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Description of document:	Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) report of 23- March-1981 interview of Joseph S. Chagra re: murder of Judge John Wood
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Notes:	This is an excerpt of a larger FBI file.

Judge Wood was shot in the back with a high-powered rifle in the driveway of his San Antonio home on May 29 1979. Judge Wood was the first sitting Federal Judge murdered in this century and the first contract murder of a Federal Judge in U.S. history. Charles Harrelson, father of movie star/comedian Woody Harrelson, was convicted of having actually pulled the trigger for which he was reportedly paid \$250,000. He is currently serving two life sentences in a Colorado maximum security prison.

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U.S. Department of Justice



Federal Bureau of Investigation

Washington, D.C. 20535

November 29, 2007

Subject: CHAGRA, JOSEPH S

FOIPA No. 1036817-001

Dear Requester:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Section 552		Section 552a
□(b)(1)	□(b)(7)(A)	□(d)(5)
□(b)(2)	□(b)(7)(B)	□(j)(2)
□(b)(3)	⊠(b)(7)(C)	□(k)(1)
<u> </u>	□(b)(7)(D)	□(k)(2)
	□(b)(7)(E)	□(k)(3)
	□(b)(7)(F)	□(k)(4)
□(b)(4)	□(b)(8)	□(k)(5)
□(b)(5)	□(b)(9)	□(k)(6)
⊠(b)(6)		□(k)(7)

20 page(s) were reviewed and 20 page(s) are being released.

- Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:
 - □ referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.
 - □ referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.

☑ You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Director, Office of Information and Privacy, U.S. Department of Justice,1425 New York Ave., NW, Suite 11050, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001 within sixty days from the date of this letter. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal" or "Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

□ The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown, when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

Bet 3/ ZPW

David M. Hardy Section Chief Record/Information Dissemination Section Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)

This is in response to your Freedom of Information Act request to the FBI concerning Joseph S. Chagra. Reference should also be made to your telephone conversation with a member of my staff in which you reduced the scope of your request for documents concerning Joseph S. Chagra.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute(A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could be reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could be reasonably expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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3/23/81

Date of transcription

Joseph Salim Chagra, white male, date of birth October 16, 1946, voluntarily appeared at the San Antonio office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) with his | of Dallas, Texas. Chagra's voluntary Attorney, appearance at this time had been arranged by Chagra's attorney through a contact with Assistant United States Attorneys W. Ray Jahn and John C. Emerson. Chagra and his attorney met with Special Agents and in a private conference room commencing at approximately 10:00 a.m. Chagra was personally familiar with Special Agents from pr<u>ior intervi</u>ews, <u>and</u> and had also previously met SA SA introduced at the outset of the meeting. himself to b6 b7C stated at the outset that he and his client, Joseph Chagra, were appearing voluntarily at this time in hopes that FBI interview of Chagra would help FBI Agents investigating the murder of Judge John Wood decide in their own mind whether or not Joe Chagra himself had any knowledge of that crime prior to its commission. SA then reemphasized to Joseph Chagra that he was here voluntarily and that this meeting did not concern any plea bargaining, but was a direct FBI interview of him in the presence of his attorney. also advised Joseph Chagra that the FBI had not SA | yet agreed to administer a polygraph to him. SA advised Joseph Chagra that he was a target in the FBI's investigation of the May 29, 1979, murder of Judge John Wood in San Antonio, Texas. Chagra acknowledged that he understood all of these points. At this time SA advised Joseph Chagra of his Constitutional Rights as indicated on a typewritten "Advice of .b6 Rights" form. Chagra stated that <u>he understood his</u> rights and b7C signed the form, and his attorney, signed as a witness. Chagra subsequently voluntarily provided the following information in the presence of his attorney, in response to questions posed to him by SA's and and, in certain instances, by

Chagra stated that he has been "thinking about taking a private polygraph on the Wood case" for the last three or four months, but he had been putting it off. He had obtained the

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names of three or four polygraphers whom he was considering contacting in order to take this private polygraph. When his home and the residences of several of his relatives in El Paso, Texas, were searched by Federal Agents on February 27, 1981, it convinced him that he should take the polygraph immediately. He contacted Las Vegas attorney for advice, and "sent him" to meet polygrapher <u>in Santa</u> Ana, California. Chagra had never previously heard of but the appointment was set up by This polygraph was administered in Santa Ana, California, the day after Chagra first talked to Dallas attorney concerning obtaining his representation.

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Chagra noted that he had previously taken one polygraph, shortly after the murder of his brother, Lee Chagra, in El Paso, Texas, December 23, 1978. He noted that all the time he was thinking about taking the private polygraph, he intended to take an "unlimited" polygraph concerning the Wood case. That is, he would respond to questions as to whether or not he had anything to do with Judge Wood's murder or related events either before or after the commission of the crime. However, after the polygraph appointment had been set and he spoke to attorney ______ advised him to take a "limited" polygraph only, responding to questions only as to his knowledge prior to May 29, 1979.

