone with no physical connection between the microphone and the device used to activate it. The output being fed into either a 110 volt amplifier or a hearing aid amplifier, the conversations in the room could easily be understood through the amplifiers. claimed to have come across this phenomenon which sets up a field in the 4 to 5 Meg. range. the same time, filtered circuits operating in this field will detect any variation therein such as caused by the stated that the introduction of a microphone. power output used in this instrument was very small, being only a fraction of a volt. He stated that he had put the equipment utilized by him together with basic electronic equipment for a total value of not more than \$30.00. He explained that he had not refined the equipment to any great degree but had assembled it hastily for demonstration purposes. Demonstration #1. One wire was connected from input of the device to the green wire on connector block of 300 type telephone instrument. Room conversations clearly audible. Demonstration #2. One wire from input device to frame of 300 type teleclaimed this will phone set, no antenna utilized. monitor room conversations when device is properly tuned. He was not successful in demonstrating this, however. lòn #3. demonstrated a small contact carbon microphone Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 R 2 5 1975 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

BA 66-543



b6 b7C

which could be imbedded behind a safe dial, one side of microphone being attached to bulk of safe. Dial of safe insulated from the rest of the safe; the other side of microphone attached to "cat whisker" which, when rubbed against etched lines on back of dial using safe for one side, and dial and man's body for the other side, device could tune in mike and operator could hear clicks while safe combination was being dialed and could, from that, figure out proper combination.

Demonstration #4.

Contact microphone was concealed in male electrical plug using the two 110 volt lines for different potential. The device tunes in contact microphone to hear clearly without any physical connection between mike and device and eight to ten foot antenna was used on device.

Demonstration #5.

Using Fl mike with one side of mike connected to ground and a short piece of wire (two inches) soldered to center and using an antenna on device wither output sent into amplifier, device picks up room conversation.

Demonstration #6.

Using Fl mike, one side of which was connected to water pipe ground and the other side grounded to BX on house electrical circuit and using eight to ten foot antenna on device, device tunes in mike and conversations in room clearly overheard via amplifier.

It was noted that work shop contained thousands of key and combination-type locks. During the course of conversation with him, it was determined that he is entirely familiar with lock mechanisms. He stated that he has a patent pending on a "pick proof" pin tumbler-type lock mechanism, the rights of which have been sold by him to the Corbin Lock Company from whom he is to receive a three cent royalty on each lock manufactured. He exhibited copies of the drawing and patent application in connection with this lock.

exhibited a copy of the Locksmith Ledger, a small trade magazine, where on page 47 of the December, 1960, issue classified an addition himself indicating his capabilities Exempt from GDS, Category 1 APR 25 1975

Date of Declassification indefinite 3 - 1975

BA 66-543



and availability as a consultant on lock matters. He demonstrated to the Agents several methods of opening the key and combination-type locks, including the Sargent and Greenlease Model #8808.

said he would be happy to contact a representative of the FBI Laboratory at Washington, D. C., at some mutually convenient time for the purpose of demonstrating the electronic microphone activating equipment described above.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinition

APRI 2 5 1975

DATE 03-23-2011

b6 b7C

SAC, Baltimore

January 27, 1961

Director, FBI (80-76)



	ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES
	ReBuairtel 12-14-60, and Bulet 12-29-60, and urlet 12-20-60.
	appeared at the FBI Laboratory on the scheduled date to demonstrate electronic equipment he developed for surveillance purposes. It was determined that his equipment employs the same techniques as the Bureaudeveloped Ultrasonic Listening Device, which device has been as fully briefed concerning the restrictions applying to the use and discussion of instant technique. He was informed that no copy of the directive is available for release because of the contents of the document and the classification placed thereon. In addition, he was advised that the Bureau had applied for a patent on the Bureau-developed Ultrasonic Device under the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act. He was told that the cavity microphone technique is also classified even though the unit had received a great deal of publicity by the disclosure of the device at the United Nations.
	It was made clear to that it would be impossible to furnish a copy of the Presidential Directive, it was, however, agreed that he would be supplied with the statute covering the discussions of classified material and patent data covering radio frequency activated microphones. A copy of the enclosed is to be delivered to and one copy is to be retained by you for information in future dealings with
	It is desired that the classification of the technique
	used by be brought to the attention of SAs Myron C. Metcalf and J. Carlton Gartner of your office who should then be
	instructed to advise Baltimore,
	telephone LE 9-2991 and and
	and personnel in the interrigence board haporatories who saw demonstration at the Physical Security Branch Laboratory,
Tolson Mohr Patsons Belmont Callahan DeLoach Malone McGuire Rosen Tamm	Exempt from abs Category 2 Exempt from abs Category 2 CKC: JWW (Refer Declassification - Indepted)
W.C. Sullivar Tele. Room	
	····································

Letter to Daltimore Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

SECRET

Fort Holabird, Maryland, that formal notification by Burdau personnel constitutes official notification of the Top Secret classification of this subject and that disclosure of the invention in any manner such as by word or mouth, by publication or by manufacture and sale of the device affects the armarcht defense of the United States and that violation of the injunction to secrecy is subject to prosecution.

This matter should be afforded prompt attention. You should advice the Dureau, attention FBI Laboratory, upon completion of the above-listed contacts.

SECRET

Classified by 24 APR 25 1975

Exempt from GDS, Category T Date of Declaration indefinite Patent number 2,408,695 dated October 1, 1946, entitled "Record Reproducing System" was issued to

Palmyra, New Jersey, assignors to Radio Corporation of America for the activation of a microphone by radio frequency.

An article written by Joseph Braunbeck, captioned "Communication on Secondary Waves, Secondary Waves," appeared on page 53 of the August 1955 issue of "Radio" magazine.

Section 793 Title 18, United States Code Annotated reads as follows:

793. Gathering, transmitting, or losing defense information

(a) Whoever, for the purpose of obtaining information respecting the national defense with intent or reason to believe that the information is to be used to the injury of the United States, or to the advantage of any foreign nation, goes upon, enters, flies over, or otherwise obtains information concerning any vessel, aircraft, work of defense, navy yard, naval station, submarine base, fueling station, fort, battery, torpedo station, dockyard, canal, railroad, arsenal, camp, factory, mine, telegraph, telephone, wireless, or signal, station, building, office, research laboratory or station or other place connected with the national defense owned or constructed, or in progress of construction by the United States or under the control of the United States, or of any of its officers, departments, or agencies, or within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, or any place in which any vessel, aircraft, arms, munitions, or other materials or instruments for use in time of war are being made, prepared, repaired, stored, or are the subject of research or development, under any contract or agreement with the United States, or any department or agency thereof, or with any person on behalf of the United States, or otherwise on behalf of the United States, or any prohibited place so designated by the President by proclamation in time of war or in case of national emergency in which anything for the use of the Army, Navy, or Air Force is being prepared or constructed or stored, information as to which prohibited place the President has determined would be prejudicial to the mational defense; or

Classified by Z.

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

80-760-443

SECRET

- (b) Whoever, for the purpose aforesaid, and with like intent or reason to believe, copies, takes, makes, or obtains, or attempts to copy, take, make, or obtain, any sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, document, writing, or note of anything connected with the national defense; or
- (c) Whoever, for the purpose aforesaid, receives or obtains or agrees or attempts to receive or obtain from any person, or from any source, whatever, any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, or note, of anything connected with the national defense, knowing or having reason to believe, at the time he receives or obtains, or agrees or attempts to receive or obtain it, that it has been or will be obtained, taken, made, or disposed of by any person contrary to the provisions of this chapter; or
- (d) Whoever, lawfully having possession of, access to, control over, or being entrusted with any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, or note relating to the national defense, or information relating to the national defense which information the possessor has reason to believe could be used to the injury of the United States or to the advantage of any foreign nation, willfully communicates, delivers, transmits or causes to be communicated, delivered, or transmitted or attempts to communicate, deliver, transmit or cause to be communicated, delivered or transmitted the same to any person not entitled to receive it, or willfully retains the same and fails to deliver it on demand to the officer or employee of the United States entitled to receive it; or
- (e) Whoever having unauthorized possession of, access to, or control over any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, or note

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

relating to the national defense, or information relating to the national defense which information the possessor has reason to believe could be used to the injury of the United States or to the advantage of any foreign nation, willfully communicates, delivers, transmits or causes to be communicated, delivered, or transmitted; or attempts to communicate, deliver, transmit or cause to be communicated; delivered, or transmitted the same to any person not entitled to receive it, or willfully retains the same and fails to deliver it to the officer or employee of the United States entitled to receive it; or

(1) Whoever, being entrusted with or having lawful possession or control of any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, note, or information, relating to the national defense, (1) through gross negligence permits the same to be removed from its proper place of custody or delivered to anyone in violation of his trust, or to be lost, stolen, abstracted, or destroyed, or (2) having knowledge that the same has been illegally removed from its proper place of custody or delivered to anyone in violation of his trust, or lost, or stolen, abstracted, or destroyed, and fails to make prompt report of such loss, theft, abstraction, or destruction to his superior officer-

Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both.

(g) If two or more persons conspire to violate any of the foregoing provisions of this section, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be subject to the punishment provided for the offense which is the object of such conspiracy.

Section 794 Title 18, United States Code Annotated reads as follows:

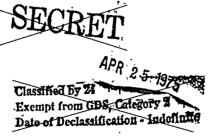
794 Gathering or delivering defense information to aid foreign government 1975

Classified by 21 Exempt from GBS Category 2 Date of Declassification Indefinite

ECRET

SECRET

- (a) Whoever, with intent or reason to believe that it is to be used to the injury of the United States or to the advantage of a foreign nation, communicates, delivers, or transmits, or attempts to communicate, deliver, or transmit, to any foreign government, or to any faction or party or military or naval force within a foreign country, whether recognized or unrecognized by the United States, or to any representative, officer, agent, employee, subject, or citizen thereof, either directly or indirectly, any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, note, instrument, appliance, or information relating to the national defense, shall be punished by death or by imprisonment for any term of years or for life.
- (b) Whoever, in time of war, with intent that the same shall be communicated to the enemy, collects, records, publishes, or communicates, or attempts to elicit any information with respect to the movement, numbers, description, condition, or disposition of any of the Armed Forces, ships, aircraft, or war materials of the United States, or with respect to the plans or conduct, or supposed plans or conduct of any naval or military operations, or with respect to any works or measures undertaken for or connected with, or intended for the fortification or defense of any place, or any other information relating to the public defense, which might be useful to the enemy, shall be punished by death or by imprisonment for any term of years or for life.
- (c) If two or more persons conspire to violate this section, and one or more of such persons do any act to effect the object of the conspiracy, each of the parties to such conspiracy shall be subject to the punishment provided for the offense which is the object of such conspiracy.



OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVE ${\it 1emorandum}$

b6 b7C

Director, FBI (80-760)

DATE:

1/24/61

Attn: Electronics Section

HIME

SAC. Baltimore (66-5

SUBJECT:

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

ReBAlet 1/3/61. on 1/24/61 contacted SA J. CARLTON GARTNER. He advised that he had reported to the Bureau Laboratory pursuant to appointment as verified in relet.

He stated that there he had talked with who had told him that the Bureau would obtain certain information concerning patents applied for on systems such as he had developed and would also obtain certain information concerning the government's authority to classify such patents had told or applications therefor. He said that him that this information would be forwarded to the Baltimore Office for referral to him. The purpose of his call on this date was to determine whether such information was as yet available at the Baltimore Office.

Bureau is requested to advise if such information is to be forthcoming and if not, to so advise the Baltimore Office in order that any subsequent inquiries by might be appropriately answered.

B-Bureau / cc-retained in Electronics Section OKC, 1-Baltimore JCG: MMS (3)

memo dated / 1/61 cover

Date of Declarification - Indefine

18 JAN 31 1961

DATE 03-23-2011 OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 -UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT 1emoranàam DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760) DATE: 2/9/61 b6 Attention: FBI Laboratory b7C SAC, BALTIMORE (66-543) SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Rebulet 1/27/61. In accordance with instructions in relet, the contents<u>of</u> anagraph 3 were harought to the personal attention of Fidelity Building. Baltimore, Maryland, on 2/3/61. On 2/6/61 the same information was brought to the personal attention of the following Army personnel at Fort Holabird who had witnessed demonstration: Chief, Physical Security Branch; U. S. Army Intelligence Board. Col. CLIFFORD ORBESEN Lt. Col. W. J. JACOBSON Major-FRANK-A. BUFFALANO Capt. GLEN EIGHER On the same date, was advised of the classification of the technique used by him and that notification by Bureau personnel constituted official notification of the Top Secret classification of the subject. A copy of the statute covering the discussion of classified material and patent data enclosed with relet was given to noxifly neura Ole 2/10/61 Bureau /cc Reta 1 - Baltimore .FEB 10 1961. ·MCM: dfl (3)

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Exempt !-- m GDS, Cotogor; Date of Declassification - Indering

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 04 25 2011 PV 50324 up hew/seb/ls

		DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324	uc baw/sab/ls	ā	
	OPHONAL FORM HO. 10			<i>`</i>	Tolson
	UNITED STATES GOVE				Mohran Balman
	Memorand	um_{\leftarrow} .			Contad
					DeLoach
	то : Mr. Conrad		DATĚ: Janu	ary 25, 1961	McGuire
į	Same and the same of the same	Maria Marian	7777	1 Selvit	W.C. Sullivan
N .	FROM : R. L. Mille	Will by	SE SE	XRET /	Tele. Room Ingram Gandy
51	^	(K) II		AFOTT	20 Bon
, :	SUBJECT: UL TRASON	IC LISTENING DEVICES	'	b6 b7C	YV TOTIN
					Loavigan
	SYNOPSIS:				I allge
,	On 12-7-60,	a representative of the	Office of th	e Secretary of	Defense
		d Committee of the Nati			
	November, 1960,		The second secon	rch Laboratory	
•		nd, demonstrated aliste in a room in which a te			
	the handset was on	the cradle. Interview b	y and demor	stration for Bi	
		e and the FBI Laborator			
	the handset is on th	ys radio frequencies to e hook. device		resent new or 1	
		His technique is covere	-	,	
		ntions Secrecy Act of 2-		Presidential Dir	rective
	8-23-50, classifyin	g the technique Top Sec	ret.		
	was	advised of restrictions	containedii	n the President	ial
-		ucted-not-to-discuss this			he
		nown to have Top Secret ne Directive and was info			to
		quest because of classifi	,		
	He will be furnished	d with copies of Sections	5 793 and 79	4, Title 18, U.	S.
F	Code, dealing with	gathering, transmitting	or losing de	efense informat	cion.
	A list of ind	ividuals with whom he d	iscussed the	e device was fu	rnished
	by Most:	individuals have Top Sec	ret clearan	ce. All individ	luals
		the restrictions in the 1			
		meetings or personal in by the Executives' Confe			ws
	F	, ,	_	x 79	1146
	Enclosure	**	REC- 44	80 - 760 -	470
	1 - Mr. Belmont (A	Attention: Mr. Whitson)		4	*. •
		ttention: (Men Applican))	FEB 2	24, 1961
		DECAPATI	19/2/17/27	TO POSITION OF THE PARTY OF THE	
	80-760	Classified by 24	The state of	1°V ()	XW ·
*	CKC:pcc (11)	Even from 6DS Catego	Ty 2 N		lin.
	aa	Pate of Designsification	Haginito.	6	1.
ATT	IND O TOCT			•	
6 T N	MAR 2 1961				_ *

Mamanandum to Ma Gamed SECRET	
Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES	
80-760	
gtotod that he had nonfeeted a device to equit in	
stated that he has perfected a device to assist in penetrating safes and combination locks. He was not prepared to	
demonstrate this device when interviewed in the FBI Laboratory but will	
demonstrate the aids at a time convenient to the Bureau.	
RECOMMENDATIONS:	
(1) That the Bureau's representatives at the next meetings of the //	,
Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures of the	
National Security Council and the Technical Subcommittee of the Special Committee remind the members that instant technique is classified Top	
Secret by Presidential Directive 8-23-50, and discussions dealing with	
this device be handled accordingly.	
So handled 19 19 7	
1/4/ /m	
(2) That representatives of the Liaison Section contact	
Atomic Energy Commission; and	
Security Office, Bureau of Ships; Office of Security Policy, Office of the Secretary of Defense; and	۸
U. S. Information Service and the Photo ID man in Technical Security	Ŋ,
who witnessed the demonstration at the U. S. Information Service advising	,
them that the technique demonstrated by has a Top Secret classification and that it should not be discussed with anyone not having	
this clearance and not with them until they have been advised of the	
restriction placed on the technique by the Presidential Directive.	
Johnsted SRCRADES 1975	
John John John John John John John John	
2/9/6 COM CIDARIENT	
7 7 1975	
Crassified by 24	
Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Veclassification - Indefinity	

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES 80-760 (2) That the attached letter instructing Baltimore to furnish requested information and to advise certain individuals of the Presidential Directive be approved.
OK JUST STORY
DETAILS:
On December 7, 1960, a representative of the Office of the Secretary of Defense informed a Special Committee of the National Security Council that during the middle of November, 1960, Physical Research Laboratory, 7107 Windsor Mill Road, Baltimore, Maryland, brought to the Department of Defense a listening device which allegedly permitted the user to hear sounds in a room in which the phone was located even though the handset was in the cradle. (Airtel to SAC, Baltimore, 12-12-60). Since the possibility appeared that device used the radio frequency principle, which would bring it within security restrictions, Baltimore was instructed by airtel 12-14-60, to have two Sound-Trained Agents interview and examine his equipment on the basis that it may have Bureau application. The Agents were instructed not to commit themselves as to the possible applications. The Baltimore reply did not contain sufficient data to definitely establish that radio frequencies were used to activate the telephone. Arrangements were then made through the Baltimore Office to have demonstrate his investigative aids in the Laboratory.
Accordingly, on January 10, 1961, at 9:30 a.m., appeared in the Electronics Section of the FBI Laboratory to
demonstrate equipment he had developed for surveillance purposes.
Exempt from GDS, Category 3 - 3 - Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES
80-760

JUNE

Inspector I. W. Conrad and SA's B. L. Sutton, R. W. Swartz, J. M. Matter and C. K. Corbett were present during the demonstration.

demonstrated a method of applying radio frequencies to pick up sounds from concealed carbon microphones using power lines and ground loop circuits as conductive media for a signal radiated from the antenna on this device. He also demonstrated the use of radio frequencies to activate a telephone even though the handset is on the hook. The equipment he demonstrated used amplitude modulation and was tunable over a range of 2 to 24 megacycles. He said he obtained the best results in the 4 to 6 megacycles range. He pointed out that he was able to activate only a Western Electric 300 type telephone instrument at frequencies as low as 10 kilocycles, but selected the 2 to 24 megacycle range because of better response. He has not been successful with other types of telephone instruments. (Laboratory-designed equipment is amplitude modulated and tunes from approximately 30 to 120 kilocycles.) In his developmental tests he found that he could activate a telephone at a distance of 100 wire feet (our unit works up to 1000 wire feet).

device does not present new or novel ideas in this field. The technique he employs is covered by Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, concerning ultrasonic listening devices, which directive classifies this device and technique as Top Secret and restricts the purchase and use of the equipment by Government departments.

was advised of the Presidential Directive and was told that he should not discuss this technique with anyone in the future who is not known to have Top Secret clearance. He then requested that he be informed, in writing, of the details of the Presidential Directive. He was advised that because of the contents and classification of instant document, it is not possible to furnish him a copy. He will be furnished a copy of Section 793, Title 18, U. S. Code, which deals with the gathering, transmitting or losing defense information which covers discussion of classified material. was also advised that an application for a patent covering the Laboratory-developed ultrasor listening device had been filed under the provisions of the Inventions was also advised that the cavity microphone, Secrecy Act, 2-4-53. even though it has been publicized through United Nations dischesure, is still classified. Classified by 24

4 - Date of Decimination . 1. 4 of interest

	Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES 80-760 SECRET JUNE 80-760
	said that he attempted to arrange for a demonstration of his equipment with a "technical security man at National Security Agency, Fort Meade, Maryland, and was told that his equipment appeared to be classified and therefore he could not discuss it with him."
_	described his demonstration of instant equipment for Physical Security Branch, Army Intelligence Board Laboratory, Fort Holabird, Maryland, as being "a one-sided conversation" and by inference indicated that his technique was "classified."
	Most of the individuals listed above, because of their position, have Top Secret clearance. are members of the Technical Subcommittee of the Special Committee and because of their dealing with the technical details of this technique should be aware of the classification and should have advised at the time of his demonstration that the equipment and the technique involved are covered by a Presidential Directive. of AEC was advised of the Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, on 10-10-55, at which time he discussed the radio frequency microphone-telephone technique with SA's R. W. Swartz and C. K. Corbett. (Memorandum R. L. Millen to Mr. Parsons dated 10-11-55, Bufile 80-760.)
	It is believed desirable to have this matter discussed by the Bureau's representative at the next meeting of the National Security Council Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures at which time members will again be reminded of the classification of instant technique and that discussions dealing with instant technique should be handled in accordance with the August 23, 1950, Presidential Directive. This matter will also be discussed by the Bureau's representative on the Technical Subcommittee of the Special Committee.
	It is suggested that representatives of the Liaison Section contact at AEC; and Security Office, Bureau of Ships: and the Photo ID man in Technical Security when as well Bond during the demonstration at the U. S. Classified by Exempt from GDS, Category 1975 Exempt from GDS, Category 6 - 6 - Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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b6 b7C

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad SECRET Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES 80-760

JUNE

by has a Top Sec with anyone not having th	se to advise to ret classification clearance iction placed	Office of Security Police, Officem that the technique demons ation and should not be discussed and not with them until they has on the technique by the Presided to contact	trated ed ve
claims that he has done a great deal of work perfecting devices to assist in penetrating safes and combination locks. He has X-rayed vault doors, etc., to ascertain the tumbler arrangement in the lock. He claims the perfection of a special dial puller which will permit removal, without detection, of the dial from a combination lock so that a "cat whisker" and a low-power radio transmitter may be installed in the dial. After the altered dial has been restored to the lock, the "cat whisker" device transmits a coded radio signal that can be used to decipher the combination. was not prepared to demonstrate this equipment, but stated he would be glad to arrange for such a demonstration at a time convenient to Bureau personnel.			

In the past we have had four experimenters who produced units employing this technique. We have followed the practice of fully briefing the developer and informing persons with whom he discussed the technique that the method employed in the unit is classified and instructed them not to discuss the matter with anyone. This policy follows the action suggested by the Executives' Conference on 5-9-52. In each instance we have informed the developer of the Presidential Directive which classifies this technique as Top Secret. The original of the document classifying this technique is on file with the National Security Council. The Bureau does not have a copy of the directive.

With regard to taking action against individuals with whom discussed this device for their failure to advise him of the classification when they should have knowledge of the classification, the Department has expressed a purpose that the Government would not be allowed to introduce into the radio frequency microphone-telephone device or any

Classified by 24 1975
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification - indefinite

- 7 -

Memorandum to Mr. Confassified by 24

Memorandum to Mr. Confassified by 24

Re: ULTRASONIC LISTE NILLE TO Indefinite
80-760

JUNE

information concerning it because to do so would violate its present security classification by making such information a matter of public record. The Department pointed out that assuming the information concerning the device could be declassified for trial purposes, serious doubt remains as to whether this information is national defense information as that term has been construed by the U. S. Court of Appeals, Second Circuit in United States v. Heine, 151 F2d 813. (Bufile 65-60731-336)

Criminal Division, speaking for the
Department in the matter of "Alertronic Protective Corporation of
America, et al; Miscellaneous - Information Concerning (Espionage)"
stated that while there was a strong prima facie case of espionage, it
could only be handled through declassification of the Bureau developed
radio frequency microphone-telephone device. This would serve to get
the listening device into the hands of the Government as well as appro-
priately punish He further pointed out that it would be difficult
to bring into court on the Personnel Security Questionnaire
charge, particularly, if action was taken to accept his offer of the
device and keep all mention of the device out of the trial proceedings.
(Bufile 65-60731-302)
`
activity closely parallels those of at Alertronic
with the exception of the admission by that he talked to foreign
nationals concerning the potential use of his equipment.
The Bureau's position continues to be against downgrading this
important investigative technique.
is a self-styled free lance inventor. He was raised in
the Atlantic City area of New Jersey, served for a number of years as
an enlisted man with the security group on the Joint Chiefs of Staff in the
Pentagon. He was later assigned as a Master Sergeant to Fort Holabird
Maryland, as an instructor and research technician in the Physical
Security Branch, U. S. Army Intelligence Board. He received an
honorable discharge from the Army at Fort Holabird. He next worked
Arms

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassific ten - Indefinite

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING I 80-760	DEVICE SECRET JUNE		
for Diebold, Incorporated at Can	ton, Ohio,		
	He resigned from Diebold		
because he felt his "talents were			
Noomano 110 XOZO 1110 OMCO1100 1102 O	DOME WEDGER		
A check of Bureau files reveals no derogatory security information concerning			
	Other		
individuals contacted by	were not checked because of their		
	them through committee meetings.		
població ana or our conacció will	have been		
investigated in connection with Atomic Energy Act Applications.			
Results of the investigations were favorable.			

SECRETAPR 25 1975
Classified by 24
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of Declassification—Indefinition

- 9 -

	FRI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE	
	DATE 03-23-2011 (Rev. 12-13-56)	
FD-36	((Hev. 12-13-50)	
•	FBI Belenont	
	Section 15th	
	Date: 3/8/61 5241(b6
Trans	smit the following in PLATN TEXT (Type in plain text or code)	Ъ7С
37.	ATRIPIT PROTESTAND MATT	
Via _	(Privite benging of Mailing)	
-7-		
	TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760), ATTN FBI LABORATORY	
41	from: _SAC, BALTIMORE (66-543)	
11		
	SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES JUNE	
	ReBAlet to Bureau, 2/9/61.	
	On 3/7/61 Security Officer, Johns Hopkins University, telephonically advised SAC POWERS to	hat
	had arranged a demonstration of	
	"eavesdropping'equipment" and counter-measure equipment relating to same for 3/8/61. indicated that	
	agents of the Baltimore Office had previously contacted	
, ,	Johns Hopkins, con this matter.	cerning
	On 3/8/61 advised SA J. CARLTON GARTNE	R that
	Congress had just appropriated funds for study of device	es such as
	has developed and that has arranged a defore a Security Board of the State Department at the	emonstration State
	Department in Washington, D.C., for the morning of 3/8/	61.
	FBI of this because of past contact concerning same and	
	to keep FBI informed. He said he is certain all State ment Security personnel are cleared for classified matt	Depart- "
	that no security breach would be involved in the demons	tration.
	He said he would see that a written report of the demon is submitted to the FBI. He had no knowledge of any co	
	measure devices developed by 80 - 760	0-44
ı	REC-47.	and the second comments are
,	3 - Bureau - ce rebuned	AR 9,1961
	1 - Baltimore Fice Sec JCG: dfl	24
	(4) SECRET	ch
	Classified by 21 APR 25 1975	X = X
	Date of Declassification - Industriality	Kur Gill
	4	R Coll 1
61	MAR 30 1961 3	Mr /
-	Approved: Sent M Per	<u> </u>

ACSDecial Agent in Charge

CONFIDENTIAL



b6 b7C

Date: February 28, 1961 To: Office of Security

Department of State Washington 25, D.C.

From: John Edgar Hoover, Director

Subject: NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES

UHEASON.C Listennic

On February 1, 1961, the Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures was informed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation representative that the listening device which had been demonstrated by

Baltimore, Maryland. involved no new principles. The FBI Laboratory had determined that the technique employed was covered in a Federal Bureau of Investigation patent application the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act. was informed of the classification which had been placed on such a device and the restrictions placed thereon by the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950.

A list of the individuals to whom device had been demonstrated was obtained, and all or those individuals, including attorney, Fidelity Building, Baltimore, Maryland, have been told of the classification and restrictions. 180-760

1 - Director Central Intelligence Agency

NOT RECORDER 199 MAR 2 1961

> YELLOW. DUPLICATE

FEB 23 Lei

MAILED

Director of Sedurity Attention: 87**-**760 Classified by 24

1 - Laboratory Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

1 - Liaison

1 - Mr. Whitson

LW:mhd (8)

NOTE: See page two

1961

ORIGINAL COPY FILED

b6 b7c

Office of Security
Department of State

NOTE: Classified "Confidential" because minutes of the February 1 meeting of Special Committee are so classified. device employs radio frequency (RF) techniques which are classified "Top Secret" under Presidential Directive 8-23-50. Nature of device and provisions of Directive are not mentioned in this communication so "Top Secret" classification not necessary. Laboratory handled notification to government personnel in Washington to whom demonstrated device, and Baltimore handled notification to his attorney and Army representatives at Ft. Holabirg.

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite





The Attorney General

L - Parsons = Belmont - Conrad

March 31, 1961

- Evans

1 - Branigan

Director, F

1 - Donohue 1 - Whitson ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

Referral/Consult

	On Harch 20. 1981, von requested our whome of
	proposal by
	Ultrasonic listening devices cause the handset of a telephone to act as a microphone to pick up conversations in a room, even though the handset is in its cradle. This is accomplished without even entering the premises concerned.
	, accompanied washing over outerang the premises concerned.
	The proposal of would downgrade ultrasonic listening devices from Top Secret to Secret and would relieve the Secretary of the Treasury. the Secretary of Dofence the
1	Attorney General of the
	responsibility fd. approvat of the use of such devices by persons- under their jurisdiction. It would also relieve those officials
	of personal and individual responsibility for continuing their
	close supervision of all activity relating to the control and w
	use of such devices.
2 1961	that those officials sust continue to have personal responsibility,
9 5	that we would like to stress that the ultrasonic listening device
	as a valuable technique, and, even though approval for its
2 ≥	
1 3	listening device should not be used carelessly. Unless ultrasonic listening devices are used on a selective basis
my whit	Sunder careful supervision, this technique will lose its value.
771)11.26	$\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{M}}$, where $\mathcal{J}_{\mathcal{M}}$
	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
	technical surveillance, the Federal Bureau of Investigation will
1 Party	the device by this Bureau.
Tolson —	mark Sir 22 The Salah Commontal securiors securiors
Parsons	and Colored A All A
Belmont Callahan _	-1- Mr. Byron R. Why Bot Declassification - mooth
Conrad	Deputy Attorney General
Evans	1 - Assistant Attorney General Jury day 08/3/105/108
Rosen	J. Falter Youghey BY 6034 AL BAWISHBILSC
Trotter	1 APR 20 1961 qq. 343 TOP SECRET
Tele. Roor	SEE NOTE PAGE 22
6-	APR 1 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

TOP SECRET

The Attorney General

SECRET

NOTE: Classified Top Secret because ultrasonic listening devices are so classified.

See memorandum Branigan to Belmont, dated 3030-61, LW:mhd, re same subject.

SECRET

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

APR 25 1975

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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TOP SECRET

DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg	
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Evans Callebon Collebon	
By Attorney General's routing slip received 3-20-61, Attorney General by In letter to Attorney General dated	9 ⁿ
The ultrasonic listening device causes the handset of a telephone to act as a microphone to pick up conversations in a room, even though the handset is in its cradle. This is accomplished without ever entering the premises concerned, and therefore no trespass is involved. By memorandum 3-27-61, Branigan to Belmont. it was proposed that the Attorney General be advised that had not shown clearly and convincingly that downgrading of the ultrasonic listening device would work to the advantage of the U.S.; that where the Bureau has used such devices, specific authorization from the Attorney General has been obtained and that it would appear similar close supervision was desirable in the other departments and agencies concerned. The Director noted, "I do not agree. H."	
ACTION: REG. 16 80 - 760 - 449	

There is attached a letter to the Attorney General pointing out that since it apparently is burdensome to other departments for tight control to be personally exercised by the department heads, we will not insist on personal responsibility of those department heads who apparently wish to delegate that responsibility to their subordinates. It is pointed out to the Attorney General that the ultrasonic listening device is a valuable technique which should not be used carelessly and unless used on a selective basis will have its value. We will continue to obtain authorization in the Attorney General for any devices used

by the Bureaud Enclosure

LW:mhd (8)

APR-201961

5 M

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-26-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg OFTIONAL FORMS NO. 10 UNITED STATES GOVERN lemorandum allahan Evans Malone : Mr. Belmont DATE: Tavel Trotter W.C. Sullivan Tele. Room . A. Braniga Ingram Referral/Consult SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES By Attorney General's routing slip received 3-20-61, Bureau's views requested on proposal by 3-18-61 The ultrasonic listening device causes the handset of a telephone to act as a microphone to pick up conversations in a room, even though the handset is in its cradle. This is accomplished without ever entering the premises concerned, and therefore no trespass is involved. Downgrading the ultrasonic listening device from "Top Secret" to "Secret" was first proposed by the Department of Defense in 1954 so that Defense could work on research and development Defense did not pursue the matter further 1 - Mr. Parsons 1 - Mr. Belmont Glassified by 34 - Mr. Conrad Property on GDS - Mr. Evans of Declassification - Indefinite 1 - Mr. Branigan APR 2-5 19/5 - Mr. J. D. Donohue - Mr. Whitson

Referral/Consult b6 . b7C

Branigan to Belmont memo re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES Neither currently nor be in 1954 was able to present a convincing case that removal of "Top Secret" classification from the ultrasonic listening device would work to the advantage The ultrasonic listening device is the subject of a patent application filed by employees of the FBI Laboratory under the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act and is classified "Top Secret." Downgrading it from "Top Secret" to "Secret" would facilitate indiscriminate use of this valuable technique throughout the world. Personal and individual responsibility for control and use of ultrasonic listening devices should not be delegated by the responsible department heads. During the time since August, 1950, the Bureau has used ultrasonic listening devices on 42 subjects. Currently, the device is being used on 2 subjects, and CPUSA in New York. In each instance specific authorization for the use of the ultrasonic listening device is requested of the Attorney General. **OBSERVATIONS:** It would appear that The reason the Bureau is opposing a change in the Presidential Directive is twofold. are using this technique to advantage on a limited basis where we cannot get good results with either technical surveillances or microphones. If this technique is handled carelessly, its effectiveness would be greatly reduced. If the classification is reduced and present administrative controls are relaxed, it will be used all over the world without proper supervision, and its effectiveness would proportionately become extremely limited. ACTION: There is attached a letter to the Attorney General pointing out that | has not shown clearly and convincingly that downgrading of the ultrasonic listening device would work to the advantage of the US and that where the Bureau has used such devices (only 2 being currently used) specific authorization from the Attorney General has been obtained and would appear that similar close supervision was desirable in the other departments and appearance and appeara

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Form No. G. 1A (Ed. 1-30-58)





Mr. Tolson Mr. Parsons Mr. Dhr_ Mr. Belmdot

r Belmdat... r. Callahan...