At this point in the interview stated that he did tell Joseph Chagra to take a limited polygraph only, not an "across the board" polygraph. He advised Joseph Chagra b6 to take a polygraph only concerning his knowledge of the planning b7C or commission of Judge Wood's murder prior to May 29, 1979, since he, as an attorney, felt that from his understanding of the situation, this was the key issue which Chagra should resolve as a potential target of the investigation.

Chagra stated that during the "pre-test" phase of the polygraph administered to him by ______ in Santa Ana, California, he explained to ______ the facts of the Wood case as he (Chagra) understood them, and informed ______ that he wanted to be tested on his prior knowledge of the crime. _______ then asked him control questions such as, "Are you Joe Chagra?" and questions concerning his age, etc. The key questions that he was asked and which he answered during the main part of the test were as follows:

Did you yourself murder Judge Wood?
 Did you plan with any person to commit the murder of Judge Wood?

3. Did you pay or hire anyone to murder Judge Wood?
4. Did you have any knowledge that Wood was to be murdered prior to May 29, 1979?

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Chagra stated that he answered all of the above questions "no." He stated that he was advised by _____ at the conclusion of the test that he showed no deceptive responses concerning those answers to those questions.

At this point in the interviewnotedthatis not involved in representing Joseph Chagrain the Wood case, andis not Joe Chagra's lawyer.Chagra andadvised the FBI at this time that polygrapherwould be willing to be interviewed by the FBI concerningthe polygraph he administered to Joseph Chagra and they will maketest charts and papers available to the FBI forreview and analysis.

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Joseph Chagra then supplied the following information concerning the general "animosity" between members of the Chagra family, Judge Wood, and Assistant United States Attorney James Kerr. Chagra's first statement on this point was, "Prior to Lee's murder, every case Lee and/or I had in Wood's court some kind of problem developed which ended with Wood personally attacking Lee." Chagra stated that whenever they went to court, Judge Wood ended up putting Lee in a position where he had to defend himself personally. Wood normally accomplished putting Lee Chagra in this position by alleging that there was a conflict of interest between Lee Chagra and the client he was defending.

Chagra stated that this all "came to a head" in court hearings during Lee Chagra's defense of ______ in _____ Federal narcotics case in 1978. Chagra had filed a motion to dismiss _______ indictment on grounds of double jeopardy, and had filed supporting motions requesting information from the government concerning when the information leading to _______ indictment on the continuing criminal enterprise count had been Obtained by the government. Chagra thought that determining this information would bolster his chances of winning the dismissal _______ b6 motion. When Lee Chagra presented the motions requesting the court to force the government to provide this information, Assistant U. S. Attorney "Kerr jumped up claiming Lee was fishing to find out what evidence the government had against him."

Because of this and other actions of Wood and Kerr in case and other cases, Lee Chagra also filed a recusal motion against Wood in _____ case, asking Wood to remove himself from hearing the case. First Wood said that he would remove himself, and then he changed his mind at the next hearing. 4

According to Joe Chagra, "Lee always felt like Wood respected him as an attorney," but the more times that Lee Chagra went up against the duo of Wood and Kerr, the worse became their treatment of him. Joe Chagra stated that Wood was tougher on cases when Kerr was the prosecutor, than in cases where Assistant U. S. Attorneys other than Kerr were prosecuting the case.

At this point in the interview, noted that Lee Chagra once told him that Wood "had gone to bat" for Lee Chagra on an occasion when Lee Chagra was indicted on a narcotics case. Lee Chagra told ______ that he had heard that Wood had written a letter to government prosecutors handling Chagra's indictment stating that the indictment and its surrounding publicity were hurting Lee Chagra's reputation and legal practice in El Paso, and therefore, Wood urged the government to give Lee Chagra a speedy trial to resolve the situation.

Joe Chagra noted that as time went by, everyone in his family thought that Wood and Kerr were getting too personal in their attacks on Lee, and Wood was siding with Kerr too many times. Also, "Lee did always feel that DEA was trying to get him for something or other."

SA asked Joseph Chagra the reason for his comment to the news media subsequent to his own Federal Grand Jury appearance in San Antonio, Texas, on August 20, 1980, said comment to the effect that "Judge Wood had committed suicide." Chagra responded that, "That was taken out of context and blown up." Joe Chagra noted that during his questioning at the Federal Grand Jury, United States Attorney Jamie Boyd asked him how he thought the investigation of the murder of Judge Wood should be conducted. Chagra stated that he advised Boyd and the Grand Jury at that time that he thought that anyone on Judge Wood's docket should be investigated. When he came out, "the media hit me." The point he was trying to make in his comments to the media at that time was that "Wood was continually hurting people everyday, handing out harsh sentences and siding with Kerr and that eventually something like that is going to get back to you." Joe Chagra noted that it was the general consensus among attorneys in the Texas Bar that "Wood was not the fairest guy in the world-his sentences were too harsh."

Joseph Chagra stated that his personal feelings concerning Judge Wood were as follows. "I didn't like the man, I hated to try cases in his court, especially when Kerr was the prosecutor." However, he stated that he could not give any specific instances where Wood was rude to him or embarrassed him-"his rulings were just one-sided." Joe Chagra noted that "in chambers Wood was the nicest guy in the world, offering you coffee and talking about b7C

fishing, etc. What got me and Lee and upset was that we were always being in court trying to defend our family, family members, and family reputation-it got real old."