Ir. Swach. V

Mr. Malone

Mr. Rosen.

Mr. Tavel_Mr. Trotter.

Mr. W.C.Sullivan Tele. Room____

SEXRET

From

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

MEMORANDUM

Miss Gandy_

Deputy Attorney General

Solicitor General

Executive Assistant to the Attorney General ...

Assistant Attorney General, Antitrust

Assistant Attorney General, Tax

Assistant Attorney General, Civil

Assistant Attorney General, Lands.....

Assistant Attorney General, Criminal

Assistant Attorney General, Legal Counsel....

💸 Assistant Attorney General, Alien Property...

Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security .

Assistant Attorney General, Civil Rights

Administrative Assistant Attorney General

Director, F.B.I.

Director, Bureau of Prisons

Commissioner, Immigration and Naturalization

Pardon Attorney

Parole Board

Board of Immigration Appeals

Director, Public Information

2 ENCHE

Records Administration Office

Hema Relucit 5-23-61 LW: mhs

Let - DAG 1- QQ Sypeagley

Mr. Hoover

I would appreciate your views on this

RFK

Cultrasonic Listening Dovices

EX-11A

Exempt from GDS, Category 2, Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Classified by 24

an

REC 60 80 - 760 - 45/

TI: APR 11 1961

EXP_PROC

MAR 20 1961



SAC, Baltimore (66-543)

April 12, 1961

Director, FBI (80-760)

SECRET

STATE OF

Oultrasonic listening devices

Advise when report will be submitted.

•	(6)		w
	(Note):		
		for instant device. Device has been classified Top Secret by Presidential Directive. has been advised of the	1
		Presidential Directive. has been advised of the classification and restriction regarding discussion of the device	a .
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			<u>C</u>
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			1000
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lmont.		Classified by 24 Transport	
rllahan onrad " Loach		Example from GDS Category 4	
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otter _	Ìvan		
le. Ro			
ndy -	ADDO	MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT	
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DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104



b6 b7C

UNITED STATES GOVENMENT Memorandum

: Director, FBI (80-760) Attn. FBI Laboratory

DATE:

4/17/61

: SAC, Baltimore (66-54SECRET

SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES	
PoPulat 11/20/62	
ReBulet 4/12/61.	
was contacted on April 17, 1961, by SA J. CARLTON GARTNER, concerning the written report regarding the demonstration of the captioned devices before the Security Board of the State Department on 3/8/61. said that he intended to see on April 18, 1961, and would shortly thereafter prepare a letter concerning this demonstration which would be submitted to the Baltimore Office.	
two individuals were present during the demonstration and that their names and official capacities would be incorporated in his letter.	
Upon receipt, letter will be promptly forwarded to the Bureau.	
2- Bureau (REGISTERED MAIL) / CCRetaines in Elichonics (1) 1- Baltimore Section crace	
JCG:lw (3) &	
noxeplyneway che	
B. C.	
SEGRET. APR 25 1975 REC- 73 80 - 760 - 453110	
APR 25 1975 Classified by 21 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite APR 24 1961	-
Date of Declassification	
APR 24 1961	

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

50/	:	Direc	tor,	FBI	(80-760)
)		Attn.	FBI	Labo	ratory

DATE: 4/24/61

b6 b7C

Ком :

SAC, Baltimore

66-543 DECR

JUNE

SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES
ReBAlet 4/17/61.
On 4/20/61 contacted SA J. CARLTON GARTNER. He advised that on 3/8/61 he had demonstrated substantially the same equipment previously exhibited to FBI personnel to State Department officials at Washington. D. C. Those to whom this equipment was demonstrated were Physical Security Chief, and his assistant, Security Officer, Johns Hopkins Univer-
sity and Applied Physics Laboratory. had assisted in arranging the appointment and accompanied at the time.
patented in 1939 but did not furnish patent number or name of holder thereof.
after furnishing the above information, said that he now proposes to prepare a paper concerning this development and send same to all members of the Senate and House. He said that in the event the Government is not interested, that there are numerous commercial applications and that since such developments are his "bread and butter", he would like to apply the principle to make equipment such as "baby minders" or equipment for police work.
was reminded that the whole tenor of the last prior contact with him by agents was to inform him that the equipment which he had developed embodied principles which the Government deemed to be classified and therefore restricted as to use or discussion.
partment that this had been patented in 1939 and the FBI had referred to patents and publications as far back as 1946 and 1955,
D- Bureau (REGISTERED MAIL) 1 - Baltimore FCRET JCG: lw Gerifical Fred 1975 14 AFR 25 1961
Exempt from GDS Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite
CH XIII

BA 66-543

SECRET

and that if this is the case the patents should now be "in the public domain" and the principles embodies therein available for use. He requested clarification with respect to the status of this matter and, specifically, details as to classification such as the agency which had classified, the date of classification and the exact status of any patents granted.

was repeatedly told that he could not be furnished with legal advice or practical suggestions concerning this matter. He was courteous in repeating his request for additional information as to the Government's position concerning this. He was told that his request would be discussed further with superiors, however there was no assurance that information in addition to that already related would be furnished to him.

The Bureau is requested to advise whether or not any additional details can be provided to _____ with respect to the classification of equipment developed by him.

SECRET:

APR 2 5 1975

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

SAC, Chicago

May 11, 1961

Director, FBI (80-760

LEICH TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

CULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

The Electronics Section of the FBI Laboratory is desirous of obtaining from the Leich Sales Corporation at Genoa, Illinois, information concerning the model numbers of all of the telephone instruments manufactured by that company and the price of each.

It is requested that you have an Agent secure this information by personal contact with the company. No information is to be supplied the company which would indicate that the Bureau is interested in their equipment from the standpoint of technical surveillances.

This information should be forwarded to the Bureau attention Electronics Section.

JMM:jjd (7)

NOTE: Bureau indices reflect no derogatory information concerning above company.

MAILED 19 MAY 1 1 1961 COMM-FBI DeLoach.

Category 2 Exempt from GDS Date of Declassification - Indefinite

ETYPE UNIT

Tolson

Parsons, Belmont Callahan

Evans

Trotter

May 2, 1961

(continued on next page)

SAC, Baltimore (66-543) EX-116 REC- 37

Director, FBI (80-760)

Mohr

Belmont

DeLoach

TUNE

b6 b7C

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

Reurlet 4-24-61, captioned as above.

the baby minder" type of installation is well known and has been used in industry for a number of years. Such units generate the carrier at the location to be covered and send it over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier to activate the microphone nor do they make use of that portion of the carrier which is reflected from some remote modulating device. If it is the use of the well known and public carrier technique that intends to employ for units of the "baby minder" type, it is of no concern to this Bureau. However, if he continues to pursue his activity concerning the application of radio frequency to energize telephone instruments or to energize microphones from a distance, and if he discloses these techniques to unauthorized persons, the Bureau has no alternative but to present the facts to the Attorney General for appropriate action. Patent applications covering the use of radio frequency to energize telephone instruments and to energize-microphones from a distance are filed under the Inventions Secrecy Act, and the information does not fall "in the public domain." is undoubtedly thinking of unclassified patents which have been published and which have expired, in which case the subject matter of the expired patent does fall "in the public domain." You should, therefore, recontact to advise him that since he has been officially notified of the classified status of these developments, if he insists on disdesing these developments to unauthorized persons, it will be necessary to refer the matter to the appropriate authorities for legal action. I does not agree to withhold discussion of the radio frequency microphone telephone technique and the remote energization of a microphone does not agree to withhold discussion of the radio frequency from persons not cleared to receive such information, and if he toes in fact proceed with such disclosure to such unauthorized persons, the facts at hand should be submitted to the Bureau in a report form so that they may be referred to the Attorney General for action. This matter should be afforded immediate attention and your reply should be directed to the Bureau, attention FBI Laboratory at langarly date. mont (Attention: Mr. Whitson) NOTE: has demonstrated and discussed the radio frequency microphone telephone technique with a number of individuals. He has

The adaptation of radio frequency carrier circuits to power lines for



b6 b7с

Letter to SAC, Baltimore

Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

80-760

JUNE

NOTE: (continued)
been appropriately advised of the top secret classification in this matter and of
the Bureau's patent applications covering the technique which he employs. He
alleges that the technique has numerous commercial applications and that since
such developments of this type are his "bread and butter" he would like to apply
the radio frequency technique to make equipment such as "baby minders" or
devices for police work and that he proposes to prepare a paper covering the
development to all members of the Senate and House. has been
previously furnished with copies of the Espionage Statute and should be aware

Exempt from GDS, Category

Exempt from GDS, Category

Date of Declaration - 1 definite

of the penalties contained therein

On the occasion of this contact position was the same as that of his initial interview, viz. that his concern is that since such a method of compromising conversations is available, he wants to be assured that the government is or has taken steps to counteract same. said that inasmuch as he has not received such assurances from any agency of the Government, he is still considering making contact with Congress concerning this development.

said he would inform the FBI of any future disclosures or demonstrations of his equipment.

It is noted that during conversation with frequently expresses general criticism of government security procedures. He has been frequently told that if he has any specific knowledge of violation of security regulations, that he has a right and a duty to report same REC- 41 80 - 760 -

D- Bureau/ Contained in Electronics Section C125 MAY 17 1961

JCG: lw (3)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104

SUBJECT:

Exempt Dens GDS, Category 2 the of Declassification - Indefinite 63 MAY 19 1961

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 03-23-2011

- Mr. Belmont

May 19, 1961

- Mr. Conrad 1 - Mr. Branigan

1 - Mr. Swartz

SAC, San Francisco

SECRET

Director, FBI (80-760)

J U.N B

1 - Mr. Whitson

OULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

On May 17, 1961, a representative of the Army informed the Bureau that during a recent visit to San Francisco, California, he was informed by of the Fargo of the Fargo concept of the use of radio frequency in connection with listening devices.

Since the radio frequency technique is protected by a Top Secret Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, and is also covered by the provisions of the Inventions Secretary Act, you should have an agent discuss the matter with with whom your office has enjoyed good relations.

It should be explained to that the radio frequency concept has been classified top secret and its application is limited to certain agencies of the Government and that the use of radio frequency in a listening device is nrotected under the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act. should be told that you are furnishing him this information so that he will not divert research and development efforts toward radio frequency which might otherwise be placed in more productive channels, and so that he will not inadvertently disclose the technique to persons not properly cleared. Advise Bureau of results when contact completed.

NOTE: Statement as to the Fargo Company made by Captain Eicher, Army representative on Technical Subcommittee of Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures at meeting of Special Committee 5-17-61.

olson MAY 1 9 1961

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. Sullivan . Room ... SECRET.

LW: mhd (8) Lassified by 2

Exempl from GDS, Category 1.

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Syphon

17 MAY 25 1961

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	PTIONAL FORM NO. 10	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Tolson
U	UNITED STATES GOV		Parsons Mohy
	Memorandum		Be Mahan
	wiemoranaum,		W Contad
	~ 4		Evans
/ _T	o : Mr. Conrad	DATE: May 12, 1961	Rosen
		_	Trotter
	DI STORE	4	b7C Tele. Room
F	ROM O R. L. Millen W3 SHOTTE	S.	Ingram
	TILTRASONIC LISTENING	OEVICES	1 MM
e	UBJECT: MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE SUR	VEIT.I.ANCE	- Transpar
ņ	UTILIZING TUNNEL-DIODE TRA		Sharen a
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	CONCEMENTAL IN TOROUGH A DE L	MINITIONE	Tard
	On 5-11-61. SA's R. W. Swartz an	nd I M Matter throu	igh arrange
		e of Naval Intelligence,	
	a demonstration at the Naval Security Eng		
	Radiation Research Section, Washington,		
	(for broadcasting telephone conversations		
	500-type telephone handpiece. The unit c		
	ring-shaped antenna and six other small o		
	size and shape as to permit being attached	•	
	within) the U-1 receiver microphone in th		
	present state of development, the transmi		
	200 - 300 megacycles and has a range of		
	range could possibly be obtained through t	·	~
	tunnel diode and more sensitive receiving	equipment than that us	sed for the
	demonstration.	•	
	Captain D. W. Seiler, Head of the	· •	
	engaged in research as to ways and mean		
	of all types. The above unit was developed	ed by Chief Petty Office	
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	fo prove the vulnerability of ter	ephone communication	
		*	s.
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	The idea of a small transmitter co	oncealed in the handpied t Devenco, Incorporate	s. ce of a
	The idea of a small transmitter contelephone is not new. You will recall that New York City firm doing research and do	oncealed in the handpie t Devenco, Incorporate evelopment for Federa	ce of a d, a l intelligence
	The idea of a small transmitter contelephone is not new. You will recall that New York City firm doing research and do agencies, demonstrated one concealed entering the state of the state	oncealed in the handpied t Devenco, Incorporate evelopment for Federal tirely within the mouth	ce of a d, a l intelligence piece
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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STAT



b6 b7C

DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760)

DATE: 6/6/61

: SAC, CHICAGO ATTENTION:

FBI LABORATORY, ELECTRONICS SECTION

SUBJECT: LEICH TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

Re Bulet, dated 5/11/61.

Electric Company, 427 West Randolph Street, Chicago, Illinois, made available the attached catalogue which lists all the company's telephone instruments and accessories

Also attached are brochures and parts lists on the magneto telephone, the Leich 100 telephone, paystation tone identifier and extension bell boxes.

(Encl. 10)

1 - Chicago

FWM/JVR

(3)

25 JUN 12 1961

xempt from GDS, Category 2 alo of Declassification - Indefinite

.b6 . • b7C SAC, San Francisco (66-672) June 9. 1961 Director, FBI (60-76 ultrasonic distring devices Reurlet May 29, 1981; advising of information obtained from of the Fargo Company. For your information, the Bureau has been conducting research and testing of an infrared beam device which is based upon the general concept of reflecting an invisible beam from a glass surface to recover voices within a room. It is anticipated that this intensive work will continue in order to take advantage of new components and to determine the basic design of a system which might be suitable for actual application to the work of the Bureau. Contrary to the statement of it is very simple to detect the presence of such a device by use of any infrared viewing unit or detector element which is sensitive in the particular wavelength being used and these are commercially available. Therefore, the Bureau considers this to be very sensitive information and does not desire that anyone outside the Bureau become aware of such development work in the Bureau. In view of the fact that Laboratory Supervisors Donald F. Albaugh and George M. Owen are presently on special assignment in your office and know of the Bureau development work, it is: for the purpose of desired that they recontact obtaining any further technical information which he may have. can advise him that such a technique has been known for some time and that the Bureau considers the value of it to be greatly dependent upon the extent to which it is known to the general public; Any pertinent technical information obtained by this contact will be furnished directly to the FBI Laboratory by Supervisors Albaugh and Owen. Tolson Belmont Bufile 80-786 (Black Light Audio Surveillance Technique) Callahan Conrad ŔWS:jjd (7) DeLoach Evans Classified by 24 Malone Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Sullivan Dale of Declassification - Indefinite Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingram

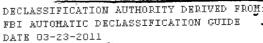
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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

5010-104

JNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760)

DATE: May 29, 1961

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (66-672)

b7C

ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

ATTN: FBI LABORATORY

Re Bulet May 19, 1961.

On May 26, 1961, of the Fargo Company advised that his organization had recently been experimenting with a listening device which was operated by the saturation of a telephone and telephone lines with radio frequency. He advised, however, that he had learned from other sources that this type of device had already been perfected and was protected by a secret Presidential Directive and that he had discontinued any efforts to further developing this type of listening device.

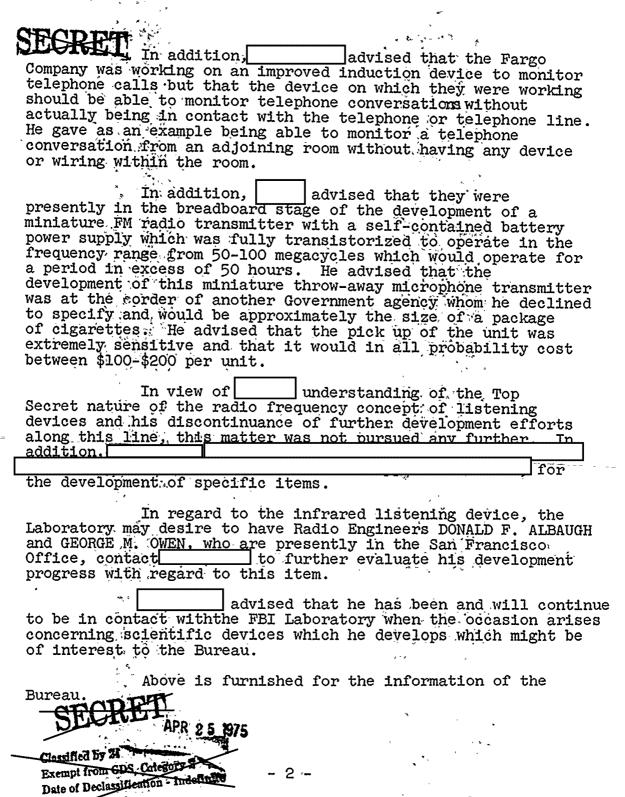
He further advised that he was presently experimenting with a listening device which would utilize infrared rays. With this type of device, he advised, a narrow infrared beam would be projected through the window ' of a building and bounced off of the glass of a picture and would then be received through a second window and translated into audible sounds. He advised that the source of the infrared rays in this type of device could be a gunlike infrared source which is manufactured by Minneapolis Honeywell for the purpose of transmitting audio communications. He indicated that the infrared source transmitted a very narrow beam and was difficult to detect. Concerning this device, he advised that they had experimentally succeeded in making the device work but that he questioned the marketability of the device because of its elaborate nature and the necessity of having trained personnel to operate the device.

CCs:

2 - Bureau (AIR MAIL

1 - San Francisco

WHW: pp



۲,	SAC, Baltimore (66-543)	July 13, 1961	b6 b7C
.17)	Director, FBI (80-760)	JUNE	570
(")	SECRE	T	
ı	Baltimore, Maryland		
	Baitimore, war yland	•	
	Reurlet 6/30/61 and previous correspondantioned individual.	dence concerning	
	It is desired that you contact details of the device which he advertised as a pl view of previous development of an ult it is considered very likely that the device he no actually a phone-tap killer, but a device designe for ultrasonic listening devices. It may also be against other known means of converting telepho time listening posts.	rasonic listening device ow advertises is not ed as a countermeasure designed to be effective	
	For your information, several such coun have been developed by the Laboratory over a particular officials and other government officials occupying the such devices, some of which are used by agencies, have been patented.	eriod of many years. nstruments of Bureau ng sensitive positions.	
	Description of the equipment used by to the Bureau, attention of the FBI Laboratory.	should be forward	ed
	RAM: jjd (5) COMM-FEE RAM: EDM SE	CRET B	Ju.
Tolson Belmont Mohr Callahan Contad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingram Gandy	NOTE: advertised in the Baltimore Su to privacy in home or office. Install a phone-to use of your phone as a full time listening post. demonstrated and discussed equipment utilized microphone-telephone technique with a number demonstrated equipment to Laboratory personal capabilities and also the classified nature of Baltimore Office advised him of the classificed expressed interest in countermeasure equipment security procedures.	has previously has previously has previously has previously has previously had been supported by his aware of RI RFMT equipment since ation 5/3/61. At that the	FMT the ne he
6 J. JUL	ZUURUI, AND SOLVE		

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

lemorandum

Attention:



b7C

DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760)

FBI Laboratory,

DATE:

June 30, 1961

ŔОМ

Electronics Division SAC, BALTIMORE (66-543)

SUBJECT:

Baltimore, Maryland

Reference is made to previous correspondence between the Bureau and Baltimore concerning captioned individuals.

The Baltimore Sun for June 29, 1961, Page 30, Column 2 in the personal column of the classified section carried the following advertisement:

"Insure your right to privacy in home or office. Install a phone-tap killer, prevent the use of your phone as a full time listening post. Inspection and device installed \$14.50, Physical Security Research Lab., WI 4-5337."

WI 4-5337 is listed to captioned individual. No contact is being made with regarding this device UACB.

Bureau (REGISTERED MAIL) Baltimore

MCM: dfm

(3)

EX 100

REC-3

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefiniti

	- DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORFTY DERIVED FROM
	OPHONAL FORM NO. 10 ATB=03-23-2011
	UNITED STATES GOVER Collabon
	Memorandum Gontal Golden
	Evans Malone
	(TO : MR. W. C. SULLIVAN - DATE: July 6, 1961
	FROM: MR. D. E. MOORE DE Mr. Belmont Ingram Gandy Mr. Sullivan
	Mr. Branigan
	SUBJECT: Mr. Linton Mr. J. D. Donohue
	62-77787-240
	Box R.S. William
	The promise of the second of t
	ASAC Schmit, NYO, advised 7-6-61 that a survey had pre-
	viously been conducted with regard to DEWE installation At
	the time the survey was conducted, RFMTs were not feasible.
X	Schmit advised that as a result of recent technical
	changes and with cooperation from the telephone company, it ap-
N V	peared that it might be possible for New York to convert current tesurs to RFMTs and he requested authority to make a survey to
	see if this was feasible. He said full security was assured.
j j	- Language - 「
18	ACTION:
国人	New York was authorized to go ahead with the survey and
	advise the Bureau of the results.
	DEV.+4 (6)
	DEM: td (6)
Jo. 19	So Or Or Capacity
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6	The state of the s
	SECRET
	BON WAR AREA TO A STATE OF THE
er o	APR 25 is/s
	Exempt from GDS Category
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

- Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 49 Page 10 ~ Referral/Consult Page 11 ~ Referral/Consult Page 16 ~ Referral/Consult Page 17 ~ Referral/Consult Page 18 ~ Referral/Consult Page 19 ~ Referral/Consult Page 20 ~ Referral/Consult Page 21 ~ Referral/Consult Page 22 ~ Referral/Consult Page 23 ~ Referral/Consult Page 24 ~ Referral/Consult Page 25 ~ Referral/Consult Page 26 ~ Referral/Consult Page 27 ~ Referral/Consult Page 28 ~ Referral/Consult Page 29 ~ Referral/Consult Page 30 ~ Referral/Consult Page 31 ~ Referral/Consult Page 32 ~ Referral/Consult Page 33 ~ Referral/Consult Page 34 ~ Referral/Consult Page 35 ~ Referral/Consult Page 36 ~ Referral/Consult Page 65 ~ Referral/Direct Page 67 ~ Referral/Direct Page 72 ~ Referral/Direct Page 82 ~ Referral/Direct Page 89 ~ Referral/Direct Page 102 ~ Referral/Direct Page 105 ~ Referral/Direct Page 108 ~ Referral/Direct Page 129 ~ b6, b7C, b7D Page 130 ~ b6, b7C, b7D Page 135 ~ Referral/Consult Page 136 ~ Referral/Consult Page 144 ~ Referral/Direct Page 146 ~ b7D Page 147 ~ b7D Page 148 ~ 57D Page 154 ~ Referral/Consult Page 155 ~ Referral/Consult
- Page 164 ~ b7D Page 170 ~ Referral/Direct

Page 156 ~ Referral/Consult

Page 189 ~ Referral/Direct Page 270 ~ Referral/Consult

Page 271 ~ Referral/Consult

Page 272 ~ Referral/Consult Page 273 ~ Referral/Consult

Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Section 5

TOP SECRET

1 - Belmont

1 - Conrad

1 - Evans

1 - Sullivan

1 - Branigan

August 4, 1961

Assistant Attorney General
J. Walter Yeagley

91 80-760 - 162 Director, FBI SECRET

1 - L'Allier

1 - Donahue

1 - Whitson

EX-113

DIRECTIVE CONCERNING THE ACQUISITION AND USE OF ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES IN THE CLANDESTINE COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

Referral/Consult

Returned herewith is the copy of a "Top Secret"

letter from

and attachments

a, b, c, d, e and f thereto, which Mr. John F. Doherty made

a, b, c, d, e and f thereto, which Mr. John F. Doherty made available to the Domestic Intelligence Division of this Eureau on August 2, 1961. Your routing slip is also returned.

Should the President approve the proposed new Presidential Directive, we would appreciate prompt notification.

Enclosures (8)

NOTE: Classified "Top Secret" because document being transmitted is so classified. Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, classified "Top Secret," made Secretary of Treasury, Secretary of Defense, Attorney General personally and individually responsible for supervision of all activity relating to the control and use of listening devices which cause the handset of a telephone to act as a microphone to pick up conversations in a room even though the handset is in its cradle.

the handset is in its cradle.	
P	
	By letter to
S ALLOTTIC GENEVAL 3 31 61 Purcou entered	
Attorney General 3-31-61, Bureau entered no but pointed out unless ultrasonic listening	objection to proposal,
Attorney General 3-31-61, Bureau entered no but pointed out unless ultrasonic listening selective basis under careful supervision the	devices are used on
Attorney General 3-31-61, Bureau entered no but pointed out unless ultrasonic listening selective basis under careful supervision the	is technique will lose
value. By letter to 6-23-61. Attorney	General interposed no
objection to proposal and repeated Bureau la	nongge recarding nega
for selective use under careful supervision.	Attornor Conord Tratestad
authorization for this overt activity, in the	According Generalivstated
should be kept at himself level of the	is country at Least,
Tolson Should be kent at highest level. Secretary o	I Treasury by letter to
	posal and also eathreseed
Mohr general agreement with comments by Attorney	General. Office on
Contrad Downeraded 09/02/2010	" U BALL
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Letter to Assistant Attorney General J. Walter Yeagley

Referral/Consult

NOTE continued....

Secretary of Defense also concurred 7-18-61.

submitted as attachment (2) the existing Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950; (b) proposed draft showing language changes; (c) "clean" draft; (d) letter of concurrence from Treasury; (e) letter from Defense and (f) Attorney General's letter.

Copies of these items are being made for Bureau files.

No further action by iByreau necessary since draft submitted to President is same language as draft previously reviewed by Bureau.

SECRET

Exempt from OS Category 2 APR 25 15/5

Form No. 15:16 (Rev. 3-27:41) ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

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4	DEPARTMENT	T OF JUSTICE Referral/Consult
Τ̈́O	SECRI	
		REMARKS:
ATTORNEY GENERAL		August 2, 1961
EXECUTIVE ASSIST	NT.	August 2, 1901
OFFICE OF PUBLIC	, NFORMATION	Mr. Otho Ezell
DEPUTY ATTORNEY GE	, NERAL	Internal Security Division
EXECUTIVE OFFICE	-U. S. ATTORNEYS.	Federal Bureau of Investigation
EXECUTIVE OFFICE	-U.S. MARSHALLS	
SOLICITOR GENERAL		Attached is a copy of a letter from
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISI	, ON:	
LIBRARY	L	A, B, C, D, E, and F, which are classified
ANTITRUST DIVISION	t	Top Secret.
CIVIL DIVISION	, v	It is believed these attachments will
CIVIL RIGHTS DIVISION	₹ ₩	be of interest to you.
CRIMINAL DIVISION	#	Since this Department has no other
INTERNAL SECURITY D	ĺ _k vižióu.	copy of the letter and attachments it would
LANDS DIVISION		be appreciated if you would return them as
TAX DIVISION	,	soon as you have completed your review.
OFFICE OF LEGAL COU	, NSĚĹ	0 0
□ OŘEľGE QŤ AĻIĒN PROF	ERTY	John
BUREAU OF PRISONS	¥ ,	John F. Doherty First Assistant
FEDERAL BUREAU OF 1	NVESTIGATION	Internal Security Division
IMMIGRATION AND NATU	JRALIZÁTION SERVICE	
PARDON ATTORNEY	e contraction of the contraction	18
PAROLE BOARD	**************************************	Attachments
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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVL NMENT

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emorandum

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Director, FBI (80-760)

DATE:

7/20/61

Attn: FBI Lab, Electronics Sec.

EX (SAC, Baltimore (66-543)

SUBJECT:

Baltimore, Maryland

ReBulet 7/13/61.

was contacted at his home on 7/20/61 by SA'S MYRON C. METCALF and J. THOMAS PASKIEWICZ. He was questioned as to the details of the device he had advertised in a local newspaper as a phone-tap killer for \$14.50, under the business name of Physical Security Research Lab.

first stated that there was no device as such; that the \$14.50 was for a physical check of the telephone and telephone lines, and that the only part he supplied consisted of a capacitor which he installed across the microphone in the mouth piece of the telephone instrument. He was questioned about any device he might have developed that would prohibit the monitoring of a conversation between one telephone and another. He said that he did not have such a device and that such a device would involve "scrambling," and that this would be quite expensive. He said that the capacitor placed across the microphone of a telephone instrument would eliminate about 90% of the possibility of tapping the telephone by "other devices," by this he said he meant monitoring a room conversation through the telephone with the hand piece in the cradle.

He said that in an ad such as the one he placed in the newspaper, he found that he ran into the problem of people not knowing what they should be protected against. He then stated that the ad was placed primarily for the purpose of obtaining "leads" and not for servicing an individual's telephone. He said he had no idea who would respond to

REC-6

(2-Bureau (80-760)1-Baltimore (66-543)

MCM: MMS

EX. - 107.

(3)

Exempt from 605, Category 2

Dal of Declassification - Indefinite

BA 66-543



such an ad, but he had received sixteen calls, fifteen of which were from individuals whom he informed he could not help. These were people who thought their telephone conversations were being recorded and wanted a device to stop this.

Roland Road. Baltimore, Md. The company is This agency was seeking an inexpensive miniature microphone that could be installed in a wall or on a lamp in a hotel room or home and then abandoned. This agency also wanted a "car tracer" device which could be placed readily in the undercarriage or frame of a car.	-
said he had not gotten around to developing this as yet, but in the near future he planned to furnish them with a working model. He said this agency is affiliated with several hundred other detective agencies and the tracing device, if successful, could be produced in quantity for them.	
He was also questioned closely about the miniature microphone referred to above. He said this microphone would be activated by radio frequency. The mechanical movements of the granules of the carbon microphone would cause a difference in impedence of the transmitted signal and this difference could be modulated.	
said that he did not disclose how this microphone was to be activated to the Inter-state Detective Agency representate simply said to him that the microphone would not be connected any wiring. He said that the RCA patents covered this type of device, and that the use of secondary waves was the same thing, and that the use of secondary waves has been published nationally and is covered by several other patents.	ed
The agents reminded at this point that during May, 1960 it was clearly stated to him that the use of radio frequency to energize telephone instruments and to energize microphones from a distance) were filed under the Inventions Secrecy Act, and that disclosure of such information to unauthorized person was a violation of this Act still contended that what he was doing had been patented openly and/or fell within	
SPERFT -2- APR 25 1975 Classified by 24 Exempt from this Category 2 Date of Declassification - indefinite	

BA 66-543

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data he was spenatiff a constactance por oton of hits
time researching patents at the U.S. Patent Office, and
that he does not want to place himself in a position of violating the law.
violating the law.
said that when he visited the FBI Laboratory he
was advised that a microphone such as a "baby tender" device
was not classified. According to, a "baby tender"
is activated by radio frequency. He said he was informed He was
that; any activation of a microphone not connected to a pof advis- telephone was not classified. He then pointed out that
the microphone he had in mind had no connection with the
telephone.
advised that in regard to the publishing of the ad
in the newspaper, he had developed no new device but that
if he should develop anything new in his experiments that could be of interest to the FBI, he would contact this
office immediately.
It has been ascertained through that the C & P Telephone
Company has noted ad in the local newspaper and plan
to set up a pretext situation wherein

to ascertain if anything is in fact installed, or if as he stated to Bureau Agents, is not interested in servicing an individual's telephone.



Exempt from CDS Category 2

Exempt from CDS Category 2

Date of Declaritation Indefinite

SAC, New York

August 3, 1961

Director, FBI

JUNE

<u> 18 - R</u>

Reurlet 7-26-61, captioned as above.

In view of the present classification of the Kadio Frequency microphone-telephone (RFMT) unit and the technique employed, the Bureau does not desire to use remote control for this equipment. Technically, it appears feasible to develop the necessary controls which will permit remote operation as well as to provide a higher audio output level. However, until such time as this equipment and the technique are downgraded, no further consideration should be given to such remote control operation.

It is also possible to couple the output of the RFMT unit to a radio transmitter for monitoring at a distant point. However, such an operation is extremely vulnerable from the security standpoint and, therefore, will not be given further consideration by the Bureau under existing circumstances.

The matter of downgrading the classification of the RFMT unit is being considered. Until such time as this matter is resolved, the unit is to be considered Top Secret and handled accordingly. You will be advised if the classification of this unit and the technique is downgraded. For the present you must follow the existing practice concerning the establishment of a plant within approximately 1,000 wire feet of the target instrument and to provide Agent supervision of the equipment when it is outside of Bureau protected areas.

NOTE: Downgrading of the classification of the RFMT from Top Secret to Secret is presently being considered by the heads of the departments nding

	governing this classification.	Final action is per
Tolson	2	
Belmont	-	
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Callahan	_ / I/ Dureau me 00-100	, (101.141.1)
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Malone		AHP
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Candy	MAIL BOOM TELETYPE UNIT	-

YELLOW DUPLICATE AUG7 - 1961 MAILED

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- Be nont - Cc rad Referral/Consult - Evans - Sullivan

Assistant Attorney Gone

September 11, 1961

J. Walter Yeagley

Director, FBI

1 - L'Allier 1 - Donohue Whitson

l - Branigan

DIRECTIVE CONCERNING THE ACQUISITION AND USE OF VILIRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES IN THE CANDESTINE COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

The letter to you from this Bureau dated August 4, 1961, requested prompt notification in the event the President approved the proposed new Presidential Directive which would downgrade the ultrasonic subject matter to "Secret" and would relieve the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General of personal and individual

responsibility for supervision of activity relating to ultrasonic listening devices.

On September 6, 1961, a representative of this Bureau was informed by representatives of L of the Office of the Secretary of Defense that the President had signed a new Directive on August 4, 1961.

Could you furnish this Bureau a copy of the new Directive.

NOTE: Classified "Secret" because it quotes from proposed "Secret" Directive reportedly signed by President 8-4-61.

80- 760-HALLERY EX. 107 COMM:FB! Tolson SEP 1 Belmont Mohr. Callahan Contad DeLoach Evans Malone Classified by 24 Rosen Exempt from GDS Category 2 Sullivan Tavel "to of Declassification - Indefinite Trotter

Invoice of Contents from FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION saltingre (36-543)

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Date #7 8/31/616, Case References 80-760/14	
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STY SEP 1 TON ONE)	
	aware
that you have advised him on at least two occasions that the adaptat	
radio frequencies for the "baby tender" type of installation is well l	
and has been used in the industry for a number of years. However,	
units generate the carrier at the location to be covered and send the	
carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the case to activate the microphone or do they make use of that portion of the	carrier
to activate the microphone or do they make use of that portion of the carrier which is reflected from some remote modulating device. It is should determine what method intends to employ in develop this "baby tender" and if he insists on employing the techniques covers.	Zon
should determine what method intends to employ in develop	ning
carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the complete to activate the microphone or do they make use of that portion of the carrier which is reflected from some remote modulating device. It is should determine what method intends to employ in developing this "baby tender" and if he insists on employing the techniques covered to the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to the carrier over power lines to th	ered by
Bureau patents illed under the invention secrecy Act as set forth in	Bulet
5-2-61, he should be advised that the Bureau has no alternative but	to
present the facts to the Attorney General for appropriate action.	
This matter should be afforded immediate attention and war	و دار المناس
This matter should be afforded immediate attention and your directed to the Bureau, attention FBI Laboratory, at an early date.	reply
7.55 165	
otson CKC:pcc (6)())	
NOTE: has demonstrated and discussed, the radio frequency	
microphone-telephone technique with a number of individuals.	
been appropriately advised of the Loop Secret classification of the	
and the Bureau's patent covering the technique which he employ	
feels that the technic has better ever commercial applications	and that as
such developments of this type are his "bread and butter," he	would
like to apply the radio fragrency (RF) technique to make equipm	nent such
AUG 31 1951 Continued on nex	t page)

SECRET

Re: 80-760

TUNE

NOTE: (continued)
as "baby tenders" or "baby minders" or devices for police work. He has been previously furnished copies of the Espionage Statute and should be aware of the penalties contained therein. has subsequently advertised a phone tap killer which consists of placing a condenser across the telephone transmitter (microphone). This will only short out RF and will not negate the use of the transmitter for room coverage with the use of DC power sources such as single pair microphone-telephone prothree or four wire microphone-telephone installations. He introduced by 21 the intends to pursue the production of the "baby tender" or "mindensited by 21 the Exemption GDS, Category 2

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Doclassification Indefinito

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 us baw/sab/lsg

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	OPTIONAL FORM, NO. 10	Tolson
ua,	UNITED STATES GOVERN' INT	Mohr
^	` <u>_</u>	Callahan
	Memorandum	DeLoach
		Evans Malone
	TO: W_{\bullet} G_{\bullet} $Sullivan$ A DATE: $9-5-61$	Rosen
	TO: W. C. Sullivan $\int_{\mathcal{M}}$ DATE: 9-5-61	Tavel
	1 - Belmont	Trotter
	FROM: W. A. Branzans CENT 1 - Conrad	Ingram
	SEVRET 1 - Sullivan	Gandy
	$O \qquad \qquad 1 - Branigan$	
	SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES 1 - Swartz	
A	(ROBERT MERZ RICHARDSON 1 - Whitson	
DA	BROAD RUN, STERLING,	•
1/	LOUDOUN COUNTY, VIRGINTA) Referral/Di	rect
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,	On 9-1-61	on the
	National Security Council Special Committee on Technical Sur	get 11ance
	Countermeasures, called at the Domestic Intelligence Division furnished the following information to SA Whitson.	i, arai
	juintshed the joilowing injoimation to be mitteent.	
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W. Carl	6 4 SEP 15 1961	7
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Branigan to Sullivan memo ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

SECRET

Referral/Direct

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<u> Pri 07</u>	Involvement of Tocsin Electronics Engineering Company:
Ž.	The religious listening device on modic fraguency
micro	The ultrasonic listening device or radio frequency ophone permits the handset of a telephone to act as a microphone
toin	ck up conversation in a room even though the handset is in its
crad	le. This technique was placed under Presidential secretary
and o	given the classification "Top Secret" 8-23-50.
a dei	veloper of such a device and his Washington, D. G. representative,
	were cognizant of the order After left
Ma ^{tt} a	employ, it was reported that doing ousiness as
1005	in Electronics Engineering Company, was possibly working on such a
aeore	ce for sale to unauthorized persons.
3	was interviewed 1-28-52 by Agents of WFO and admitted
that	pas interviewed 1-28-53 by Agents of WFO and admitted he had furnished information of the ultrasonic listening device ight people. One of them, an employee, had
to e	ight people. One of them, an employee, had
actua	Lilly built such a device on the basis of information furnished by
	0. 1.00 %
	On 1-28-53 and Tocsin Company,
mere	informed by Agents of WFO that the Presidential secrecy order
	ied to this technique and prohibited them from disclosing any
	ledge of the technique to any unauthorized individuals.
Ç.	
	The facts were presented to the Criminal Division 2-11-53.
No p	rosecution was entertained by reason of the high classification
atva	ched to the radio frequency microphone, but on 4-3-53,
ther	ed his radio frequency microphone device together with plans eto over to representatives of the Department of Justice. On
	-53, executed a signed statement before a representative
	he Criminal Division of the Department of Justice authorizing
the I	Department to retain the device until such time as the Department
$of_{i}^{k}J_{i}$	ustice shall be of the opinion the interests of national security
no 1	onger require its safe keeping.
	At the request of the Criminal Division, was
ințe	rviewed by Agents of the WFO, at which time he stated that right,
ti#10	e and interest in the device undoubtedly lie with the Tocsin
<u>Elec</u> i	tronics Engineering/Company headed by not withstanding that
43227	e and interest Destricted that he legally signed such right,
01010	
Š	Classified by 24
3	Exempt from GDS, Category 2
\$	Date of Declassification - Indefinite - 2 2 25

		b7C
Branigan to Sulliva	n memo	,
advice of counsel. that he was guilty of any classificati	icipation in the development He pointed out that he did of unauthorized disclosure on on the process which he sis of information furnished	hot mean to imply since he was not aware claim <u>ed he ul</u> timately
for consideration r with inquiries at t	ommended that this be routed egarding instructions to th he Patent Office regarding	
	ard to a possible interview urrent device. In this rea	
	ard to a possible interview urrent device. In this rea	ard. (
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inspection of his c	ard to a possible interview urrent device. In this rea	ard. (

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	TO :	Mr. Conr	$\bigcap M$	HEREIN IS UNCL DATE 03-23-201		uc baw/sab/lsg		DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan Tavel
	FROM :	R. L. Mil	lleh M	SECRI	ET]		0.	Trotter
plt	subject:	ULTRASC	NIC LIST	ENING DEV	CES		Whi	
		The memo	orandum f	VIRGINIA) anigan to	Referra b6 b7C Mr. Sulliva	al/Direct	561
	report	s informati	on receiv	ed from		ATAL S DULLEY CO.		
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L	Bureau	In view of	npleted st	tatus of his d	levice and	riendly attitude in view of the	he known	
;	contac	t y will disc	at over that	this time. I there has be	Further, : en publis	pear to be ne it is possible hed literatur Secondary Wa	that he o	r his . assive
	1955, patent	issue of "Ra number 2, 4	adio")and 108, 695, (his concept : dated Octobe:	may be ir r 1, 1946	ncluded in und , to Chester ion of Americ	classified M. Sinne	•
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ي و	1 - Mr	. Belmont . Sullivan . Branigan	SEC	RET 10	BÉO.	83	760-6	166 a
· ·		. Whitson	Exemp	of from GDS, Categ		5 1975 SEP	12 1961	5个

Memorandum to Mr. Conrad SHOKET Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES

ACTION:

1. Technical repre	sentatives of the Technical Subcommittee of
the National Security Counc	cil Special Committee on Technical Surveillance
Countermeasures will be ac	dvised by representative of this Section regard-
ing the claims of	for their information and so the Bureau
is advised of any efforts of	to exploit his device.
	<u> </u>

2. You will be advised of any future developments of this matter.

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Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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	irnii irnii	Director,	FBI (80-760) - REC- 95	.467	JUME			•
EX.	100							
		Baltimore	e, Maryland					
		Reurlet 8	-29-61, caption	ed as above.				
	could of him in would Howev which	or could no detail wha in final ana er, the Bu the classifi	ver upon his vis t do in this field t he can do sinc llysis be determ reau can tell hin ied patent applic	statement that I it to the Laborard, the Bureau, on the scope of the scope of the state in the country and has told he sations cover and disclosures in	tory as to of course, he pending rts, if chairm of general which w	what he cannot tel patents llenged. eral areas ill involve	;	
SÉP 1.3	of pate his wo only to is note he has "new" falls w	ents which I rk in areas o civil cour ed that your something developme	have already because covered by such that action by the collecter of 8-29-new. According to the contract of th	understanding to issued is in good to hatents would be where of such patents the factor of the sible to determine the patents which	general no ordinaril patents. I at owing deta ine whethe	t classifie y be subje However, i believes ulls of his er his work	d; ct it	
SÉP 1.3 1961	to visi	s will be h	appy to confer fatory. Howeve	d that the Burea urther with Rob r, it is entirely	erts anyticup to Rob	me he car erts as to		
olson Allandon Control	you made to be held he den within these a	ay assure had in confider the classiful application.	im that any tech nce by the Bure on his earlier v ied area and he	methods to the miques which he award Certain of isit to the Labor was soladvised dipersons would	e cares to the application of fatory are and any linvolve s	divulge w ations; whi definitely disclosure	ill ich	,
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Momorandum

	b7C
TO: Director, FBI (80-760) (Attn: FBI Laboratory)	t 29, 1961
SAC, Baltimore (66-5 SECRET) JUNE	
SUBJECT: Baltimore, Maryland ZUIRASANIC LIS	TENING
DEWCES	gangunarun iki Terunta dan sebabagan kan
Re Bureau letter to Baltimore, 8/21/61.	-
was contacted on August 29, 1961, by SAs MYRON C. METCALF and J. THOMAS PASKIEWICZ. The Bureau's views were phatically explained to him, as set forth in referenced left was also pointed out to him that if he discloses the to of using radio frequency to energize telephone instruments energize microphones from a distance, the Bureau will have alternative but to present the facts to the Attorney General for appropriate action. It was pointed out to him that he been made aware of the classified nature of his technique the FBI Laboratory in Washington, D. C. and on two previous occasions by Agents of the Baltimore Division. He stated that he had no intention of making any disclosure.	etter. echnique s or to e no ral e had s by us
It-was again pointed out to that the adaptation for radio frequencies for the "baby tender" type of installativell-known and has been used in the industry for a number years; however, these units generate the carrier at the leto be covered and send the carriers over power lines to the listening point; they do not use the carrier to activate microphone nor do they make use of that portion of the carwich is reflected from some remote modulating device.	ion is of ocation he the
In answer as to what method intends to deploy in ing his "baby tender" he replied that he had intended util radio frequency; however, he stated that he would not prowith his method on a commercial basis until this entire method has been resolved. He said he has spent a lot of time and sands of dollars on this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this and different adaptations of this area.	izing ceed atter d thou-
1 - Baltimore MCM:epd (3) SECRIFICATION ASSISTANCE MCM:epd (3)	Y

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technique. He is interested in turning his knowledge into some sort of monetary gain, but at the present time, he feels he cannot afford to spend any more time and money developing these techniques, because of the broad statement that "RF activated microphones energized from a distance are covered under the patents filed under the Inventions Secrecy Act."

To refute this, he cited patent number 200,408,695, dated Octoer 1, 1946, copy of which he furnished and is enclosed herewith. He pointed out that in Column 7 and in other places, the tecnique of activating a microphone "free of any coupling" is set forth. He said he is operating in this area and in related areas, which he did not disclose. He said he first came across the phenomena in 1941 and has "played" with it off and on ever since.

He said that he has found that he did not have to supply his own RF to jump the condenser in a telephone as any RF signal strong enough would do so. He said he formerly resided near a powerful radio station and he found he could use the RF generated by this station to accomplish this and was able to hear room conversations on a telephone. He said he has several techniques to do this.

He was also reluctant to reveal his method to the Bureau at that time, because he was of the belief that several of the Bureau's Laboratory experts might have patents in their own names bordering upon the same principles and which at some later date might bring them monetary rewards on an individual basis.

stated he would welcome a conference with Bureau electronics experts and if they can convince him that Bureau patents in this area are strictly Government property, he would not hesitate to

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- 2 -

Exempt from GDS Category 2 > Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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divulge his methods to the Bureau. He has reviewed other patents on this subject and the Official Gazette, U. S. Patent Office publication, which is distributed internationally. It is ridiculous, he stated, to think that any electronics expert, national or international, having access to these publications would be unable to come up with the technique of remote activation of a microphone.

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Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

7-66 (Rev. 6-13-57)

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-23-2011

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80-760

SECRET

September 11, 1961

-JUNE

Special Agent in Charge SAC, New York (66-2423)

Re: TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT RFMT; MICROPHONES

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

Reurlet 8/30/61, and telephone call of ASAC Alton M. Bryant 8/31/61.

In accordance with telephonic request of ASAC Bryant, two RFMT units were delivered to SA Joseph Malyniak, Jr. for transportation to New York Office 9/1/61. Two power supplies for these units were shipped to you by express 8/31/61. The third RFMT unit requested in referenced letter will be sent to you in the near future.

The Bureau does not have in stock sufficient quantities of transistorized microphone surveillance equipment to supply the 12 MATEs and 6 MITEs requested to meet future needs of the New York Office. When equipment now in production becomes available your request will be given consideration along with other field requests for equipment of this type. Equipment to meet immediate installation needs can be made available to you in the meantime by transfer from other field offices.

NOTE: No inventory changes are necessary on RFMT shipment as this equipment is handled by permanent chargeout from Electronics Section. RFMT units Nos 2 and 7 were sent to New York.

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W.C. Sullivan	•	ate of Declars	fication - Ind	ctivile	Direc	tor		
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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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DIRECTOR, FBI

(ATT. FBI LABORATOR

DATE: 8/30/61

FROM:

SUBJECT:

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT - MICROPHONES

This is to confirm an oral order placed with the Laboratory on 8/30/61 through Bureau Supervisor CHARLES CORBETT:

3 each RFMT units with power supplies - 2 sent

12 Mate units

6 each of 42A block types and 6 each of 44A block types

6 each Mites, 3 with probe and 3 without probe

Future needs of the NYO for the above equipment warrants any expeditious attention which may be given in fulfilling the above request.

(3) Bureau (Att. FBI LAB.) 1- New York (66-2423)

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9-11-61

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

lemorandum

Director, FBI |(80-

DATE:

10/30/61

SUBJECT:

ISTENING DEVICES

ReBuairtel 10/11/61, requesting that Tampa Office obtain certain technical information prior to the altering of type 80 telephones for possible SPMT use.

It is noted that this technique is being considered as was suggested by previous Bureau airtel dated <u>9/26/61 and</u> captioned as above, contained in Bufile 92-2781

furnished information included in the

following:

does not generally use the tip and ring party type of ringing on party They use bridged ringing with harmonic ringers using some or all of the below-listed frequencies:

16.6-cycle harmonic 20-cycle harmonic or decimonic 25-cycle harmonic 30-cycle harmonic or decimonic 33.3-cycle harmonic 40-cycle decimonic 42-cycle harmonic 50-cycle harmonic only 50-cycle decomonic 54-cycle harmonic

60-cycle decimonic 66-cycle harmonic 66-6-cycle harmonic REC- 48

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than five parties, divided On party lines having more Plus and tip ringing and divided ring ringing could, be used. however, would not be the situation on the four-party or private line, as would be encountered in this instance. It, is the opinion

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that a 3,000-ohm resistor across the subscriber's. line would possibly tend to change the ringer frequency causing possible failure to ring or an alteration of the sound of the bell due to the lack of full ringing current.

The "Line Compensating Rheostat" in the manually adjusted loop compensator circuit would normally be set at O on a long cable loop such as in the telephone installation serving the subscriber in this case. With the "loop compensator" set at zero, the 400-ohm resistor is in effect shorted out. When set in this zero position it is noted that the switch element of the "loop compensator" adds a capacitor and resistor to the sidetone balancing impedence to more nearly match the capacitive impedence of the long cable loop. In installations where it is desirable to set the compensating rheostat at zero but where the sidetone balancing network is not desired in the circuit, it is the practice to set the "loop compensator" just off zero where the 400-ohm resistance would be shorted out but just short of the point where the switch connects the sidetone balancing network. It is felt that a short could be placed across the "400-ohm resistor of the loop compensator" to prevent the rheostat from developing an open or becoming noisy without effecting the operation of the instrument. The sidetone balancing network could then be either, in the circuit if the "loop compensator" is set at zero, or out of the circuit on any other setting. On a party line this would also apply as "loop compensators" are set without regard for other telephones in the circuit. The loop compensation rheostat should be set in such a position as to cause 60 milliamperes of current to flow in the line.

has advised that in his opinion a 3,000-ohm resistance across the subscriber's line could cause an echo effect and would make a noticeable difference in transmission level. It could possibly cause central office equipment to reject the line indicating a trouble condition.

A Vincent Rare Gas Relay is sometimes used across a subscriber's line to eliminate interference from nearby power lines. It is not believed that this will have any effect upon an SPMT installation.

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JNITED STATES GOVER....ENT

Memorandum

то : Mr. Conrad

DATE: October 30, 1961

Malone
Rosen
Sullivan
Tavel
Trotter
Tele. Room

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FROM

R. L. Millen

11/1, 25

SUBJECT: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-

TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE (RFMT)

LANT BANGER

The FBI Laboratory developed an instrument which imposes a radio frequency on a telephone line and converts, under certain cable conditions, the telephone instrument into a microphone without entering the premises where the telephone is located. On August 23, 1950, a Presidential Directive was issued classifying this device as Top Secret. Subsequent thereto, the Executives Conference considered the matter and recommended that the SAC's, Security Supervisors and Sound-Trained Agents be advised of the existence of this equipment and its top secret nature. Accordingly, No Number SAC Letter V, Series 1952, dated July 14, 1952, advised the field of this development and pointed out that it was not the Bureau's intention that this device should replace existing microphone-telephone installations and that its use would be restricted to those situations where coverage is considered essential and where no other way of achieving such coverage is considered feasible. (80-760-116; 117)

Recently, with Bureau concurrence, the Presidential Directive of August 23, 1950, was rescinded and a new Directive classifying this device as Secret was signed by the President. It is believed that the field should be advised by No Number SAC Letter of the current classification of this device, outlining new handling procedures and, in addition, reiterating the Bureau's desire to restrict the use of this device to those situations where coverage is considered absolutely essential and where no other way of achieving such coverage is considered feasible. The installation of this equipment requires specially trained technicians who will be sent from the Laboratory or key points in the field to make the installation.

Enclosures Renet 11-3-61

1 - Mr. Belmont

2 - Mr. Sullivan (1 - Attention: Mr. Whitson, 1 - Attention: Mr. Donohue)

1 - Mr. Evans

1 - Mr. Rosen

1 - Mr. Malone (Attention: Mr. Dalbey)

1.- Mr. Mohr

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ENCLOSURE



Memorandum to Mr. Conrad

Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

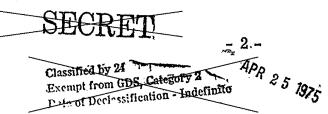
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JUNE.

We have, in the past, due to the Top Secret classification, required that this highly specialized equipment be in the personal custody of an Agent at all times except when it is stored in an approved field office space. In view of the recent downgrading of the classification and the urgent need to conserve man power, it is felt that consideration should be given to leaving this equipment unattended in a secure space and wired so that the microphone surveillance can be monitored at a central point in those cases where saving of man power will result and technical limitations permit.

Executive Order 10501 and Department of Justice Regulations Relating to Defense Information basically require the classified material to be protected so that "unauthorized persons are prevented from gaining access thereto." (The pertinent portions of the Executive Order 10501 and the Department Regulations, as well as a copy of the Executive Order reclassifying the device, are attached hereto.) It is believed that from a practical standpoint, the Bureau can comply with the requirements of the Executive Order 10501 and Department Regulations and still leave the equipment unattended if we install the equipment in a locked and bolted steel cabinet of a type prescribed under the Executive Order 10501. The cabinet will be bolted or otherwise securely fastened to the floor in a closet and both the closet in which it will be located and the apartment or space will be locked against intrusion. An alarm system will be installed so that the monitoring personnel will be alerted when unauthorized entry is made.

The use of RFMT in the unattended manner described above will permit running it into a central plant for monitoring. It is recognized that the monitoring of this and other types of microphone surveillances at a central point will result in a saving of man power to the extent that it will release any men who are otherwise on equipment guard duty when the subject is inactive. However, in general, this saving will be at the cost of some loss of intelligence because of the loss of intelligibility inherent in running the wires over a longer distance. There is, of course, no saving in man power during periods when the subject is active as there is no





Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE 80-760 JUNE

method which will reliably signal the presence of a conversation in the microphone target area and it is, therefore, imperative that the individual microphone surveillances be separately manned during the periods when the subjects are active. This is in contrast with the case of telephone surveillances where there are technical differences which permit us to have a signalling device to reliably indicate the presence of conversations so that monitoring personnel can restrict their attention to those lines which are active and thus can be reduced to a minimum consistent with the volume of traffic.

From a practical standpoint, it is suggested that the procedure as outlined above will afford reasonably adequate security, particularly since the technique of the ultrasonic device has been in use now for more than a decade.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. In view of the urgent need for conserving man power, it is recommended that, where feasible, the RFMT microphone device be operated from a central monitoring point with the activating equipment stored, unattended, under the locked condition outlined above.

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2. A suggested SAC Letter is attached for approval.

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Exempt from GDS, Category II
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

EXECUTIVE ORDER 1050SECRET Dated 11-5-53

SAFEGUARDING OFFICIAL INFORMATION

Pertinent portions relating to use of RFMT unit:

Section 6. CUSTODY AND SAFEKEEPING. The possession or use of classified defense information or material shall be limited to locations where facilities for secure storage or protection thereof are available by means of which unauthorized persons are prevented from gaining access thereto. Whenever such information or material is not under the personal supervision of its custodian, whether during or outside of working hours, the following means shall be taken to protect it:

Section 8. TRANSMISSION. For transmission outside of a department or agency, classified defense material of the three categories originated under the provisions of this order shall be prepared and transmitted as follows:

(c) TRANSMITTING SECRET MATERIAL. Secret material shall be transmitted within the continental United States by one of the means established for Top Secret material, by an authorized courier, by United States registered mail, or by protected commercial express, air or surface. Secret material may be transmitted outside the continental limits of the United States by one of the means established for Top Secret material, by commanders or masters of vessels of United States registry, or by United States Post Office registered mail through Army, Navy, or Air Force postal facilities, provided that the material does not at any time pass out of United States Government control and does not pass through a foreign postal system. Secret material may, however, be transmitted between United States Government and/or Canadian Government installations in continental United States, Canada, and Alaska by United States and Canadian registered mail with registered mail receipt. In an emergency, Secret material may also be transmitted over military communications circuits in accordance with regulations promulgated for such purpose by the Secretary of Defense.

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Section 11. INTERPRETATION OF REGULATIONS BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL. The Attorney General, upon request of the head of a department or agency or his duly designated representative, shall personally or through authorized representatives of the Department of Justice render an interpretation of these regulations in connection with any problems arising out of their administration.

Amendment to Executive Order 10501 provides:

(b) STORAGE OF SECRET AND CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND MATERIAL. As a minimum, Secret and Confidential defense information and material may be stored in a manner authorized for Top Secret information and material, or in steel file cabinets equipped with steel lockbar and a changeable three-combination dial-type padlock or in other storage facilities which afford equal protection and which are authorized by the head of the department or agency.

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

REGULATIONS RELATING TO DEFENSE LINE INFORMATION UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10501

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Pertinent portions relating to use of RFMT unit:

Part I General Provisions

Section 101. PURPOSE AND EFFECT: (a) The purpose of these regulations is to insure that official information originating in or coming under the control or jurisdiction of the Department of Justice which requires safeguarding in the interest of national defense, in accordance with provisions of Executive Order No. 10501 of November 5, 1953, is protected against unauthorized disclosure.

(b) These regulations shall be in lieu of the Regulations Relating to Security Information, Department of Justice, dated June 16, 1952, which are hereby repealed, and shall supersede any other regulations of the Department, and of any Division, Bureau, Service, Office, or Board thereof, relating to the classification, declassification, dissemination, transmission, handling, storage or disposition of information which requires safeguarding in the interest of national defense, to the extent any such other regulations are inconsistent herewith. Any action at variance from these regulations must have the prior approval of the Attorney General or the Deputy Attorney General.

Section 103. RESPONSIBILITY: The responsibility for the protection of classified defense information originating in or coming under the control or jurisdiction of the Department of Justice shall in the first instance rest on each individual officer or employee of the Department having such information or knowledge thereof, no matter how that information or knowledge was obtained; and in carrying out such responsibility each such officer or employee shall apply as minimum standards the provisions of Executive Order No. 10501, and of these regulations.

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Section 106. INTERPRETATION: The Attorney General, upon the request of the head of a Division made through the Security Officer of the Department, shall, personally or through an authorized representative, render an interpretation of these regulations in connection with any problem arising out of the administration thereof.

Section 107. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION: The violation of any provision of the regulations for the safeguarding of classified defense information shall subject any person responsible therefor to appropriate disciplinary action. Violation or disregard of these regulations may result in action under the Personnel Security Regulations of the Department promulgated by Order 25-53 of the Attorney General dated August 31, 1953, or, in appropriate cases, in criminal prosecution.

Part VIII

Custody and Safekeeping of Classified Documents and Material

Section 801. GENERAL: The possession or use of classified defense information and material shall be limited to locations where facilities for secure storage or protection thereof are available, by means of which unauthorized persons are prevented from gaining access thereto.

Section 802 (b). SECRET AND CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL: These categories of defense material may be stored in a manner authorized for Top Secret material, or in any event shall be stored in metal file cabinets equipped with steel lock bar and an approved three-way combination dial-type padlock the combination of which can be changed by the user, or in comparably secure facilities approved by the Security Officer of the Department.

Section 806. CUSTODIAN'S RESPONSIBILITIES: Custodians of classified defense material shall be responsible for providing the best protection and accountability for such material at all times and particularly for securely locking classified material in approved safekeeping equipment whenever it is not in use or under direct supervision of authorized employees. Custodians shall follow procedures which insure that unauthorized persons do not gain access to classified defense information or material by sight or sound the particular customers.

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Section 1402. DIVISION SECURITY OFFICERS:

(b) It shall be the duty of each Division Security Officer, under the general direction of the Department Security Officer, and for the Federal Bureau of Investigation, its Security Officer, to administer these regulations insofar as they pertain to his division and to conduct such inspections and to make such reports as will enable the head of his division and the Attorney General to be fully and currently informed concerning the administration of these regulations:



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of Declassification - Indefinite



DIRECTIVE CONCERNING THE ACQUISITION AND USE OF ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES IN THE CLANDESTINE COLLECTION OF INFORMATION

In the over-all interests of the people and Government of the United States and in order to insure the proper control and handling of ultrasonic listening devices, it is hereby directed that:

- 1. Appropriate arrangements be effected to classify and control such devices for the exclusive use of the United States Government. The level of classification hereby established for such devices is SECRET. Information concerning the existence and nature of such devices shall be limited strictly on a "need to know" basis.
- 2. The use of such devices shall be limited exclusively to matters of vital importance to the national security of the United States in order to avoid any unjust encroachment upon individual rights and constitutional guarantees.

3. The Departments of the Treasury, Defense and shall be the exclusive	l Justice,agents of the Government
responsible for the classification, control and use the development of appropriate countermeasures as unauthorized use of such devices.	
4. The Department of Justice shall be the sole ag the acquisition of such devices for use within the U territories and possessions.	, J
6. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary Attorney General cause suitable regulations to be issued and to be an	shall each

to time to govern the acquisition, control and use of such devices within their respective departments and agencies. The foregoing

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officials shall not delegate the responsibility for approving such regulations but they may delegate to appropriate subordinates, at the highest practicable level, the responsibility for actions taken under such regulations.

- 7. The Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Attorney General through their respective officials designated under departmental and agency regulations, shall be responsible for continuing and close supervision of all activity relating to the control and use of such devices.
- 8. The Presidential Directive dated August 23, 1950, bearing the same title as set forth above is hereby rescinded, and this superseding Directive shall take effect at once.

APPROVED: /s/ John F. Kennedy

DATE: August 4, 1961

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Exempt from CDS, Category 2

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ECRE'I

The Attorney General

October 25, 1961

Director, FBI

50-760

DIRECTIVE CONCERNING THE ACQUISITION AND USE OF ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES IN THE CLANDESTINE COLLECTION OF **INFORMATION**

By memorandum dated October 20, 1961, captioned as above, Assistant Attorney General J. Walter Yeagley transmitted to this Bureau a copy of the Presidential Directive Concerning the Acquisition and Use of Ultrasonic Listening Devices in the Clandestine Collection of Information. It is noted that paragraph 6 of the Directive provides for the issuance of regulations governing the acquisition, control and use of such devices. The regulations which the Federal Bureau of Investigation proposes to follow in this matter are being submitted below for your approval.

ACQUISITION

The ultrasonic listening devices used by this Bureau will be manufactured by Federal Bureau of Investigation personnel, or units will be purchased through classified contracts with a suitably cleared commercial firm.

CONTROL

The devices will be used by this Bureau only with the express approval of the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation or an official designated to act for him.

use

The ultrasonic listening devices will be used in accordance with the provisions of the Presidential Directive Concerning the Acquisition and Use of Ultrasonic Listening Devices in the Clandestine Collection of Information dated August 4, protected in accordance with the

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Tolson Belmont		Mr.			
Mohr	1	78.//	Callin	ron (<u>λ</u> ++

- Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. Donohue) 1 - Mr. Evans

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. Malone CKC:pcc/dmg

(12)MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

(NOTE: This letter classified "Secret" because of the classification of the subject

matter discussed.

(continued on next page)

Callahan

Contad DeLoach

Evans .

Malone

Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter

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SECRET

The Attorney General

regulations set forth in Executive Order 10501 and the Department of Justice Regulations Relating to Defense Information under Executive Order 10501.

Any changes or amendments to these regulations will be submitted for your approval.

NOTE: (continued)
See memorandum R. L. Millen to Mr. Conrad dated 10/24/61, captioned
"ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICES, RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONETELEPHONE SURVEILLANCE (RFMT)," CKC:jjd

SECRET

Enclosure

Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Conrad

SECRET

DATE: October 24, 1961

Tele. Room

FROM : R. L. Millen

SUBJECTA ULTRASONIC LISTENING DEVICE

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE

SURVEILLANCE (RFMT)

The ultrasonic radio frequency microphone-telephone device was originally developed by the FBI Laboratory. It operates by placifig a radio impulse on a telephone line outside the premises of the subject. The imposition of this radio impulse has the effect of making the telephone instrument in the target area into a microphone capable of picking up conversations in a room. The acquisition, control and use of the device was classified Top Secret by a Presidential Directive on August 23, 1950. On August 4, 1961, the President with Bureau concurrence signed a directive covering this technique which changed the classification of this device to Secret, and in addition, stated that the Attorney General shall cause suitable regulations to be issued and to be amended from time to time to govern the acquisition, control and use of such devices within the Department. The Directive further stated that the Attorney General shall not delegate the responsibility for approving such regulations but may delegate to appropriate subordinates, at the highest practicable level; the responsibility for actions taken under such regulations.

A memorandum from Assistant Attorney General J. Walter Yeagley requested that the Bureau submit its proposed regulations to the Attorney General for approval. Accordingly, there is attached hereto a letter setting forth the proposed regulations. These regulations were made broad intentionally in order to allow the Bureau a wide latitude in the use of this Bureau-developed technique.

RECOMMENDATION

That the attached memorandum be approved and forwarded to the A.G.

SECRETION REC. 11

80-760

Enclosure Aug. 1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attn: Mr. Donohue)

1 - Mr. Evans

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. Malone

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Pate of Declassification - Indefinite

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

b6 b7C b7D

Julyn

DIRECTOR, FBI

SECRET

DATE: 11/21/61

SAC, CHICAGO

ATTN:

FBI LABORATORY

SUBJECT:

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE - TELEPHONE DEVICE (RFMT)

"JENE!"

Re No Number SAC Letter 61-F dated 11/7/61.

The Bureau is requested to give consideration to permanently assigning the RFMT unit to the Chicago Division. Sound agents and have had some experience with this unit approximately ten years ago, and accordingly it is believed this unit could be installed by the Chicago Office personnel.

With a marked increase in use and contemplated use of mechanical surveillances, the acquisition by this Division of an RFMT unit would be of great value.

The Chicago Office sound personnel have all been apprised of the contents of relet regarding the security of the RFMT unit and it is well understood that this unit could be placed in operation only upon receipt of Bureau approval.