Joe Chagra also stated that he firmly believed that the indictment of his ______ on Federal narcotics charges was "manipulated" so the indictment would be brought in Midland, Texas, so Wood would be the trial Judge.

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Joseph Chagra was then questioned concerning his legal representation of and I the matters on which he has represented or does represent them, and when that representation commenced. Concerning his legal representation of Joseph Chagra said, "I feel I've represented since I became a lawyer. Lee and I were always his lawyers. Joseph Chagra specified that he has represented in divorce during some court fights involving child support, and when was once arrested for being in possession of a firearm in a bar in El Paso, Texas. This particular case was reduced to a misdemeanor, to which pled guilty and was fined approximately \$1,000.

Joe Chagra stated that he and an attorney in Las Vegas, Nevada, have also <u>represented</u>] in the Federal narcotics cases on which was tried in August, 1979, in Austin, Texas, and on a Boston Federal narcotics indictment which was resolved in October or November, 1980. Concerning] in the Wood Joe Chagra's representation of case, Chagra stated, "If I'm not a defendant in the Wood case, I'll be lawver." Chagra stated that if the FBI wanted to interview at this time concerning the Wood case, whether or not to allow such interview would be a joint decision bб b7C between himself and attorney He stated he and have always consulted concerning legal decisions on cases.

Concerning Joseph Chagra's legal representation of Chagra provided the following information. He stated that he knows that his attorney does not agree with his definition of when his representation of began. Chagra feels that he is currently attorney of record on the Houston firearms and related charges filed against in Houston, Texas, in February, 1980, on which is currently incarcerated at the Harris County Jail, Houston, Texas, and awaiting trial. Chagra noted at this point in the interview that shortly after he was interviewed by SA in El Paso in October, 1980, he received a letter from writing from the

Harris County Jail. asked Chagra to come and see him. Chagra stated to SA at this time, "When you and I talked I was not his attorney."

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Shortly after receiving this letter from he received a telephone call from attorney, also asked Chagra to come to Houston to speak to He thereafter traveled to Houston, Texas, and met and and as a result of these meetings with with and them, "I felt I was going to be his designated attorney on the Van Horn case only." Chagra stated after these meetings he felt both on his Houston cases and ______ in Van Horn, Texas, but that he was representing state charges pending against felt he was going to be "designated attorney" on the Van Horn case only. Chagra also commented during this part of the interview that "I wasn't thinking about representing "designated attorney" on on the Houston case" until he got the letter from and the telephone call from

Next Chagra stated, "Now I had been talking to ______ for five or six months prior to the Van Horn arrest (September 1, 1980)." During this time ______ was "talking to me about the Houston case." ______ showed Chagra the search warrant which had been used against him in that case, and had discussed it with Chagra in a legal defense sense.

Joseph Chagra stated that when he first met in May of 1980, he "knew name" when he was first introduced to him. At this point in the interview <u>commented that when Chagra first met</u> at this time was a potential target in the Wood investigation." b6 "he knew Joseph Chagra explained this comment by saying that prior to this first personal meeting with in El Paso, Texas, in May, b7C first personal meeting with ______ 1980, "I had learned of ______ from a privileged source," as well as reading newspaper articles speculating about involvement in the Wood case. Also, [that records concerning _____ and had told him and had been subpoenaed at Caesars Palace in Las Vegas. This personal meeting he had with was brought about as follows.

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he only expected to be in El Paso for "a day or two" and "just wanted to meet you." Chagra recalls that _____ mentioned to him at this time he was facing charges in Houston, but Chagra stated ______ was not a fugitive at this time. ______ commented that he knew that ______ was or had recently been a fugitive, and they discussed state and federal fugitive laws. This is all the information that Joseph Chagra supplied concerning the context and substance of his first meeting with until pressed for further details later in

the interview.

Chagra stated that the next meeting he had with was in June of 1980. A friend of his called the Chagra residence and asked Joe Chagra to come over to her residence because she needed to talk to him. He had never been to her house before, but he went. He walked in and there was sitting with came over and "embraced and hugged" Joe Chagra and they greeted each other. Joe Chagra stated that it was "obvious to ______ at this time that he and ______ had met before, but Chagra was taken at a complete loss when introduced as Chagra was surprised but did not say anything until left the room. then informed Chagra when they were alone that he was using an assumed name with

Joe Chagra stated that stated to him during this meeting that she wanted him to "draw up a contract" between]in which[her and would provide her with "security." Chagra noted that son had, at this time, just died in a car accident with one or two other family members, and felt that her son's car accident was not an accident, "and that she was in danger." She felt that she needed a bodyguard or someone to provide security for her and her home. Chagra stated that also seemed to sincerely believe that was in potential danger. He did draw up this contract for and in the name of

Chagra stated at this point in the interview that did discuss ______ involvement in the Wood murder with Chagra at this time, during this meeting at ______ home, but ______ was not present during this discussion. He did not ask Chagra for legal advice concerning the Wood case at this time, because "his immediate concern was the Houston chargeshe didn't know whether he should appear or not." ______ again showed Chagra the search warrant on which the Houston charges were based, and Chagra told him that "it looks good to me." Chagra stated he did not advise ______ to flee the Houston charges or anything like that at this time.