2 - Bureau (RM)

1 - Chicago

LHN: mec

(3)

Jellia Sec. 43

80-760-473

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8 -NOV 27 1961

John John

b7D

5/1

SAC, Chicago

SECRET

November 29, 1961

Director, FBI (80-760)

PEREL

November 29, 1961

RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE DEVICE (RFMT)

Reurlet 11-21-61, requesting that your office be furnished an RFMT unit. The Bureau's reserve of these units is being retained for actual installations; therefore, no unit will be forwarded your office until you receive authorization for an installation.

CKC:pcc (6)

BF

×	Tolson Belmont Mohr Callahan Contad DeLoach Evans Malone Rosen Sullivan Tavel Trotter Tele. Room Ingtan	EINIP X	Classified by M Exempt from GDS, Category Data of Declassification - Indu	APA 25 1975
	Gan	MAIR GOOM TELETYPE	UNIT II	

TP 66-231

After tests to determine the compatibility of the black telephone to the RFMT technique, this telephone should (U) be retained by the Electronics Section until information can be furnished regarding the resistance of the "jumper" resistor This telephone should then be converted for use with the SPMT technique. This will be requested by future communication for the home of (U)

An SPMT unit should be forwarded to the Tampa Office along with the colored type 80 telephone after it has been altered.

 (\mathbf{U}) Due to lack of sufficient spare lines in the Tampa area, it is believed that use of the SPMT technique will spare require a plant other than in the office of the FBI. Surveys (U)regarding locations and costs of plant sites are being made and will be the subject of a separate communication. (U)

> Classified by 21 Exempt from 605, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

	OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10	Tolson
•	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT	Mohr
	Memorandum	Conrad DeLoach
	2 P	Evans
مرا	TO : MR. SULLIVAN DATE: December 5, 1961	Rosen Sullivan
	SECRET	Tavel Trotter
	FROM : R. O. L'ALLIER	Tele. Room
	Referral/Direct	Gandy
	TYANTNAMTON OF MET EDWOND TOOL	
\circ	SUBJECT: EXAMINATION OF TELEPHONE FROM	
レンエ	rasonic Listening Devices	
	Re memorandum November 14, 1961, from R. L. Millen to Mr. Conrad reflecting completion of tests on	
	ubmitted by for Laboratory examination. It	
	was noted that this instrument had	
		`
	According to the Laboratory report furnished to	
	on November 14, the instrument had been subjected to known tes	J sts_
	to determine whether	
	tests conducted, results were entirely negative.	;
	This matter has been followed with to determine what action they contemplated taking. Liaison was advised on	
	December 1, 1961, that an investigation conducted by the	
ę		
	ACTION:	AST .
		/
	This appears to be an internal problem for Sin they have resolved it to their satisfaction, it is recommended that we take no further steps with a minute.	
		l :hic
	non	,11.T.D
	1 - Mr. Belmont 801-X7	
	I - Mr. Conrad	V
	1 - Mr. Sullivan 1 - Mr. Millen SEMBIRT 80-760-494	
	1 - Liaison Section	(7 / m
	1 - Mr. Emond 25 1961	Mile
	MARCED 1067 Classified the Constitution of the	<i>u</i>
	Prof Declassification - Indefinite	

- (مرا	UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Memorandum To: Mr. Conrad R. L. Millen SERET FROM: R. L. Millen M. SERET	Tolson
O <u>UITr</u>	SUBJECT: EXAMINATION OF TELEPHONE FROM On 11/2/61, requested the Laboratory to make an examination of a telephone instrument discovered to contain a small foreign object.	irect
	RECOMMENDATION: REC. 4 For information. Both the object and the telephone are being returned to together with a written Laboratory report setting out results.	the above
	80-760 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Sullivan JMM:jjd (7) Mund L' Alliv te Sullivan 7mm 12156	1- Tony

Tolson Belmont, UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Mohr Callahan . $\it 1emorandum$ Contad Mr. Conra рате: April 12, 1962 Sullivan a Trotter Tele. Room :R. L. Millen? RANSISTORIZED TRANSMITTER Referral/Consult b7D TELEPHONE INSTRUMENT The TR-1 is a small transmitter manufactured by Devenco, Incorporated, of New York City Mit looks like and can be substituted for the mouthpiece microphone in a telephone so that any conversations on the telephone are broadcast and can be nicked un on a special receiver as much as 120 feet away from the telephone. On 4-5-62. (the Laboratory's contact at informed SA J. M. Matter that RECOMMENDATION: For information. 80-760 1 - Mr. Belmont REC- 57 JMM:cf (6) 10 APR 13 1962 Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS Category of Declassification - Indefinite

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 04-27-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

b6 b7C Referral/Consult

In lieu of y()w

Mr. Conrad

February 15, 1962

R. L. Millen

4

SECRETY
OULT ANSONIC Listening 10 vian

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SPECIAL COMMITTEE (SC) ON TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES

You will recall that in October, 1960, the SC referred to the Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) the problem of conducting research to determine the extent of the security threat arising from the radio-frequency (RF) saturation of telephones. On 2-17-60, such saturation, caused by

SAS C. K. Corbett, R. W. Swartz and/or J. M. Matter have been maintaining contact with NRL on this research. On 2-9-62, they again visited NRL and delivered to _______, a number of Automatic Electric, Stromberg-Carlson, Kellog, Leich and North Electric telephone instruments. These sets, along with the Western Electric (WE) telephones already delivered, represent all of the instruments manufactured by domestic companies for use in the United States.

The progress of research at NRL on this problem was discussed in detail with He was most cordial and appreciated the opportunity to discuss test procedures and equipment with Bureau representatives. To date, ten foreign and five domestic (WE) instruments have been tested under controlled laboratory conditions, but without any of the sets being connected to an active telephone line. On the basis of this information, NRL will determine from tests made on working telephone lines which instruments are (1) most susceptible to compromise from RF saturation and (2) least susceptible to RF saturation and, therefore, possibly the best to use to counter any possible threat.

In connection with on-line tests to be made in the future, Bureau engineers suggested that the activating equipment be applied to the line at a remote point from the location of the telephone instrument. This will be a more practical test

105-19581

(1)- Bufile 80-760

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. Fitzgerald)

JMM:cf (10)

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad

Re: NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SPECIAL COMMITTEE (SC)
ON TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES
105-19581

than applying the RF to a line which goes out of the room and returns to the test instrument in the same room.

The WE 500-type set, used widely in the United States, has been found least susceptible of all. Only under conditions that cannot be duplicated in a practical investigative application (the set not connected to any line and the RF activating equipment connected directly to the set) has NRL been able to activate the 500 set to a small degree.

ACTION:

Electronics Section engineers will continue personal contact with appropriate NRL personnel in order to learn of any developments in this field which may be applied to the Bureau's operations.

SECRET!

Exempt from CBS, Category 2

6 ORIGINAL FILED IN

Mr. Conrad

January 30, 1962

R. L. Millen

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL SPECIAL COMMITTEE (SC) ON TECHNICAL SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES

Second (Phase 2) report of U. S. Naval Research Laboratory (NRL) on security threat arising from radio-frequency (RF) saturation of telephones (transmitted with minutes of January 5, 1962, meeting of the SC) reviewed. Off-line tests (set not connected to any line) of Western Electric (WE) 500 C/D (single line), 510 (2-line) 564H (6-button multi-line) indicate these sets are least susceptible of any to RF saturation. Tests of 13 available sets on an 1800-foot dry line (line not connected to any telephone system) in regular telephone cable indicate only American Automatic Electric 80, Roumanian RS 7340 and English Standard P81418 sets could be made to act as a microphone under most favorable Laboratory conditions. Off-line tests on WE 510 set indicate that use of coiled handset cord (instead of straight one) reduces amount of RF saturation. Placement of station cord (connects set to line) and handset cord found to make results unpredictable when frequencies above 10 megacycles were used.

It is significant to note that when the telephones were put on an 1800-foot dry line, compromise due to RF saturation was eliminated for all sets but three. None of NRL tests should be considered conclusive until they are run with sets on live lines (lines actually connected to a working telephone system).

Classified by 24

ACTION:

Will continue to follow NRL tests on RF saturation of telephones.

JMM:bwd (12)

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80-760 - 80-805

1 - Mr. Belmont

1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attention: Mr. Whitson)

NOT RECORDED .02 FEB 9 1962

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12-4-61

Airtel

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINERS ECRET NEARLY IN MENT ASSIFIED EXECUT WHERE SHOWE. OTNERWISE

To: SAC, Tampa (66-231) (5) (U)

From: Director, FBI (92-2781)

AK.

2-7-93 assified by Sp8 MAD/KSR

Declassify on: SADR JFK

PER VALENTAGE

Reference is made to previous correspondence in captioned matter and your letter dated 10-30-61, furnishing technical data concerning the possible installations of MISUR surveillances in this case and advising that you would set up a simulated test circuit to determine what effects a 3000-ohm resistor across the telephone line will have on telephone service to

The Laboratory has recently developed an electronic switch which which utilizes the same principles as described on Pages 188 and 192 of the Handbook of Technical Equipment. The electronic switch has been substituted for the relay in the subject's premises. It is not, however, necessary to break the line-for-the-insertion of the special relay as the electronic switch functions when bridged across the subscriber's telephone line.

The special SPMT device using the electronic switching technique measures 1 1/2" by 7/16" by 1/2". It is complete with a microphone, preamplifier and the electronic switch and can be connected directly across the subscriber's telephone line without affecting his telephone service. Tests have indicated that none of the routine tests made by the telephone company test desks nor tests with ohmmeters will reveal the presence of the device.

From the examinations in the Laboratory, it was determined that the special device can be concealed in the network of the Automatic Electric Company Model 80 telephone. It is not felt at this stage of the development that two instruments can be equipped with the Bruce and operated on the same

Tolson - two instruments can be equipped with the Extrice and operated on the same

Belmont Subscriber's telephone line. The DUP C5-1961

Calleban 1 - Mr. Belmont Control NOTE: Tampa has authored Delocch Delocch Callahan . NOTE: Tampa has authority to DeLoach conduct MISUR survey on subjects 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Attn. Mr. Donohue) in captioned case. They proposed 1 - Mr. Evans (Attn/: Mr. Sheridan), (Cont' d next page) Sullivan . 1) - Bufile 80-760 (RFMT) Tavel . 1 - Bufile 80-772 (Microphone-Telephone, Single Pair) Trotter CKC:pcc (13) APR 25 Classified by 24 Tele. Room MAID HOOF THOM THOM TO SINGAR BOTS Ingram of Declassification - Indefinite our

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(U)

Airtel to SAC. Tampa Re: 92-2781

JUNE

It is noted that there is some concern on the part of the telephone company as to what effect the installation of equipment across the telephone line would have on the ringing of the subscriber's telephone instrument. While the Laboratory has no facilities to check the effect on ringing in a system using the frequencies set forth in your letter of 10-30-61, it is felt that the impedance of the unit is sufficiently high that ringing will not be affected.

In order that the Laboratory may have a complete diagrammatic layout of the subjects' services, it is desired that you submit cable prints of the feeder and distribution cables in the areas in close proximity to the subjects' residences as well as the area you propose for a monitoring site or sites. You should ascertain from sources in the the identity of a normally closed ringing relay that will respond to the ringing frequencies of the lines involved and advise the Bureau the source of the relays. In addition, you should ascertain the ringing voltage, talk voltage and operate current for subjects' telephone service.

You will note that emphasis has been placed on the use of the telephone instrument for disguise. You may determine, after a survey, that you have a telephone service outlet which will afford better microphone coverage than the telephone instrument. If such is the case, the electronic switching device can be bridged across the line at the outlet or at any place where security and time permit concealing the microphone, electronic switch and its associated wires and connecting same to the subject's telephone line.

In the event you are able, through telephone company cooperation or otherwise, to substitute a telephone instrument which has been altered to incorporate the new electronic switching equipment for one now in service in subjects' NOTE: the use of RFMT type of coverage, but Laboratory tests indicate that telephone sets used for subjects cannot be activated by RFMT unit. Tampa next considered

SPMT type of installation. Laboratory questioned effect of such a low value of jumper resistor, required for this type of installation, would have on ringing of telephones in the area. The Laboratory has now developed an electronic switch circuit which should not affect ringing of telephones with affea. For details of electronic switch circuit see memorandum R. L. Milertto Mr. Conrad captioned "SPMT - Electronic Switching Circuit, 11-27-61.

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Airtel to SAC. Tampa

Re:

92-2781

THME

residences or office, you should advise the Laboratory which of the instruments you have previously furnished for experimental purposes should be altered. You should allow the Laboratory at least 72 hours to alter and test the instrument.

The telephone instruments previously submitted to the Laboratory will be retained in the Laboratory pending a decision by you concerning the possibility of altering the sets for instant operation.

In the event your survey indicates that a MISUR can be securely installed, you should submit a request for installation authority.

SECRET

Exempt from GDS, Category 3

APR 25 1975

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

lemorandum

Mr. Conra

DATE: January 15, 1963

Belmont Mohr ... Callahan Conrad DeLoach Rosen Sullivan Trotter Tele. Room Holmes

Tolson

R. L. Millen FROM

AUDIO CUT-OFF FOR REMT, UNIT SUBJECT: /

The following technical vata is being set forth to record a method for eliminating telephone surveillance coverage on installations where the RFMT (Radio-Frequency Microphone-Telephone) surveillance technique is used. The only time this circuit should be required is for those surveillances involving criminal investigative matters in which the RFMT unit has been authorized.

The only change required for this modification is the addition of a special relay ahead of the radio frequency chokes. The coil of this relay being wired in series with . one side of the telephone line will be energized each time the telephone is used. The lines between the audio output of the RFMT unit and the audio input to the recorder or amplifier are connected to the relay contacts so that the lines are open each time the relay coil is energized.

It is not deemed necessary to advise the field of this development because 1) the limited use of the RFMT technique and 2) each installation of this technique in criminal investigations has, in the past, been first discussed with the Laboratory. Therefore, the field will be advised of this modification when the need arises.

Copies of the circuit are attached. The stock of the special relay is maintained in the Electronics Section of the Laboratory.

ACTION:

Sporo FREQUENCY MICHOFHONE

fortunat r record purposes only.

80-760

Enclosures (5)

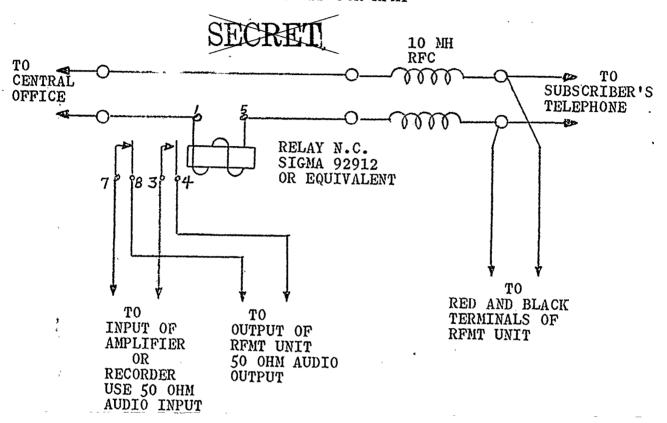
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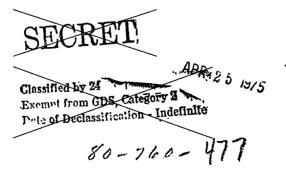
Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category Date of Declassification - Indefinite

UNRECORDED CUPY FILED IN

AUDIO CUT OFF FOR RFMT



CIRCUIT FOR CUTTING OFF AUDIO ON RFMT INSTALLATION WHEN INSTRUMENT IS USED FOR TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS



CKC 1/14/63

CIRCUIT FOR CUTTING OFF AUDIO ON RFMT INSTALLATION WHEN INSTRUMENT IS USED FOR TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS



CKC 1/4/63

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Exempt from 6DS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

PHISICAL SECURITY RESEARCH LARGENTONI
DIRECTOR: C. K. ROBERTS
7107 WINDSOR MILL ROAD
BALTIMORE 7, MARYLAND
PHONE 301-944-5337.

SUBJECT: SECURITY WEAKNESS OF REMINGTON RAND SAFE FILING CABINETS

Remington Rand has made both two drawer and either a Yale or S& G three tumbler look. The later model has the locking control drawer at the second drawer location and uses an S& G M.P. three tumbler lock. These cabinets have been manufactured im hr. and librative resistance both for letter size and legal size. I am sure that the manufacturer never intended these cabinets to be used for the storage of valuable or classified documents since they have no resistance to either force or surrepticious entry and can be compromised in a matter of seconds.

- 1. The greatest weakness by far is the locking linkage. On the old style cabinet a screw driver is applied to the lower right hand corner of the top locking drawer. This corner is pried out about 3/4 inch (the prying is done with the right hand while the loft hand releases the drawer latch under the handle). After the corner is pried out, held it and use the loft hand to pull open the lower drawers. The drawer will spring back in place and if properly done leaves no indication of compromise.
- 2. Now style files may be opened in the same manner, at the second locking drawer.
- 3. Old style, these cabinets were constructed of very light sheet metal and may be easily opened by a screw driver and small floor chisel. First remove the index hold—ing rod and release the drawer latch, pry at one corner and then the other with a screw driver, then place the floor chisel near center of drawer and pull up ... drawer will pop opens. This operation takes about 45 seconds and it is an easy matter to restore this drawer to original condition in about 15 minutes.
- 4. New style, the same procedure may be used at the second locking drawer but less force is needed as this has even lighter shoot metal than old style.
- 5. Old style, the top cover may be lifted up from the back by removing two screws, a hole is drilled over the lock belt and then drive down on the lock belt with a punch and hammer. The lock must be replaced but the top folds down without trouble. This is one reason the new style locks on the second drawer.
- 6. Old style, hole may be drilled above the side linkage red with the top raised and heavy pressure exerted on top of red, then pull open lower drawers.
- 7. Old style, spring drawer catches were supplied at the right side of each drawer. With practice these could be lifted to clear the drawer by working a piece of film through the labyrinth of the drawer head and probing for them.
- 8. Old style, a small pin hole can be drilled through the right wall close under these latches and use a push red to release.
- 9. Old style, the lower drawers may be opened by pulling and pushing the drawers. Pull hand, push drawer back, pull hard and repeat actions until drawer opens.

10. Now style, drill holo at right aide and press in side of drawer at catch.

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Date of Declassification Indefinition CLOSUP TO

ENCLOSURE L

SUBJECT: SECURITY WEAKNESS REMINSTON RAND SAFE FILING CATTER PAGE 2

- 11. New style, drill holo under side linkage bar and press up to release drawers.
- 12. New style, use dial puller, remove dial and ring, drill through upper right lock case screw, use bereascope to read gate locations
- 13. Bial'puller, remove dial'and ring drill straight into gate location under fence (through hard plate use carbide drill).
- 14. X-ray lock from back of cabinot with whoels piled up at zoro.
- 15. Old style, manipulate either the Yale or S & G lock.

Although some of these files have been modified to a small extent, a serious risk of compromise still remains and many attack approaches have not been considered.

For more detailed information on this equipment or any security devices - safes, locks, alarms; telephones, and various listening techniques and devices, contact the Physical Security Research Haberatory;

SECRET

APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification Indefinite

PHYSICAL SECURITY RESEARCH LABORATORY DIRECTOR: C. K. ROBERTS 7107 WINDSOR MILL ROAD. BALTIMORE 7, MARYLAND Wi. 4-5337

SUBJECT: SARGENT & GREENLEAF INC. KEY CHANGE COMBINATION PADLOCK



The following list points up.a few of the numerous methods of compromising the various models of this lock. The first twenty (20) approaches are applicable to all models.

- 1: A dial puller. Remove dial and read gate locations through key change contening hole - about 4 minute operation. Early models had no pin to retain the dial or the spendle and only a pair of pliers were needed.
- 2. A chisel punch at edge of dial at zero. This hole allows the use of a feeler undor the fence location.
- 3. A feeler can be used at the shackle toe.
- 4. A feeler can be used at the shackle heel.
- 5. A foolor at the change key hole.
- 6. The key change gate left open.
- 7. Substitute another lock while cabinet is open and replace original lock later.
 - 8. Air: pressure over dial location and listen to change in tone as the gates come under the change key centering hole.
 - 9. X-ray lock with all wheels pilod up at zero.
- TO. Radiation counter through gate location under fence area.
- 11. Drill in corner of key change hold on Back.
- 12. Drill through back with small drill in gate location undor fonce, then peen the hole closed.
- 15. Whom lock is found open on file use a spacer in the key change hele to keep it. open.
- 14. When lock is found open use a spacer under the change hele slide buttom.
- 15. Sproad and thon pull the shackle with padlock crackers or screw puller.
- 16: Place clamping jig on lock and push in a corner of change key slide plate in chango key holo then use a feeler.
- 17. Use clamping jig on case of lock to spread open right side of back rover. Read getos with lagate Cherno caso closed.
- 18. Prossure at the steel chase will spread lockmase at bottem them a sight rend-Exempt from GDS, Category 2 APA 5.13/5 ing may be tolemented and gap by roclamping. ENCLOSURE 80 - 760

SIRGENT & GREENLELF ING. KEY CHANGE COMBINATION PADLOCK *******PAGE 2 .

- 19. Using clamping jig on case press to pop out lower area of back cover and releaso key chango: slido button.
- 20. Remove back cover; and replace with new cover. The side pins drive im and the top pins may be pushed out while in special holding jigor
- To covored with 21. Drill in the open marker if indented and use feeter. same paint procent im this slot.
- 22. Drill in the set marker if indented and use a feeler. Hele may be covered with black paint.
- 23. Pross in front of lock on dial. This will allow romoval of ontire dial and whool assembly.
- 24. An amplifior may be used to hear gate contacts on some models.
- 25. Exort prossure on shacklo to bond whool post and then feel gates or use dial. indicator to read gate locations.
- 26. A dial indicator and holding jig may be used on early models to read gate locations.
- 27. Some models have under cut dial spindles. These dials may be tapped and removed. Some fall off if the lock is dropped. A square pin may be used to replace dial after reading.
- 28. Many models may be opened with a magnetic pointer placed at the bettem of lock case. By watching the pointer movements the combination is determined.
- 29. An electronic gate locator may be used on those same models to locate gates by: changes in the induction of a tuned coil.
- 30. Vibrator may be used on some models to walk the whoels to open position.
- 51. Shackle prossure to read gates. The edge of the gates may be felt as they pass under the fence on some models.
- 32. Sot dial at zoro, exert shackle pressure and then twist to right then left until the drop in lever is broken off. After this gates may be felt and lock opened.
- 33. A watch spring fooler may be used at the change key slide button hele on some models.

For more detailed information on this equipment or any security devices - safes, locks, alarms, tolophones, and various listening techniques and devices, contact the Physical Socurity Rosearch Laboratory.

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

PHYSICAL SECURITY RESEARCH LABORATORY PUBLIC ADVISOR

NOTICE

All persons having responsibility for defense information, BE ADVISED;

Remington Rand Files, Shaw Walker Files and the lock and bar files 'c have not been tested or approved for the storage of defense or classified documents. These files have no resistance to surreptitious entry or to forced entry.

Whoever uses or permits their use, for classified document storage or whoever knowingly places classified documents in a faulty file or safe, must be considered guilty of gross negligence and are subject to federal criminal procedure.

PARACHAMICAL CONTINUES TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE ANNOTATED READS AS FOLLOWS:

(f) Whoever, being entrusted with or having lawful possession or control of any document, writing, code book, signal book, sketch, photograph, photographic negative, blueprint, plan, map, model, instrument, appliance, note, or information relating to the national defense, (1) THROUGH GROSS NEGLIGENCE permits the same to be removed from its proper place of custody or delivered to anyone in violation of his trust, or to be lost, stolen, abstracted, or destroyed, or (2) having knowledge that the same has been illegally removed from its proper place of custody or delivered to anyone in violation of his trust, or lost, or stolen, abstracted, or destroyed, and fails to make prompt report of such loss, thoft, abstraction, or destruction to his superior officer -----

and alternation to title published offices and and	
Shall be fined not more than \$10 years, or both.	,000.00 or imprisoned not more than ten
LIST THE NUMBER OF SAFES AND FILES USED IN	OPEN UNRESTRICTED AREA'S.
Romington Rend	Use this space for notes or the other side.
Shaw, Walker	
Lock and Bar-files	
Dosks, with lock bars	
LIST THE FAULTY EQUIPMENT IN USE.	
Safes and files	•
Desks	
•	·

Please complete this form sign and mail to;

SEC	R	ET
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Physical Security Research Laboratory .
ATTN: The Director; C. K. Roborts
7107 Windsor Mill Road
Baltimore 7, Maryland

· ·	Classified by 24	
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enclosure

Reported by:
Department:
Room Number:

1962 & JIII

Mr. Conrad

April 30, 1962

R. L. Millen MULTRASONIC

TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE (CM) SWITCH

The above device was developed by the Laboratory in November, 1950, to prevent a telephone being used as a microphone to pick up room conversation. It is effective not only against the ultrasonic listening device but also against other techniques of using the telephone as a microphone when it is not in normal use. To protect Government interests, a patent was applied for on the switch and the patent was placed under the Invention Secrecy Act. Mr. Parsons' July 2, 1953, memorandum to Mr. Harbo on the ultrasonic listening device reflects that while the latter was classified as "Top Secret," the CM switch is classified by the Bureau as "Secret" because it does not disclose the ultrasonic device.

After the passage of several years, the ultrasonic listening device, with Bureau concurrence, was recently reclassified as "Secret" by Presidential order so that greater use could be made of the equipment. Sufficient time has elapsed to indicate that the reclassification has not created any security problems as to the ultrasonic device.

The review of classified items is done on a regular basis to determine the need for continuing the classification on each item. Since the CM switch does not disclose the ultrasonic device and is certainly not as sensitive in nature, it appears that the CM switch should no longer be classified the same as the ultrasonic device, but should be reclassified to "Confidential." It should be noted that State Depantment had now stanted using a countermeasure switch of its own in

The classification of "Confidential" would appear to be more in line with domestic and foreign use of the CM switch. ACTION:

Unless advised to the contrary, the Bure46 MAN11ble6ag to the attention of the Commissioner of Patents, the reclassification of the CM switch from "Secret" to "Confidential."

80-805 On Styles T. Hayward Brown, Chief of Patent Section
(1)-80-760 U.S. Deption Subject of Many of Comson of James Subject of Section to Comson of James Subject of James o

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 Tolson UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT Belmont Mohr 'emorandum DATE: April 24, 1963 Gale 63/91 Sullivan & Tavel Trotter 1 - Mr. Belmont Tele, Room 1 - Mr. Sullivan TR-1 TRANSISTORIZED TRANSMITTER be USED IN TELEPHONE INSTRUMENT Referral/Consult SLYRASOMIC LITENING DEVICES The TR-1 is a small, transistorized transmitter manufactured by Devenco, Incorpor ated, (New York City research and development electronics concern handling contracts for Federal intelligence agencies). It is disguised as a telephone mouthpiece microphone and, when substituted for the regular microphone, it will broadcast telephone conversations (not room conversations) up to 120 feet away to be picked up by a companion receiver. Devenco, has advised Electronics Section personnel that the TR-1 has been declassified and that seven of the eight claims in the patent application had been allowed by the Patent Office. Devenco intends to modernize the TR-1 so that it may be used in the newer style telephone instruments. An attempt will also be made to provide for its continued operation after the phone is hung up so that it may be used to pick up room conversation (as does the Bureau's ultrasonic listening device). Devenco is also considering the possibility of producing a \$3,600 to \$4,000 kit for sale to Federal agencies only which would contain a good receiver and miniature transmitters disguised in various objects. RECOMMENDATION: 25 MAY 2 1963 For information. Laboratory will continue to follow development of closely to determine whether new models are sufficiently inproved to warrant Bureau purchase for investigative use Jossified by 24

SAC, San Francisco (66-3753) FCRET REC 27 Director, FBI (80-760) 4 **April 22, 1964 b**7C

Radio Transmitter-Telephone Listening Device

Reurlet of 4/16/64 with enclosed radio transmitter-telephone listening device which had been submitted to your office by Sergeant of the Santa Clara Police Department. Relet advised that this item was being furnished to the Laboratory as of possible interest and value and that if information regarding same was available, it would be appreciated.

The Laboratory is quite familiar with the type of device mentioned above, as a number have been received and examined in recent years. The device is a miniature transistorized FM transmitter capsulated for rigidity against shock, vibration, and moisture. On one end of capsule a tuning capacitor is installed for use in adjusting the operating frequency within the tuning range of approximately 41 to 151 megacycles. On the other end, two insulated wires emerge for connection to the telephone circuit to be monitored. The device obtains its operating power from the telephone circuit when connected in series with one side of such circuit. When connected in this manner, it will operate only when the telephone is in use, transmitting an FM signal. Any audio or voice signals on the telephone circuit to which device is connected will modulate the transmitted FM signal. The FM signal can be broadcast over a short distance (estimated as 100 to 200 feet) to a companion receiver tuned to the R. F. carrier frequency.

MAILED 8 APR 2.3 1964 COMM-FBI

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Tavel

Although the enclosed device does not have the exact physical appearance of others of this type received in the Laboratory to date. it appears similar to some units manufactured by WJS Electronics Company, 1525 North Hudson, Los Angeles 28, California.

The above-mentioned radio transmitter-telephone listening

Tolson device is being returned herewith, in accordance with your request.

Mohr Casper Collaban Enclosure

Conrad DeLoach B&S:gk (8)

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MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10

UNITED STATES GOV" .MENT

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DIRECTOR, FBI ABORATORY, ELECTRONICS DIVISION

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

SECRET

subject:

RADIO TRANSMITTER - TELEPHONE // LISTENING DEVICE INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed herewith is one radio transmitter - telephone listening device about ½ by 2 inches. It is requested that this item be returned without unnecessary delay to the San Francisco Office for return to Sergeant of the Santa Clara Police Department.

On April 10, 1964, Detective Sergeant
Santa Clara, California, Police Department, advised SA D. RAY
QUINN that a radio transmitter was found connected on a
telephone line. He advised that the subscriber to the telenhone is a mannied woman whose husband has hired detective
of Redwood City. California, to investigate
her activities. Investigator car was parked less
than one block from the location of the transmitter but he
has not definitely been tied to the transmitter.

In order to install the device, the telephone wire was cut and the transmitter was inserted in the line. It is understood that the transmitter sends at about 40 kilocycles when set to the red mark on the dial. It is not known whether this item is commercially produced.

This item is being furnished to the Laboratory as of possible interest and value. If information regarding same is available, it will be appreciated. If no information is available at the Laboratory, the Bureau might wish to investigate this transmitter and then return to San Francisco. It is noted that the initials which have been scratched into the transmitter "LP" are the initials of a Santa Clara Police Department officer placed on the item for identification purposes.

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND

SECRET

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Referral/Consult

DETAILS:

I. CURRENT REFERENCES

According to a copy of a Marc	th 20, 1964, letter received
by the Bureau, the Sccretaries of State	and Defense and the Attorney
General have been asked by	for views and
comments by April 15, 1964, regarding	the August 14, 1963, Annual
Report of the NSC Special Committee on	Corinical Surveillance
Countermeasures and the	
<u>!</u>	
The Attorney General	has not as yet referred this
matter to the Bureau for comments. The	nis memorandum is submitted
for your information and for proposed a	
referrat by the Attorney General for Bu	
response (undated) to _	and the Final Report
of the Panel were made attachments to	
to Mr. Sullivan in which it was recomm	ended that the Lawratory submit
its comments.	

II. SC 1963 ANNUAL REPORT

The Director approved the August 14, 1963, Annual Report of the SC, which is a committee set up in 1957 by Presidential directive to coordinate countermeasure activities. This includes not may operational activity, but also research and development by U.S. Intelligence and certain other U.S. agencies to counter the use of audio surveillance devices against the U.S. throughout the world. The Annual Report recommends improvement in physical security, indoctrination of all personnel in the threat, expansion of countermeasure programs, use of U.S. personnel in all areas involving classified information, permanent assignment of specialists in sensitive U.S. installations and continued emphasis on equipment development. Technical coordination of operations and research and development as achieved by member agencies through the Technical Subcommutee of the SC. The Bureau is not mentioned in this Annual resport but representatives have participated, with the Director's approval, in policy and technical matters affecting the Bureau even indirectly.

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad
Re: AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND SECRET

III. FINAL REPORT OF THE PANEL

At the direction of the President's Foreign Intelligence
Advisory Board, a scientific Panel in 1963 surveyed the audio;
surveillance and countermeasure problems within the U. S. intelligence
community. The Panel recommended the following in a Final Report
dated Feoreary 3, 1964: (1) Substantial increase in basic research
and development of audio surveillance devices and counter audio
surveillance devices (countermeasures); (2) Increased emphasis on
projects affecting possible audio surveillance of inaccessible targets;
(3) Greatly increased attention to security procedures and countermeasure
programs; and (4) Continued support of current audio surveillance development programs. The Panel report sets out specific suggestions for
formation of a "fundamental research group" (same meaning as "basic
research") outside the Government which would consist of a central working
group of scientists engaged in exploratory investigation garded by Referral/Consult
agencies.

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Memorandum to Mr. Conrad Re: AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND EXPERIMENT	Referral/Consult
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V. LABORATORY'S COMMENTS

For Bureau requirements, our programs have been vigorously pursued for years, are completely adequate, and will be expanded if needed. Bureau does not require a central coordinating research and development facility either inside or outside the Government. Through Liaison Section and technical contacts of the Laboratory, Bureau obtains benefit of technical work in intelligence agencies, other Government establishments, and commercial organizations.

The Bureau has no objection to transferring SC to subcommissee status under the USIB, but technically, the operational aspect is so closely linked with the research aspect of countermeasures that formation of two subcommittees would tend to destroy coordination effort now achieved under SC.

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SUBJECT AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERGEASURE	Referral/Consult
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- Department challmanshap. That change ghourd	well berry ager advance affect
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would be needed to evaluate Bureau position recommendation.	on this pasticular
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Memorandum Brennan to Sullivan

Re: AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERNEASURES

PROBLEMS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES

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Referral/Consult

OBSERVATIONS:

Although the Bureau was not involved with the referenced Panel and so far we have not been asked for anything, this subject matter is decidedly of interest to us because of the very importance of audio surveillance in our investigative work. Any research or new developments are of interest and it is vitally necessary that we be fully aware of newly established techniques or equipment. It is obvious that the Panel was not happy with its findings and the impression is left that the Panel was fairly polite with its recommendations.

response to Panel report suggests that (1) he is not inclined to accept any dereliction on the part of and (2) he is interested in obtaining control of research and development in the incelligence community.

ACTION:

Liaism will follow and report developments particularly with regard to any action taken on the establishment of a committee for counter-audio research and development.

If approved, the enclosures are being referred to the believed that this is necessary since the subject matter deals with items exectly related to laboratory activity.

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Momorandum Brennan to Sullivan
Re: AUDIO SURVEILIANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES
,PROBLEMS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES
INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

DETAILS: STOKET
 Sureau Interest:
There is no part of
The enclosures make two references to the Bureau. On Page 3 of letter he states "In the United States the Federal Bureau of investigation conducts audio operations and current liaison between the FBT satisfies the requirement for coordination of clandes has operations in the use of audio equipment." On Page 2 of the Panel support the members of the Panel express an appreciation for the cooperation received from Defeuse Intelligence Agency (DIA) and State Department. This is followed with the statement "The Panel feels that FBT particitation would also have been useful." No record Bureau ever invited to

Panel Report Findings:

participate.

The Panel came up with the following findings: (1) There has been a lack of long-large basic scientific effort in support of audic surveillance. (2) Audio surveillance of sinaccessible targets is extremely difficult and an Cyphologianossible. (3) A number of audio project have been well-planned in the hard been concentrated on released current technology to recognized operational possibilities. (4) The land was alarmed by classification of countermeasure "sophistication" in operation of succession of the countermeasure "sophistication" in operation of succession of the countermeasure "sophistication" in operation.

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Nemorandum Broman to Sullivan AUDIO SURVESSIOANCE AND COUNTERNEASURES PROBLEMS WEREN THE UNLTED STATES INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

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Panel Report Recommendations:

The Panel recommended: (1) Croation of a very substantial basic research effort relevant to audio surveillance and countermeasures; (2) Increased emphasis on projects effecting surveillances of inaccessible targets; (3) Increased attention to security procedures and countermeasures; (4) Continuing support of current audio surveillance development programs.

	here by the Panel on the particular points. It was emphasized by the Panel that effective research could come only from a full-time group of highly competent, devoted and inspired people; that there was a need for close technical lanison between research, development and operations. Recognition was given to in the establishment of its organizational framework for basic research. It was pointed out that this particular
_	Reply to
	The draft report to discussed the following pertages:

National Security Council (NSC) Special Committee on Technical Surveillance Countermeasures:

In his reply to referred to technical inspeastallations and pointed out that the captioned Committee, under 40 The Bureau has Heart Hopber. The proposes that this Committee tracome attached to a successment the USIB. Under his proposal, it boen in existance for many years. classicaby 24 PD . APD . 'APR. 25 1975 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

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Neworandum Broman to Sullivan
Re: AUDIO SURVEILLANCE AND COUNTERMEASURES
PROBLEMS WITHIN THE UNITED STATES
INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY
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responsibility is to check and follow on alleged leaks of information within the intelligence community. proposes that a State Department representative continue to be a chairman if this change is approved.

We do not feel that the proposed recommendation will have any adverse effect on Bureau interests. We will be in a position to fully protect Bureau operations.

Coordination of Research and Development in Counter-Audio Field:

also recommends the establishment of another subcomments, again attached to USIB, which would be responsible for the coordination of research and development relative to counter-audio equipment. We definitely would need more details before we can accurately evaluate the Bureau's position with regard to such a proposal. This we will follow very closely.

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SECHET

	Mr. John W. Douglas
	Assistant Attorney General December 24, 1964 Attention: Mr. T. Hayward Brown, Chief of Patent Section
<i>;</i>	4 37 70 3 444
•	Director, FBI 1 - Mr. Belmont 1 - Mr. Sullivan (Att. Donohue) 1 - Mr. Conrad 1 - Mr. Millen 1 - Mr. Baker 1 - Mr. Corbett
	a former Special Agent of this Bureau, has applied for a patent on a device to provide microphone coverage of certain types of telephone instruments without entering the target area. His patent application, as well as a patent application covering a similar device developed by this Bureau, was placed under the Inventions Secrecy. Act of 1951 by the Department at the request of the FBI.
,	has raised the question with the Patent Office as to whether or not this should remain classified in view of a recent newspaper article written by Richard Starnes which, in ppinion, made the captioned technique public knowledge.
· ·	Starnes' article "Snooping Snoopers" appeared in the "Washington Daily News," the Boston Traveler, " and other papers throughout the United States. The device described by Starnes requires a special attachment to the telephone line in the area where microphone coverage is desired. It does not, therefore, fall within the purview of the Presidential Directive classifying this device perfect.
COMM-FBI	It is the Bureau's desire that this matter be retained under the Inventions Secrecy Act and that device should be continued under the Secrecy order. Accordingly, it is requested that the Patent Office be asked to continue to maintain application in accordance with the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act. will also be advised by an FBI representative of the Bureau's desire in this matter. NOTE: This letter is classified Secret as the matter discussed is classified Secret by Presidential Directive. 21 DEC 30 1964
<i>59</i>	Cover memo R. L. Millen to Mr. Conrad dated, 12/23/64, re-"RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (REMT), CKC:ev:bwd. 1 - Personnel file of former SA
	CKC:bwd (ID) GROUP 1

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		<i></i>	V 1	Callahan ———————————————————————————————————
то :	Mr. Conrad	- CECEPTIN	DATE: December 23,	, 1964 Gole Rosen
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FROM ;	R. L. Millen		JUNE 1 - Mr. Sull (Att. Done	livan Tele. Room
•	DADIO EDECITE		1 Mr Con	
SUBJECT:	TELEPHONE UI	INCY MICROPHONE NIT (RFMT)	1 - Mr. Mill	len 1 - Mr. Corbett 1 - Mr. Harward
•	The Radio-Freque	uency Microphone-T	elephone (RFMT) unit	is a Bureau-
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	Memorandum to Mr. Conrad			
	RE: RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT)			
	80-760 CTCP LIP			
	asked that his source be protected.			
	A Bureau source advised that			
	device does not fall within the purview of the Presidential Directive concerning the RFMT nor does it perform the same function as the RFMT unit. Therefore, the publication of this technique is not, as alleges, making the RFMT public knowledge.			
	The classification of the RFMT should remain Secret. Inasmuch as the Justice Department has been designated one of the agencies responsible for the classification and control of this device, it is suggested that the Department advise the Patent Office of our desire to maintain the present classification of this device. (80-760-16)			
	RECOMMENDATIONS:			
	It is recommended that (1) the attached letter to the Department requesting continuance of the present classification of the RFMT be approved.			
	(2) The attached letter to Boston instructing an experienced agent contact to advise him of the Bureau's position in this matter be approved. resigned from the Bureau in good standing.)			
	Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS C tegory 3 Date of Declassification - Indefinite			

FD-36 (Rev. 5-22-64)

b6 b7C FBI 12/31/64 Date: nsmit the following in . Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL Via (Priority) DIRECTOR, FBI (80-760) TO: SAC: BOSTON (67-3392) FROM: JUNE-SUBJECT: (RADIO FREQUENCY MICROPHONE TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT) Re Bureau letter dated 12/24/64. On 12/31/64, former SA advised of the contents of relet. is now Export Department, Baird-Atomic, Inc., 33 University Road, Cambridge 38, Massachusetts. stated that his reaction to Government's position was as follows: He feels that the disclosures contained in the article written by RICHARD STARNES are similar in importance to the disclosures in an article by columnist JOSEPH ALSOP when ALSOP initially disclosed the presence of a microphone installation secreted in the American Embassy in Moscow. stated that ALSOP's article revealed the possibility of accomplishing an act of voice interception through the use of a resonant cavity as a microphone. stated the STARNES article established publicly for the first time, to knowledge, the fact that a telephone microphone could be used surreptitiously at a distance without first entering the premises and altering the circuitry of the telephone. Bureau I-Boston " from GDS. Caterory of Meclassification . cial Agent in Charge

BS 67-3392

SECRET felt that the possibility now exists that the field will be opened to others interested and

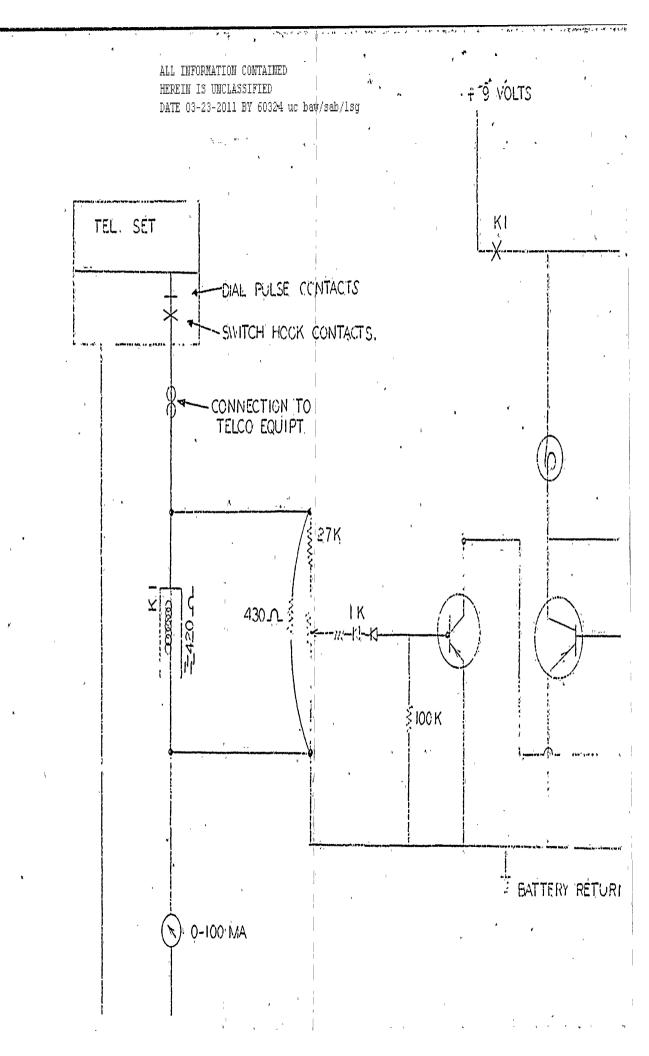
active in technical surveillances to experiment along similar lines. He feels that such experimentation will

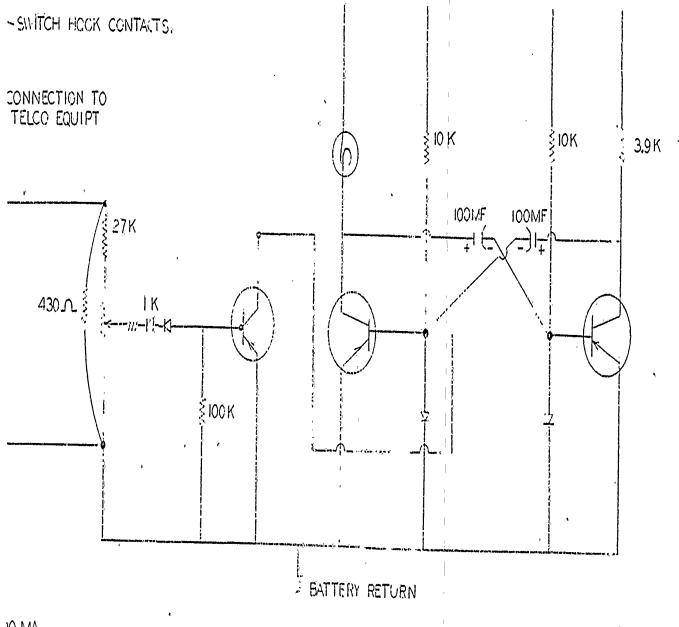
undoubtedly lead to research concerning the application of resonant cavities and to other resonant circuit devices. feels that some legal means should be utilized to stop others from exploiting the market for such technical devices. They accomplish the same purpose as his

own, the surreptitious use of telephones as a microphone although by more cumbersome or less sophisticated means.

He feels that he is under a distinct disadvantage while his own device comes within the provisions of the Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951.





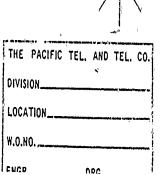


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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED . DATE 04-27-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsq

DINNECTION TO ELCC EQUIPT.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6 b6 b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI DATE: 2/4/71 ATTENTION: FBI LABORATORY, RADIO-ELECTRONICS SECTION ATTN W. E. HARWARD SAC, SAN DIEGO (66-96)

SUBJECT:

WIRETAP DETECTION DEVICE LABORATORY MATTER

Enclosed is a Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Company communication concerning a device recently removed from a subscriber's telephone line in Sacramento, California. A description of the device is set out in enclosed material, and wiring diagram is included.

Security Agent, Pacific Telephone & Telegraph, San Diego, advised that company engineers have discovered that effectiveness of this device can be minimized by using a wiretap device having the highest input impedance possible. Inputs employing 100 K ohms are available and should be used to minimize the effect of this device. Further, the wiretap devices should be located as near as possible to the subscriber's talk battery supply and as far from the subscriber's telephone as possible.

has advised that should anything further regarding this or similar devices come to his attention, he will furnish it to the San Diego Office.

2 - Bureau (Encls-2) (AM) (RM) 2 - San Diego

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This device well with the completed of the control

15 FEB 8 1971

APR 2 5 1975 Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

1074 Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-23-2011

Sacramento, January 20, 1971

SECRET

A foreign attachment was recently removed from a subscriber line in Sacramento. The occupants of the residence where this equipment was being used have been arrested for bookmaking and this device was confiscated by the Sacramento Police Department and is being held by them as evidence.

The device was analyzed and an electrical schematic is attached to this discussion. The device functions as a "wiretap" detection. It consists of a transistorized sensing circuit and a multivibrator which brings in a flashing lamp when a change (decrease) in line current occurs.

The device is wired in series with the tip side of the line at the telephone set and a potentiometer is set for a "no-alarm" condition with normal line current being supplied. The user must assume that his line is initially untapped to set this condition. The analysis showed that a decrease of less than 3 milliamps in line current would result in an alarm (flashing light) condition. The minimum current change to bring in an alarm has not been determined as yet, but it is definitely less than 3 milliamps.

The device is well built and could be a commercial item. It has a combination of Japanese and American made components. It introduces a total series resistance of approximately 215 ohms in the loop.

A relay in series with the line must operate before this circuit can function. This relay requires 23 to 24 milliamps from the line to operate. The device is therefore effective only in the "off-hook" condition.

The bias on the sensing transistor is adjusted via the potentiometer to a "no-go" condition with normal line current. A decrease in line current changes the conducting state of this transistor and its output triggers the multivibrator circuit to bring in the lamp which is a collector load on one of the multivibrator transistors. This alarm condition continues until either an "on-hook" condition or return to normal line current exists.

APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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164

New Bug All Ears-Snoops Through Hung-Up Phone

By Ronald Kessler Washington Post Staff Writer

breakthrough in elecof federal law enforcement near the premises.
and security investigators To tag and bug here yesterday.

The device can be placed anywhere on a line leading to the phone to be tapped — on telephone poles, in under-ground cable vaults, or in telephone company switching offices miles away. It picks up both telephone calls and conversations in the room where the phone is installed, even when the receiver is on the

ment bugging experts who were queried yesterday, would make it unique.

According to Clyde Wallace, a bugging equipment manufacturer who disclosed the development, the device is already being used by two federal investigative agencies.

Wallace described the device at a symposium of the Association of Federal Investigators at the Mayflower Hotel. the three-day Others on agenda were officials of the Justice Department, Federal Bureau of Investigation, Buread of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs, and Treasury Department.

Spokesmen for the FBI and Central Intelligence Agency uccompession ment on whether their agencles were the ones alluded to by Wallace in his speech as using the device.

The FBI has primary responsibility for court approved wiretapping, which is interception of telephone calls, and bugging, which is monitoring of room conversations through electronic devices. The CIA conducts extensive electronic surveillance outside the U.S. but is not supposed to operate domestically unless the matter is related directly to its foreign intelligence work.

After his speech, Wallace expressed surprise and some dismay that a reporter had been present while he talked

questions on the new device.

During the speech, however, Wallace described it as the tronic listening devices per first method for simultane-mitting any home or office to ously tapping a phone and be bugged and tapped without bugging the room where it is entering it was disclosed by a installed without tampering wiretap expert at a conference with the phone or even going

To tap and bug a phone, he said, the device is placed anywhere on the telephone line running to it. It then emits a radio frequency, which trips a switch in the phone. This switch normally prevents conversations in the room from traveling over the telephone wire. When it is bypassed by the signal, the phone becomes an open microphone, transmitting both room conversations and telephone calls to the lis-

tener. Normal phone calls can be made while the device is in operation, according to Wallace, who said he is developing his own version of the device.

Last year, a cut-off switch was found by an electronics expert to be bypassed on the civil defense telephone in the office, of Maryland Gov. Marvin Mandel, making the phone capable of transmitting conversations from Mandel's office. The telephone company attributed the situation to a

attributed the situation to a wiring error.

Other devices, called infinity transmitters or harmonical bugs, can bug and tap phones simultaneously, but they all require physical entry to permit rewiring of the phone or installation of a bug. Government bugging experts interviewed vesterday said no public mention had

said no public mention had been made before of a device that would not require entry, and several expressed sur-prise at the development.

However, Bernard Fenster-wald, former chief counsel of former Sen. Edward E. Long's Subcommittee on Administrative Practice and Procedure, which held extensive hearings on government surveillance, said he has had information for some time from nonpublic disclosures during the committee's investigation that security agencies, such as the CIA, use richa devices

Miller, Eks. Callahan Casper. Conrad 1 Dalbey 4Cleveland Ponder Rosen. Tavel Walters Soyars J Tele, Room. Wallace, earlier this year Tele, R was investigated by the FBI to Holmes determine if any devices sold Gandy by the Spy Shop, which he owns, violate federal wiretap laws, according to FBI

Wallace said he operates strictly within the confines of the law. The outcome of the FBI investigation could not be learned yesterday.

Asked about the propriety of an FBL official appearing; on the same agenda with the target of an FBI probe, an FBI spokesman said the FBI representative appeared on a different day than did Wallace. Other than that, he said, the

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laws, sources.

	Times Herald
	The Washington Daily News
	The Evening Star (Washington)
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•	Sunday News (New York)
	New York Post
	The New York Times
	The Daily World
	The New Leader

The Wall Street Journal ___ The National Observer ____ Popply World _

10 NUV 3 1971 Date SEP 24 1971



b6 b7C

Memorandum to Mr. White
RE: Radio-Frequency MicrophoneTelephone Unit (RFMT) - Patent Matter
80-760

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) It is recommended that the attached memorandum be sent to the Department advising that 1) the FBI poses no objection to recognition of patent attorney of record, and 2) requesting that this patent application be restored to a secret classification.

(2) It is recommended that this memorandum be routed through the Office of Legal Counsel, Inspector for review.

Milale

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APR 25 1975

Classified by 24

Trough from GDS, Category 2

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(215) 637-3241 (215) 743-0818

· PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19154

HYPNOLOGIST
 EXPERIMENTAL RESEARCH

A SCIENTIFIC ELECTRONIC EAVESDROPPING THEORY by frank weiler

Transmit an abnormal field of energy or current over the telephone communication system directed at one particular phone. This energy or current must have the capability of jumping the disconnected contacts when the telephone is hung up, without ringing the bell.

After the contacts are reconnected, not by touching each other but as most individuals are aware that electricity, magnetism and other forms of energy can be made to jump a considerable distance. Where as the energy can travel via the molecules in the air, making the connection.

At this point you will have established a field of current or energy that will activate the transmitter in your telephone and allow a feedback of the conversations (sound-waves) near by the telephone in any home or office.

This will make any telephone an "Electronic Eavesdropping Device" or better known as an "Electronic Bugging Device" without having to attach, insert, or make an electronic or mechanical alteration of the telephone.

The same method could be used to "Tap" or "Eavesdrop" on all your phone conversations without detection or without actually planting a "Bug" or "Tap" on your telephone lines or phones.

ST, 100

Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, P.C.

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Attention: Acting Director

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Seference

0-4a (Rev. 1-19-67)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

DATE: 8/26/70

Re:

SAC, NORFOLK (66-750)

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

AUG 27 1970

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE

DATE 03-23-2011

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0-4a (Rev. 11-19-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST. ATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 03-23-2011

DATE:

TO:

12-17-65

Re:

Technical Equipment

SAC, San Francis

RFMT Unit. #6.

Source Supply for above unit of Declassification - Indefinite

Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Document A Electronics

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Crypt.-Trans.

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initial invoice; return to Section checked in block; after
initialing in block, invoice to be placed in administrative file.

FBI File No.

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ReUrlet 9-24-65

Registered Mail (On Two).

7-66 (Rev. 10-8-64)

1 - Mr. Corbett 1 - Mr. Harward

80-760 -

October 4, 1965

Special Agent in Charge

, San Francisco (66-1746)

RFMT UNIT

· Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

Reurlet 9/24/65 advising that RFMT unit #6 was being returned to the Laboratory for servicing.

This unit will be bench tested, serviced as requested and returned to your office.

WEH:ev

Classified by 24 Fil' 11 Oil Kempt from GDS, Category 2

Date of Declassification - Indefinite

2-10-51 W :65

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Tolson. Belmont. Moht. DeLoach Casper. Callahan Contad -Felt . Rosen _ Sullivan

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TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVE" MENT

$\it Iemorandum$

9/24/65

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

RFMT UNIT

ATT: FBI LABORATORY, ELECTRONICS SECTION

CLIPRA SINI. LISTENING DE VICES

Re San Francisco letter dated 9/2/65.

There is being forwarded under separate cover captioned unit, #6, via protective signature handling, and the accompanying source supply via Parcel Post.

It is requested that these units be tested and made serviceable and returned to the San Francisco Office for storage for future authorized use.

(16 c (2) - Bureau (RM)

2 - Packages

2 - San Francisco

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APR 25 1975

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7-66 (Rev. 10-8-64)

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80-760

1 - Mr. Corbett

March 15, 1965

JUNE

Special Agent in Charge

, New York

Re:

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

Dear Sir:

The following concerns the technical equipment of your office:

Reurlet 3/10/65 in captioned matter requesting the Laboratory alter two Western Electric 500-type telephones to make them compatible with the Radio-Frequency Microphone-Telephone technique. These instruments have been altered and were returned to your office via Registered Airmail on 3/12/65.

For your information one of the instruments was altered by placing a .1 microfarad condenser between the L1 and R and another .1 microfarad condenser was connected between L2 and B punchings on the Western Electric 425 network. The tother instrument has .047 microfarad condensers connected between the L2 and R and L1 and B punchings. The condensers were concealed inside the network and the instruments have been properly tagged to indicate the value of the jumper condenser.

CKC:ev

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OPTIONAL FORM NO 10 MAY 1962 EDITION GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

 $\it Aemorandum$

b7D

TO

DIRECTOR, FBL

DATE:

CHARLES CORBETT, FBI LABORATORY, ELECTRONICS

SECTION)

FROM

.c. new york (66-2423)

JUNE

SUBJECT:

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

Will Care

Reference is made to New York investigation entitled ESP-R". New York

Bureau has authorized installation of the misur on the referenced espionage investigation. After survey it is felt by the New York Office soundmen assigned that the most secure way of effecting misur coverage would be to have the Laboratory mold the necessary condensors across the block of a telephone instrument and to replace the existing telephone instrument with the instrument to be provided by the Laboratory. This would make available the RFMT technique in effecting secure coverage.

Being forwarded to the Bureau, under separate cover via Eastern Airlines Air Shuttle, are two 500 type instruments provided by the New York Telephone Company. Any expeditious treatment by the Laboratory would be appreciated by the New York Office.

Classified by 24 1 1 198 2 5 1975 Exam t from GDS, Category 2

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(1-FBI Laboratory, Electronics Section) 心水

1-Package

1-New York (66-2423)

RES: Dad 7. 1 200 to 444 3/10/005.

0-4a (Rev. 11-19-64)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVEST TION.

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535

DATE: 3-12-65

Re: Technical Equipment

TO:

SAC, New York

ATTN: MR. SOLOMON

> whileDA i Anou M-Fb

Invoice of Contents.

Crypt.-Trans.

Document Electronics

Altered Western Electric 500 Type Telephone Sets P&C 2 Each

LFPS

71650620

FBI File No. 80-760

Special Instructions:
Mail Room: Show shipment date and registry number.
Shipping Room: Show shipment date; bill of lading number;
initial invoice; return to Section checked in block; after
initialing in block, invoice to be placed in administrative file.

74334AB Reurlet 3-10-65

Via Registered Air Mail.

Modeorge Bundy

141 APR 17 1964

The Piroctor, Federal Bureau of Investigation The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board

C)

ツルロ MAR 20 11964

,	SECRET	1 - Mr.	Callahan E. S. Miller Jenkins
	Acting Assistant Attorney General Civil Division		February 13, 1974 b6 b7C
	Director, FBI REC-64 RE	l - Mr. l - Mr. l - Mr. l - Mr. l - Mr.	Wannall Gebhardt Cleveland Herington (Rm 5640)
	In reply to your request of December $\overset{0^r}{4}$, 146-7-51-2277, IJ:PFArseneau:ncm.	1973, yo	ur number
	a former Special Ager applied for a patent on a device to provide micro certain types of telephone instruments without en His patent application, as well as a patent applica- device developed by this Bureau, was placed und Act of 1951 by the Department at the request of the	phone contering the transfer the Indian content in Indian content in the Indian content in the Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content in Indian content	overage of he target area. vering a similar aventions Secrecy
SENT FROM D. O. ME 4.586M ATE 2-14-74	has requested of the Patent Office access for his patent attorney of record regarding. This Bureau has no objection to the Patent Office attorney of record in this matter for access to the does not grant clearances to persons outside its recommendation regarding such clearances.	ng this p e recogn ne file; h	atent application. nizing owever, the FBI
TIME DATE	It is the Bureau's desire that its patent at the Inventions Secrecy Act, classified Secret, at for device also be continued under the State of SA	nd that th	ne patent application order.
	NOTE:		2/18/20:78/24 ^{en}
Assoc. Dir. Dep. AD Adm. Dep. AD Inv. Asst. Dir.: Admin. Comp. Syst. Ext. Affairs Files & Com. Gen. Inv. Ident. Inspection Intell. Laboratory Plan. & Eval. Spec. Inv. Training Legal Coun. Triephone Rm. Director Sec'y	See cover memo R. A. Miller to White de Frequency Microphone - Telephone Unit (RFMT) This letter is classified Secret as the matter discovery by Presidential Directive. WGS:bms (14) CLASSIFIED BY 24 EXEMPT FROM GENERAL SCHEDULE OF EXECUTIVE EXEMPTION CATEGORY	- Paten cussed i L DECL Æ CRDE	t Matter, WGS:bms. s classified Secret

Form D! 50 (Ed 4-26-65)

UNITED STATES GOVE MENT

SPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Memorandum

h6 b7C

TO

: Mr. Clarence M. Kelley

Director, Federal Bureau of

Investigation

DEC 4 1973

IJ:PFArseneau:ncm 146-7-51-2277

Irving Jaffe

Acting Assistant Attorney Keneral

Civil Division

DATE:

Application SN 334,440 filed February 2, 1953; Attorney's Request For Recognition and Access

OULTRASONIC LISTENING

This memorandum is to request the views of the Bureau with request to an inquiry recently transmitted by the Patent Office. The question relayed by the Patent Office is as follows:

> Does the Bureau object to the Patent Office forwarding an acknowledgement and recognition of a paper filed by a former FBI employee giving a private patent practicioner a Power of Attorney in a patent application which has been maintained in Secrecy at the request of the FBI for some twenty (20) years?

In 1953. La natent application was filed by a former FBI employee. request of the FBI, this Department requested that the application be placed under Secrecy Order (35 U.S.C. §181), which prevents the granting of a patent where disclosure of the information therein

could be detrimental to the national security. We are advised that the invention was made after had left the Bureau.

The original classification "Top Secret" has long since been downgraded to "Confidential."

XEmaX

Classified by 24 30 1974 Tarmater Gos, Category 2 Wills! Form 2/19/14

VMr. Rupert Brady, Sr.) The patent attorney who originally prosecuted the application during the time it was under Secrecy Order is now deceased. formal namer granting the latter a Power of Attorney was executed by and filed on November 29, 1960. Inasmuch as is not presently listed as an authorized disclosee, revelation of the subject matter of the invention to him by his client, would effectively void the application, and invalidate any patent which issued thereon, as a matter of law. To this day, the Patent Office has never forwarded an acknowledgement of the latter-mentioned Power of Attorney. recognized same, or otherwise advised that he would be permitted to inspect and study the file of the patent application. purpose in obtaining access to the file is to convince the Patent Office (and apparently the FBI) that the substance of the invention has fallen into the public domain as a result of the disclosure of the details thereof in technical iournals. engineering periodicals, etc. contention, however, that it is impossible for him to complete a search for such material, until he has had an opportunity to analyze the pending patent application. Recently, has been pressing the Patent Office either to forward him a formal acceptance of the paper granting him a Power of Attorney and to allow him access to the application, or to explain what steps must be taken by him in order for Patent Office to grant him access. The Patent Office asked that the Patent Section make the decision as to whether Power of Attorney should be recognized. Inasmuch as the application was placed under secrecy at the request of the FBI, however it is our view that question of permitting to inspect and study the allowed application should be made by the Buryant TVT APR 25 ives Classified by 24 Exempt from GDS, Category 2 Date of Declassification - Indefinite

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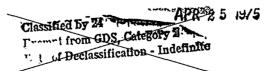
evidently takes the position that the inventor of an application under a Secrecy Order has a right to counsel of his own selection. The argument, essentially, is that if a patent application has improperly and unnecessarily been maintained secret for a prolonged time, a refusal to grant access to the applicant's chosen attorney effectively deprives the inventor of his legal right to show why the secrecy order should be rescinded.

of Power of Attorney by the Patent Office, we would very much appreciate being so advised.

On the other hand, if it will be necessary to advise the Patent Office that access to the application by should not be permitted, because of the fact that he has apparently not been cleared through "Confidential," we would appreciate being advised what steps should be taken to obtain the type of clearance which would be acceptable to the Bureau, as a prerequisite to such access.

The Patent Section feels that it would be inappropriate to make any recommendation one way or the other in this matter. The Rules clearly provide, however, that an inventor may petition for rescission or modification of a Secrecy Order, and submit appropriate exhibits and materials in support thereof. If has assured his counsel, as a fact, that subsequent technical articles have effectively cast his invention into the public domain, there may be a question raised as to a continuing refusal either to allow counsel to inspect the case, or to advise him as to what steps would be required by the Bureau in order to make such access possible.

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b6 OPTIONAL FO: 40, 10 MAY 1942 EDITI, N GSA GEN, REG. 110, 27 b7C UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT $\it 1emorandum$ Ext. Mr. White DATE: February 12, 1974 TO File Gan lden R. A. Miller 🗽 FROM RADIO-FREQUENCY MICROPHONE-TELEPHONE UNIT (RFMT) - PATENT MATTER ULTRASONIC LISTEN The Radio-Frequency Microphone-Telephone (RFMT) unit is a Bureaudeveloped device that provides microphone coverage of certain types of telephone instruments without need to enter the target area. A patent filed under the Inver-Secrecy Act of 1951 was granted. Subsequently a Presidential Directive classify the technique Secret and setting forth restrictions regarding use and procurement of the device was issued. a former Special Agent employed in the Laboratory du ethe initial stages of this development, is one of two individuals outside of the Government who has developed and applied for a patent on a similar device. The Patent Office has advised the Patent Section of the Department of Jus that patent attorney, Mr. Rupert Brady. Sr., who originally handled the patent application for er of Attorney in th //matter to Unrecorded desires the sam access to the the in the Patent Office. The Patent Office has asked the Patent Section of the Department of Justice to decide whether Power of Attorney should be recognized. The Patent Section of the Department of Justice in turn has asked the Bureau to make this decision inasmuch as the application was placed under secrecy at the request of the FBI. In addition, the Patent Section of the Department of Justice has requested that the Bureau advise them as to what steps would be necessary to to gain access to the application because of the fact that has not been cleared through "Confidential." 80-760 Enclosure - Sent 2-14-74 edw 1 - Mr. Callahan 1 - Mr. Cleveland 1 - Mr. E. S. Miller 1 - Mr. Herington (Rm 5640) FEB 28 1974 1 - Mr. Jenkins 1 - Mr. White 1 - Mr. R. A. Mille 1 - Mr. Wannall 1 - Mr. Stevens 1 - Mr. Gebhardt Classified by 24 WGS:bms CONTINUED - OVER Tympt from the Category 8 to of Declarsingation Andehmite

b6 b7C

Memorandum to Mr. White
RE: Radio-Frequency MicrophoneTelephone Unit (RFMT) - Patent Matter
80-760

On 1/8/74 Inspector of the Office	of Legal Counsel
and Special Agent Wilbur G Stevens of the Laboratory conf	erred with
Patent Section, C	ivil Division.
	,
Department of Justice, regarding this matter.	
was advised that the FBI had no objection	to the Patent Office
recognizing . as the attorney of recognizing	
regard to this matter, however, the FBI does not grant clear	
outside the Bureau or make any recommendations regarding	w?
On'1/11/74 elephonically advised SA Stevens that	he had contacted the
Patent Office in regard to this matter and had determined the	hat a formal letter
from the Department of Justice recognizing the power of at	torney of
would be sufficient to permit the Patent Office t	o do the same, in the
event that the Bureau decides such action can be taken.	, ,
Inquiry was made of concerning the downg	rading of this patent
application from "Secret" to "Confidential," inasmuch as the	ne Bureau had
originally requested this matter be placed under secrecy.	advised
he would make the complete file available for review. On i	
reviewed the complete file concerning this matter, in	
review reflected no correspondence from the Bureau regard	ding reclassification
of this patent application from "Secret" to "Confidential,"	*
K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	

It is to be noted that the application of this device to current telephone instruments is under active study by the Pechnical Security Countermeasures Committee (TSCC) under the United States Intelligence Board (USIB). The Bureau is a member of both of these organizations.