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Neither was there any attempt by to "blackmail" Joe Chagra or any other members of the Chagra family as had about the Wood murder. a result of information that Chagra added at this time that also brought up his involvement in Wood's murder during the first meeting that Joseph Chagra had with him at house in May, 1980. This information was mentioned by when he and Chagra were walking outside in the neighborhood of house, when no one else was present. Chagra was shocked when he met 🗌 at house at that time, as he could not think of any reason why would come to El Paso "except for blackmail purposes." He could not figure out why was in El Paso or wanted to meet him. did not then, nor has he ever, attempted to blackmail Joe Chagra or Joe Chagra's relatives as a result of information possesses about Judge Wood's murder. When asked for further explanation as to possesses about would bring up the Wood murder at their first why would discuss this with him, meeting, specifically why Chagra stated, apparently assumed that I (Joe) knew about it." At the insistence of Chagra acknowledged assumption was correct at that point in time, that <u>i.e., h</u>e, <u>Chagra, di</u>d know, from a privileged source, that and were responsible for the Wood murder. acknowledged this to ______ at that time. At no time during the interview would Joe Chagra discuss the details of statements made to him by and about Wood's murder, claiming this was privileged information.

Chagra advised that he met _____ between five to ten times in El Paso, Texas, during the period June to August, 1980. All of these meetings were at _____ residence, and the third meeting he had with _____ after the previously described first two meetings was a birthday party which _____ had. Joe Chagra's wife and children were there for that birthday party.

Chagra advised that he had	d never met	
He stated he had met	at	at the same b6
time that he first met		May, 1980. b7c
Prior to that, he had only heard of		through
Lee Chagra, in those days she was kn	nown as	At
the time he first met her at	house, he did	not even
know that she was	as he had heard ·	that she
was	-	

Chagra stated that during these 5-10 meetings with in El Paso, Texas, during the period June to August, 1980, ______ did make "further references" to the Wood case. At this point ______ stated to Chagra, "You both knew b6 b7C

but vou didn't say much about it." Chagra replied, "Yes." then said, "Did he say, we got away with it, or was he asking legal advice?" Chagra stated, "A little la-de-da, of both." He went on to state that his meetings with in El Paso during the summer of 1980 were "unreal situations. "Here this guy is talking about his involvement in the murder of a federal judge but at the same time here's this same guy cutting the grass and laying in the sun." Chagra stated that acted like he assumed I knew about it, but I don't know why he b6 assumed I knew about it." Chagra stated he did not know know b7C had ever talked to if about the Wood murder after the fact. He stated that he and never discussed the Wood case in the presence of others, as they both made a point of making sure no others were around when the subject was discussed.

Prior to late August, 1980, he met only at house and the original meeting at house. He did not discuss the Wood related conversations he had with with anyone else except Chagra stated he did not think that told anyone else either, including

Joseph Chagra noted at this point in the interview that] in he still represents current attempted capital murder state case in El Paso, Texas. He volunteered without being questioned that "there was no drug deal at Howard Johnson's in El Paso. never even knew each other until a few hours before the shootout. It was a coincidence that they were there at the same time." Chagra noted that Lee Chagra was first attorney on some narcotic charges facing When Lee Chagra was murdered, Joe Chagra took over as legal counsel. Joe Chagra noted that when he saw Lat FCI, Englewood, Colorado, for the last time first attorney on some narcotics Ъб June. 1980, escape from that institution, prior to h7C his purpose in seeing was to discuss with him the recent denial of certain legal motions Joe Chagra had filed on behalf concerning a reduction in the length in prison sentence. At the outset of the meeting, he and discussed that legal event and the fact that only had thir<u>teen or</u> fourteen months yet to serve. However, at this meeting told Chagra that he was going to escape from FCI, Englewood. He said "he had a place to go, had it all worked out." Chagra tried to talk him out of carrying out the escape, to no avail.

Joseph Chagr<u>a stated that sometime</u> later he received a telephone call from who informed him <u>that</u> had escaped. During the period June to August, 1980, ______ called Joe Chagra three or four times, each time giving

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Chagra the number of a pay telephone at which Chagra could call him. Each time, <u>Chagra</u> went to a pay telephone himself, and dialed the number had given him and talked to _____

One Sunday in August, 1980, ______ called him again and gave him a pay telephone number within the 915 area code at which to call him. Chagra was shocked to think that ______ was in El Paso, but he went to a pay phone and called _______ at the designated number. At this time _______ advised that he needed to talk to Chagra and stated he was at the Howard Johnsons Motel in El Paso and gave Joe Chagra his room number. Joe Chagra went to the motel room, and he and _______ sat and talked. _______ did not know what to do. He was wondering whether he should turn himself in.