The classification of the RFMT as "Secret" should be retained. Inasmuch as the Department of Justice has been designated one of the agencies responsible for the classification and control of this device, the Department should be requested to advise the Patent Office of our desire to upgrade the present classification of this device.

* nor did it reflect any other basis for this reductions

Classified by 24

Exempt from GDS, Category 2

Tote of Declassification - Indefinite

Assoc. Dic. Dep. AD Adm.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Memorandum

Mr. Cochran/

: W. D. Campbell

OF RADIO FREQUENCY TRANSMITTERS

DATE: 5/1/79

1 - Mr. Cochran 1 - Mr. Campbell 1 - Mr. Frawley

1 - Mr. Heineman

Dep. AD Inv. Asst. Dir. Adm. Servs. Crim. Inv. _ Ident. Intell. Laboratory . Legal Coun. Plan. & Insp. Rec. Mgnt. . Tech. Servs. Training .. Public Affs. Off. Telephone Rm.

Director's Sec'y

To advise of a court defense in Title III cases wherein the defendant alleges a violation of his "right to privacy" because a legally authorized Title III electronic surveillances utilized a radio frequency (RF) transmitter, allowing the indiscriminate broadcast of the defendant's conversation.

DETAILS:

In April, 1979, an attorney from the Department of Justice advised that a defendant in a criminal prosecution raised a legal defense that his "right to privacy" was violated because the legally authorized Title III electronic surveillance resulted in the use of a RF transmitter, which then broadcast the defendant's conversation for all to receive and listen.

The case involved the use of a concealed automobile transmitter operating on an assigned FBI frequency. Since RF scanners (Radio Shack and Bearcat) can be purchased overthe-counter, it is very easy for any citizen to receive and listen to any FBI frequency. It is not illegal to do so. The defense contends that if law enforcement, through an electronic surveillance, makes available the defendant's conversation to nonentitled parties, then the defendant's right to privacy has been violated.

Although an "overhear" is possible and is easily done, there are mitigating circumstances. A low power transmitter can only be received in a small area, the receive antenna must be located properly and the receiver must be sufficiently narrow band to acquire a readable FBI signal

(CONTINUED-OVER)

16 MAY 17 1979

U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

1 MD FBI/DOJ

WXH:kqb*

Memorandum W. D. Campbell to Mr. Cochran Re: TITLE III

However, the best counter to the legal defense is the use of inversion in the transmission mode. Inversion is a very simple means of providing voice privacy. Conversation is not difficult to unscramble, but it does require special equipment. The T-4 transmitters now being used does have the capability to provide inversion and whenever possible the inverted mode is used on Title III situations.

At the present time, not all field offices have the necessary equipment to take advantage of the inverted mode, because receiver modifications are necessary to interface with the decoder unit. Due to extensive commitments for field operational assistance, the necessary equipment checkout and modifications have backlogged. Every effort is being made to supply the field with the necessary equipment to make use of the inversion transmission mode available in the T-4.

RECOMMENDATION:

None, for information only.

APPROVED:	Adm. Serv.	Legal Count Com Pro-
Director Assoc, Dir.	Crim. Inv.	Park Mosp. (Ray, Mant, Yosh Sarvs. (Chara
Dep. AD Adm. Dep. AD Inv.	Laboratory	Training Public Affs. Off.

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)



1 - Mr. Davis 2/28/77

SAC, Norfolk

Director, FBI (80-760)

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT SONY TAPE RECORDER

Re urtelcal 1/27/77. De vid 45

- Equipment listed below has been received. After repairs have been made it will be returned to your office.
- Equipment listed below has been repaired and is being returned to your office.
- has been Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for permanent temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.
- Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and will be considered will be ordered when funds are available.

1 each Sony TC-270 Tape Recorder S/N 31942

Sob Ake

90-760-

FEB 2 5 1977

NOT RECORDED

5 5 MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

SAC, Jackson

1 - Mr. Davis 2/28/77

Director, FBI (80-760)

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT
SONY TAPE RECORDER

Ultrison & 15terlyg Devilles

Re urtel cal 2/7/77

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	Equipment listed below has been repaired and is being returned to your office. has been
(X)	Equipment listed below ischeing shipped to your office for permanent temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.
	Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and will be considered will be ordered when funds are available.
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1.	each Sony BM-25A Tape Recorder Transcriber S/N 31664

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FEB 25 1977

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6 MAR 1 1977

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7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

r t	SAC, Cleveland (66-9)	1 - Mr. Davis 2/28/77
	Director, FBI (80-760)	
,	TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT SONY TO55 TAPE RECORDER) E V. 1 45
	Re urlet 1/11/77.	
/ Y*	Equipment listed below has been received. After repairs have been will be returned to your office.	en made it
	has been Equipment listed below has been repaired and is being returned to	your office.
	Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for permittemporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be	
į į	Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record will be considered will be ordered when funds are available	
		··
ť	1 each Sony TC-55 Tape Recorder S/N 37322	
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	age,	14K 1 1.7
	FEB 2 5 1977	
•	FBI	

TELETYPE UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

SAC, Seattle (66-1975)

1 - Mr. DAvis
2/28/77

Director, FBI (80-760)

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT SONY TC-100 CASSETTE TAPE RECORDER

Equipment listed below has been received. After repairs have been made it will be returned to your office.

| Equipment listed below has been repaired and is being returned to your office.

| Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for | permanent | temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.

| Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and | will be considered | will be ordered when funds are available.

1 each Sony TC-100 Cassette Tape Recorder S/N 452637

JOD: dkc

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TELETYPE UNIT

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

2 - Admin Services Div (1 - Premnt, Rm 6823 JEH) (1 - Invtry, Rm 6132 JEH) 1 - Lab Invtry Mgt, Rm 1B239 1 - Sect Invtry Mgt

SAC, WFO 2/25/77

(80-760) Director, FBI

CULTRASCINC LISTENING DEVICE TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT

SONY TAPE RECORDER

Reurtelcal 2/22/77

Equipment listed below has been received.	After repairs have been made it
will be returned to your office.	

- Equipment listed below has been repaired and is being returned to your office. has been
- Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for KX permanent temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.
- Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and will be considered will be ordered when funds are available.

1 each Sony 270 tape recorder, S/N 31473

This recorder was purchased under PO #55094. Note:

> 80-760-NOT RECORDED 6 MAR 3 1977

FEB 25 1977

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Bulle. C.

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

SAC, Phoenix

1 - Mr. Davis 2/25/77

Director, FBI (80-760) ULTHING LISTENING DEVICES
TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT
SONY TAPE RECORDER

Re urtelcal 12/27/77

Equipment listed below has been received. After repairs have been made it will be returned to your office.	
has been [X] Equipment listed below has been repaired and is the ingreturned to your office.	
Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for permanent temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.	
Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and will be considered will be ordered when funds are available.	
1 each Sony 800B Reel to Reel Tape Recorder S/N 21787 76-760- NOT RECORDE	- n
	-

6 MAR 3 1977

JOD: dkc (9)

Man LED DA EB 25 1977

TELETYPE UNIT

7-66 (Rev. 6-5-75)

SAC, Albany

1 - Mr. Davis 2/25/77

Director, FBI

(80-760)

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT
SONY TAPE RECORDERS

OLTENIAN, C LELENING DEVICES
Re urtelcal 1/2/77.

Equipment listed below has been received. After repairs have been made it will be returned to your office.
has been Equipment listed below has been repaired and representations to your office.
Equipment listed below is being shipped to your office for permanent temporary assignment. Appropriate inventory changes should be made.
Your request for equipment listed below has been placed on record and will be considered will be ordered when funds are available.

1 each Sony 800B Reel to Reel Tape Recorder S/N 21602

80-760-

NOT RECORDED

6 MAR 3 1977

MAILED 24

HEB 25 1977

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 JULY 1973 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE:

1/11/77

(ATTN:

SCIENTIFIC & TECHNICAL SERVICES DIVISION

ENGINEERING SECTION)

FROM

SAC, CLEVELAND (66-9)

3

SUBJECT:

7. (8.

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT CLEVELAND DIVISION

Under separate cover, the below listed equipment is being shipped to the Bureau for repair and subsequent return to the Cleveland Division:

l each SONY TC-55 Tape Recorder Serial Number 37322

The above recorder will not allow the record button to be fully engaged with a cassette tape inserted.

This equipment is on the Cleveland inventory.

3 - Bureau Package 1 - Cleveland

HLH/clo

1 42 to Engunding

80-760-

Nor SECORDE 17 JAN 14 1977

3/97

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

7

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10 JULY 1973 EDITION GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

${\it 1} emorandum$

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 1/4/77

SEATTLE (66-1975) (C) Ultrajoonic Lista

SUBJECT:

TECHNICAL EQUIPMENT SEATTLE DIVISION

Being forwarded under separate cover is Sony TC100 ' Cassette Tape Recorder, Serial #452637. The recorder does not operate properly in the record mode and difficulty is encountered when attempting to duplicate cassettes from one recorder to another while using this particular instrument.

REQUEST OF THE BUREAU

The Bureau is requested to repair or replace the recorder.

The Bureau is also requested to furnish Seattle with two additional cassette recorders of this type or one compatible with this instrument. Seattle has five Sony TCl00 cassette recorders on inventory at the present time. These instruments are in almost constant use and it would be of 'great value if back-up machines could be on hand for use on such occasions as emergencies and failure of equipment, etc.

(3) - Bureau (Encl 1) (REG) (1-pkg)1 - Seattle (66-1975) PBC:arm

(4) 4c to even

20-160

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

b6 Ъ7С

Appeal of F.O.I.A. Denial
Involving Classified Information

A classification review in depression with F.O.

A classification review in connection with F.O.I.A. request of has been completed by SA Wilbur G. Stevens, Laboratory.

In response to request for information by letter dated 2/21/75 of Attorney page 3 of that document sets forth four (4) specific areas of interest. All documents which are responsive to that request have been numbered 1 through 25.

It should be noted that documents not and #17 are copies of Presidential directives classifying the Ultra Sonic Listening Devices, on 6/9/53, and 8/4/61 as "Secret".

This subject matter should continue to be maintained under s Secret classification inasmuch as the technology is still applicable to current telephone communication systems and is under active study by the Technical Security Countermeasures Committee under the U.S. Intelligence Board.

There follows a listing of all documents, 1 through 25, showing title, character, file number and serial number:

- 1. "Soviet Counterintelligence Investigative Techniques," Letter from SAC, San Francisco to Director, 3/13/52, 80-760-91.
- 2. "Soviet Counterintelligence Investigative Techniques," Letter from Director to SAC, San Francisco, 3/28/52, 80-760-91.
- 3. "Ultra Sonic Listening Device," Letter from SAC, San Francisco to Director, 4/9/52, 80-760-92. NOT NECEDED
- 4. "Ultra Sonic Listening Device," Letter from Director to SAC, San Francisco, 5/20/52, 80-760-103.
- 5. "Ultra Sonic Listening Device," Letter from SAC San Francisco to Director, 6/12/52, 80-760-105.
- 6. Patent Application, "Ultra Sonic Listening Device," Memorandum I.W. Conrad to R.T. Harbo, 1/28/53, 80-760-141.

40-160 SECRET

Classified by 5 5/30/76 Culs. A

Date of Declassification-Indefinite

8 4 JUL 1 2 1976

SECRET

b6 b7C Referral/Consult

- 7. Memorandum to Assistant Attorney General, Criminal Division, from Director, 2/3/53, 80-760-142
- 8. "Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unit," Memorandum W.E. Branigan to A.H. Belmont, 2/27/53, 80-760-163.
- 9. "Inventions Secrecy Act of 1951," Memorandum D.J. Parsons to R.T. Harbo, 4/16/53, 80-760-191.
- 10. Report and Directive Concerning use and control of "Ultrasonic Listening Devices," approved and signed by President Dwight D. Eisenhower, 6/9/53, 80-760-211.
- 11. "Ultrasonic Listening Devices," Memorandum from Leonard P. Bienvenu, 6/19/53, 80-760-211.
- 12. "Ultrasonic Listening Devices," Memorandum for Interdepartmental Committee on Internal Security, signed J. Patrick Coyne, 6/26/53, 80-760-211.
- 13. Patent Application, Serial #306313, Memorandum from Director to Assistant Attorney General, and Division, 2/25/54, 80-760-258.
- 14. "Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unit," Memorandum from I.W. Conrad to Q. Tamm, 3/11/54, 80-760-260.
- 15. Patent Applications, #306311 and #335617, Memorandum from Director to Assistant Attorney General Civil Division, 3/15/54, 80-760-261.
- 16. Directive concerning use of Ultrasonic Listening Devices in the Clandestine Collection of Information," Memorandum from J. Walter Yeagley Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, to Director, 10/25/61, 80-760-421.
- 17. Directive concerning the Acquistion and use of Ultrasonic Listening Devices in the Clandestine Collection of Information, Memorandum from to Secretary of Treasury. Secretary of Defense, Attorney General,

10/25/61, 80-760-471.

Classified by 5 5/20/75 WSS
Prompt from GDS, Category 3
Date of Declassification-Indefinite

STORET



b6 b7C

- 18. "Directive concerning use of Ultrasonic Listening Devices in the Clandestine Collection of Information," Memorandum from Director to Attorney General, 10/25/61, 80-760-471.
- 19. "Ultrasonic Listening Device, Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Surveillance" (RFMT), Memorandum from R.L. Miller to I.W. Conrad, 10/24/61, 80-760-472.
- 20. "Ultrasonic Listening Device, Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Surveillance" (RFMT), Memorandum R.L. Miller to I.W. Conrad, 10/30/61, 80-760-470.
- 21. "Safeguarding Information" Executive Order 10501, 80-760-470.
- 22. "Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unit," Memorandum R.L. Miller to I.W. Conrad, 12/23/64, 80-760-482.
- 23. "Ultrasonic Listening Devices," "Memorandum from Director to Assistant Attorney General Mr. John W. Douglas, attention , Chief Patent Section, 12/24/64, ou=700-481.
- 24. "Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unit" (RFMT) Letter from Director to SAC, Boston, 12/24/64, 80-760-480.
- 25. "Radio Frequency Microphone Telephone Unit" (RFMT) Airtel from SAC, Boston to Director, 12/31/64, 80-760-483.

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 03-23-2011 BY \$0324 uc baw/sab/lsg



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	ldent.
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	Lab
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	Public Affs,
b7E	
Referral	/Direct

Mr. BayseV

Subject: TRAVEL TO HARRIS CORP., MELBOURNE, FLORIDA

Date1/29/82

Training -Telephone Rm. Director's Sec'y

To recommend travel by SA Richard Macon to PURPOSE: Harris.

> Previous cursory discussions indicate that this technique could be a worthwhile improvement to a majority of FBI RF devices if it is as effective as Harris states. this area is the Windfall RF transmitter. If the scheme can offer significant protection, the Engineering Section should be aware of the technical details immediately, and have a reliable estimate of the cost.

RECOMMENDATION: That be authorized to travel to Harris, Melboure, Florida, for a one-day visit to discuss a low probability of intercent RF transmi scheme. [

APPROVED:

(U)

Legal Coun. Crim. Inv. _ Off. of Cong. Director_ & Public Affs. - Rec. Mgnt. Ident.__ Exec. AD-Adm. _ Tech. Servs. Inspection__ Exec. AD-Inv. Training. Intell.__ Exec. AD-LES _

Adm. Servs. ___

1 - Mr. Revell 1 - Mr. Bayse 1 - Mr. Knapp Attn: Mr. Graham

1 - Mr. Witzel 1 - Mr. Pantuso 1 - Mr. Macon

(U) ~

C. C. G. A.	*.	1
<u>,</u>	CLALEL	
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PARTER, REPLE		
September 1		

1,2 FEB 4 1982

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/1sg

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PP HQ

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FEDERAL SUREAU

NEW YORK (1834-2636) (SUB U-1) (M-8)

DIRECTOR PRIORITY TO

ATTN: RANDY PRILLAMAN, ASSISTANT SECTION CHIEF, ORGANIZED CRINE SECTION

BT

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UNCLAS

MICROPHONE AND TELEPHONE SURVEILLANCES.

RENYAIRTEL TO BUREAU, DATED DECEMBER 17, 1982.

REFERENCED AIRTEL SET FORTH INFORMATION REGARDING ORDER SIGNED BY USDJ I. LEO GLASSER ON DECEMBER 10, 1982 FOR INTERCEPTION OF WIRE AND ORAL COMMUNICATIONS.

ON DECEMBER 17, 1982, MISUR WAS INSTALLED AT THE CASA STARTA RESTAURANT, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK. INTERCEPTION COMMENCED AT 5: 12 PM BY INSTALLATION DESIGNATED EDNY 672 IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE CASE CAPTIONED,

RICO (A)".

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

-80-760 492 CHANGED TO 139-0-31694

1 AUG 9 1983

FBI/DOJ

0-4a (Rev. 5-31-83) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20535 ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 03-23-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

Re:

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_{TO:} 1/23/90

SAC, Mobile

Attn:

Telephone equipment for

SHIP via OVERNIGHT mail

Description of Contents:	FBI File # <u>20 - 760</u> Case #
Three single line telephone instruments. TSU-2475, TSU-2476 TSU-2477.	Your #
Above equipment to be returned to FBIHQ, Room 6421 when no longer needed in the transition to	Return to
·	☐ Mail Room: 1B327, TL 152 (registered mail) ☐ PSM - Supply Unit, 1B353
CUSTOMER PACKAGE TRACKING NUMBER — PULL UP PURPLE TAB	(not registered)
Shipping #	•
Shipping Method Hazardous Materials Only	;
Weight of Hazardous Materials:	
Packaged BySignature	
Date	

_____ Invoice of Contents __

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039331

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Date:	/12/ 2 0/89	201 E. Indian Phoenix,	nola, Suite AZ 85012	: 400	Technical	Equipment	
то:	DIRECTOR, FBI		SURVEILLANCE UNIT, NTICO))		☐ Permanent Transfer		
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RE;	PX TEL CALL 12/18	3/89			☐ Equipme	nt for Repair	
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FM LOS ANGELES (66F-119)(4-2)

TO DIRECTOR, FRI PRIORITY

MIST

BT

HNCLAS

ATTN: TECHNICAL SERVICE DIVISION,

SECTION, NEWINGTON, VIRGINIA

TECHNICAL REHIPMENT-MIC POPHONES

MARCH 26. 1935.

THE BUREAU IS REQUESTED TO FURNISH TO THE LOS ANGELES
DÍVISION TWO (?) OTTOWA MICROPHONES CONCEALED IN TELEPHONE
MOGULE FUCLOSURE. THE MICROPHONES ARE REQUIRED FOR AN
INSTALLATION REGARDING LA CASE CAPTIONED
AKA ET AL, RICO; NARCOTICS, LOS ANGELES FILE NUMBER 1834-1845.

THIS FOULPMENT IS NEEDED FOR INSTALLATION AS EARLY AS

MARCH 28, 1985.

80-760-

THE BUREAU IS ALSO REQUESTED TO SEND TO THE LOS ANGELES

DIVISION THE NEW UNIVERSAL MICROPHONE TESTER.

BT

NOT RECORDED

97 AUG 22 1985

320

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION ROOM 18046 JEH BLDG. WASHINGTON, D.C 20535

INVOICE NUMBER 0333

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DATE: Feb. 7, 1985	
CONSIGNEE AND DESTINATION	PURCHASE ORDER NUMBER
S Mitel Inc.	EBI
H St. Lawrence Industrial Park	□ (PPMS) □ (BPA) □ (Warranty)
Ogdensburg, New York 13669	VENDOR RETURN AUTHORIZATION #
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ATTENTION: Repair Dept.	(X)
INVOICE OF CONTE	ENTS AND
	FILE # 80-760

25ea. LOOP EXTENDERS

Sn 179, 5016, 5979, 216, 6014, 356, 626, 641, 10112, 6002, 5040,
 5285, 5063, 5851, 6093, 627, 5292, 10142, 221, 10065, 5998,
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 17
Page 8 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 9 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 10 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 11 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 12 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 13 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 14 ~ Referral/Consult
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Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Enclosure Behind File (EBF) 125 - Section 1

SECURITY INFORMATION - TXP SECRET

SPECIFICATION

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 04-04-2011

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

SIGNALING STETEM AND METHOD.

Be it known, that, we, and

have invented certain new and useful improvements in,

of which the following is a specification.

The invention described herein may be manufactured and used by or for the Government of the United States for governmental purposes without the payment to us of any royalty thereon in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 30, 1928 (Ch. 460, 45 Stat. L. 467).

Secret per 60324 UC BACO/RS on 7/10/2010

Justice Dept. File No.

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

SECURITY INFORMATION - TOP SECRET

This invention relates to a signaling system and method and more particularly to an ultrasonic signaling system and method for listening to conversations in or near a room in which a conventional telephone instrument is installed. Heretofore telephone microphones have been used in a device for listening to conversations at a distance from the telephone instrument where additional wires have been run from the telephone microphone to permit the microphone's use apart from its normal function as a part of a telephone system. With the present device and method conversations adjacent to a telephone can be made audible at a remote point without additional wires being run from the instrument even though the telephone is in the hung-up position.

The principal object of this invention is to make possible the audible surveillance of rooms or areas having telephones in or adjacent thereto where it is believed that illegal conspiracies and the like are being talked over by co-conspirators.

The above and other objects of the invention will appear more fully hereinafter from the following detailed description when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings which illustrate several forms of the invention. It is to be expressly understood, however, that the drawings are utilized for the purposes of illustration only and are not designed as a definition of the limits of the invention, reference being had for this latter purpose to the appended claims.

In the drawings -

Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram illustrating one embodiment of the device.

Fig. 2 is a schematic diagram of an alternative form of the device.

Figs. 3, 4 and 5 illustrate schematically other forms of the device.

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In Fig. 1 reference character 1 denotes a telephone line to an automatic, semi-automatic, or manual exchange. Reference character 2 denotes a telephone set of more or less conventional type. This telephone instrument is shown in the hung-up position in Fig. 1 with the direct current circuit to the microphone broken. Thus the microphone is ineffective in this position to modulate or vary any direct current flowing through it. It is in this position that a telephone, however, can be useful as a microphone for conversations going on adjacent thereto.

The present invention contemplates the application of ultrasonic or radio-frequency energy to the telephone line at some accessible point therealong between the subscriber's instrument and the exchange, the modulation of such frequency by the telephone instrument microphone, the detection and amplification of the modulated frequency, and the utilization of the audible frequency impressed upon the microphone. The modulation of the ultrasonic or radio-frequency in this case is somewhat similar to the antenna modulation systems depicted in Figs. 19(a) and 19(c) on page 761 and Fig. 20 on page 762 of the second edition of the "Principles of Radio Communication" by John H. Morecroft. In Fig. 1 triode tube Vl. is connected in a more or less conventional oscillator circuit for the purpose of generating oscillations which are coupled into the telephone line and circulate through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic frequency current which in turn is demodulated by the more orcless conventional detector circuit consisting of tube V2 and its associated parts.

Coils Ll and L2 are inductively coupled for the purpose of coupling the ultrasonic energy into the telephone line. Coils L3 and Lk are inductively coupled for the purpose of coupling a small amount of the modulated ultrasonic energy from the telephone line into the detector.

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Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing it from taking the lower impedance path towards the telephone exchange rather than through the telephone instrument. The condenser or capacitor Cl acts as a low impedance path for the ultrasonic frequency energy.

Coils L2, L3, L5, L6 and capacitor C1 have negligible effect on the normal telephone D.C. and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

The amount of oscillating energy within the telephone instrument may be varied in accordance with well established principles by varying the coupling between coils II and L2, by varying the size and distributed capacity of coils L2 and L3, and the size of capacitor C1 to provide optimum effect at the output of the detector.

In Fig. 1 all of the apparatus outside of the dotted rectangle represents a conventional telephone and its line. In the practice of the present invention the coils L2 and L3, and chokes L5 and L6 are connected as shown in opposite sides of the telephone line and the capacitor C1 is connected as shown between opposite sides of the telephone line.

In operation the oscillator including tube V1 is energized and the oscillations are coupled into the line through transformer L1, L2. Although the direct current microphone circuit is open when the telephone is hung up the oscillations coupled into the line at L2 are able to traverse the capacity across the open switch and other distributed capacities to the microphone and from the microphone back along the other line and thence through coil L3 where the modulated oscillations are coupled to coil L4 and thence applied to the detector tube V2 where detection takes place to produce an audio-frequency in a telephone head set, loud speaker, or recording device.

In Fig. 2 the telephone set is shown as a dotted line rectangle. It is, however, similar to the set more fully depicted in Fig. 1. In the Fig. 2 embodiment a single tube V3 including a pentode, a triode, and a diode is employed. The pentode section of this tube along with its associated circuits form a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electro-magnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which can be coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic current which in turn can be demodulated by the diode section of tube V3. This detected audio is then amplified by an audio-amplifier including the triode section of tube V3.

Coils L1 and L2 are inductively coupled for the purpose of supplying the regenerative feed-back necessary for oscillation. A variable section of coil L2 as determined by a switch SW1 is bridged across the telephone line through capacitor C2. The purpose of capacitor C2 is to offer a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time prevent coil L2 from short-circuiting the D.C. on the telephone line and thus producing dial tone or tripping the line relay of the telephone line. The telephone instrument, the capacitor C2, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L5 and L6, the effective impedance of the parallel resonant oscillator tank circuit consisting of coils L2 and capacitor C3 and the reflected impedance of coil L1 as seen from coil E2all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when the resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of the capacitor C3 which primarily adjusts the oscillator frequency and the adjustment of switch SWI which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give this resonant condition in the

telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Choke coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument.

Coils Ll, L2, L5, L6 and capacitors Cl and C3 have negligible effect on the telephone direct and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 3 tubes V4 and V5 along with their associated parts act as a conventional type R-C oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which is amplified by tube V6 and coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument modulates the ultrasonic current, which in turn can be demodulated by the detector consisting of varistor VAR-1 and transformer Tl.

Coils L7 and L8 form a variometer and when used in conjunction with coils L9 and L10 and switch SW2 provide variable inductance over a very wide range. This inductance forms the plate load of amplifier tube V6 and is bridged through capacitor C2 to the telephone line. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing the variometer from shorting the direct current on the line and thus providing dial tone and trouble on the telephone line. The telephone instrument, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L5 and L6, capacitor C2 and the effective impedance of the variometer all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitors Ch and C5 as well as band switch SW3; both of which primarily adjust the oscillator frequency

and by the adjustment of switch SW2 as well as the variometer, both of which change the effective inductance of the variometer and the reactance in the resonant loop, a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give a resonant condition in the telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy, thereby preventing that part of the telephone line adjacent to the exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant circuit containing the telephone instrument. C6 is a blocking capacitor blocking the plate supply DC voltage from the variometer. Coil L11 is a high impedance radio-frequency choke used for the amplifier shunt plate feed. Capacitor C7 blocks DC potential from the detector and couples the modulated ultrasonic frequency energy into the detector. Coil Ll2 is a radio-frequency choke used to limit the amount of ultrasonic energy that is fed to the detector and at the same time prevents the detector from loading the variometer and series resonant telephone loop. The detector consists of four varistors connected in a bridge circuit with the primary of the audio output transformer Tl used as a load. Resistor Rl serves as ancadjustment of the magnitude of the circulating telephone current.

Coils L7, L8, L9, L10, L5, L6 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone DC and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on the normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 4 tube VI and its associated parts act as a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency. Tube V7 amplifies the signal received from oscillator tube VI and in turn couples it to the telephone line and circulates it through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument shifts the phase of the circulating ultrasonic current in accordance with the audible signals as picked up by the telephone transmitter. A portion

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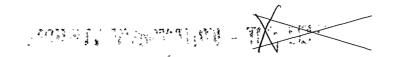
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of this modulated ultrasonic energy as well as a portion of the unmodulated output of oscillator VI is fed into a conventional balanced modulator type phase detector consisting of tube V8 and its associated parts. audio output of tube V8 is then available for monitoring with a pair of head phones or by other means. Coils L13, L14 form a variometer which is used as a plate load of amplifier tube V7 and is bridged through capacitor C2 across the telephone line. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing the variometer from shorting the DC on the line and thus producing dial tone or trouble on the line. The telephone instrument, the telephone line between the instrument and coils L13 and Illi, capacitor C2 and the effective impedance of the variometer all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitor C6 as well as band switch SWh both of which primarily adjust the oscillator frequency and by adjustment of the variometer which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line conditions which will give a resonant condition in the telephone line at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L5 and L6 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument. C7 is a blocking capacitor blocking the plate supply DC voltage from the variometer. Coil L16 is a high impedance radio-frequency choke used for the amplifier shunt feed.

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SECURITY INFORMATION - NO FET



Goil L15 is inductively coupled to the variometer and is used to couple a portion of the phase modulated ultrasonic energy into the grids of the balanced modulator type phase detector in push-pull.

Capacitor C8 is used to couple a portion of the unmodulated oscillator output into the phase detector grids in parallel. Transformer T1 serves to couple the audio autput of the detector into the audio listening or recording device. Coils L13, L14, L15, L5 and L6 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone currents and cause no adverse effects to normal telephone operation.

In Fig. 5 tubo VI with its associated parts acts as a conventional oscillator for the purpose of generating electromagnetic energy in the ultrasonic frequency range which can be coupled into the telephone line and circulated through the telephone instrument. The telephone instrument shifts the frequency of the ultrasonic currents in accordance with the audible signal as picked up by the telephone transmitter. A portion of this modulated ultrasonic energy is fed into a Seeley Foster type FM discriminator consisting of tube V9 and its associated parts where it is detected. The audio output of the detector is amplified by tube VIO whose output is available for monitoring with a pair of head phones or other means. Coils II7, II8 and II9 are inductively coupled for the purpose of supplying the regenerative feed-back necessary for oscillation. A variable section of coil L17 as determined by switch SW5 is bridged across the telephone line through capacitor C2. The purpose of capacitor C2 is that of offering a very low impedance to the ultrasonic frequency but at the same time preventing coil L17 from shorting the DC on the line. The telephone instrument, capacitor C2, the telephone line between the instrument and coils Lh and L5, the effective impedance of the parallel resonant oscillator tank circuit

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consisting of coil L17 and capacitor C9 and the reflected impedance of coil L18 as seen from coil L17 all go together to form a high Q series resonant circuit which results in a very high circulating current through the telephone instrument when resonant conditions are met at a high effective Q. By adjustment of capacitor C9 which primarily adjusts the oscillator frequency and the adjustment of switch SW5 which changes the effective reactance in the resonant loop a combination can be found for the existing line condition which will give this resonant condition in the telephone loop at the highest obtainable Q. Coils L4 and L5 are radio-frequency chokes which offer a very high impedance to the ultrasonic energy thereby preventing that part of the telephone line which returns to the telephone exchange from shunting or loading the high Q resonant loop containing the telephone instrument.

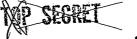
Coils L19 and capacitor C10 are component parts of a conventional Seeley Foster discriminator type of FM detector incorporating tube V9. Coil L19 couples a small amount of the frequency modulated ultrasonic energy from the oscillator tank circuit into the FM detector. The audio output of the detector is amplified by tube V10 whose output is fed to head phones or other means of audible monitoring or recording. The Seeley Foster discriminator above referred to is fully analyzed and described in section 35 at pages 195 to 198, inclusive, of the First Edition of the book "Frequency Modulation" by August Hund, published 1942 by McGraw Hill Book Co., Inc.

Coils L17, L18, L4, L5 and capacitor C2 have negligible effect on the normal telephone direct and audio-frequency currents and cause no adverse effects on normal telephone operation.

Alternative types of detectors and oscillators may be employed without departing from the spirit and scope of the present invention.

- 8. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in amplitude by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a rectifying detector.
- 9. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations, impressed on the line are varied in phase by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a balanced modulator type phase detector.
- 10. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in frequency by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a frequency discriminator type of detector.
- all. A system for utilizing telephone instruments for making audible sounds occurring adjacent thereto when the telephone instrument is in hung-up position, which comprises means for applying an ultrasonic frequency to the line connected to the telephone, whereby said oscillations are modulated by the microphone of the telephone associated therewith, and means for demodulating the modulated oscillations and producing audible signals therefrom.
- 12. All elements of inventive novelty both apparatus and method set forth in the foregoing specification.