Chagra advised that he left Howard Johnsons and went home and <u>shortly after returning home</u>, he received a telephone call from ________asked him to go to a pay phone and <u>call</u>_______back at a pay phone. Chagra did so, and when _______answered, he started in by saying, "They know where I'm at." <u>He asked that Chagra come and see him</u>, and when Chagra asked _______where he was, ______ replied "The Howard Johnson's Motel." Again, this was the same day, Sunday, that Chagra had gone to see _______at the same Howard Johnsons Motel in El Paso. Chagra then proceeded to the Howard Johnsons Motel to see

Chagra met _____ in ____ Howard Johnsons Motel room, and Chagra commented to _____ that "I've got another fugitive friend just down the hall in another room."

At this point in the interview Chagra was asked whether or not he, _____ and ____ were ever together in the same room at the motel. He stated he would not answer, at least b6 until he discussed his answer with his attorney. b7C

Chagra stated that it was later this evening or early the next morning, a Monday morning, that _____ was involved in the shootout at the Howard Johnsons Motel which resulted in his capture. In response to specific questions, Chagra advised that ______ had told him during his meeting at the Howard Johnsons Motel that he was "low on cash" so Chagra loaned him \$200 or \$300. Chagra denied giving any money to ______ at any time during any of the meetings he had with _______ in El Paso. ьб

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Chagra advised that on August 30, 1980, called him at home and she was very upset, saying that just called from the La Quinta Motel in Houston. He says he's surrounded and that they are about to kill him and he wants to talk to you." _____ gave Joe Chagra a number at which to call ______ He went to a pay phone and called ______ reaching him at a pay phone which Chagra assumes was near the La Quinta Motel. ______ stated he was "surrounded, they're all around me, they've even got helicopters, there goes one now." ______ went on to say that Chagra should "record this call." Chagra explained that he was calling from a pay phone and had no recording equipment. He told ______ to call him at home in a few minutes and he would record the call. Chagra went _______ b6 b7C

Chagra put the recording equipment on the phone and went on with the conversation. He said that he was "surrounded, they've drilled a hole in the bathroom, they're gonna kill me." Chagra tried to ask how drilling a hole in the bathroom was going to capture or kill him, but Chagra to record this conversation and Chagra told him that he was. when went on to say that "the government" was trying to blame the murder of Judge Wood on him, that he didn't do it, that his attorney from Dallas has affidavits providing him with an alibi, that the government was trying to set <u>him up and that</u> he was sorry that and his family had gotten involved. and went on to say that "I'm going to go down fighting." He stated he was going to "try to make it back to El Paso."

Chagra stated that during this call ______ did not ask him for any legal advice. He did comment that he had "tried to make a deal, I'll take life on the cocaine charge but I want to go to a federal joint and I've already talked to them about it." Chagra asked him who he had talked to. ______ replied, "I don't know, DEA, FBI, CIA, whoever, but I haven't heard back." Chagra asked _______ if ______ wanted his help. _______ said, "No. I'm just waiting to hear back from Washington." Chagra b6 ended the conversation by saying, "Well then take care."

Concerning _______ subsequent arrest in Van Horn, Texas, on or about September 1, 1980, Chaqra advised that when this happened he was "out of town." ______ reached him by telephone and stated that she had just gotten a telephone call from Van Horn and that they have("who ______ now knew was") _______ surrounded and he's threatening to kill himself. She asked Joe's advice as to whether she should go, as she wanted to go. He told her to go ahead and go to Van Horn. "Sometime after that" a day or two later, Chagra asked ______ to

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go out to Van Horn and see _____ as Chagra himself was out of town and could not go.

Chagra advised that after arrest in Van Horn and his incarceration at the Harris County Jail, Houston, probably five or six times. During Texas, he visited each of these meetings involvement in Judge Wood's murder was discussed along with matters involving his state cases arising out of Houston and Van Horn. Chagra stated that concerning the Wood case, ______ never asked me to do anything. He explained his role in the Wood matter to me at the Harris County Jail and previous meetings I had with him in El Paso, but I handled him just like any other client. was my main concern in these meetings, but I didn't do anything to Chagra went on to state that "I didn't prejudice try to dissuade him from doing a deal or from turning in Chagra stated categorically that he never gave or anyone else any reason to think that he (Chagra) knew about Judge Wood's murder beforehand. "Just the opposite," Chagra stated, "It was clear to him from all of our conversations that I didn't know beforehand."

Chagra stated that ______ attitude during the Harris County Jail meetings was that "He felt he was gone, but wanted to go Federal, and if he had to he would go in and <u>confess</u> in order to get Federal time, but he wouldn't hurt ______ Chagra stated that his main advice to ______ during these meetings was that he should wait and see what happens, and see what evidence there was against him.

Chagra states that he feels the above conversations he had with ______are privileged on the basis of attorney-client. b6 He felt the same way concerning the discussions he had with b7C _______concerning a map showing the location of the weapon, but _______advised Chagra to tell the FBI what he knows about the map. Chagra advised as follows.

Chagra advised that attitude towards the murder weapon, as expressed to Chagra during the Harris County Jail meetings, was that if the Wood case investigators did not have the gun, they did not have a case. The question of where the gun was came up in the conversations. Chagra acknowledged that he asked where the gun was located but did not tell he would get the weapon. drew a map on a legal size piece of paper, which Chagra took from the Harris County Jail with him. He took the hand drawn map to his office, where he drew his own copy of it and then shredded the one His own copy of this map was seized by the drawn by FBI during the search of his residence on February 27, 1981.