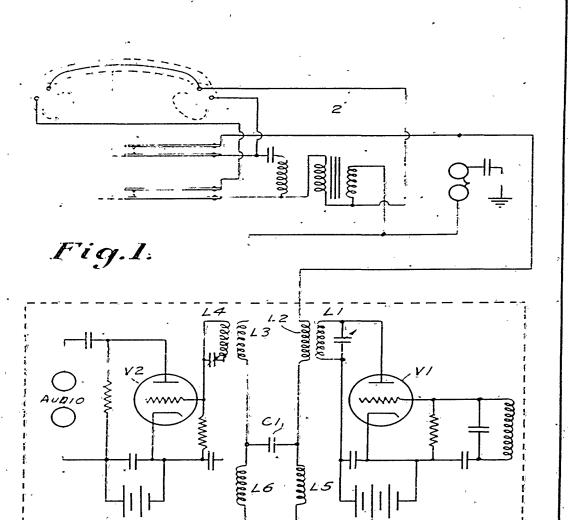


APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES PATENT Oath, Power of Attorney, and Petition

Being duly sworn, we,and
FFN 1. SUTTON , depose and say that we are respectively a citizen
of the United States residing at Marion, Kansas and a
citizen of the United States residing at Arlington, Virginia; that we have read the foregoing specification and claims and we verily believe we are the original,
first, and joint inventors of the invention or discovery in STGNALING EYSTEU AND METHOD
described and claimed therein; that we do not know and do not believe that this invention was ever known or used before our invention or discovery thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before our invention or discovery thereof, or more than one year prior to this application, or in public use or on sale in the United States for more than one year prior to this application; that this invention or discovery has not been patented in any country foreign to the United States on an application, filed by us or our legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months before this application; and that no application for patent on this invention or discovery has been filed by us or our representatives or assigns in any country foreign to the United States, except as follows:
irrevocably T. Haymard Brown or H. L. Codfrey, or either of them And we hereby/appoint/Reversal and II. 122 Registration No. In the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. Registration No. In the Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. Registration No. In the Patent Office connected therewith. Wherefore we pray that Letters Patent be granted to us for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, and we hereby subscribe our names to the foregoing specification and claims, and this petition, this
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Before me personally appeared diames J. Bild. BEN L. SUTTON and
above application for patent, who signed the foregoing instrument in my presence, and made oath before me to the allegations set forth therein as being under oath, on the day and year aforesaid.
S E A L Notary Pablic
This form may be executed only when attached to a complete application as the lest page thereof.
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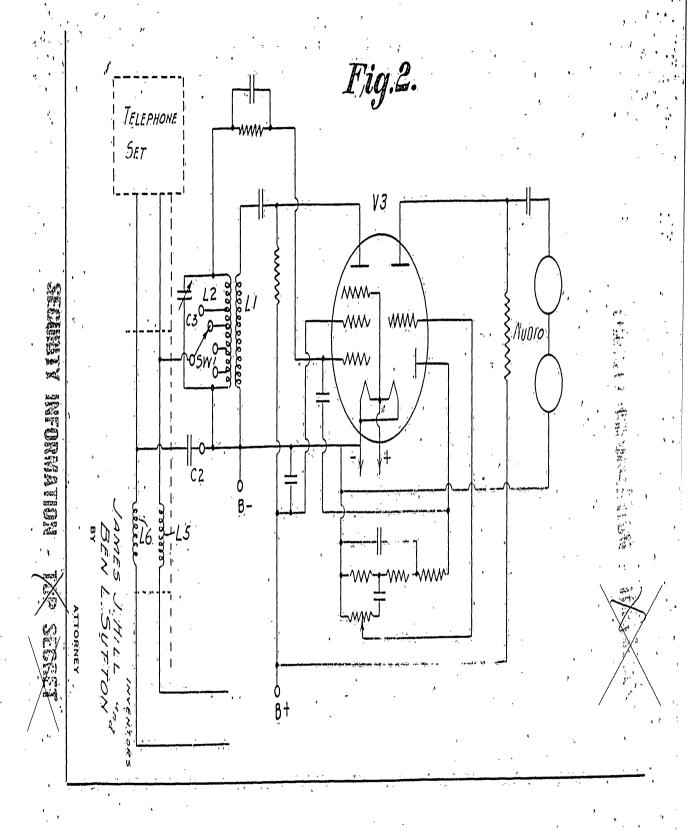


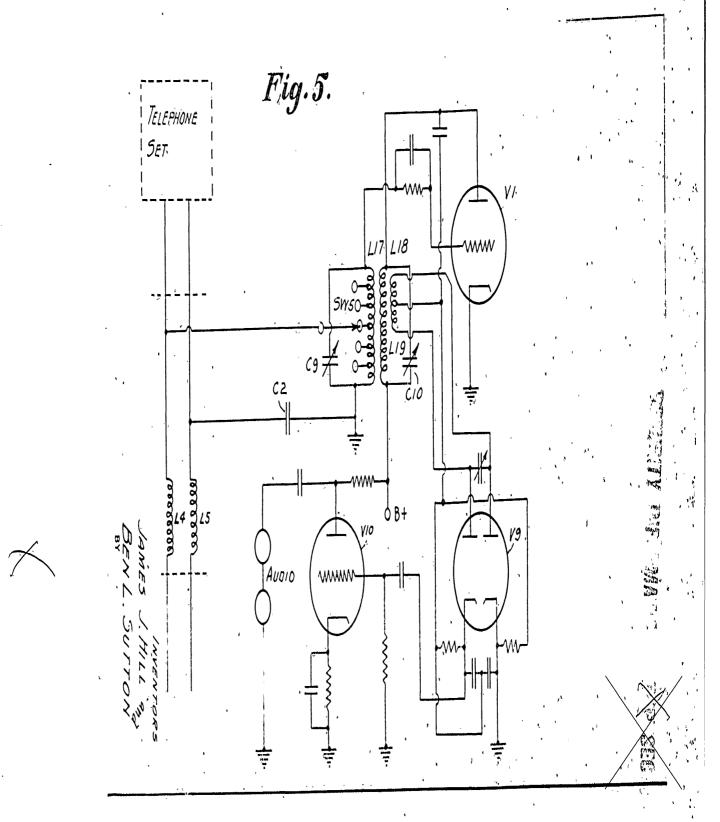
TELEPHONE LINE

JAMES J. HILL 972 BEN'L. SUTTON

ATTORNEY

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. The method of utilizing a telephone instrument, with its receiver in hung-up position, for making sound waves set up adjacent thereto audible at a distance, which comprises impressing an ultrasonic frequency on the line leading to said telephone instrument, whereby said frequency is modulated by sound waves impinging on the microphone in said telephone instrument, demodulating the modulated frequency and utilizing the sound energy derived therefrom.
- 2. A method as set forth in claim 1, including the step of recording the sound derived from the modulated frequency.
- 3. A method as set forth in claim 1, including the step of making the sound derived from the modulated frequency audible.
- 4. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing amplitude in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 5. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing its phase in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 6. A method as set forth in claim 1, in which the ultrasonic frequency is modulated by changing its frequency in accordance with the sound waves impinging on the microphone of the telephone instrument.
- 7. A device adapted to be connected to the line of a telephone at a point between the telephone and its central exchange for rendering audible sounds occurring adjacent to the telephone instrument in hung-up position, said device comprising means for generating ultrasonic oscillations and impressing them on the line, means for blocking the transmission of said oscillations to the central exchange, means for demodulating said oscillations after they have been modulated by the microphone of the telephone, and means for making the demodulated signals usable.

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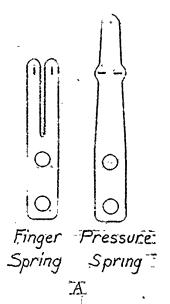
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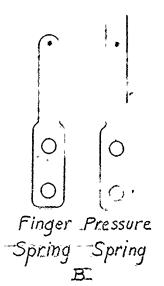
- 8. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in amplitude by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a rectifying detector.
- 9. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in phase by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a balanced modulator type phase detector.
- 10. A device as set forth in claim 7, in which the oscillations impressed on the line are varied in frequency by the microphone in the telephone connected to the line and the means for demodulating said oscillations comprises a frequency discriminator type of detector.
- audible sounds occurring adjacent thereto when the telephone instrument is in hung-up position, which comprises means for applying an ultrasonic frequency to the line connected to the telephone, whereby said oscillations are modulated by the microphone of the telephone associated therewith, and means for demodulating the modulated oscillations and producing audible signals therefrom.
- 12. All elements of inventive novelty both apparatus and method set forth in the foregoing specification.

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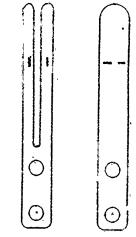
Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Enclosure Behind File (EBF) 136 - Section 1

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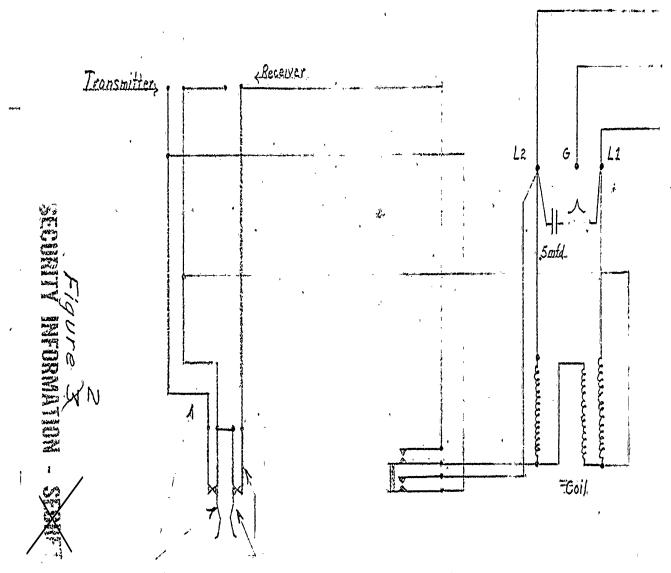


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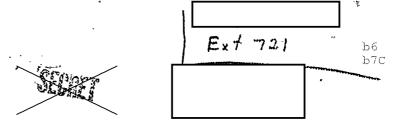


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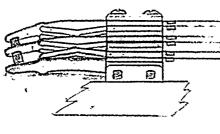
Figure 1 SECURITY INFORMATION - STORE



Extra stack of contacts. Short on transmitter and receiver removed when handpiece is lifted



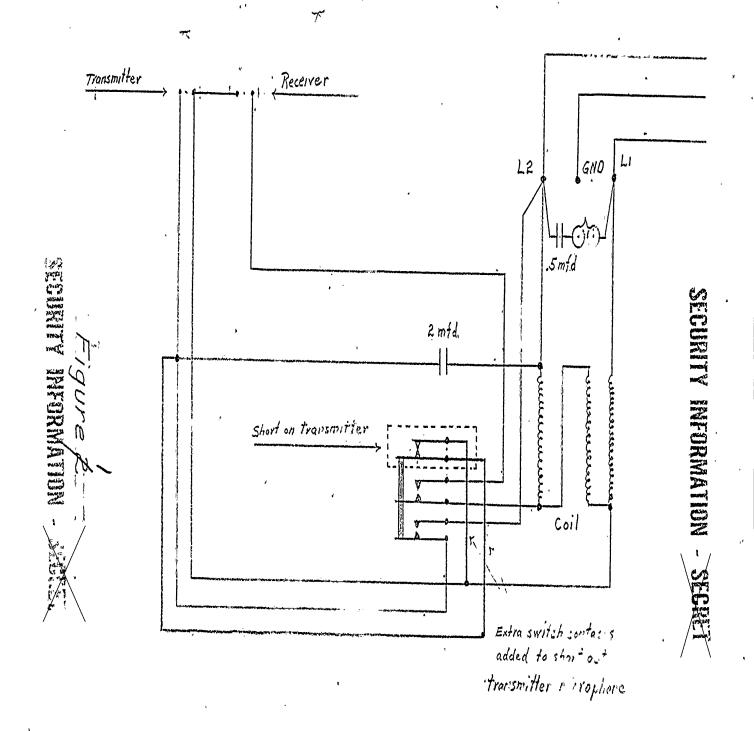
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Standard leads
Shorting leads

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TELEPHONE COUNTERMERSURE DEVICE
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moves the short and restones the instrument to its conventional operating circuit Exercises them inoperated as soon as the instrument is "hung up" Therefore any tapping of the phone or its associated weres for the purpose of picking up conversation in the crea of the instrument is rendered useless. The switch contacts of this device i are made of a spring-type metal which is also on excellent electrical conductor. Figure 10, 10 and 10 show in actual suger the shape of some of thre contacts. The cost of the contacts is nominal and They are made in considerable quantity by the manufac-tures of telephone instruments. Standard type telephone switch contacts are used since they are not foreign to existing agripment and will not attract under atten-Tion even by persons trained in telephony. Only those contacts which are found in a par-Ticilat type, style or make of instrument.

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The divice is completely concealed within the tale-Those instrument which must be opened before It can be observed . Even with the instrument open, the switch contacts cannot be detected easily without a physical tracing of the wires. The device well operate on all types of instruments. The spring tension in the switch contacts is such that the chart will be put on the microphone-circuits as soon as the receiver or handpiece is bring up," regardless of whether, the xustinement, receiver or handpiece is tilted on canted at an angle . By the seme token, The angle of the receiver or handpiece does not effect the commentional operating circuit when the phone is in use, because the short on the microphonis can be istablished only by physically depressing the hook or plunger on which the receiver or handpiece is Also si keeping with normal operaling conditions, the short circuit is broken before any of the conventional circuits are established when the phone is first put in use, and when the phone is hung up", the conventional circuits: open as they would mormally do, before the short is made. Thus, there can be no interference.

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Figures 1A, 1B, on	dic show	the octu	al sizi
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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 01-19-2011 BY 60324 uc baw/sab/lsg

ASSIGNMENT

WHEREAS, JOHN M. MATTER, a resident of Arlington, Virginia, a citizen of the United States of America, and an employee of the United States Government, hereinafter called the OWNER is the sole inventor of the subject matter disclosed in a patent application entitled TELEPHONE COUNTERMEASURE DEVICE AND METHOD, which application was executed by me on the 1974 day of January, 1953; and

WHEREAS, The United States Government represented by the Attorney General and hereinafter referred to as the GOVERNMENT deems it essential to maintain the subject matter of said application in secrecy under the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 37, as affecting the armament or defense of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the GOVERNMENT now desires, for the purpose aforesaid, to acquire the entire right, title, and interest in and to said application;

NOW, THEREFORE, to all whom it may concern, be it known that for and in consideration of the sum of One Dollar (\$1.00) to the OWNER in hand paid, and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the OWNER, subject to the provision hereinafter made, does hereby sell, assign, and transfer to the GOVERNMENT the entire right, title and interest in and to said application.

PROVIDED, however, that upon allowance of said application, the entire right, title, and interest in and to said application, shall thereupon revert to the OWNER absolutely except for the reservation by the GOVERNMENT of a non-exclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free license in the invention disclosed in said application and under any patents which may issue on said invention, with power to grant licenses for all governmental purposes.

The said OWNER hereby further agrees to make, execute, and deliver to the GOVERNMENT any and all papers, documents, affidavits, statements, or other instruments that may be necessary in the prosecution of said application, and further agrees to assist the GOVERNMENT in every way in protecting said invention as may be requested, provided that any expenses arising through extending such assistance will be paid by the GOVERNMENT.

The said OWNER hereby further agrees to grant to the GOVERNMENT, upon request, an assignment of the foreign rights in and to said invention.

The said OWNER hereby covenants that he has the right to grant the foregoing assignment.

IN	TESTIMONY	WHEREOF,	I	have	set	my	hand	and	affixed	my	seal	this
 day of	January,	1953.										

day or oassary, 1775.	•
•	(Seal)
CITY OF WASHINGTON) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA) 88:	
On this day of January, 19 JOHN M. MATTER, to me known to be the per strument, and acknowledged to me that he untary act and deed for the purposes ther	executed the same as his own vol-

Notary Public

(SEAL)

140 1

SPECIFICATION

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM: FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE DATE 01-19-2011

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Be it known, that I, JUHN W. WATTER, a citizen of the United States, and a resident of Arlington, Virginia

have invented certain new and useful improvements in TRLEPHONE COUNTERSEASURE DEVICE AND METHOD of which the following is a specification.

The invention described herein may be manufactured and used by or for the Government of the United States for governmental purposes without the payment to me of any royalty thereon in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 30, 1928 (Ch. 460, 45 Stat.L. 467).

This invention relates to a device or attachment for desk, hand, hand combination, wall, key and other type telephone instruments to prevent using the microphones thereof for picking up or overhearing conversations in the areas where the instruments are located. If a telephone or its associated set of wires is properly tapped, the transmitter (microphone in the mouthpiece) or receiver (microphone in the earpiece) can be rendered operative so as to pick up conversations in the vicinity of the telephone even though the instrument is not in actual use. Successful tapping may be accomplished merely by the installation of extra wires and the application of the necessary current to activate the microphone.

The principal object of this invention is to provide a means and method for completely deactivating telephone microphones at such time as the associated telephones are not in use.

Another object of this invention is to make the means used as inconspicuous as possible.

Still another object of this invention is to provide a microphone short-circuiting switch which will not interfere with the normal
use of the telephone on which it is used or with the operation of the
equipment in the central office to which it is connected.

The above and other objects of the invention will appear more fully hereinafter from the following detailed description when taken in connection with the accompanying drawings which illustrate representative and preferred forms of the invention. It is to be expressly understood, however, that the drawings are utilized for the purposes of illustration only and are not designed as a definition of the limits of the invention, reference being had for this latter purpose to the appended claims.

SINGLARY E-CALLED - SECTED

In the drawings -

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Fig. 1 is a schematic diagram illustrating the subscriber's equipment of a conventional telephone together with means for short-circuiting the carbon button microphone at such times as the subscriber's equipment is not in use.

Fig. 2 is a schematic diagram illustrating an alternative embodiment employing separate stacks of switch contacts for short-circuiting both the transmitter and the receiver microphones when the telephone is not in use.

Fig. 3 is a side elevation partially in section showing one arrangement for adding extra switch contacts to the conventional switch hook stack of contacts.

Figs. 4 to 9, inclusive, are plan views showing the approximate size and shape of representative switch spring contacts used in subscriber telephone equipment.

In Figs. 1 and 2 reference characters 1 and 2 denote the subscribers telephone line. The carbon button microphone is designated "Transmitter" and the receiver is designated "Receiver". The other components of the subscriber's station including induction coil, bell, condensers and switches are shown schematically.

The microphone short-circuiting contacts 3 and 4 (surrounded by dotted lines5) and the connection of these contacts to the microphone leads constitute the departure of Fig. 1 from the conventional telephone subscriber's equipment.

The microphone short-circuiting contacts 6 and 7 and the receiver short-circuiting contacts 8 and 9 and their connections to the respective instrumentalities constitute the departure of Fig. 2 from the conventional subscriber's telephone equipment.

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The present invention consists of two or more extra switch contacts similar to or identical with those used in a telephone instrument. These extra contacts may be added to the switch normally used in an instrument as shown in Fig. 1 or they may be installed as a separate stack. The extra contacts are wired in the telephone circuit so that the transmitter (as in Fig. 1) or both the transmitter and the receiver (as in Fig. 2) are short-circuited while the phone is not in use. The act of putting the phone in use automatically removes the short-circuit and restores the instrument to its conventional operating circuit.

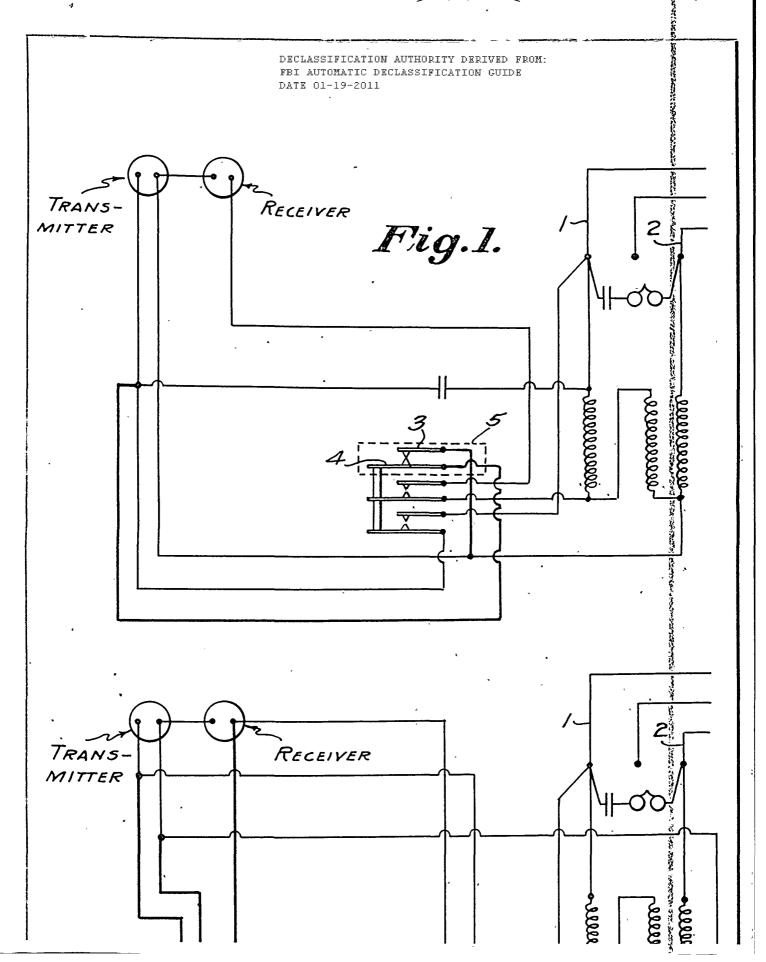
This short-circuit across one or both microphones (the conventional receiver is capable of acting as a microphone) renders them inoperative as soon as the instrument is "hung up". Therefore, any tapping of the phone or its associated wires for the purpose of picking up conversation in the area of the instrument is rendered useless.

The switch contacts of this device are made of a spring-type metal which is also an excellent electrical conductor. The cost of the contacts is nominal and they are made in considerable quantity by the manufacturer of telephone instruments.

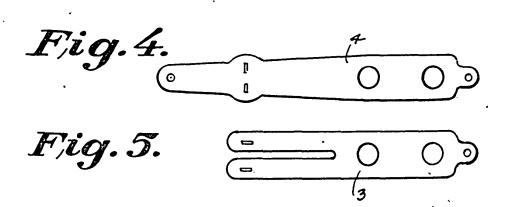
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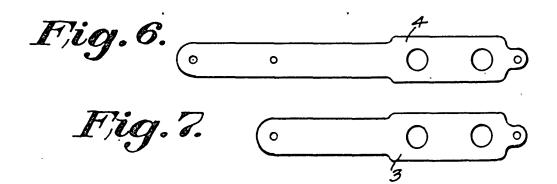
Standard type telephone switch contacts are used since they are not foreign to existing equipment and will not attract undue attention even by persons trained in telephony. Only those contacts which are found in a particular type, style, or make-up of instrument are used in that instrument which further tends to eliminate the detection of the device by unauthorized persons.

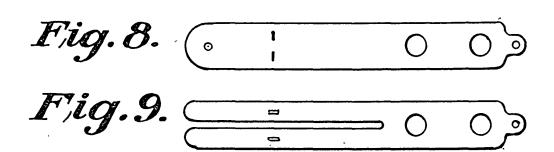
The device is completely concealed within the telephone instrument case which must be open before the device can be observed. Even with the telephone instrument case open the switch contacts cannot be detected easily without a physical tracing of the wires. Carving in the control of the contro

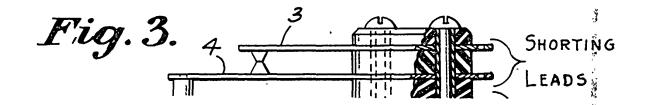


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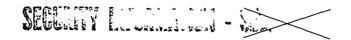


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The device will operate on all types of instruments. The spring tension in the switch contacts is preferably chosen to be such that a short-circuit will be put on the microphone as soon as the receiver or hand-piece is "hung up", regardless of whether the instrument, receiver, or hand-piece is tilted or canted at an angle. By the same token, the angle of the receiver or hand-piece does not affect the conversational operating circuit when the phone is in use because the short-circuit on the microphones can be established only by physically depressing the hook or plunger on which the receiver or hand-piece is placed.

Also in keeping with normal operating conditions, the shortcircuit is broken before any of the conventional circuits are established
when the telephone is first put in use. When the phone is "hung up" the
conventional circuits open as they would normally do before the shortcircuit is made across the microphones. Thus, there can be no interference with the operation of the central telephone office equipment
as would be the case if the short-circuit could be established independently of the action of the switch in the telephone instrument.



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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A device for rendering the microphone of a conventional telephone instrument inoperative at all times when the telephone is in "hung up" position, comprising a switch connected to the microphone leads, and means for closing said switch when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- 2. A device as set forth in claim 1, including a second switch connected to the receiver leads, and means for closing said second switch when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- 3. A device as set forth in claim 2, including means for preventing the closure of said switches except when the telephone instrument is placed in the "hung up" position.
- 4. A method for rendering the microphones of a conventional telephone instrument inoperative at all times when the telephone is not in use in its normally intended manner, which comprises applying a short-circuit to said microphone at such times as the telephone instrument is in the "hung up" position.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:

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SEAL

OATH, POWER OF ATTORNEY, AND PETITION.

		FBI AUTON DATE 01-1	19-2011	
~ Being	duly sworn, I, JOHN N. MA	TTER		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
pose and s	ay that I am a citizen of	the United States		residing at
	9th Street, North, Arli			; that I have
		laims and I verily believe I a		•
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Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Enclosure Behind File (EBF) 387 - Section 1 TOP SECRET

GUARD

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DOP SECRET GUARD

- PR-4 -

AN OVERHEARING DEVICE EMPLOYING AN EXISTING TELEPHONE INSTALLED ON THE TARGET CREATERS.

Document docongraded to Skret per 60324 UC BAW (RS ox 7/12/2010

REPORT TO

b7D

80-760-387

TOPSECT



PR-4 MK 1

DEVELOPMENT

On commencing this project, it was assumed that similar devices had been developed. The device was assumed to function either by absorption with consequent amplitude modulation or by an impedance swing which result in phase modulation. The latter of these possibilities was first examined, but experiments gave negative results when adequate amplitude limiting was applied. From this work it was apparent that, if any phase modulation exists it is several orders of magnitude below the amplitude modulation response.

An attempt to recover amplitude modulation gave a power-line-frequency hum component about an order of magnitude greater than the desired signal. This was finally traced to the signal generator used as a source, which had a hum modulation component about 40 or 50 db below carrier level. A battery-powered oscillator using transistors eliminated the hum problem and the device worked nicely over 300 feet of Northern Electric JKL twisted pair.

Circuit requirements were then considered. PR-4 was to be inserted in series with one side of the line as this seemed to be the most effective method of excitation. The line circuit could then be divided into two main sections, defined as follows:

- (a) the SHORT LINE. This includes the PR-4, the short line connecting it to the target telephone, and the target telephone proper.
- (b) the BACK LINE. This consists of the long line from the point of PR-4 installation to the exchange and also includes the exchange.

- CIRCUITS -

The PR-4 instrument circuit is divided into three sections with magnetic shielding between each. These are: the line filter section, the exciter section and the amplifier section.

THE LINE FILTER SECTION

This is comprised of a symmetrical low-pass filter which attenuates high-frequency signals present on the back-line, isolates the back-line and short-line circuits at carrier frequency and completes the short-line circuit. The filter presents a reasonable match to the line at audio frequencies and rolls off between 4 and 5 Kc. A switch, Sl (a, b, c, d and e) completely frees PR-4 from the line and cuts power to the transistors when in the "DISCONNECT" position.

THE EXCITER SECTION

This consists of the carrier oscillator driving into a Class B stage to excite the line. Tl is the oscillator transformer. The collector winding of this transformer is resonated by capacitors selected by the "LINE" switch, S-2, and the "TRIM" switch, S-3.

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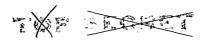
Although tuning is not at all critical because of the low impedance line exciter stage, the "TRIM" switch provides for small tuning changes to avoid R.F. carriers which may, in some locations, cause troublesome beats with the exciter frequency. It was found experimentally that oscillator noise could be significantly reduced by adjustment of the time-constant in the base bias and excitation circuit of the oscillator transistor. As this adjustment is frequency-sensitive, a potentiometer, Pl, is used to obtain minimum noise in operation. It should be noted that, while noise in conventional oscillators is from 40 to 50 d.b. below carrier level, signal amplitude in this case may be well below noise even with moderate short-line lengths. Noise reduction, by adjustment of Pl, is very effective with short-line lengths of less than 800 to 900 feet. As short-line lengths increase, noise pickup in the short-line approaches oscillator noise in amplitude. Even under ideal conditions, noise pickup with 2500 feet of twisted pair in the short-line exceeds the levels at which the "NOISE" adjustment is effective and this seems to be about the maximum useful length of short-line. Short-line lengths of 1500 feet, 1200 feet of which was multi-conductor lead sheathed cable, have been successfully used in the field.

Transformer T2. which cruples the Class B exciter stage to the short-line, also includes a signal pick-off winding. Transformer coupling was used to exclude low frequency components which might be present on the line and which subsequently might appear as modulation components in the demodulator and amplifier circuits. In addition, the line remains quite symmetrical at audic frequencies as the inductance of the line winding is of the order of 1 millihenry. The design is a compromise to provide tight coupling from the low impedance Class B stage to the line, while the impedance looking into the line winding must be such as to allow absorption and consequent modulation to take place. For example, a transformer using toroidial windings failed miserably here because of its high coupling coefficient. This low impedance drive results in a system which is not too critical as to frequency, especially at short-line lengths of over 2000 feet where some signal may be obtained with LINE and TRIM switches in any position. The r.m.s. carrier voltages at the remote end of the short-line for lengths of 300 feet and 2000 feet are 3.8 and 0.75 respectively.

The exciter section also includes the detector. Diode detectors, single and push-pull, were tried but residual carrier was high although filtering was increased to the point where audio response was affected. Therefore a ring demodulator was used with synchronous switching voltage derived from the Class B stage though an isolating transformer, T3. Potentiometer P-3 is set up to balance out the carrier frequency and locked. The adjustment of this potentiometer, which is within the case, should not be disturbed. Although the carrier is balanced out, a small second harmonic residual remains and this must be removed by filtering. This demodulator circuit also has the advantage in that it has an inherently low impedance and is therefore well suited to work into a transistor amplifier.

THE AMPLIFIER

The amplifier employs three grounded emitter stages followed by a direct connected push-pull emitter follower output stage. Care must be taken with transistor amplifiers, in this and similar applications, that residual carrier at any point in the amplifier be kept at a very low level. Failure to observe this precaution results in an extremely high noise Tovel. The amplifier layout was determined experimentally; normal filter design procedure where the filter sections were matched to the input applicance of the transistors, with a design cut-off frequency of 4 Kc, resulted in an amplifier having a noise level 10 to 15 db higher than for the present model. Also, as no gain





specifications could be rigidly laid down for this application, the amplifier is built for an output level of 0 d.b.m. into 600 ohms with the instrument in a typical installation using a 1500 foot twisted pair short-line.

TARGET INSTRUMENT

The above performance is based on the use of a Northern Electric type 302-G set as a target telephone. PR-4 Mkl is not effective with a type 500 telephone. Further work with a view of discovering the mechanics of modulation may bring to light a system which will use the type 500 telephone but present efforts are in the direction of a limited production run on the PR-4, Mkl.

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL DATA

PR-4 is contained in a steel case about 7 X 8 X $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches. Power requirements are 12 Volts at about 35 milliamperes.

Set-up data — this is based on the use of the 302-G instrument with Northern Electric JKL twisted pair station wire in the short line. Results using lead sheathed multi-conductor cable in the short line are not significantly different.

SHORT LINE	"LINE"	
LENGTH FT.	SWITCH	
300	1	
600	1.or 4 \$	
900	2 or 6 ft	# preferred for low noise,
1200	3	higher output
1500	3 or 4	-
1800	4	
2100	4	
over 2100	4,5 or 6	

"TRIM" switch set to avoid heterodynes.

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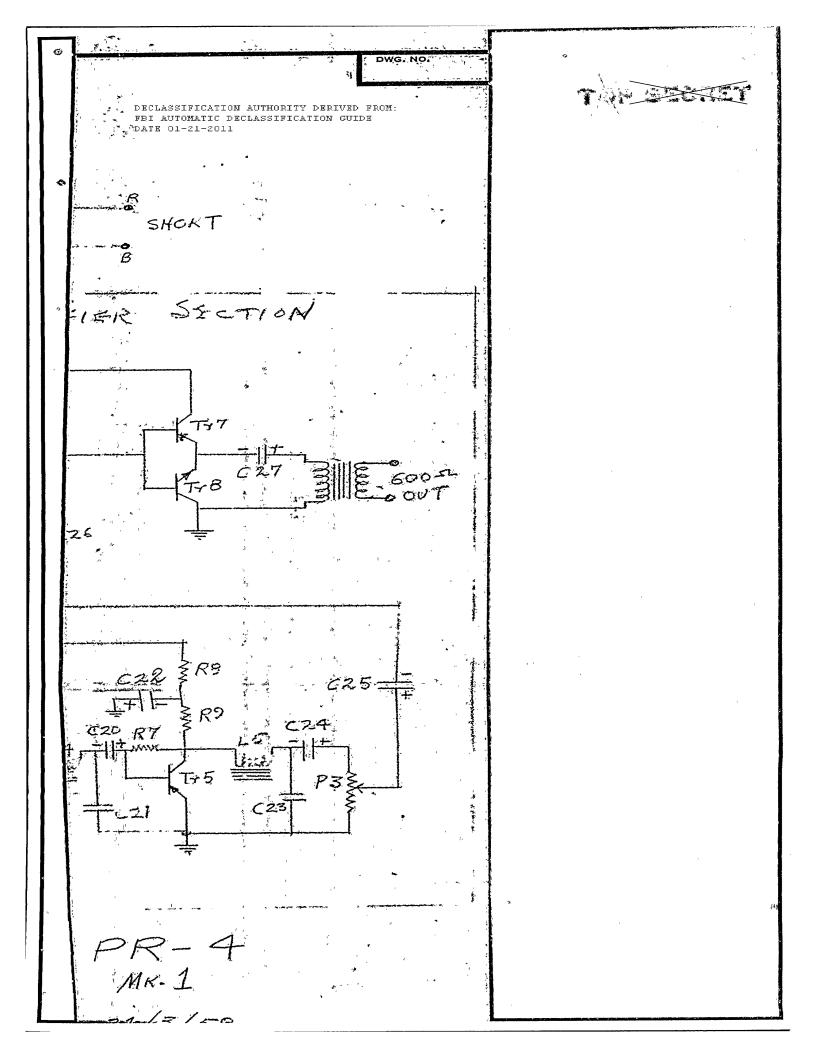
PARTS LIST

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Cll	100 "	11	R11 18 K .1 "
C12	330 "	ıı .	R12 270 K .1 "
C13	970 "	approx. (mica)	R13 10 K .1 "
C14	1 mf	d 50 V. electrolytic	
C15	.2 "	paper	R14 1.8 K .5 "
C16	.2 "	paper	R15 15_05, "
C17	•01 "		
C18	16 "	6 V. tantalum	
019	8 "	15 V. electrolytic	TO 7
C20	16 "	6 V. tantalum	Pl 1 meg ohm
021	" LO.	disc	P2 1000 ohm
022 023	n g n	15 V. electrolytic	P3 .1 meg ohm
025 024	16 "	disc 6 V. * tantalum	
C25	16 "	6 V. "	Tl oscillator special
025 026	32 "	1.5 V.electrolytic	T2 Line special
027	16 "	6 V. tantalum	T3 switching special
0~1			T4 44423
			T5 44422
Dl I	n 270 di	iode	
D2	11	11	L1 15' #30 on core
D3	51	11	L2 15' #30 on core
D4	11	tt	
			TR1, TR2, TR3 - 2N188A TR4 - 2N207A or B
L3 6	8 mhv Al	laddin 14-685	TR5, TR6 - TI-302
14 "	11	11 11	TR7 - 2N417
L5 "	t1	11 11	TR8 - 2N214

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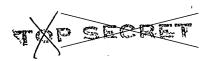


GUARD

ON THE CARRIER CIRCUIT OF A TYPE 302G INSTRUMENT CONNECTED INTO A SYSTEM SUCH AS PR-4:

A REPORT TO THE

b7D



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TOP SECRET

On the Carrier Circuit of the Type 302-G Instrument connected into the PR-4 System.