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Chagra stated he does not know if _____ was lying to him in telling him that this map described the location of the weapon used to murder Judge Wood. Chagra stated that at times "I've even had doubts as to whether _____ did it or not." Chagra admitted thinking about going to get the weapon and hiding it but I was "too scared to get within 100 miles of it." He may have told _____ that he "might" go and see if it is there "for my own personal curiosity, really." Chagra stated during the interview that "I'm glad I never went."

Chagra stated that ______ never described to him whether or not the gun was underwater or buried. He just drew the map with few, if any, accompanying verbal descriptions. Actually, when the topic first came up between the two, ______ concern was whether or not the gun was visible to passersby. He didn't think it was, but asked Joe to go and have a look. ______ later asked Chagra if he had gone to get the gun or gone to see the gun and Chagra told him that he was afraid to go. Chagra told ______ "let it be." ______ replied, "Forget about it-no one will ever find it." Chagra stated he never considered having anyone help him go and find the gun as "I didn't trust anyone enough."

Chagra stated that he told ______ about the fact that he and ______ discussed "getting the qun" but he never discussed it with anyone else, including ______

As far as background events leading up to May, 1979, Joseph Chaqra advised that in late April early May of 1979, was living at Caesars Palace while his Las Vegas residence was being built. Chagra did not recall for sure whether or not he himself attended Binions World Championship of Poker at the Binions Horseshoe Casino in Las Vegas in late April, early May, 1979, but he does not believe he did. He was back and forth numerous times between Las Vegas and El Paso, Texas, b6 during that time, however. He is certain he was never at Binions Horseshoe Tournament when _____ and _____ were there together. However, Joe Chagra "knows who was there when they met because _____ told me after the murder."

Joe Chagra was in El Paso, Texas, on May 29, 1979. Attorney called him at home during the day and said, "Did you hear?" Chagra replied, "No. What?" replied, "Somebody murdered Judge Wood." Chagra thinks he replied, "You must be kidding."

Chagra stated he may have made some derogatory comments about Wood to _____ during that phone call and to the press and others later on, but he does not remember for sure. He may have said to someone something to the effect, "I can't say I'm sorry

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to hear it," but he does know that his main thought at the time was that he and his family would be blamed. He recalls that he told the press on this point, "it's the worst thing that could happen to our case," meaning Jimmy Chag<u>ra's pending</u> Federal narcotics case. Chagra recalled that

did make a statement to the press after some pretrial hearings before Judge Wood in Midland, Texas, along the lines of his chances of being acquitted without Wood as a trial judge were at best 50-50, but with Wood as a trial Judge he had no chance at all.

Chagra advised that he probably did have meetings with Las Vegas residence wher<u>ein he</u> at and Chagra discussed their feelings about Judge Wood in upcoming trial, in the presence of others, prior to Judge Wood's murder. However, he does not recall any specific occasion or those who were present, although he does know and some of friends and they may have been present during one or more such meetings at Las Vegas associate named residence<u>. He knows</u>a who reminds Joe Chagra of who is a also would frequently bring to Las Vegas a short guy whose name Joe Chagra does not know.

Chagra does not remember compiling a specific file of the results of any study he did on the sentencing policies of Judge Wood. He stated he does have a 24-25 volume file "on Judge Wood." The only files he recalls having at Las Vegas residence and discussing with him, possibly in the presence of others, was a file containing transcripts from case which he felt contained information which would help them get Judge Wood to recuse himself from case.

Chagra denied that he ever told ______ or anyone b7C else in the presence of any other persons "you can't allow yourself to be tried by Judge Wood." All he ever said to ______ about Wood being the trial judge was that _____ would not get a fair trial from Judge Wood.

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that time, providing security fo	r	told Joe
on one occasion that	was related to	
and that had introduced	to	Joe
Chagra is aware that	knows	

Joe Chagra advised that he "wouldn't be surprised" if ______ used the personal telephone or telephone extension of ______ at Binion's Horseshoe Casino, as _____ and _____

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are close <u>friends.</u> [is closer to than any of "had a the other Chagra stated that lot of girlfriends" but he remembers one whose name could have One of ______ girlfriends, possibly the ______ called Joe Chagra after ______ been one named had skipped bond and become a fugitive. She asked to borrow money from Joe, and commented to him that the FBI had interviewed said to her on May 29, 1979, after her<u>about</u> what learned of Wood's murder. Joe Chagra told her that he bб was shocked by the murder, and he did not loan b7C he knew the girl any money.

Chagra advised that he had never been present with when talked to on a pay phone. He never saw the two together in person. The only pilots he knows of that have been used by himself, or are of Las Vegas, and an unknown white male pilot from Florida, who is thin, with brown hair, approximately 5'10" tall. However, this pilot was used by the Chagra family only when lived in Florida, which situation terminated in late 1978.

Joe Chagra recalls that the had the name was and He recalled that when the company Jet Avia "companion. was still in business in Las Vegas, sometimes retained a blonde white male pilot who flew for Jet Avia to fly and his family around. He did not know this pilot's name, but this pilot testified for at Chagra's Federal narcotics trial in Austin, Texas, in <u>August, 1979. Chagra is una</u>ware of any travel agencies used by <u>in Las Ve</u>gas, b6 but believes most of the plane reservations made for b7C when they were living in Las Vegas were made by

Chagra stated he never helped anyone trace Judge Wood's movements during May, 1979, or at any other time. He never relayed any such information concerning Judge Wood's travels and whereabouts to anyone else, nor was he ever asked to do so. He does know Deputy U. S. Marshal ______ but never asked for or obtained information from him about Judge Wood.

Chagra stated that although he and Lee (before Lee was murdered) did discuss their hatred for Judge Wood, they never "seriously" discussed killing Wood. He was specifically asked at this point in the interview if he ever, as a result of the "non serious" discussions about Wood, ever had occasion to say "do it" where the meaning of his statement meant "kill Wood." Chagra paused for a long time and then stated, "No, I don't recall that." He repeated that response several

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times, finally saying, "I don't think I would have said that in front of anybody." This point was discussed at great length and Chagra was asked to recall even any innocuous conversations, prior to May 29, 1979, which might be interpreted as counseling, suggesting or agreeing to the killing of Judge Wood. He advised that he had not been involved in such conversations.

Joe Chagra was specifically asked if ______ or anyone else had ever told him prior to May 29, 1979, that Judge Wood was going to be killed. Chagra replied categorically, "No." He stated that he had absolutely no suspicion before May 29, 1979, that Judge Wood was to be killed. ______ asked Joe Chagra if he even "consciously avoided" knowing of or asking about any Wood plot, because he did not want to know. Chagra stated that he did not "consciously avoid" discussing or obtaining information about any supposed Wood plot prior to May 29, 1979, because he did not know of any such plot which needed to be "consciously avoide."

Chagra also stated that he never indicated after May 29, 1979, during any discussion with anyone, that he knew beforehand or "should have known" beforehand, that Wood was going to be murdered. He was asked if he was certain he had never made such a statement to anyone after the crime, that could be interpreted or clearly implied that he did not know about or was involved in the murder beforehand. Chagra at first replied in the negative, but after thinking for a moment, he requested to speak to his attorney privately. He spoke with his attorney privately from 1:20 p.m. until 1:25 p.m. When they returned to the interview room, stated that Joe considered the following information privileged and he was furnishing it primarily for possible later polygraph purposes and to clarify the preceeding question. _ then advised that Joe Chagra told him that one time, when he was visiting] place of incarceration, Leavenworth, at Ъб Kansas, a conversation along the following lines transpired. b7C said, "Did I make a mistake?" This was in reference to the Wood case. Joe Chagra replied, "Fuck yes." then said "jokingly," "Well it was your idea, you're the one <u>that did it.</u>" Joe Chagra immediately replied, horrified that ______would joke about such a thing, "Don't even joke about that. You know it's not true." then replied. "I'm going to make a deal with the government and tell them you are Mr. Big, you were running the family at that time and you set it up." Joe Chagra again told not to joke about some not to joke about something like that, as that was not true.

Chagra stated that he had one conversation like this at Leavenworth, where _____ was joking with him, and one

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conversation only of that nature transpired. He never at any time had such discussion with _______ at any other place, and was fairly certain he had had no other similar discussions with _______ Chagra stated he will polygraph concerning the information he has supplied about this conversation. He stated that during this conversation _______ was obviously joking, and he was obviously shocked that _______ would joke about such a thing, as he (Joe) did not come up with the idea to murder Judge Wood, nor did he organize or set up the murder, and he did not counsel or agree with ______ that the Judge should be killed.

b7C The topic of conversation briefly returned to and at El Paso during the summer of 1980. Chagra was specifically and repeatedly asked whether or not he and were ever together at the Howard Johnsons Motel anđ in El Paso, Texas, in August, 1980. Chagra asked to have a private conference with his attorney, and he and his attorney left the room. They conferred for approximately five minutes and returned to the room, whereupon advised that Joseph Chagra, and were room at the Howard Johnsons together on one occasion in Motel in El Paso, Texas, a few hours before the shootout in which was captured. During this meeting, according to Chagra himself, discussed the Wood murder but stated to that he was being framed for it. This meeting occurred in room. Chagra state<u>d he was p</u>ositive it was room. <u>He had gone</u> down to _____room and brought back to room. This was sometime between 4:00 p.m. and 6:00 p.m. on the aforementioned Sunday in August, 1980.

Chagra was then specifically asked whether or not he had given any money to <u>during</u> this meeting or any other meeting that he had with <u>in El Paso</u>, Texas, between June and August, 1980. He asked to have a private conference with his attorney, which he did, and they returned to the interview room in approximately three minutes. At that time <u>advised</u> that there was some money that did go to <u>from</u> Joe Chagra but it had nothing to do with the Wood murder.

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Chagra advised that he knows	as he
met vears ago when Lee Chagra was attorney.	He
never saw and together. <u>He does not</u>	
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Chagra knows thatis a good	friend
of but he has never seen the two toget	her.