An investigation of the type 302-G instrument connected in a PR-4 system was carried out to determine, if possible, the carrier circuit and to identify the particular element completing the carrier circuit when the handset was in place.

It was determined experimentally that PR-4 output signal was lost when the yellow lead of the \(\frac{1}{2} \) mfd condenser was disconnected from terminal I2-Y, although disconnecting the slate lead from the black lead of the ringer did not affect performance noticeably. (Fig. 1-A) This condenser is scaled in a metal case which also contains the 2 mfd condenser in the circuit between the microphone and terminal C of the hybrid coil. Substitution of an exterior \(\frac{1}{2} \) mfd condenser resulted in no signal, which substantiated the hypothesis that a small capacity existed between the two condensers.

The audio circuit for the microphone when used for normal conversation is shown in Fig. 1-B. Note that the circuit from the microphone to terminal L2-Y is completed through the switch, which is closed when in use.

Figure 1-C shows the carrier circuit in which the above circuit is completed at carrier frequency through Cx, the capacity which exists between the two condensers. Cx was measured as 460 micro-microfarads at 1000 cycles per second. The exact function of the hybrid coil here is not clear. By directly connecting the instrument to PR-4, with no intervening short-line, it was found that a condition of resonance occurred at 52.4 kilocycles per second, at which frequency maximum signal was obtained out of PR-4. Resonance was determined by adjusting PR-4 exciter frequency until the carrier voltage between 12-Y and C on the hybrid coil (across Cx) was equal to the voltage between 11 and C (across the resonating inductance). Under this condition $\omega L^{\frac{m}{2}}$, indicating resonance.

Measurements of coil inductances and also of leakage inductances could not be correlated with the required inductance of about 18.5 millihenries. However, these measurements were carried out at 1000 cycles per second and it may be expected that these will be somewhat different at carrier frequency where distributed capacities in the hybrid coil will also have significant affects. As it was well established experimentally that the hybrid coil was an essential part of the carrier circuit, its frequency response as a three terminal network was obtained. A signal generator having an output impedance of 600 chms was terminated with a resistor having the value and used to excite the coil across terminals C and R. The cutput was taken across terminals II and R. The response at 55 Kc/pec with output termination of 600 chms was — 5db with reference to the output at 1000 cycles per second. From this it was deduced that primary function of the hybrid coil remains the same, with slight change in efficiency, at frequencies up to at least 50 or 60 Kc per second, while presenting an inductance which resonates with Cx at working frequencies.

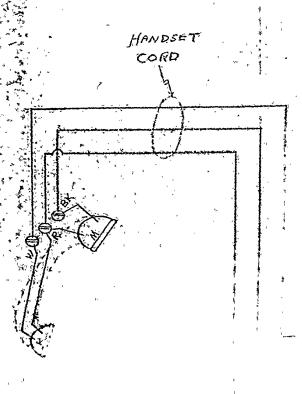




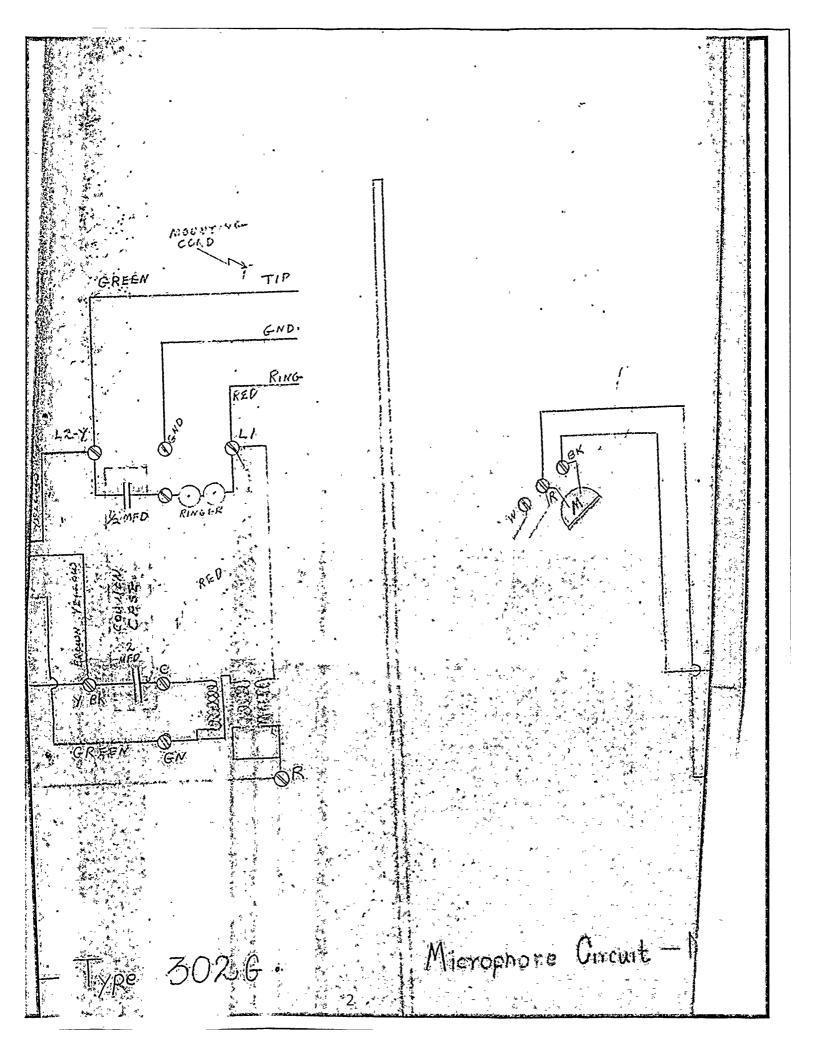
From this it can be seen that the suitability of an instrument as a PR-4 pickup device is determined by a fortuitous placement of components. Although much remains to be learned in this field, the possibility of securing an instrument to make the effective use of carrier devices difficult or impossible by relocation of components might be considered.

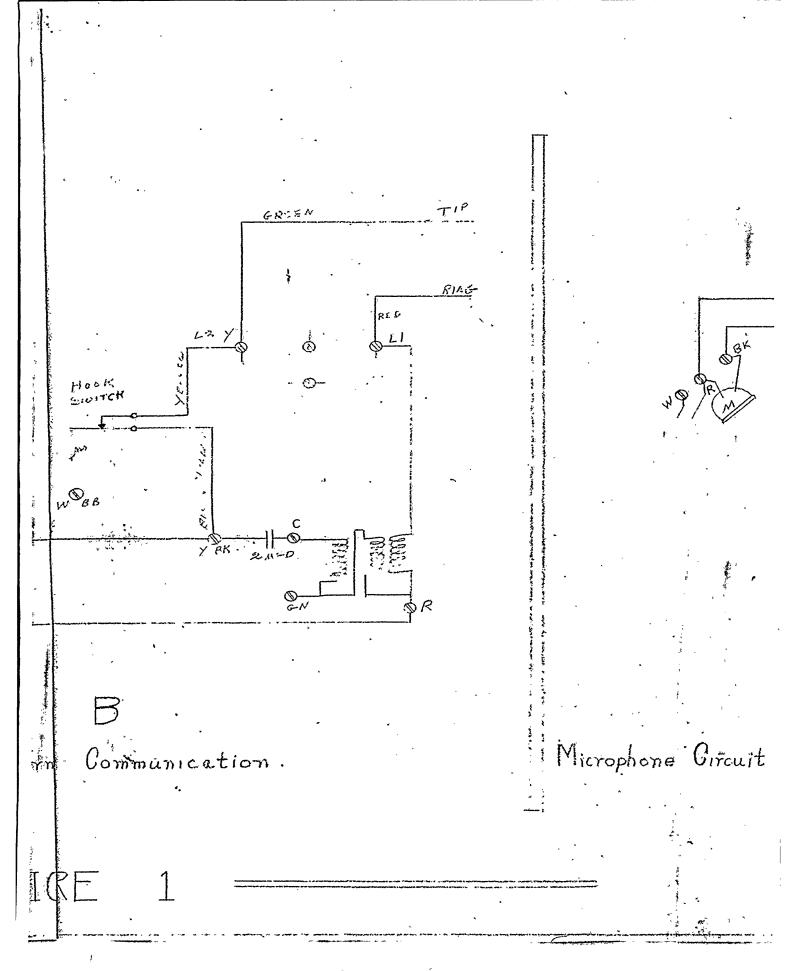
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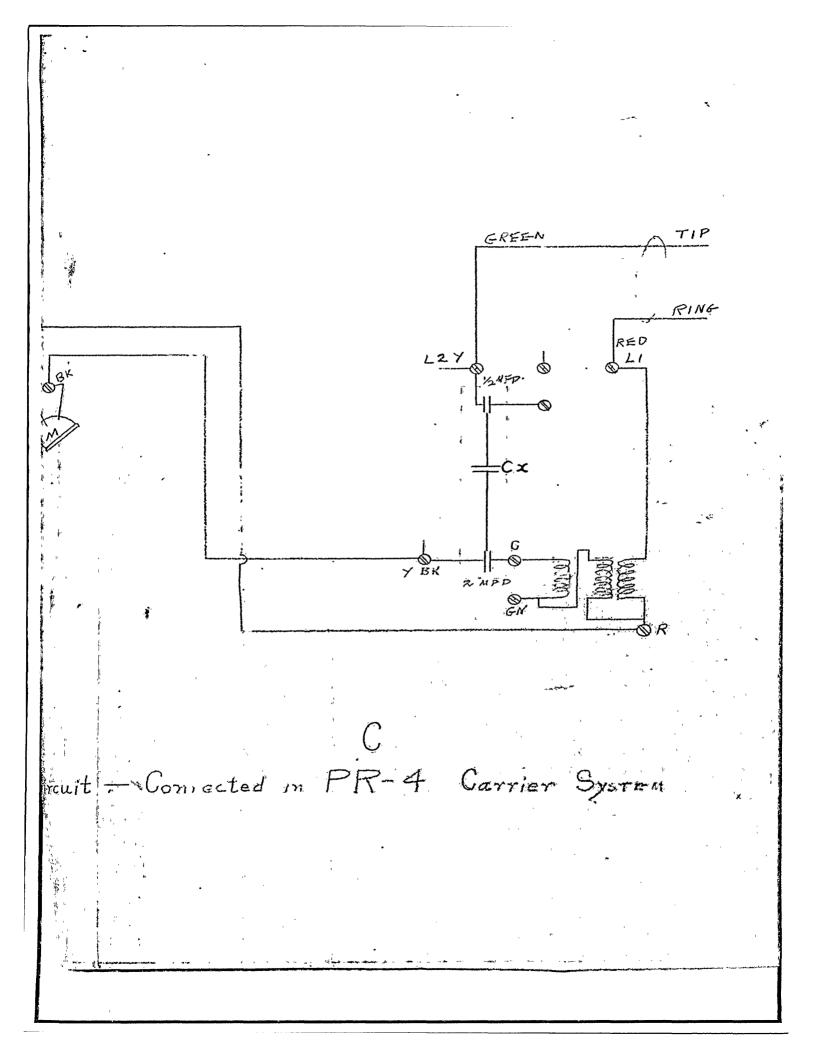
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Audio and Ringing Circuits of N.E. Telephone







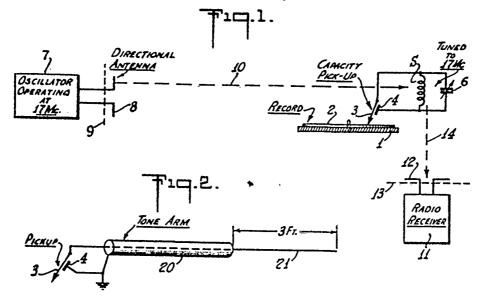
Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) File No. 80-HQ-760, Ultrasonic Listening Devices / Wiretapping Enclosure Behind File (EBF) 467 - Section 1 Oct. 1, 1946.

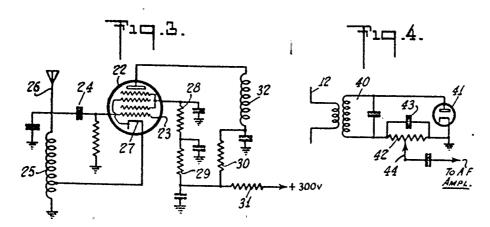
C. M. SINNETT ET AL

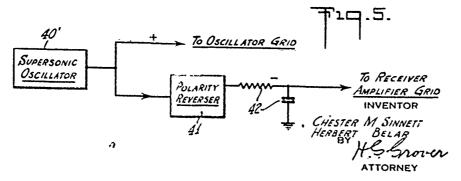
2,408,695

RECORD REPRODUCING SYSTEM

Filed Nov. 25, 1942







UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

2,408,695

RECORD REPRODUCING SYSTEM

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Application November 25, 1942, Serial No. 466,878

14 Claims. (Cl. 179--100.4)

Our present invention relates to sound record reproducing systems, and more particularly to record reproducing systems which function without electrical connections between the various units thereof,

In the past there have been proposed various reproducing systems for phonograph records. In certain of these systems the sound record has been employed to actuate an electrical pickup for producing frequency modulation signals, and the lat. 10 ter have then been subjected to a discriminatorrectifier for production of audio voltage corresponding to the recorded sound waves. Another type of reproducing system has utilized a high frequency oscillator which was modulated in am- 15 plitude in response to the output of an electrical pickup, and a subsequent detector was used to demodulate the amplitude modulated high frequency oscillations. In these various systems the various units between the electrical pickup and 20 the ultimate audio voltage reproducer are electrically inter-connected.

It can be stated that it is one of the main objects of our present invention to provide a phonograph record reproducing system wherein inter- 25 can be employed, connection between a pickup device, an oscillator and a receiver are dispensed with, and wherein the pickup device itself is free of any electron discharge devices.

Another important object of our invention is 30 Fig. 1. to provide a system for reproducing sound records wherein a high frequency wave is radiated from a conveniently located oscillator; an electrical pickup, connected across a tuned circuit or a resonant line, is located in the field of the aforementioned oscillator; and a conventional type of receiver picks up a signal corresponding to the changes in the pickup tuned circuit thereby to produce from its loud speaker the sound waves recorded on the phonograph record.

Still another object of our invention is to provide a method wherein an electric pickup device of the capacity type is associated with a resonant network funed to a predetermined high frequency thereby permitting the motion of the 45 pickup element to vary the frequency of the resonant network, radiating to the resonant network high frequency oscillations of the predetermined frequency whereby changes in the frequency of the resonant network result in the 50 inductive magnitude is varied. The appacitor eleproduction of high frequency oscillation energy which is amplitude modulated in accordance with the sound waves recorded on the phonograph record, and re-radiating the modulated high frequency oscillation energy to a demodulator lo- 55 cated at a point spaced from the pickup device.

Still other objects of our invention are to im-

prove record reproduction systems by providing a high frequency oscillator and a radio receiver spaced apart, frem a record pickup device capable of receiving radiations from the oscillator, reradiating modulated high frequency oscillations to the receiver, and preventing response of the receiver to oscillations radiated directly from the oscillator.

The novel features which we believe to be characteristic of our invention are set forth with particularity in the appended claims; the invention itself however, as to both its organization and method of operation will best be understood by reference to the following description, taken in connection with the drawing, in which we have indicated diagrammatically several circuit organizations whereby our invention may be carried into effect.

In the drawing

Fig. I schematically shows a system embodying the invention,

Fig. 2 illustrates a modified form of electrical pickup device.

Fig. 3 shows a form of oscillator circuit which

Fig. 4 illustrates a simple form of demodulator that can be used in the system of Fig. 1.

Fig. 5 illustrates schematically an arrangement for improving the operation of the system of

In Fig. 1 we have shown a system which employs the invention, and which system employs networks which are utilized in accordance with our concept. The numeral I designates the turntable upon which is placed the record 2, These are conventional devices, and need not be described in any further detail. The electrical pickup device is shown as of the capacity type. The pickup is schematically represented as em-40 bodying a needle element 3 and a fixed plate 4. Elements 3 and 4 provide a small condenser. The motion of the needle 3 results in variation of the magnitude of the capacitance of condenser 3--4. The pickup device may be constituted in accordance with the teachings of C M, Sinnett in application Serial No. 414,305 filed October 9: 1941.

Of courre, the pickup device need not be of the capacity type, but may be of the type wherein an ments 3 and 4 are connected to opposite sides of the resonant circuit 5-6. The coil 5 and condenser 6 are connected in shunt, and together provide a circuit tuned to a predetermined high. frequency. By way of example, let it be assumed that circuit 5-6 is resonant to 17 megacycles (mc.). Of course, a higher frequency can be

utilized. Indeed, the resonant frequency of circuit 5-6 may be as high as 2,000 mc., if desired. It will now be seen that as the element I runs along the sound grooves of the record 2 the capacity of condenser 3—4 will vary. As a result the frequency of circuit 5—6 will vary.

An oscillator 7 is provided at a point spaced from the resonant circuit 5-6. This oscillator is constructed to produce high frequency oscilla-tions of 17 mc. These oscillations are of constant amplitude and constant frequency, and the oscillator may be constructed in any well known manner. The antenna 8 thereof is of the directional type. It is desired that the antenna be arranged in such a manner that the waves radiated thereby are projected upon the resonant circuit The vertical dotted line 9 schematically represents any desired type of reflector which may be used in conjunction with the antenna 8, and thereby aid in focussing the radiated oscillatory energy upon the resonant circuit 5-6. The numeral 10 denotes the beam of the energy radiated by the ultra-high frequency oscillator 7. Since the resonant circuit 5—6 is in the field of the radiated oscillatory energy 10, changes in frequency of circuit 5-6 due to the sound record varying the capacitance of condenser 3-4 causes the high frequency energy existing in circuit 5-6 to be modulated in accordance with the recorded sound waves.

Since a tuned circuit located in the field of an oscillator will absorb energy from the oscillator. if we change the characteristics of this tuned circuit at an audio rate we in effect change the absorption at the same rate. At the same time 33 if the absorbing circuit has relatively high "Q' some re-radiation will take place. As a result of this the standing wave pattern near the absorbing circuit, and also near the receiver, is upset and may be received and demodulated,

Accordingly, we provide a radio receiver if at a point spaced from circuit 5-6. The receiver II is provided with a directional antenna 12, which may be of the same type as antenna 8. The numeral 13 denotes a reflection member, sim- 45 flar to that designated by numeral 9, which may be used at the receiver antenna to insure the pickup of energy by antenna 12 solely from circuit 5-6. In other words, the directional antenna 12 of receiver 11 is located in the field of 50 the re-radiated modulated ultra-high frequency energy. The receiver itself may be very simple in construction, and the numeral 14 denotes by dotted lines the path of the re-radiated modulated oscillatory energy. The receiver 11 should 55 be composed of one or more stages of ultra-high frequency amplification followed by a simple detector of amplitude modulated carrier energy. The receiver is tuned to the 17 mc, frequency of circuit 5—6. The detector could feed one or more audio frequency amplifiers feeding into a loud speaker.

As stated heretofore, it is desired to have the resonant circuit 5-6 in the field of oscillator antenna 8, and it is desirable to have the receiver 65 antenna 12 in the field solely of the re-radiated energy from circuit 5-6. The antenna 12 should not pick up any power from the directional antenna 8 directly. In some cases the oscillator 7 could be located at the receiver 11. In this case, 70 the direct output of the oscillator could be neutralized in the receiver circuits by any conventional and well known methods.

In Fig. 2 there is shown a modification of the

pickup device. In this modification the numeral 20 designates a tone arm. The electrode 3 is connected to an axially located conductor 21 which may project from the tone arm a distance of some three feet. This projection distance is purely illustrative. The electrode 4 would in that case be connected to the outer grounded sheath of the tone arm. In other words, Fig. 2 shows a resonant line which could be used in place of the simple tuned circuit 5-6.

In Pig. 3 we have shown an oscillator circuit which can be employed at 7 of Fig. 1. The oscillator comprises a tube 22 which has its control grid 23 connected by condenser 24 to the upper end of the oscillation tank coll 25. The lower end of the coil is grounded, while the upper end thereof is connected to an antenna 26. As stated before, this antenna is preferably of the directional type. The cathode 27 of tube 22 is connected to a tap on coil 25 which may be a small number of turns above ground. The plate and screen grids of the tube 22 are connected to a source of positive potential, say +300 volts, through proper voltage reducing resistors 28, 29, 30 and 31. The plate of tube 22 is connected in series with resistor 30 through a radio frequency choke coil 32 which has a larger number of coils than coll 25. Appropriate high frequency bypass condensers are connected as shown in Fig. 3.

The receiver II can be of a very simple type. For example, the directional antenna 12 need only be coupled to the tuned input circuit 40 of a rectifler 41 of the diode type. The low potential side of the input circuit 40 is connected to the grounded cathode of diode 41 through a load resistor 42 the latter being properly bypassed by condenser 43 for high frequency currents. The potentiometer 44 will then be capable of taking off any magnitude of audio voltage from the load resistor 42. It need only be pointed out that since the antenna 12 will pick up from the resonant circuit 5-6 amplitude modulated ultra-high frequency energy, then the circuit 40 need but be tuned to the normal frequency of circuit 5-6,

To minimize other reflections of ultra-high frequency energy that may not be due to the changes in the tuned circuit associated with the pickup device, it is possible to key the oscillator 7 and receiver 11 in such a manner that the receiver is only active during silent periods of the transmitter oscillator. Preferably, the keying should be at a supersonic frequency. A delay in bringing the receiver up to sensitivity can be introduced so that normal reflections occurring for a short time only are not received, whereas the modulated oscillations radiated from the tuned circuit of the pickup are received because of their longer duration. Considering Fig. 5, therefore, we have shown a supersonic oscillator 40° capable of gencrating constant amplitude wave energy of supersonic frequency.

The energy is applied to the grid of the oscillator directly. For example, the energy from the oscillator 40' would be applied directly to grid 23 to control the gain of the oscillator tube. Simultaneously, the supersonic oscillatory energy is applied to a polarity reversing network 41 so as to produce negative voltage at the same time that positive voltage is applied to the oscillator grid. This negative voltage is preferably passed through a time constant network 42 which has its resistance and capacity so chosen that there is a delay in bringing the receiver up to sensitivity. The delayed voltage may be applied to the resonant network associated with the capacity 75 control grid of an amplifier tube of receiver 11.

It will now be seen that the receiver will only be active whenever the oscillator is inactive. Of course; the negative voltage applied to the receiver should be sufficient to bias the receiver amplifier to cut-off. The same will be true on the other 5 half of the supersonic oscillation cycle when negative voltage is applied to the oscillator grid. In this latter case the negative voltage biases oscillator 7 to cut-off, while the cut-off bias is removed from the receiver. Due to the delay net- 10 work 42 the receiver will not be sensitive enough to respond to the relatively short period direct radiation from oscillator 1. However, when the receiver has attained full sensitivity it will still re capable of responding to the re-radiated en- 15 erry from S due to the longer duration of the oscillations thereof. Accordingly, we have provided a means for preventing the pickup of energy by receiver 11 from any source, except from the tuned network 5-6.

In connection with the "keying" system, the record pickup device may be replaced by a capacity microphone. In this case there could be used a dipole antenna in place of the tuned circuit 5--6. Voice waves on the microphone would 23 vary the capacity thereof, and thereby change the resonant frequency of the dipole antenna. The "beam" from the keyed oscillator would be directed at the microphone and antenna, and there would then be re-radiated to the receiver 30 amplitude modulated signals. Hence, for public address and portable uses no transmitter equipment or connecting wires would be needed at the microphene. Other uses for such a keyed system would comprise remote listening posts to be swept 35 by the transmitted beam so as to listen in to conversalions; dictographs for secret service; airplane identification.

While we have indicated and described several systems for carrying our invention into effect, 40 it will be apparent to one skilled in the art that our invention is by no means, limited to the particular organizations shown and described, but that many modifications may be made without departing from the scope of our invention as set 45 forth in the appended claims.

What we claim is:

I In combination, a sound wave record, an electrical pickup device associated therewith to translate the recorded sound waves into varia- 50 cio « in reactance, a resonant network electrical» ly a annected with said pickup device and adapted to have its frequency varied by said reactance vary jons, means for producing high frequency were energy said means being spaced from said 55 respent network said resonant network being normally tuned to the frequency of said high freonency wave energy said high frequency wave energy being radiated to said resonant network in the form of a beam whereby the high frequen- 60 ev operav at sald network is modulated in accordence with the recorded sound waves, said resonant network having a sufficiently high "Q" to provide re-radiation therefrom, and a receiver spaced from said resonant network and being free 65 of normal coupling thereto and being adapted to receive therefrom reradiated modulated high frequency wave energy.

2. In combination, a sound wave record, an electrical pickup device associated therewith to 70 translete the recorded sound waves into variations in reactance, a resonant network electrically connected with said pickup device and adapted to have its frequency varied by said reactance variations, means for producing high fre-

quency wave energy, said means being spaced from said resonant network, said resonant network being normally tuned to the frequency of said high frequency wave energy, said high frequency wave energy being radiated to said resonant network in the form of a beam whereby the high frequency energy at said network is modulated in accordance with the recorded sound waves, said resonant network having a sufficiently high "Q" to provide re-radiation therefrom, a receiver normally free of coupling to said resonant network spaced from said resonant network and being adapted to receive therefrom re-radiated modulated high frequency wave energy, and means for preventing reception at said radio recoiver of high frequency wave energy radiated dinectly to it from said wave energy producing means.

3. A method of reproducing sound records which includes producing ultra-high frequency energy at one point in space, radiating said energy in the form of a beam to a second point in spice, locating a resonant network tuned to the free tency of said ultra-high frequency energy at sain second point, maintaining the resonant netwerk at a sufficiently high "Q" to provide re-"adiation therefrom, translating the recorded round waves into frequency changes of said resorant network thereby to produce at said second point modulated ultra-high frequency energy whose modulation corresponds to the recorded sound waves, re-radiating the modulated ultrarigh frequency energy in the form of a beam to a third point in space, and demodulating the reradiated energy at the third point thereby to produce sound waves corresponding to the recorded sound waves.

4. A method of reproducing sound records which includes producing ultra-high frequency energy at one point in space, radiating said energy in the form of a beam to a second point in space, locating a resonant network at said second point, translating the recorded sound waves into frequency changes of said resonant network thereby to produce at said second point modulated ultra-high frequency energy whose modulation corresponds to the recorded sound waves, racted diating the modulated ultra-high frequency every in the form of a beam to a third point in since demodulating the re-radiated energy G appr to produce sound waves corresponding to the recorded sound waves, and automatically prethe aforementioned demodulation during

and rediction from said first point, 5 A method of reproducing sound records while includes producing ultra-high frequency senergy at one point in space saidlating said energy in the form of a beam to a second point in space logating a resonant network at said secour point translating the recorded sound waves into frequency changes of said resonant network thereby to produce at said second point modu-Inted ultra-high frequency energy whose modulation corresponds to the recorded sound waves. re-radiating the modulated ultra-high frequency energy in the form of a beam to a third point in scace demodulating the re-radiated energy thereby to produce sound waves corresponding to the recorded sound waves, and alternately rendering said radiation and demodulation ineffective at a supersonic rate thereby to minimize demedulation of ultra-high frequency energy radiated directly from the first point to the third point.

6. In a sound wave record reproducing system,

the combination of an ultra-high frequency energy transmitter for radiating unmodulated carrier waves of a predetermined frequency, a demodulator network, a resonant sound wave record pickup circuit of the capacity type tuned to 5 said predetermined frequency for modulating the waves transmitted from said transmitter in accordance with the pickup output, said transmitter, demodulator and pickup circuit being normally free of coupling therebetween, and said 10 pickup circuit having sufficiently high "Q" to provide re-radiation of said modulated wave energy

to said demodulator.

7. In combination, means for generating wave energy at a high radio frequency, means for radi- 15 ating said energy in the form of a beam, a sound wave record pickup device normally free of coupling to said radiating means located in the path of said beam, said device including a resonant network tuned to said high frequency, a receiver 20 device placed in line with said resonant network and at such an angle with respect to the said beam that the amount of energy reaching the receiver from the generating means is small, said resonant network producing modulation of the 25 beam in accordance with the output of the said pickup device, sald resonant network having a relatively high "Q" thereby to provide re-radiation of the modulated beam to said receiver device.

8. In combination, an ultra-high frequency energy transmitter for radiating unmodulated carrier waves of a predetermined frequency, a demodulator network, a resonant sound wave pickup circuit of the capacity type tuned to said pre- 35 determined frequency for modulating the waves transmitted from said transmitter in accordance with the pickup output, said transmitter, demodulator and pickup circuit being normally free of coupling, and said pickup circuit including a 40 resonant line radiator whose "Q" is sufficiently high to provide re-radiation of said modulated wave energy to said demodulator.

9. In combination, means for generating wave energy at a high radio frequency, means for radiating said energy in the form of a beam, a capacity microphone device normally free of coupling to said radiating means located in the path of said beam, said device including a resonant network tuned to said frequency, a receiver 50 placed in line with said resonant network and at such an angle with respect to the said beam that the amount of energy reaching the receiver from the generating means is small, said resonant network producing modulation of the beam in ac- 55 cordance with the output of the said microphone and said resonant network having a sufficiently high "Q" to provide re-radiation of the modulated beam to the receiver.

10. In combination, means for generating wave 60 energy at a high radio frequency, means for radisting said energy in the form of a beam, a capacity transducer normally free of coupling to said radiating means located in the path of said beam, said transducer being included in a reso- 65 nant circuit, a receiver device placed in line with said resonant circuit, said resonant circuit producing modulation of the beam in accordance with the output of the said transducer, and means alternately rendering said radiation and recep- 70 tion ineffective to minimize reception of wave energy radiated directly from said first means.

11. A method which includes producing ultrahigh frequency energy in the form of a beam at one point in space, radiating said energy to a sec- 75

ond point in space, translating the recorded sound waves into frequency changes of a resonant circuit at the second point thereby to produce at said second point modulated ultra-high frequency energy, re-radiating the modulated ultra-high frequency energy in the form of a beam to a third point in space, demodulating the reradiated energy at the third point thereby to produce sound waves corresponding to the recorded sound waves, and automatically preventing at a supersonic rate the aforementioned demodulation at the third point during said radiation from said first point.

12. In combination, a sound wave record, an electrical pickup device of the condenser type associated therewith to translate the recorded sound waves into variations in capacity, a resonant network electrically connected with said p.ckup device and adapted to have its frequency varied by said capacity variations, means for producing high frequency wave energy, said resonant network being tuned to the frequency of said high frequency wave energy, said means being spaced from said resonant network and being normally free of coupling thereto, said high frequency wave energy being radiated to said resonant network whereby the high frequency energy at said network is modulated in accordance with the recorded sound waves, said resonant network having a relatively high "Q" to provide re-radiation of modulated high frequency energy, and a receiver spaced from said resonant network without electrical connection thereto and being adapted to receive therefrom the aforementioned reradiated modulated high frequency wave energy.

13. In combination, a sound wave record, an elictrical pickup device associated therewith to translate the recorded sound waves into variations in reactance, a resonant network of a predetermined frequency electrically connected with said pickup device and adapted to have its frequency varied by said reactance variations, means for producing high frequency wave energy of said frequency, said means being spaced from said resonant network, said high frequency wave energy being radiated to said resonant network whereby the high frequency energy at said network is modulated in accordance with the recorded sound waves, a receiver, tuned to said predetermined frequency, spaced from said resonant network and being adapted to receive therefrom the aforementioned modulated high frequency wave energy, and means, operating at a supersonic rate, for preventing reception at said radio receiver of high frequency wave energy radiated directly to it from said wave energy producing means.

14. In a high frequency wave system, means for radiating unmodulated waves of a predetermined high frequency in the form of a beam, tuned modulator circuit in the path of the beam and normally free of coupling to said radiating means, said modulator circuit being adapted to re-radiate said waves in modulated form, a demodulator circuit spaced from said modulator circuit for demodulating the re-radiated modulated waves, and means for alternately rendering said radiation and demodulation ineffective at a predetermined rate thereby to minimize the effect of any direct radiation from said radiating means to said demodulator.

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