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Questioned again concerning the map drawn by did not give and then copied by him, Chagra stated that him any verbal instructions as he drew the map. He just drew the map. He may have said something to the effect that it is "near a Stuckey's off I-20," but Chagra is not even sure. He got the map during the first or second meeting that he had with from at the Harris County Jail in Houston. insisted that Chagra fully explain all circumstances surrounding the map, noting that the map, without instructions, was useless. b6 Chagra reiterated that he did not ask for instructions because b7C he knew he would not go get the weapon. He acknowledged that it is possible that ______assumed or even suggested he get the gun, but he (Joe) never intended to do so. Chagra denied ever telling had furnished a map, but that was all. Chagra was that specifically asked if he had ever discussed with or that the gun was 45 minutes away from Dallas, or similar statements. Chagra stated he had no idea as to the exact location of the gun and, therefore, could not have held such a conversation. Chagra also told him the gun was buried, that he might need denied that a metal detector to find it, or that the gun was under water.

Chagra stated that he does not know whether or not and gambled together in Las Vegas in late April, or early May, 1979.

After a brief break in the interview, SA advised Chagra that the FBI had solid evidence that he had knowledge of the planned murder of Judge Wood prior to May 29, 1979, and that he had apparently been less than candid on this and several other issues in the interview. Chagra stated that he would like to see evidence of any kind which conflicted with his denial of prior knowledge, and agreed to listen to a recording of two persons discussing the Wood murder.

A portion of a tape recorded conversation between _______ and Joseph Chagra was then played for Chagra and his Attorney, The first portion of the tape played for them contained a conversation wherein Jimmy Chagra said, in reference to the Wood murder, "Boy, we shouldn't have done that, huh Joe?" Joe replied, "Shouldn't have done it," and then _______ replies, "You were the one that said do it, do it, do it. You're the one was all hot to do it." The tape was then stopped. (It should be noted that as SA ______ set up the tape recorder and arranged for _______ and Chagra to listen to the recording over individual headphones, ______ commented, "I guess you could say there has been some electronic surveillance in this investigation," He then warned Joe Chagra that "if you're not a party to the conversation, you don't have to explain it.") At the conclusion of the aforementioned portion of the tape, ______asked Joe Chagra who the "other" person on the tape was, and he replied that it was _______Joe Chagra then said that this was the "joking" conversation he had with ______ at Leavenworth, which he had previously described. Chagra was then asked to repeat again what his response was to the alleged "joking" comments of _______which he had just heard. He stated that he immediately responded that ______should not even joke about something like this, as it was not true and was not funny.

Interviewing Agents then advised Chagra that they were b6 going to play the remaining portion of this conversation so he b7C could listen to it on tape. ______ at this time stood up and said that he did not need to hear anymore tape, he would believe the Agents if they said they had more on tape, and requested that the Agents just read the remaining portion of the conversation from the transcript. Interviewing Agents insisted that Chagra and ______ listen to the conversation on the tape, to which ______ agreed.

The remaining portion of this particular conversation was then played so Chagra and _____ could hear it through their headphones. In this portion of the conversation, Joe Chagra replies to _____ "you're the one that said do it," comment by saying, "Well, I thought you'd get the Mafia to do it."

Immediately upon hearing this portion of the tape, Joe Chagra's face turned white, he removed his headphones, leaned back in his chair and stared at the ceiling with his hands clasped across his chest, without saying anything. This posture continued for the rest of the interview. He made no further statement regarding the recorded conversation.

SA then went on to state that the FBI had tape recorded an extensive number of conversations to which he was a party, and that these conversations involved discussions of b6 numerous past, present, and planned crimes, such as the murder b7C of witness Henry Wallace, the importation of narcotics into the United States and the smuggling of <u>narcotics into various prisons</u>, escapes from prisons, the murder of and the attempted murder of Assistant United States Attorney James Kerr, etc. Chagra stated upon hearing this, "Yeah, but who always brought it up?" He was told that in the government's view, the content and extent of the conversations, in a criminal sense, particularly regarding the Wood murder, but in other areas also, was such that the FBI could not agree with his claim of no prior knowledge or

involvement and that, of course, this would be an issue for a jury to decide. He was told that, as in any criminal matter, should he change his position and be willing to volunteer his cooperation, knowledge and testimony regarding this heinous crime, and if his cooperation was total, candid in all areas, and forthcoming in the immediate future, the extensive possible charges facing him might be mitigated somewhat. It was clearly explained, however, that this was not a plea bargain offer as such, but only SA opinion and position on the issue of his possible cooperation regarding the Wood murder. He was told that any actual plea bargaining should be initiated between his attorney and the prosecutors assigned to the Wood case. Chagra made no comment except, "I understand."

SA ______ concluded the interview by stating that Chagra had obviously lied to the FBI during this interview, and had apparently also lied to his attorney and that an explanation should be forthcoming from Chagra concerning this. ______ _____ commented at this point, "Yes." _______ then requested to speak to his client alone, and the interview was terminated.

and Joe Chagra subsequently spoke to Assistant United States Attorneys and Special Prosecutors in the Wood murder case, W. Ray Jahn and John C. Emerson, as well as Assistant United States Attorney LeRoy Jahn. They departed the San Antonio Office of the FBI at 2:51 p.m. b6 Ъ7С